

2006 ENGINE**Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45****PRECAUTIONS****PRECAUTIONS NECESSARY FOR STEERING WHEEL ROTATION AFTER BATTERY DISCONNECT****NOTE:**

- This Procedure is applied only to models with Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS (NISSAN/INFINITI VEHICLE IMMOBILIZER SYSTEM - NATS).
- Remove and install all control units after disconnecting both battery cables with the ignition knob in the "LOCK" position.
- Always use CONSULT-II to perform self-diagnosis as a part of each function inspection after finishing work. If DTC is detected, perform trouble diagnosis according to self-diagnosis results.

For models equipped with the Intelligent Key system and NVIS/IVIS, an electrically controlled steering lock mechanism is adopted on the key cylinder.

For this reason, if the battery is disconnected or if the battery is discharged, the steering wheel will lock and steering wheel rotation will become impossible.

If steering wheel rotation is required when battery power is interrupted, follow the procedure below before starting the repair operation.

OPERATION PROCEDURE

1. Connect both battery cables.

NOTE: Supply power using jumper cables if battery is discharged.

2. Use the Intelligent Key or mechanical key to turn the ignition switch to the "ACC" position. At this time, the steering lock will be released.
3. Disconnect both battery cables. The steering lock will remain released and the steering wheel can be rotated.
4. Perform the necessary repair operation.
5. When the repair work is completed, return the ignition switch to the "LOCK" position before connecting the battery cables. (At this time, the steering lock mechanism will engage.)
6. Perform a self-diagnosis check of all control units using CONSULT-II.

PRECAUTIONS FOR DRAIN ENGINE COOLANT AND ENGINE OIL

Drain engine coolant and engine oil when engine is cooled.

PRECAUTIONS FOR DISCONNECTING FUEL PIPING

- Before starting work, make sure no fire or spark producing items are in the work area.
- Release fuel pressure before disconnecting and disassembly.
- After disconnecting pipes, plug openings to stop fuel leakage.

PRECAUTIONS FOR REMOVAL AND DISASSEMBLY

- When instructed to use SST, use specified tools. Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Exercise maximum care to avoid damage to mating or sliding surfaces.
- Cover openings of engine system with tape or the equivalent, if necessary, to seal out foreign materials.
- Mark and arrange disassembly parts in an organized way for easy troubleshooting and assembly.
- When loosening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, start with the one furthest outside, then the one diagonally opposite, and so on. If the order of loosening is specified, do exactly as specified. Power tools may be used where noted in the step.

PRECAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION, REPAIR AND REPLACEMENT

Before repairing or replacing, thoroughly inspect parts. Inspect new replacement parts in the same way, and replace if necessary.

PRECAUTIONS FOR ASSEMBLY AND INSTALLATION

- Use torque wrench to tighten bolts or nuts to specification.
- When tightening nuts and bolts, as a basic rule, equally tighten in several different steps starting with the ones in center, then ones on inside and outside diagonally in this order. If the order of tightening is specified, do exactly as specified.
- Replace with new gasket, packing, oil seal or O-ring.
- Thoroughly wash, clean, and air-blow each part. Carefully check engine oil or engine coolant passages for any restriction and blockage.
- Guide pins are used for several parts alignment. When replacing and reassembling parts with guide pins, make sure that guide pins are installed in the original portion.
- Avoid damaging sliding or mating surfaces. Completely remove foreign materials such as cloth lint or dust. Before assembly, oil sliding surfaces well.
- Release air within route when refilling after draining engine coolant.
- After repairing, start engine and increase engine speed to check engine coolant, fuel, engine oil, and exhaust gases for leakage.

PARTS REQUIRING ANGLE TIGHTENING

- Use angle wrench [SST: KV10112100 (BT8653-A)] for the final tightening of the following engine parts:
 - Cylinder head bolts
 - Main bearing cap bolts

- Connecting rod cap nuts
- Crankshaft pulley bolt (No angle wrench is required as the bolt flange is provided with notches for angle tightening)
- Do not use a torque value for final tightening.
- The torque value for these parts are for a preliminary step.
- Ensure thread and seat surfaces are clean and coated with engine oil.

PRECAUTIONS FOR LIQUID GASKET

REMOVAL OF LIQUID GASKET SEALING

- After removing mounting nuts and bolts, separate the mating surface using seal cutter (SST) and remove old liquid gasket sealing.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

- Tap seal cutter to insert it, and then slide it by tapping on the side as shown in the figure.
- In areas where seal cutter (SST) is difficult to use, use plastic hammer to lightly tap the parts, to remove it.

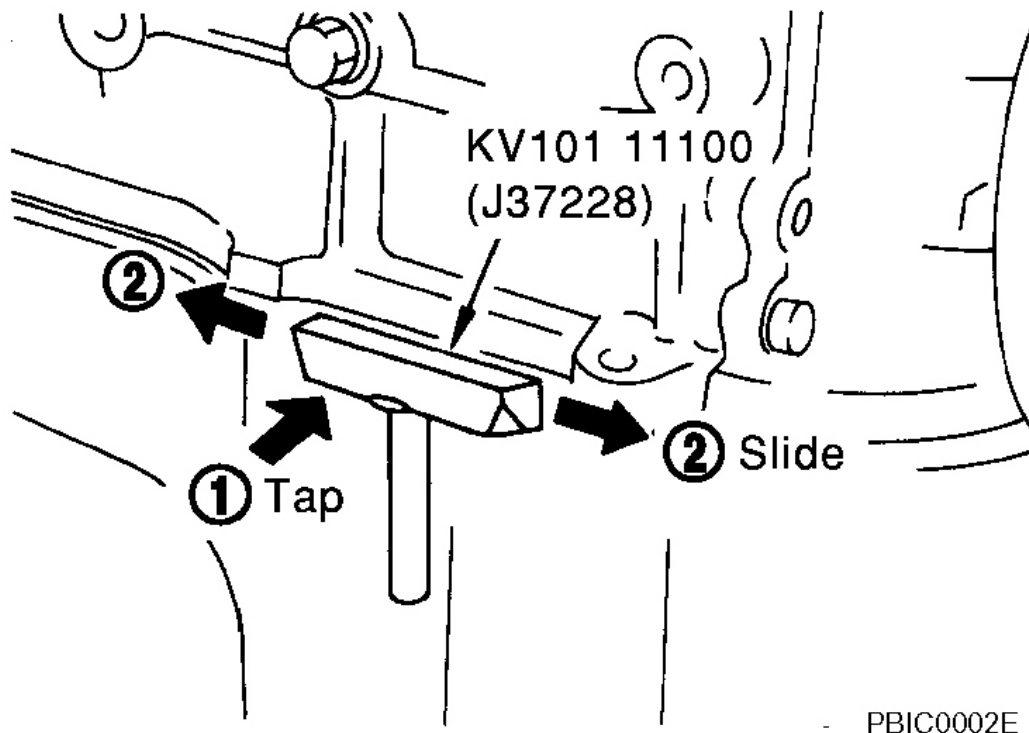


Fig. 1: Identifying Old Liquid Gasket Sealing By Using Seal Cutter (SST)
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: If for some unavoidable reason tool such as screwdriver is used, be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

LIQUID GASKET APPLICATION PROCEDURE

1. Using scraper, remove old liquid gasket adhering to the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface.
 - Remove liquid gasket completely from the groove of the liquid gasket application surface, mounting bolts, and bolt holes.
2. Wipe the liquid gasket application surface and the mating surface with white gasoline (lighting and heating use) to remove adhering moisture, grease and foreign materials.

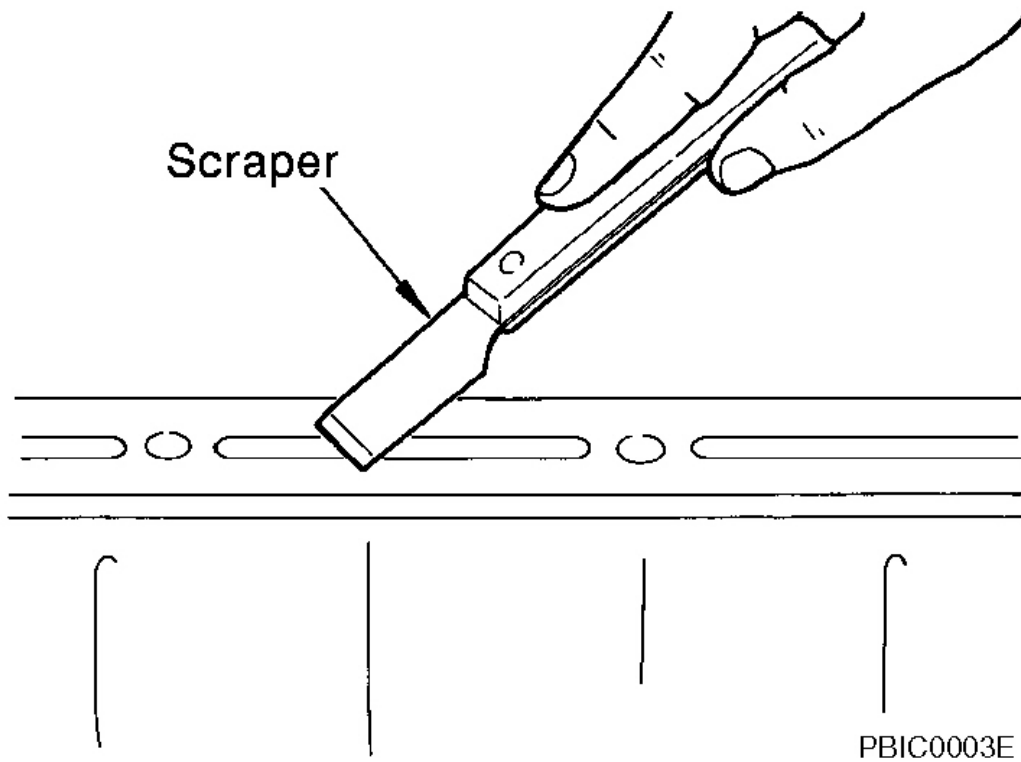


Fig. 2: Removing Old Gasket Material With Scraper
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Attach liquid gasket tube to tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)].

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS" .

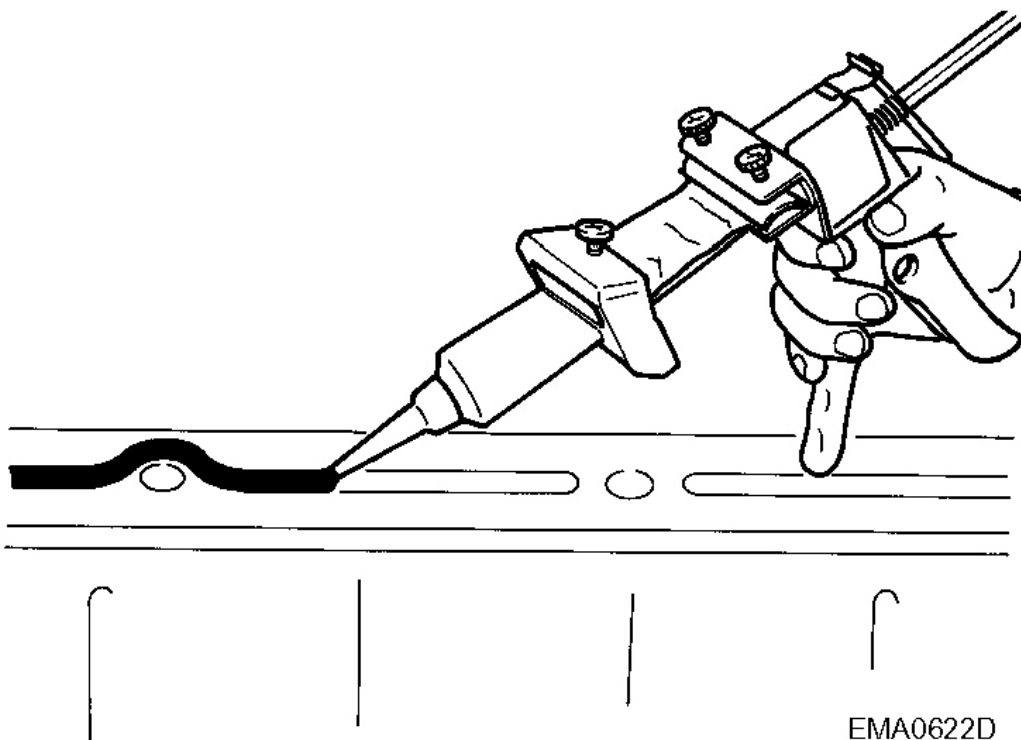


Fig. 3: Applying Liquid Gasket Tube To Tube Presser
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Apply liquid gasket without breaks to the specified location with the specified dimensions.
 - If there is a groove for the liquid gasket application, apply liquid gasket to the groove.
 - As for the bolt holes, normally apply liquid gasket inside the holes. Occasionally, it should be applied outside the holes. Make sure to read the text of this manual.
 - Within five minutes of liquid gasket application, install the mating component.
 - If liquid gasket protrudes, wipe it off immediately.
 - Do not retighten after the installation.
 - Wait 30 minutes or more after installation before refilling engine with engine oil and engine coolant.

CAUTION: If there are specific instructions in this manual, observe them.

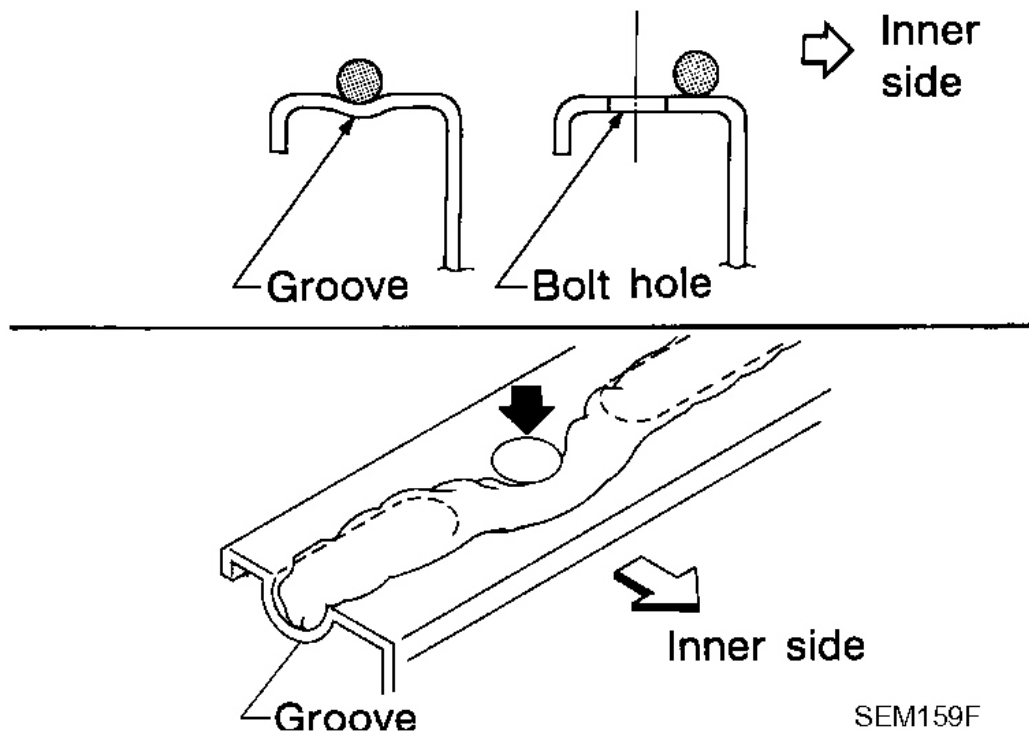


Fig. 4: View Of Properly Applied Liquid Gasket
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

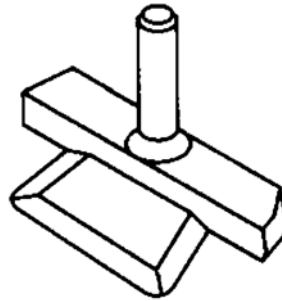
PREPARATION

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

The actual shapes of Kent-Moore tools may differ from those of special service tools illustrated here.

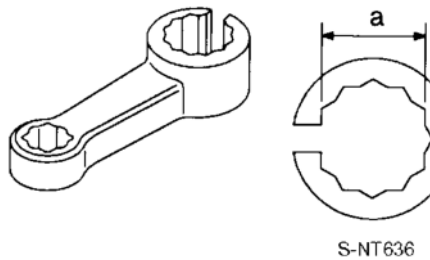
SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS SPECIFICATIONS

Tool number (Kent-Moore No.)	Tool name	Description
KV10111100 (J-37228)	Seal cutter	Removing steel oil pan and front cover



S-NT046

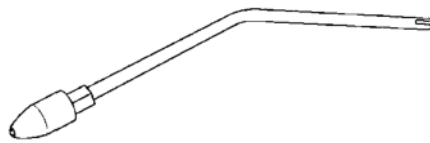
KV10114400 (J-38365) Heated oxygen sensor wrench



S-NT636

Loosening or tightening air fuel ratio sensors and heated oxygen sensors
a: 22 mm (0.87 in)

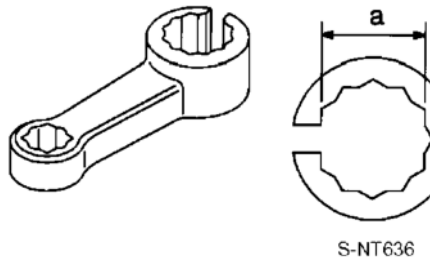
EG15050500(J-45402)
Compression gauge adapter



ZZA1225D

Inspection of compression pressure

KV10116200 (J-26336-A) Valve spring compressor 1. KV10115900 (J-26336-20) Attachment
2. KV10109220 (-) Adapter



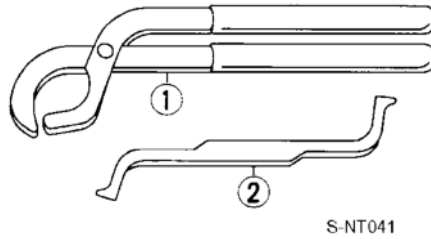
S-NT636

Disassembling valve mechanism Part (1) is a component of KV10116200 (J26336-A), but part (2) is not so.

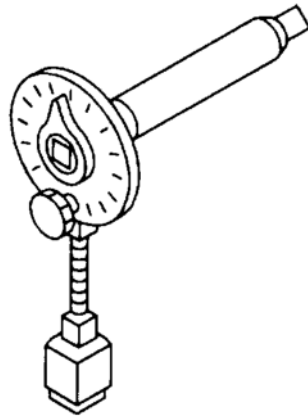
KV101151S0 (J-38972) Lifter stopper set 1. KV10115110 (J-38972-1) Camshaft pliers 2.

Changing valve lifter shims

KV10115120 (J-38972-2) Lifter stopper

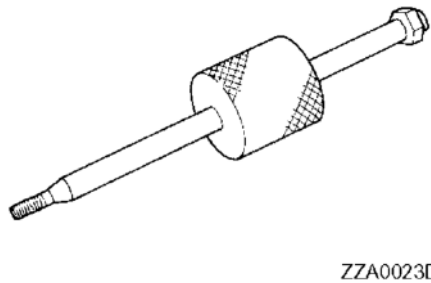


KV10112100 (BT8653-A) Angle wrench



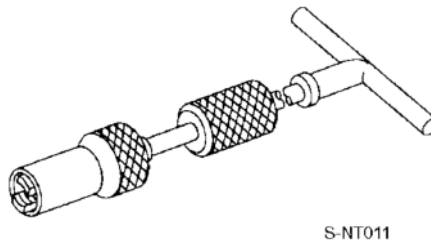
Tightening bolts for bearing cap, cylinder head, etc.

KV10114700 (J-38139) Main bearing cap remover



Removing crankshaft main bearing cap

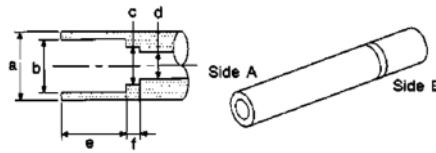
KV10107902 (J-38959) Valve oil seal puller



Removing valve oil seal

Installing valve oil seal
Use side A.
a: 20 (0.79) dia. d: 8 (0.31)

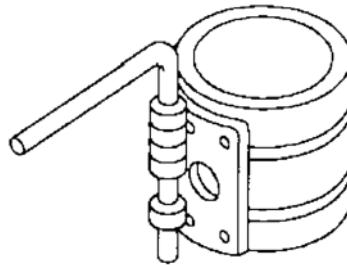
KV10115600 (J-38958) Valve oil seal drift



S-NT603

dia.
b: 13 (0.51) dia. e: 10.7 (0.421)
c: 10.3 (0.406) dia. f: 5 (0.20)
Unit: mm (in)

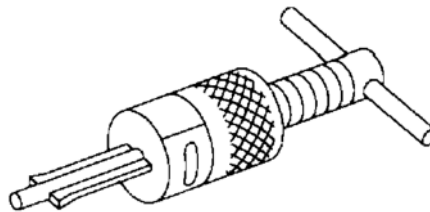
EM03470000 (J-8037) Piston ring compressor



S-NT044

Installing piston assembly into cylinder bore

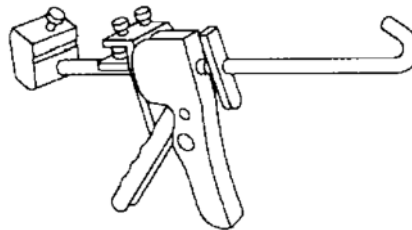
ST16610001 (J-23907) Pilot bushing puller



S-NT045

Removing crankshaft pilot converter

WS39930000 (-) Tube presser



S-NT052

Pressing the tube of liquid gasket

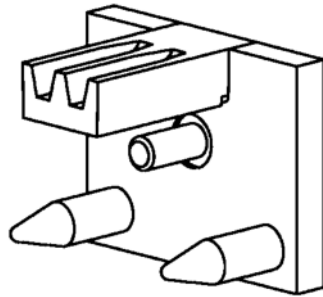
-

Removing and installing

2006 Infiniti FX45

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(J-45476) Ring gear stopper



PBIC1655E

crankshaft pulley

(J-45488) Quick connector release

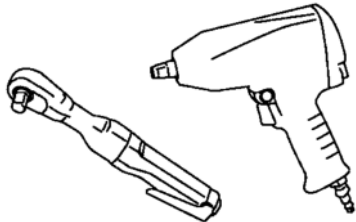


PBIC0198E

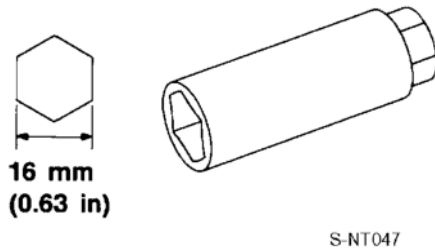
Removing fuel tube quick connectors in engine room

COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOLS

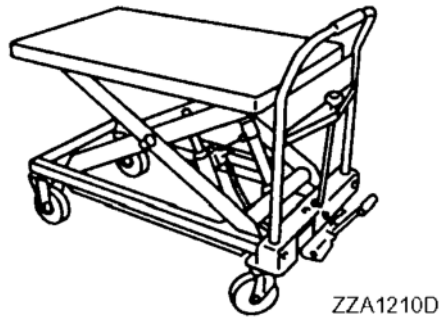
COMMERCIAL SERVICE TOOLS SPECIFICATIONS

(Kent-Moore No.) Tool name	Description
<p>(-) Power tool</p>  <p>PBIC0190E</p>	Loosening nuts and bolts
(-)	

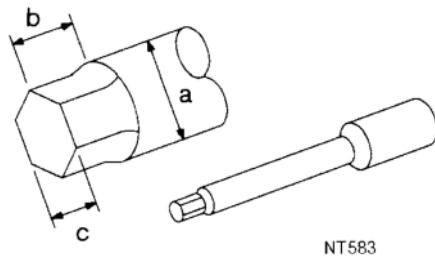
Spark plug wrench

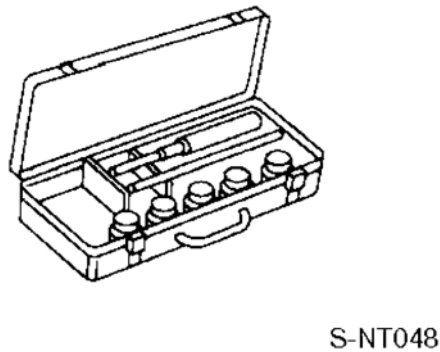


Removing and installing spark plug

(-)
Manual lift table caddy


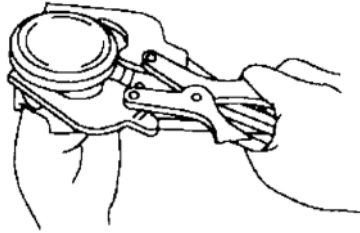
Removing and installing engine

(J-24239-01)
Cylinder head bolt wrench

Loosening and tightening cylinder head bolt, and use with angle wrench [SST : KV10112100 (BT-8653-A)]
a: 13 (0.51) dia. b: 12 (0.47) c: 10 (0.39)
Unit: mm (in)

(-)
Valve seat cutter set


Finishing valve seat dimensions

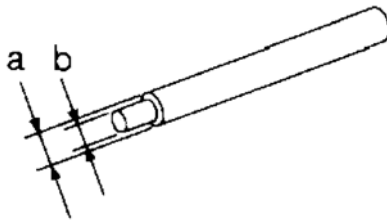
(-)
Piston ring expander



S-NT030

Removing and installing piston ring

(-)
Valve guide drift



S-NT015

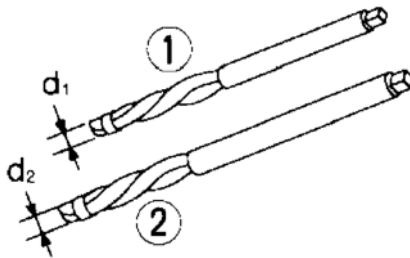
Removing and installing valve guide

Intake and Exhaust:

a: 9.5 mm (0.374 in) dia.

b: 5.5 mm (0.217 in) dia.

(-)
Valve guide reamer

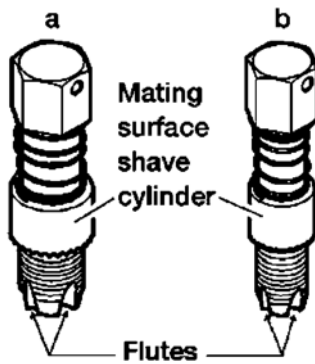


S-NT016

1. Reaming valve guide inner hole
2. Reaming hole for oversize valve guide

Intake and Exhaust: d1 : 6.0 mm (0.236 in) dia. d2 : 10.2 mm (0.402 in) dia.

(J-43897-18) (J-43897-12)
Oxygen sensor thread cleaner



AEM488

Reconditioning the exhaust system threads before installing a new heated oxygen sensor (Use with anti-seize lubricant shown below.)

a: J-43897-18 (18 mm dia.) for zirconia heated oxygen sensor b: J-43897-12 (12 mm dia.) for Titania heated oxygen sensor

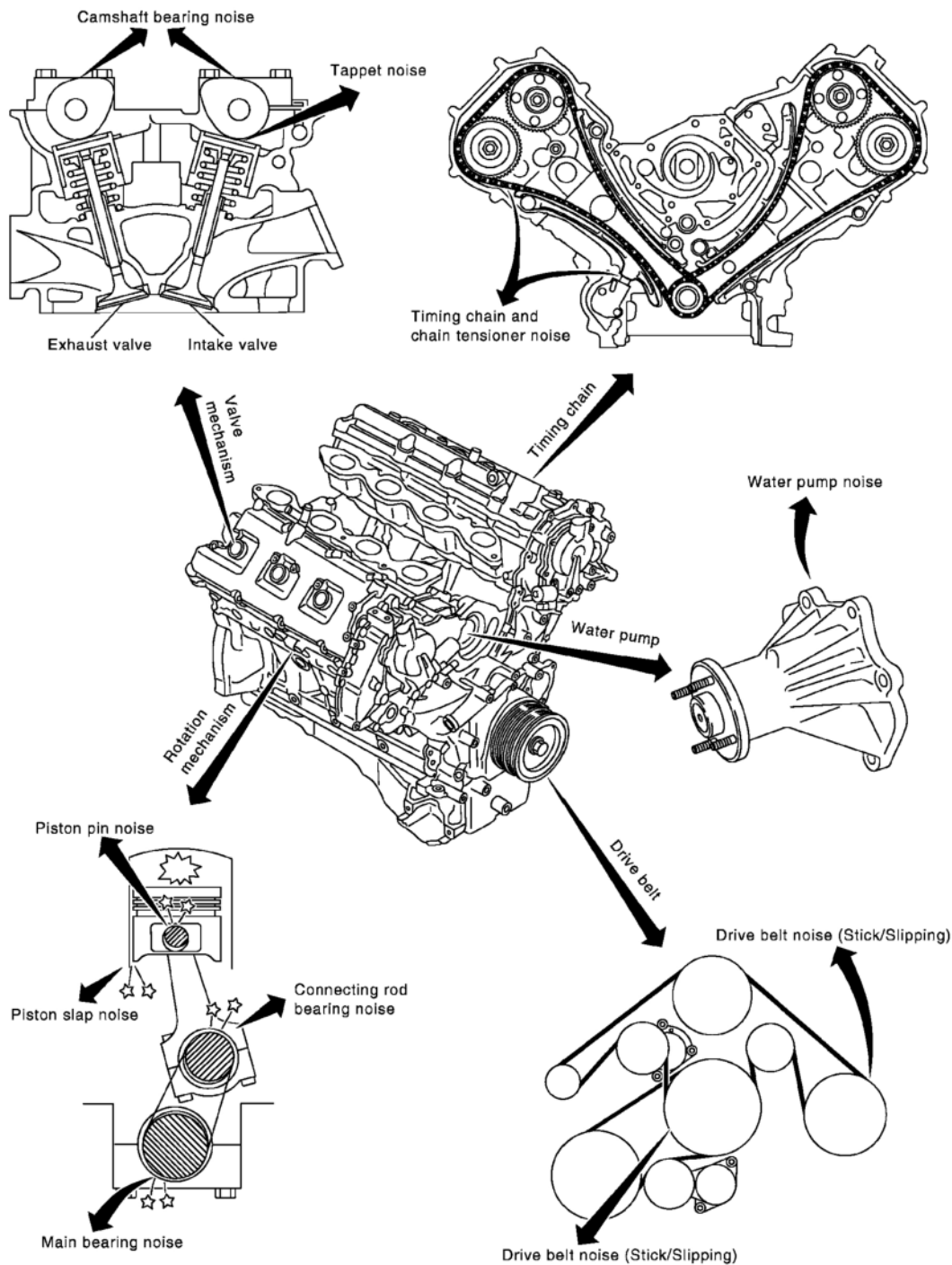
(-)
Anti-seize lubricant
(Permatex 133AR or
equivalent meeting MIL
specification MIL-A-907)



Lubricating oxygen sensor thread
cleaning tool when reconditioning
exhaust system threads

NOISE, VIBRATION AND HARSHNESS (NVH) TROUBLESHOOTING

NVH TROUBLESHOOTING - ENGINE NOISE



PBIC2865E

Fig. 5: NVH Troubleshooting - Engine Noise
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

USE THE CHART BELOW TO HELP YOU FIND THE CAUSE OF THE SYMPTOM.

1. Locate the area where noise occurs.
2. Confirm the type of noise.
3. Specify the operating condition of engine.
4. Check specified noise source.

If necessary, repair or replace these parts.

SYMPTOM CHART

Location of noise	Type of noise	Operating condition of engine						Source of noise	Check item
		Before warm-up	After warm-up	When starting	When idling	When racing	While driving		
Top of engine Rocker cover Cylinder head	Ticking or clicking	C	A	-	A	B	-	Tappet noise	<u>VALVE CLEARANCE</u>
	Rattle	C	A	-	A	B	C	Camshaft bearing noise	<u>CAMSHAFT JOURNAL OIL CLEARANCE</u> <u>CAMSHAFT RUNOUT</u>
Crankshaft pulley Cylinder block (Side of engine) Oil pan	Slap or knock	-	A	-	B	B	-	Piston pin noise	<u>PISTON TO PISTON PIN OIL CLEARANCE</u> <u>CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE</u>
	Slap or rap	A	-	-	B	B	A	Piston slap noise	<u>PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE</u> <u>PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE</u> <u>PISTON RING END GAP</u> <u>CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION</u>
	Knock	A	B	C	B	B	B	Connecting rod bearing noise	<u>CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE</u> <u>CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL</u>

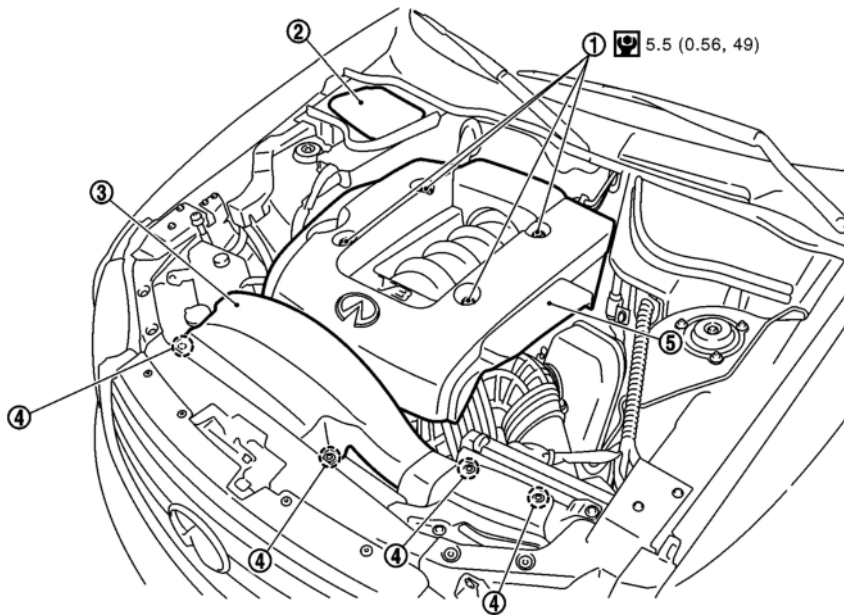
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									<u>CLEARANCE</u>
	Knock	A	B	-	A	B	C	Main bearing noise	<u>MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT</u>
Front of engine front cover	Tapping or ticking	A	A	-	B	B	B	Timing chain and chain tensioner noise	<u>TIMING CHAIN CRACKS AND WEAR TIMING CHAIN TENSIONER OPERATION</u>
Front of engine	Squeaking or fizzing	A	B	-	B	-	C	Drive belts (Sticking or slipping)	<u>DRIVE BELTS DEFLECTION</u>
	Creaking	A	B	A	B	A	B	Drive belts (Slipping)	Idler pulley bearing operation
	Squall Creak	A	B	-	B	A	B	Water pump noise	Water pump operation
A: Closely B: Related C: Sometimes -: Not related									

ENGINE ROOM COVER

COMPONENTS



 : N•m (kg-m, in-lb)

PBIC4550E

- | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Mount nut | 2. Battery cover | 3. Air duct (inlet) |
| 4. Clip | 5. Engine cover | |

Fig. 6: Identifying Engine Room Cover Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "COMPONENTS" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

CAUTION: Do not damage or scratch cover when installing or removing.

- Major parts and inspection points under each cover are as follows; (numbered as in the figure)
 1. Upper side of engine assembly and power steering reservoir tank
 2. Relay and battery
 3. Engine assembly front side, drive belts and cooling fan

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

DRIVE BELTS

COMPONENTS

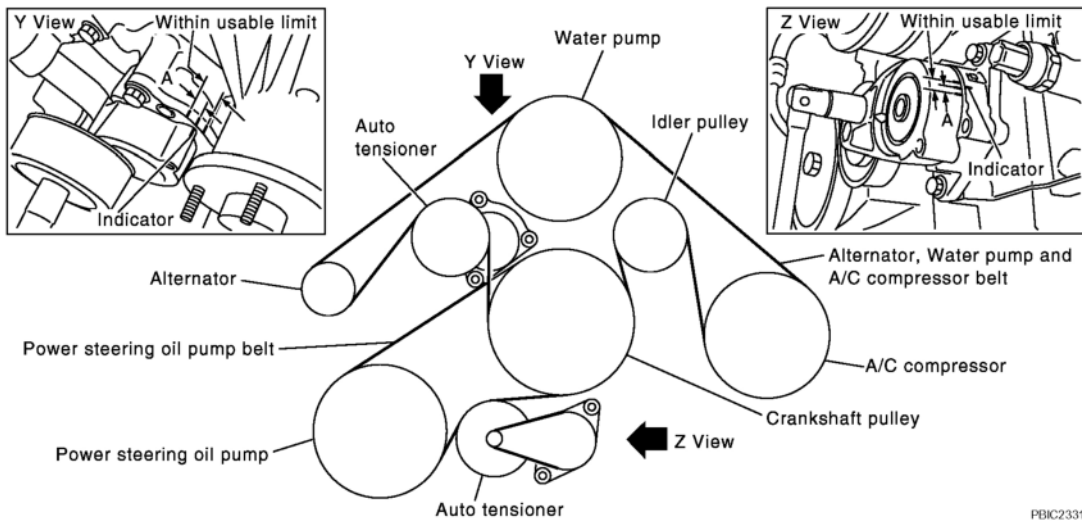


Fig. 7: Identifying Drive Belts Components
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CHECKING DRIVE BELTS

WARNING: Be sure to perform when engine is stopped.

- Remove air duct (inlet) when inspecting drive belt for alternator, water pump and A/C compressor.
- Remove front engine undercover with power tool when inspecting power steering oil pump belt.
- Make sure that indicator (single line notch) of each auto tensioner is within the allowable working range (between three line notches).

NOTE:

- Check auto tensioner indication when engine is cold.
- When new drive belt is installed, the range should be "A".
- The indicator notch is located on the moving side of auto tensioner for alternator, water pump and A/C compressor belt, while it is found on the fixed side for power steering oil pump belt.
- Visually check entire belt for wear, damage or cracks.
- If the indicator is out of allowable working range or belt is damaged, replace belt.

TENSION ADJUSTMENT

Belt tensioning is not necessary, as it is automatically adjusted by auto tensioner.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

Alternator, Water Pump and A/C Compressor Belt

1. Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
2. With box wrench, and while securely holding the hexagonal part in pulley center of auto tensioner, move wrench handle in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of tensioner).

CAUTION:

- Avoid placing hand in a location where pinching may occur if the holding tool accidentally comes off.
- Do not loosen the hexagonal part in center of drive belt auto-tensioner pulley (Do not turn it clockwise). If turned clockwise, the complete drive belt auto-tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.

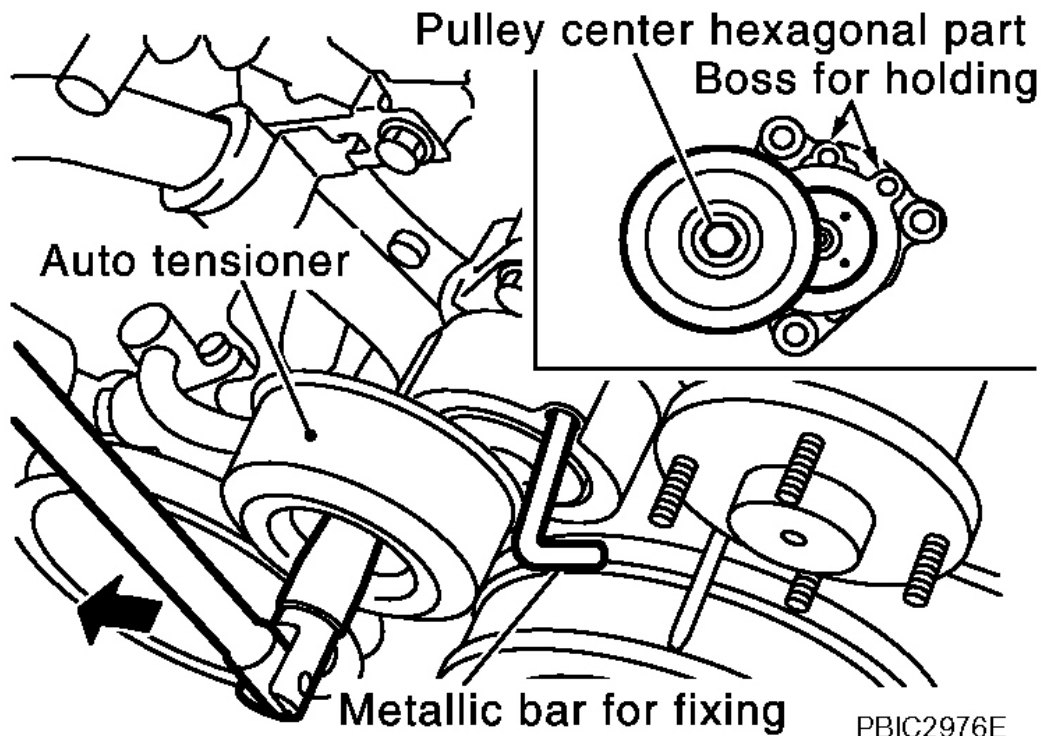


Fig. 8: Loosening Auto Tensioner By Using Box Wrench
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Under the above condition, insert a metallic bar of approximately 6 mm (0.24 in) in diameter (hexagonal bar wrench shown as example in the figure) through the holding boss to lock auto tensioner pulley arm.
 - Leave auto tensioner pulley arm locked until belt is installed again.
4. Remove alternator, water pump and A/C compressor belt.

Power Steering Oil Pump Belt

1. Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
2. Remove front engine undercover with power tool
3. Remove alternator, water pump and A/C compressor belt. Refer to "**ALTERNATOR, WATER PUMP AND A/C COMPRESSOR BELT**".
4. While securely holding the hexagonal protrusion part of auto tensioner pulley with box wrench, move wrench handle in the direction of arrow (loosening direction of tensioner).

CAUTION: Avoid placing hand in a location where pinching may occur if holding tool accidentally comes off.

5. Under the above condition, insert a metallic bar of approximately 6 mm (0.24 in) in diameter (hexagonal bar wrench shown as example in the figure) through the holding boss to lock auto tensioner pulley arm.
 - Leave auto tensioner pulley arm locked until belt is installed again.
6. Remove power steering oil pump belt.

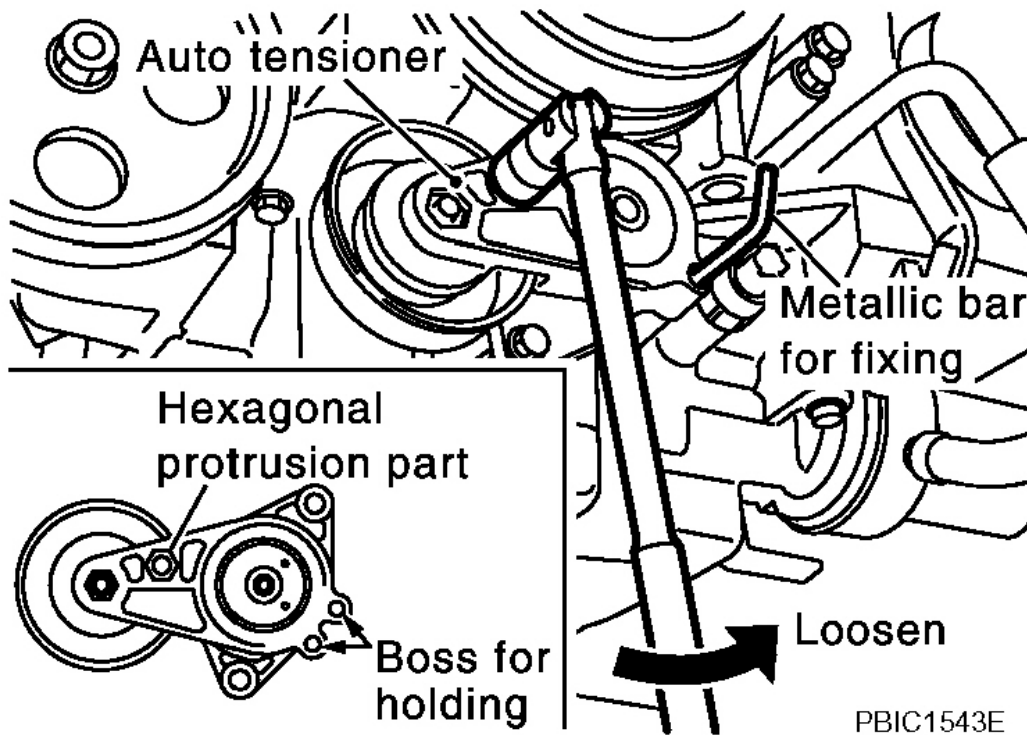


Fig. 9: Loosening Auto Tensioner By Using Box Wrench
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION:

- Make sure belt is securely installed around all pulleys.
- Make sure belt is correctly engaged with the pulley groove.
- Check for engine oil and engine coolant are not adhered belt and pulley groove.
- Check that belt tension is within the allowable working range, using indicator notch on auto tensioner. Refer to "CHECKING DRIVE BELTS"

COMPONENTS

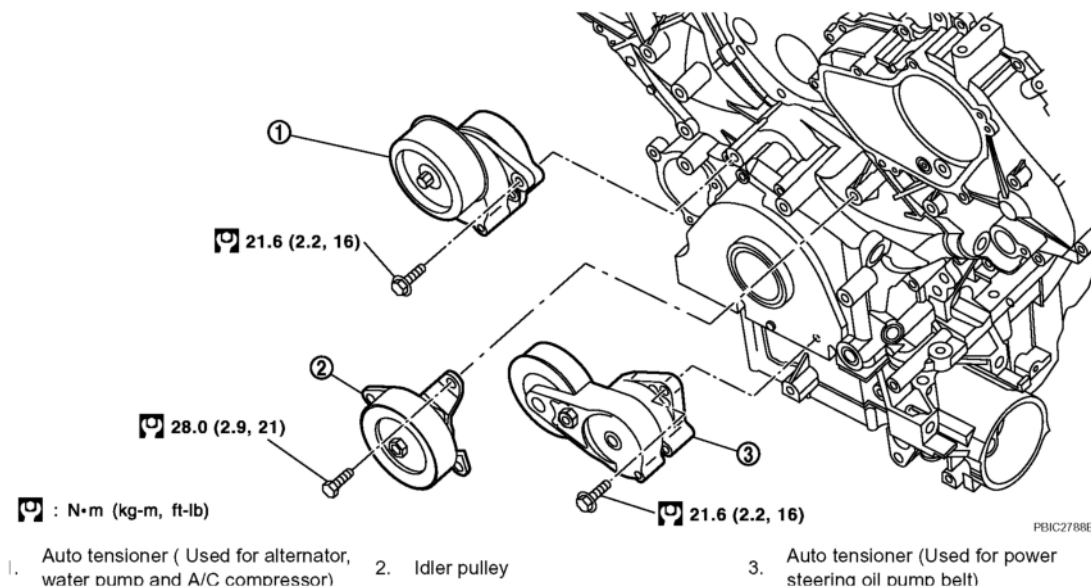


Fig. 10: Identifying Drive Belts Auto-Tensioner And Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: The complete drive belt auto-tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.

DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY

REMOVAL

1. Remove air duct (inlet). Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
2. Remove front engine undercover with power tool.
3. Remove drive belts. Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**".
 - Keep auto tensioner pulley arm locked after belt is removed.
4. Remove auto tensioner and idler pulley with power tool.
 - Keep auto tensioner pulley arm locked to install or remove auto tensioner.

CAUTION: Do not loosen the hexagonal part in center of drive belt auto-tensioner pulley (Do not turn it clockwise). If turned clockwise, the complete drive belt auto-tensioner must be replaced as a unit, including the pulley.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

CAUTION: Do not swap the pulley between new and old drive belt auto-tensioner.

AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT

COMPONENTS

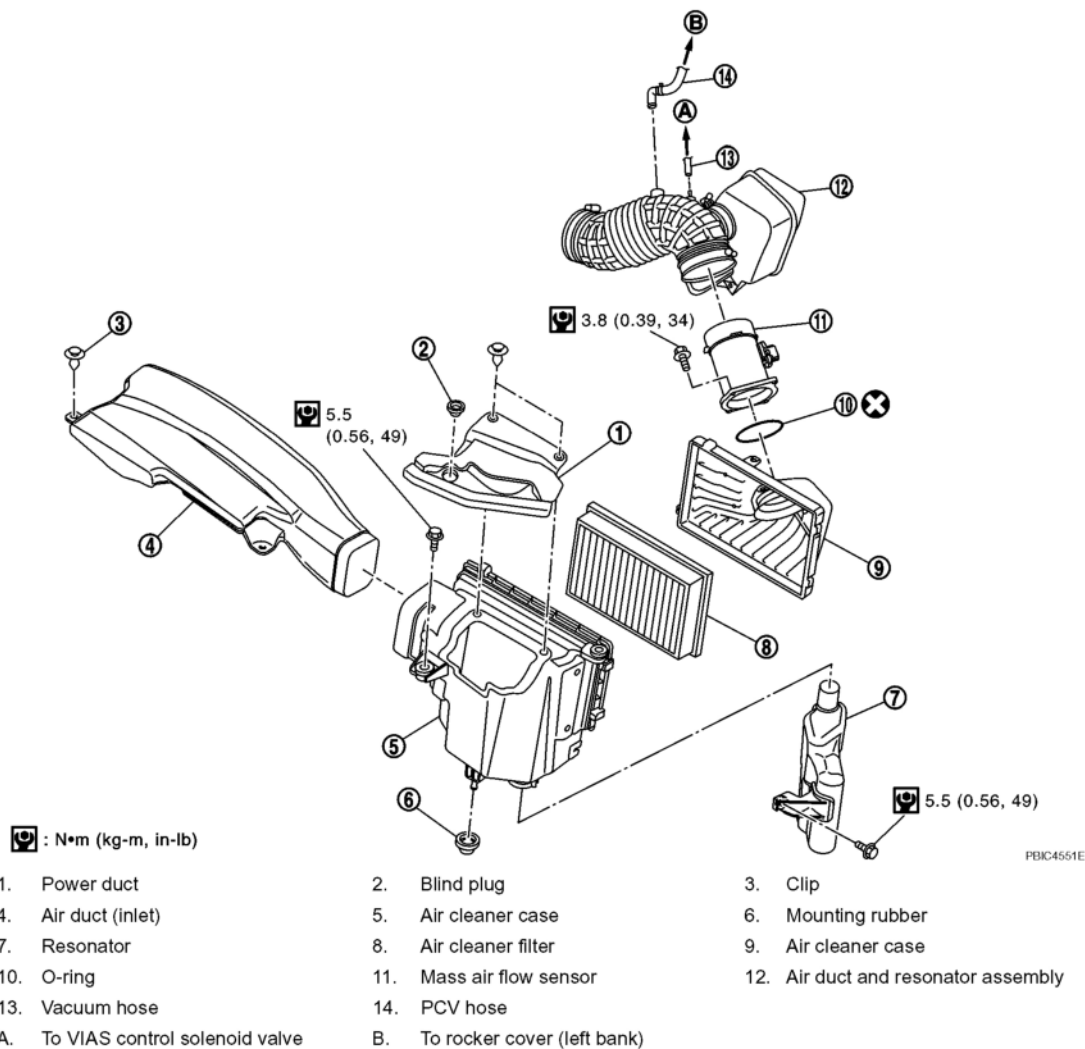


Fig. 11: Identifying Air Cleaner And Air Duct Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "COMPONENTS" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**".
2. Disconnect harness connector from mass air flow sensor.
3. Disconnect vacuum hose and PCV hose.
4. Remove air duct (inlet), power duct, air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly, air duct and resonator assembly disconnecting their joints.
 - Add marks as necessary for easier installation.
5. Remove mass air flow sensor from air cleaner case.

CAUTION: Handle mass air flow sensor with following cares.

- **Do not shock it.**
- **Do not disassemble it.**
- **Do not touch its sensor.**

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Inspect air duct and resonator assembly for crack or tear.

- If anything found, replace air duct and resonator assembly.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Align marks. Attach each joint. Screw clamps firmly.

CHANGING AIR CLEANER FILTER

REMOVAL

1. Remove air duct (inlet), power duct, air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly.
2. Remove air cleaner filter from air cleaner case.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

INTAKE MANIFOLD

COMPONENTS



- © 2011 Mitchell Repair Information Company, LLC.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**REMOVAL**

WARNING: To avoid the danger of being scalded, never drain the engine coolant when the engine is hot.

1. Remove engine cover with power tool.

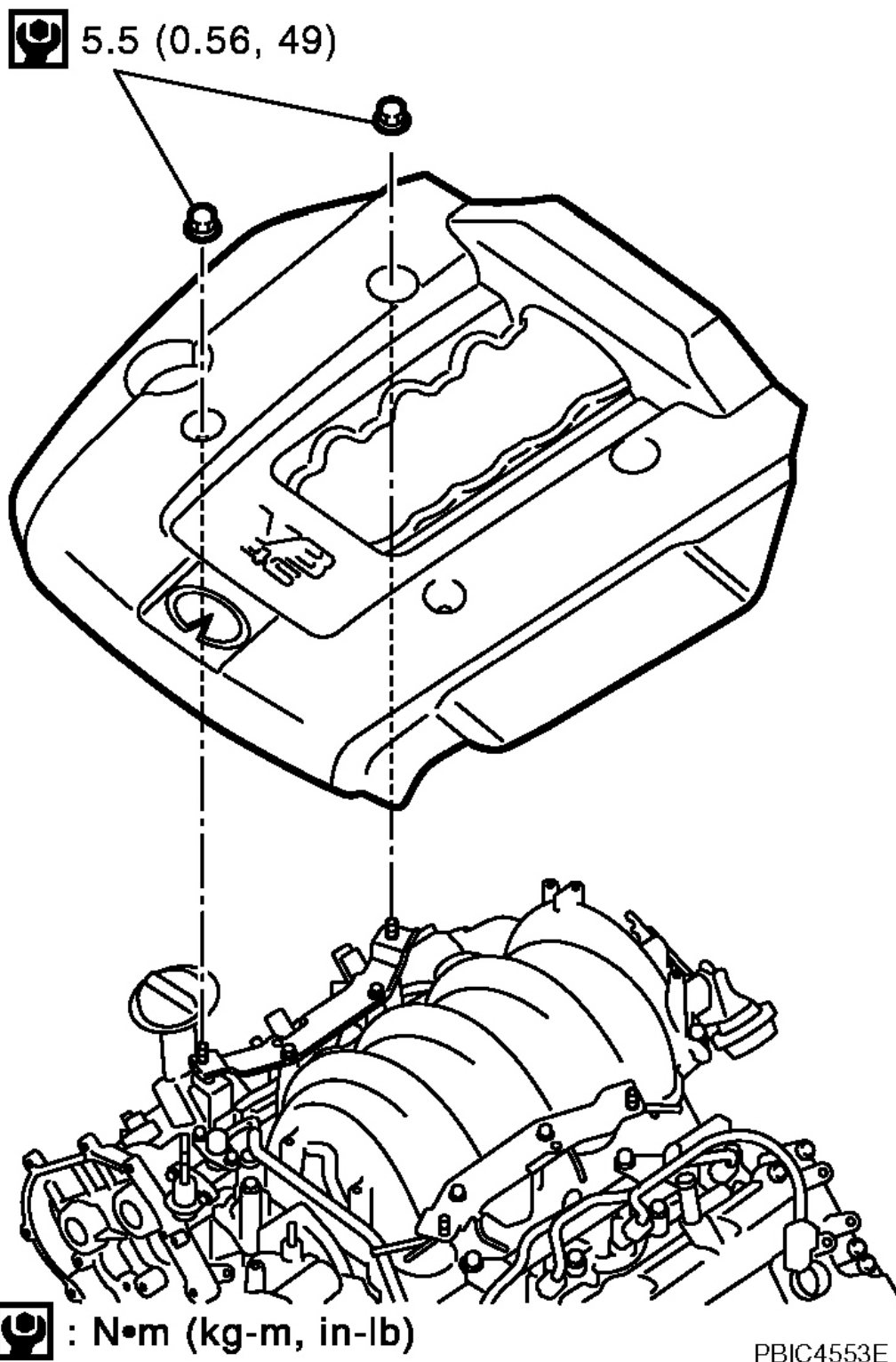


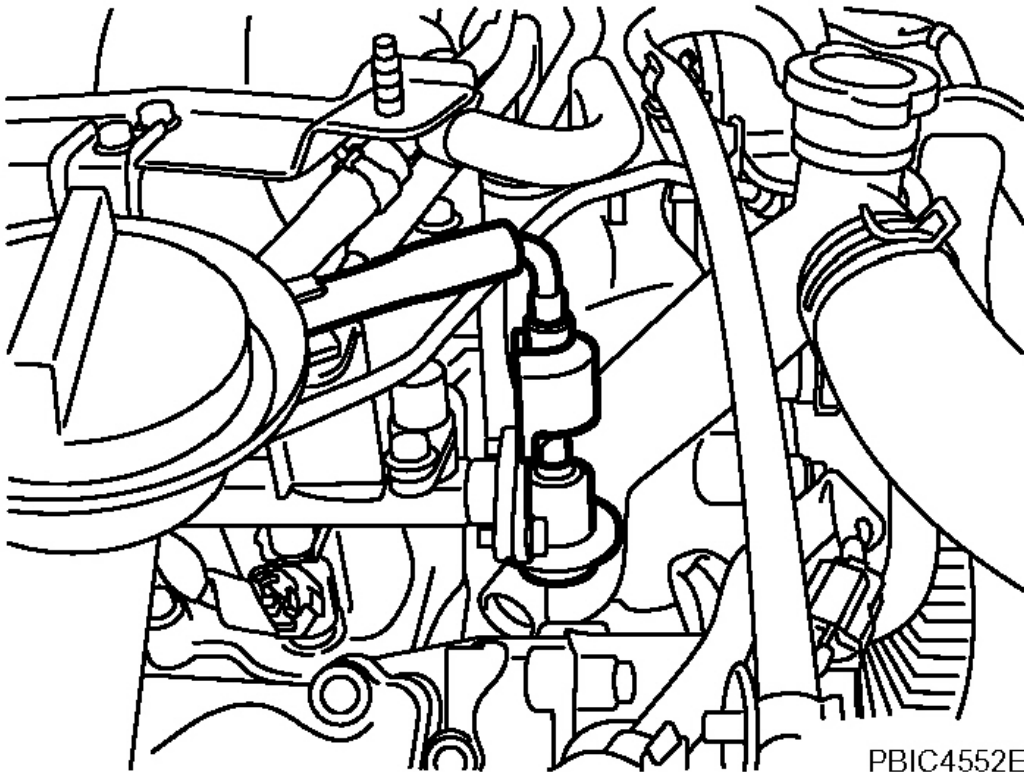
Fig. 13: Identifying Engine Cover With Torque Specifications
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to "**FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE**".
3. Remove air duct (inlet), power duct, air cleaner case and air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
4. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to "**DRAINING ENGINE COOLANT**".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when the engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

5. Disconnect fuel feed hose quick connector on engine side. Refer to "**FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE**".



PBIC4552E

Fig. 14: Identifying Fuel Feed Hose Quick Connector On Engine Side
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

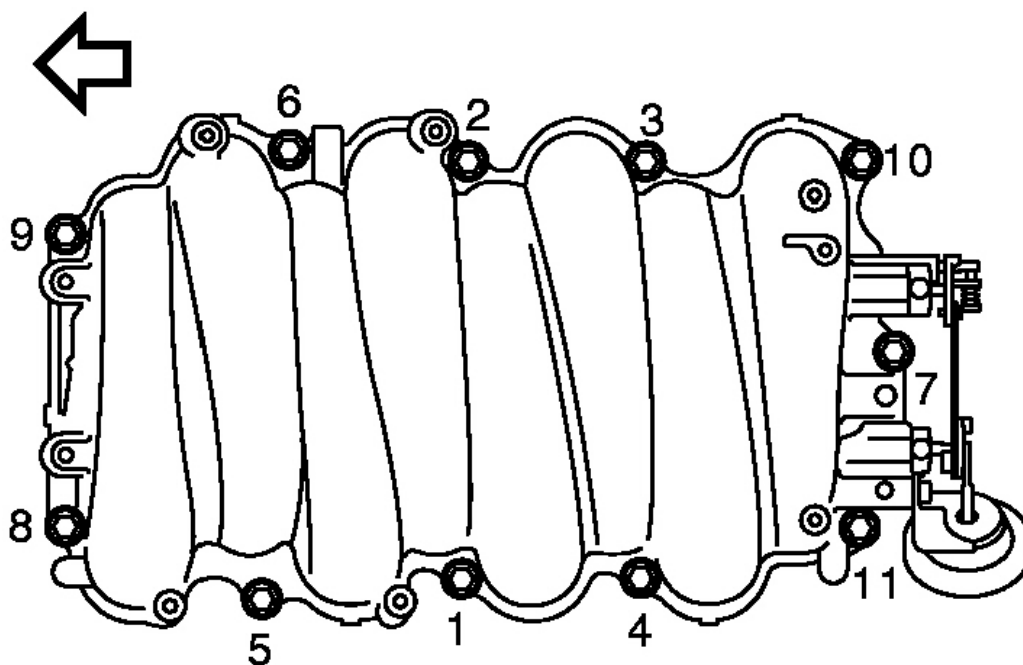
6. Remove fuel damper and fuel hose assembly. Refer to "**FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE**".

CAUTION:

- While hoses are disconnected, plug them to prevent fuel from draining.
- Do not separate fuel damper and fuel hose.

7. Remove or disconnect harnesses, engine cover bracket (RH and LH), vacuum hose, EVAP tube and hose and PCV hose and tube from intake manifold (upper).
8. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove intake manifold (upper) with power tool.

<= : Engine Front



PBIC3297E

Fig. 15: Identifying Loosening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

9. Remove electric throttle control actuator as follows:
 - a. Disconnect harness connector.
 - b. Loosen mounting bolts diagonally.

CAUTION:

- Handle carefully to avoid any shock to electric throttle control

actuator.

- Do not disassemble.

10. Remove fuel injector and fuel tube assembly. Refer to "**FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE**".
11. Disconnect water hoses from intake manifold adaptor.
12. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove intake manifold (lower) with power tool.

<= : Engine Front

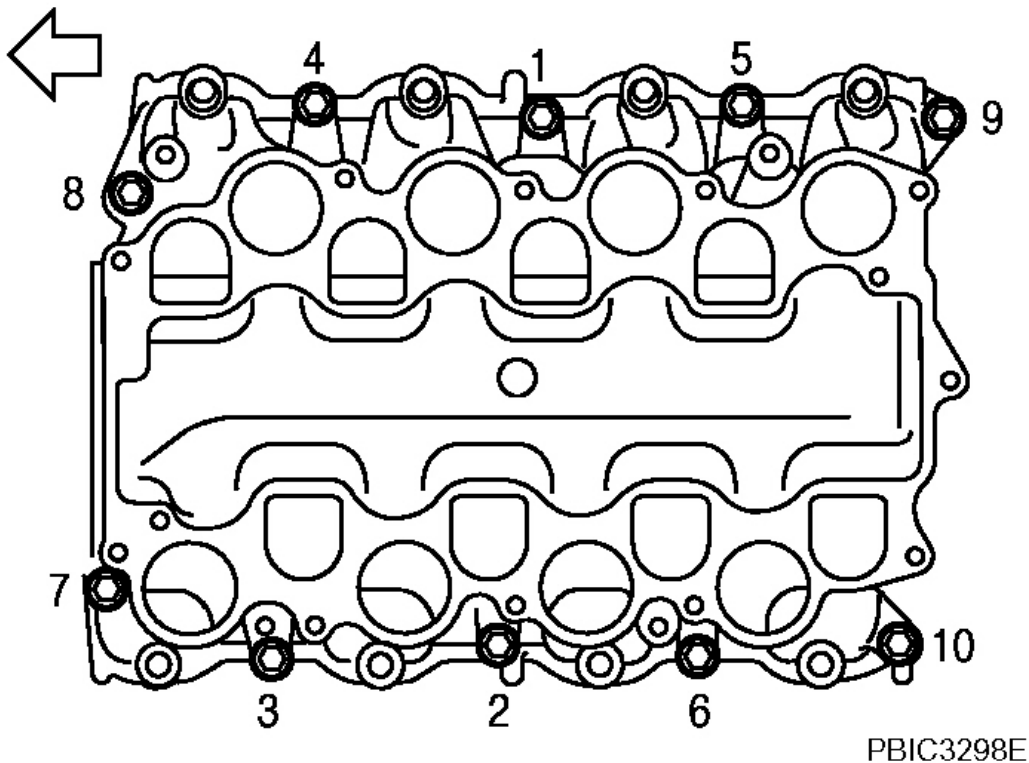


Fig. 16: Identifying Loosening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

13. Remove intake manifold adaptor from intake manifold (lower).
14. Remove intake manifold gaskets.

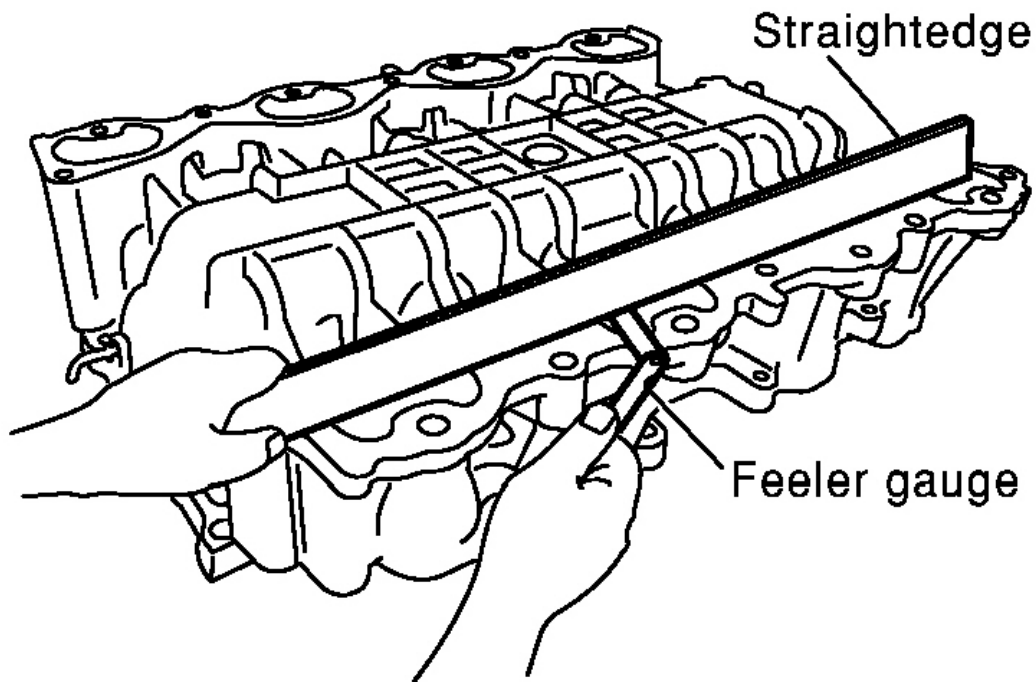
CAUTION: Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL**Surface Distortion**

- Check the surface distortion of both the intake manifold (upper and lower) mating surfaces with straightedge and feeler gauge.

limit : 0.1 mm(0.04 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace intake manifolds (lower and/or upper).



PBIC0016E

Fig. 17: Removing Intake Manifolds
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

Intake Manifold (Lower)

Tighten in numerical order as shown in the figure.

<= Engine Front

- There are two types of mounting bolts. Refer to the following for locating bolts.

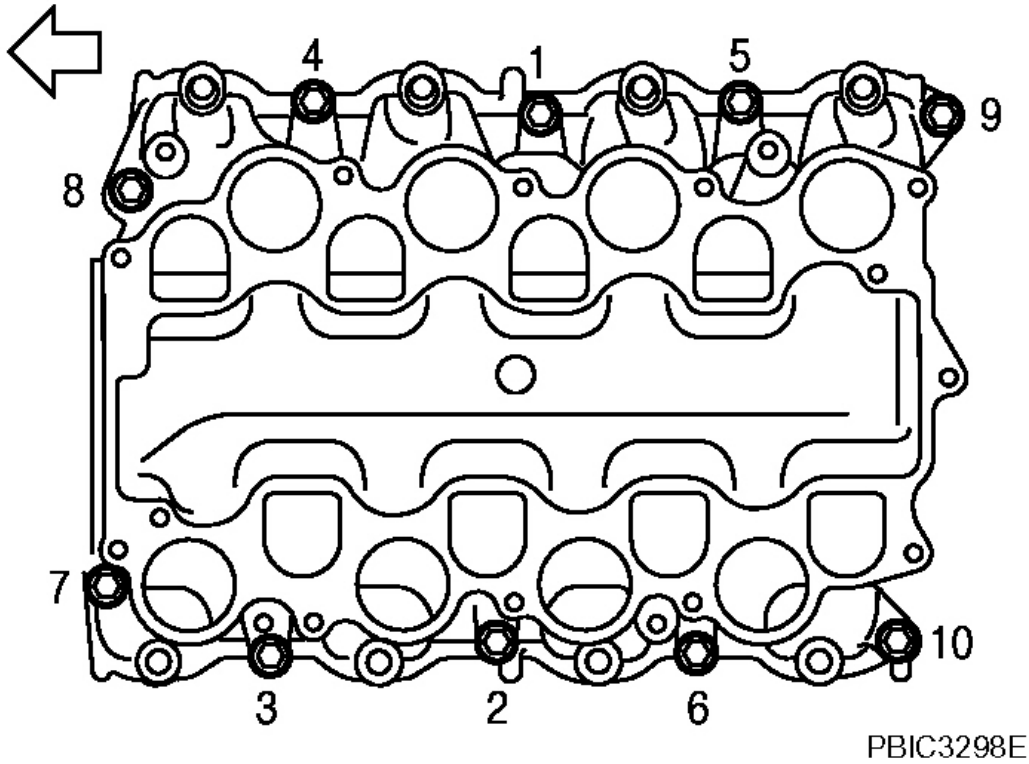
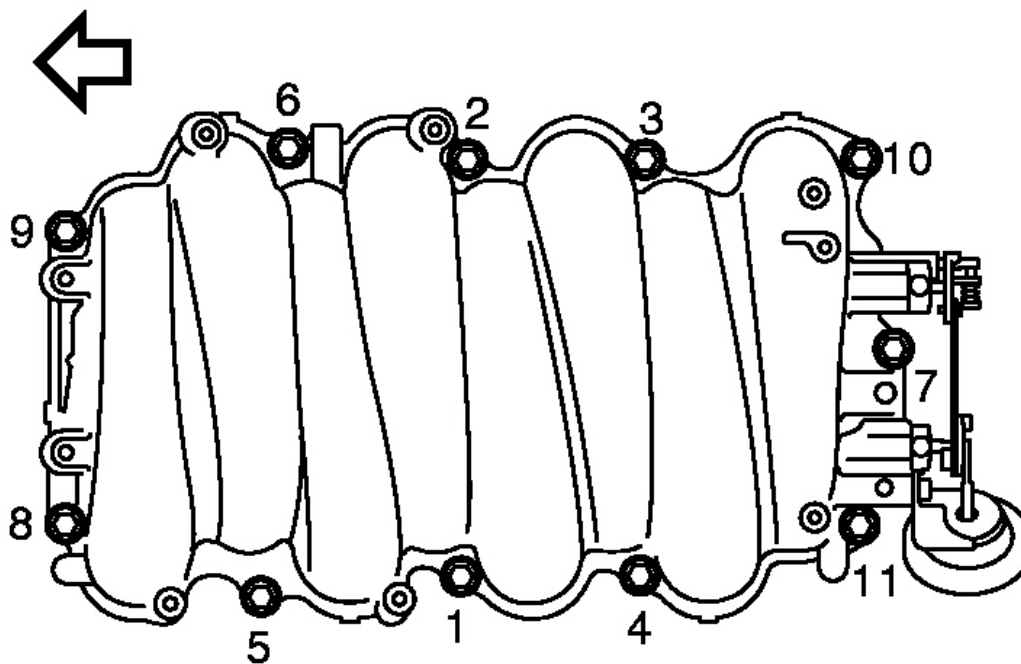


Fig. 18: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts In Sequence (Lower)
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Intake Manifold (Upper)

Tighten in numerical order as shown in the figure.

<= Engine Front



PBIC3297E

Fig. 19: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts In Sequence (Upper)
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Electric Throttle Control Actuator

- Install gasket with its directional protrusion set up/downward.
- Tighten mounting bolts of electric throttle control actuator equally and diagonally in several steps.
- After installation perform procedure in "**INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**".

Water Hose

Insert hose by 27 to 32 mm (1.06 to 1.26 in) from connector end.

Vacuum Host

Refer to "**VACUUM HOSE DRAWING**".

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

- Perform the "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when harness connector of electric throttle control actuator is disconnected. Refer to "**THROTTLE VALVE CLOSED POSITION LEARNING**".
- Perform the "Idle Air Volume Learning" and "Throttle Valve Closed Position Learning" when electric

throttle control actuator is replaced. Refer to "IDLE AIR VOLUME LEARNING".

EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST

COMPONENTS

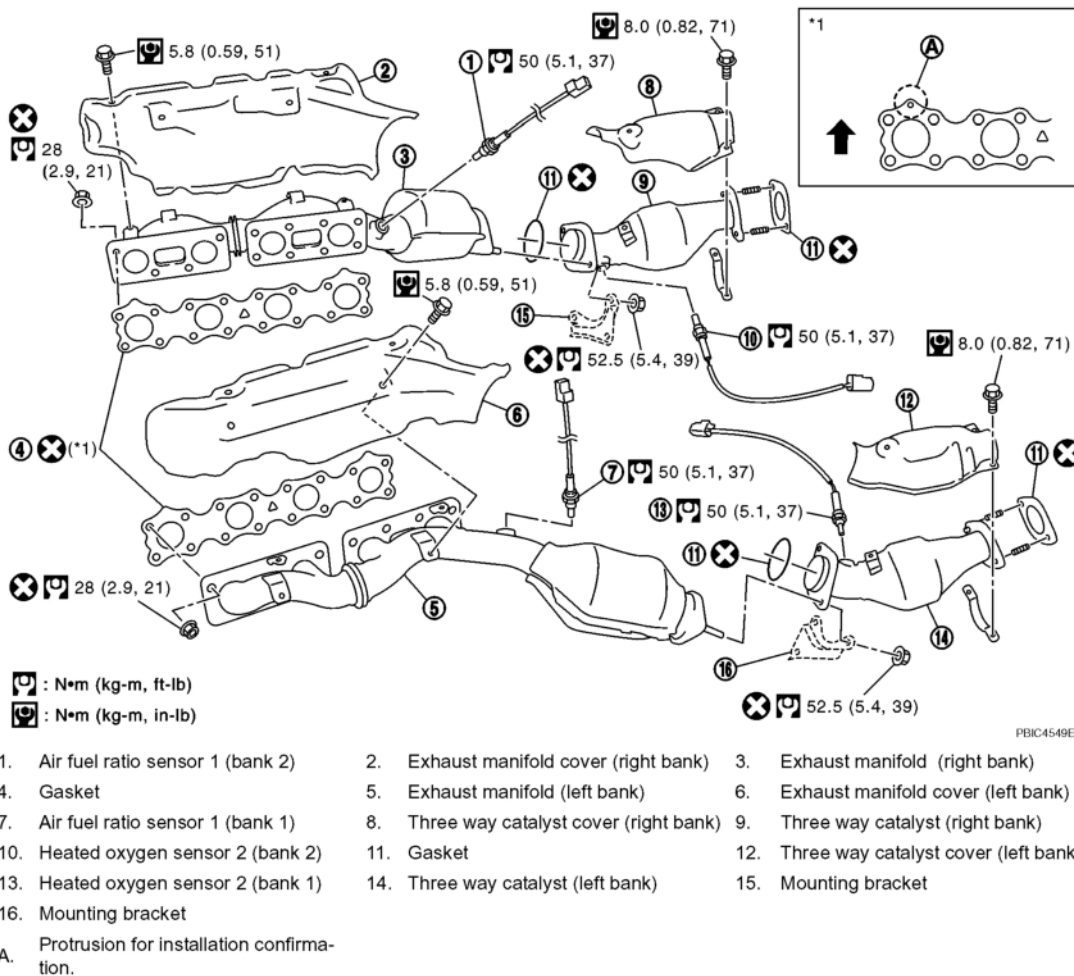


Fig. 20: Identifying Exhaust Manifold And Three Way Catalyst Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "COMPONENTS" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

WARNING: Perform the work, when the exhaust and cooling system have completely cooled down.

1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**".
2. Remove front and rear engine undercovers with power tool.
3. Remove air duct (inlet), air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly, air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
4. Remove front cross bar. Refer to "**FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY**".
5. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to "**CHANGING ENGINE COOLANT**".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

6. Remove radiator. Refer to "**RADIATOR**".
7. Remove drive belts. Refer to "**DRIVE BELTS**".
8. Remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 as follows:
 - a. Disconnect air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 harness connectors.
 - b. Remove air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 on both bank with heated oxygen sensor wrench (SST).

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2.
- Discard any air fuel ratio sensor 1 and heated oxygen sensor 2 which have been dropped onto a hard surface such as a concrete floor; replace with a new one.

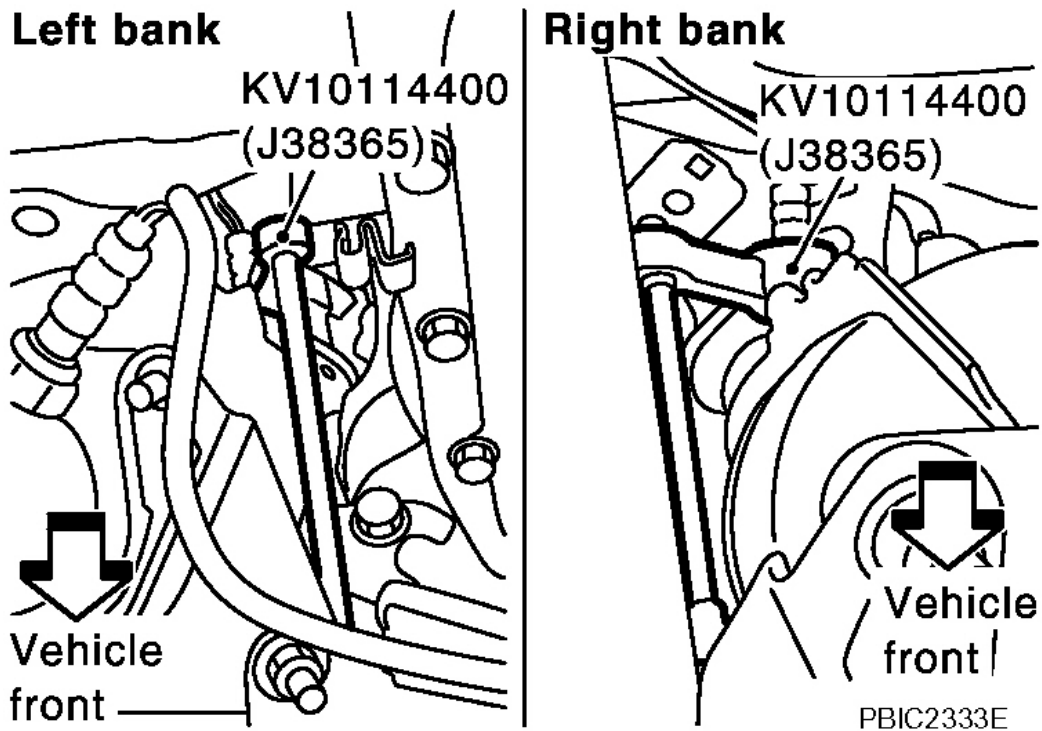


Fig. 21: Identifying Air Fuel Ratio Sensor 1 And Heated Oxygen Sensor 2 On Both Bank (Top View)

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

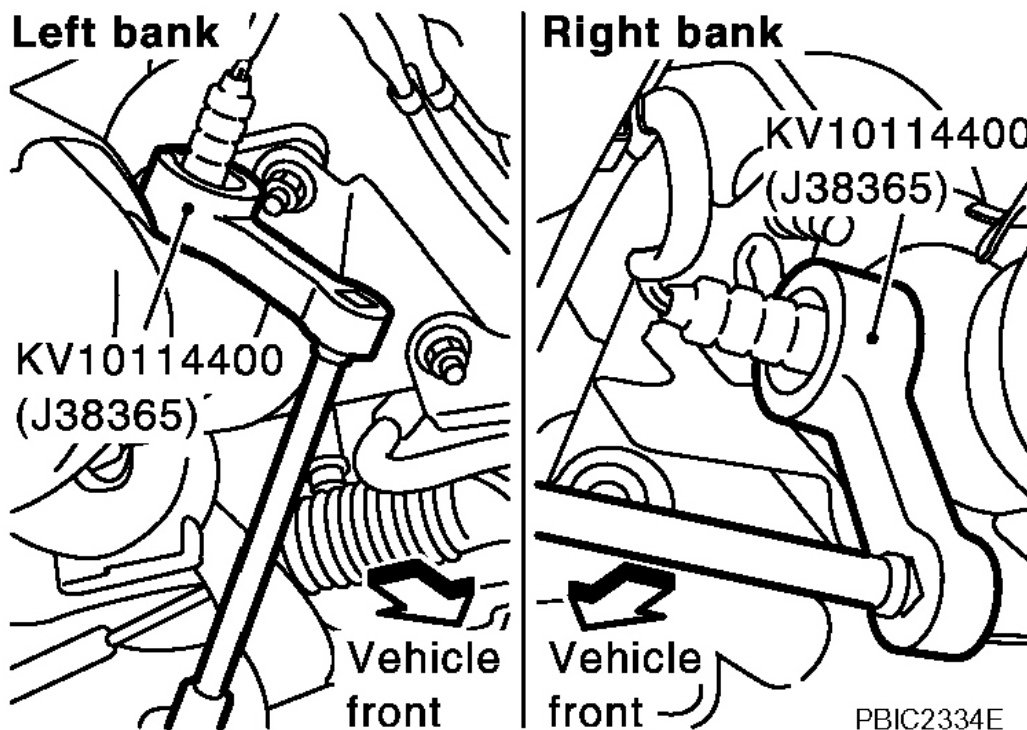


Fig. 22: Identifying Air Fuel Ratio Sensor 1 And Heated Oxygen Sensor 2 On Both Bank (Side View)

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

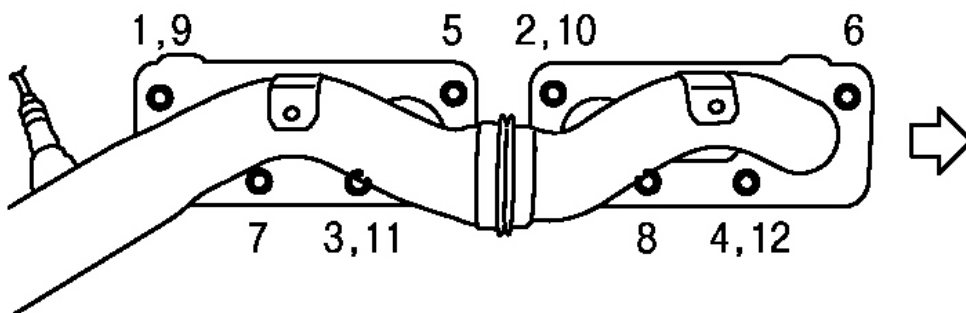
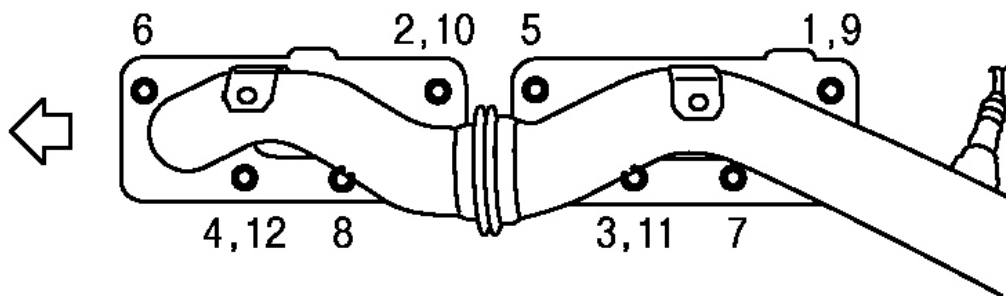
9. Remove exhaust mounting bracket between three way catalysts (right and left bank) and transmission. Refer to "**EXHAUST SYSTEM**".
10. Disconnect A/C piping from A/C compressor, then remove A/C compressor with power tool. Refer to "**COMPONENTS**".
11. Remove alternator and bracket. Refer to "**CHARGING SYSTEM**".
12. Remove exhaust front tube with power tool. Refer to "**EXHAUST SYSTEM**".
13. Remove steering lower joint at power steering gear assembly side, and release steering lower shaft. Refer to "**POWER STEERING GEAR AND LINKAGE**".
14. Remove three way catalysts (right and left bank).
15. Remove exhaust manifold covers. (right and left bank)
16. Loosen mounting nuts in reverse order as shown in the figure to remove exhaust manifold.

A : Left bank

B : Right bank

<= : Engine front

Ⓐ



Ⓑ

PBIC3300E

Fig. 23: Identifying Loosening Mounting Nuts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

NOTE: Disregard the numerical order No. 9 to 12 in removal.

17. Remove exhaust manifold gaskets.

CAUTION: Cover engine openings to avoid entry of foreign materials.

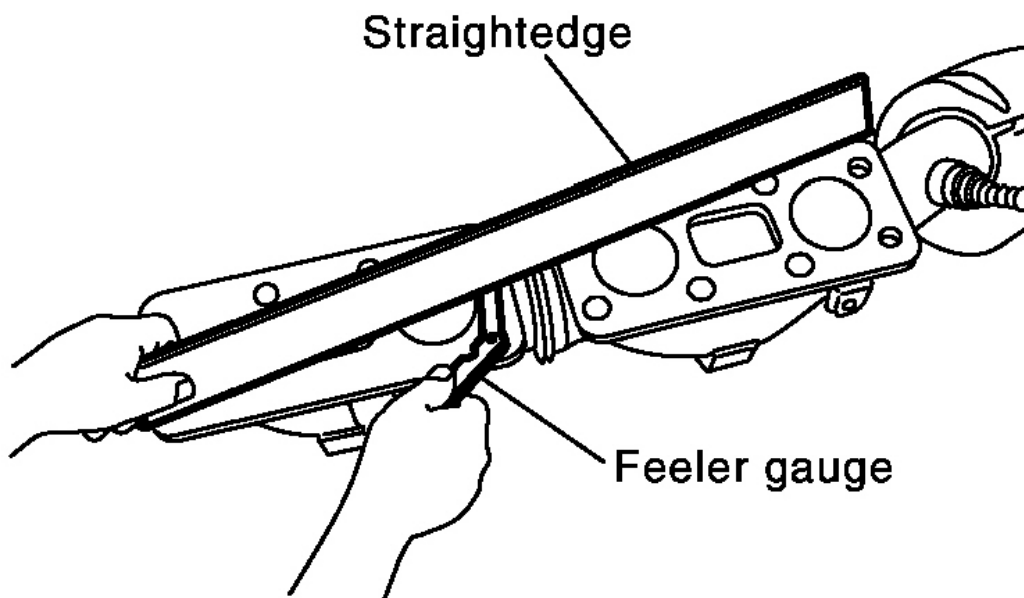
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Check for Surface Distortion

- Check the surface distortion of the each exhaust manifold flange mating surface with straightedge and feeler gauge.

limit : 0.3 mm(0.012 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace exhaust manifold.



PBIC1550E

Fig. 24: Inspecting Surface Distortion Of Each Exhaust Manifold Flange Mating Surface

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

Exhaust Manifold Gasket

Install exhaust manifold gasket with its directional protrusion set upward. Refer to the figure of components on former page. Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**".

Exhaust Manifold

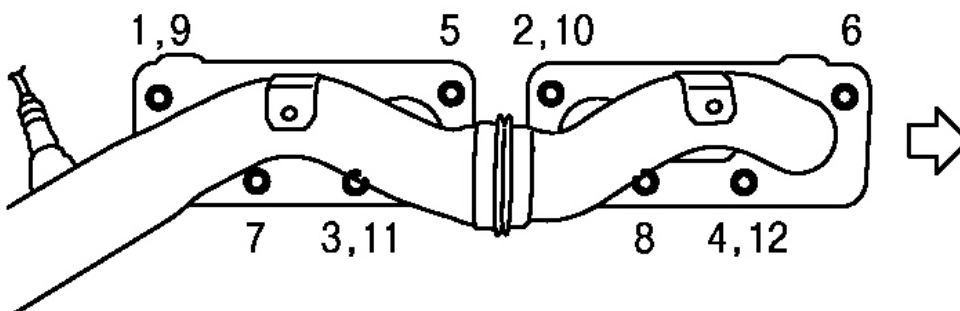
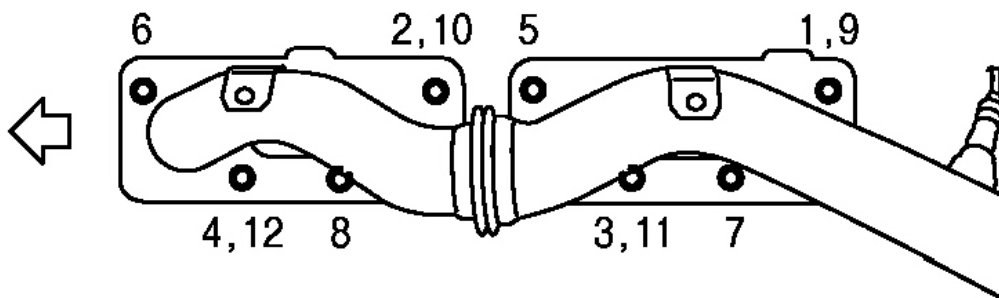
- Install exhaust manifold and tighten mounting nuts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

A : Left bank

B : Right bank

<= : Engine front

Ⓐ



Ⓑ

PBIC3300E

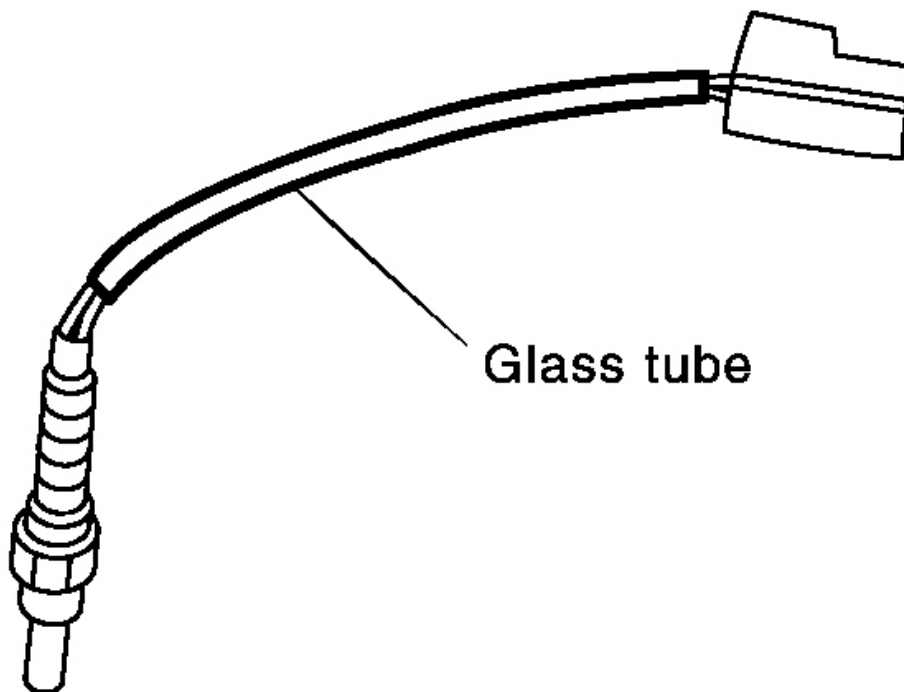
Fig. 25: Identifying Tightening Mounting Nuts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

NOTE: Tighten mounting nuts No. 1 to 4 in two steps. The numerical order No. 9 to 12 shown second steps.

Air Fuel Ratio Sensor and Heated Oxygen Sensor

- Install air fuel ratio sensors and heated oxygen sensors in the original position.
- Install referring the following if the installation positions cannot be identified.

Glass tube color**Air fuel ratio sensor 1 : Black****Heated oxygen sensor 2 : White**

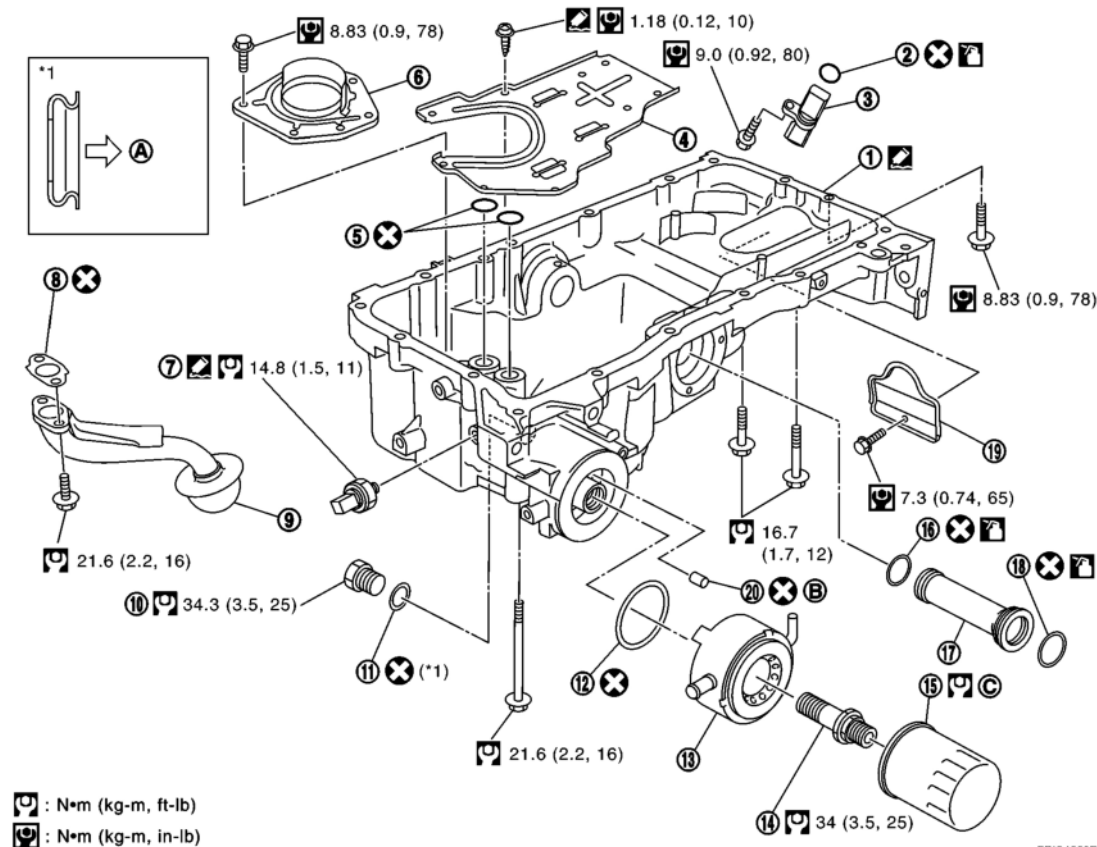
PBIC2652E

Fig. 26: Identifying Glass Tube

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION:

- Before installing a new air fuel ratio sensor and heated oxygen sensor, clean exhaust system threads using oxygen sensor thread cleaner (commercial service tool: J-43897-18 or J-43897-12), and apply anti-seize lubricant (commercial service tool).
- Do not over torque air fuel ratio sensor and heated oxygen sensor. Doing so may cause damage to the heated oxygen sensor, resulting in "MIL" coming on.

OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER**COMPONENTS**

PBK4556E

□ : N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)
 □ : N·m (kg-m, in-lb)

- | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Oil pan | 2. O-ring | 3. Crankshaft position sensor (POS) |
| 4. Baffle plate | 5. O-ring | 6. Baffle plate |
| 7. Oil pressure switch | 8. Gasket | 9. Oil strainer |
| 10. Drain plug | 11. Drain plug washer | 12. O-ring |
| 13. Oil cooler | 14. Connector bolt | 15. Oil filter |
| 16. O-ring | 17. Axle pipe | 18. O-ring |
| 19. Rear plate cover | 20. Relief valve | |
| A. Oil pan side | B. Refer to | C. Refer to |

Fig. 27: Exploded View Of Oil Pan And Oil Strainer Components With Torque Specifications

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "**COMPONENTS**" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

WARNING: To avoid the danger of being scalded, do not drain engine oil when engine is hot.

1. Remove front road wheels and tires.
2. Remove hood assembly. Refer to "**HOOD**"
3. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**"
4. Remove front and rear engine undercovers with power tool.
5. Drain engine oil. Refer to "**CHANGING ENGINE OIL**".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine oil on drive belts.

6. Drain engine coolant. Refer to "**CHANGING ENGINE COOLANT**".

CAUTION:

- Perform this step when engine is cold.
- Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.

7. Remove drive belts. Refer to "**DRIVE BELTS**".
8. Remove auto tensioner of power steering oil pump belt. Refer to "**DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY**".
9. Remove power steering oil pump with piping connected, and temporarily secure it aside with ropes or equivalent. Refer to "**POWER STEERING OIL PUMP**".
10. Remove A/C compressor with piping connected, and temporarily secure it aside with ropes or equivalent. Refer to "**COMPONENTS**".
11. Remove A/C compressor fitting bolts, and install A/C compressor temporarily on vehicle side with ropes or equivalent.
12. Remove harness of lower side of oil pan.
13. Remove crankshaft position sensor (POS) from transmission.

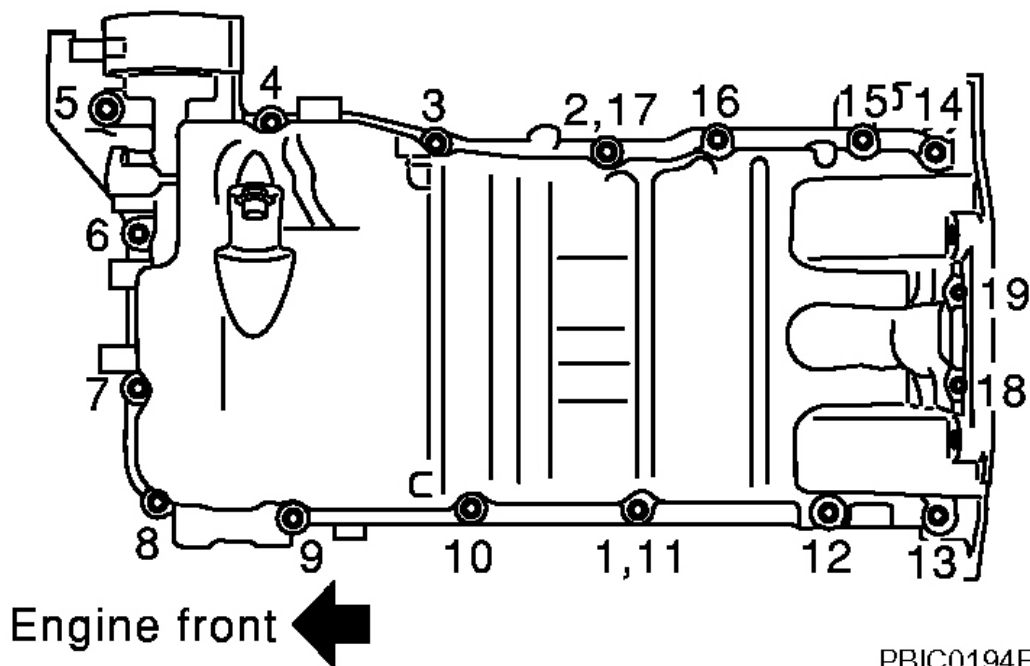
CAUTION:

- Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.
- Do not disassemble it.
- Do not allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.

- Do not place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.

14. Install engine slinger and hang engine assembly to secure position. Refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY".
15. Remove front suspension member with power tool. Refer to "FRONT SUSPENSION MEMBER".
16. Remove front final drive assembly. Refer to "FRONT FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY".
17. Remove oil filter. Refer to "OIL FILTER".
18. Disconnect oil cooler water hoses, and remove oil cooler water pipe and oil cooler. Refer to "OIL COOLER".
19. Remove oil pan as the follows:
 - a. Remove rear plate cover.
 - b. Remove transmission joint bolts which pierce oil pan. Refer to "REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (AWD MODELS)".
 - c. Loosen mounting bolts with power tool in reverse order as shown in the figure.

NOTE: Disregard the numerical order No. 11 and 17 in removal.



PBIC0194E

Fig. 28: Identifying Loosening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- d. Insert seal cutter (SST) between oil pan and cylinder block. Slide seal cutter by tapping on the side of seal cutter with hammer. Remove oil pan.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.
- Do not insert screwdriver, this will damage the mating surface.

- e. Remove O-rings from bottom of oil pump and front cover.

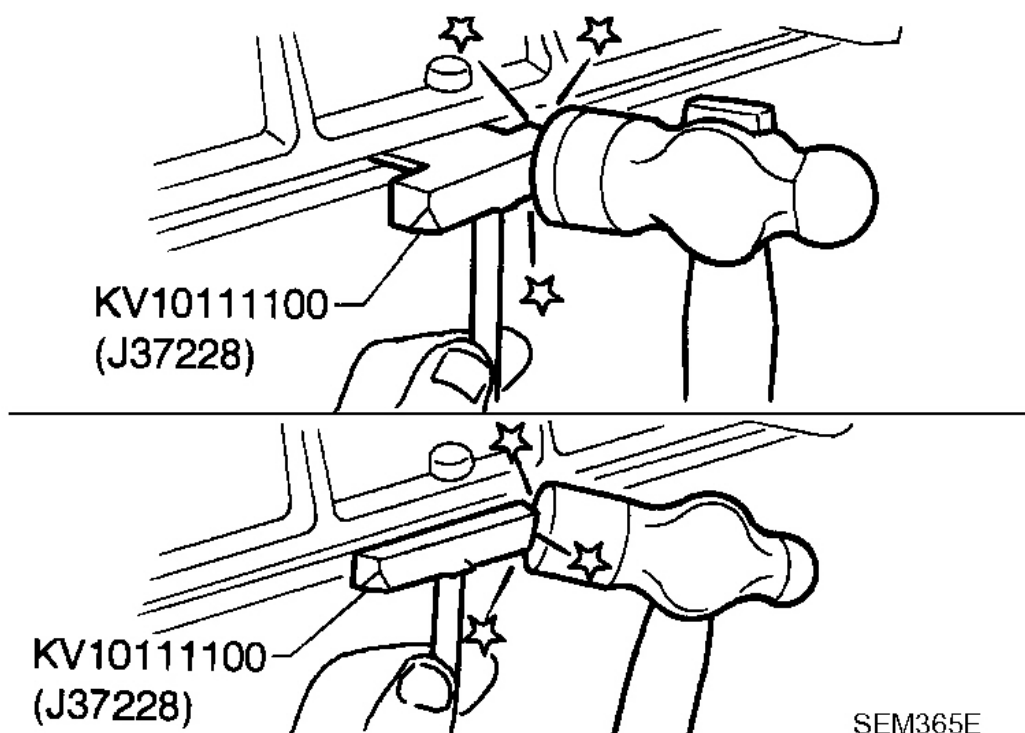


Fig. 29: Sliding Seal Cutter By Tapping On Side Of Seal Cutter With Hammer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

20. As necessary, pull axle pipe from oil pan.
- Hold pipes and pull them out to front drive shaft (left) installing side.
21. Remove oil strainer.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

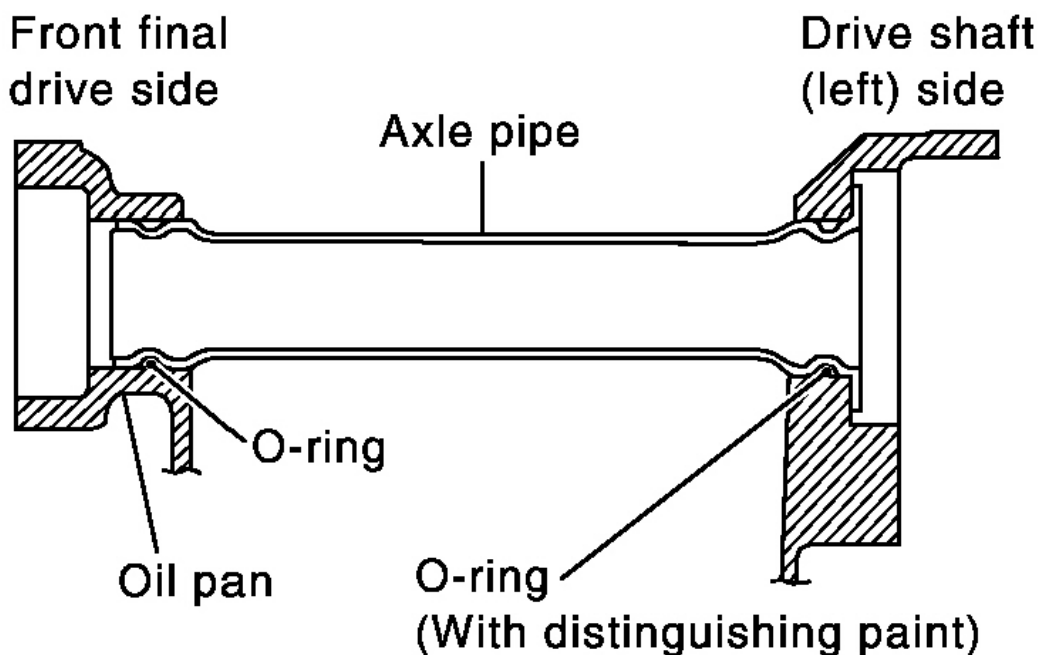
Clean oil strainer if any object attached.

INSTALLATION

1. Install oil strainer.
2. Install axle pipe to oil pan, if removed.
 - Lubricate O-ring groove of axle pipe, O-ring, and O-ring joint of oil pan with new engine oil.
 - Right/left O-ring diameters differ from each other. O-ring with identification paint mark is installed on front drive shaft (left) installing side.
 - Install axle pipe to oil pan from (left) side.

CAUTION: Insert it with care to prevent O-ring from sliding.

3. Install oil pan as follows:



PBIC2336E

Fig. 30: Identifying Axle Pipe To Oil Pan
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

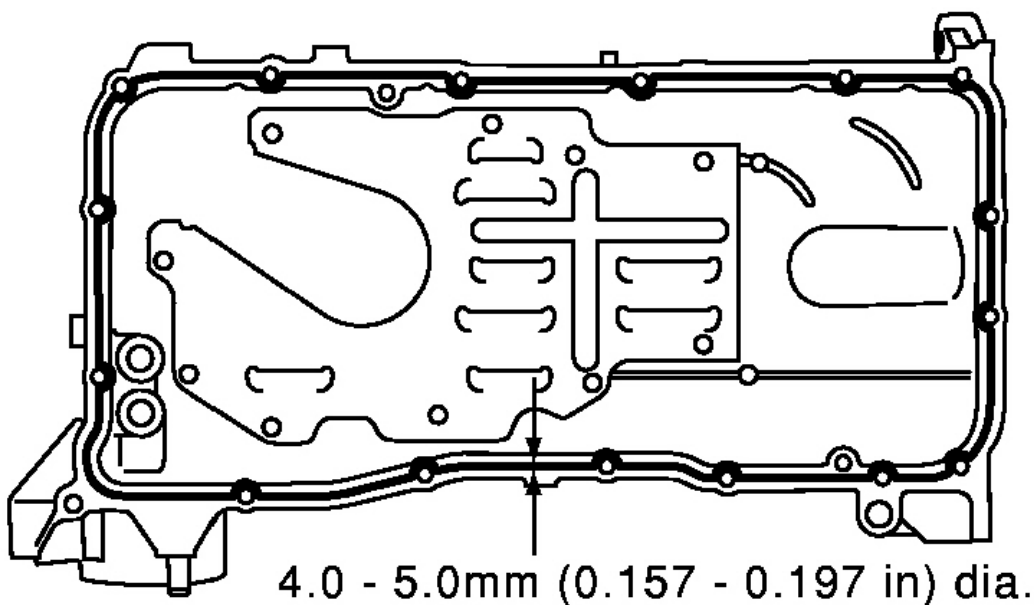
- a. Use scraper to remove old liquid gasket from mating surfaces.
 - Also remove the old liquid gasket from mating surface of cylinder block.
 - Remove old liquid gasket from the bolt holes and threads.

CAUTION: Do not scratch or damage the mating surfaces when cleaning off old liquid gasket.

- b. Install new O-rings to oil pump and front cover side.
- c. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)] to the cylinder block mating surfaces of oil pan to a limited portion as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

CAUTION: Attaching should be done within 5 minutes after coating.



PBIC0195E

Fig. 31: Applying Continuous Bead Of Liquid Gasket With Tube Presser
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- d. Install oil pan.

CAUTION: Install avoiding misalignment of O-rings.

- Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

NOTE: Tighten mounting bolts No. 1 and 2 in two steps. The numerical order No. 11 and 17 shown second steps.

- There are three types of mounting bolts. Refer to the following for locating bolts.

M6 X 30 mm (1.18 in) : 18, 19

M8 X 100 mm (3.94 in) : 5, 9

M8 X 45 mm (1.77 in) : Except the above

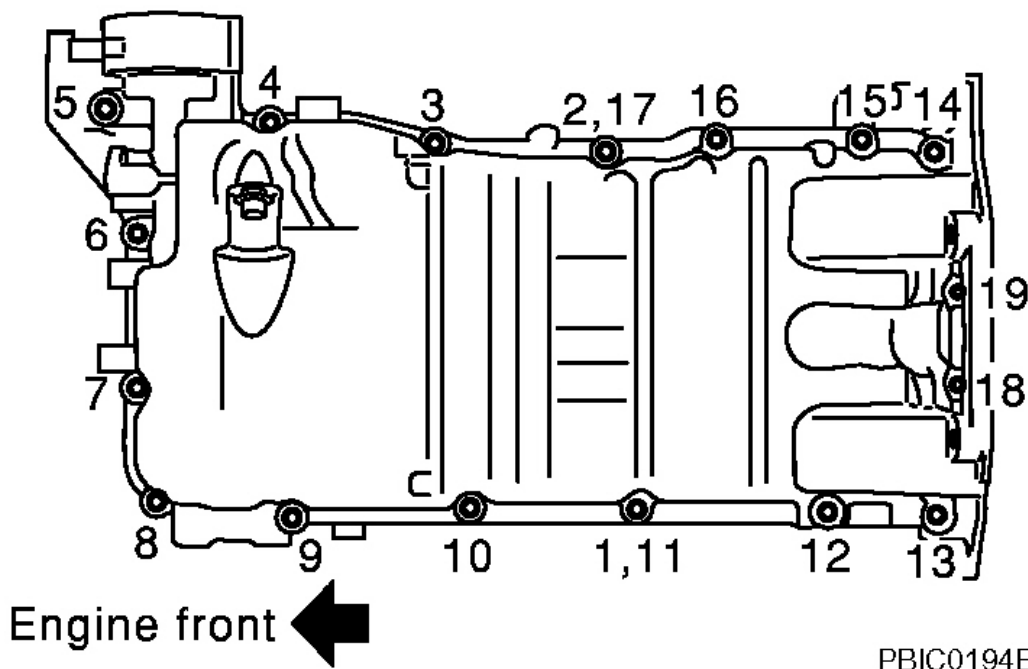


Fig. 32: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Tighten transmission joint bolts. Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (AWD MODELS)**".
 - Install rear plate cover.
- Install oil pan drain plug with new drain plug washer.
 - Refer to the figure of components of former page for installation direction of drain plug washer.

Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**".

5. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

NOTE: At least 30 minutes after oil pan is installed, pour engine oil.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

1. Check engine oil level and add engine oil. Refer to "**ENGINE OIL**".
2. Start engine, and check there is no leak of engine oil.
3. Stop engine and wait for 15 minutes.
4. Check engine oil level again. Refer to "**ENGINE OIL**".

IGNITION COIL

COMPONENTS

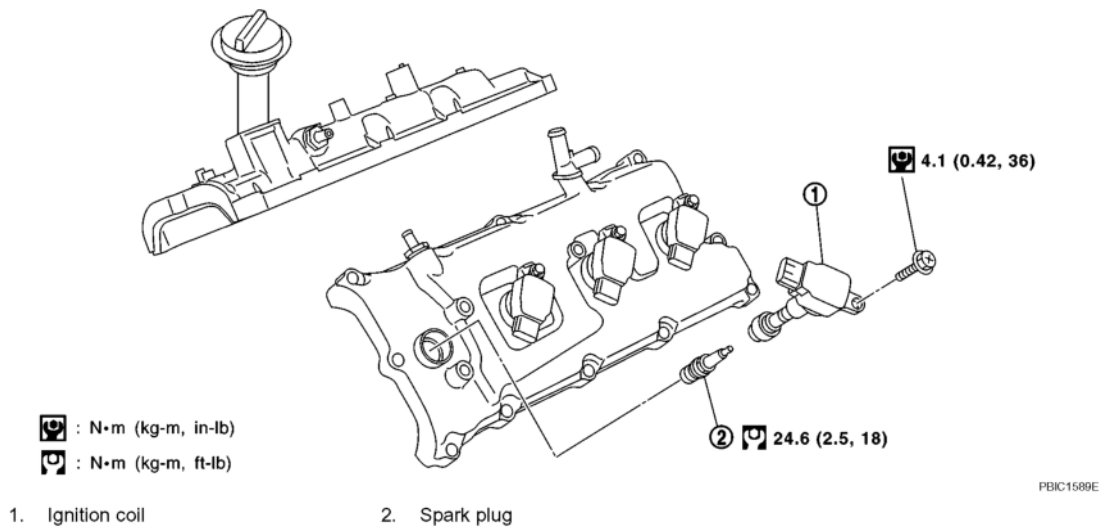


Fig. 33: Identifying Ignition Coil Components With Torque Specifications
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**".
2. Remove air duct (inlet), air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly, air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
3. Disconnect harness connector from ignition coil.
4. Remove ignition coil.

CAUTION: Do not shock it.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)

COMPONENTS

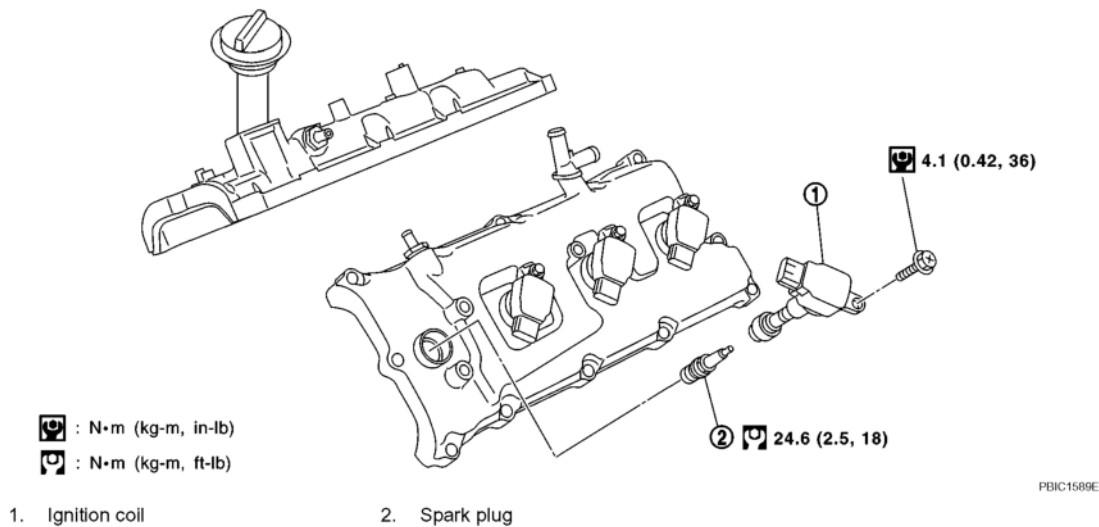


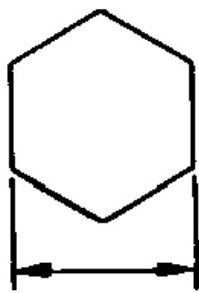
Fig. 34: Identifying Spark Plug (Platinum-Tipped Type) Components With Torque Specifications
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

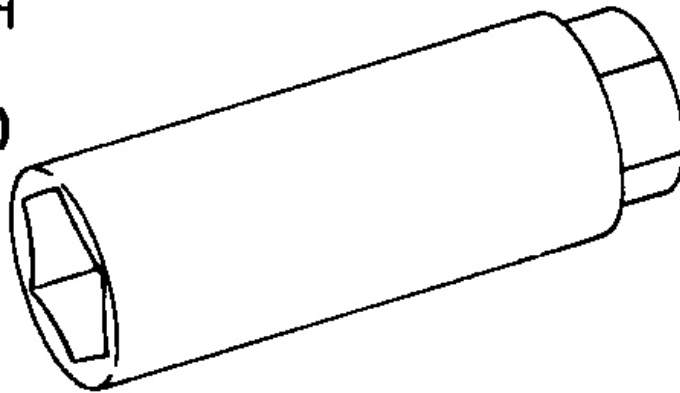
1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "ENGINE ROOM COVER".
2. Remove ignition coil. Refer to "IGNITION COIL".
3. Remove spark plug with spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).

CAUTION: Do not drop or shock it.



**16 mm
(0.63 in)**

**Wrench with a magnet
to hold spark plug**



SEM294A

Fig. 35: View Of Spark Plug Socket
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Use standard type spark plug for normal condition.

Hot type spark plug is suitable when fouling occurs with standard type spark plug under conditions such as:

- Frequent engine starts
- Low ambient temperatures

Cold type spark plug is suitable when spark plug knock occurs with standard type spark plug under conditions such as:

- Extended highway driving
- Frequent high engine revolution

FREQUENT HIGH ENGINE REVOLUTION

Make	NGK
-------------	------------

Standard type	PLFR5A-11
Hot type	PLFR4A-11
Cold type	PLFR6A-11

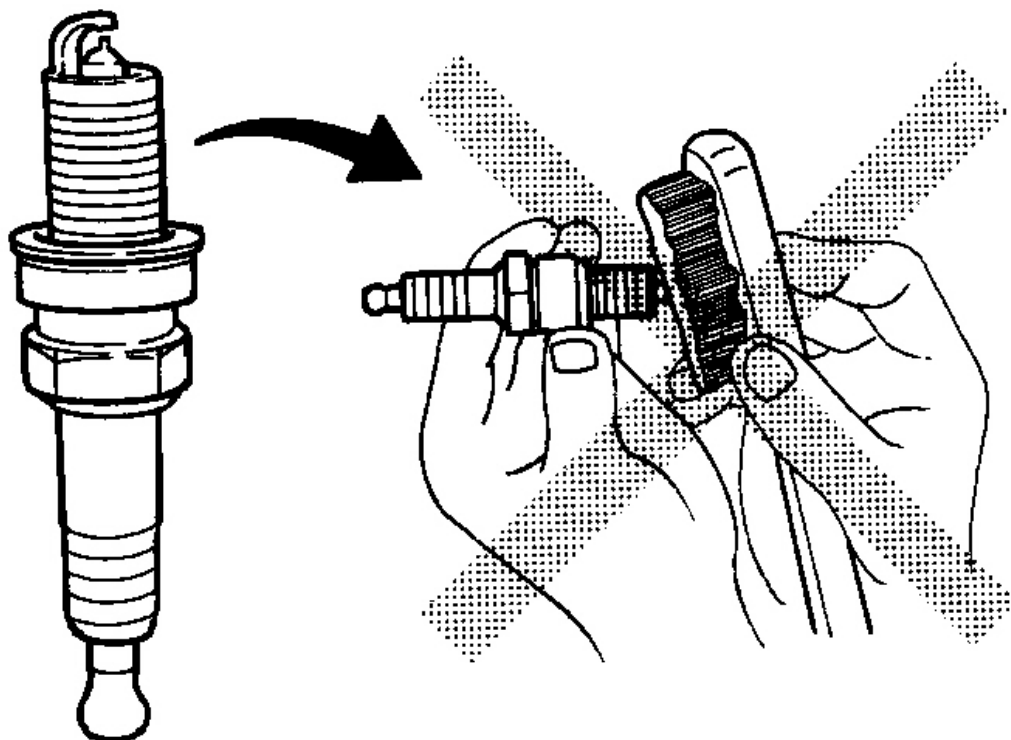
Gap (Nominal) : 1.1 mm (0.043 in)

CAUTION:

- Do not drop or shock spark plug.
- Do not use wire brush for cleaning.
- If plug tip is covered with carbon, spark plug cleaner may be used.

Cleaner air pressure: Less than 588 kPa (6 kg/cm² , 85 psi)

Cleaning time: Less than 20 seconds

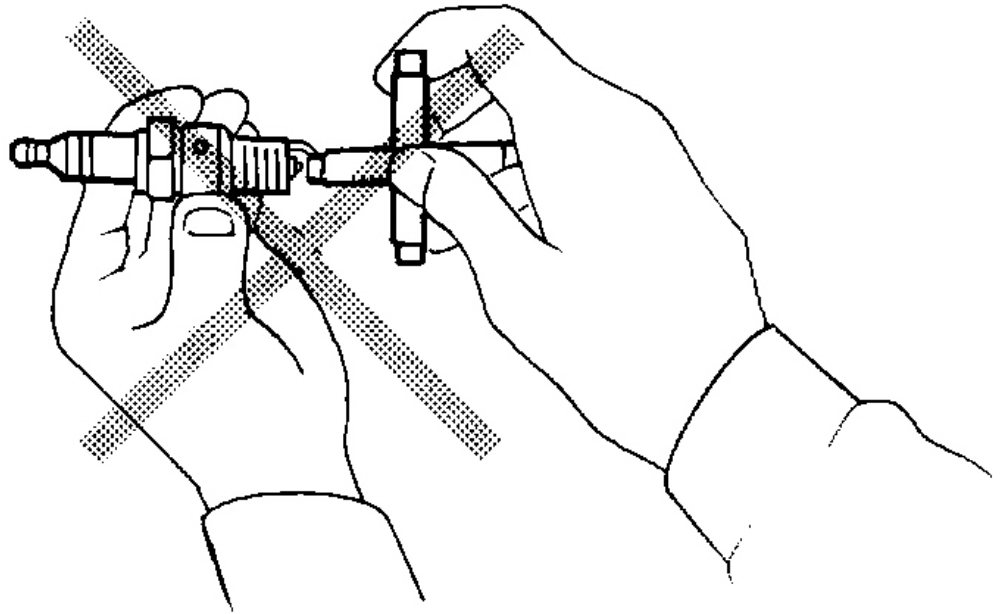


SMA773C

Fig. 36: Precaution For Cleaning Spark Plugs
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Checking and adjusting plug gap is not required between change intervals.

Do not adjust gap.



SMA806CA

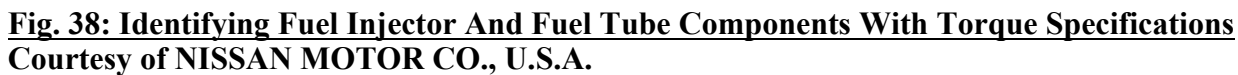
Fig. 37: Precaution - Spark Plug Gap Adjustment
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

Install in the reverse order of removal.

FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE

COMPONENTS



- Refer to "**COMPONENTS**" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

WARNING:

- Do not smoke while servicing fuel system. Keep open flames and sparks away from the work area.
- To avoid the danger of being scalded, do not drain engine coolant when engine is hot.

1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
3. Disconnect fuel feed hose on engine side as follows: (Perform same procedure for the side of centralized under-floor piping as well.)

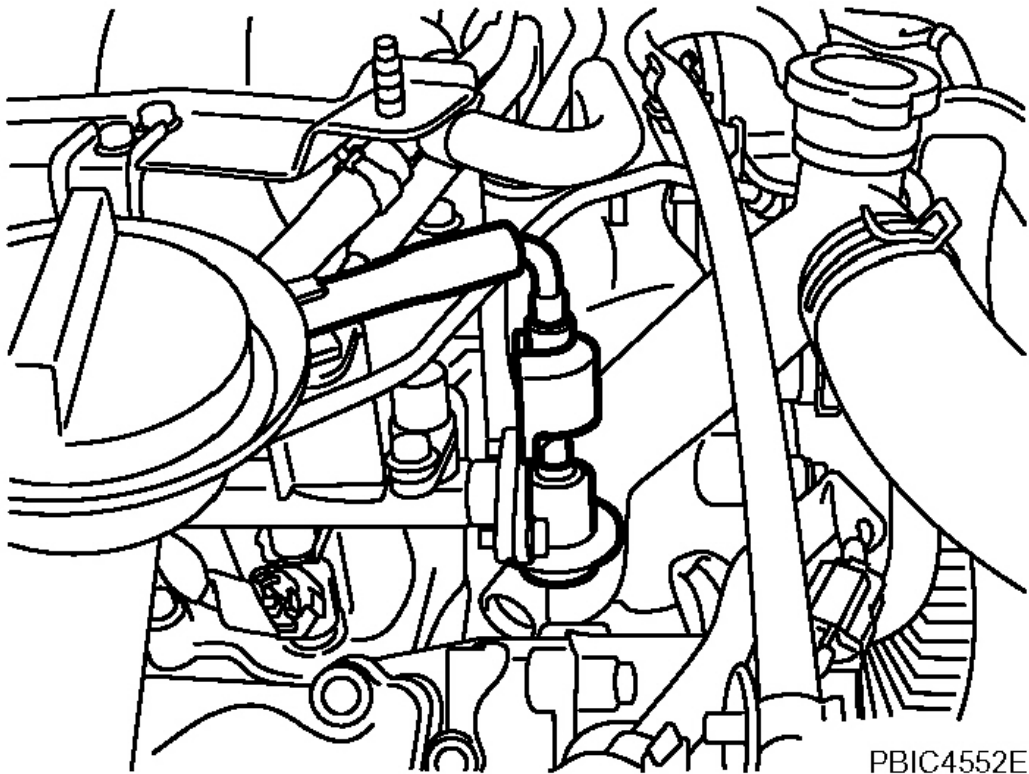
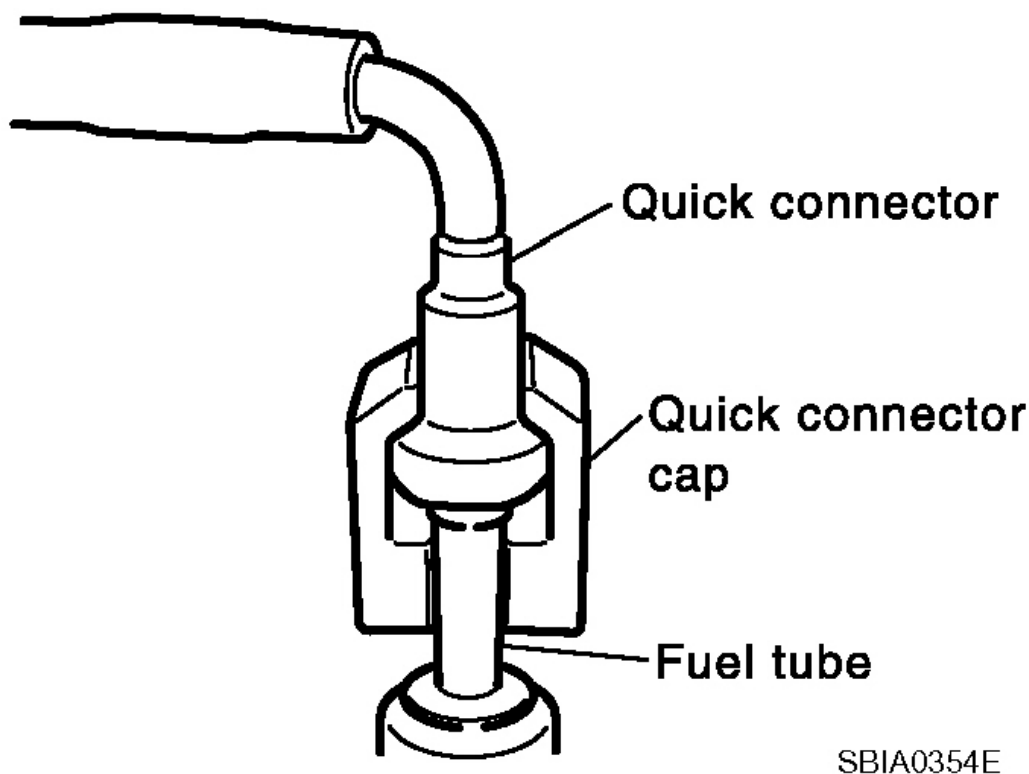


Fig. 39: Identifying Fuel Feed Hose On Engine Side
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- a. Remove quick connector cap from quick connector connection.
- b. Disconnect quick connector from fuel feed damper as follows:



SBIA0354E

Fig. 40: Identifying Quick Connector Cap From Quick Connector Connection
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: Disconnect quick connector by using quick connector release [SST: J-45488], not by picking out retainer tabs (centralized under-floor piping side).

- i. With the sleeve side of quick connector release facing to quick connector, install quick connector release onto fuel tube.
- ii. Insert quick connector release into quick connector until sleeve contacts and goes no further. Hold quick connector release on that position.

CAUTION: Inserting quick connector release hard will not disconnect quick connector. Hold quick connector release where it contacts and goes no further.

- iii. Draw and pull out quick connector straight from fuel feed damper.

CAUTION:

- Pull quick connector holding "A" position as shown in the figure.
- Do not pull with lateral force applied. O-ring inside quick connect be damaged.
- Prepare container and cloth beforehand as fuel will leak out.
- Avoid fire and sparks.
- Keep parts away from heat source. Especially, be careful when w performed around them.
- Do not expose parts to battery electrolyte or other acids.
- Do not bend or twist connection between quick connector and fu hose during installation/removal.

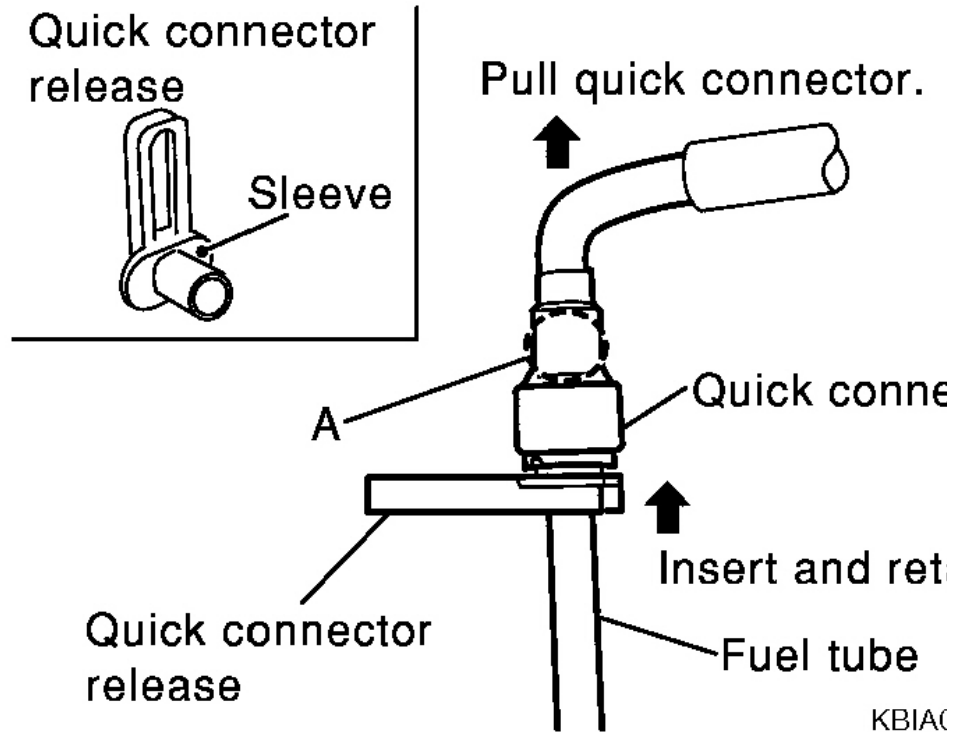


Fig. 41: Pulling Out Quick Connector Straight From Fuel Feed Da
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- To keep clean the connecting portion and to avoid damage and fr materials, cover them completely with plastic bags or something

4. Disconnect fuel damper and fuel hose assembly from fuel tubes (RH and LH).

CAUTION:

- While hoses are disconnected, plug them to prevent fuel from draining.
- Do not separate fuel damper and fuel hose.

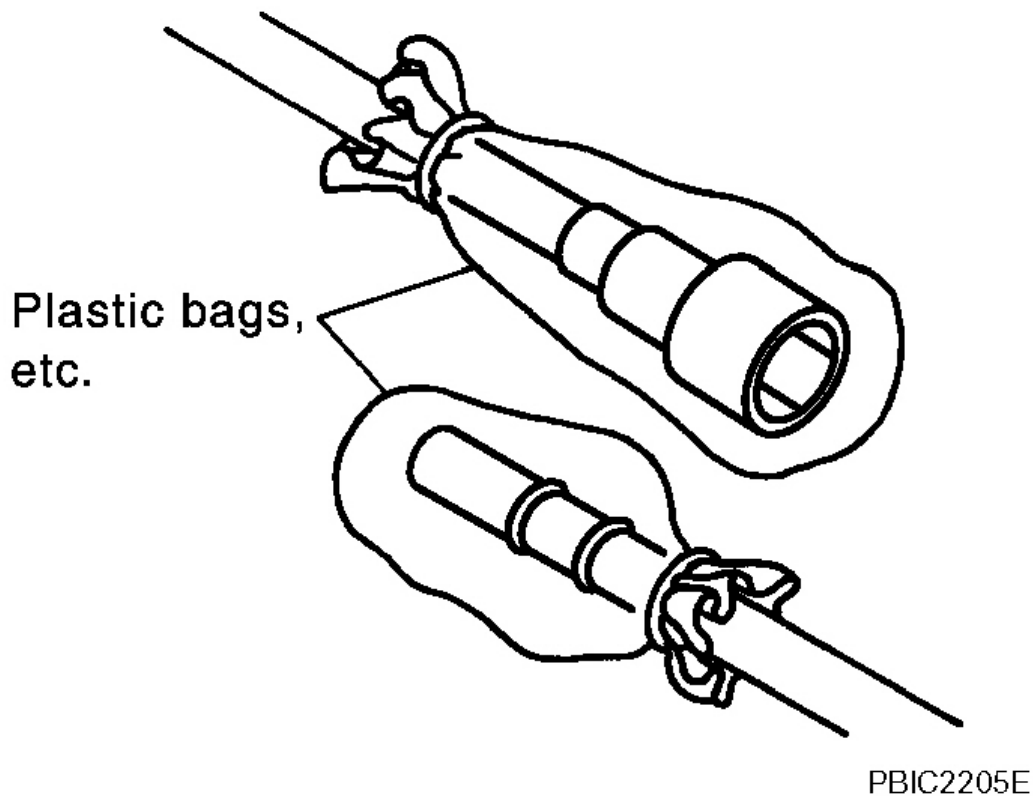


Fig. 42: Applying Plastic Bags To Cover Connecting Portion

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

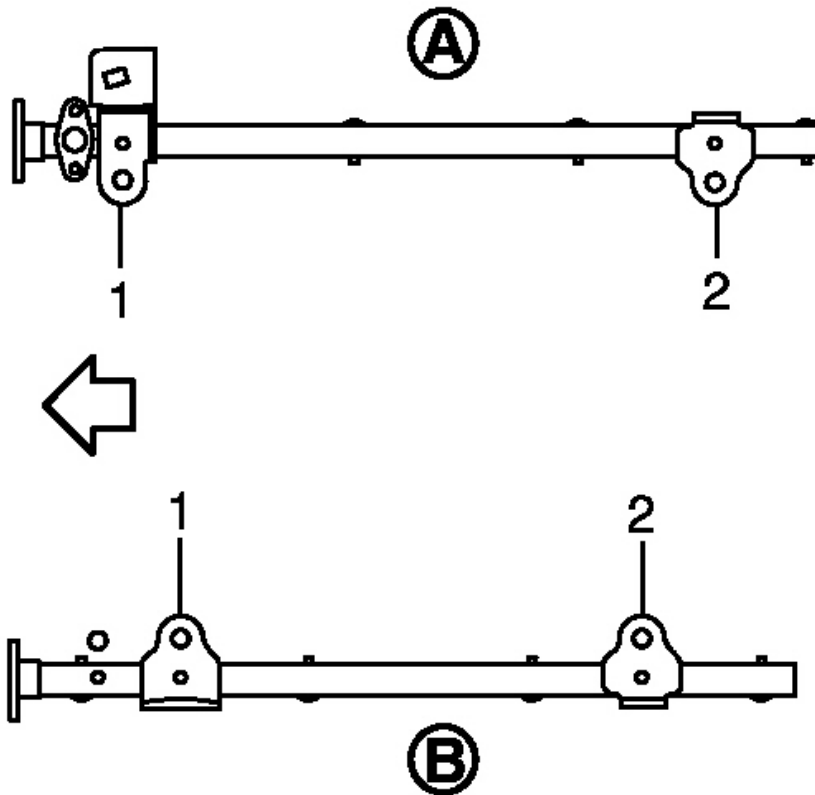
5. Remove intake manifold (upper) with power tool. Refer to "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
6. Disconnect harness connector from fuel injector.
7. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure, and remove fuel tube and fuel injector assembly.

A : Right bank

B : left bank

<= : Engine front

CAUTION: Do not tilt it, or remaining fuel in pipes may flow out from pipes.



PBIC3303E

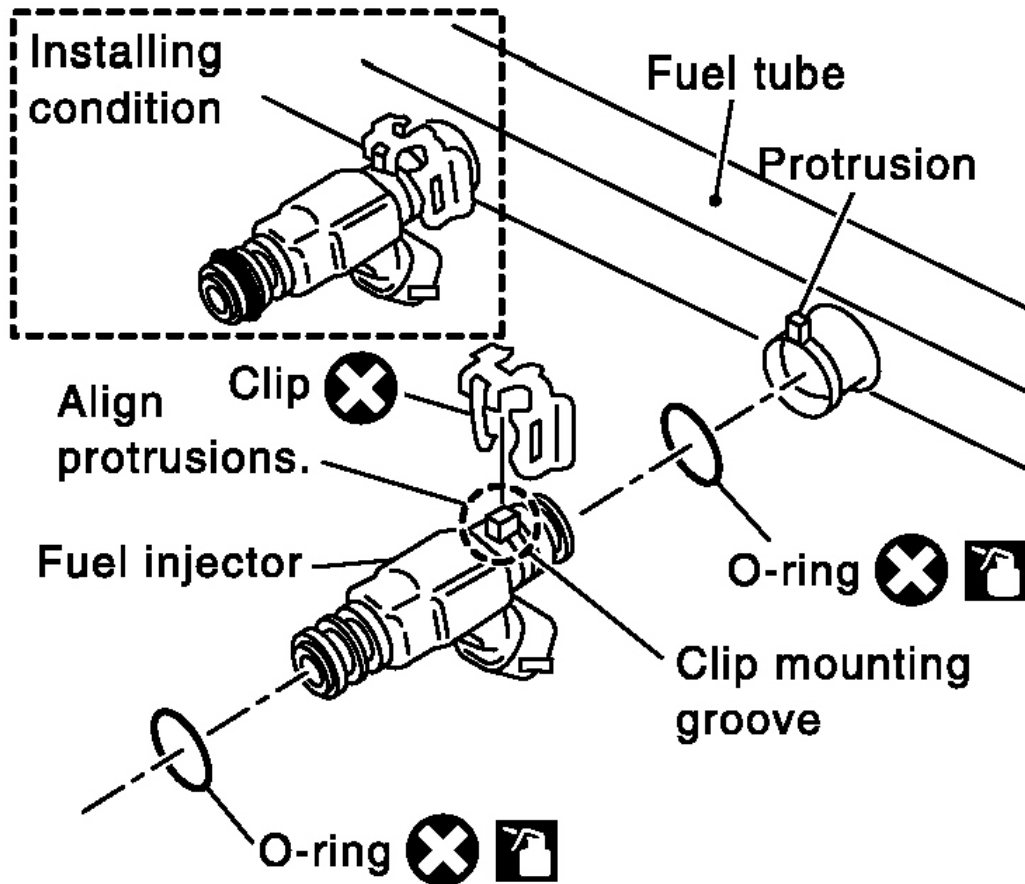
Fig. 43: Identifying Fuel Tube And Fuel Injector By Loosening Mounting Bolts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

8. Remove spacers on intake manifold (lower).
9. Remove fuel injector from fuel tube as follows:
 - a. Open and remove clip.
 - b. Remove fuel injector from fuel tube by pulling straight.

CAUTION:

- Be careful with remaining fuel that may go out from fuel tube.
- Be careful not to damage injector nozzles during removal.
- Do not bump or drop fuel injector.

- Do not disassemble fuel injector.



✖ : Always replace after every disassembly.

🛢 : Lubricate with new engine oil.

PBIC1264E

Fig. 44: Identifying Fuel Injector From Fuel Tube

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

10. Remove fuel feed damper.

INSTALLATION

1. Install fuel feed damper.
 - When handling new O-rings, be careful of the following caution.

CAUTION:

- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Do not wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Do not clean O-ring with solvent.
- Make sure that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, do not insert it quickly into fuel tube.
- Insert new O-ring straight into fuel tube. Do not decenter or twist it.

- Insert fuel feed damper straight into fuel tube (RH).
 - Tighten mounting bolts evenly in turn.
 - After tightening mounting bolts, make sure that there is no gap between flange and fuel tube (RH).
2. Install new O-rings to fuel injector paying attention to the following caution.

CAUTION:

- Upper and lower O-ring are different. Be careful not to confuse them.

Fuel tube side : Black

Nozzle side : Green

- Handle O-ring with bare hands. Never wear gloves.
- Lubricate O-ring with new engine oil.
- Do not clean O-ring with solvent.
- Make sure that O-ring and its mating part are free of foreign material.
- When installing O-ring, be careful not to scratch it with tool or fingernails. Also be careful not to twist or stretch O-ring. If O-ring was stretched while it was being attached, do not insert it quickly into fuel tube.
- Insert O-ring straight into fuel injector. Do not decenter or twist

it.

3. Install fuel injector to fuel tube as follows:

- a. Insert clip into clip mounting groove on fuel injector.
 - Insert clip so that "protrusion A" of fuel injector matches "cutout A" of clip.

CAUTION:

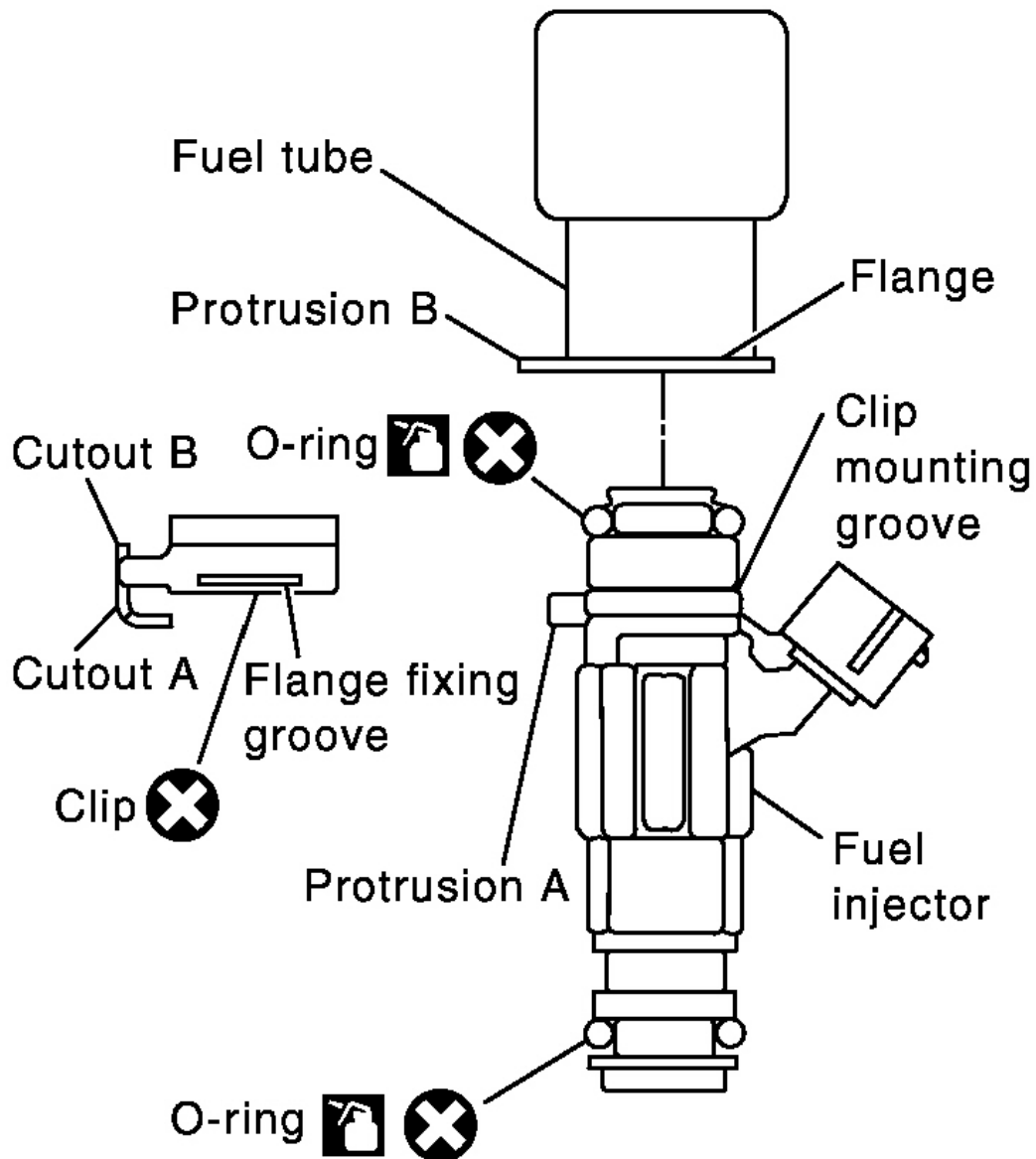
- **Do not reuse clip. Replace it with a new one.**
- **Be careful to keep clip from interfering with O-ring. If interference occurs, replace O-ring.**

- b. Insert fuel injector into fuel tube with clip attached.
 - Insert it while matching it to the axial center.
 - Insert fuel injector so that "protrusion B" of fuel tube matches "cutout B" of clip.
 - Make sure that fuel tube flange is securely fixed in flange fixing groove on clip.
- c. Make sure that installation is complete by checking that fuel injector does not rotate or come off.
 - Make sure that protrusions of fuel injectors are aligned with cutouts of clips after installation.

4. Install spacers on intake manifold (lower).

5. Install fuel tube and fuel injector assembly to intake manifold (lower).

CAUTION: Be careful not to let tip of injector nozzle come in contact with other parts.



: Lubricate with new engine oil.



: Always replace after every disassembly.

PBIC2545E

Fig. 45: Inserting Fuel Injector Into Fuel Tube With Clip Attached
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Tighten mounting bolts in two steps in numerical order as shown in the figure.

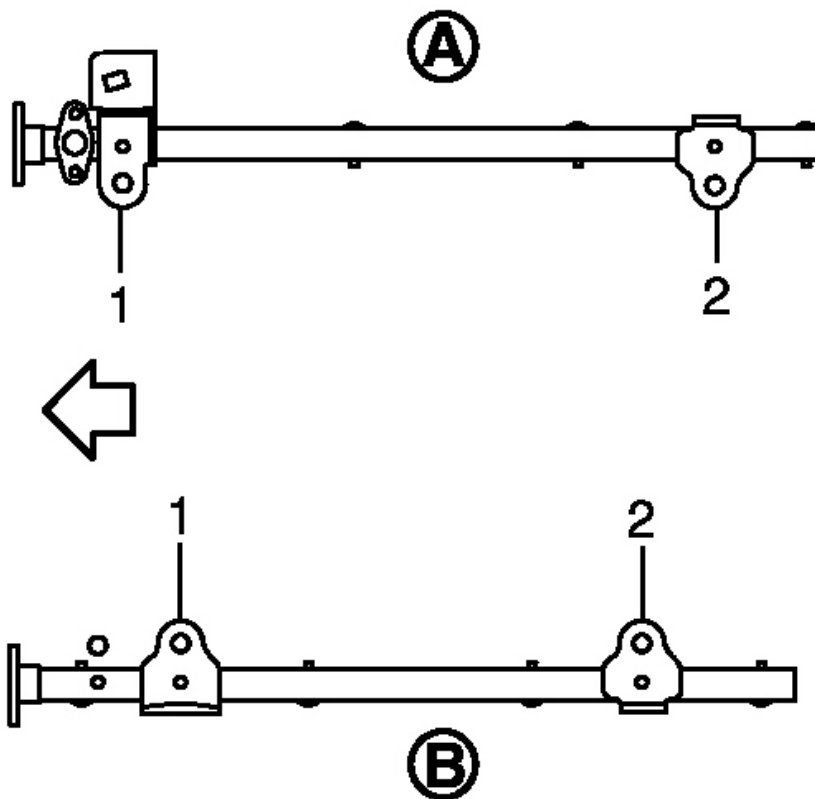
A : Right bank

B : Left bank

<= : Engine front

1st step : 10.1 N.m (1.0 kg-m, 7 ft-lb)

2nd step : 23.5 N.m (2.4 kg-m, 17 ft-lb)



PBIC3303E

Fig. 46: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Connect fuel feed hose on engine side as follows: (Unless otherwise indicated, the installation to the engine side and centralized under-floor piping side is exactly alike.)
 - a. Make sure no foreign substances are deposited in and around fuel tube and quick connector, and no damage on them.
 - b. Thinly apply new engine oil around fuel tube from tip end to spool end.
 - c. Align center to insert quick connector straightly into fuel tube.

Engine side:

- Insert fuel tube into quick connector until top spool is completely inside quick connector, and 2nd level spool exposes right below quick connector.

CAUTION:

- **Hold "A" position as shown in the figure when inserting fuel tube into quick connector.**
- **Carefully align center to avoid inclined insertion to prevent damage to O-ring inside quick connector.**
- **Insert until you hear a "click" sound and actually feel the engagement.**
- **To avoid misidentification of engagement with a similar sound, be sure to perform the next step.**

Centralized under-floor piping side:

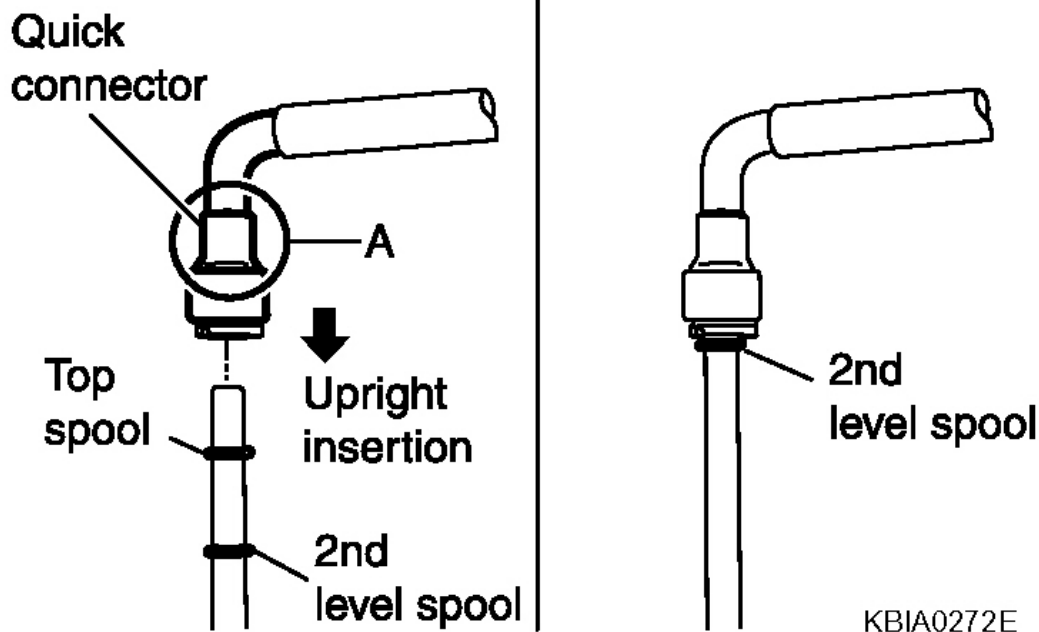


Fig. 47: Inserting Fuel Tube Into Quick Connector
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Visually confirm that the two retainer tabs are connected to the connector.

CAUTION:

- Carefully align center to avoid inclined insertion to prevent damage to O-ring inside quick connector.
- Insert until you hear a "click" sound and actually feel the engagement.
- To avoid misidentification of engagement with a similar sound, be sure to perform the next step.

- d. Pull quick connector by hand holding position. Make sure it is completely engaged (connected) so that it does not come out from fuel tube.
- e. Install quick connector cap on quick connector connection.

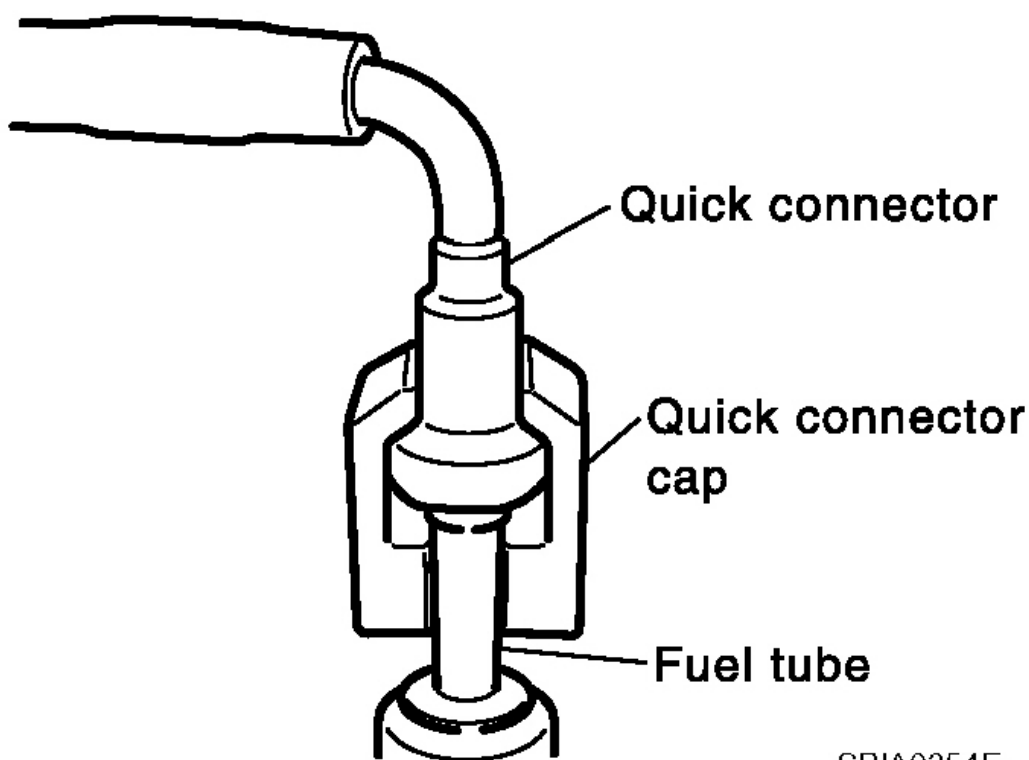
CAUTION: If cap cannot be installed smoothly, quick connector may have not been installed correctly. Check connection again.

- f. Install fuel feed hose to hose clamps.
7. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Check on Fuel Leakage

1. Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.



SBIA0354E

Fig. 48: Identifying Quick Connector Cap On Quick Connector Connection
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

NOTE: Use mirrors for checking at points out of clear sight.

2. Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.

CAUTION: Do not touch engine immediately after stopped, as engine becomes extremely hot.

ROCKER COVER

COMPONENTS

For GI, go to **GENERAL INFORMATION** .

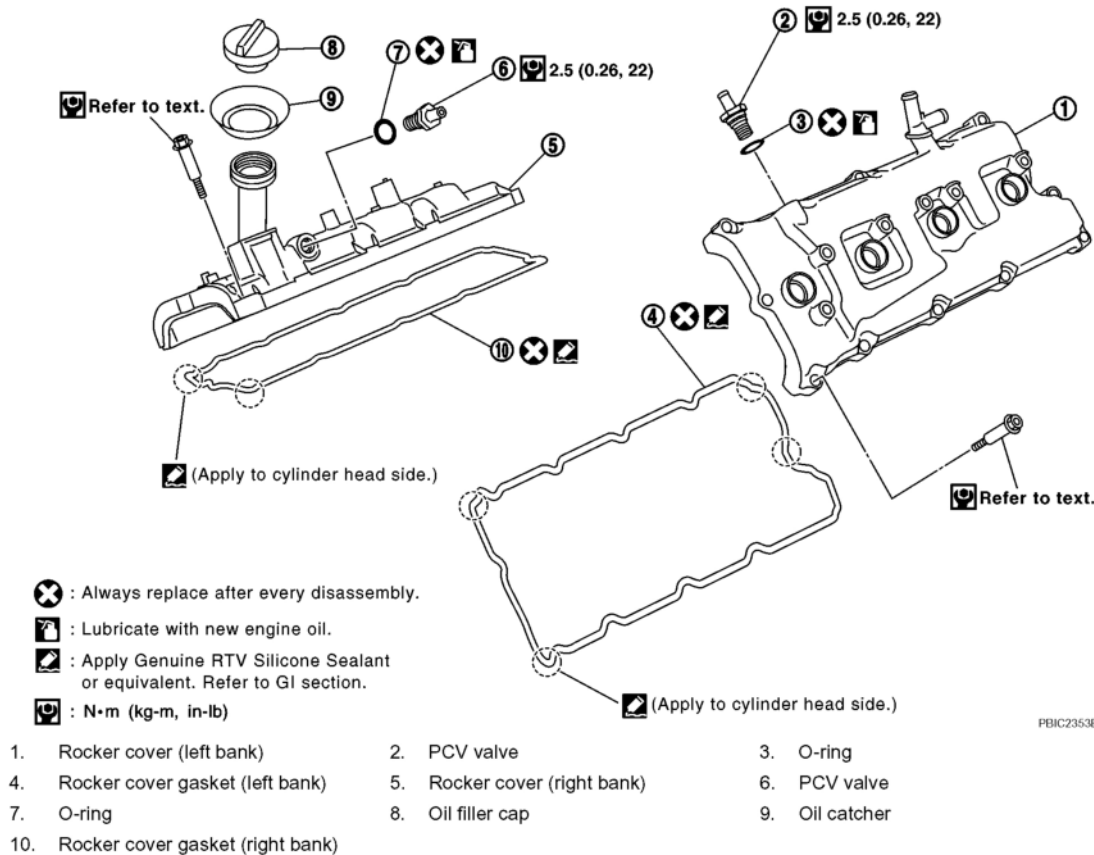


Fig. 49: Identifying Rocker Cover Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**".
2. Release the fuel pressure. Refer to "**FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE**".
3. Refer to the following for incidental works related to left bank.
 - a. Remove air duct (inlet), air cleaner case and mass air flow sensor assembly, air duct and resonator assembly. Refer to "**AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT**".
 - b. Move harness on upper rocker cover and its peripheral aside.

- c. Remove harness brackets from camshaft bracket (No. 6). Refer to "**CAMSHAFT**".
 - d. Remove electric throttle control actuator. Refer to "**INTAKE MANIFOLD**".
 - e. Remove ignition coil. Refer to "**IGNITION COIL**".
 - f. Remove PCV hose from PCV valve.
4. Refer to the following for incidental works related to right bank.
- a. Move harness on upper rocker cover and its peripheral aside.
 - b. Remove ignition coil "**IGNITION COIL**".
 - c. Remove PCV hose from PCV valve.
5. Remove PCV valves and O-rings from rocker covers (right and left bank), if necessary.
6. Remove oil filler cap and oil catcher from rocker cover (right bank), if necessary.
7. Remove grommets from right and left cowl top panel.
- Remove right side grommet as follows:
 - Remove battery. Refer to "**BATTERY**".
 - Remove battery tray.
 - Remove grommet.

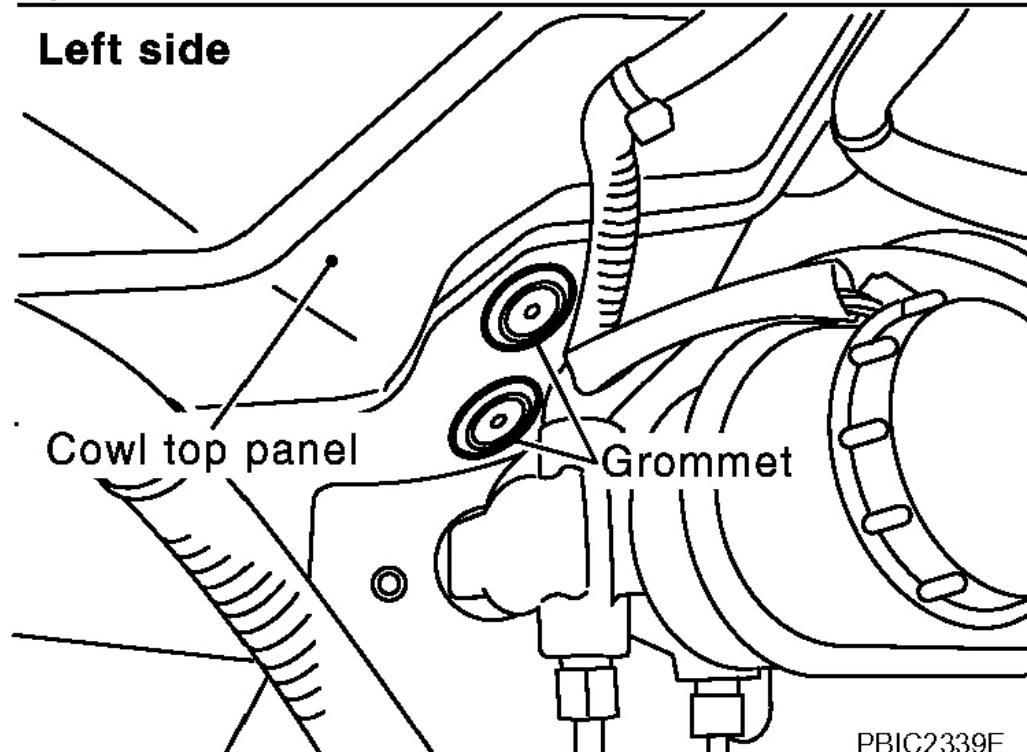
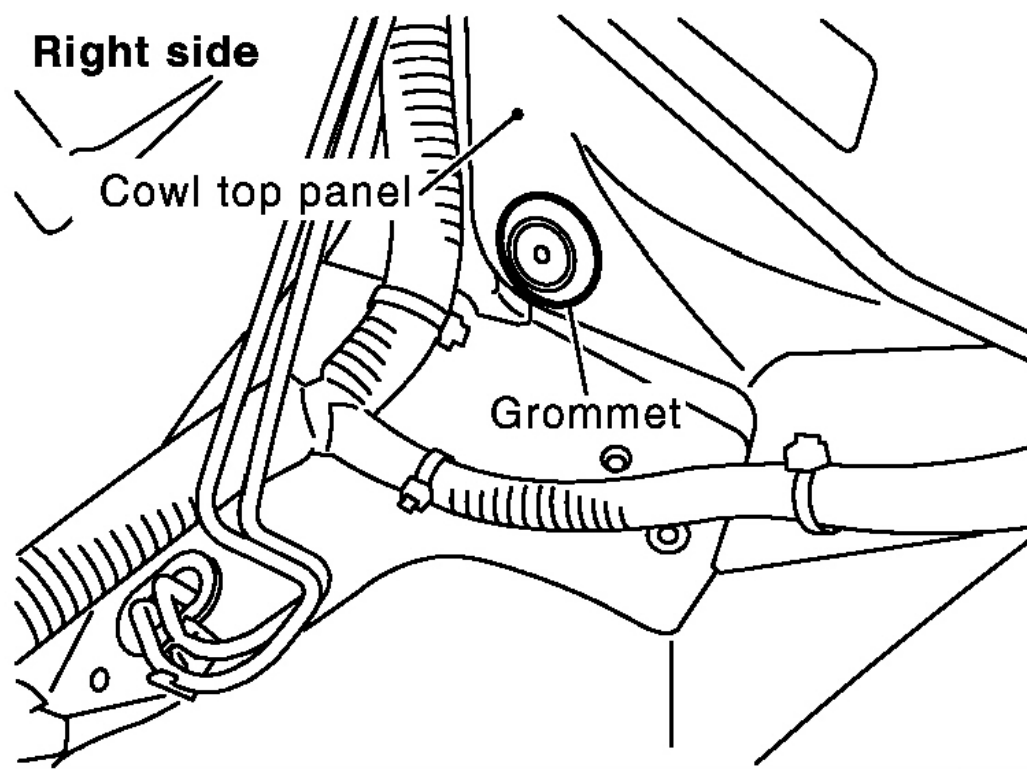


Fig. 50: Identifying Grommets From Right And Left Cowl Top Panel
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

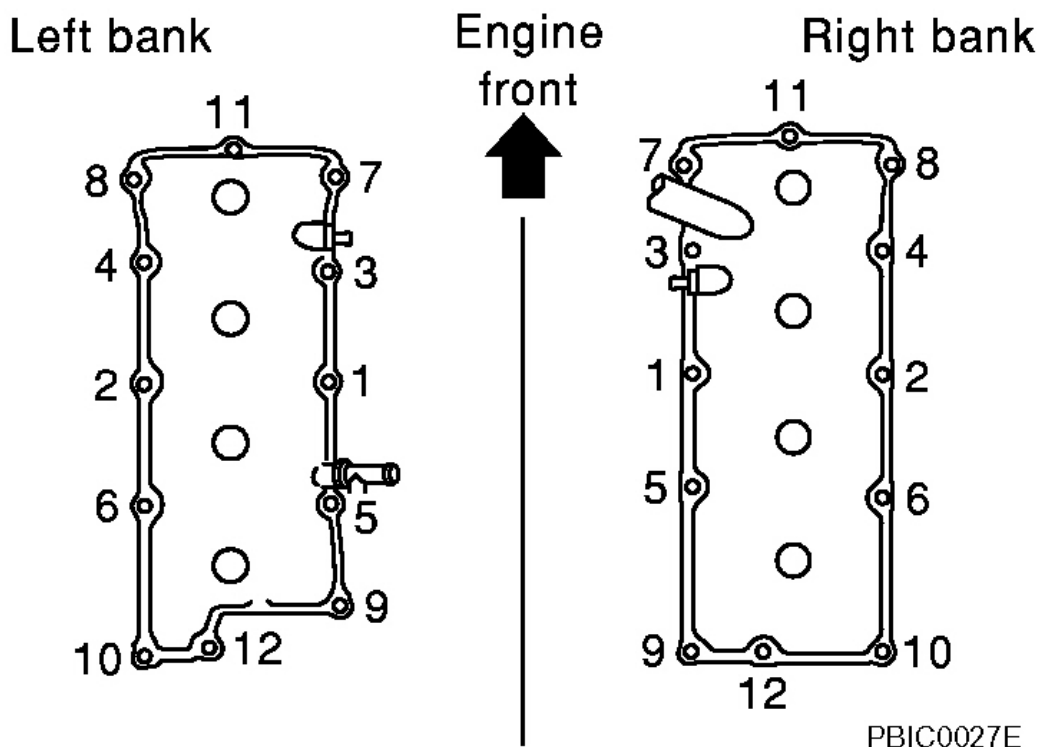
8. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.

CAUTION: Do not hold oil filler neck (right bank) not to damage it.

NOTE: Loosen No. 10 bolt of the right bank and No. 10 and 12 bolts of the left bank from cowl top panel hole with using tool.

9. Remove rocker cover gaskets from rocker covers.
 10. Use scraper to remove all traces of liquid gasket from cylinder head and camshaft bracket (No. 1 and 6).

CAUTION: Do not scratch or damage the mating surface when cleaning off oil liquid gasket.



PBIC0027E

Fig. 51: Identifying Rocker Cover Gaskets From Rocker Covers
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

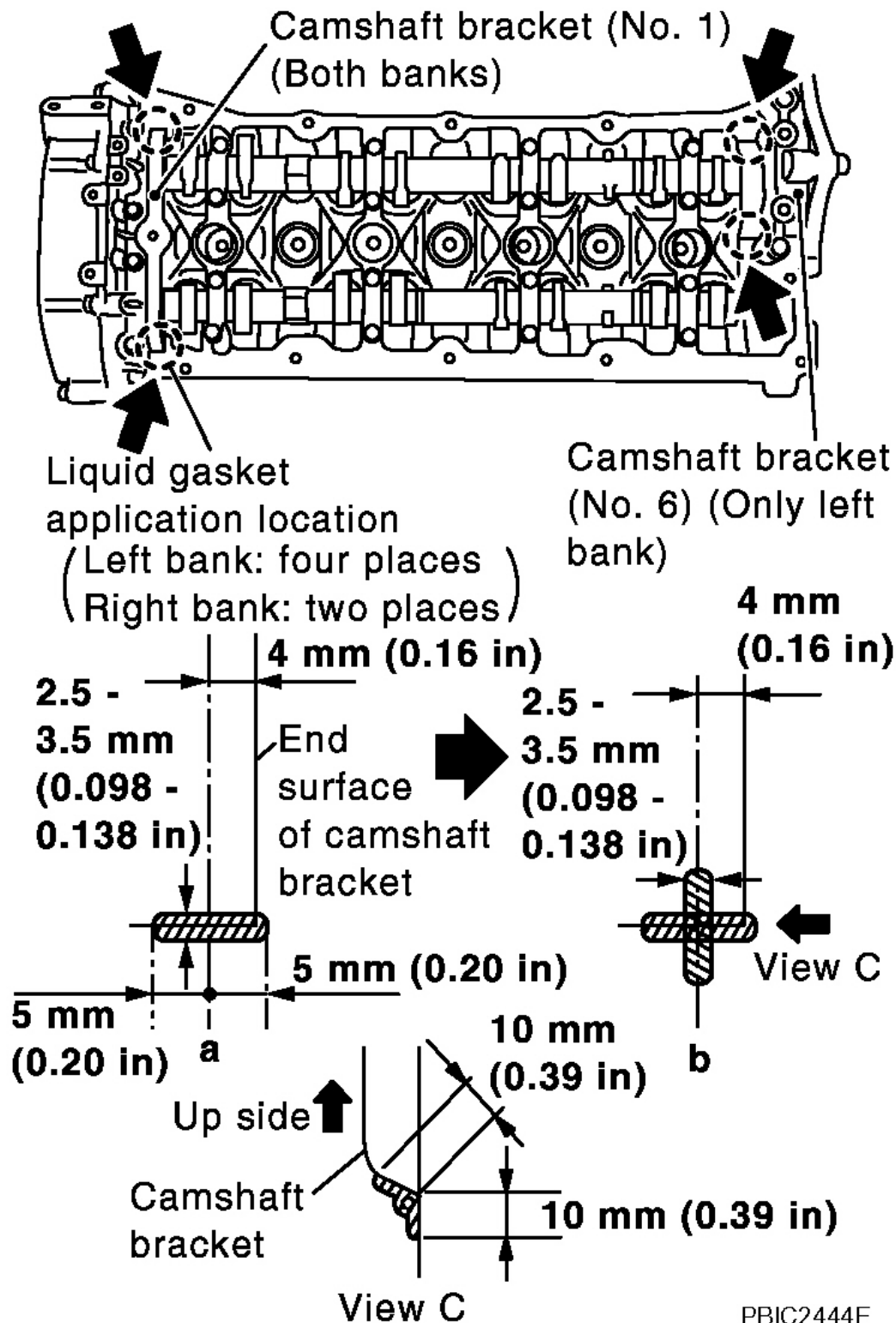
INSTALLATION

1. Apply liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)] to joint among rocker cover, cylinder head and camshaft bracket (No. 1 and 6) as follows:

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS"

NOTE: **The figure shows an example of left bank side [zoomed in shows camshaft bracket (No. 1)]. Apply only to camshaft bracket (No. 1) for right bank side.**

- a. Refer to the figure "a" to apply liquid gasket to joint part of camshaft bracket (both No. 1 and 6) and cylinder head.
- b. Refer to the figure "b" to apply liquid gasket to the figure "a" squarely.



PBIC2444E

Fig. 52: Applying Liquid Gasket With Tube Presser
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Install new rocker cover gaskets to rocker covers.
3. Install rocker cover.
 - Check if rocker cover gasket is not dropped from installation groove of rocker cover.
4. Tighten mounting bolts in two steps separately in numerical order as shown in the figure.

CAUTION: Do not hold oil filler neck (right bank) not to damage it.

NOTE: Tighten No. 10 bolt of the right bank and No. 10 and 12 bolts of the left bank from cowl top panel hole with using tool.

1st step : 2.0 N.m (0.2 kg-m, 18 in-lb)

2nd step : 8.3 N.m (0.85 kg-m, 73 in-lb)

5. Install oil filler cap and oil catcher to rocker cover (right bank), if removed.
6. Install new O-rings and PCV valves to rocker covers (right and left bank), if removed.
7. Install in the reverse order of removal.

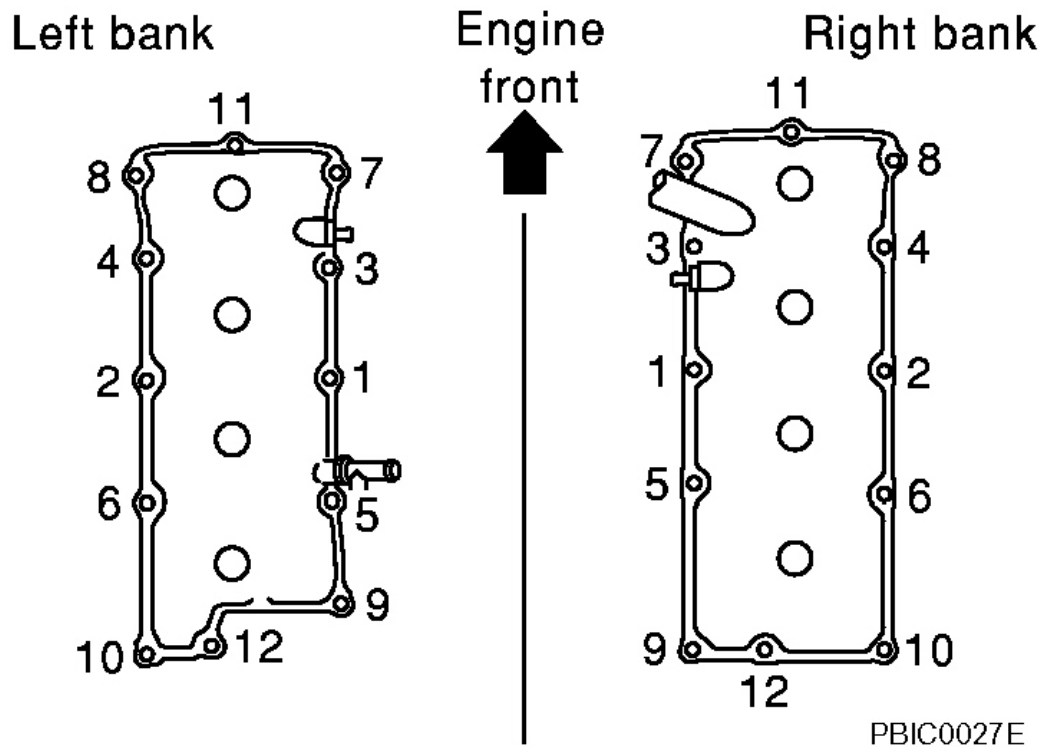


Fig. 53: Identifying Rocker Cover Gaskets To Rocker Covers
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

TIMING CHAIN

COMPONENTS

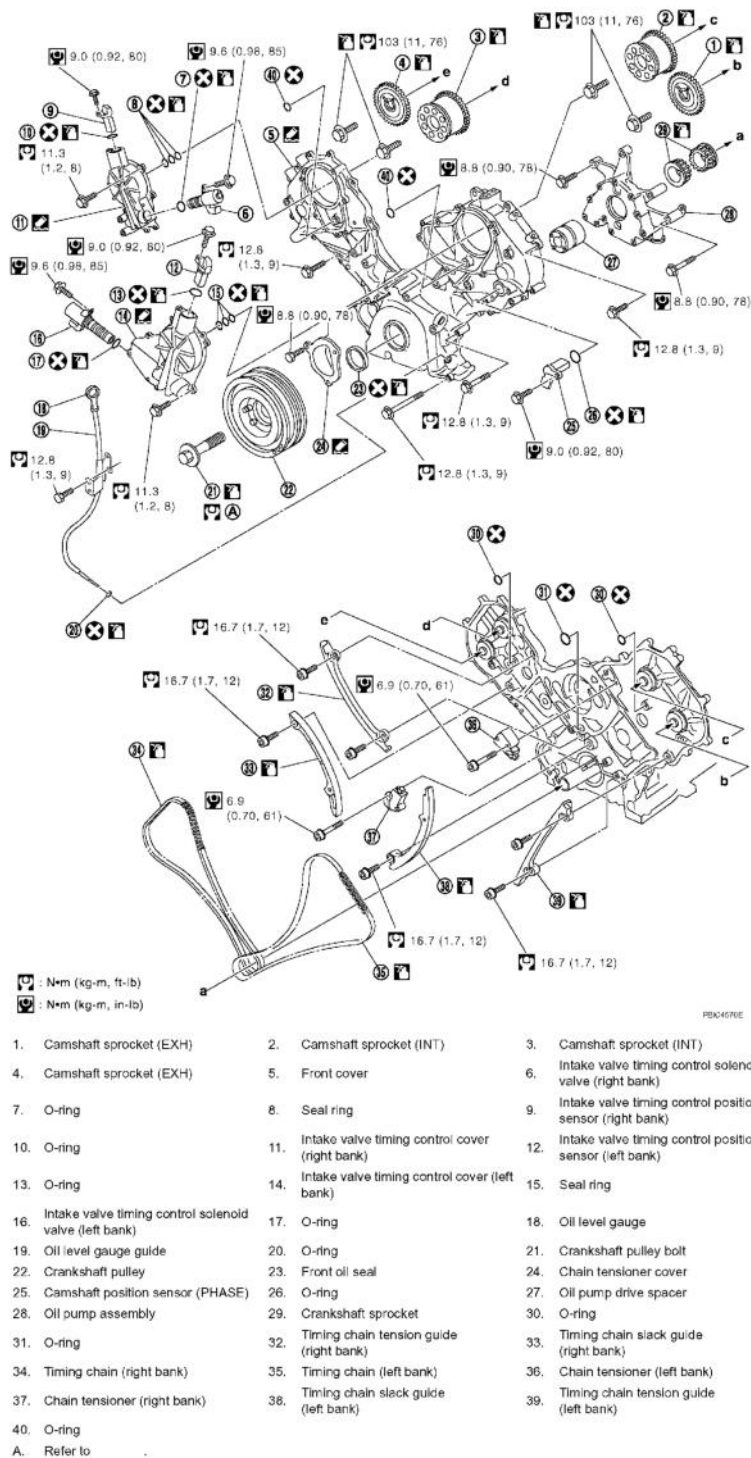


Fig. 54: Exploded View Of Timing Chain Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "COMPONENTS" for symbol marks in the figure.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine assembly from vehicle. Refer to "ENGINE ASSEMBLY".
2. Remove the following components and related parts:
 - Drive belt auto tensioner and idler pulley; Refer to "DRIVE BELT AUTO TENSIONER AND IDLER PULLEY".
 - Thermostat housing and hoses; Refer to "THERMOSTAT AND WATER CONTROL VALVE".
 - Ignition coil; Refer to "IGNITION COIL".
 - Rocker cover; Refer to "ROCKER COVER".
3. If necessary, remove intake valve timing control position sensor (right and left bank) and camshaft position sensor (PHASE) from intake valve timing control cover and front cover.

CAUTION:

- Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.
- Do not disassemble.

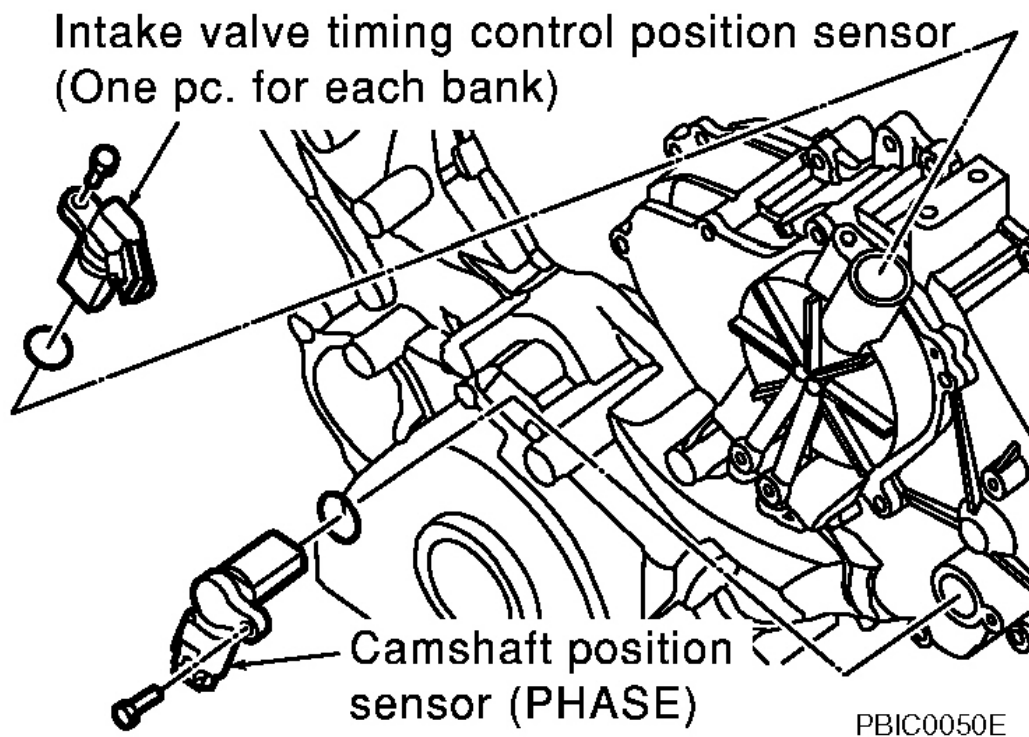


Fig. 55: Identifying Intake Valve Timing Control Position Sensor

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. If necessary, remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve from intake valve timing control cover.

CAUTION:

- **Handle components and parts carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.**
- **Do not disassemble.**
- **Do not allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.**
- **Do not place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.**

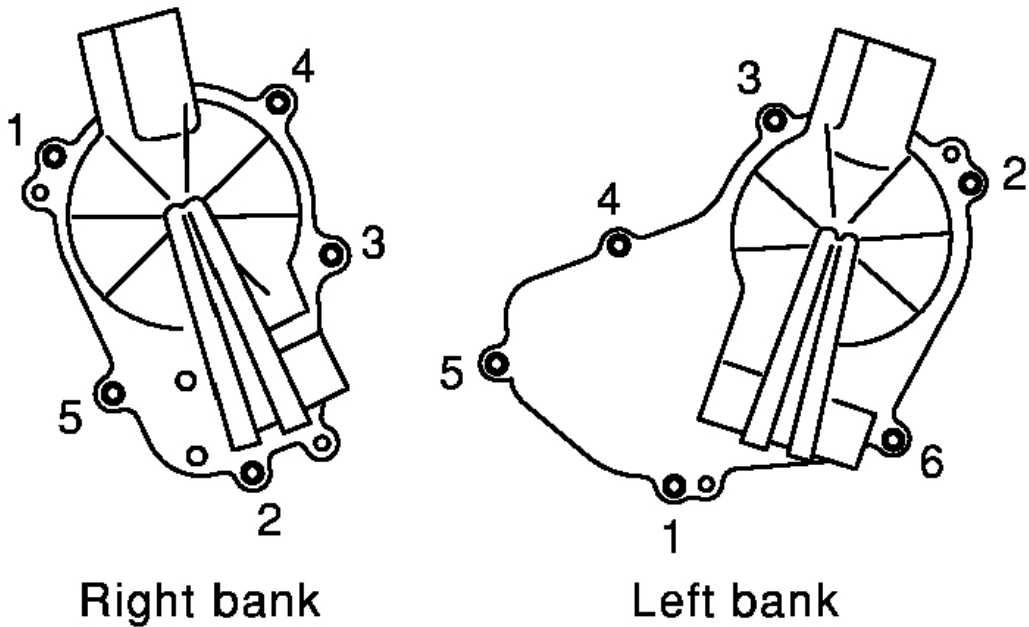
5. Remove intake valve timing control cover as follows:

- a. Loosen and remove mounting bolts in the reverse order as shown in the figure.
- b. Use seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to cut liquid gasket for removal.

CAUTION:

- **Exercise care not to damage mating surfaces.**
- **Pull out cover keeping levelness without an angle, as inner part of cover is engaged with the center of camshaft sprocket (INT).**

6. Remove O-rings from front cover.



PBIC0051E

Fig. 56: Identifying Loosening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

7. Obtain No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke as follows:

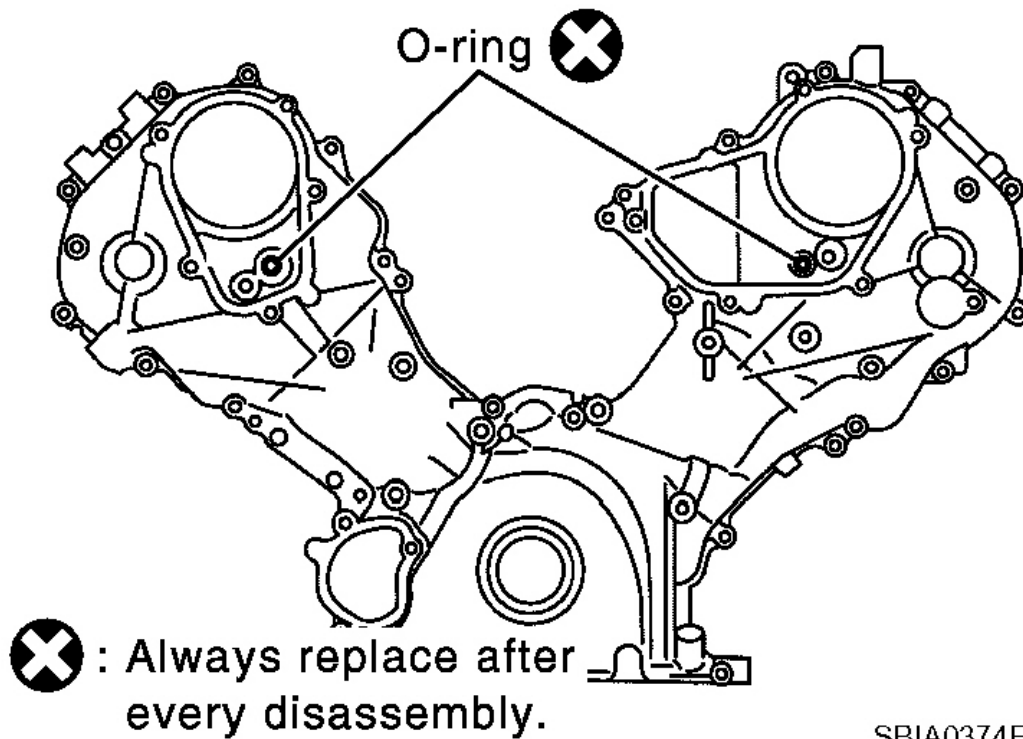


Fig. 57: Identifying O-Rings From Front Cover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- a. Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise to align the TDC identification notch (without paint mark) with timing indicator on front cover.

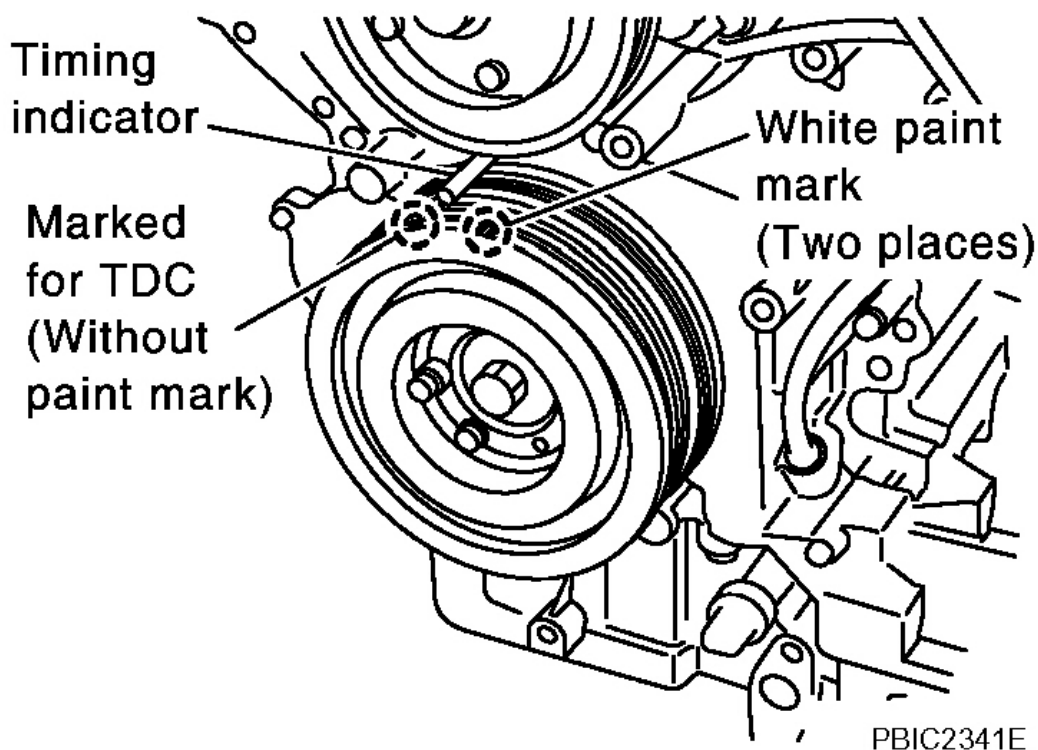


Fig. 58: Rotating Crankshaft Pulley To Align TDC Identification Notch With Timing Indicator On Front Cover

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Make sure that both intake and exhaust cam noses of No. 1 cylinder (engine front side of left bank) are located as shown in the figure.
 - If not, turn crankshaft one revolution (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.
8. Remove crankshaft pulley as follows:

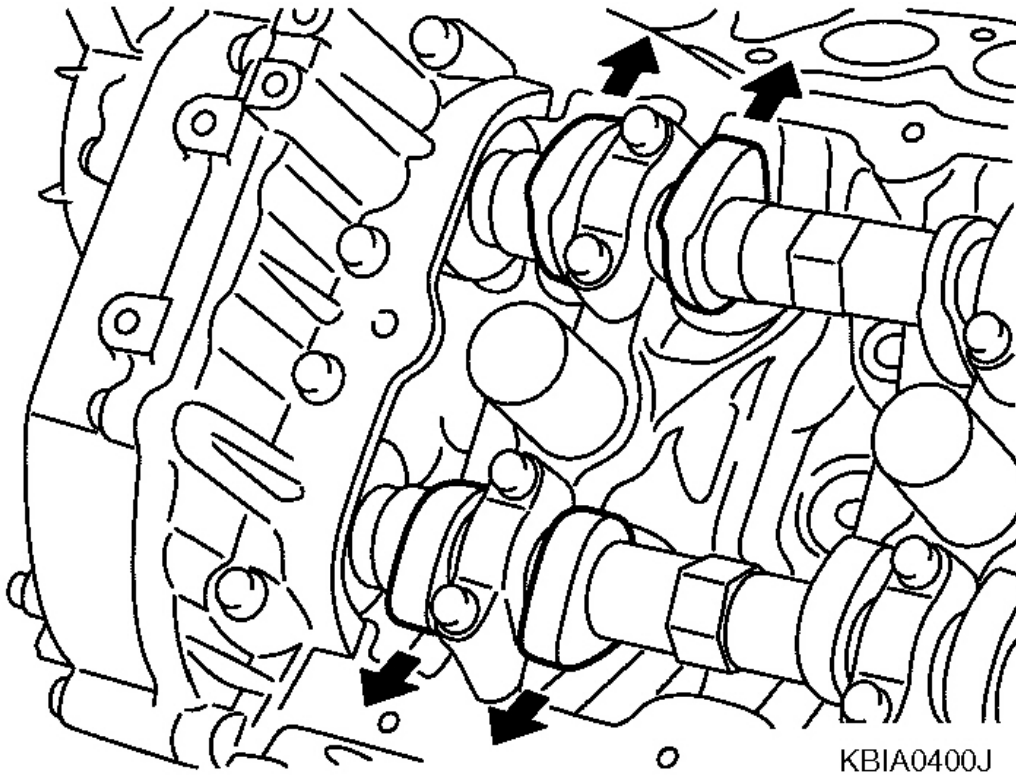
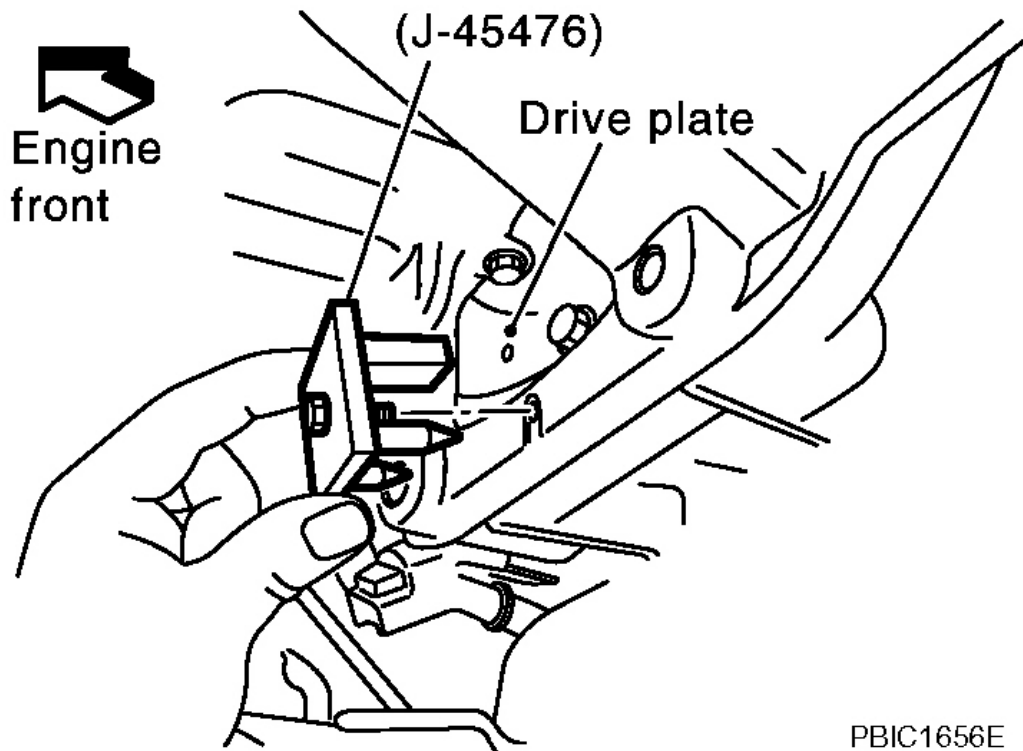


Fig. 59: Locating Intake And Exhaust Cam Noses
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Remove rear plate cover, and set ring gear stopper (SST).
- Loosen crankshaft pulley bolt, and then pull crankshaft pulley with both hands to remove it.

CAUTION:

- Do not remove crankshaft pulley bolt. Keep loosened crankshaft pulley bolt in place to protect removed crankshaft pulley from dropping.
- Do not remove balance weight (inner hexagon bolt) at the front of crankshaft pulley.



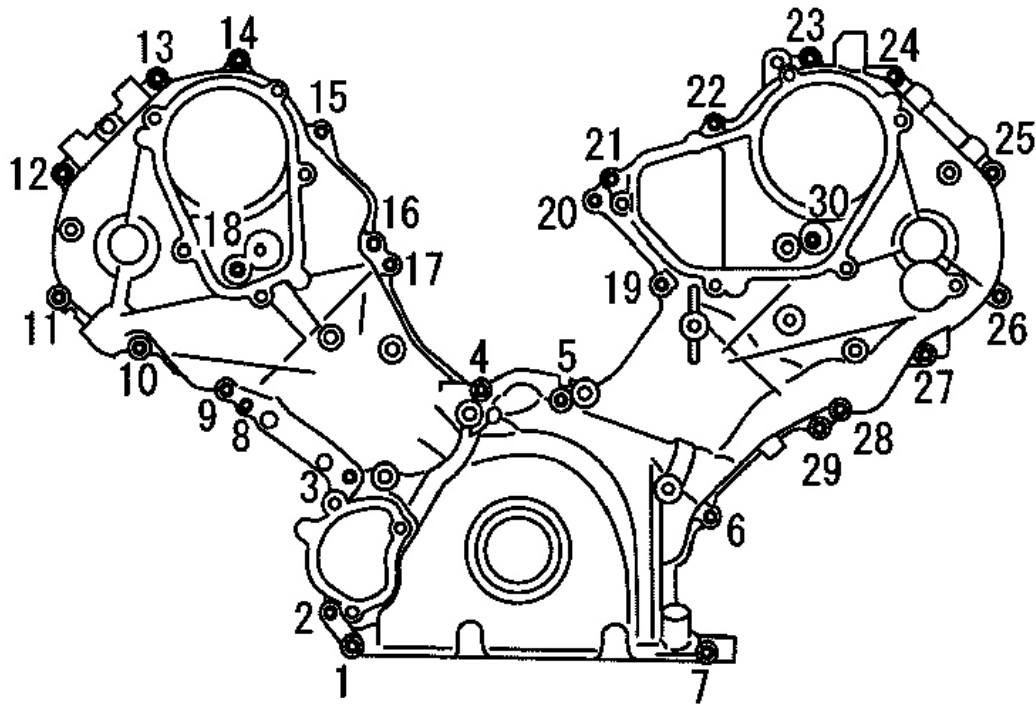
PBIC1656E

Fig. 60: Pulling Crankshaft Pulley By Loosening Crankshaft Pulley Bolt
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

9. Remove oil pan and oil strainer. Refer to "OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER".
10. Remove front cover as follows:
 - a. Loosen mounting bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure.
 - b. Use seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to cut liquid gasket for removal.

CAUTION:

- Exercise care not to damage mating surfaces.
- After removal, handle front cover carefully so it does not tilt, cant, or warp under a load.



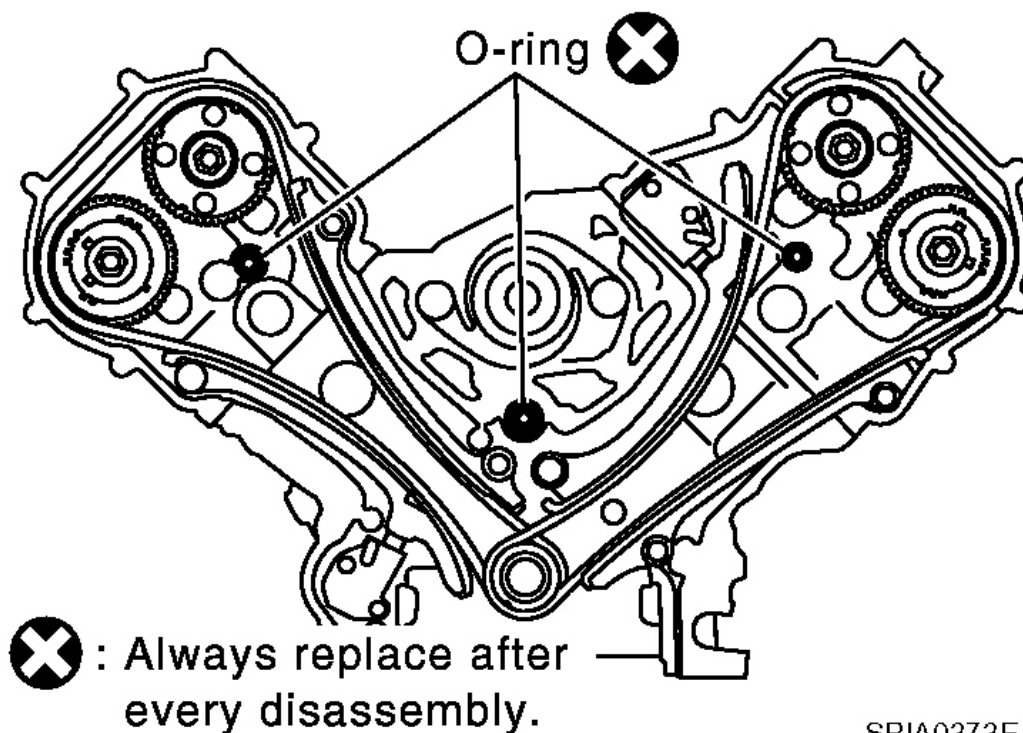
KBIA0354J

Fig. 61: Identifying Loosening Mounting Bolts To Remove Front Cover In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

11. Remove front oil seal from front cover using suitable tool.
 - Use screwdriver for removal.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage front cover.

12. Remove O-rings from cylinder heads (right and left bank) and cylinder block.



SBIA0373E

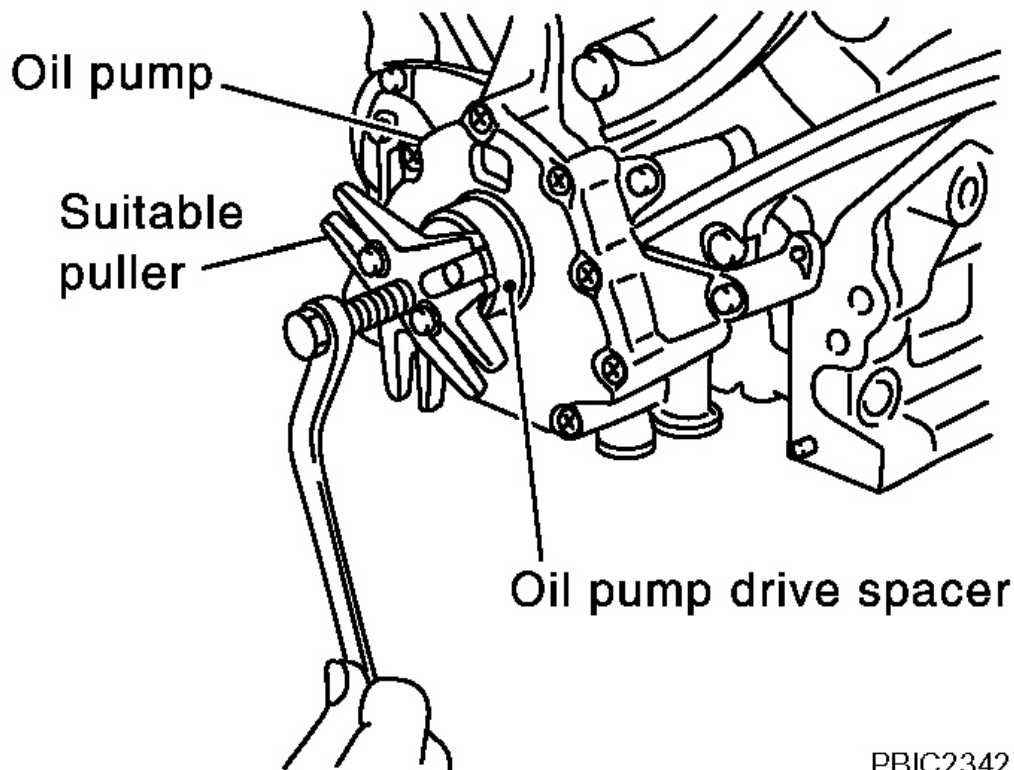
Fig. 62: Identifying O-Rings From Cylinder Heads And Cylinder Block
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

13. Remove chain tensioner cover from front cover.
 - Use seal cutter [SST: KV10111100 (J37228)] to cut liquid gasket for remove.
14. Remove oil pump drive spacer.
 - Set bolts in the two bolt holes [M6 x pitch 1.0 mm (0.04 in)] on front surface. Using suitable puller, pull oil pump drive spacer off from crankshaft.

NOTE: **The dimension between the centers of the two bolt holes is 33 mm (1.30 in).**

In the figure, a commercial steering puller is used.

15. Remove oil pump. Refer to "**OIL PUMP**".
16. Remove chain tensioner (left bank) as follows:



PBIC2342E

Fig. 63: Identifying Oil Pump Drive Spacer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

NOTE: To remove timing chain and related parts, start with those on left bank. The procedure for removing parts on right bank is omitted because it is the same as that for left bank.

- a. Press tab in the direction of arrow (or turn lever in the direction of arrow) to unlock the locking with the groove that stops tensioner plunger from returning.
 - Lightly press tensioner plunger to release the tension of spring for this operation.
 - b. Push in tensioner plunger to align the hole on lever and that on pump main body.
 - Pushing in tensioner too far does not allow the holes to align. Therefore, push in plunger to the degree at which the start of stopper groove and tab engages.
 - c. Insert stopper pin [hard wire with approx. 0.5 mm (0.020 in) diameter or similar tool] to fix plunger. With plunger fixed, remove chain tensioner.
17. Remove chain tension guide and timing chain slack guide.
 18. Remove timing chain and crankshaft sprocket.

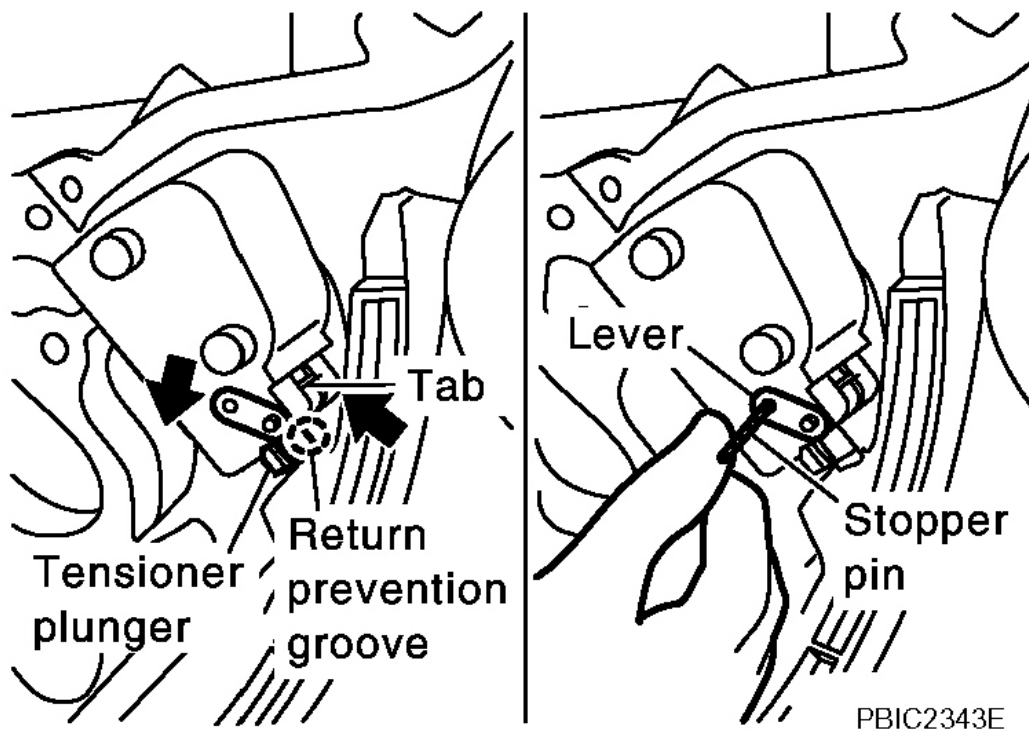


Fig. 64: Pressing Tensioner Plunger To Release Tension Of Spring
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: After removing timing chain, do not turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike the piston head.

19. With hexagonal part of camshaft locked with wrench, loosen mounting bolts securing camshaft sprocket to remove camshaft sprocket.

CAUTION: Do not loosen mounting bolts with securing anything other than the camshaft hexagonal portion or with tensioning the timing chain.

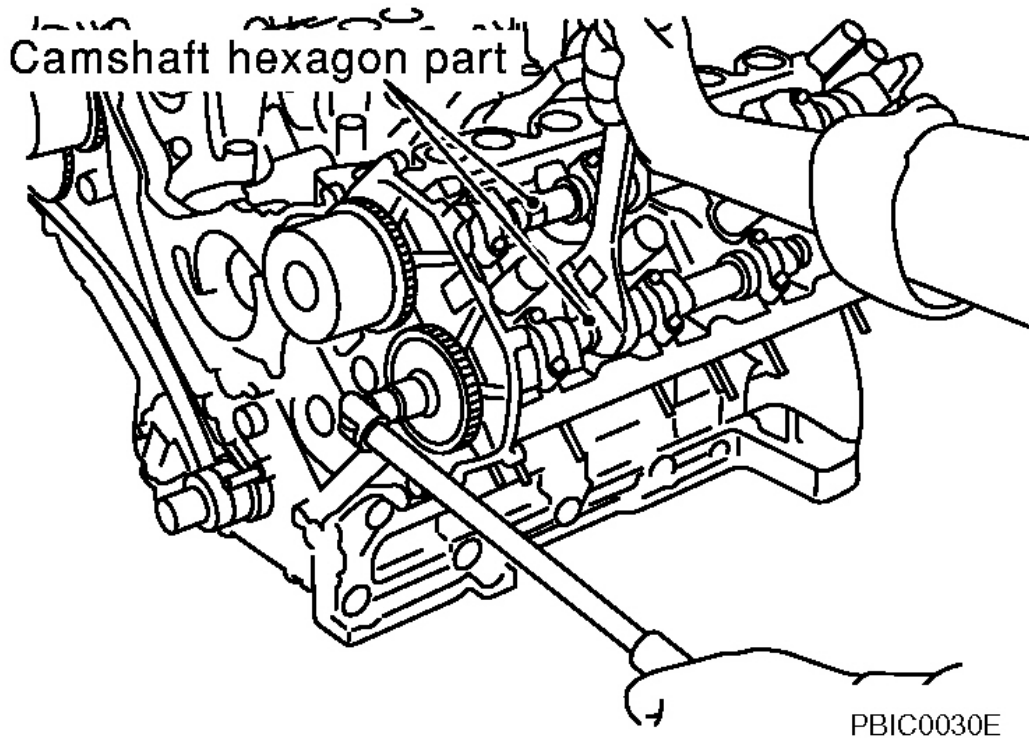
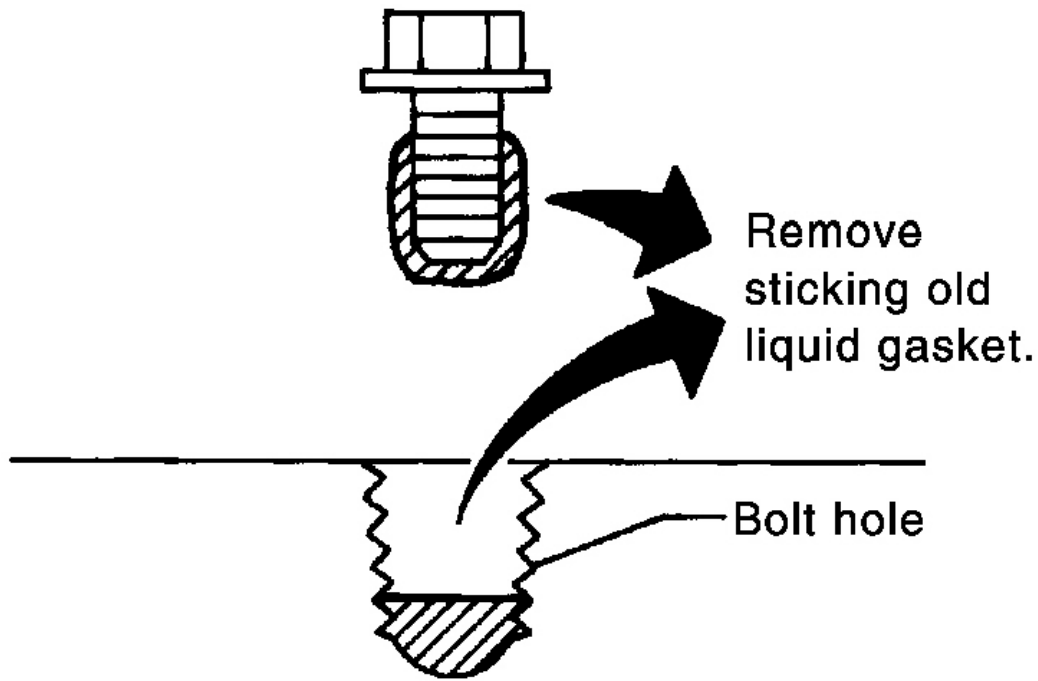


Fig. 65: Identifying Camshaft Sprocket By Loosening Mounting Bolts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

20. Perform same procedure as for left bank, remove timing chain and related parts on right side.
21. Use scraper to remove all traces of old liquid gasket from front cover and opposite mating surfaces.
 - Remove oil liquid gasket from bolt hole and thread.
22. Use scraper to remove all trace of liquid gasket from chain tensioner cover and intake valve timing control covers.



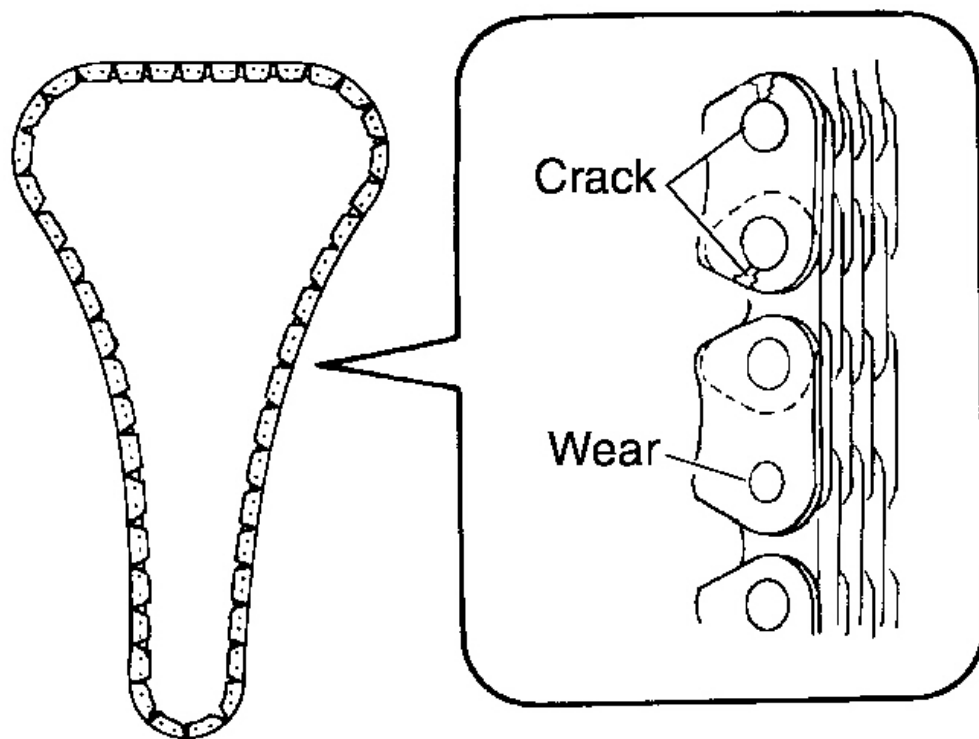
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Fig. 66: Identifying Oil Liquid Gasket From Bolt Hole And Thread
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Timing Chain

Check for cracks and any excessive wear at link plates and roller links of timing chain. Replace timing chain as necessary.

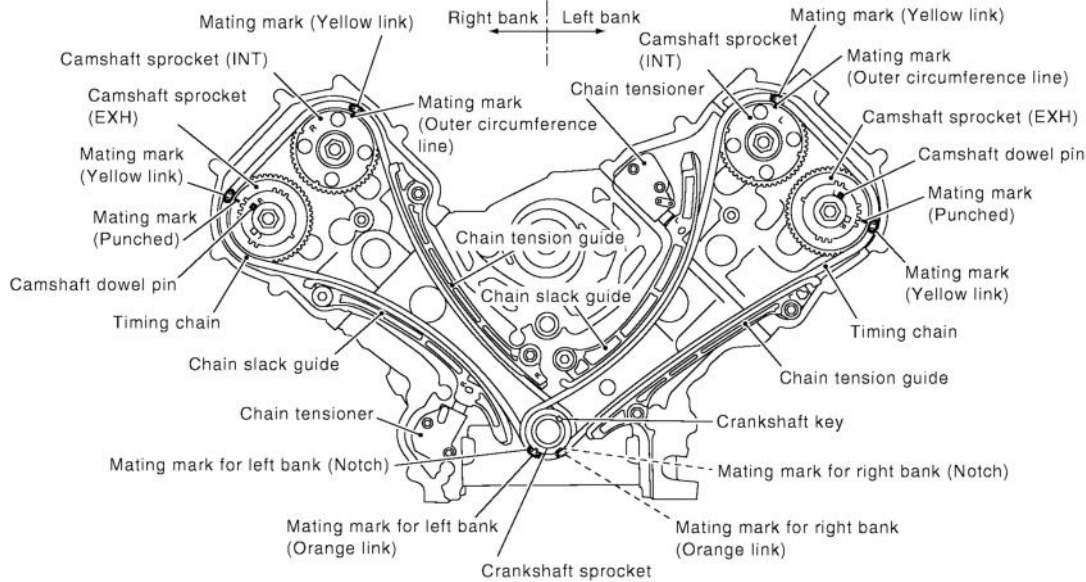


PBIC0282E

Fig. 67: Identifying Timing Chain

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION



PBIC2344E

Fig. 68: Identifying Mating Mark On Timing Chain

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

NOTE:

- The above figure shows the relationship between the mating mark on each timing chain and that on the corresponding sprocket, with the components installed.
- Parts with an identification mark (R or L) should be installed on the corresponding bank according to the mark.

Parts with an identification mark:

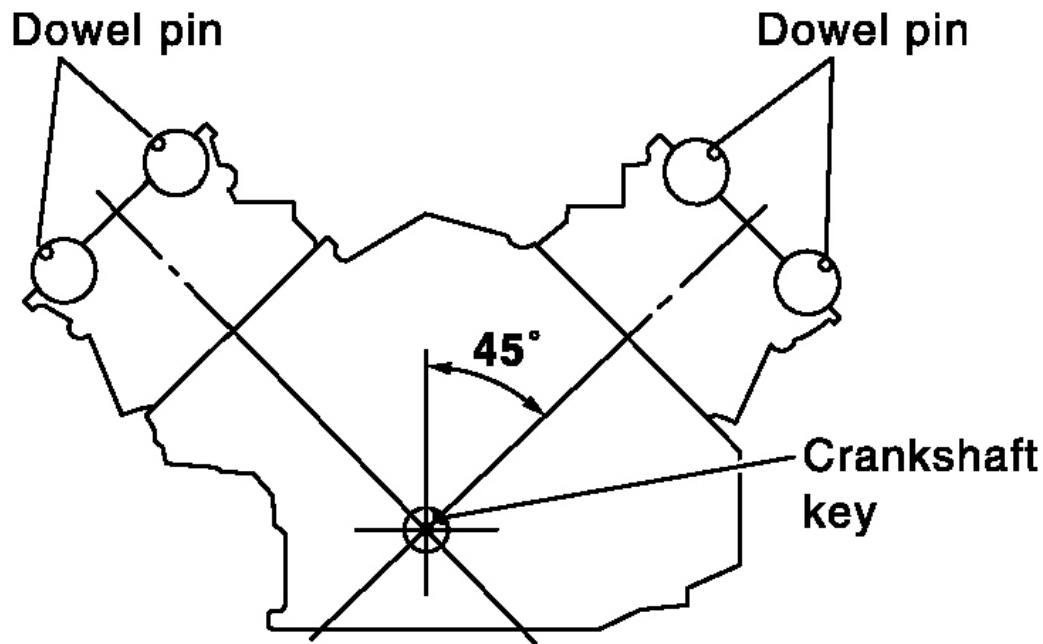
- Camshaft sprocket (INT)
 - Dowel pin groove of camshaft sprocket (EXH) (camshaft sprocket is same part both banks)
 - Chain tension guide
 - Chain slack guide
- To install timing chain and related parts, start with those on right bank. The procedure for installing parts on left bank is omitted because it is the same as that for installation on right bank.
1. Make sure that crankshaft key and dowel pin of each camshaft are located as shown in the figure. (No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC)

NOTE:

Though camshaft does not stop at the position as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.

Camshaft dowel pin : At cylinder head upper face side in each bank

Crankshaft key : At cylinder head side of left bank

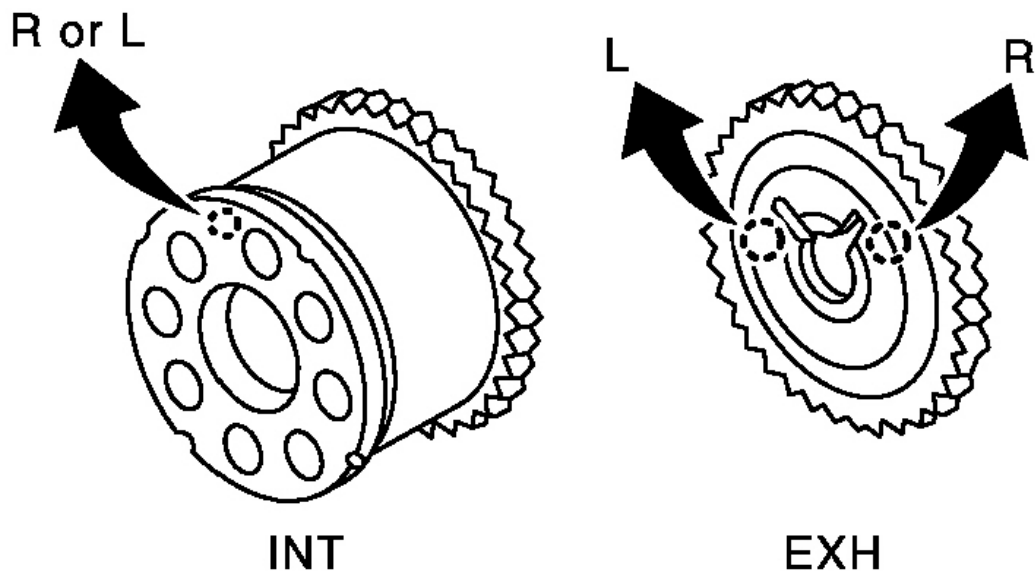


SBIA0356E

Fig. 69: Locating Crankshaft Key And Dowel Pin Of Camshaft
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Install camshaft sprockets.

- Install onto correct side by checking with identification mark on surface.
- Install camshaft sprocket (EXH) by selectively using the groove of dowel pin according to the bank. (Common part used for both banks.)
- Lock the hexagonal part of camshaft in the same procedure as for removal, and tighten mounting bolts.

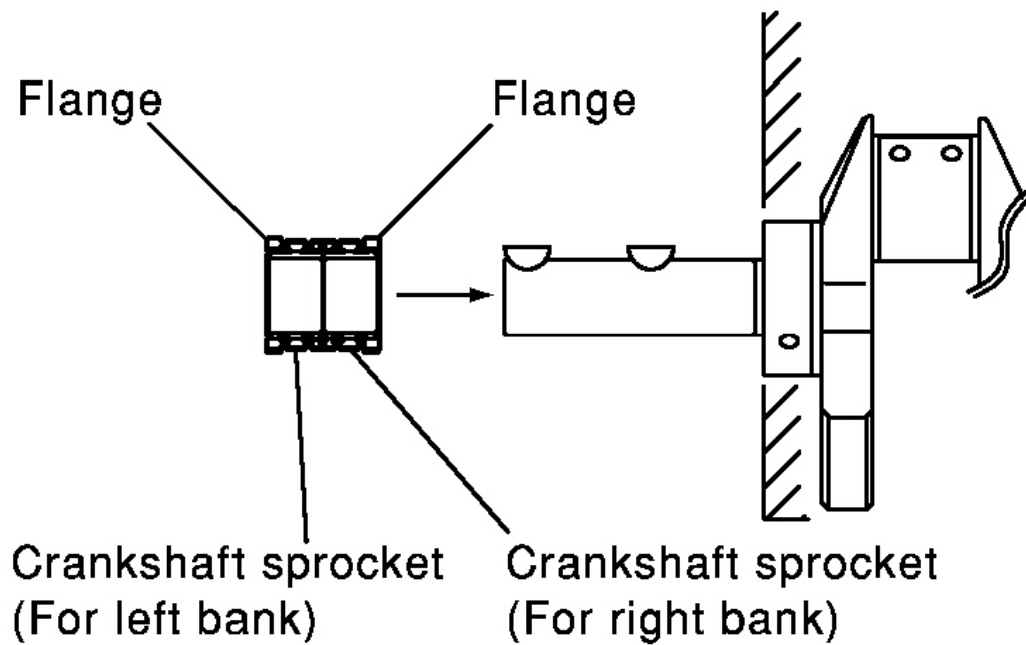


PBIC2345E

Fig. 70: Identifying Camshaft Sprocket
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Install crankshaft sprockets for both banks.
 - Install each crankshaft sprocket so that its flange side (the larger diameter side without teeth) faces in the direction shown in the figure.

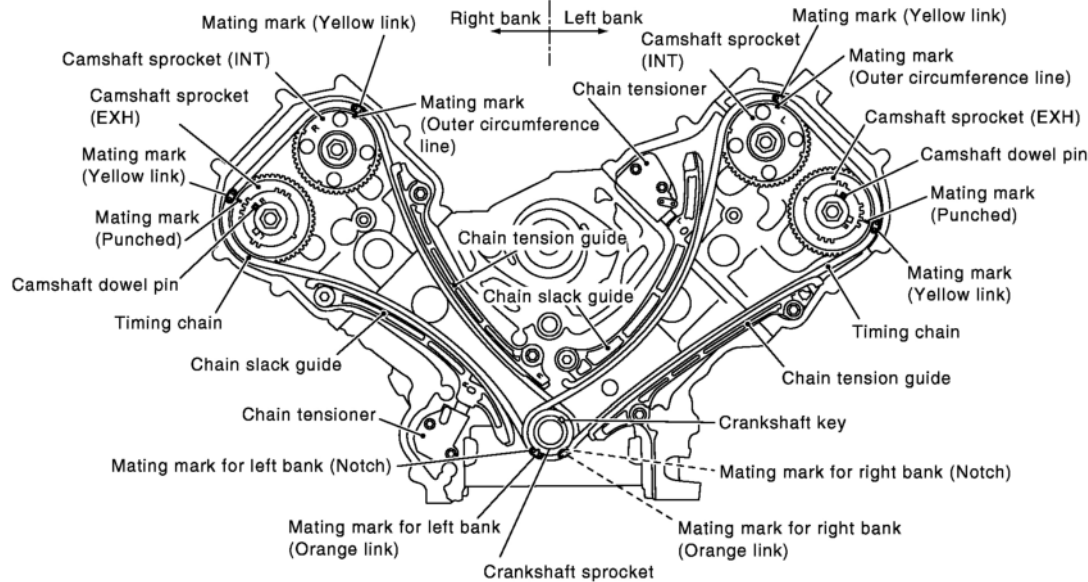
NOTE: **The same parts are used but facing directions are different.**



PBIC0057E

Fig. 71: Identifying Crankshaft Sprocket
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Install timing chains and related parts.



PBIC2344E

Fig. 72: Identifying Timing Chains And Parts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Align the mating mark on each sprocket and timing chain for installation.

NOTE: Before installing chain tensioner, it is possible to change the position of mating mark on timing chain for that on each sprocket for alignment.

CAUTION: For the above reason, after the mating marks are aligned, keep them aligned by holding them with a hand.

- Install slack guides and tension guides onto correct side by checking with identification mark on surface.
- Install chain tensioner with plunger fixed as described in its removal.

CAUTION:

- Before and after the installation of chain tensioner, make sure that the mating mark on timing chain is not out of alignment.
- After installing chain tensioner, remove stopper pin to release tensioner. Make sure tensioner is released.
- To avoid chain-link skipping of timing chain, do not move crankshaft or camshafts until front cover is installed.

5. Perform the same procedure as for right bank, install timing chain and related parts on left side.

6. Install oil pump. Refer to "**OIL PUMP**".
7. Install oil pump drive spacer as follows:
 - a. Insert oil pump drive spacer according to the directions of crankshaft key and the two flat surfaces of oil pump inner rotor.
 - If the positional relationship does not allow the insertion, rotate oil pump inner rotor with a finger to allow spacer.
 - b. After confirming that the position of each part is in correct condition to allow for spacer, force fit spacer by lightly tapping with plastic hammer until it contacts and does not go further.

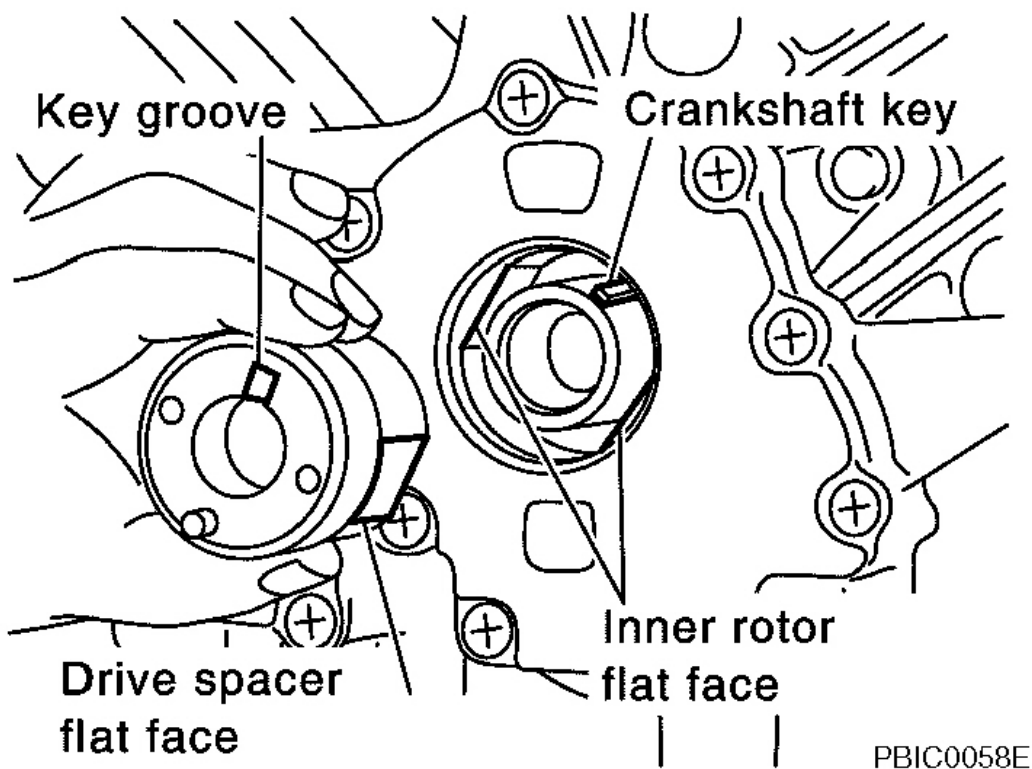
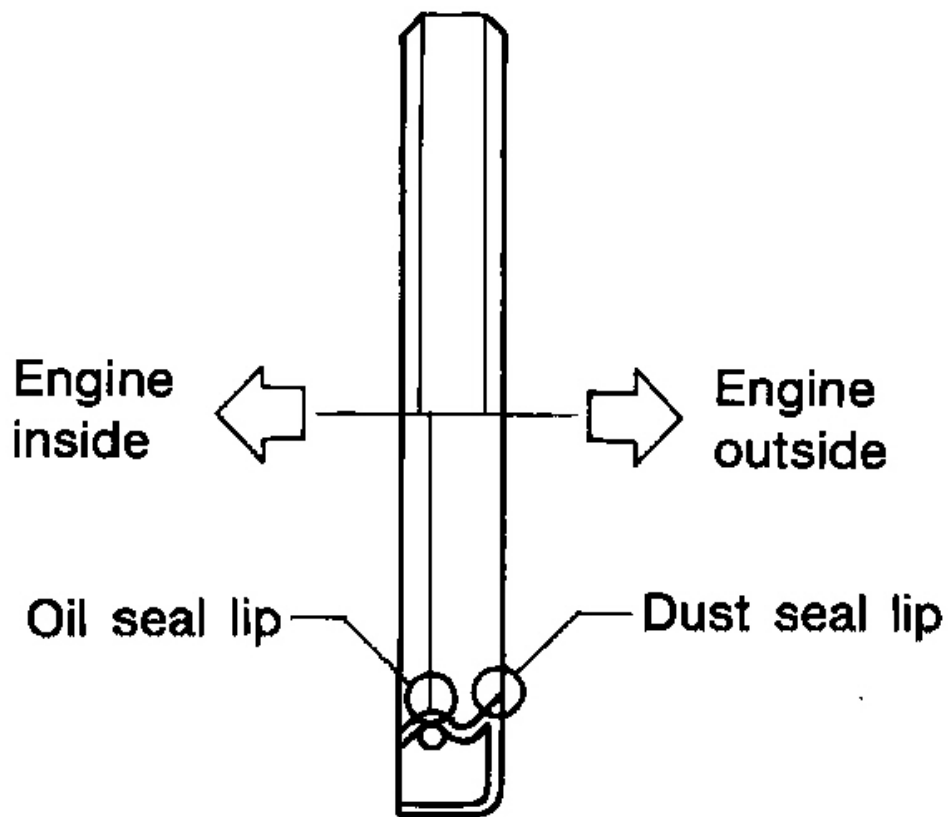


Fig. 73: Inserting Oil Pump Drive Spacer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

8. Install front oil seal on front cover.
 - Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip.
 - Install it so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.

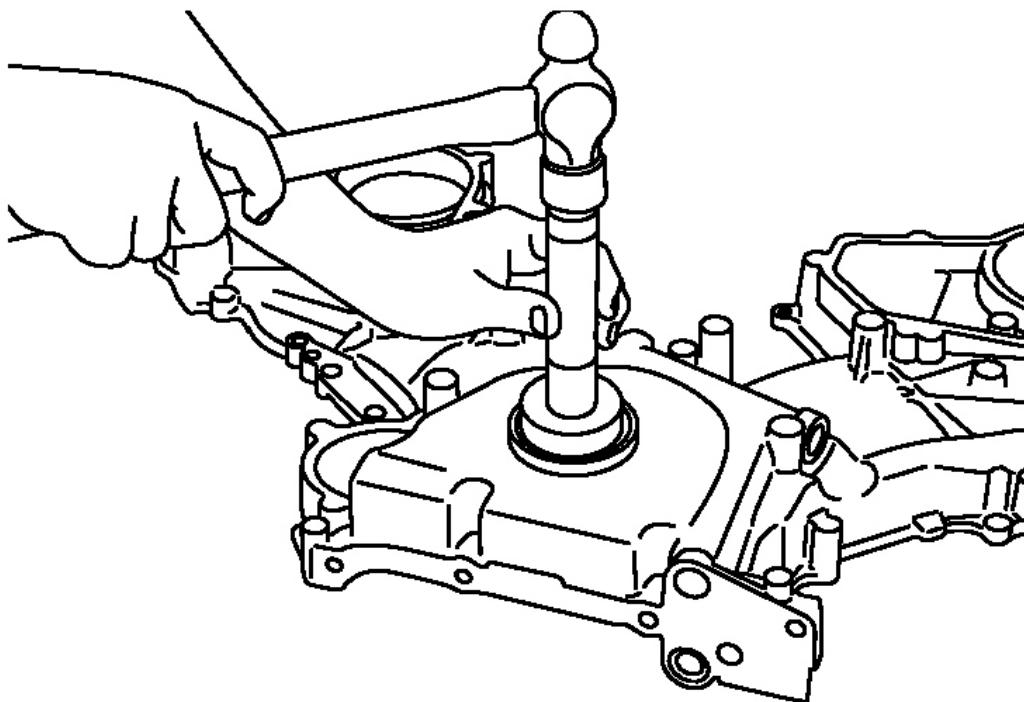
CAUTION: Be careful not to scratch or make burrs on circumference of oil seal.



SEM715A

Fig. 74: Identifying Front Oil Seal On Front Cover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Using front oil seal drift (commercial service tool), press fit until the height of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.



PBIC0059E

Fig. 75: Installing Front Oil Seal
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Front oil seal drift

Outer diameter : 56 mm (2.20 in)

Inner diameter : 49 mm (1.93 in)

- Make sure the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.
9. Install chain tensioner cover to front cover.
 - Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)] to front cover as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

10. Install front cover as follows:

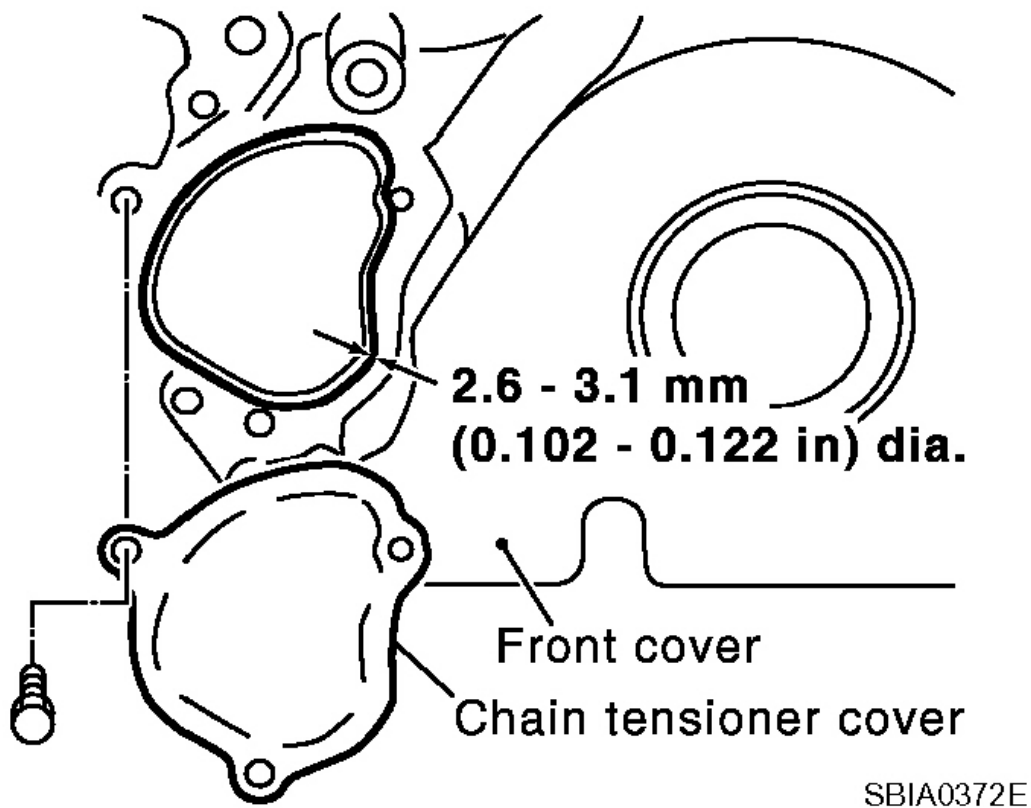
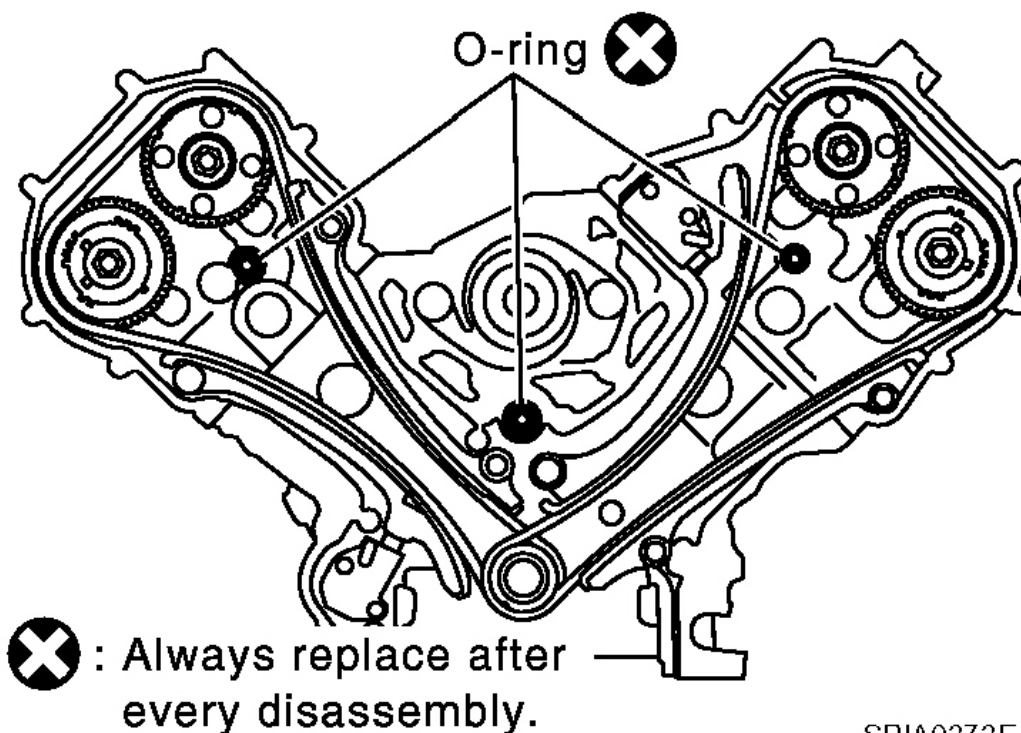


Fig. 76: Identifying Chain Tensioner Cover To Front Cover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- a. Install new O-rings onto cylinder heads (right and left bank) and cylinder block.



SBIA0373E

Fig. 77: Identifying O-Rings Onto Cylinder Heads And Cylinder Block
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)] to front cover as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

- c. make sure again that the mating marks on timing chain and that on each sprocket are aligned. Then, install front cover.

CAUTION: Be careful to avoid interference with the front end of oil pump drive spacer. Such interference may damage front oil seal.

- d. Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.

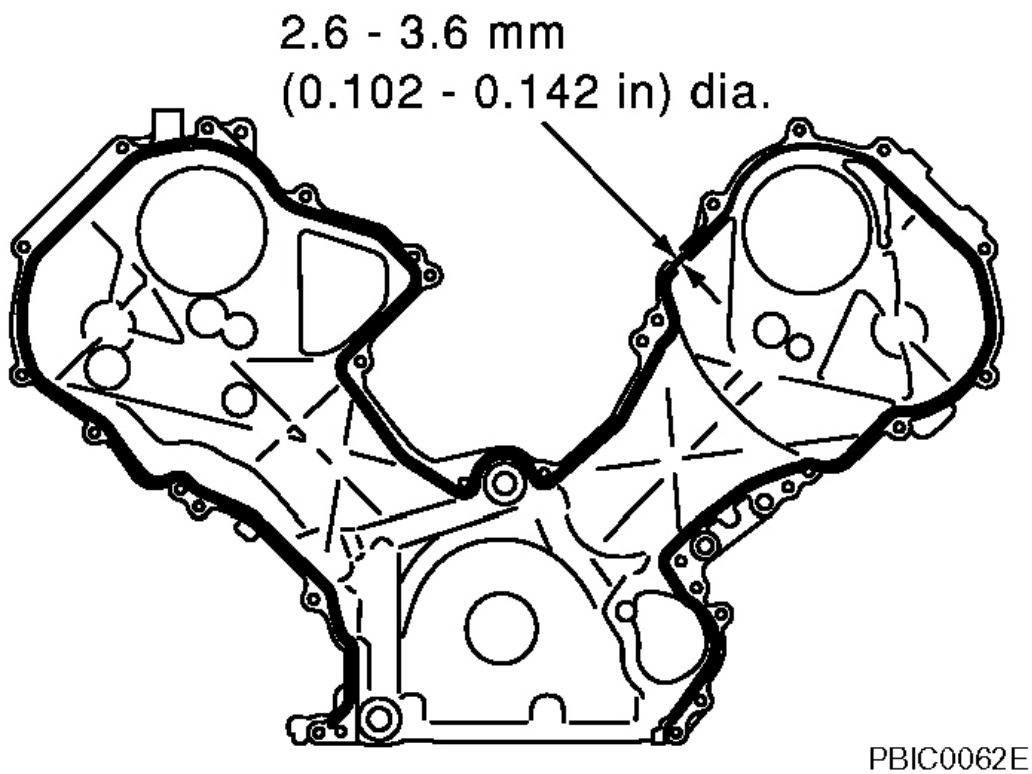
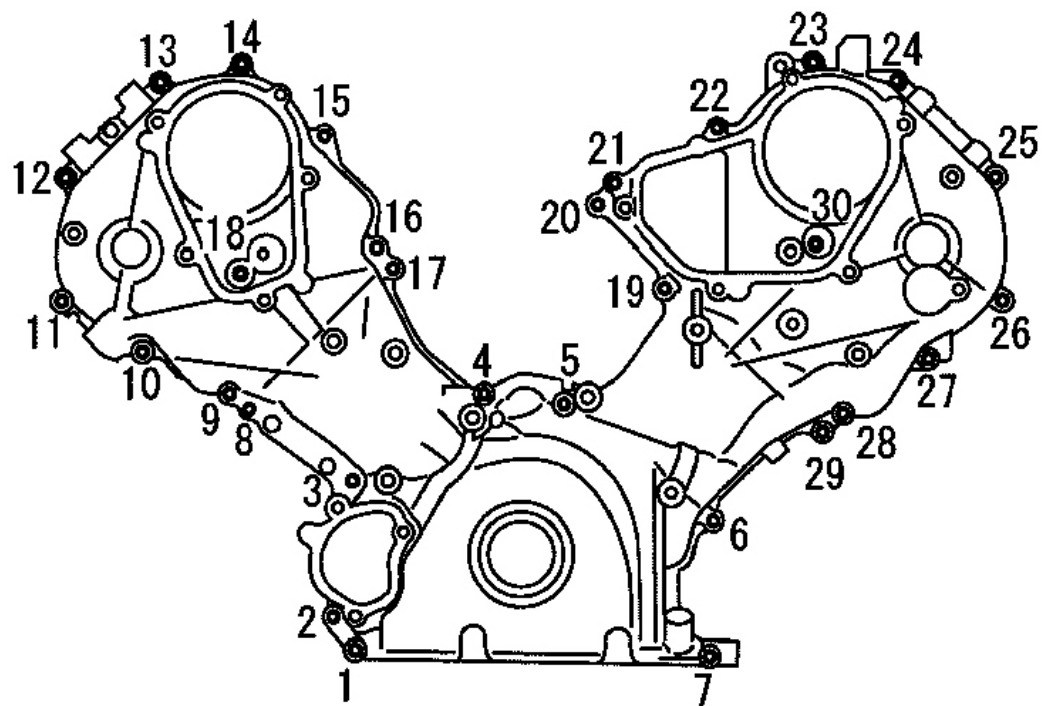


Fig. 78: Applying Continuous Bead Of Liquid Gasket With Tube Presser To Front Cover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- There are four type mounting bolts.



KBIA0354J

Fig. 79: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

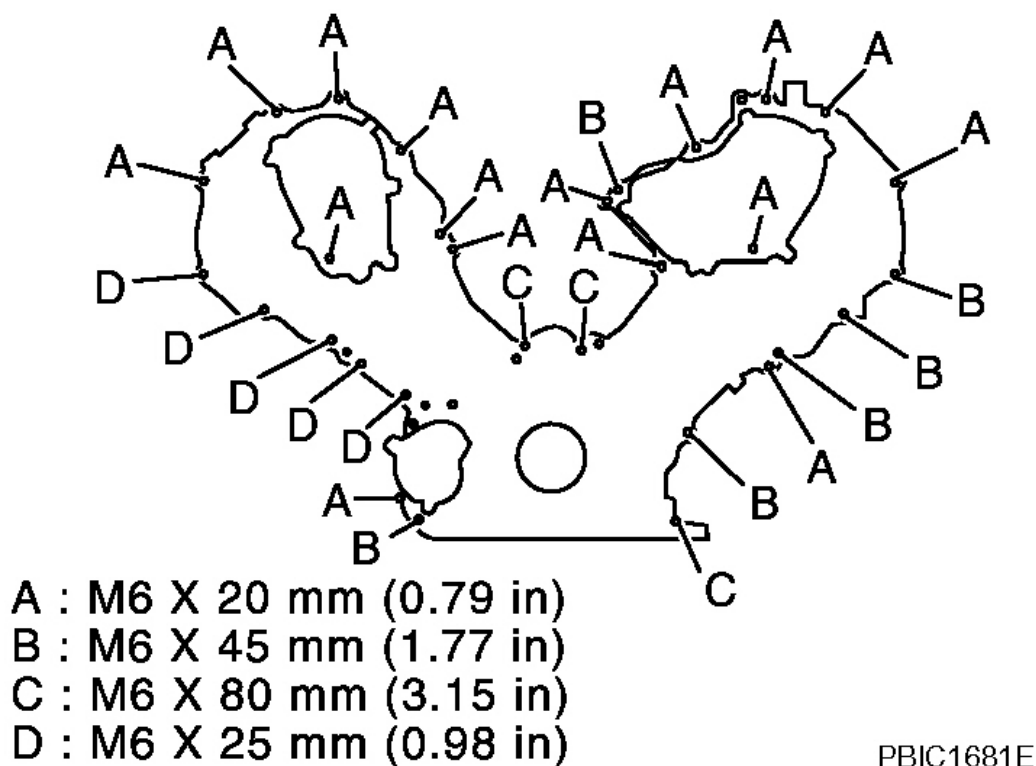


Fig. 80: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- e. After all mounting bolts are tightened, retighten them in numerical order as shown in the figure.

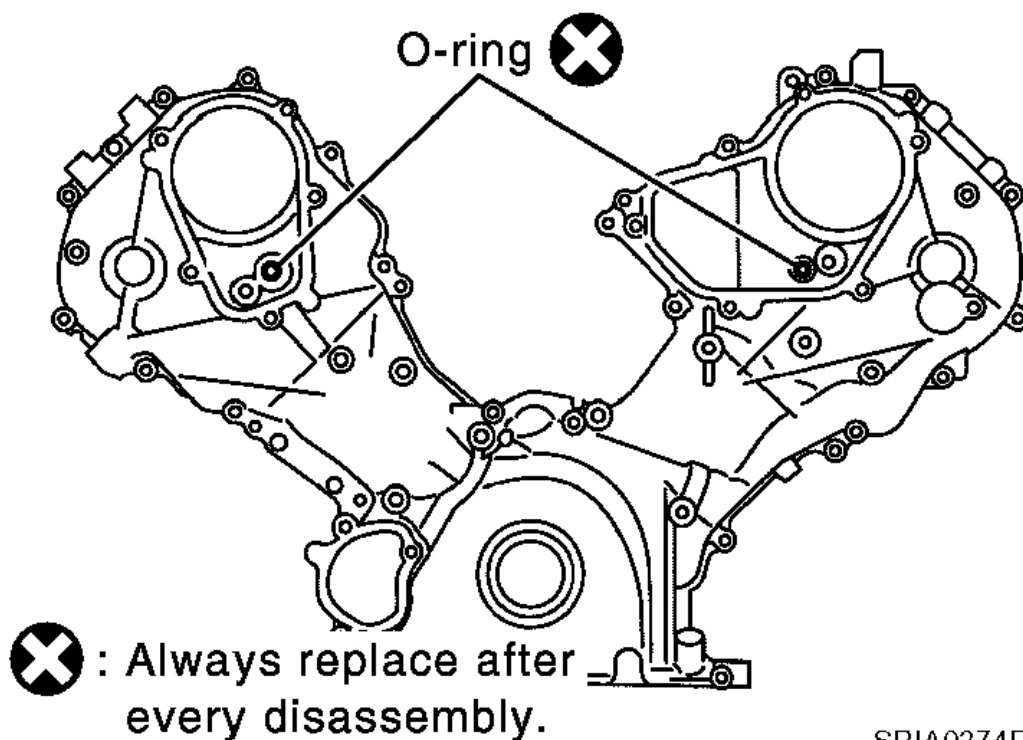
CAUTION: Be sure to wipe off any excessive liquid gasket leaking onto surface mating with oil pan.

11. Install intake valve timing control cover as follows:

- a. At the back of intake valve timing control cover, install new seal rings (three for each bank) to the area to be inserted into camshaft sprocket (INT).

CAUTION: Do not spread seal ring excessively to avoid breaks and deformation.

- b. Install new O-rings on front cover.

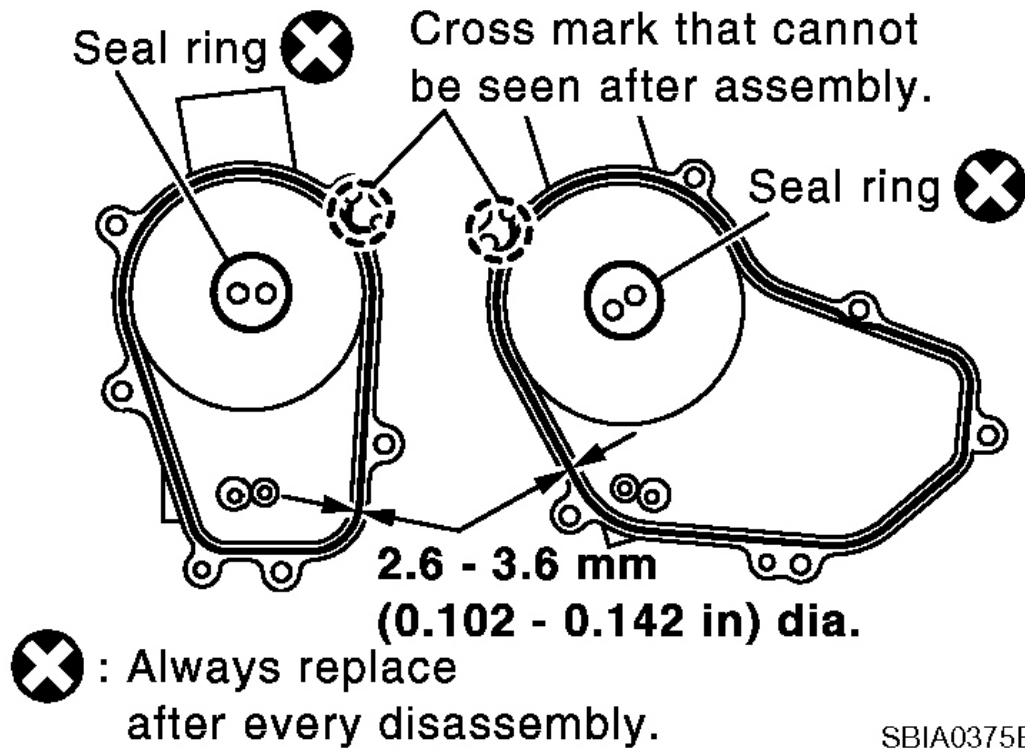


SBIA0374E

Fig. 81: Identifying O-Rings On Front Cover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- c. Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS3930000 (-)] to intake valve timing control covers as shown in the figure.

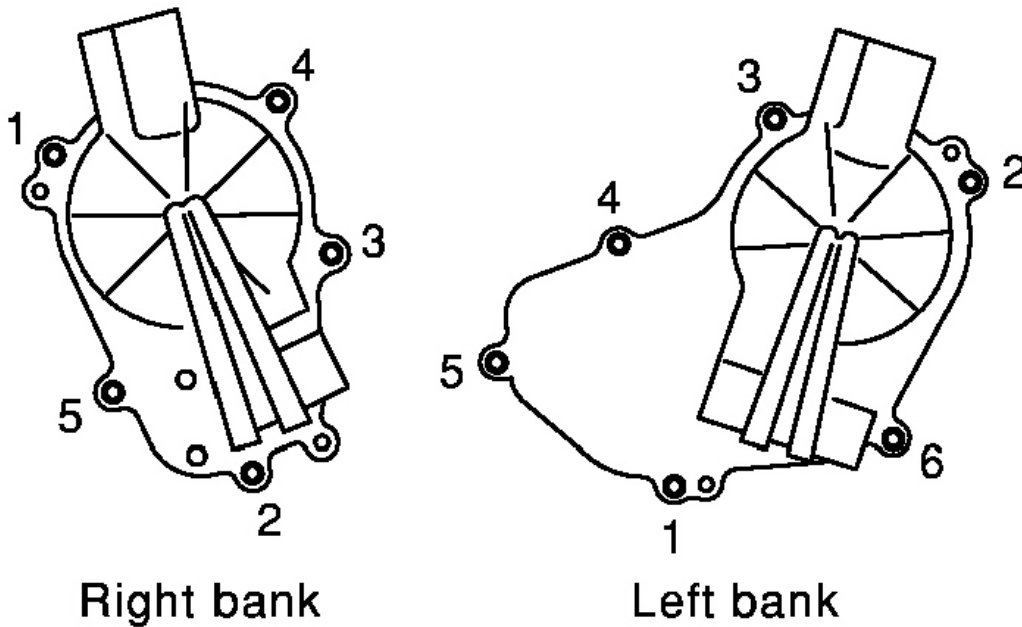
Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".



SBIA0375E

Fig. 82: Applying Continuous Bead Of Liquid Gasket With Tube Presser To Intake Valve Timing Control Covers
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- d. Tighten mounting bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure.



PBIC0051E

Fig. 83: Identifying Tightening Mounting Bolts In Sequence
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

12. Install intake valve timing control position sensor, intake valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft position sensor (PHASE) to intake valve timing control cover and front cover if removed.
 - Be sure to tighten mounting bolts with flanges completely seated.
13. Install oil pan and oil strainer. Refer to "**OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER**".
14. Install crankshaft pulley as follows:
 - a. Fix crankshaft with ring gear stopper [SST: J-45476].
 - b. Install crankshaft pulley, taking care not to damage front oil seal.
 - Install according to dowel pin of oil pump drive spacer.
 - Lightly tapping its center with plastic hammer, insert pulley.

CAUTION: Do not tap pulley on the side surface where belt is installed (outer circumference).

- c. Apply engine oil onto threaded parts of crankshaft pulley bolt and seating area.
- d. Tighten crankshaft pulley bolt.

: 93.1 N.m (9.5 kg-m, 69 ft-lb)

- e. Put a paint mark on crankshaft pulley aligning with angle mark on crankshaft pulley bolt.
- f. Further tighten by 90 degrees. (Angle tightening)
 - Check the tightening angle by referencing to the notches. The angle between two notches is 90 degrees.

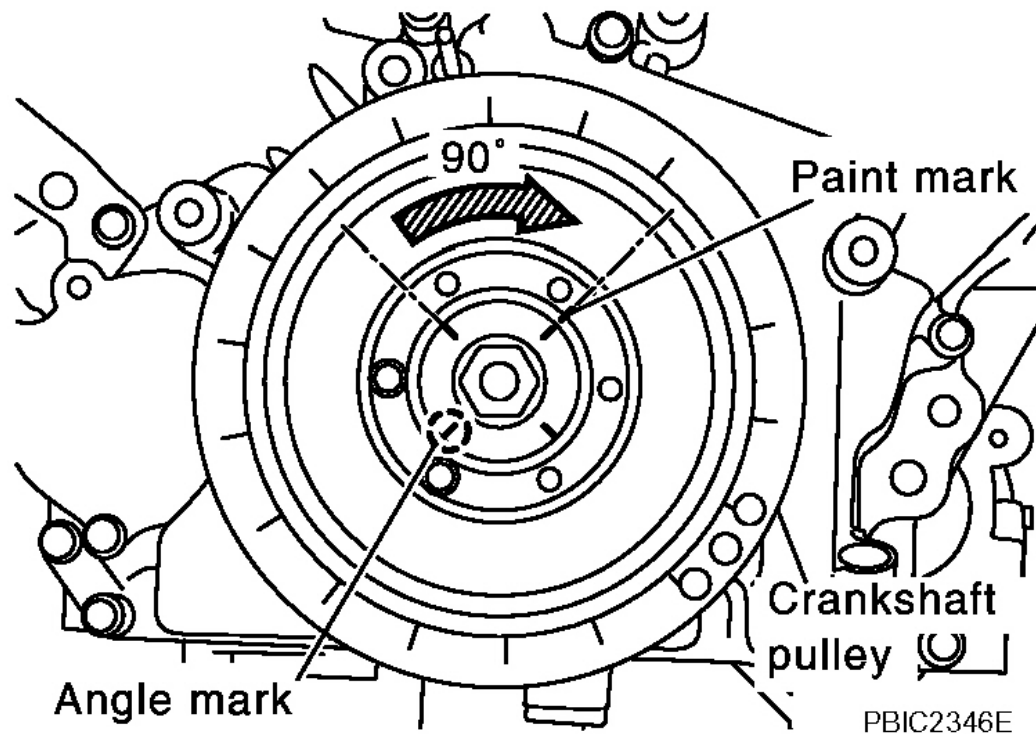


Fig. 84: Identifying Angle Between Two Notches
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

15. Rotate crankshaft pulley in normal direction (clockwise when viewed from engine front) to confirm it turns smoothly.
16. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

NOTE: If hydraulic pressure inside timing chain tensioner drops after removal/installation, slack in guide may generate a pounding noise during and just after engine start. However, this does not indicate an unusualness. Noise will stop after hydraulic pressure rises.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION

Inspection for Leaks

The followings are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to "**RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS** "
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
 - Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
 - Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.
- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:**SUMMARY OF INSPECTION ITEMS**

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid ⁽¹⁾	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	-	Leakage	-
(1) Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.			

CAMSHAFT**COMPONENTS**



- © 2011 Mitchell Repair Information Company, LLC.

CAUTION:

- Do not loosen mounting bolts with securing anything other than the camshaft hexagonal portion or with tensioning the timing chain.
- After removing timing chain, do not turn crankshaft and camshaft separately, or valves will strike the piston head.

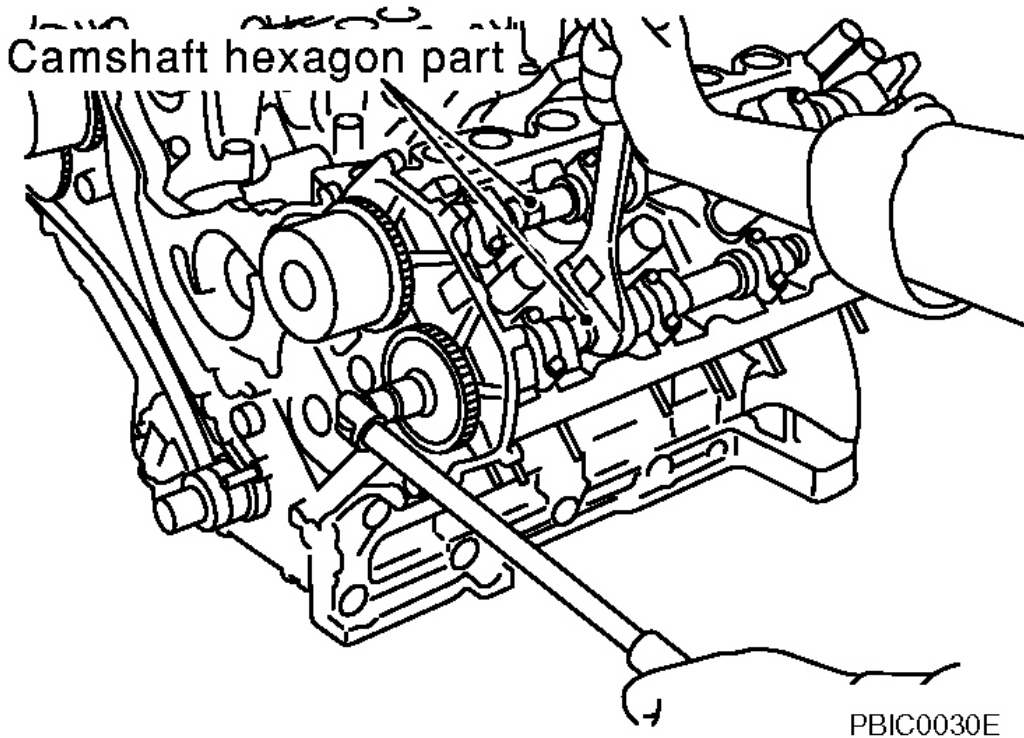


Fig. 86: Removing Camshaft Sprocket By Loosening Bolts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Remove intake and exhaust camshaft brackets.

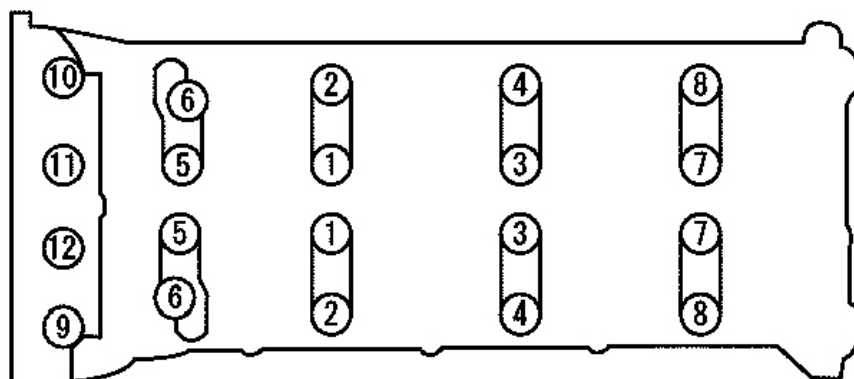
- Mark camshafts, camshaft brackets and bolts so placed in the same position and direction for installation.
- Equally loosen camshaft brackets and bolts in several steps in reverse order as shown in the figure.
- Lightly tapping with plastic hammer, remove camshaft bracket (No. 1) and camshaft bracket (No. 6).

NOTE:

The bottom surface of each bracket will be stuck to cylinder head because of liquid gasket.

Right bank

Exhaust

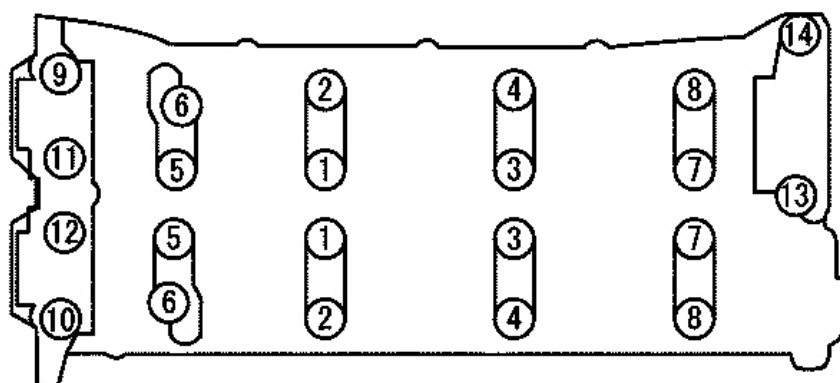


Engine
front



Intake

Left bank



Exhaust

PBIC0031E

Fig. 87: Identifying Intake And Exhaust Camshaft Brackets
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

5. Remove camshaft.
6. Remove adjusting shim and valve lifter if necessary.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Camshaft Run-out

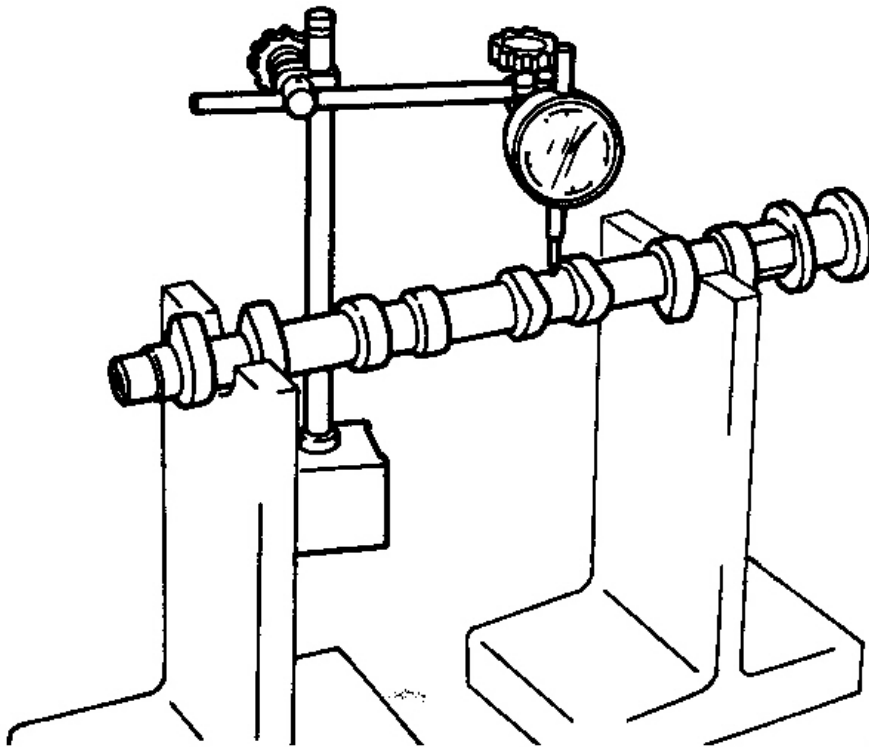
1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journal of camshaft.

CAUTION: Do not support journal No. 1 (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.

2. Set dial indicator vertically to No. 3 journal.
3. Turn camshaft to one direction with hands, and measure the camshaft runout on dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Limit : 0.02 mm (0.001 in) PBIC2499E

4. If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.



PBIC2499E

Fig. 88: Setting Dial Indicator Vertically To Journal
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Camshaft Cam Height

1. Measure the camshaft cam height with micrometer.

Standard cam height

Intake : 44.865 - 45.055 mm (1.7663 - 1.7738 in)

Exhaust : 43.925 - 44.115 mm (1.7293 - 1.7368 in)

Cam wear limit : 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

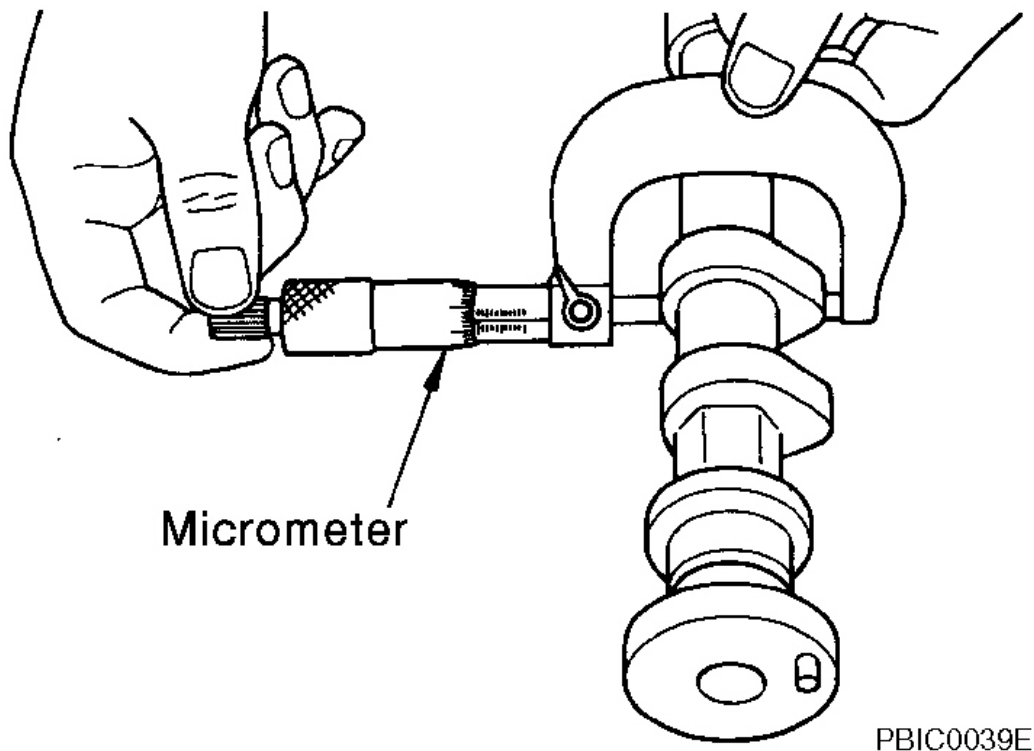


Fig. 89: Identifying Camshaft Cam Height With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. If wear exceeds the limit, replace camshaft.

Camshaft Journal Oil Clearance

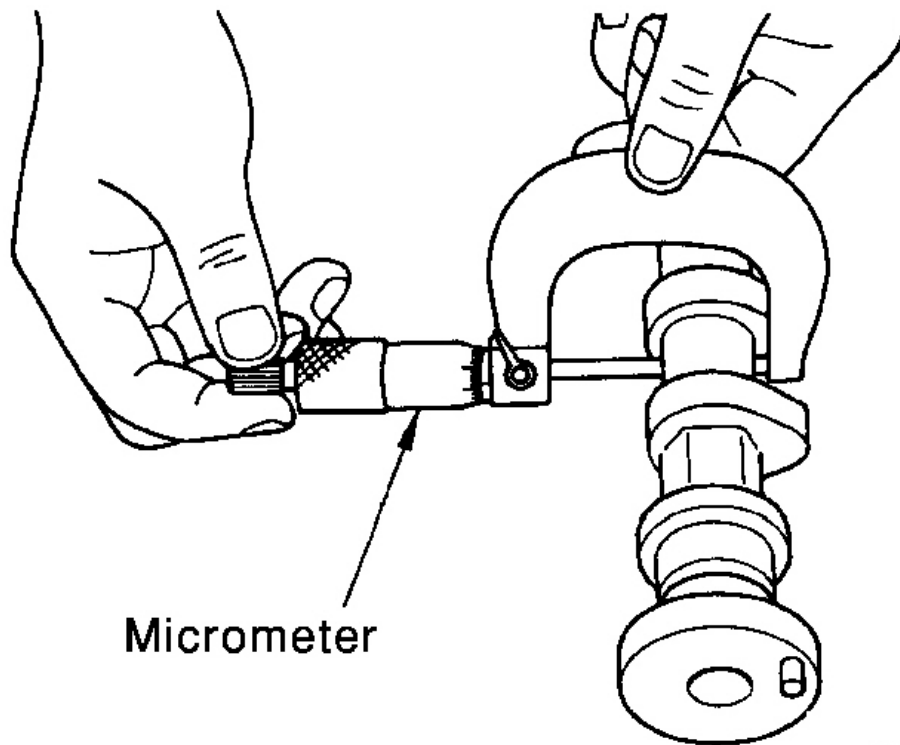
CAMSHAFT JOURNAL DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of camshaft journal with micrometer.

Standard:

No. 1 : 25.938 - 25.955 mm (1.0212 - 1.0218 in)

No. 2, 3, 4 : 25.953 - 25.970 mm (1.0218 - 1.0224 in)



PBIC0040E

Fig. 90: Identifying Diameter Of Camshaft Journal With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAMSHAFT BRACKET INNER DIAMETER

- Tighten camshaft bracket bolt with the specified torque. Refer to "**INSTALLATION**" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter "A" of camshaft bracket with bore gauge.

Standard:

26.000 - 26.021 mm (1.0236 - 1.0244 in)

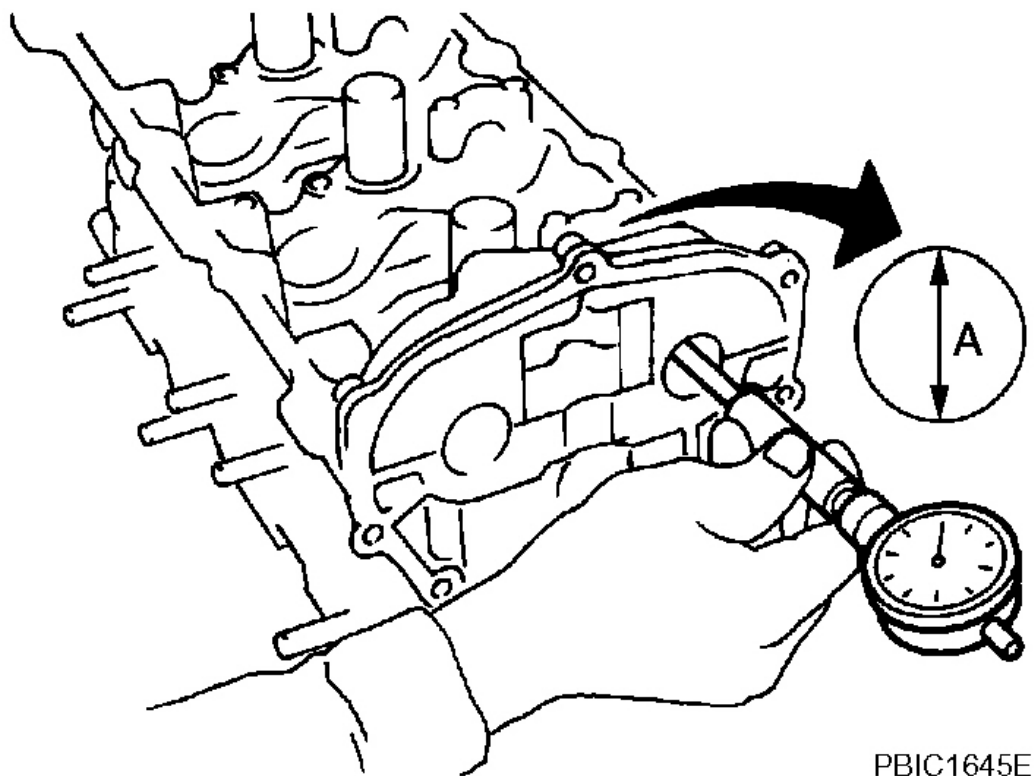


Fig. 91: Identifying Inner Diameter Of Camshaft Bracket With Bore Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAMSHAFT JOURNAL OIL CLEARANCE

- (Oil clearance) = (Camshaft bracket inner diameter) - (Camshaft journal diameter).

Standard:

No. 1 : 0.045 - 0.083 mm (0.0018 - 0.0033 in)

No. 2, 3, 4 : 0.030 - 0.068 mm (0.0012 - 0.0027 in)

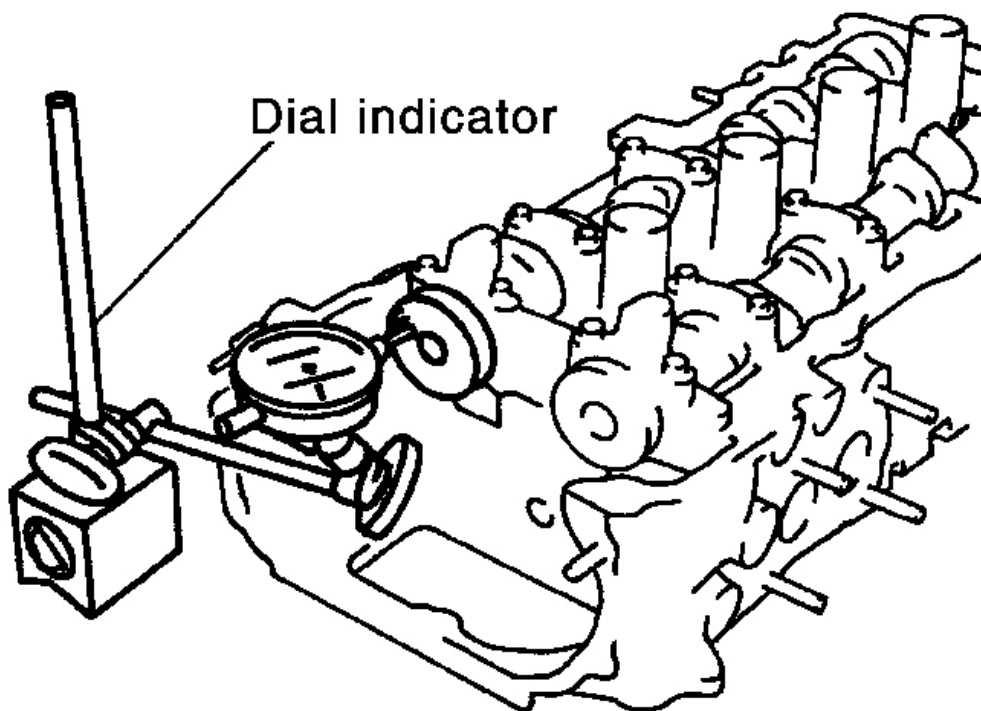
- If the calculated value out of the standard, replace either or both camshaft and cylinder head.

NOTE: Camshaft bracket cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with cylinder head. Replace whole cylinder head assembly.

Camshaft End Play

- Install dial indicator in thrust direction on front end of camshaft. Measure the end play of dial indicator when camshaft is moved forward/backward (in direction to axis).

Standard: 0.115 - 0.188 mm (0.0045 - 0.0074 in)



PBIC2446E

Fig. 92: Identifying Dial Indicator On Front End Of Camshaft
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Measure the following parts if out of the limit.
 - Dimension "A" for camshaft No. 1 journal

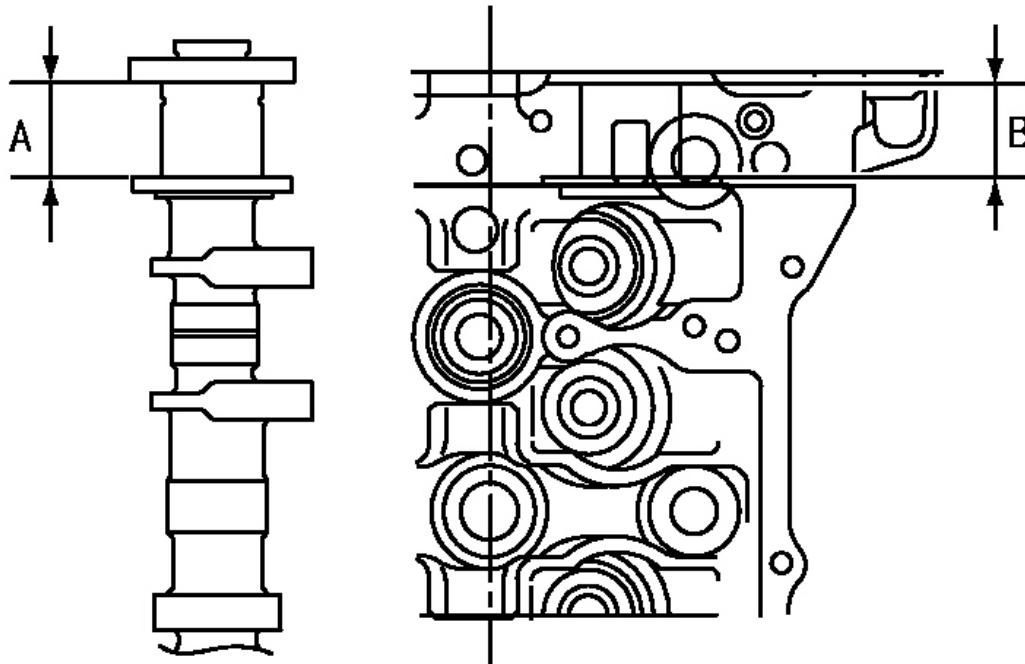
Standard : 30.500 - 30.548 mm (1.2008 - 1.2027 in)

- Dimension "B" for cylinder head No. 1 journal bearing

Standard : 30.360 - 30.385 mm (1.1953 - 1.1963 in)

- Refer to the standards above, and then replace camshaft and/or cylinder head.

Camshaft Sprocket Runout



KBIA2426J

Fig. 93: Identifying Camshaft Journal And Cylinder Head Journal Bearing Dimensions
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

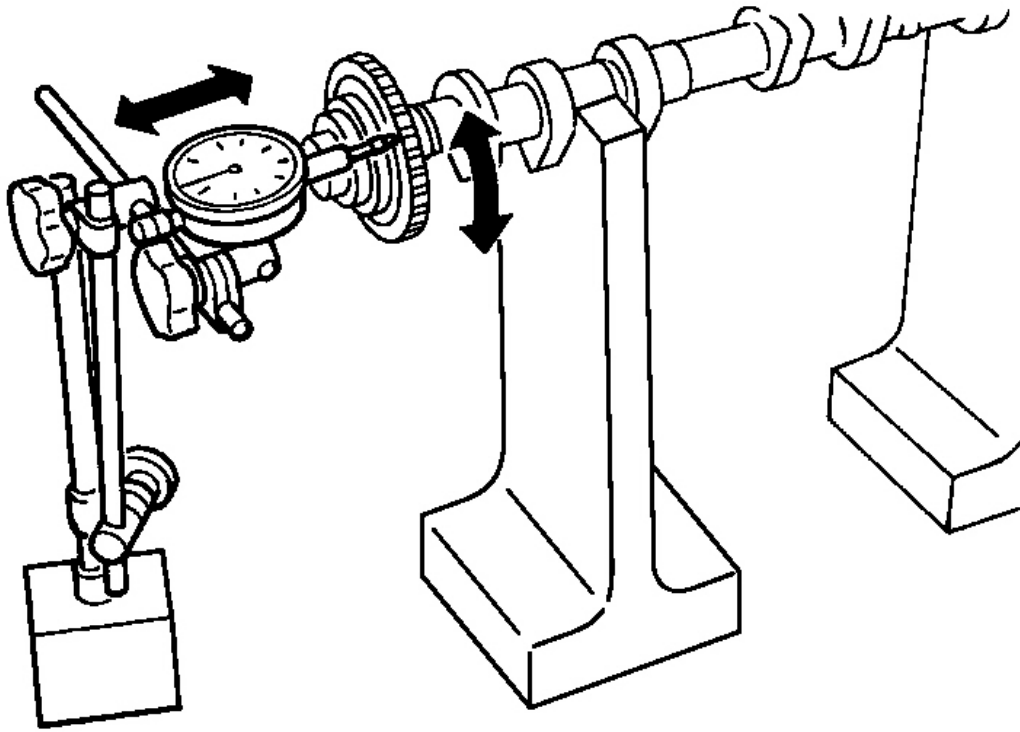
1. Put V-block on precise flat table, and support No. 2 and 5 journal of camshaft.

CAUTION: Do not support journal No. 1 (on the side of camshaft sprocket) because it has a different diameter from the other four locations.

2. Measure the camshaft sprocket runout with dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Limit : 0.15 mm (0.0059 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace camshaft sprocket.



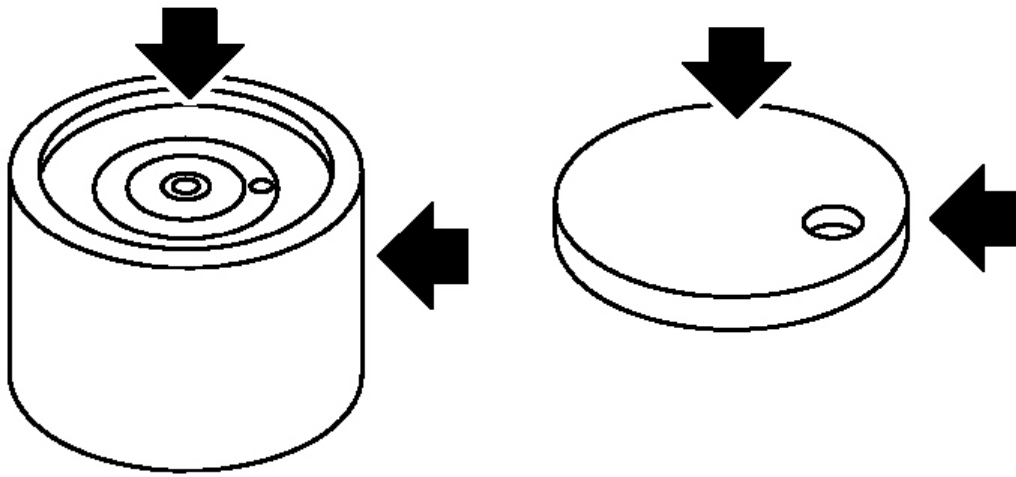
PBIC0930E

Fig. 94: Identifying Camshaft Sprocket Runout With Dial Indicator
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Valve Lifter and Adjusting Shim

Check if surface of valve lifter and adjusting shim has any wear or cracks.

- If anything above is found, replace valve lifter.
- When replacing adjusting shim, refer to "ADJUSTMENT".



PBIC0231E

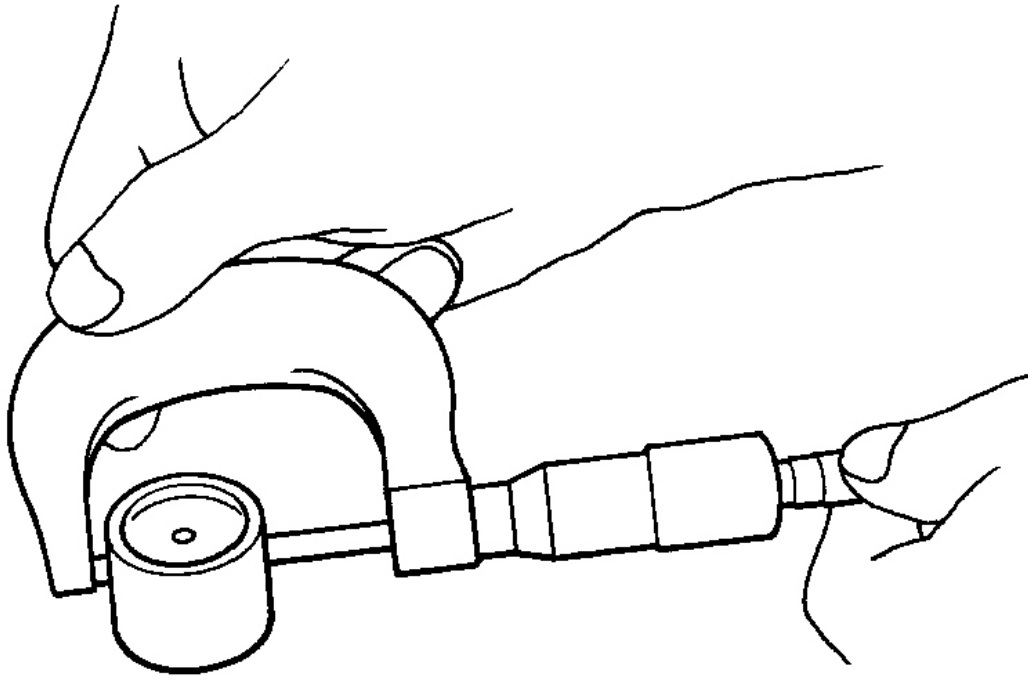
Fig. 95: Replacing Valve Lifter And Adjusting Shim
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Valve Lifter Clearance

VALVE LIFTER OUTER DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of valve lifter with micrometer.

Standard : 34.000 - 34.016 mm (1.3386 - 1.3392 in)



SEM961E

Fig. 96: Identifying Outer Diameter Of Valve Lifter With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

VALVE LIFTER HOLE DIAMETER

- Measure the inner diameter of valve lifter hole of cylinder head with inside micrometer.

Standard : 33.965 - 33.975 mm (1.3372 - 1.3376 in)

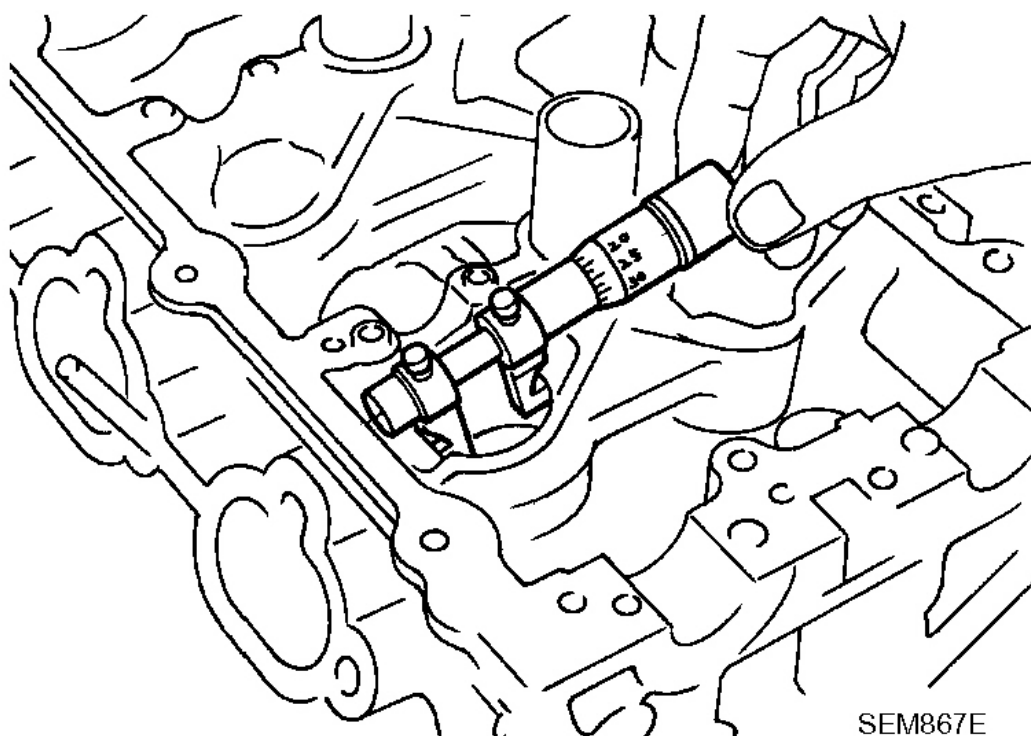


Fig. 97: Identifying Inner Diameter Of Valve Lifter Hole Of Cylinder Head With Inside Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

VALVE LIFTER CLEARANCE

- (Valve lifter clearance) = (Valve lifter hole diameter) - (Valve lifter outer diameter)

Standard : 0.025 - 0.51 mm (0.0010 - 0.0200 in)

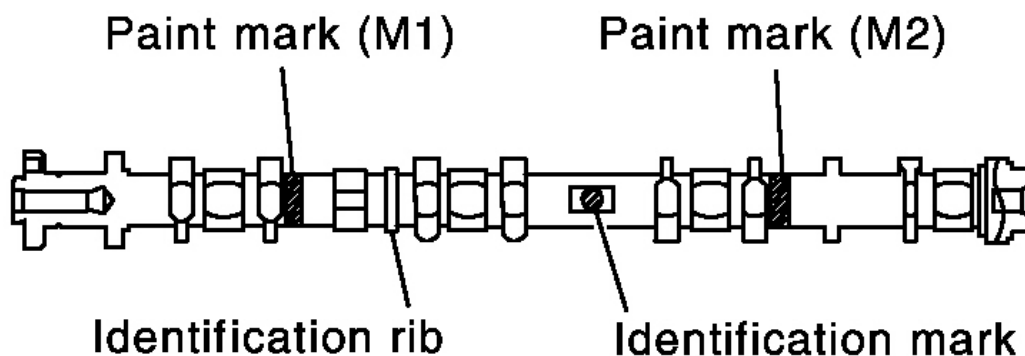
- If the calculated value is out of the standard, referring to each standard of valve lifter outer diameter and valve lifter hole diameter, replace either or both valve lifter and cylinder head.

INSTALLATION

1. Install valve lifters and adjusting shims if removed.
 - Install it in the original position.
2. Install camshafts.
 - Follow your identification marks made during removal, or follow the identification marks that are present on new camshafts for proper placement and direction.

IDENTIFICATION MARKS SPECIFICATIONS

Bank	INT/EXH	Identification rib	Paint marks		Identification Mark
			M1	M2	
RH	INT	Yes	White	No	RH
	EXH	Yes	No	White	RH
LH	INT	No	White	No	LH
	EXH	NO	No	White	LH



PBIC2355E

Fig. 98: Identifying Identification Marks
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Install camshaft so that dowel pin on front end face are positioned as shown in the figure. (No. 1 cylinder TDC on its compression stroke)

NOTE: Though camshaft does not stop at the position as shown in the figure, for the placement of cam nose, it is generally accepted camshaft is placed for the same direction of the figure.

Camshaft dowel pin : At cylinder head upper face side in each bank

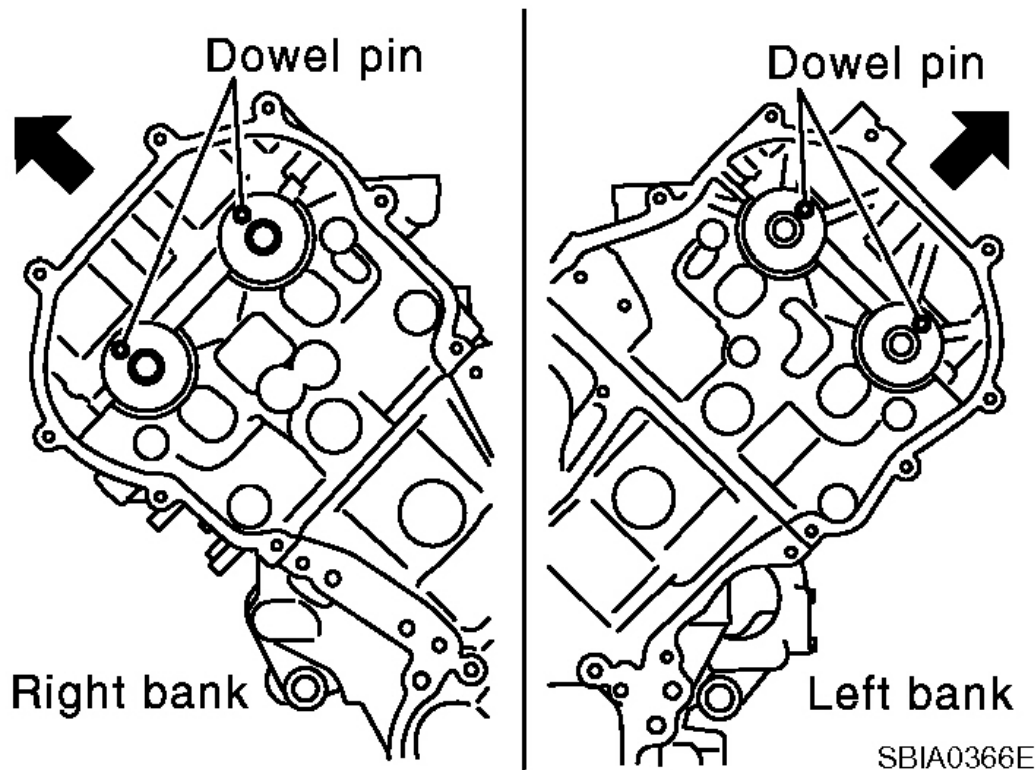
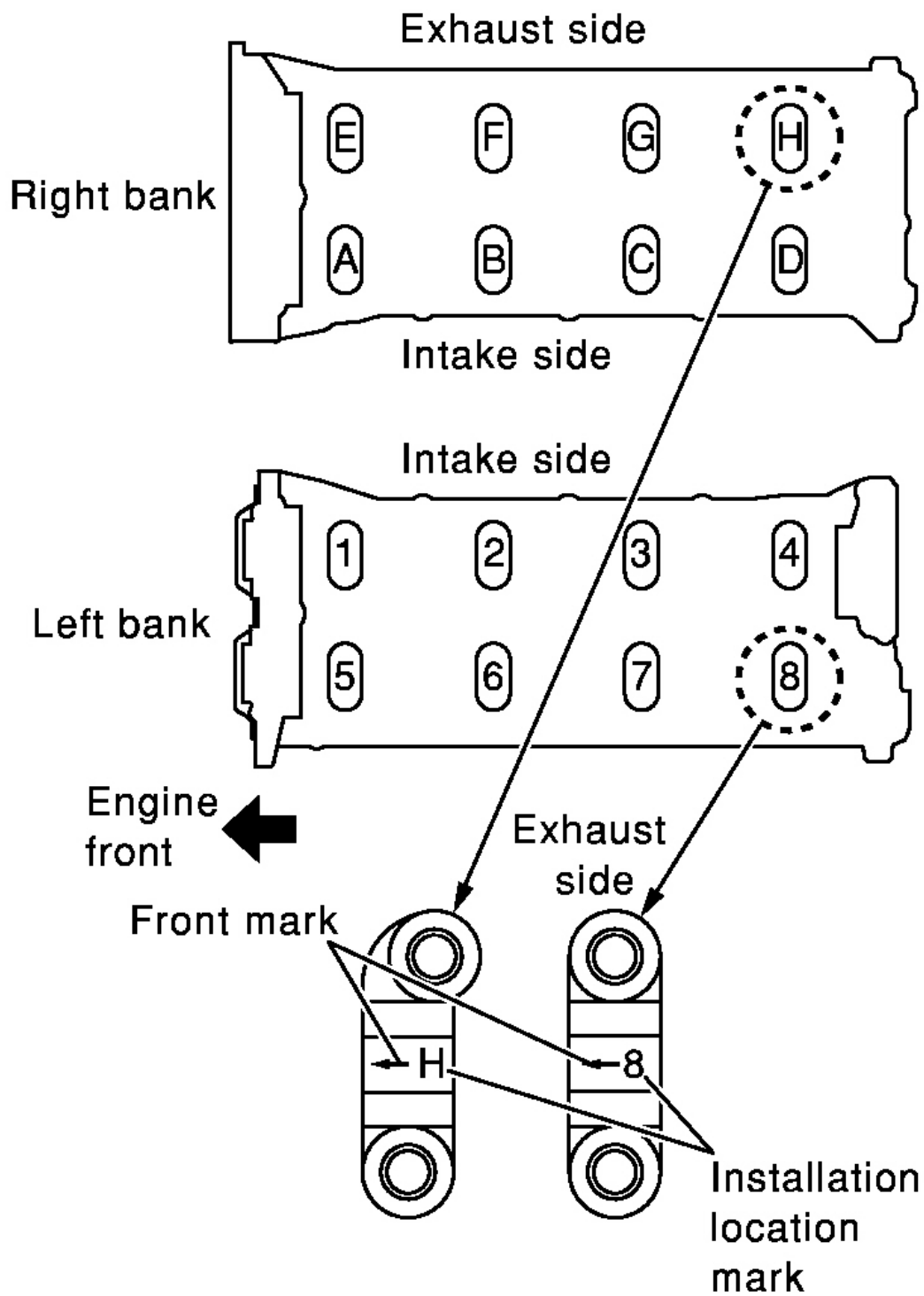


Fig. 99: Positioning Dowel Pin On Front End Face
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Install camshaft brackets.

- Remove foreign material completely from camshaft bracket backside and from cylinder head installation face.
- Install by referring to installation location mark on upper surface and front mark.
- Install so that installation location mark can be correctly read when viewed from the side of left exhaust bank.



PBIC0034E

Fig. 100: Identifying Camshaft Brackets By Referring To Installation Location Mark And Front Mark
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Apply liquid gasket to mating surface of camshaft bracket (No. 1) as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "**RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS**".

CAUTION:

- After installation, be sure to wipe off any excessive liquid gasket from part "A" and "B" (both on right and left sides).
- Remove completely any excess of liquid gasket inside bracket

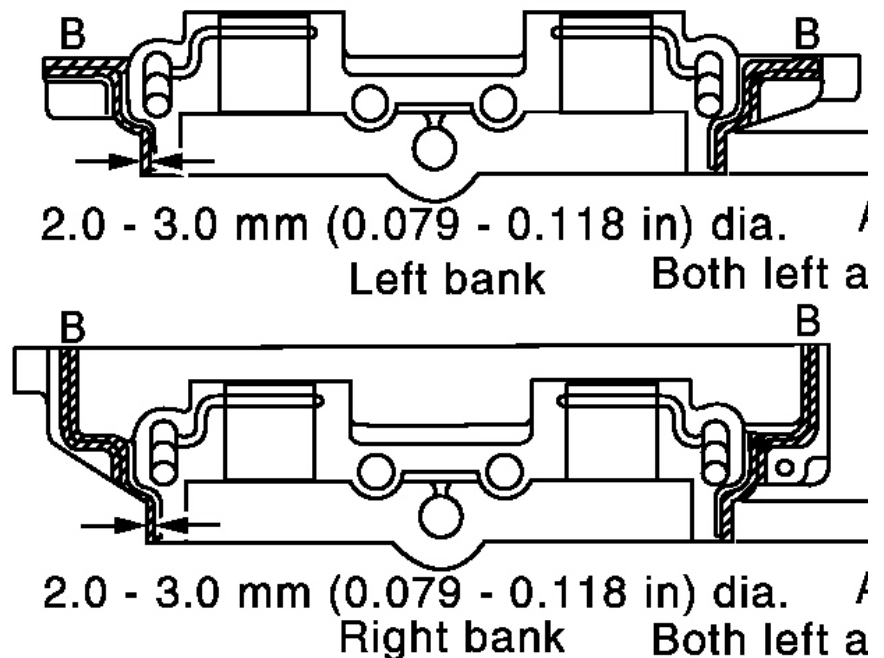


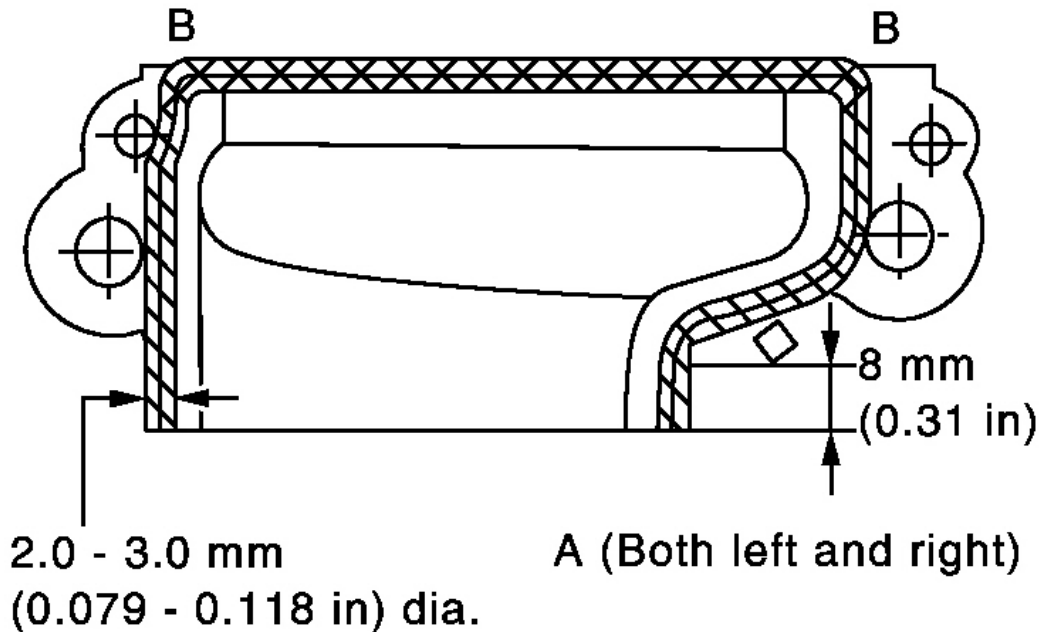
Fig. 101: Applying Liquid Gasket To Mating Surface Of Camshaft Bracket (No. 1) And Camshaft (No. 6)
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Apply liquid gasket to mating surface of camshaft bracket (No.6) on left bank intake as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "**RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS**".

CAUTION:

- After installation, be sure to wipe off any excessive liquid gasket leaking from part "A" and "B" (both on right and left sides).
- Remove completely any excess of liquid gasket inside bracket.



PBIC2357E

Fig. 102: Applying Liquid Gasket To Mating Surface Of Camshaft Bracket On Left Bank Intake
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Tighten camshaft bracket bolts in the following steps, in numerical order as shown in the figure.
 - a. Tighten No. 9 to 12 in numerical order as shown.
 : 1.96 N.m (0.2 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)
 - b. Tighten No. 1 to 8 in numerical order as shown.
 : 1.96 N.m (0.2 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)
 - c. Tighten No. 13 to 14 in numerical order as shown. (Left bank only)
 : 1.96 N.m (0.2 kg-m, 1 ft-lb)

d. Tighten all bolts in numerical order as shown.

: 5.88 N.m (0.6 kg-m, 4 ft-lb)

e. Tighten No. 1 to 12 in numerical order as shown.

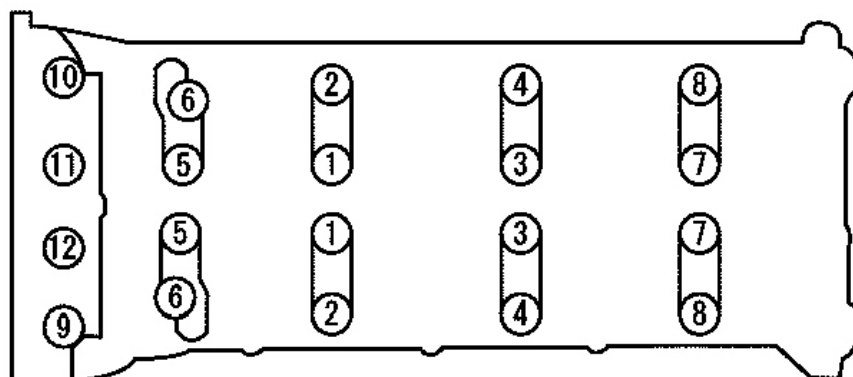
: 10.41 N.m (1.1 kg-m, 8 ft-lb)

f. Tighten No. 13 to 14 in numerical order as shown. (Left bank only)

: 31.35 N.m (3.2 kg-m, 23 ft-lb)

Right bank

Exhaust

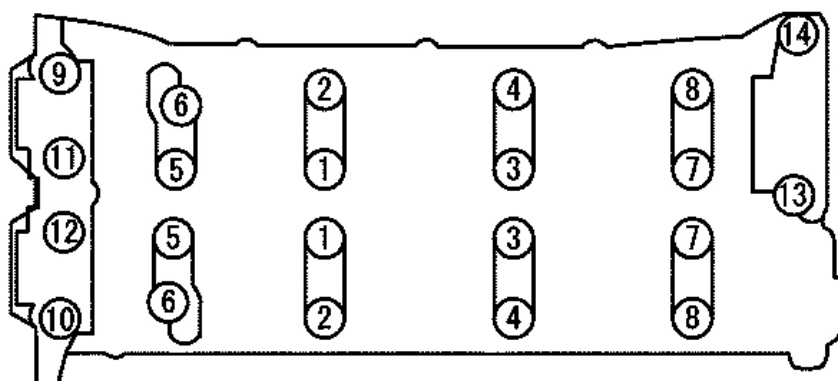


Engine
front



Intake

Left bank



Exhaust

PBIC0031E

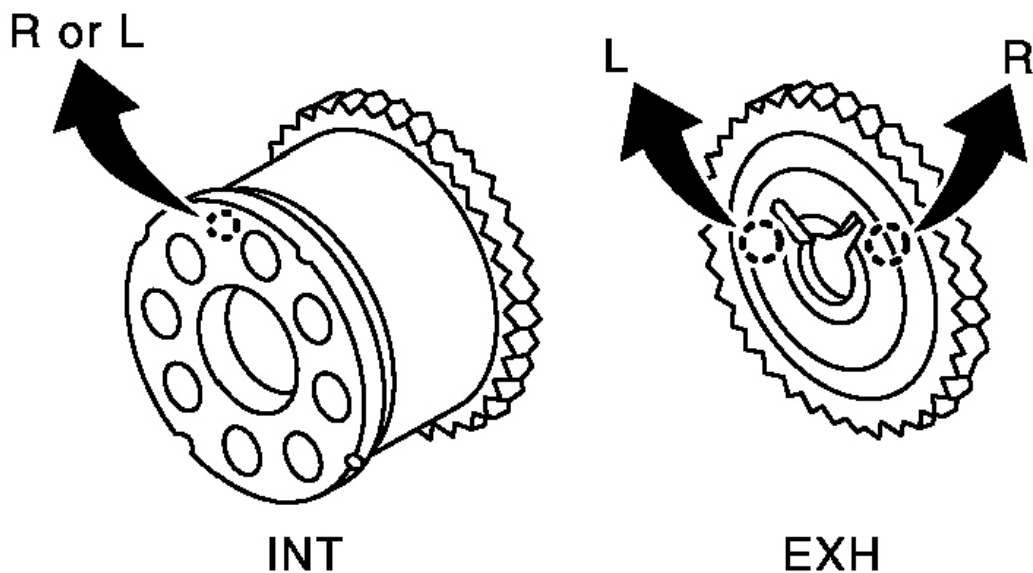
Fig. 103: Identifying Camshaft Bracket Bolts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: After tightening mounting bolts of camshaft brackets, be sure to wipe off excessive liquid gasket from the parts listed below.

- Mating surface of rocker cover
- Mating surface of front cover

5. Install camshaft sprockets.

- Install by checking with identification mark on surface.
- Install camshaft sprocket (EXH) by selectively using the groove of dowel pin according to the bank. (Common part used for both banks.)
- Lock the hexagonal part of camshaft in the same way as for removal, and tighten mounting bolts.



PBIC2345E

Fig. 104: Identifying Camshaft Sprockets
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Check and adjust the valve clearance. Refer to "VALVE CLEARANCE".
7. Install in the reverse order of removal after this step.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**Inspection of Camshaft Sprocket (INT) Oil Groove****CAUTION:**

- Perform this inspection only when DTC P0011 and/or P0021 are detected in self-diagnostic results of CONSULT-II and it is directed according to inspection procedure of EC section. Refer to "**TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS**".
- Check when the engine is cold so as to prevent burns from any splashing engine oil.

1. Check the engine oil level. Refer to "**ENGINE OIL**".
2. Perform the following procedure so as to prevent the engine from being unintentionally started while checking.
 - a. Release fuel pressure. Refer to "**FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE**".
 - b. Disconnect ignition coil and injector harness connectors.
3. Remove intake valve timing control solenoid valve. Refer to "**TIMING CHAIN**".
4. Crank the engine, and then make sure that engine oil comes out from intake valve timing control cover oil hole. End crank after checking.

WARNING: Be careful not to touch rotating parts (drive belt, idler pulley, and crankshaft pulley, etc.).

CAUTION: Engine oil may squirt from intake valve timing control solenoid valve installation hole during cranking. Use a shop cloth to prevent the engine components and the vehicle. Do not allow engine oil to get on rubber components such as drive belt or engine mount insulators. Immediately wipe off any splashed engine oil.

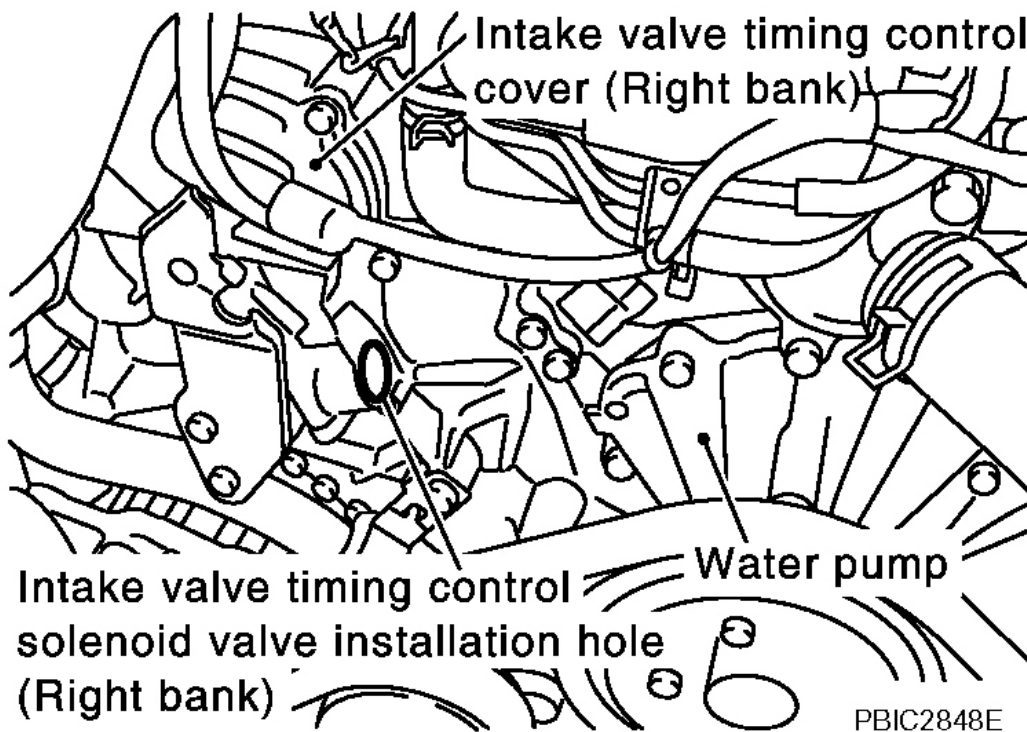


Fig. 105: Identifying Components Between Intake Valve Timing Control Solenoid Valve And Camshaft Sprocket
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Clean oil groove between oil strainer and intake valve timing control solenoid valve if engine oil does not come out from intake valve timing control cover oil hole. Refer to "**LUBRICATION SYSTEM**".
5. Remove components between intake valve timing control solenoid valve and camshaft sprocket (INT), and then check each oil groove for clogging.
 - Clean oil groove if necessary. Refer to "**LUBRICATION SYSTEM**".
 6. After inspection, install removed parts.

VALVE CLEARANCE

INSPECTION

In cases of removing/installing or replacing camshaft and valve-related parts, or of unusual engine conditions due to changes in valve clearance (found malfunctions during starting, idling or causing noise), perform inspection as follows:

1. Remove rocker covers (right and left bank). Refer to "**ROCKER COVER**".

2. Measure the valve clearance as follows:

- a. Set No. 1 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.
 - Rotate crankshaft pulley in clockwise to align TDC identification notch (without paint mark) with timing indicator on front cover.

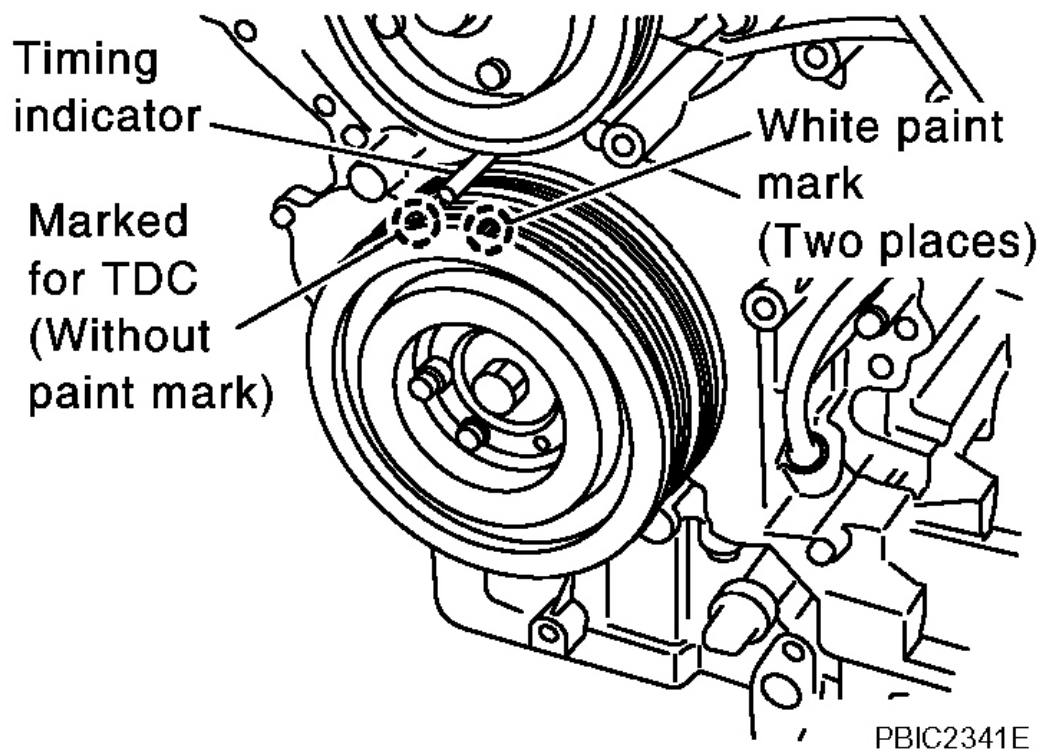


Fig. 106: Rotating Crankshaft Pulley To Align TDC Identification Notch With Timing Indicator On Front Cover

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Make sure that both intake and exhaust cam noses of No. 1 cylinder (engine front side of left bank) are located as shown in the figure.
- If not, turn crankshaft one revolution (360 degrees) and align as shown in the figure.

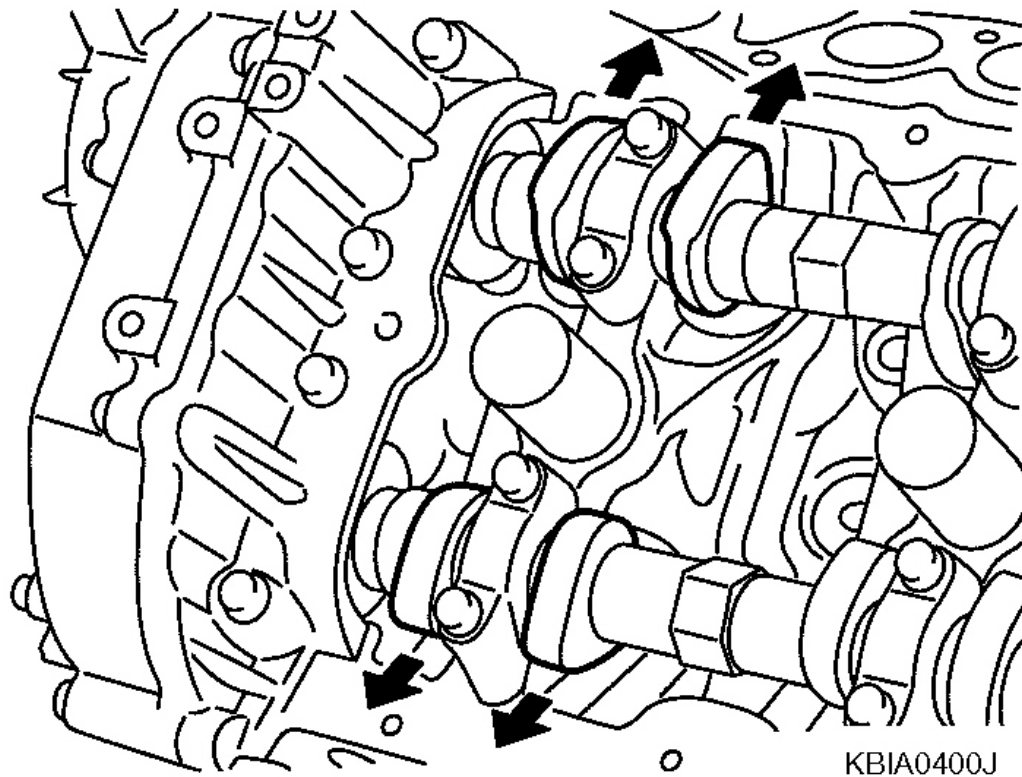


Fig. 107: Locating Intake And Exhaust Cam Noses
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Use feeler gauge, measure the clearance between valve lifter and camshaft.

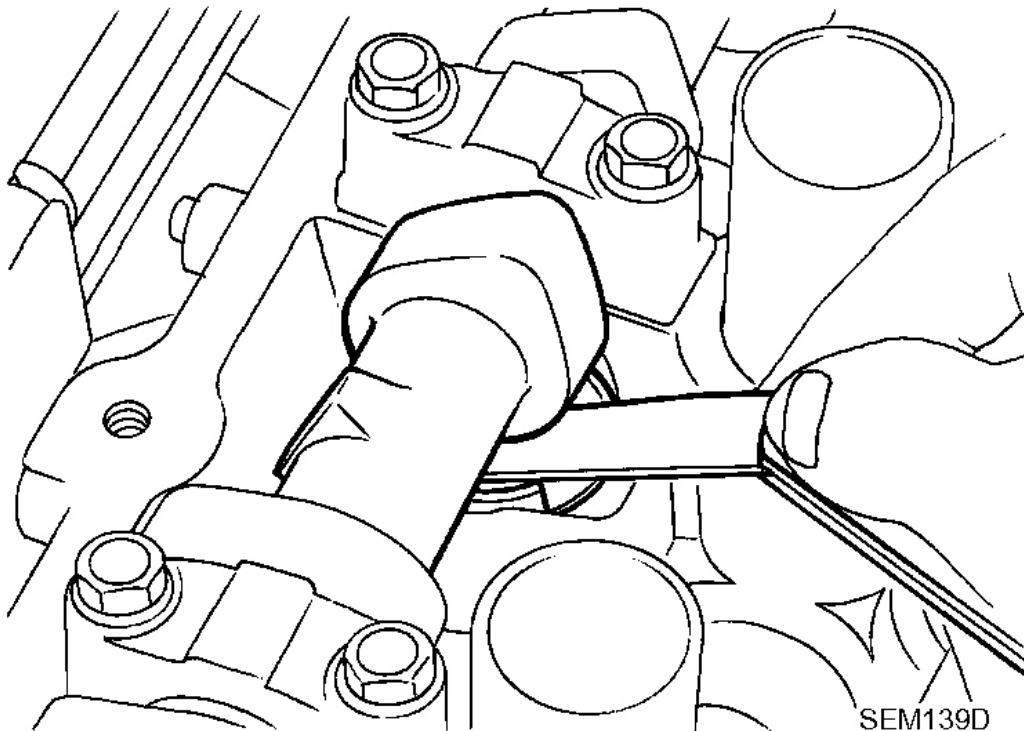


Fig. 108: Identifying Clearance Between Valve Lifter And Camshaft By Using Feeler Gauge
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Valve clearance:

VALVE CLEARANCE

Unit: mm (in)		
	Cold	Hot ⁽¹⁾ (reference data)
Intake	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.304 - 0.416 (0.012 - 0.016)
Exhaust	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)	0.308 - 0.432 (0.012 - 0.017)
(1) Approximately 80°C (176°F)		

- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "x" as shown in the table below (locations indicated with black arrow in figure).

NOTE: Firing order 1-8-7-3-6-5-4-2

- No.1 cylinder at compression TDC

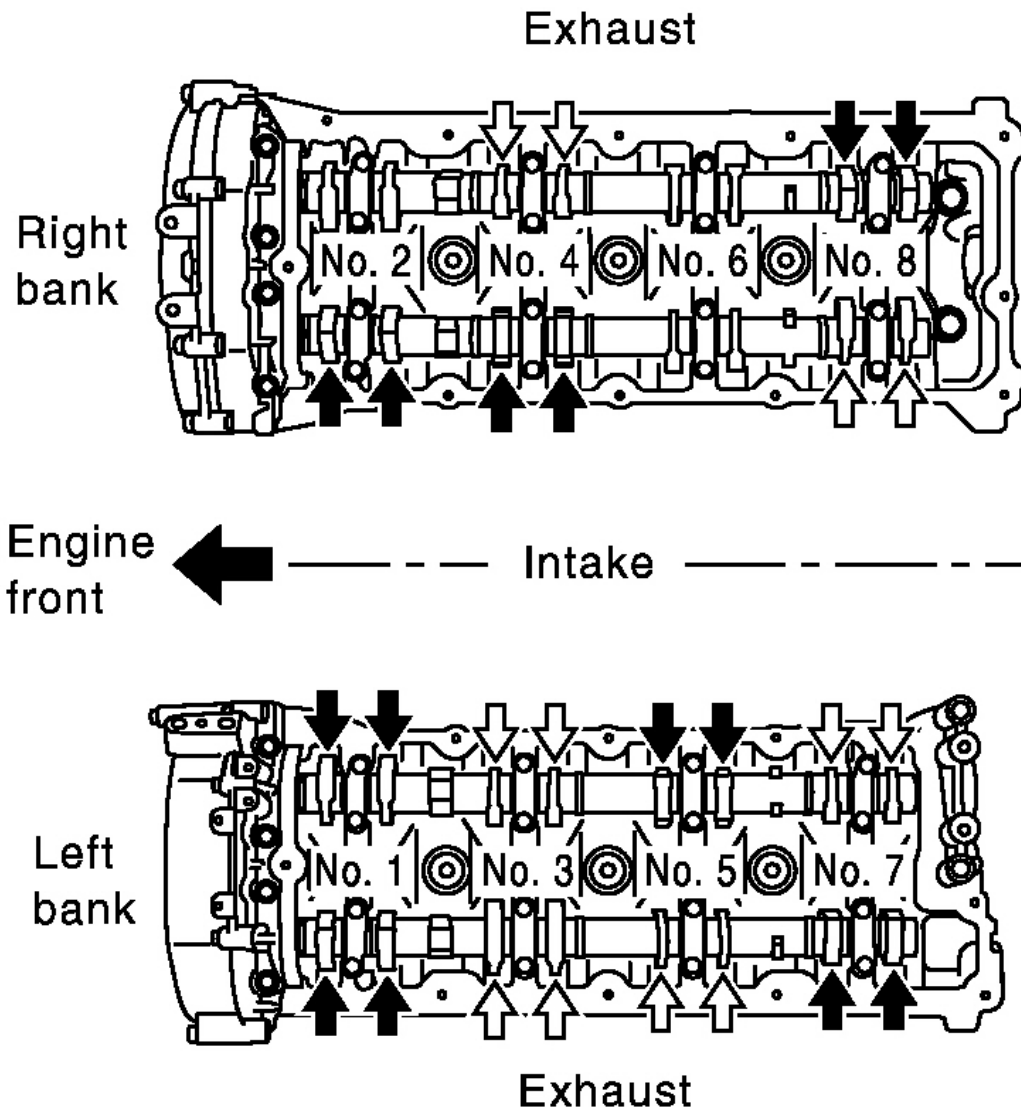
2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

COMPRESSION SPECIFICATIONS

Measuring position (right bank)		No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.	No. 8 CYL.
No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC	EXH				X
	INT	X	X		
Measuring position (left bank)		No. 1 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 5 CYL.	No. 7 CYL.
No. 1 cylinder at compression TDC	INT	X		X	
	EXH	X			X

- ↑ : Measurable at No. 1 cylinder
compression TDC
- ↑ : Measurable at No. 3 cylinder
compression TDC



PBIC2358E

Fig. 109: Measuring Valve Clearances At No. 1 Cylinder Compression TDC
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- c. Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise (when view from engine front) by 270 degrees from the position of No. 1 cylinder compression TDC to align No. 3 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.

NOTE: Crankshaft pulley mounting bolt flange has a angle mark every 90 degrees. They can be used as a guide to rotation angle.

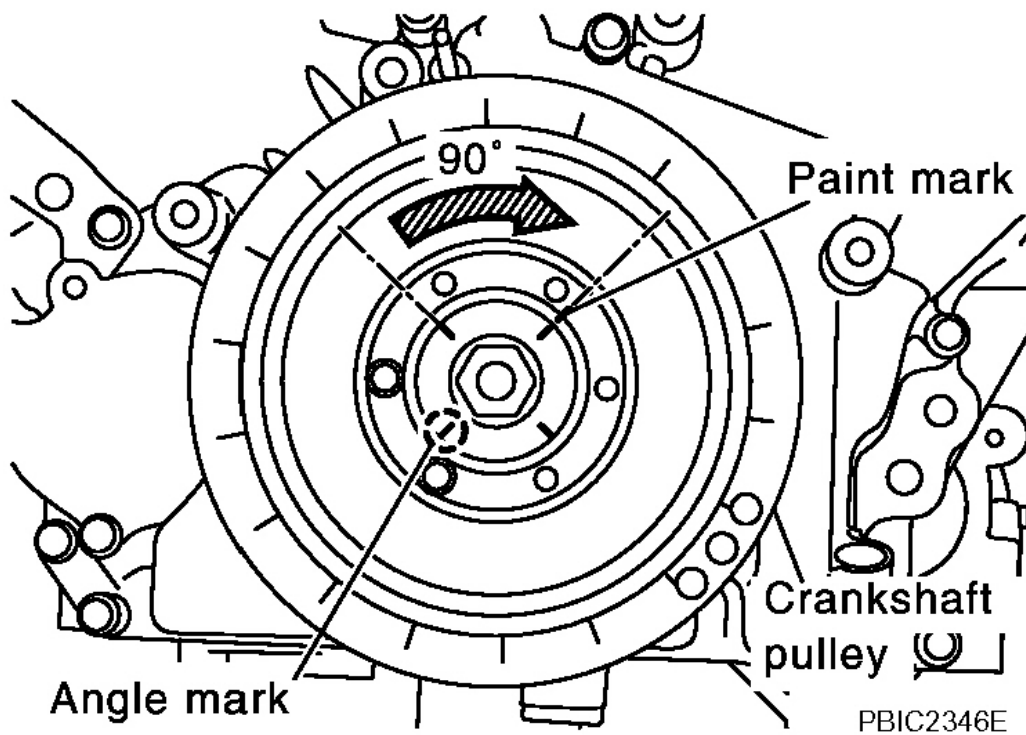


Fig. 110: Rotating Crankshaft Pulley From Position Of No. 1 Cylinder Compression TDC
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "X" as shown in the table below (locations indicated with white arrow in figure)
- No. 3 cylinder at compression TDC

NO. 3 CYLINDER AT COMPRESSION TDC

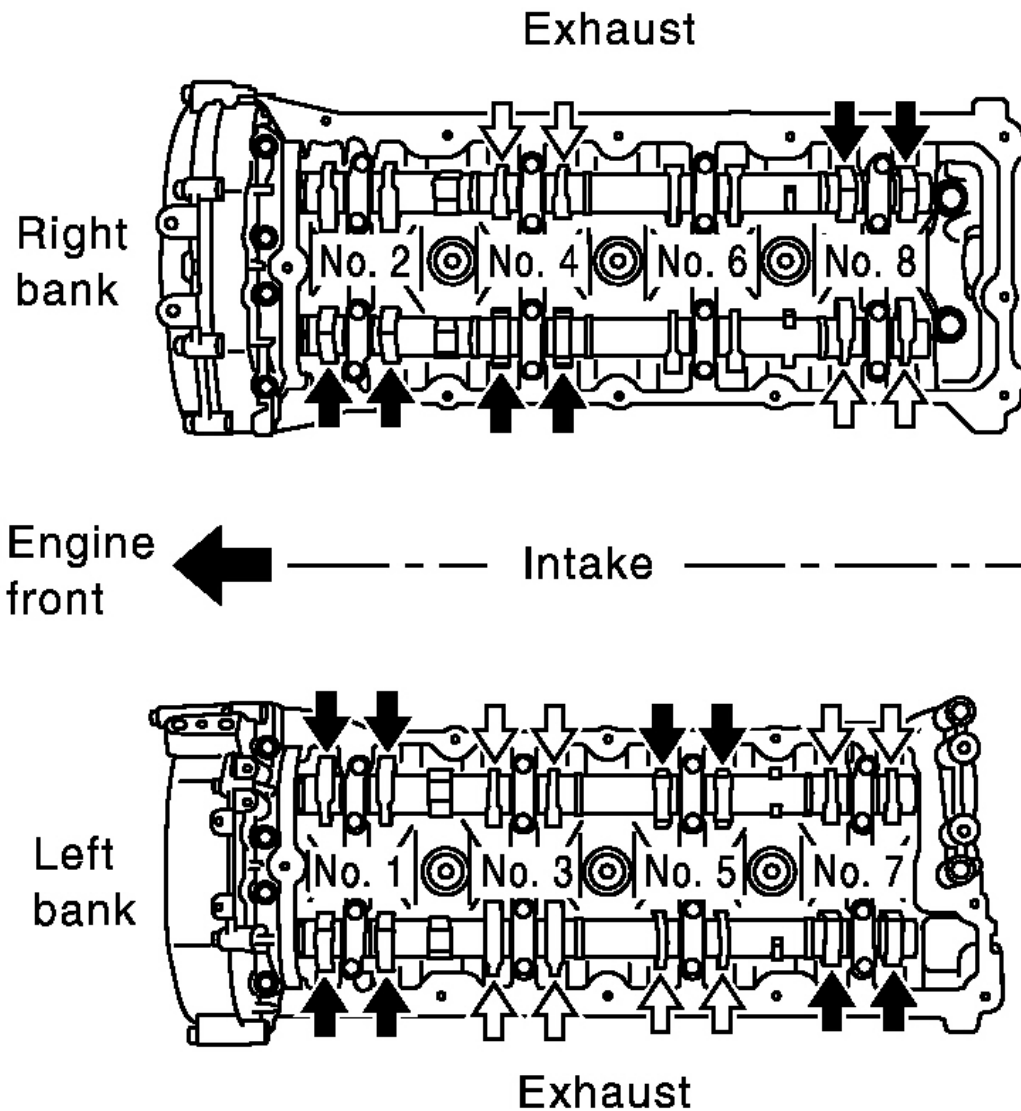
Measuring position (right bank)	No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.	No. 8 CYL.
No. 3 cylinder at compression TDC	EXH	X		

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

	INT				X
Measuring position (left bank)		No. 1 CYL.	No. 3 CYL.	No. 5 CYL.	No. 7 CYL.
No. 3 cylinder at compression TDC	INT		X	X	
	EXH		X	X	

- ↑ : Measurable at No. 1 cylinder
compression TDC
- ↑ : Measurable at No. 3 cylinder
compression TDC



PBIC2358E

Fig. 111: Measuring Valve Clearances At No. 3 Cylinder Compression TDC
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- d. Rotate crankshaft pulley clockwise (when view from engine front) by 90 degrees from the position of No. 3 cylinder compression TDC to align No. 6 cylinder at TDC of its compression stroke.

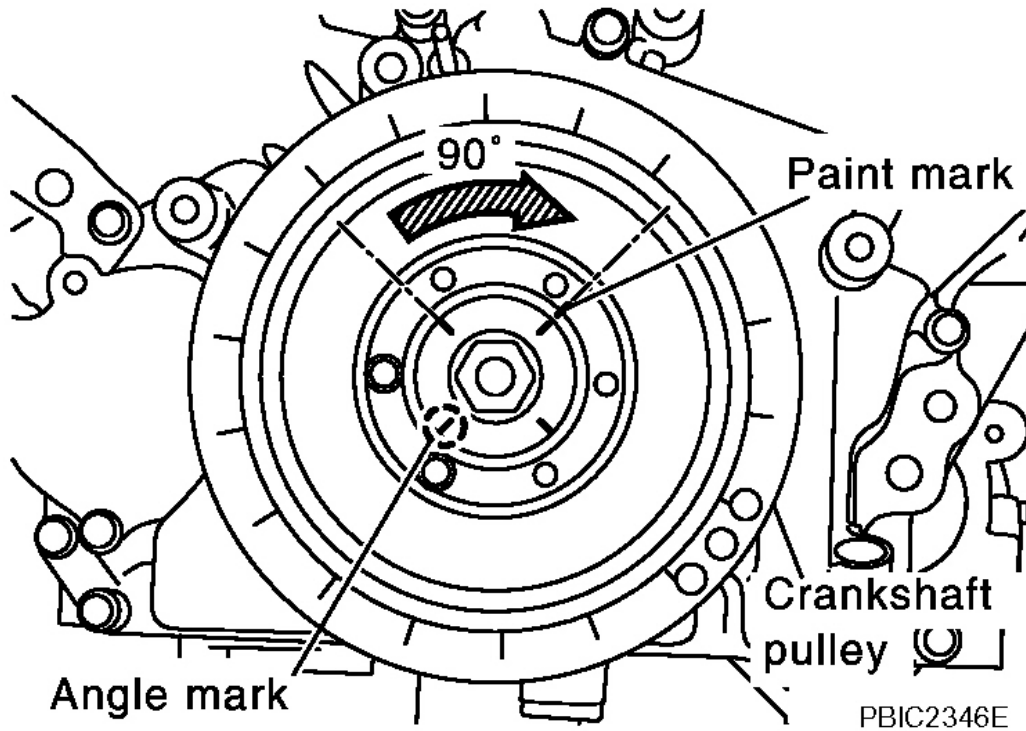


Fig. 112: Rotating Crankshaft Pulley From Position Of No. 3 Cylinder Compression TDC
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- By referring to the figure, measure the valve clearances at locations marked "X" as shown in the table below.
- No. 6 cylinder at compression TDC

NO. 6 CYLINDER AT COMPRESSION TDC

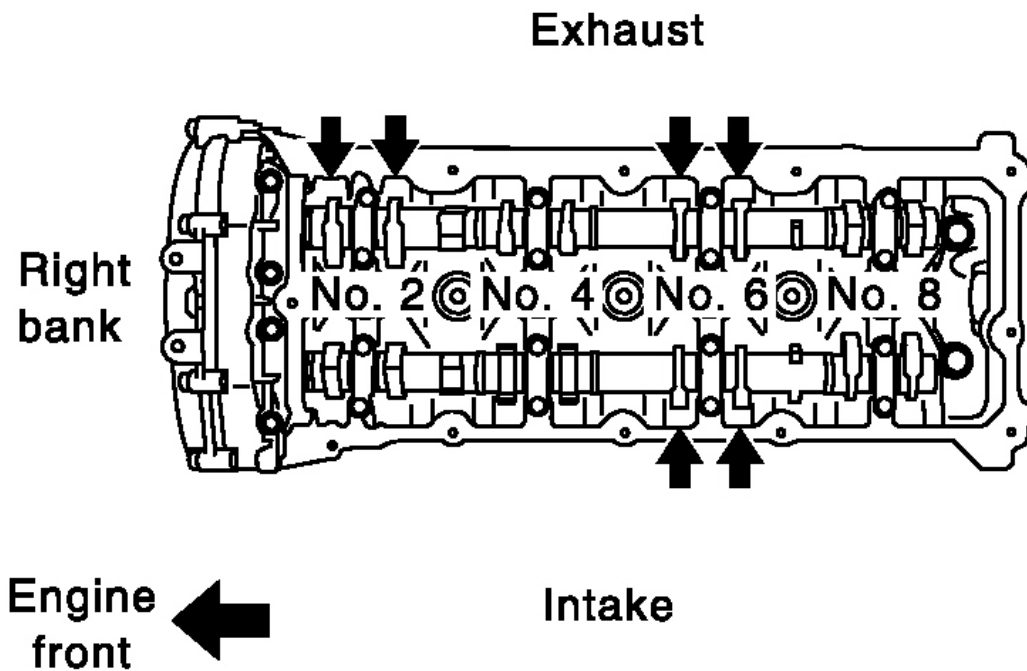
Measuring position (right bank)		No. 2 CYL.	No. 4 CYL.	No. 6 CYL.	No. 8 CYL.
No. 6 cylinder at compression TDC	EXH	X		X	
	INT			X	

3. For the measured value are out of the standard, perform adjustment. Refer to "**ADJUSTMENT**".

ADJUSTMENT

NOTE: Adjust valve clearance while engine is cold.

1. Thoroughly wipe off engine oil around adjusting shim using rag.
2. Rotate crankshaft to position cam nose on camshaft of valve that must be adjusted upward.

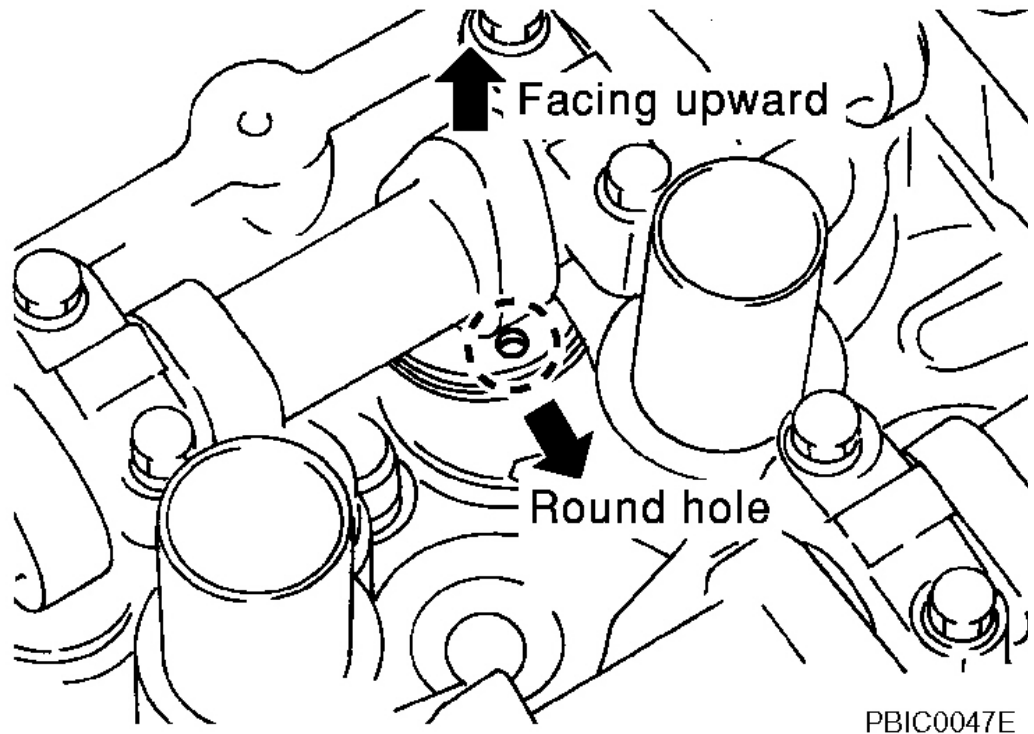


PBIC0824E

Fig. 113: Measuring Valve Clearances At No. 6 Cylinder Compression TDC
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Using small screwdriver, turn the round hole of adjusting shim in the direction of the arrow.

CAUTION: perform (the above procedure) during camshaft do not contact with adjusting shim.



PBIC0047E

Fig. 114: Identifying Round Hole Of Adjusting Shim
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Install lifter stopper [SST: 10115120 (J38972-2)] as follows:
 - a. Except exhaust side of No. 7 and 8 cylinder;
 - i. Place camshaft pliers (SST) around camshaft as shown in the figure.
 - ii. Rotate camshaft pliers so that valve lifter is pushed down.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage cam surface, valve lifter and cylinder head with camshaft pliers.

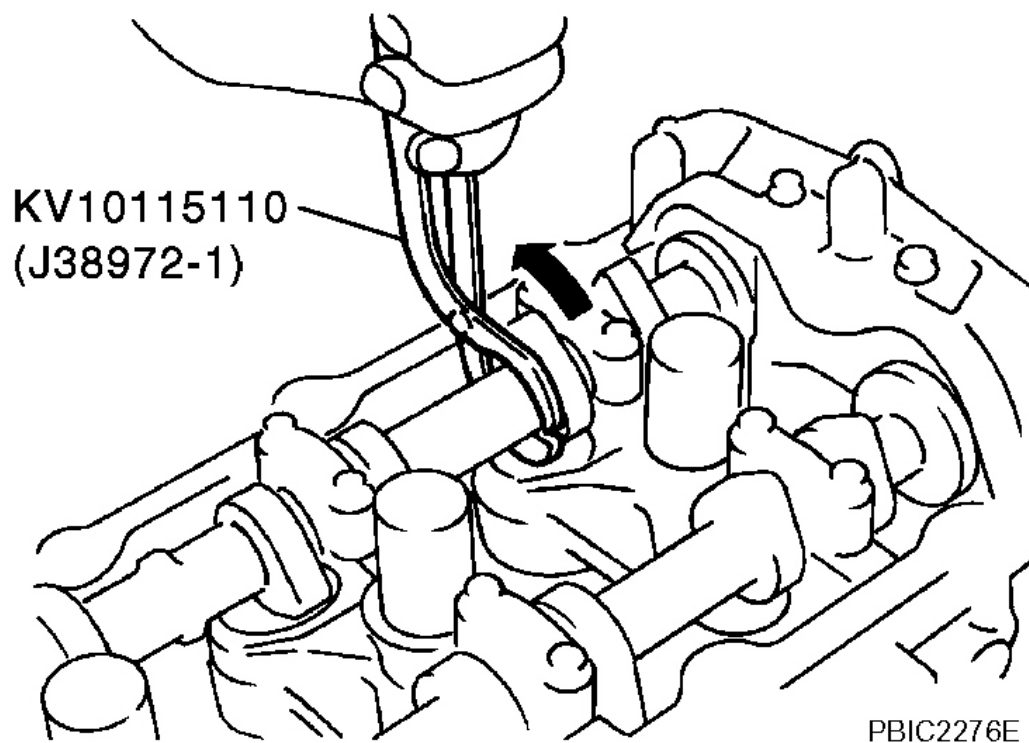


Fig. 115: Placing Camshaft Pliers (SST) Around Camshaft
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- iii. Place lifter stopper between camshaft and the edge of valve lifter to retain valve lifter.

CAUTION:

- Lifter stopper must be placed as close to camshaft bracket as possible.
- Be careful not to damage cam surface, valve lifter and cylinder head with lifter stopper.

- iv. Remove camshaft pliers.

CAUTION: Camshaft pliers should be removed by rotating it slowly because lifter stopper hits and damages journal portion by rotating camshaft pliers quickly.

- b. Exhaust side of No. 7 and 8 cylinder;

NOTE:

Exhaust side of No. 7 and 8 cylinder does not have space for installing camshaft pliers [SST: KV10115110 (J38972-1)]. therefore,

install lifter stopper [SST: KV10115120 (J38972-2)] according to the following instructions.

- i. Rotate crankshaft to press cam nose to the adjusting part of valve lifter.
- ii. Place lifter stopper between camshaft and the edge of valve lifter to retain valve lifter.

CAUTION:

- Lifter stopper must be placed as close to camshaft bracket as possible.
- Be careful not to damage cam surface, valve lifter and cylinder head with lifter stopper.

- iii. Rotate crankshaft slowly 180 degrees clockwise.

CAUTION: Rotating crankshaft slowly because lifter stopper hits and damages journal portion by rotating crankshaft quickly.

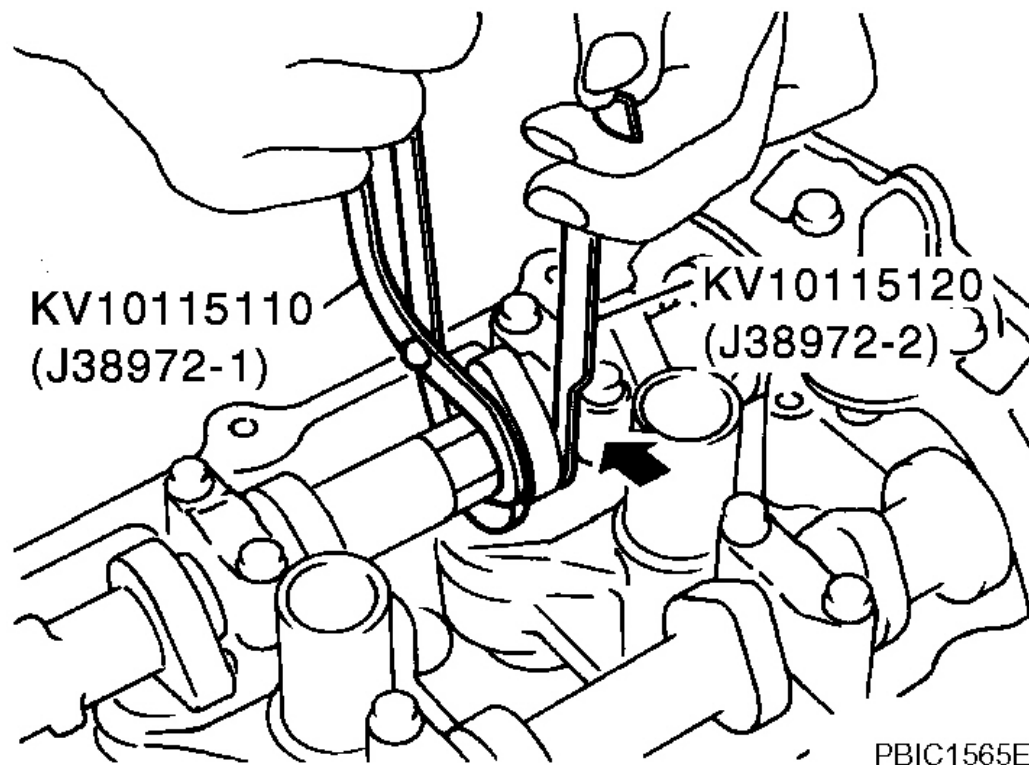


Fig. 116: Installing Camshaft Pliers
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

5. Blow air into the round hole to separate adjusting shim from valve lifter.

CAUTION: When blowing, use goggles to protect your eye.

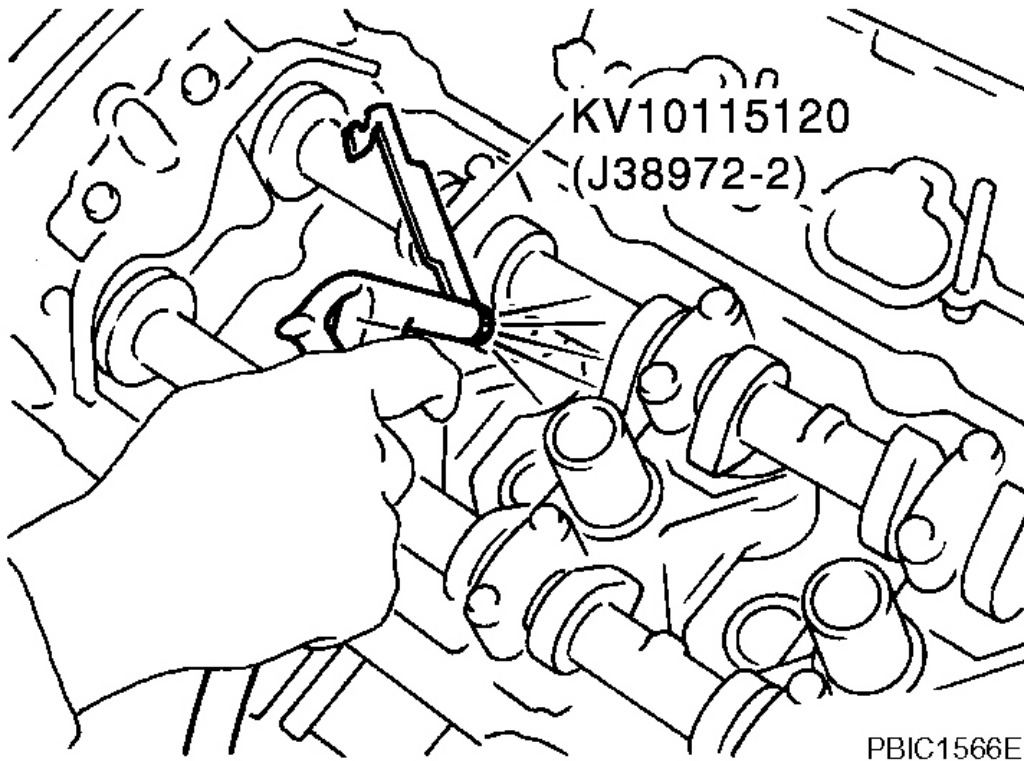


Fig. 117: Removing Adjusting Shim From Valve Lifter By Blowing Air Into Round Hole
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Remove adjusting shim with magnetic hand.

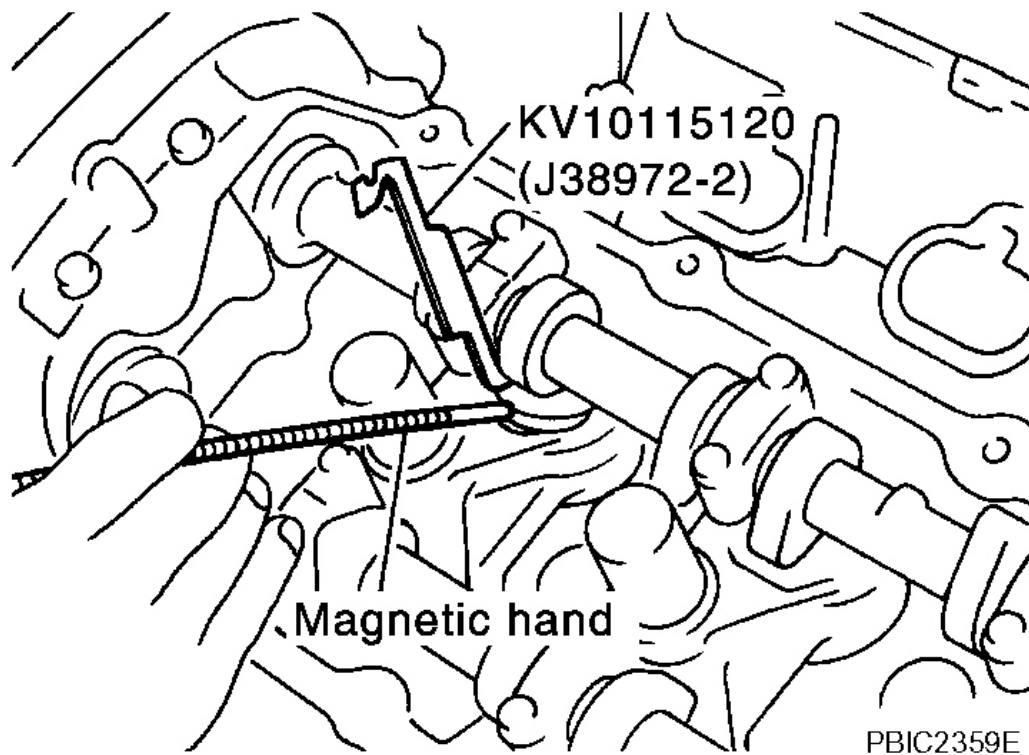
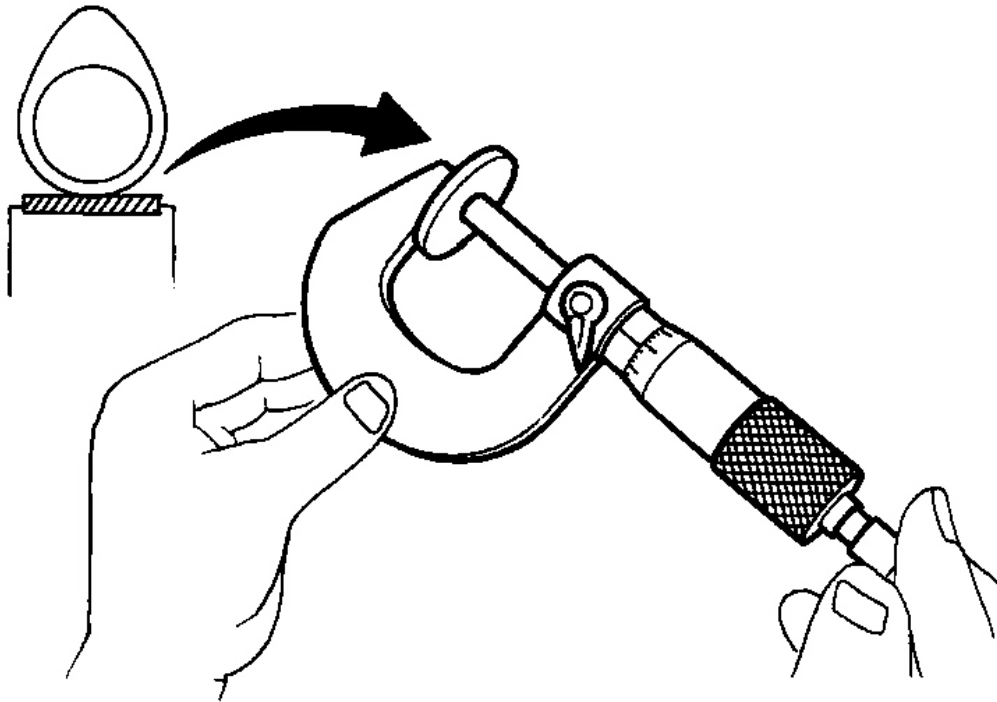


Fig. 118: Removing Adjusting Shim With Magnetic Hand
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

7. Use the equation below to calculate adjusting shim thickness for replacement.
 - Using micrometer determine thickness of removed shim with measured at center.



SEM145D

Fig. 119: Identifying Thickness Of Removed Shim By Using Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Calculate thickness of new adjusting shim so valve clearance comes within specified values.

Valve lifter thickness calculation: $t = t1 + (C1 - C2)$

t = Valve lifter thickness to be replaced

$t1$ = Removed valve lifter thickness

$C1$ = Measured valve clearance

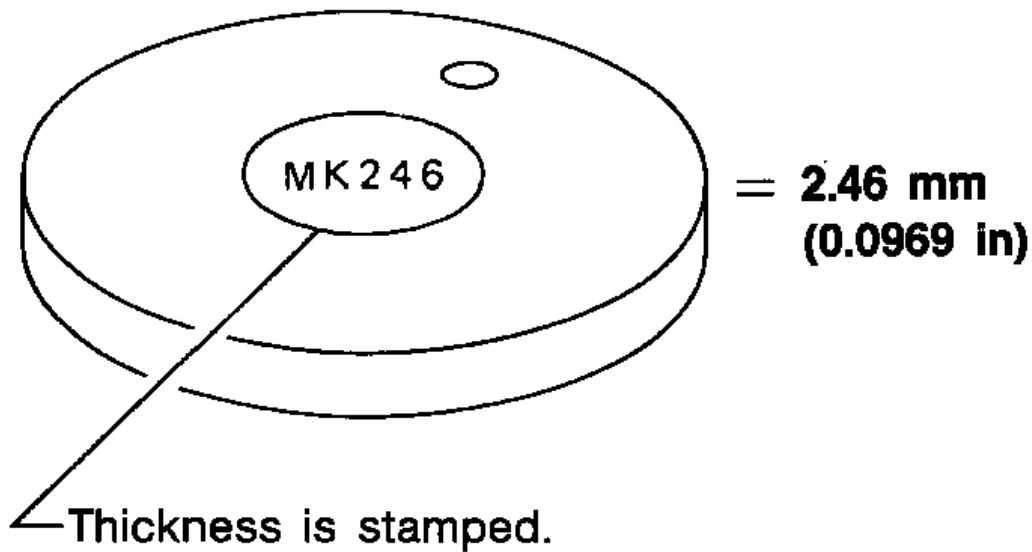
$C2$ = Standard valve clearance:

Intake : 0.30 mm (0.012 in)

Exhaust : 0.33 mm (0.013 in)

Shims are available in 64 sizes from 2.32 mm (0.0913 in) to 2.95 mm (0.1161 in) in steps of 0.01 mm (0.0004 in). Refer to "AVAILABLE ADJUSTING SHIMS".

- Thickness of new adjusting shim can be identified by stamp marks on the reverse side (inside the cylinder).



SEM873E

Fig. 120: Identifying Thickness Of Adjusting Shim By Stamp Marks
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

8. Install new adjusting shim using suitable tool.
 - Install with the surface on which the thickness is stamped facing down.

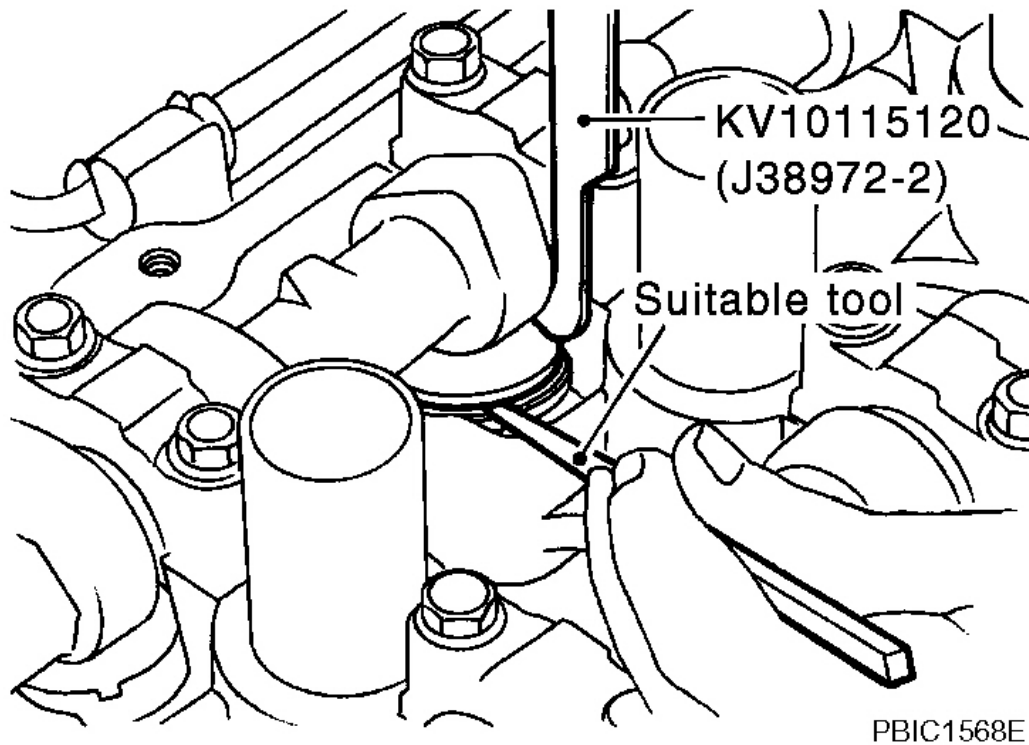


Fig. 121: Installing Adjusting Shim By Using Tool
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

9. Remove lifter stopper as follows:
 - a. Except exhaust side of No. 7 and 8 cylinder;
 - i. Perform same procedure for removal, place camshaft pliers (SST).
 - ii. Remove lifter stopper (SST).
 - iii. Remove camshaft pliers.

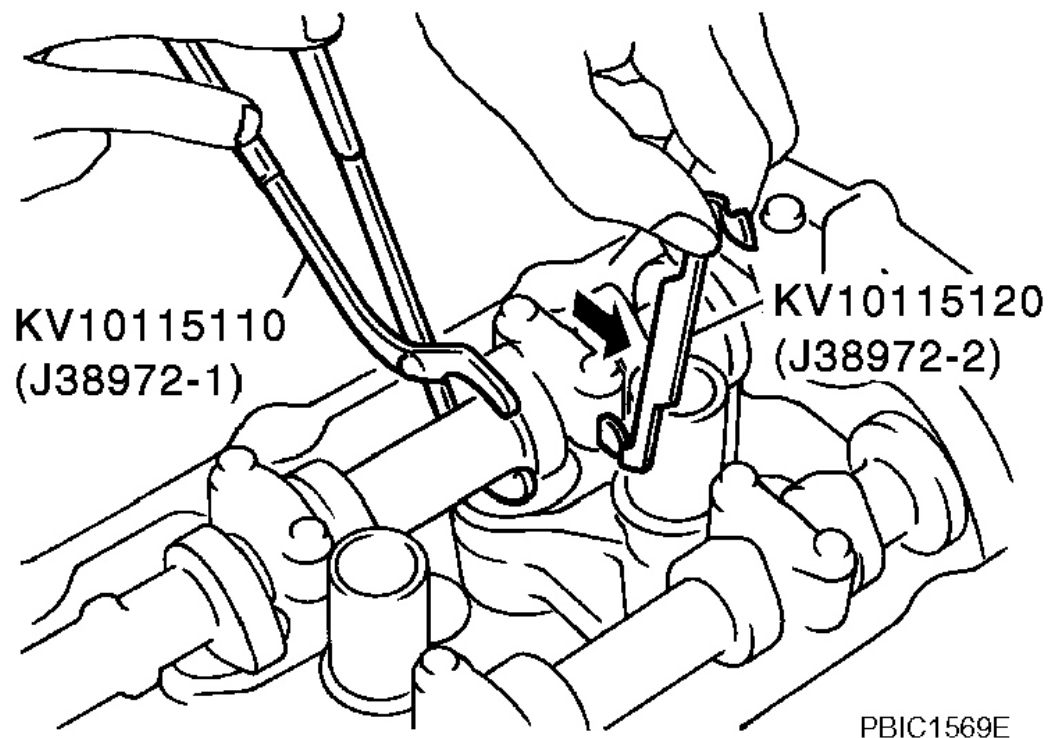


Fig. 122: Placing Camshaft Pliers (SST)
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Exhaust side of No. 7 and 8 cylinder.
 - Rotate crankshaft slowly 180 degrees clockwise. then remove lifter stopper.
- 10. Manually turn crankshaft pulley a few turns.
- 11. Make sure that the valve clearance is within the standard. Refer to "**INSPECTION**".
- 12. Install all removed parts in the reverse order of removal. Refer to "**INSTALLATION**".
- 13. Warm up the engine, and check for unusual noise and vibration.

OIL SEAL

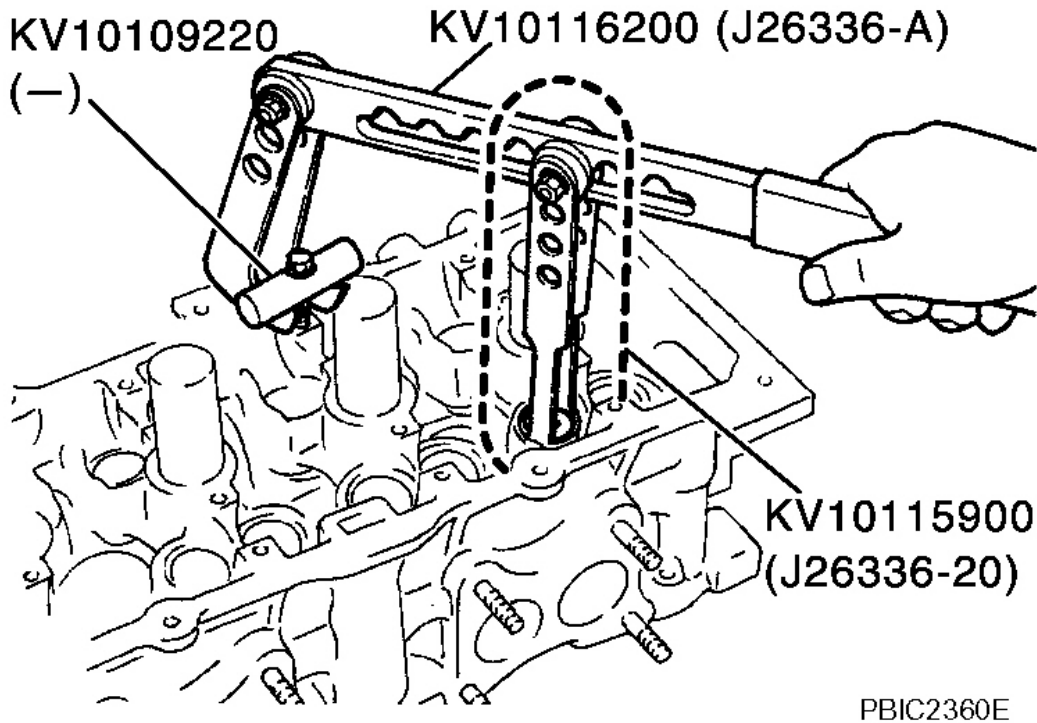
REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF VALVE OIL SEAL

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine assembly from vehicle. Refer to "**ENGINE ASSEMBLY**".
2. Remove camshaft relating to valve oil seal to be removed. Refer to "**CAMSHAFT**".
3. Remove adjusting shims and valve lifters. Refer to "**CAMSHAFT**".

- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
4. Turn crankshaft until the cylinder requiring new oil seals is at TDC. This will prevent valve from dropping into cylinder.
 5. Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with valve spring compressor, attachment and adapter (SST). Remove valve collet with magnetic hand.

CAUTION: When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.



PBIC2360E

Fig. 123: Compressing Valve Spring With Valve Spring Compressor
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Remove valve spring retainer and valve spring (with valve spring seat).

CAUTION: Do not remove valve spring seat from valve spring.

7. Remove valve oil seal using valve oil seal puller (SST).

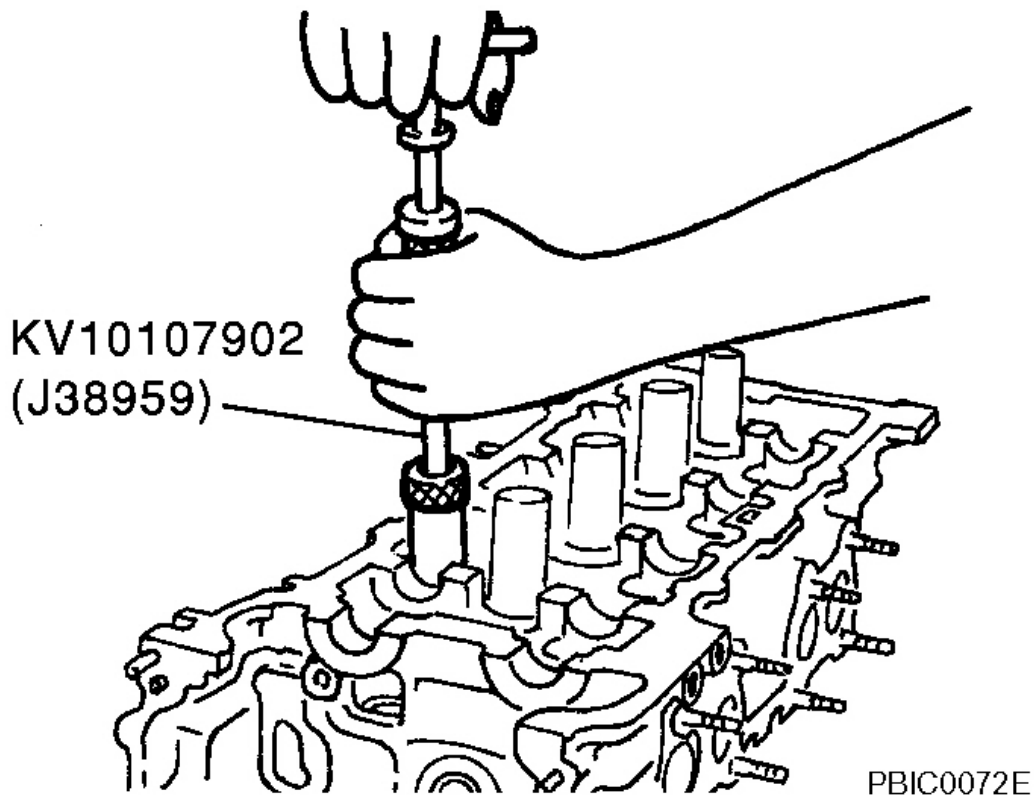
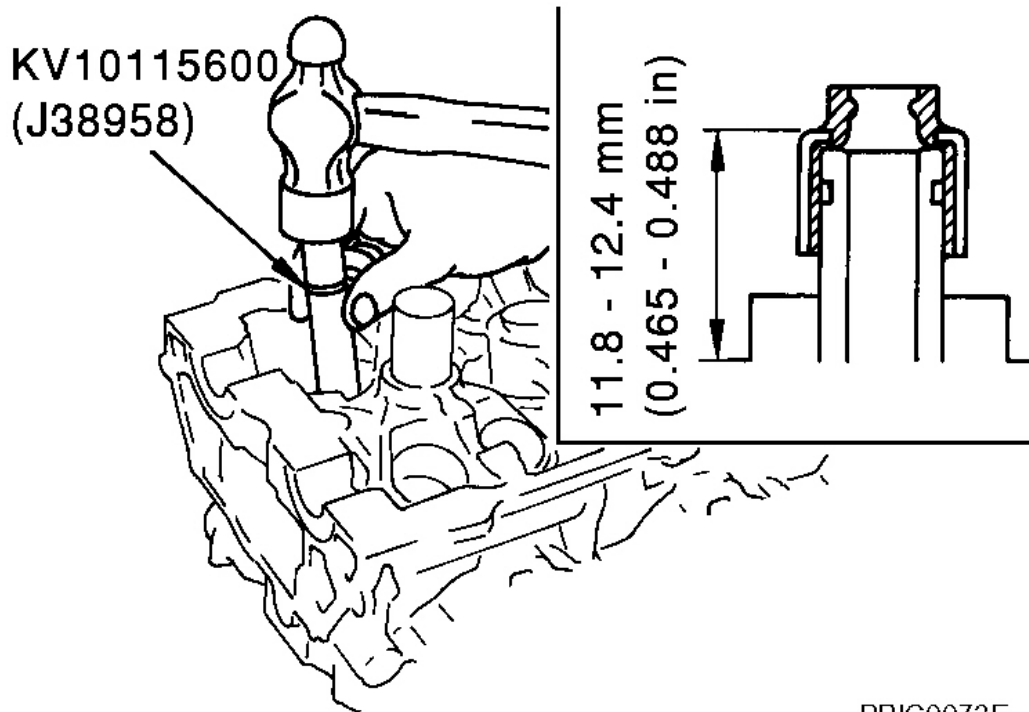


Fig. 124: Removing Valve Oil Seal Using Valve Oil Seal Puller (SST)
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

1. Apply new engine oil on new valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
2. Install valve oil seal.
 - Install with valve oil seal drift (SST) to match dimension in the figure.
3. Install in the reverse order of removal.



PBIC0073E

Fig. 125: Installing Valve Oil Seal Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF FRONT OIL SEAL

REMOVAL

1. Remove the following parts:
 - Front engine undercover
 - Radiator; Refer to "**RADIATOR** "
 - Drive belt; Refer to "**DRIVE BELTS**".
 - Cooling fan; Refer to "**COOLING FAN** ".
 - Rear plate cover; Refer to "**OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER**".
2. Remove crankshaft pulley as follows:
 - a. Set ring gear stopper (SST).

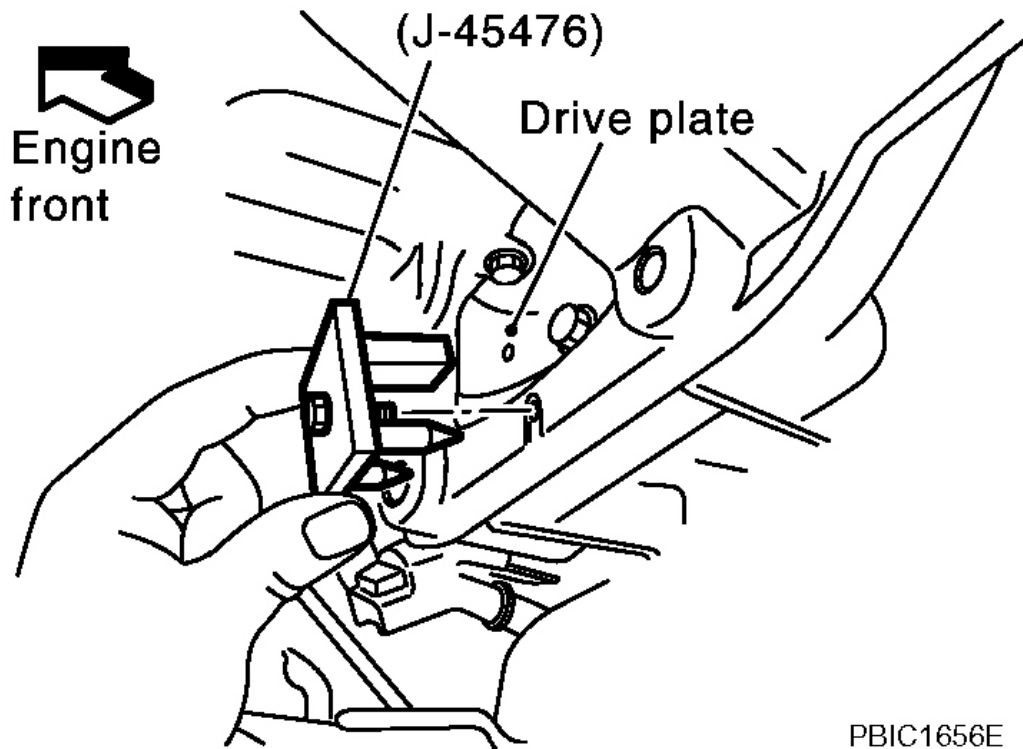


Fig. 126: Setting Ring Gear Stopper
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Loosen crankshaft pulley bolt, and then pull crankshaft pulley with both hands to remove it.

CAUTION:

- Do not remove crankshaft pulley bolt. Keep loosened crankshaft pulley bolt in place to protect removed crankshaft pulley from dropping.
- Do not remove balance weight (inner hexagon bolt) at the front of crankshaft pulley.

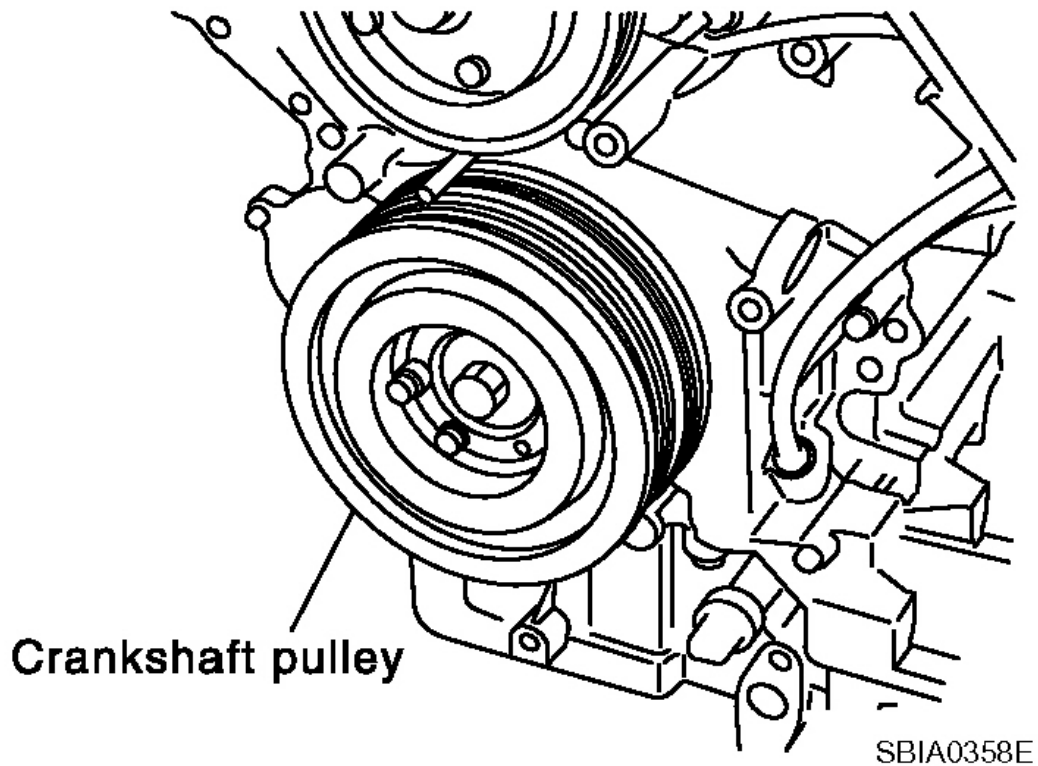
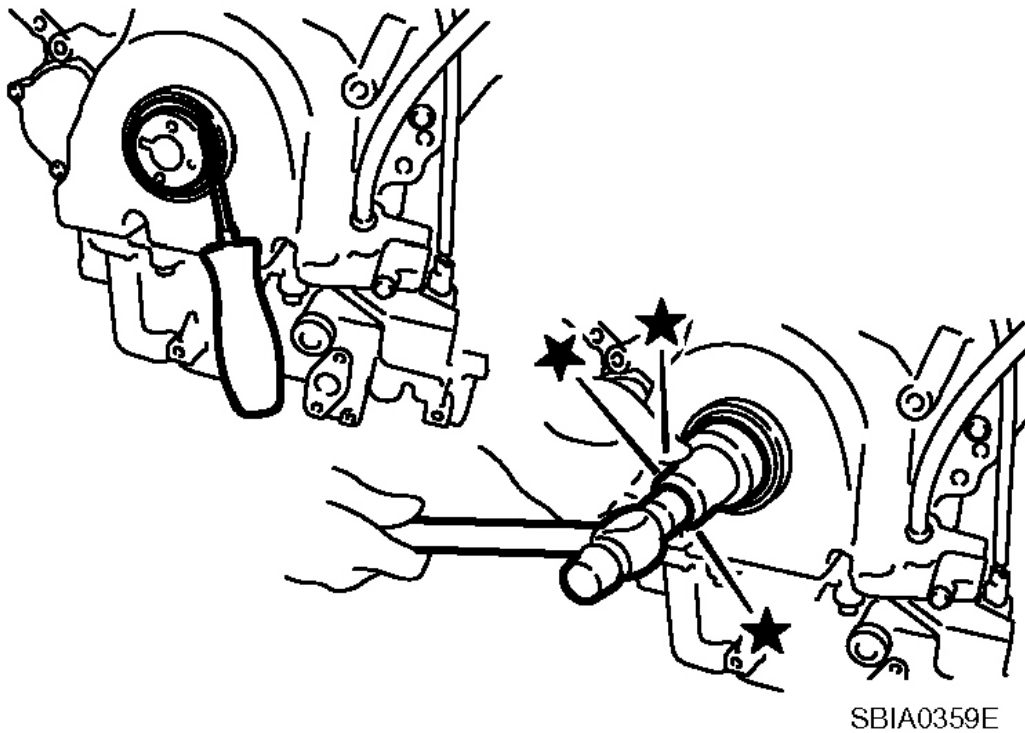


Fig. 127: Identifying Crankshaft Pulley From Dropping
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Remove front oil seal using suitable tool.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage front cover and oil pump drive spacer.

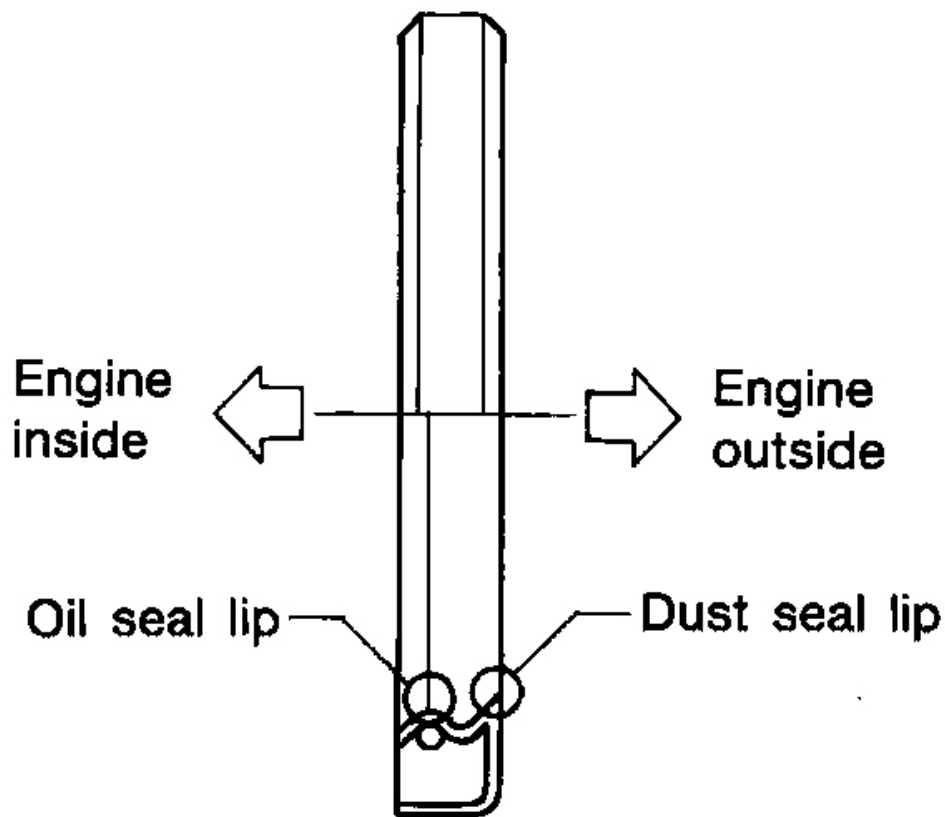


SBIA0359E

Fig. 128: Removing Front Oil Seal Using Tool
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

1. Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip of new front oil seal.
2. Install front oil seal.
 - Install front oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.



SEM715A

Fig. 129: Identifying Inner & Outer Seal Lips
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Using front oil seal drift, press fit until the height of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.

Front oil seal drift

Outer diameter : 56 mm (2.20 in)

Inner diameter : 49 mm (1.93 in)

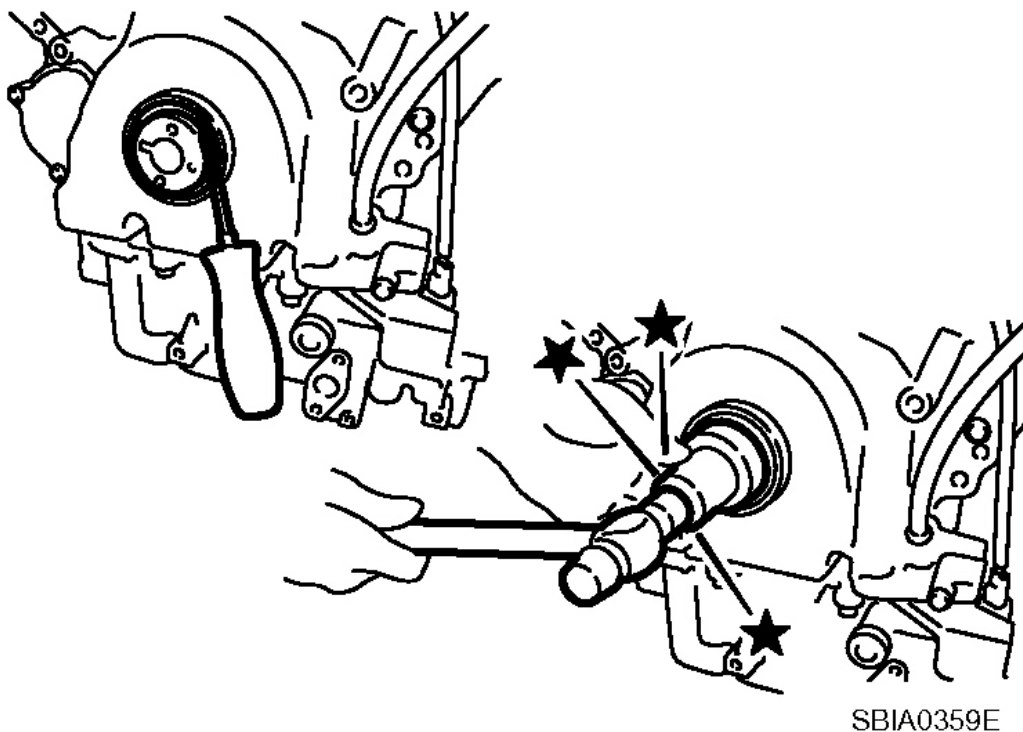


Fig. 130: Pressing Fit By Using Front Oil Seal Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Make sure the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage front cover and oil pump drive spacer.
- Press fit straight and avoid causing burrs or tilting oil seal.

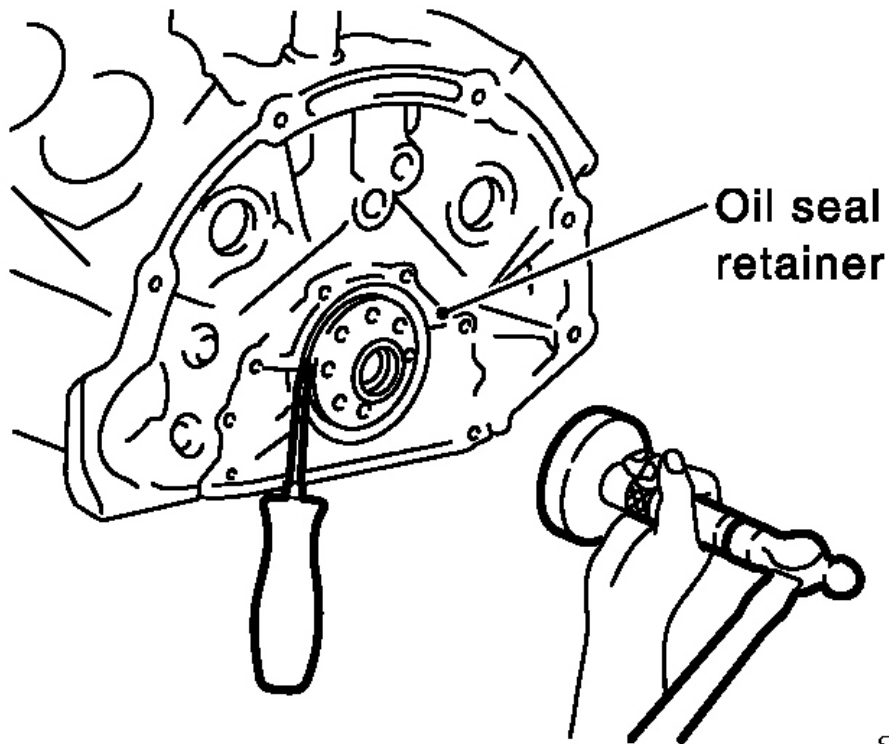
3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION OF REAR OIL SEAL

REMOVAL

1. Remove transmission (with transfer) assembly. Refer to "TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY".
 - a. Remove drive plate. Refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK".
 - b. Remove engine rear plate. Refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK".
2. Remove rear oil seal using suitable tool.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage crankshaft and oil seal retainer surface.

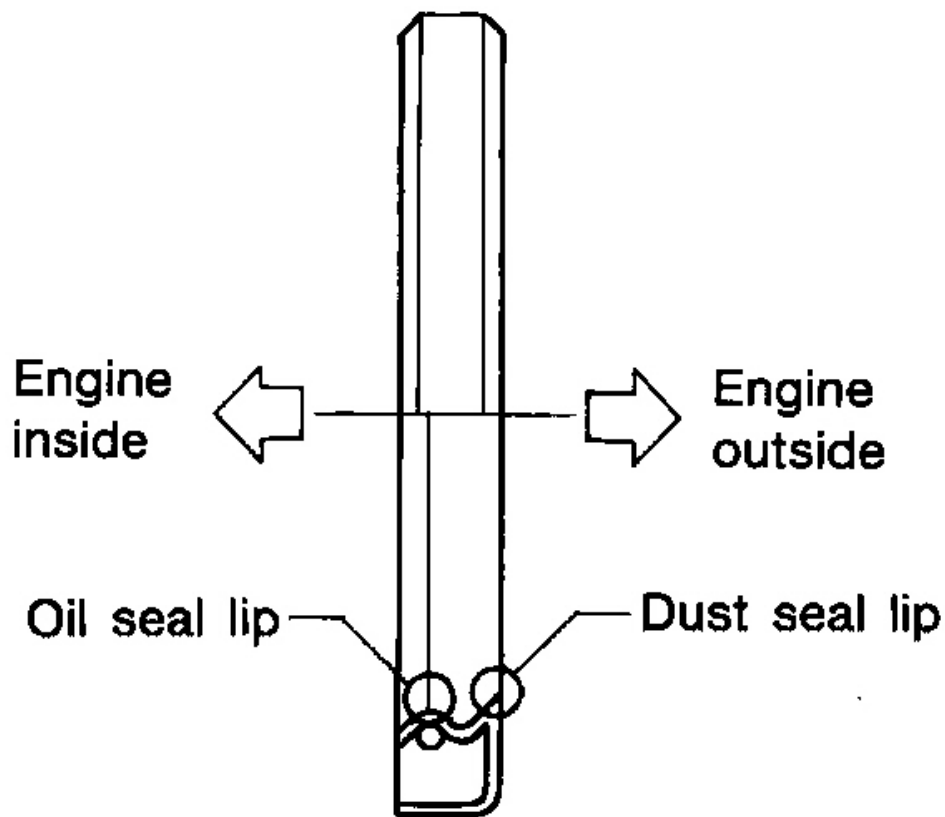


SBIA0360E

Fig. 131: Removing Rear Oil Seal
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSTALLATION

1. Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip of new rear oil seal.
2. Install rear oil seal.
 - Install rear oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.



SEM715A

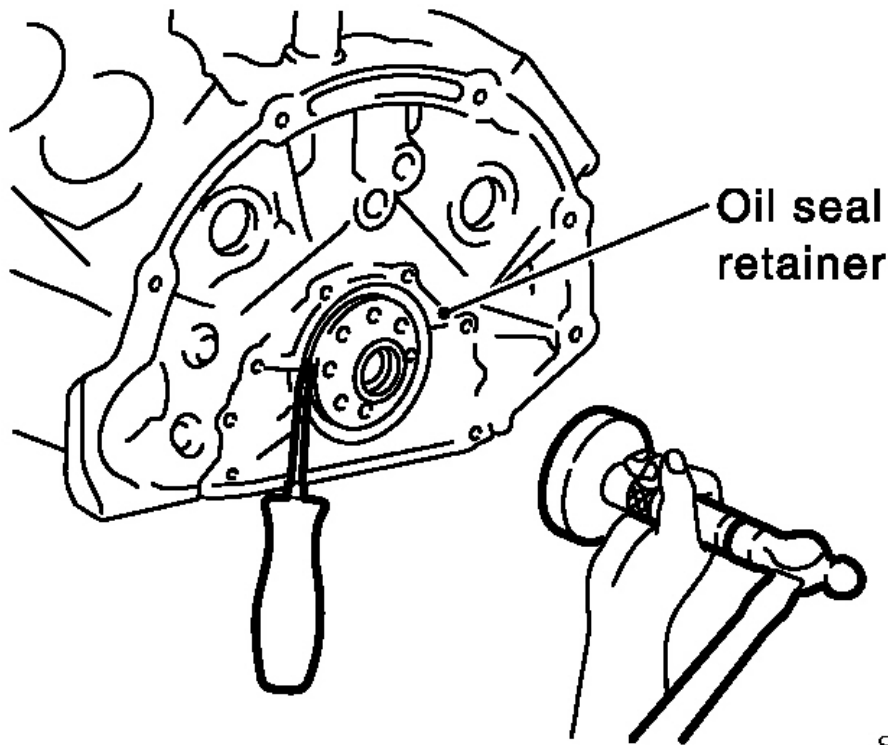
Fig. 132: Identifying Inner & Outer Seal Lips
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Using rear oil seal drift (commercial service tool), press fit until the height of front oil seal is level with the mounting surface.

Rear oil seal drift

Outer diameter : 102 mm (4.02 in)

Inner diameter : 86 mm (3.39 in)



SBIA0360E

Fig. 133: Pressing Fit By Using Rear Oil Seal Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Make sure the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.

CAUTION:

- Be careful not to damage crankshaft and rear oil seal retainer.
- Press fit straight and avoid causing burrs or tilting oil seal.

3. Install in the reverse order of removal.

CYLINDER HEAD

ON-VEHICLE SERVICE

CHECKING COMPRESSION PRESSURE

1. Warm up engine thoroughly. Then, stop it.
2. Release fuel pressure. Refer to "**FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE**".
 - a. Remove fuel pump fuse to avoid fuel injection during measurement.

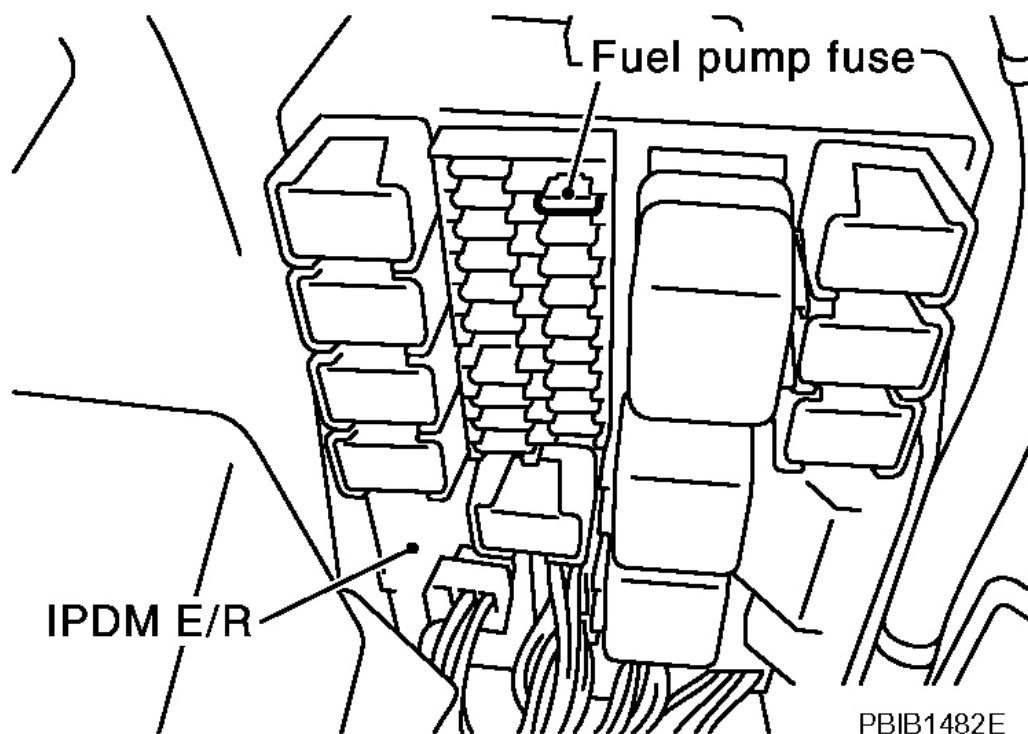


Fig. 134: Identifying Fuel Pump Fuse To Avoid Fuel Injection During Measurement
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Remove engine cover with power tool. Refer to "**ENGINE ROOM COVER**".
4. Remove ignition coil and spark plug from each cylinder. Refer to "**IGNITION COIL**" and "**SPARK PLUG (PLATINUM-TIPPED TYPE)**".
5. Connect engine tachometer (not required in use of CONSULT-II).
6. Install compression gauge with adapter (SST or commercial service tool) onto spark plug hole.
 - Use compression gauge adapter (SST) which is required on No. 7 and 8 cylinders.

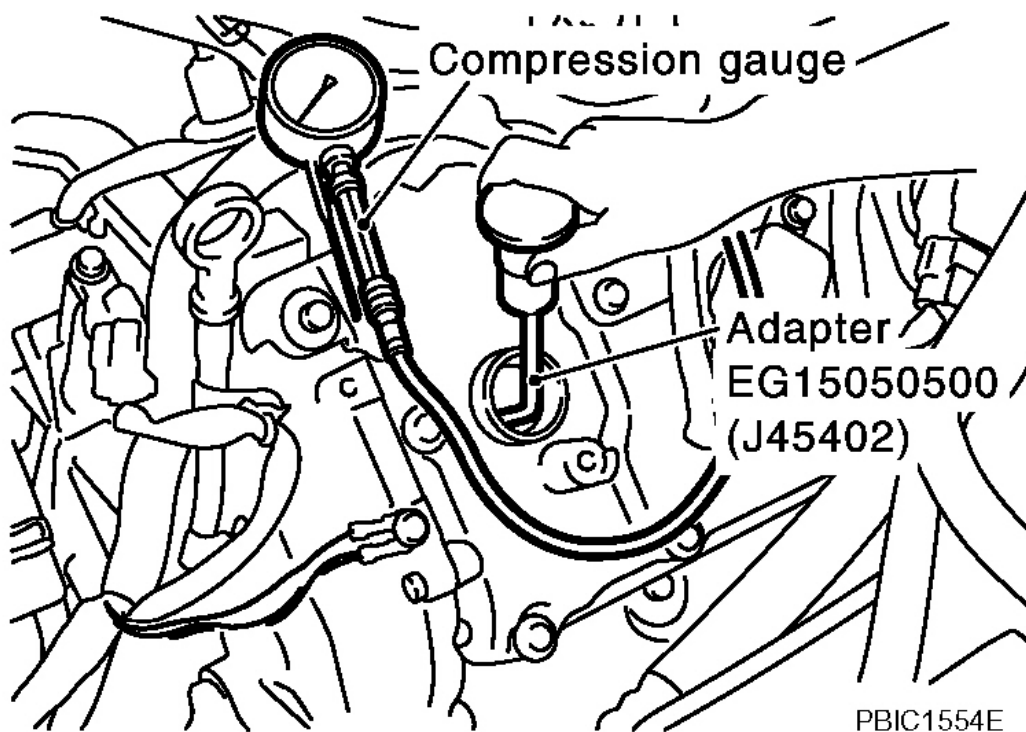
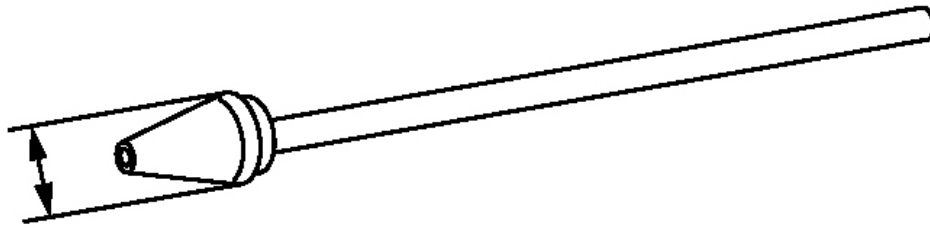


Fig. 135: Installing Compression Gauge With Adapter
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Use compression gauge adapter (if no SST is used) whose picking up end inserted to spark plug hole is smaller than 20 mm (0.79 in) in diameter. Otherwise, it may be caught by cylinder head during removal.



20 mm (0.79 in) dia.

SBIA0533E

Fig. 136: Identifying Spark Plug Hole Diameter
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

7. With accelerator pedal fully depressed, turn ignition switch to "START" for cranking. When the gauge pointer stabilizes, read the compression pressure and engine RPM. Perform these steps to check each cylinder.

Compression pressure:

COMPRESSION PRESSURE

Unit: kPa (kg/cm ² , psi) /RPM		
Standard	Minimum	Deferential limit between cylinders
1,320 (13.5, 191) / 300	1,130 (11.5, 164) / 300	98 (1.0, 14) / 300

CAUTION: Always use a fully charged battery to obtain the specified engine speed.

- If the engine speed is out of specified range, check battery liquid for proper gravity. Check engine speed again with normal battery gravity.
- If compression pressure is below minimum value, check valve clearances and parts associated with combustion chamber (valve, valve seat, piston, piston ring, cylinder bore, cylinder head, cylinder head gasket). After the checking, measure compression pressure again.
- If some cylinders have low compression pressure, pour small amount of engine oil into the spark plug hole of the cylinder to re-check it for compression.
 - If the added engine oil improves the compression, piston rings may be worn out or damaged.

Check the piston rings and replace if necessary.

- If the compression pressure remains at low level despite the addition of engine oil, valves may be malfunctioning. Check valves for damage. Replace valve or valve seat accordingly.
 - If two adjacent cylinders have respectively low compression pressure and their compression remains low even after the addition of engine oil, cylinder head gaskets are leaking. In such a case, replace cylinder head gaskets.
8. After inspection is completed, install removed parts in the reverse order of removal.
 9. Start engine, and make sure that engine runs smoothly.
 10. Perform trouble diagnosis. If DTC appears, erase it. Refer to "**TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS**".

COMPONENTS

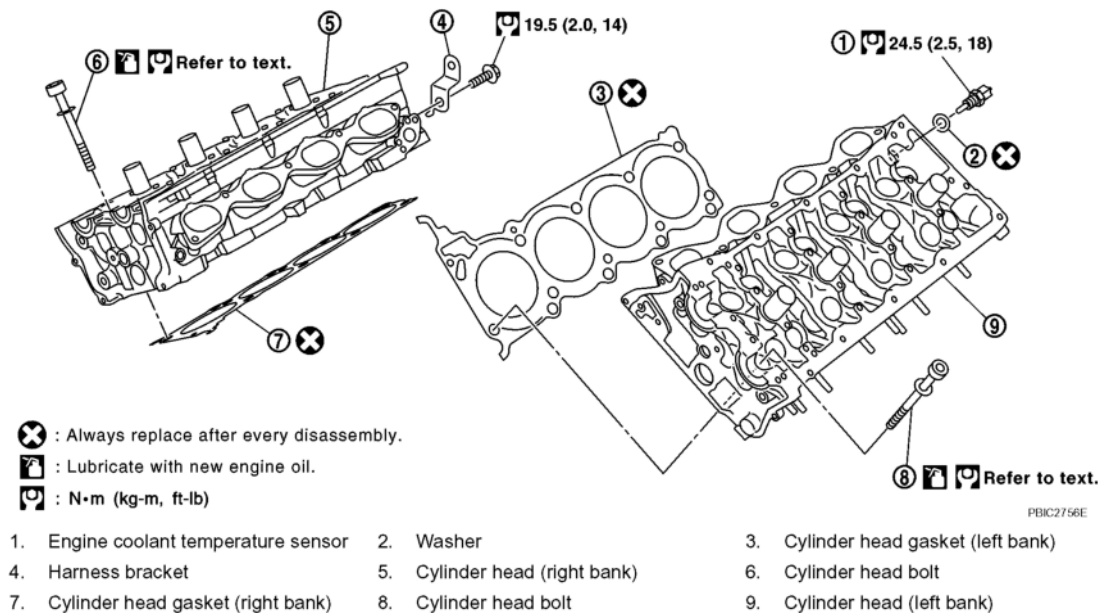


Fig. 137: Identifying Cylinder Head Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

REMOVAL

1. Remove engine assembly from vehicle. Refer to "**ENGINE ASSEMBLY**".
2. Remove exhaust manifold. Refer to "**EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST**".
3. Remove camshaft. Refer to "**CAMSHAFT**".
4. Remove cylinder head bolts in reverse order as shown in the figure with cylinder head bolt wrench (commercial service tool) to remove cylinder heads (right and left banks).

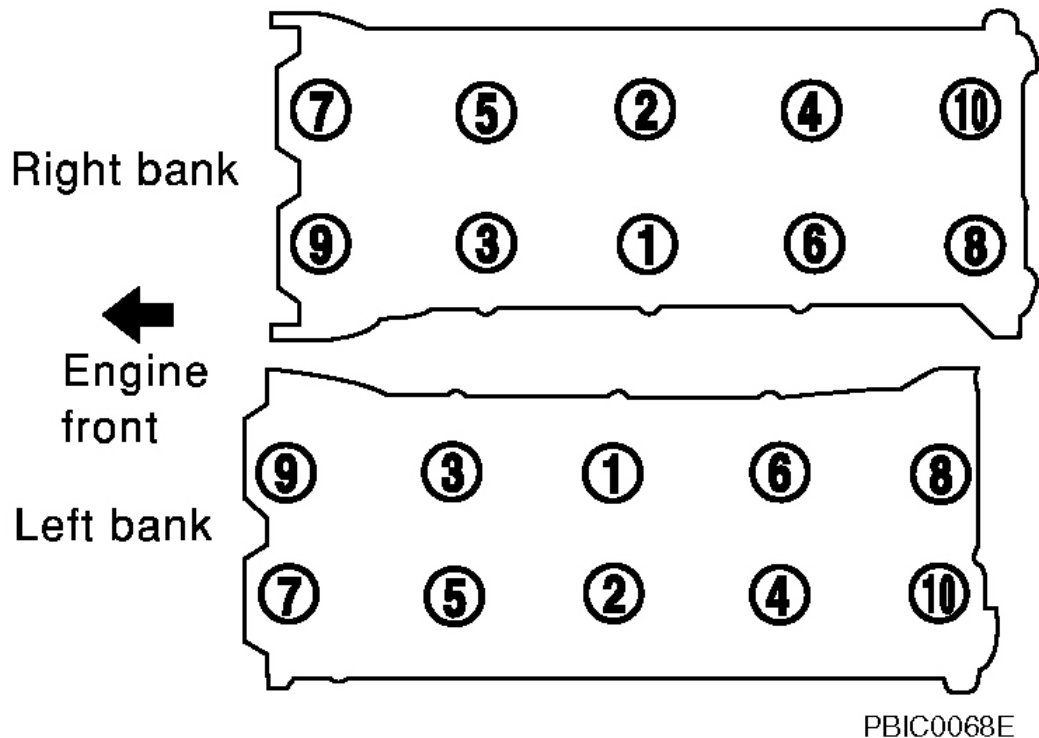


Fig. 138: Identifying Cylinder Head Bolts To Remove Cylinder Heads In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

5. Remove cylinder head gaskets.

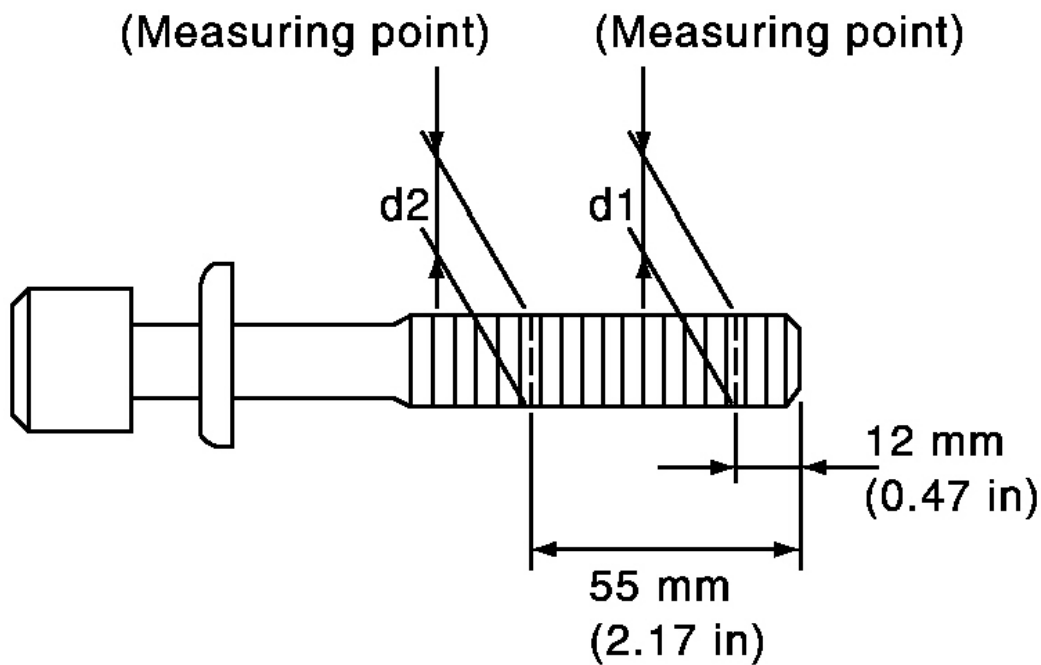
INSPECTION AFTER REMOVAL

Cylinder Head Bolts Outer Diameter

- Cylinder head bolts are tightened by plastic zone tightening method. Whenever the size difference between "d1" and "d2" exceeds the limit, replace them with new one.

Limit ("d1" - "d2") : 0.18 mm (0.0071 in)

- If reduction of outer diameter appears in a position other than "d2", use it as "d2" point.



PBIC2361E

Fig. 139: Identifying Cylinder Head Bolts Outer Diameter
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Cylinder Head Distortion

NOTE: When performing this inspection, cylinder block distortion should be also checking. Refer to "CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION".

1. Using scraper, wipe off oil, scale, gasket, sealant and carbon deposits from surface of cylinder head.

CAUTION: Do not allow gasket fragments to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.

2. At each of several locations on bottom surface of cylinder head, measure the distortion in six directions.

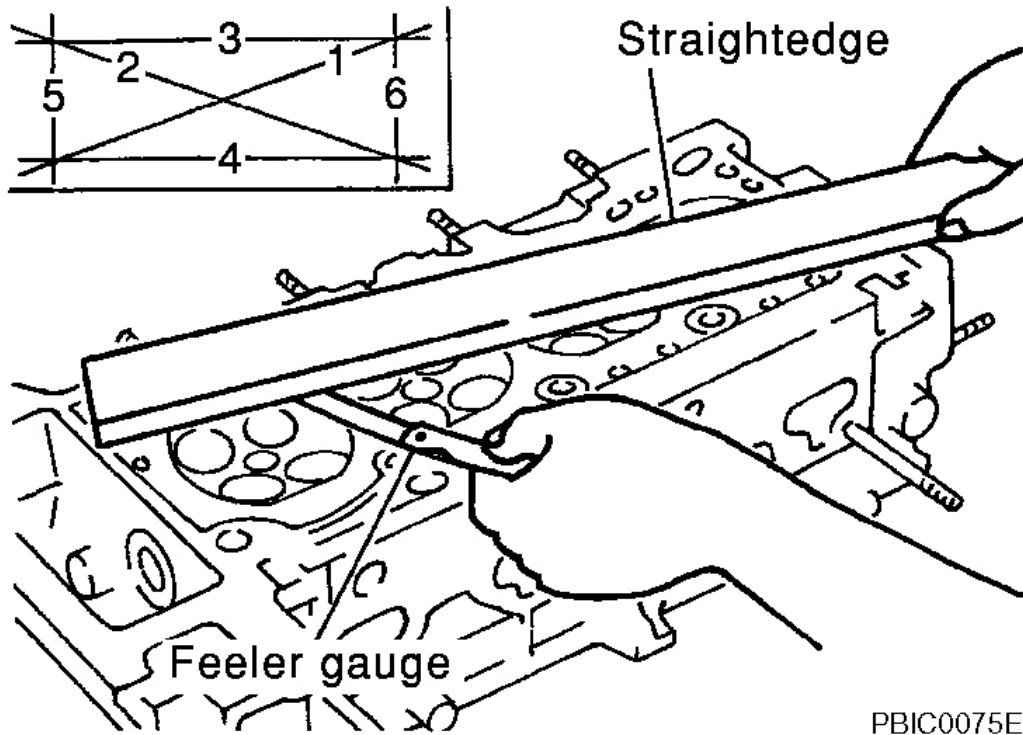
Limit : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder head.

INSTALLATION

1. Install new cylinder head gasket.

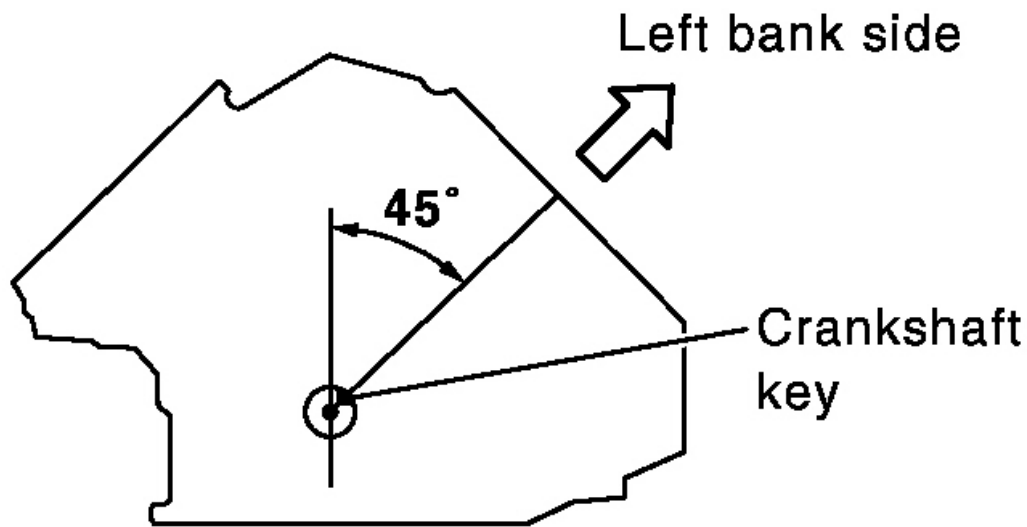
2. Turn crankshaft until No. 1 piston is set at TDC.



PBIC0075E

Fig. 140: Checking Cylinder Head Distortion By Using Feeler Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Crankshaft key should line up with the left bank cylinder center line as shown in the figure.



PBIC2389E

Fig. 141: Identifying Angle Between Crankshaft Key And Left Bank Cylinder Center Line
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Install cylinder head follow the steps below to tighten cylinder head bolts in numerical order as shown in the figure with cylinder head bolt wrench (commercial service tool).

CAUTION: If cylinder head bolts are re-used, check their outer diameters before installation. Refer to "CYLINDER HEAD BOLTS OUTER DIAMETER".

- a. Apply new engine oil to threads and seating surface of cylinder head bolts.
- b. Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

: 98.1 N.m (10 kg-m, 72 ft-lb)

- c. Completely loosen all cylinder head bolts.

: 0 N.m (0 kg-m, 0 ft-lb)

CAUTION: In step "c", loosen cylinder head bolts in reverse order of that indicated in the figure.

d. Tighten all cylinder head bolts.

: 44 N.m (4.5 kg-m, 33 ft-lb)

e. Turn all cylinder head bolts 60 degrees clockwise. (Angle tightening)

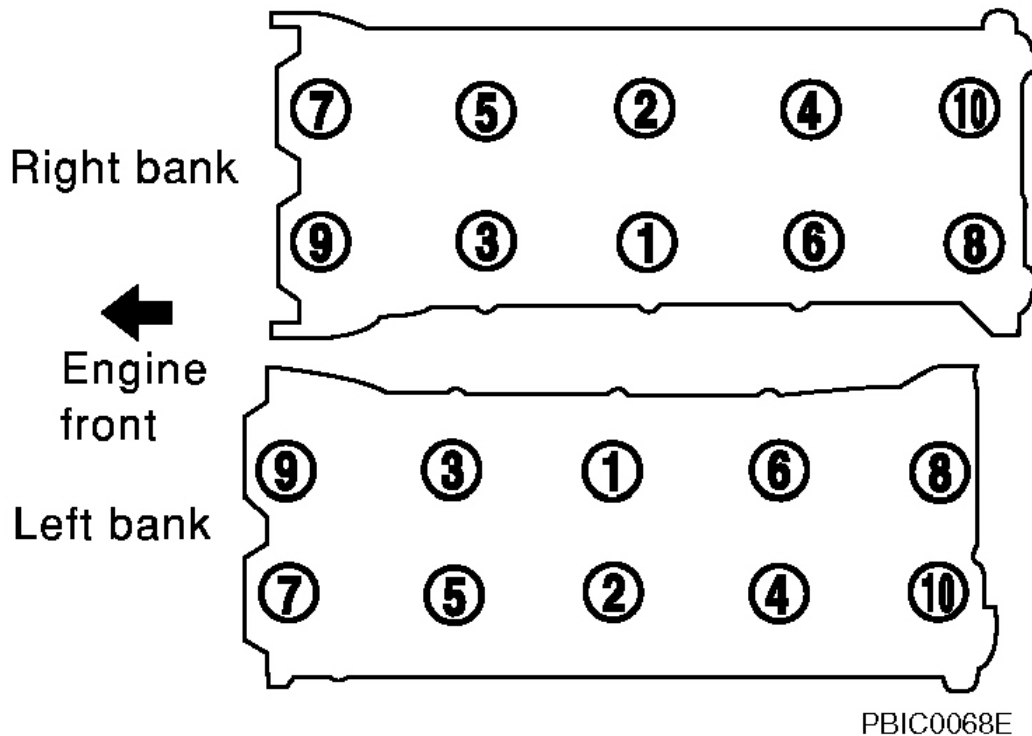


Fig. 142: Identifying Cylinder Head To Tighten Cylinder Head Bolts In Sequence
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION: Check the tightening angle by using angle wrench (SST). Avoid judgment by visual inspection without SST.

- Check tightening angle indicated on angle wrench indicator plate.

f. Turn all cylinder head bolts 60 degrees clockwise again. (Angle tightening)

4. Install in the reverse order of removal.

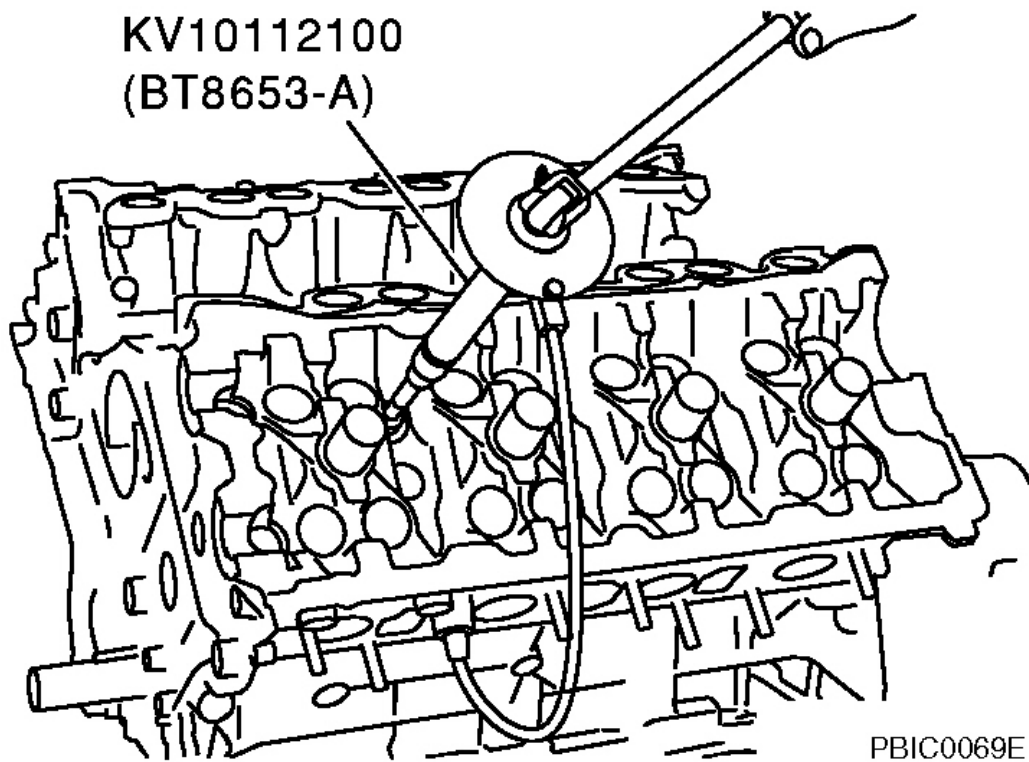


Fig. 143: Identifying Tightening Cylinder Head Bolts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

COMPONENTS

For GI, go to **GENERAL INFORMATION** .

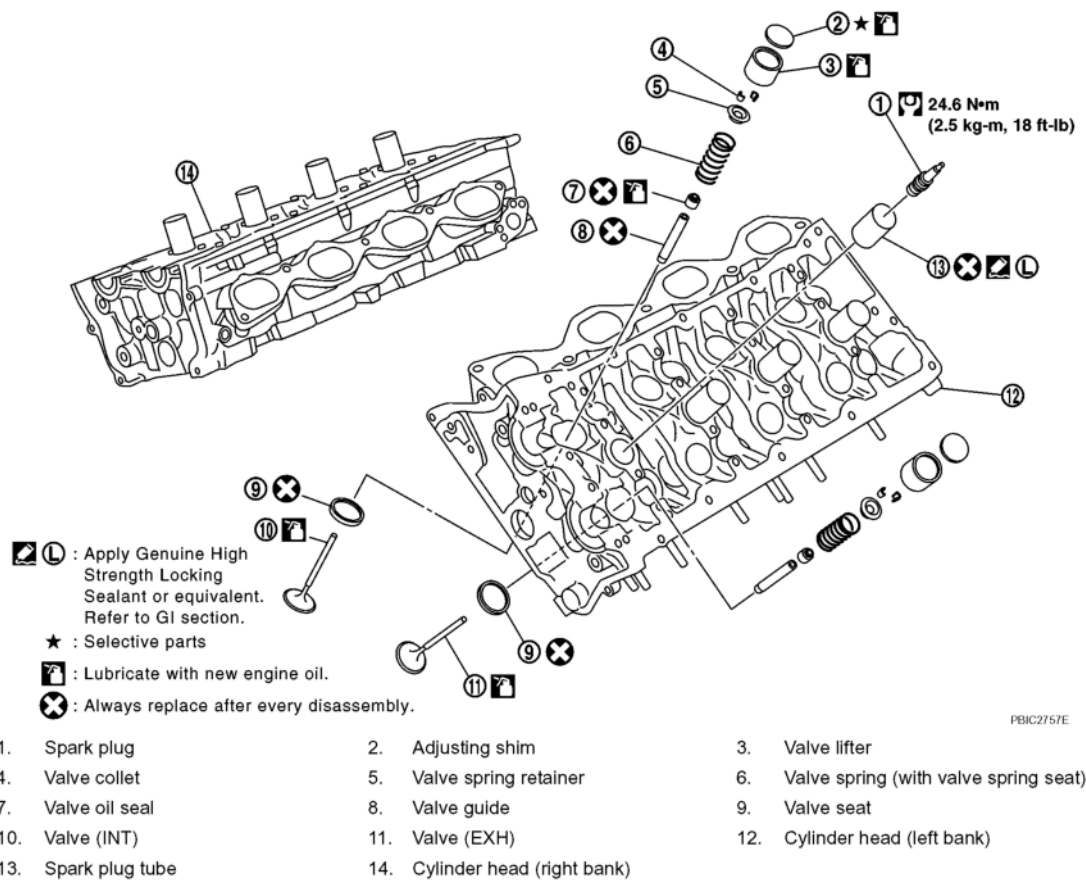


Fig. 144: Installing Cylinder Head And Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

DISASSEMBLY

1. Remove spark plug with spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).
2. Remove adjusting shim and valve lifter.
 - Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.
3. Remove valve collet.
 - Compress valve spring with valve spring compressor, attachment and adapter (SST). Remove valve collet with magnetic hand.

CAUTION: When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.

4. Remove valve spring retainer and valve spring (with valve spring seat).

CAUTION: Do not remove valve spring seat from valve spring.

5. Push valve stem to combustion chamber side, and remove valve.

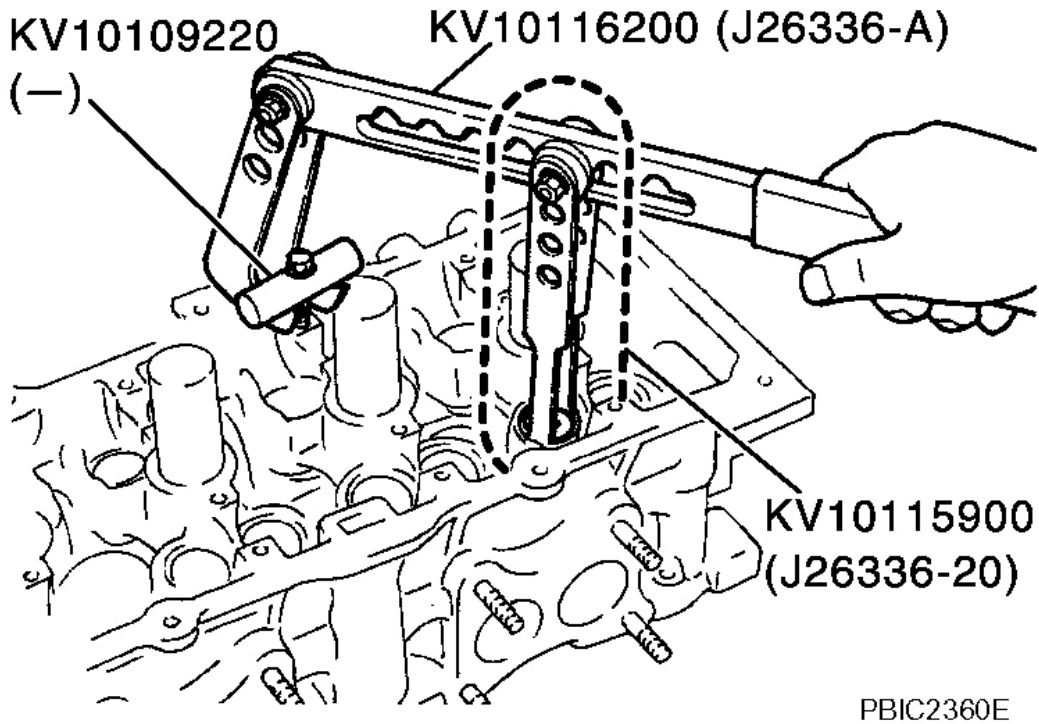


Fig. 145: Compressing Valve Spring With Valve Spring Compressor
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

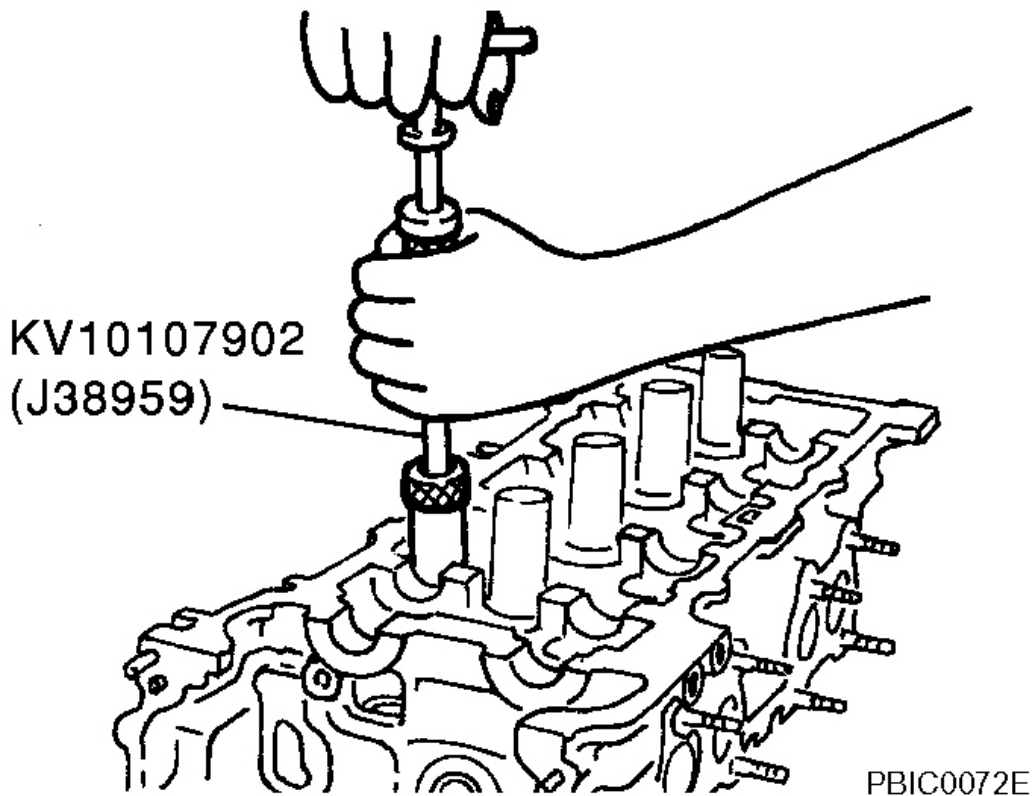


Fig. 146: Removing Valve Oil Seal With Valve Oil Seal Puller
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Remove valve oil seal with valve oil seal puller (SST).
7. If valve seat must be replaced, refer to "VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT".
8. If valve guide must be replaced, refer to "VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT".
9. Remove spark plug tube, as necessary.
 - Using pair of pliers, pull spark plug tube out of cylinder head.

CAUTION:

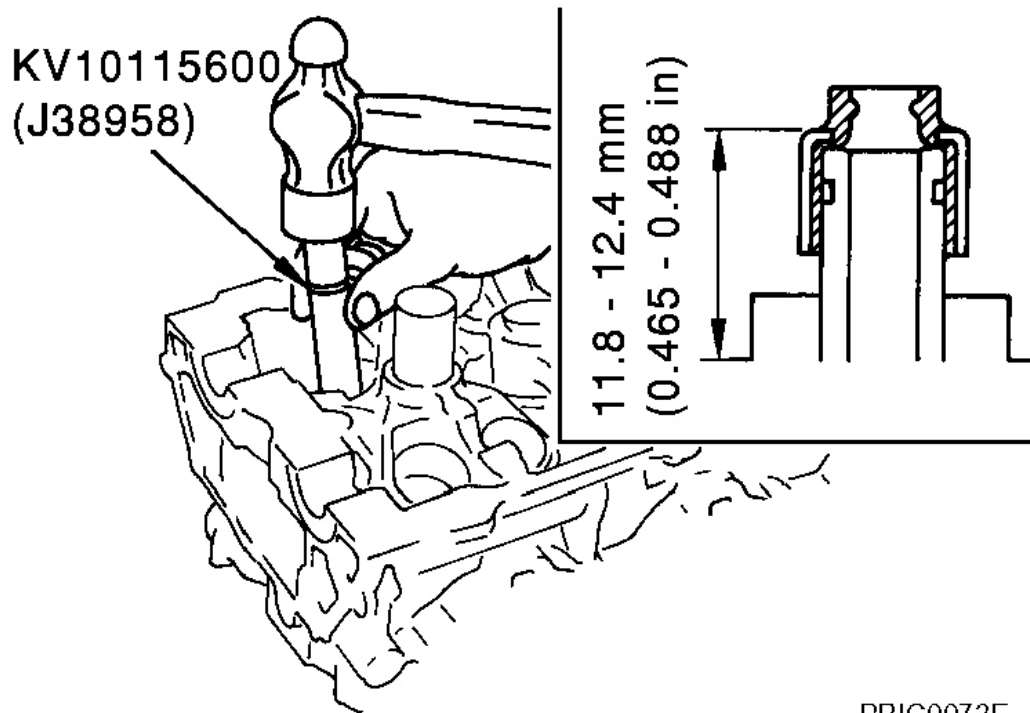
- Take care not to damage cylinder head.
- Once removed, spark plug tube will be deformed and cannot be reused. Do not remove it unless absolutely necessary.

ASSEMBLY

1. When valve guide is removed, install it. Refer to "VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT".
2. When valve seat is removed, install it. Refer to "VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT".

3. Install new valve oil seal as follows:

- a. Apply new engine oil on valve oil seal joint and seal lip.
- b. Install with valve oil seal drift (SST) to match dimension in the figure.



PBIC0073E

Fig. 147: Installing Valve Oil Seal Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Install valve.

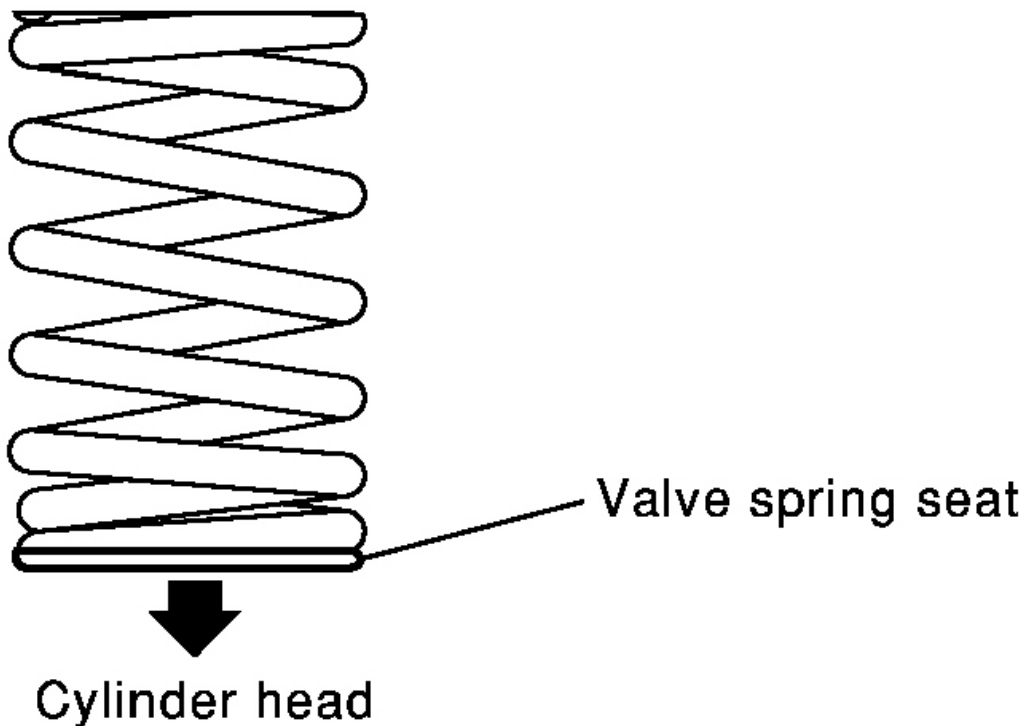
- Install in the original position.

NOTE: Larger diameter valves are for intake side.

5. Install valve spring (with valve spring seat).

- Install smaller pitch (valve spring seat side) to cylinder head side.

6. Install valve spring retainer.



PBIC0074E

Fig. 148: Identifying Smaller Pitch (Valve Spring Seat Side) To Cylinder Head Side
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

7. Install valve collet.

- Compress valve spring with valve spring compressor, attachment and adapter (SST). Install valve collet with magnetic hand.

CAUTION: When working, take care not to damage valve lifter holes.

- Tap stem edge lightly with plastic hammer after installation to check its installed condition.

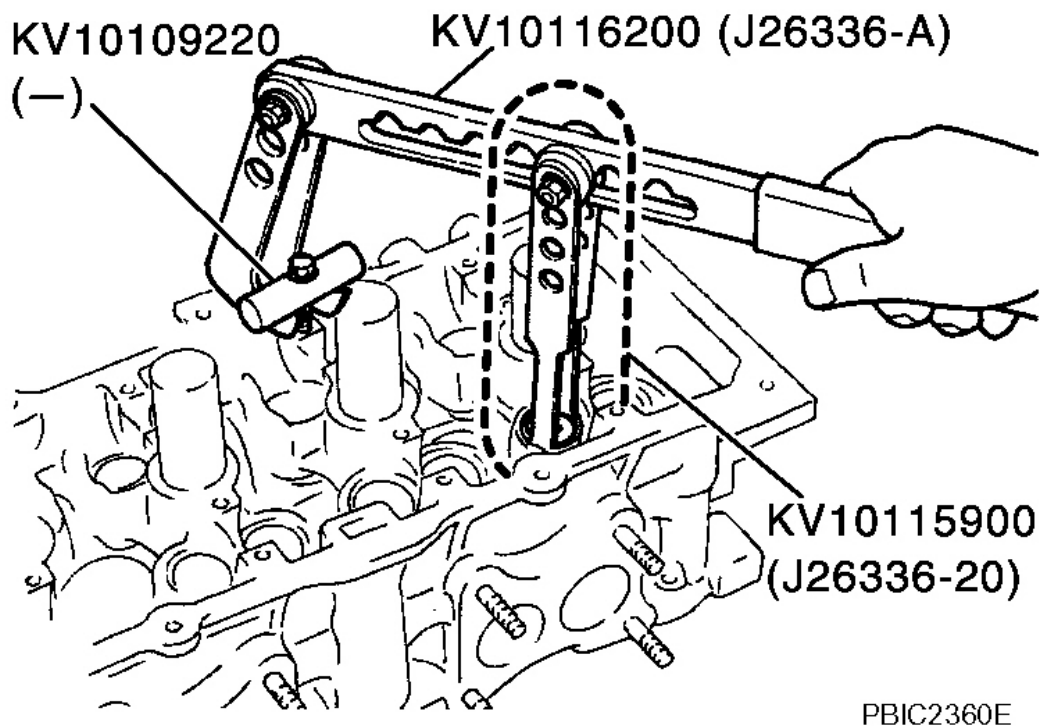


Fig. 149: Installing Valve Collet By Compressing Valve Spring
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

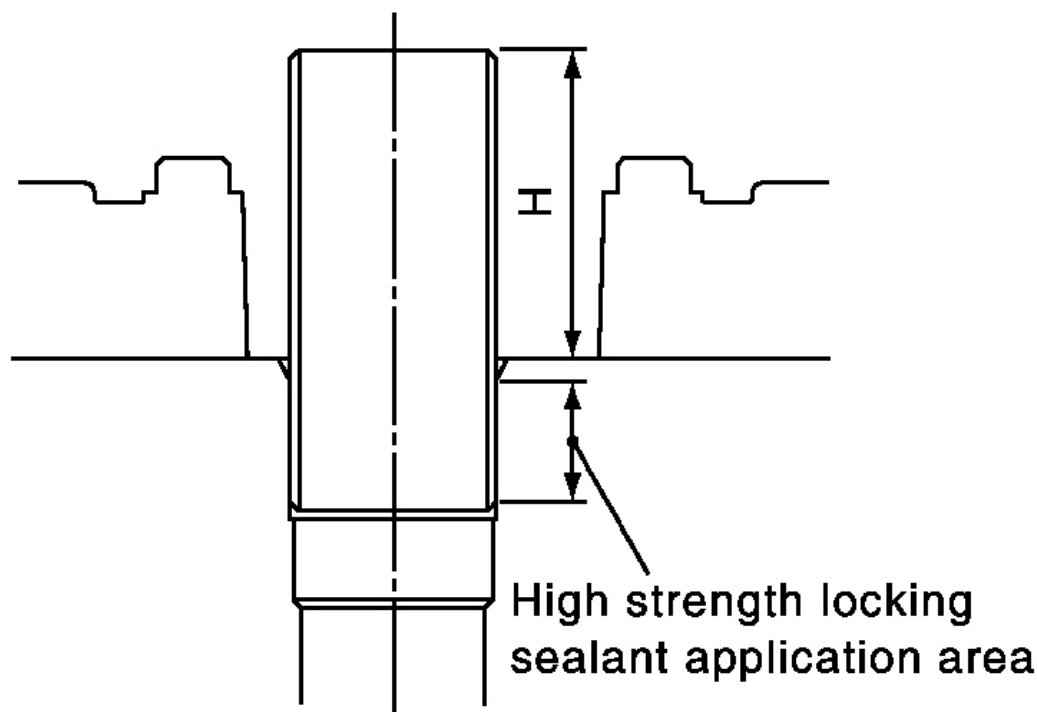
8. Install valve lifter and adjusting shim.
 - Install in the original position.
9. Install spark plug tube as follows:
 - Press-fit spark plug tube following procedure below.
 - a. Remove old liquid gasket adhering to cylinder-head mounting hole.
 - b. Apply sealant to area within approximately 12 mm (0.47 in) from edge of spark plug tube press-fit side.

Use Genuine High Strength Locking Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

- c. Using drift, press-fit spark plug tube so that its height "H" is as specified in the figure.

Standard press-fit height "H" :

: 38.4 - 39.4 mm (1.512 - 1.551 in)



PBIC2638E

Fig. 150: Applying High Strength Locking Sealant
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION:

- When press-fitting, take care not to deform spark plug tube.
- After press-fitting, wipe off liquid gasket protruding onto cylinder head upper face.

10. Install spark plug with spark plug wrench (commercial service tool).

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY

VALVE DIMENSIONS

- Check the dimensions of each valve. For the dimensions, refer to "**VALVE DIMENSIONS**".
- If the dimensions are out of the standard, replace valve and check the valve seat contact. Refer to "**VALVE SEAT CONTACT**".

T (Margin thickness)

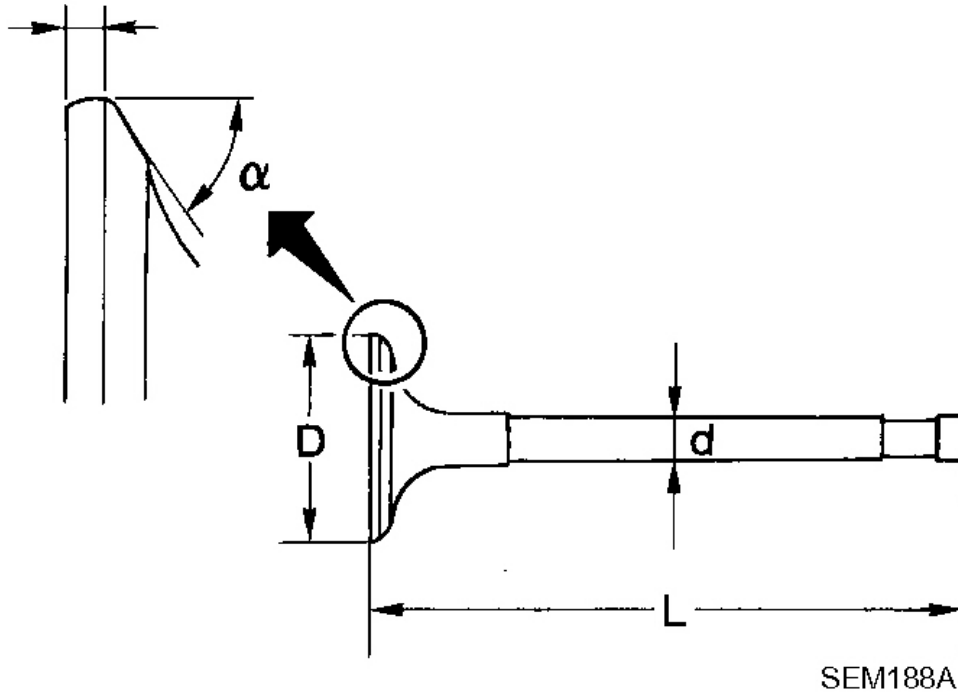


Fig. 151: Identifying Dimensions Of Each Valve
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

VALVE GUIDE CLEARANCE

Valve Stem Diameter

Measure the diameter of valve stem with micrometer.

Standard

Intake : 5.972 - 5.980 mm (0.2351 - 0.2354 in)

Exhaust : 5.962 - 5.970 mm (0.2347 - 0.2350 in)

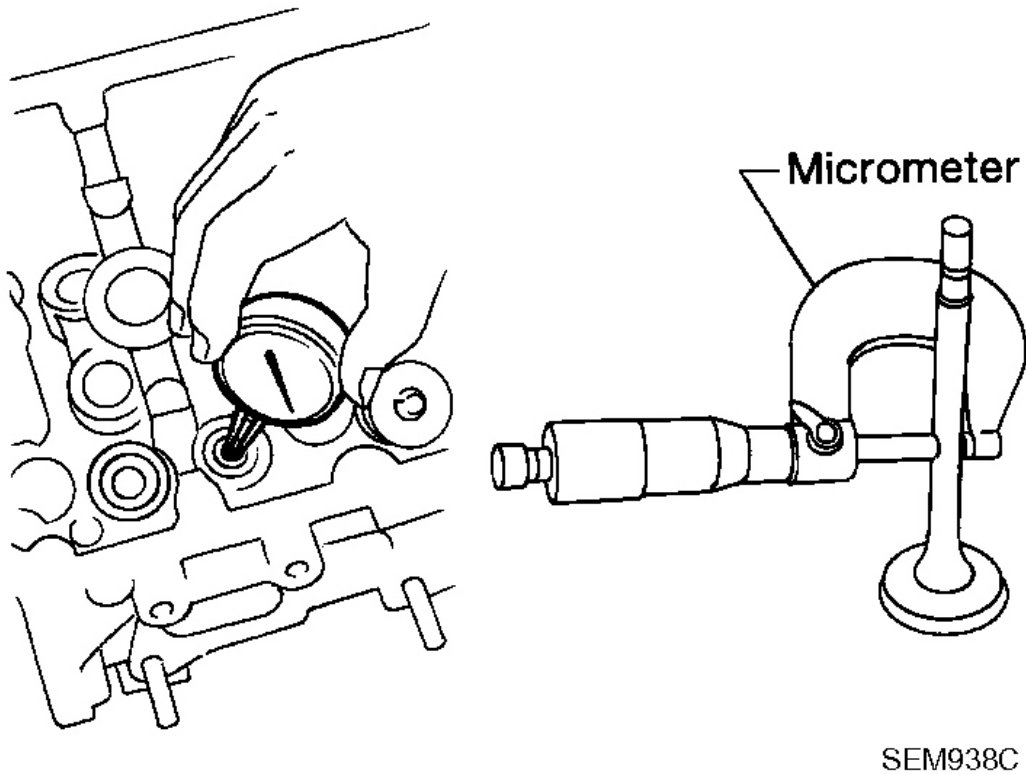


Fig. 152: Measuring Diameter Of Valve Stem With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Valve Guide Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of valve guide with inside micrometer.

Standard

Intake and Exhaust : 6.000 - 6.018 mm (0.2362 - 0.2369 in)

Valve Guide Clearance

(Valve guide clearance) = (Valve guide inner diameter) - (Valve stem diameter).

Standard

Intake : 0.020 - 0.046 mm (0.0008 - 0.0018 in)

Exhaust : 0.030 - 0.056 mm (0.0012 - 0.0022 in)

Limit**Intake : 0.08 mm (0.003 in)****Exhaust : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)**

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace valve and/or valve guide. When valve guide must be replaced, refer to "**VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT**"

VALVE GUIDE REPLACEMENT

When valve guide is removed, replace with oversized [0.2 mm (0.008 in)] valve guide.

1. To remove valve guide, heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

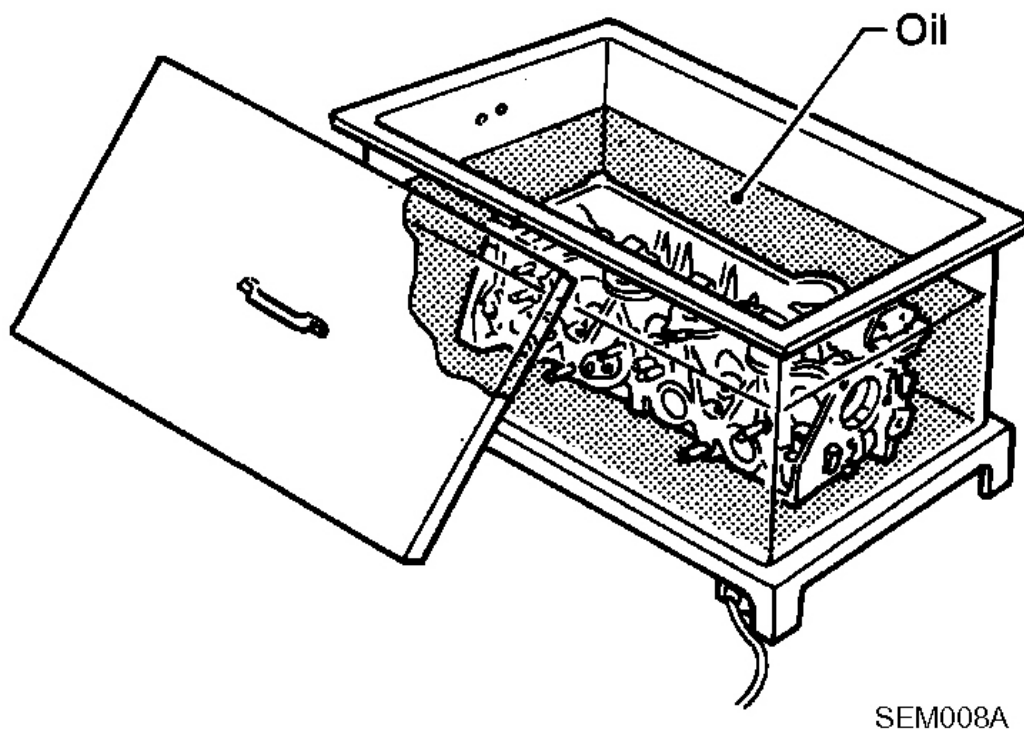


Fig. 153: Heating Cylinder Head In Oil
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Drive out valve guide with a press [under a 20 kN (2 ton, 2.2 US ton, 2.0 Imp ton) pressure] or hammer and valve guide drift (commercial service tool).

CAUTION: Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.

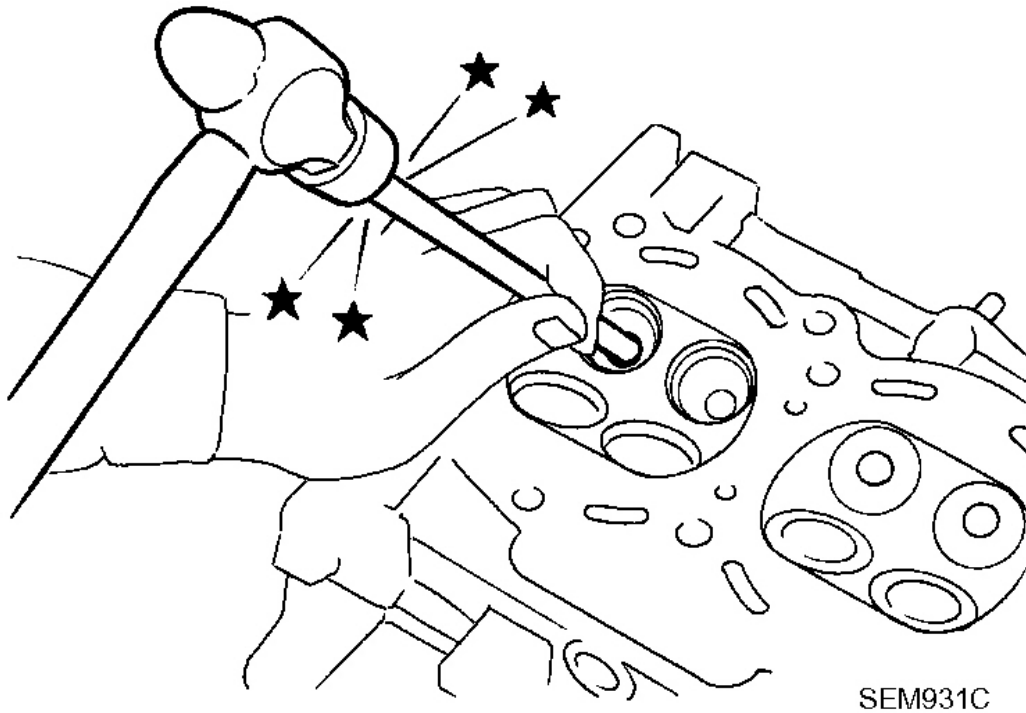


Fig. 154: Driving Out Valve Guide
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Using valve guide reamer (commercial service tool), ream cylinder head valve guide hole.

Valve guide hole diameter (for service parts):

Intake and exhaust : 10.175 - 10.196 mm (0.4006 - 0.4014 in)

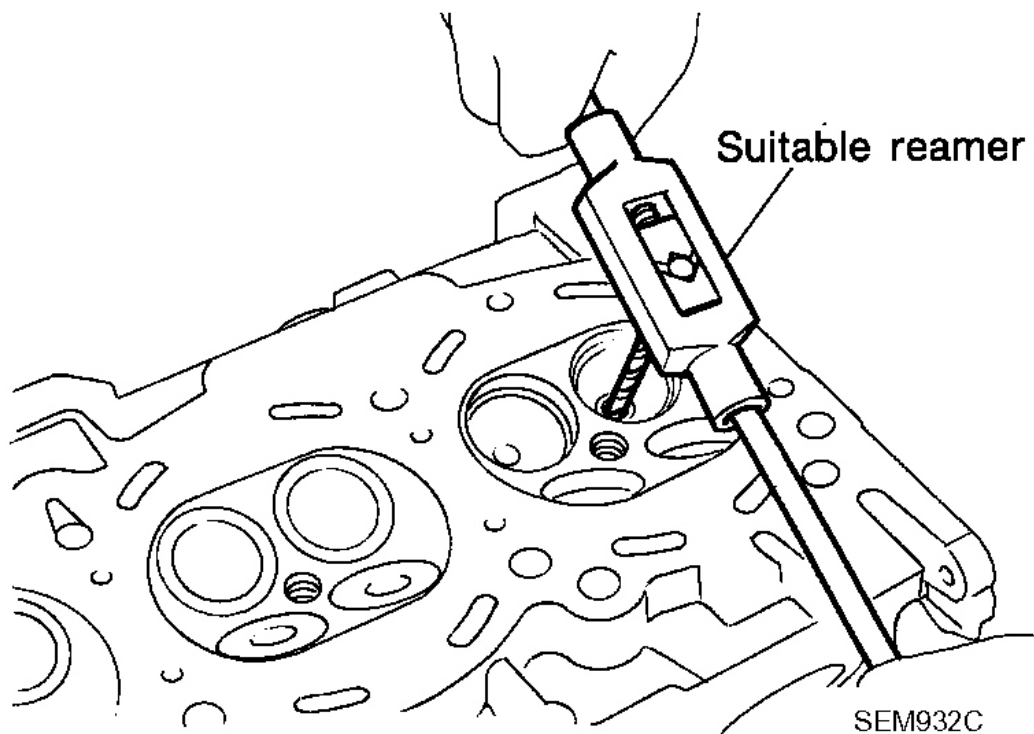


Fig. 155: Reaming Cylinder Head Valve Guide
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

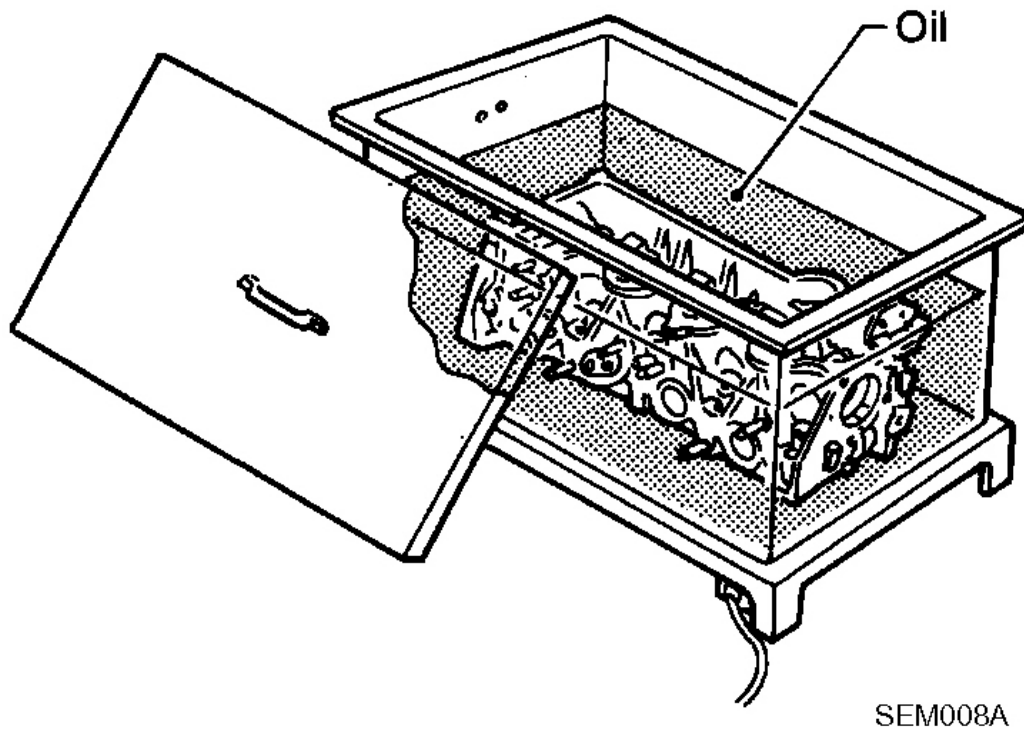
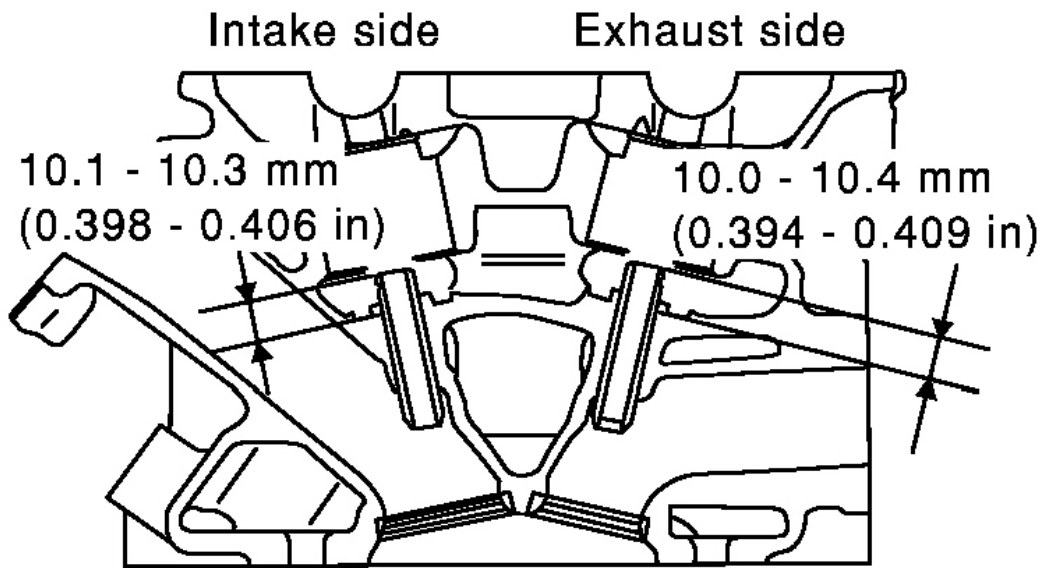


Fig. 156: Heating Cylinder Head In Oil
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

5. Using valve guide drift (commercial service tool), press valve guide from camshaft side to the dimensions as in the figure.

CAUTION: Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.



PBIC0078E

Fig. 157: Press Valve Guide From Camshaft Side By Using Valve Guide Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Using valve guide reamer (commercial service tool), apply reamer finish to valve guide.

Standard:

Intake and exhaust : 6.000 - 6.018 mm (0.2362 - 0.2369 in)

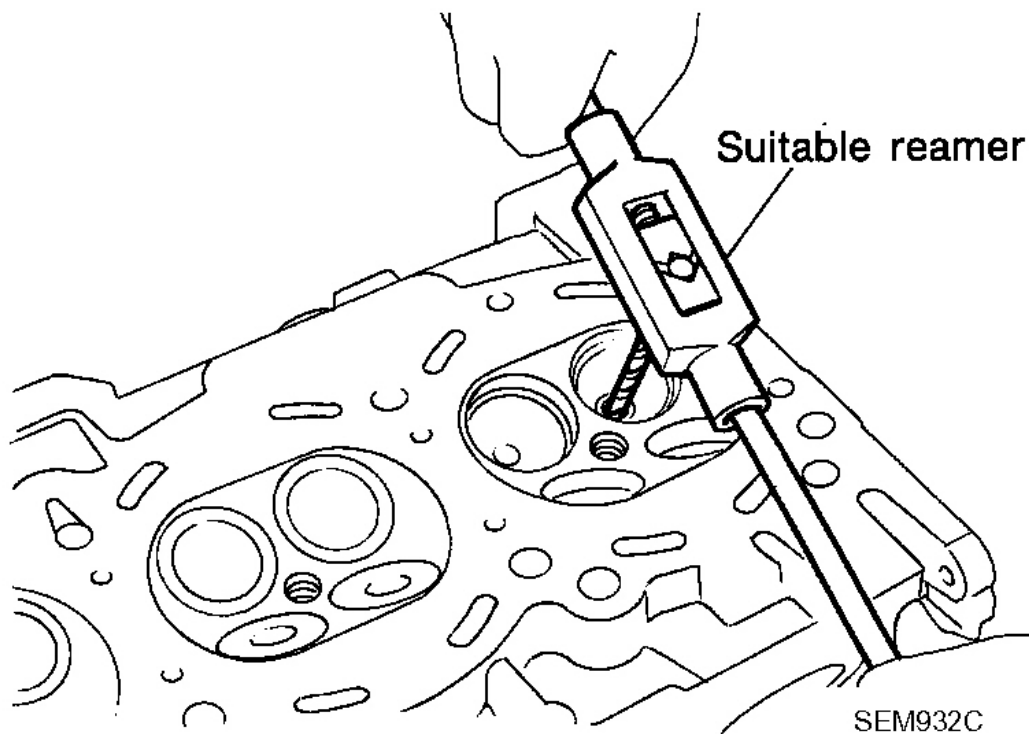


Fig. 158: Reaming Cylinder Head Valve Guide
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

VALVE SEAT CONTACT

- After confirming that the dimensions of valve guides and valves are within the specifications, perform this procedure.
- Apply Prussian blue (or white lead) onto contacting surface of valve seat to check the condition of the valve contact on the surface.
- Check if the contact area band is continuous all around the circumference.
- If not, grind to adjust valve fitting and check again. If the contacting surface still has "NG" conditions even after the re-check, replace valve seat. Refer to "**VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT**"

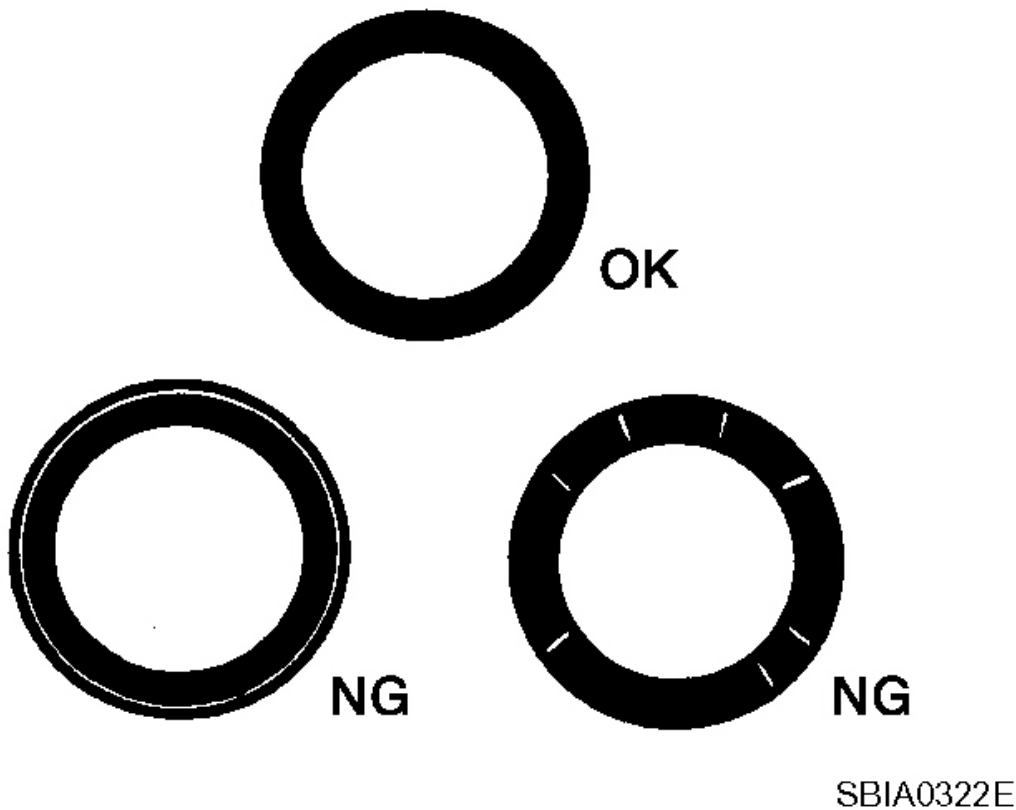


Fig. 159: Identifying Valve Seat Contact Area Band
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

VALVE SEAT REPLACEMENT

When valve seat is removed, replace with oversized [0.5 mm (0.020 in)] valve seat.

1. Bore out old seat until it collapses. Boring should not continue beyond the bottom face of the seat recess in cylinder head. Set the machine depth stop to ensure this. Refer to "VALVE SEAT".

CAUTION: Prevent to scratch cylinder head by excessive boring.

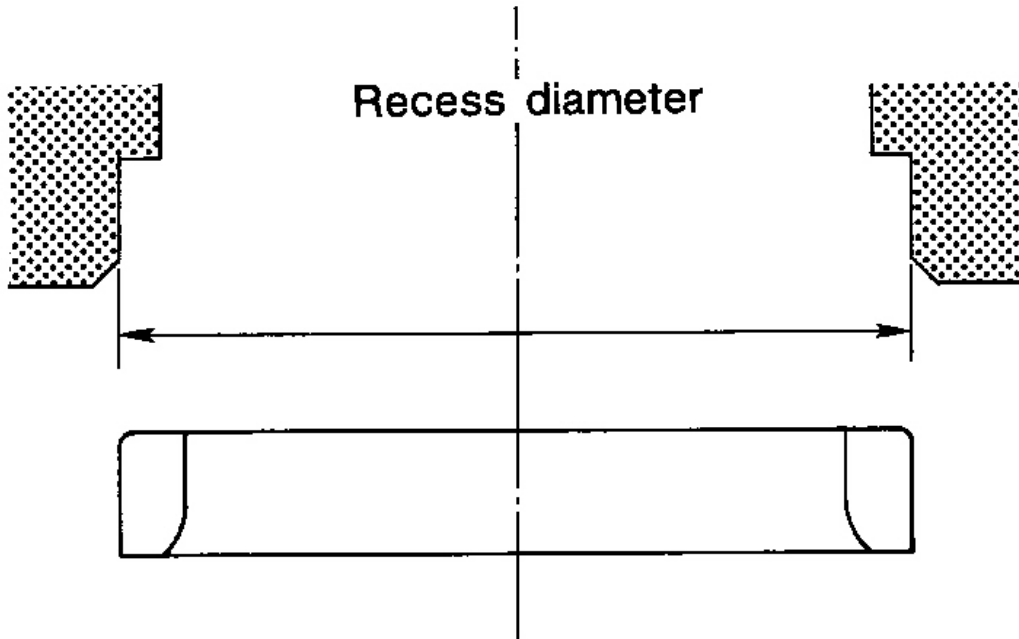
2. Ream cylinder head recess diameter for service valve seat.

Oversize [0.5 mm (0.020 in)]

Intake : 37.500 - 37.516 mm (1.4764 - 1.4770 in)

Exhaust : 32.700 - 32.716 mm (1.2874 - 1.2880 in)

- Be sure to ream in circles concentric to valve guide center. This will enable valve to fit correctly.



SEM795A

Fig. 160: Identifying Ream Cylinder Head Recess Diameter For Service Valve Seat
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Heat cylinder head to 110 to 130°C (230 to 266°F) by soaking in heated oil.

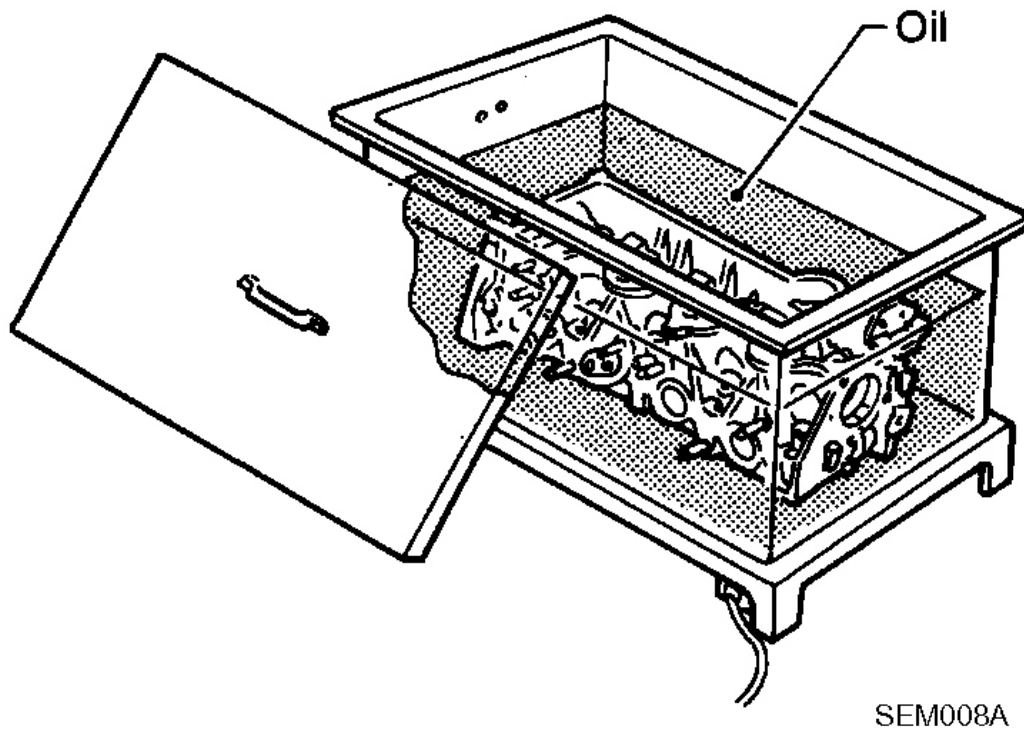


Fig. 161: Heating Cylinder Head In Oil
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Provide valve seats cooled well with dry ice. Force fit valve seat into cylinder head.

CAUTION:

- Avoid directly touching cold valve seats.
- Cylinder head contains heat. When working, wear protective equipment to avoid getting burned.

5. Using valve seat cutter set (commercial service tool) or valve seat grinder, finish seat to the specified dimensions. Refer to "VALVE SEAT".

CAUTION: When using valve seat cutter, firmly grip cutter handle with both hands. Then, press on the contacting surface all around the circumference to cut in a single drive. Improper pressure on with cutter or cutting many different times may result in stage valve seat.

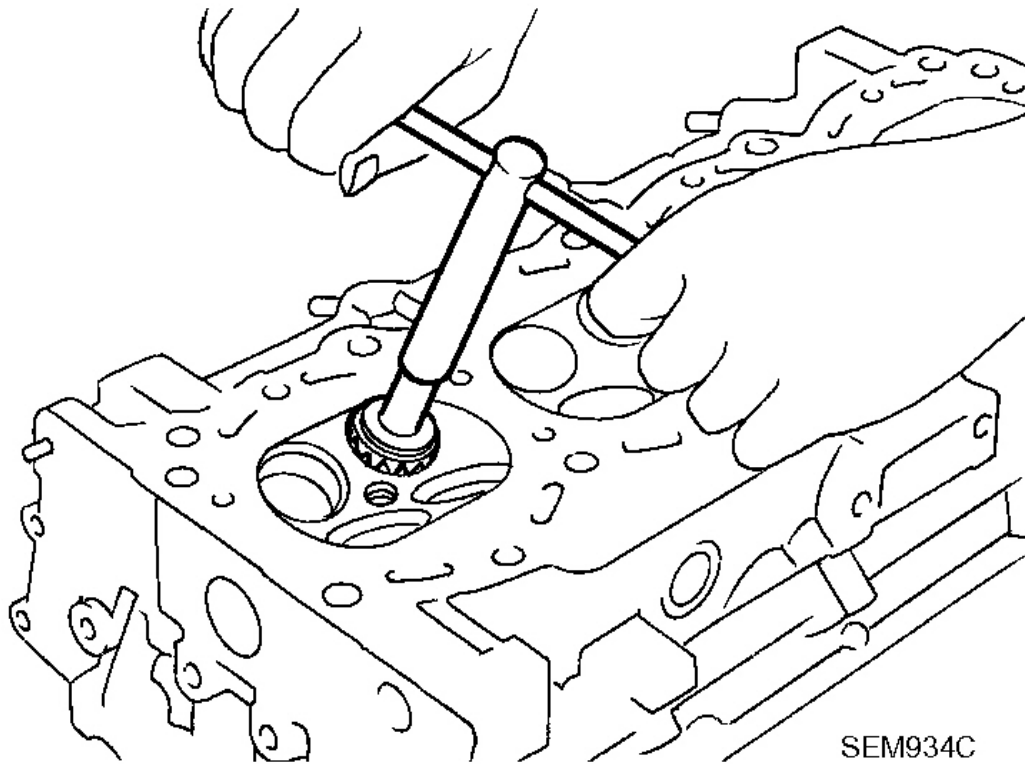


Fig. 162: Pressing Contacting Surface To Cut In Single Drive By Using Valve Seat Cutter
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Using compound, grind to adjust valve fitting.
7. Check again for normal contact. Refer to "VALVE SEAT CONTACT".

VALVE SPRING SQUARENESS

- Set try square along the side of valve spring and rotate spring. Measure the maximum clearance between the top face of spring and try square.

Limit : 2.0 mm (0.079 in)

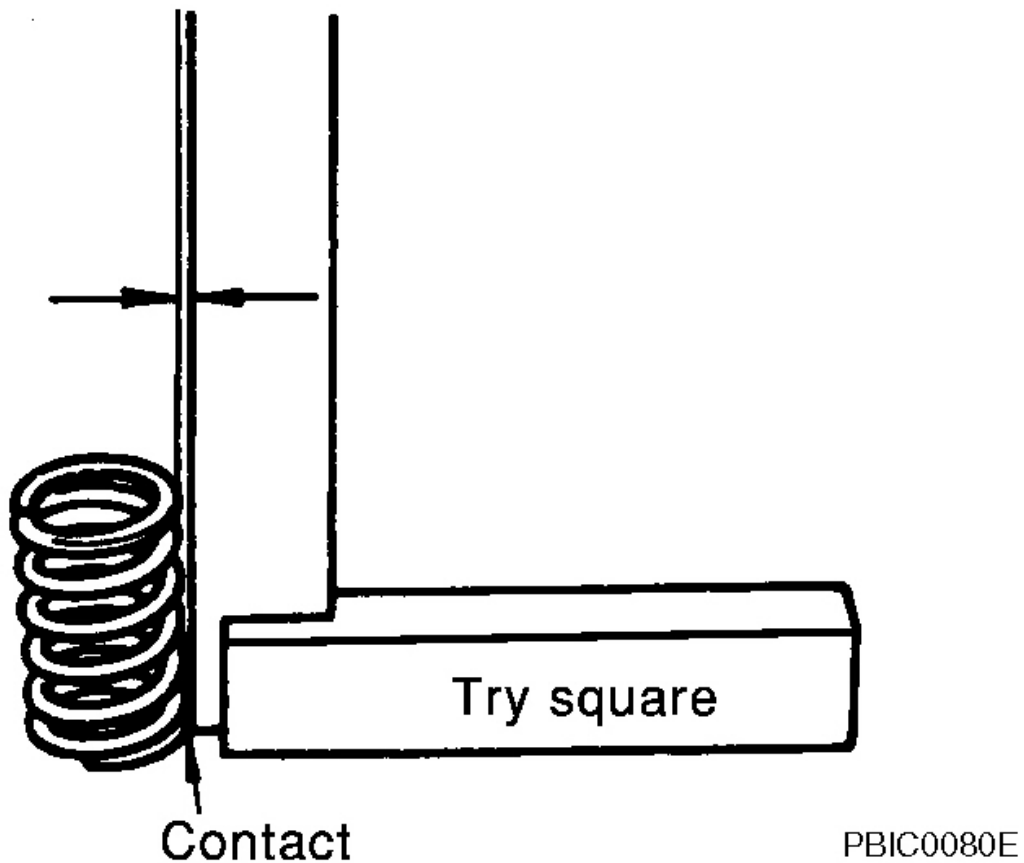


Fig. 163: Setting Try Square Along Side Of Valve Spring And Rotate Spring
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If it exceeds the limit, replace valve spring.

VALVE SPRING DIMENSIONS AND VALVE SPRING PRESSURE LOAD

- Check valve spring pressure at the specified spring height.

Standard:

Intake and exhaust

Free height : 46.35 - 46.85 mm (1.8247 - 1.8444 in)

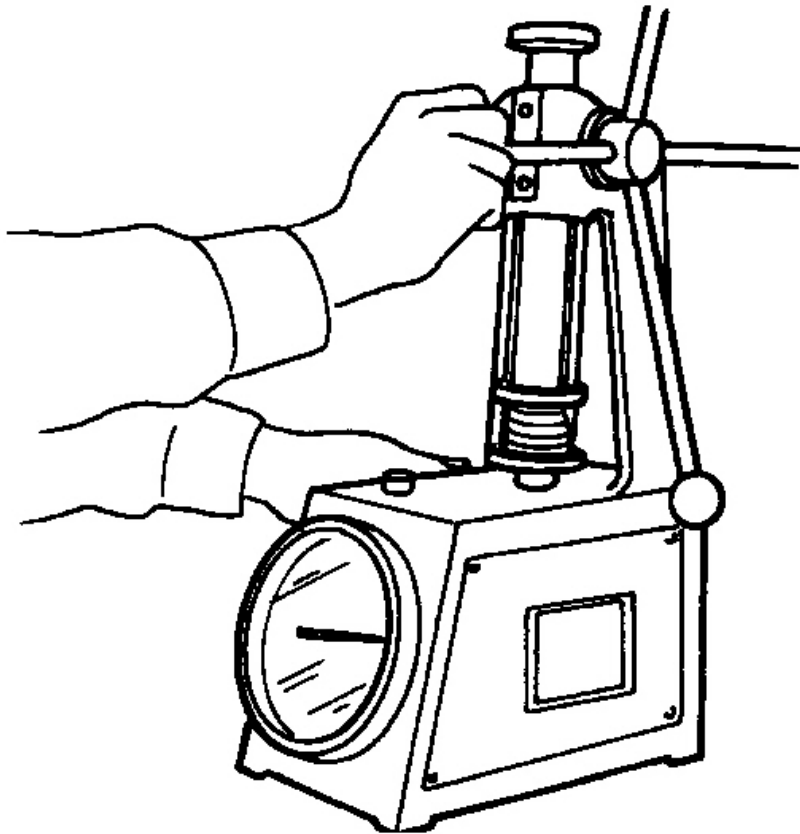
Installation height : 33.8 mm (1.331 in)

Installation load : 165 - 189 N (16.8 - 19.3 kg, 37 - 42 lb)

Height during valve open : 24.4 mm (0.961 in)

Load with valve open : 290 - 330 N (29.6 - 33.7 kg, 65 - 74 lb)

- If the installation load or load with valve open is out of the standard, replace valve spring.



SEM113

Fig. 164: Checking Valve Spring Pressure At Specified Spring Height
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

ENGINE ASSEMBLY

COMPONENTS

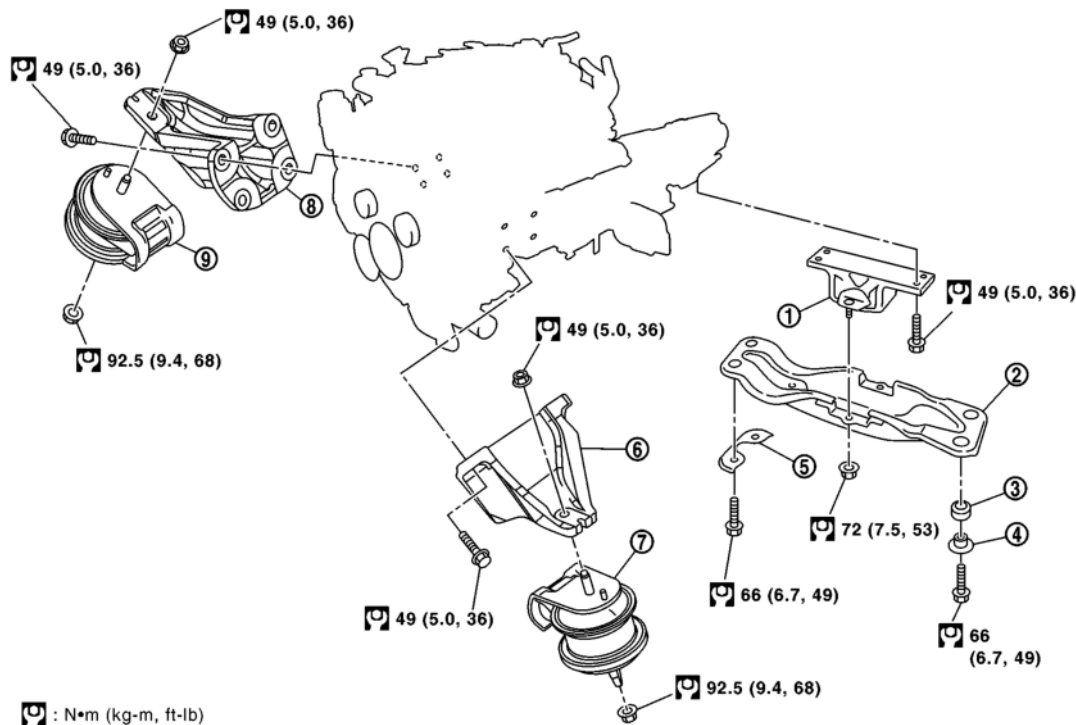


Fig. 165: Identifying Engine Assembly Components With Torque Specifications
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION

WARNING:

- Situate vehicle on a flat and solid surface.
- Place chocks at front and back of rear wheels.
- For engines not equipped with engine slingers, attach proper slingers and bolts described in PARTS CATALOG.

CAUTION:

- Always be careful to work safely, avoid forceful or uninstructed operations.
- Do not start working until exhaust system and engine coolant are cool enough.
- If items or work required are not covered by the engine section, refer to the applicable sections.
- Always use the support point specified for lifting.
- Use either 2-pole lift type or separate type lift as best you can. If board-on type is used for unavoidable reasons, support at the rear

axle jacking point with transmission jack or similar tool before starting work, in preparation for the backward shift of center of gravity.

- **For supporting points for lifting and jacking point at rear axle, refer to "GARAGE JACK AND SAFETY STAND".**

REMOVAL

Outline

At first, remove engine, transmission assembly and front final drive with front suspension member from vehicle downward. Then separate engine from transmission.

Preparation

1. Release fuel pressure. Refer to "FUEL PRESSURE RELEASE".
2. Drain engine coolant from radiator. Refer to "CHANGING ENGINE COOLANT"

CAUTION:

- **Perform this step when engine is cold.**
- **Do not spill engine coolant on drive belts.**

3. Disconnect both battery terminal. Refer to "BATTERY"
4. Remove crankshaft position sensor (POS) from transmission.

CAUTION:

- **Handle carefully to avoid dropping and shocks.**
- **Do not disassemble.**
- **Do not allow metal powder to adhere to magnetic part at sensor tip.**
- **Do not place sensors in a location where they are exposed to magnetism.**

5. Remove the following parts:

- Hood assembly; Refer to "HOOD".
- Engine cover; Refer to "ENGINE ROOM COVER".
- Front and rear engine undercover
- Air duct (inlet), air duct and air cleaner case assembly; Refer to "AIR CLEANER AND AIR DUCT".
- Drive belts; Refer to "DRIVE BELTS".
- Radiator and radiator hoses (upper and lower); Refer to "RADIATOR".
- Front road wheels and tires

Engine Room LH

1. Disconnect engine room harness from the engine side and set it aside for easier work.
2. Disconnect heater hoses, and install plugs to avoid leakage of engine coolant.
3. Disconnect ground cable from exhaust manifold cover to vehicle.
4. Disconnect vacuum hose between vehicle and engine and set it aside.
5. Discharge refrigerant from A/C circuit. Refer to "**REFRIGERANT LINES**".
6. Remove A/C piping from A/C compressor, and temporarily fasten it on vehicle with a rope. Refer to "**COMPONENTS**".

Engine Room RH

1. Disconnect fuel feed hose and EVAP hose. Refer to "**FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE**".

CAUTION: Fit plugs onto disconnected hose to prevent fuel leak.

2. Disconnect engine room harness from the engine side and set it aside for easier work.
3. Disconnect ground cable from exhaust manifold cover to vehicle.
4. Disconnect vacuum hose between vehicle and engine and set it aside.
5. Disconnect reservoir tank of power steering oil pump from engine, and move it aside for easier work.

CAUTION: When temporarily securing, keep reservoir tank upright to avoid a fluid leak.

Vehicle Underbody

1. Remove front cross bar. Refer to "**FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY**".
2. Disconnect power steering oil pump from engine. Move it from its location and secure with a rope for easier work. Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (VK45DE MODELS)**".
3. Remove A/T fluid cooler tube. Refer to "**TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY**".
4. Remove exhaust front tube and center muffler with power tool. Refer to "**EXHAUST SYSTEM**".
5. Remove RH and LH transverse link mounting bolts and nuts. Refer to "**TRANSVERSE LINK**".
6. Disconnect stabilizer connecting rod lower. Refer to "**FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY**".
7. Remove A/T control rod at control device assembly side. Then temporarily secure it on transmission, so that it does not sag. Refer to "**SHIFT CONTROL SYSTEM**".
8. Remove rear plate cover from oil pan. Then remove bolts fixing drive plate to torque converter. Refer to "**OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER**" and "**TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY**".
9. Remove transmission joint bolts which pierce at oil pan lower rear side. Refer to "**TRANSMISSION ASSEMBLY**".
10. Disconnect steering lower joint at power steering gear assembly side, and release steering lower shaft. Refer to "**STEERING COLUMN**".
11. Remove rear propeller shaft. Refer to "**REAR PROPELLER SHAFT**".

- After disconnection, plug the opening on transmission side.
12. Remove front drive shaft (both side). Refer to "**FRONT DRIVE SHAFT**".
 13. Remove front propeller shaft. Refer to "**FRONT PROPELLER SHAFT**".
 14. Remove three way catalyst (both bank). Refer to "**EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST**".

Removal Work

1. Install engine slingers into front of cylinder head (left bank) and front of cylinder head (right bank).

Slinger bolts:

: 33.4 N.m (3.4 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

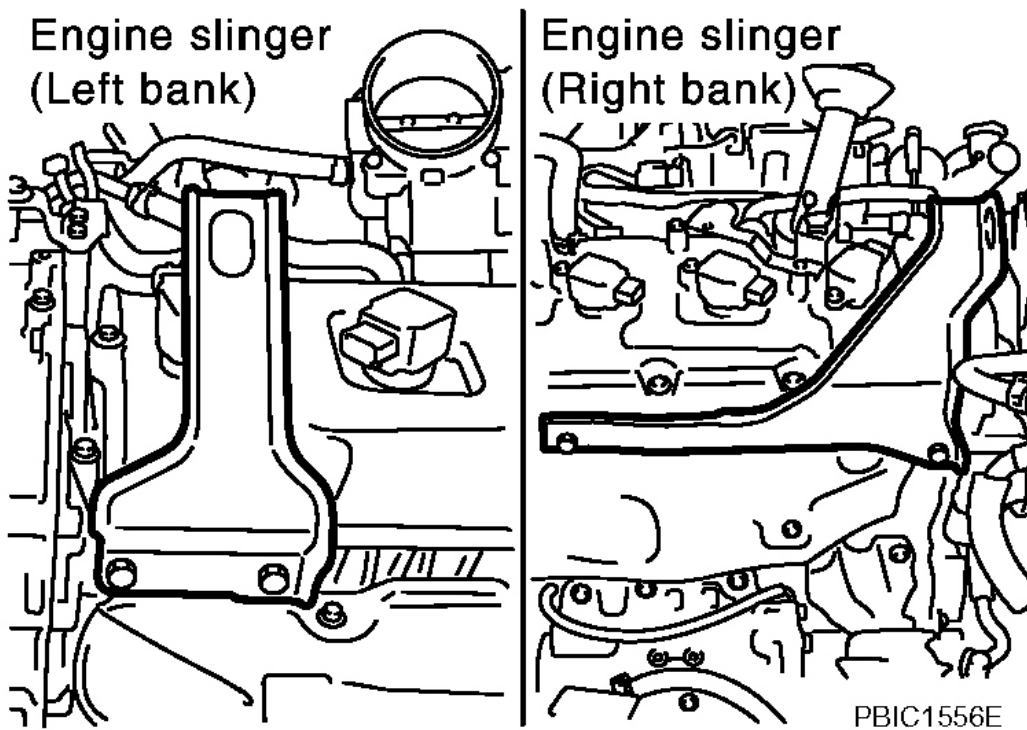


Fig. 166: Identifying Engine Slingers Into Front Of Cylinder Head (Left Bank) And Front Of Cylinder Head (Right Bank)

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Lift with hoist and secure engine in position.
3. Use manual lift table caddy (commercial service tool) or equivalently rigid tool such as transmission jack.

Securely support bottom of suspension member and transmission.

CAUTION: Put a piece of wood or something similar as the supporting surface, secure a completely stable condition.

4. Remove engine rear member mounting bolts.
5. Remove front suspension member mounting nuts with power tool. Refer to "**FRONT SUSPENSION ASSEMBLY**".
6. Carefully lower jack, or raise lift to remove engine, transmission front final drive and front suspension member assembly. When performing work, observe the following caution:

CAUTION:

- Confirm there is no interference with vehicle.
- Make sure that all connection points have been disconnected.
- Keep in mind the center of vehicle gravity changes. If necessary, use jack(s) to support vehicle at rear jacking point(s) to prevent it from falling off the lift.

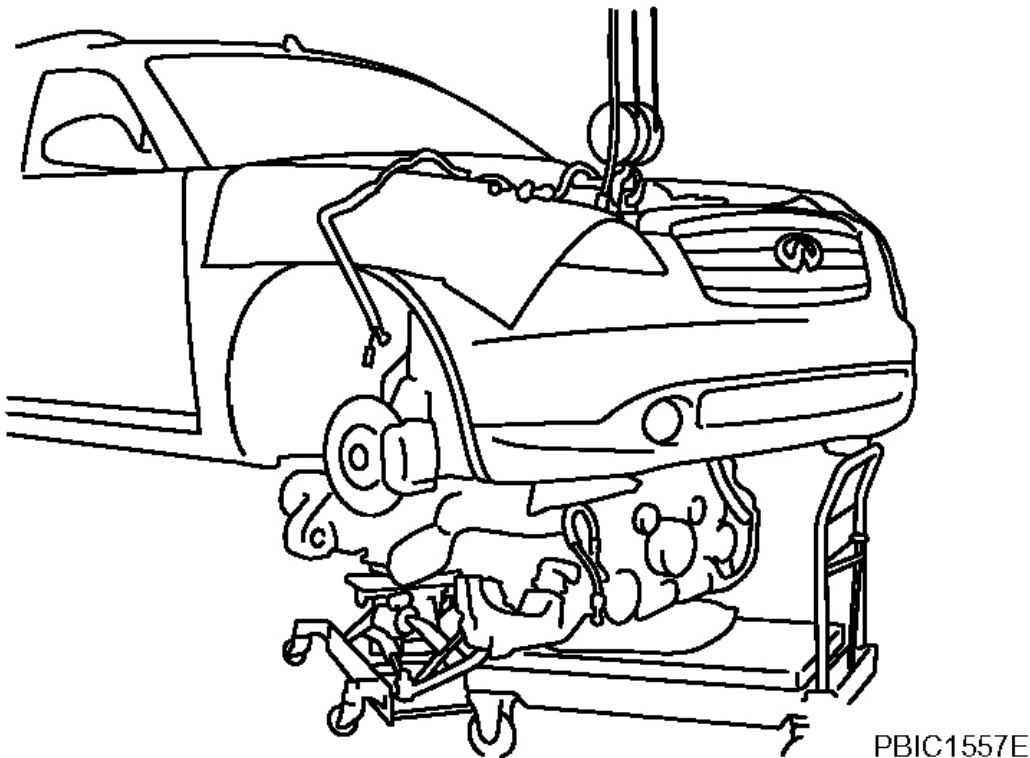


Fig. 167: Identifying Front Suspension Member Mounting Nuts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Separation Work

1. Change engine slinger installing to cylinder head (right bank).

NOTE: In order to keep secure position when hoisting engine.

Slinger bolts:

: 33.4 N.m (3.4 kg-m, 25 ft-lb)

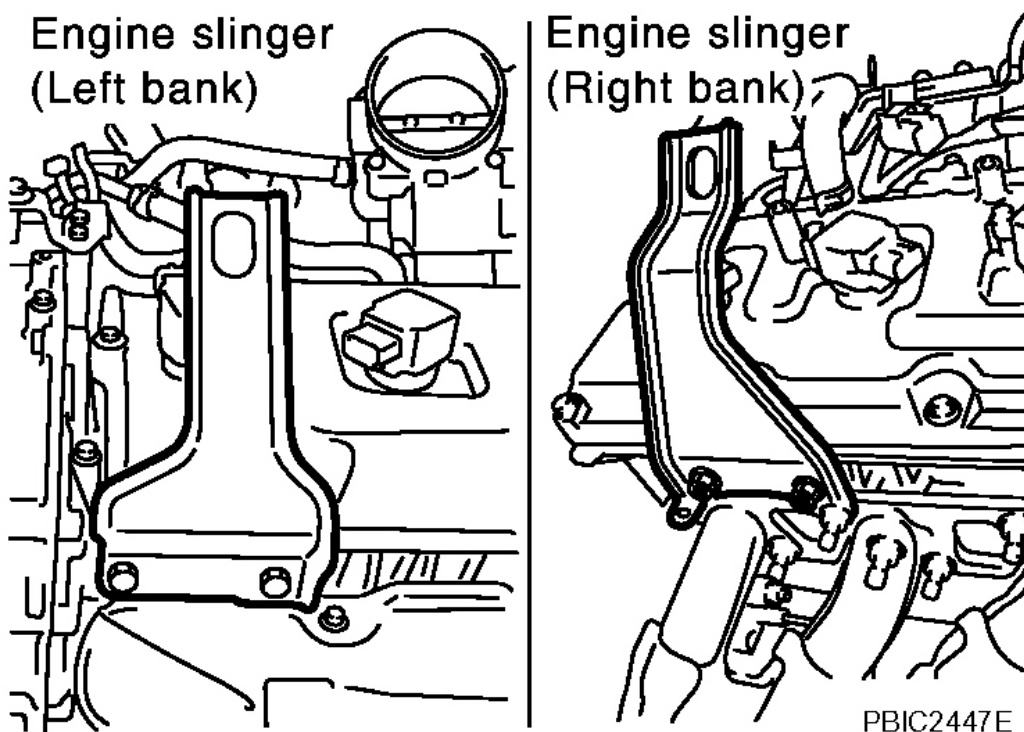


Fig. 168: Identifying Engine Slinger To Cylinder Head

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. Remove engine mounting insulators (RH and LH) under side nut with power tool.
3. Lift with hoist and separate engine and transmission assembly from front suspension member.

CAUTION:

- Before and during this lifting, always make sure that any harnesses are left connected.

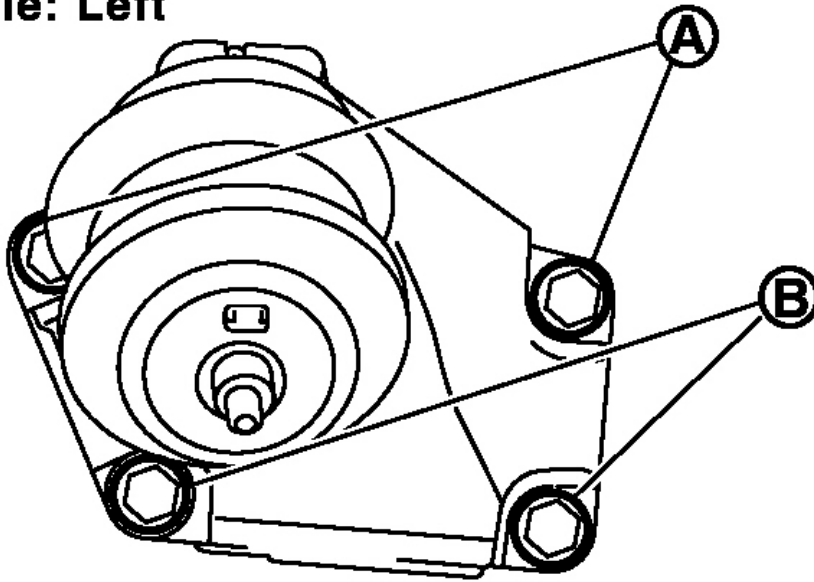
- **Avoid damage to and oil/grease smearing or spills onto engine mounting insulator.**

4. Remove alternator. Refer to "**CHARGING SYSTEM**".
5. Remove starter motor. Refer to "**STARTING SYSTEM**".
6. Separate engine from transmission assembly. Refer to "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION (AWD MODELS)**".
7. Remove front final drive from engine. Refer to "**FRONT FINAL DRIVE ASSEMBLY**".
8. Remove engine mounting insulators (RH and LH) and brackets (RH and LH) from engine with power tool.
9. Remove engine rear member and engine mounting insulator (rear) from transmission.

INSTALLATION

Note the following, and install in the reverse order of removal.

- Do not allow engine mounting insulator to be damaged and careful no engine oil gets on it.
- For a location with a positioning pin, insert it securely into hole of mating part.
- For a part with a specified installation orientation, refer to component figure in "**REMOVAL AND INSTALLATION**".
- When installing engine mounting brackets (RH and LH) on cylinder block, tighten two upper bolts (shown as "A" in the figure) first. Then tighten two lower bolts (shown as "B" in the figure).

Example: Left

PBIC2365E

Fig. 169: Identifying Tightening Bolts To Install Engine Mounting Brackets
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

INSPECTION AFTER INSTALLATION**Inspection for Leaks**

The followings are procedures for checking fluids leak, lubricates leak and exhaust gases leak.

- Before starting engine, check oil/fluid levels including engine coolant and engine oil. If less than required quantity, fill to the specified level. Refer to "**RECOMMENDED FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS**".
- Use procedure below to check for fuel leakage.
 - Turn ignition switch "ON" (with engine stopped). With fuel pressure applied to fuel piping, check for fuel leakage at connection points.
 - Start engine. With engine speed increased, check again for fuel leakage at connection points.
- Run engine to check for unusual noise and vibration.
- Warm up engine thoroughly to make sure there is no leakage of fuel, exhaust gases, or any oil/fluids including engine oil and engine coolant.
- Bleed air from lines and hoses of applicable lines, such as in cooling system.

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

- After cooling down engine, again check oil/fluid levels including engine oil and engine coolant. Refill to the specified level, if necessary.

Summary of the inspection items:

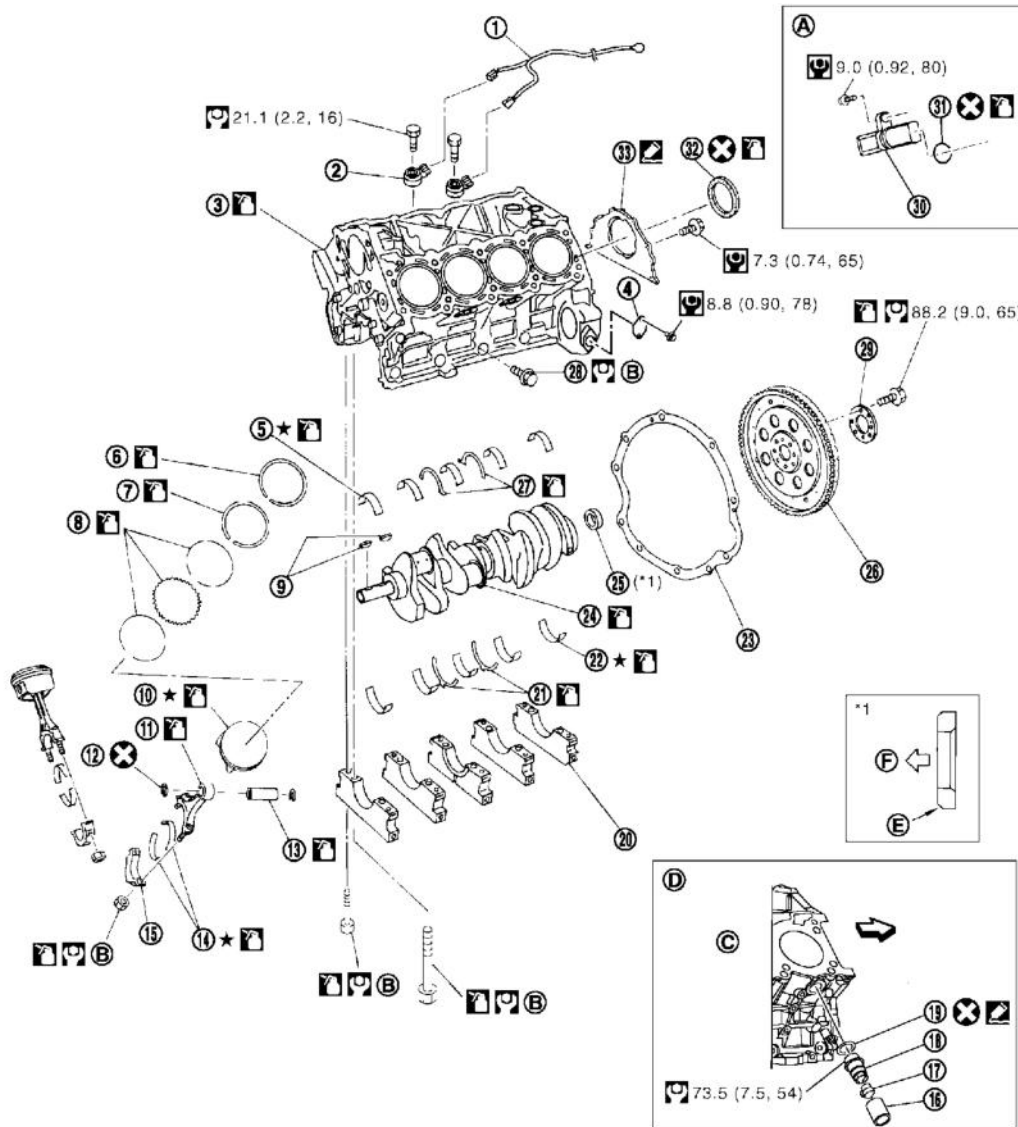
SUMMARY OF INSPECTION ITEMS

Item	Before starting engine	Engine running	After engine stopped
Engine coolant	Level	Leakage	Level
Engine oil	Level	Leakage	Level
Other oils and fluid ⁽¹⁾	Level	Leakage	Level
Fuel	Leakage	Leakage	Leakage
Exhaust gases	-	Leakage	-

(1) Transmission/transaxle/CVT fluid, power steering fluid, brake fluid, etc.

CYLINDER BLOCK

COMPONENTS



: N·m (kg-m, ft-lb)

: N·m (kg-m, in-lb)

PEHC4691C

- | | | |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Knock sensor sub harness | 2. Knock sensor | 3. Cylinder block |
| 4. Cover | 5. Main bearing | 6. Top ring |
| 7. Second ring | 8. Oil ring | 9. Crankshaft key |
| 10. Piston | 11. Connecting rod | 12. Snap ring |
| 13. Piston pin | 14. Connecting rod bearing | 15. Connecting rod bearing cap |
| 16. Block heater protector | 17. Connector cap | 18. Cylinder block heater |
| 19. Gasket | 20. Main bearing cap | 21. Thrust bearing |
| 22. Main bearing | 23. Rear plate | 24. Crankshaft |
| 25. Pilot converter | 26. Drive plate | 27. Thrust bearing |
| 28. Side bolt | 29. Reinforcement plate | 30. Crankshaft position sensor (POS) |
| 31. O-ring | 32. Rear oil seal | 33. Rear oil seal retainer |
| A. Reference: Installed on transmission | B. Refer to | C. Right bank |
| D. Cylinder block heater (For Canada) | E. Chamfered | F. Crankshaft side |

Fig. 170: Exploded View Of Cylinder Block Components With Torque Specifications
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Refer to "**COMPONENTS**" for symbol marks in the figure.

DISASSEMBLY AND ASSEMBLY

DISASSEMBLY

NOTE: Explained here is how to disassemble with engine stand supporting transmission surface. When using different type of engine stand, note with difference in steps and etc.

1. Remove engine assembly from vehicle, and separate front suspension member, transmission and front final drive from engine. Refer to "**ENGINE ASSEMBLY**".
2. Remove the parts that may restrict installation of engine to widely use engine stand.

NOTE: The procedure is described assuming that you use widely use engine holding the surface, to which transmission is installed.

- a. Remove drive plate.
 - Holding ring gear with ring gear stopper (SST).
 - Loosen mounting bolts diagonally order.

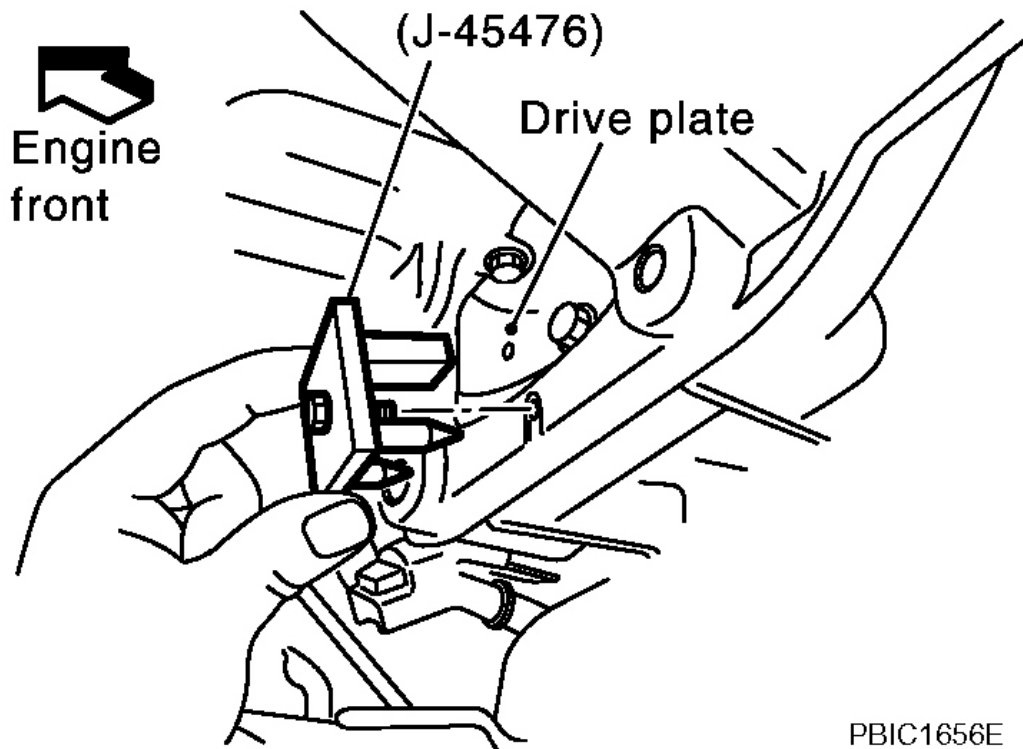


Fig. 171: Holding Ring Gear With Ring Gear Stopper
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CAUTION:

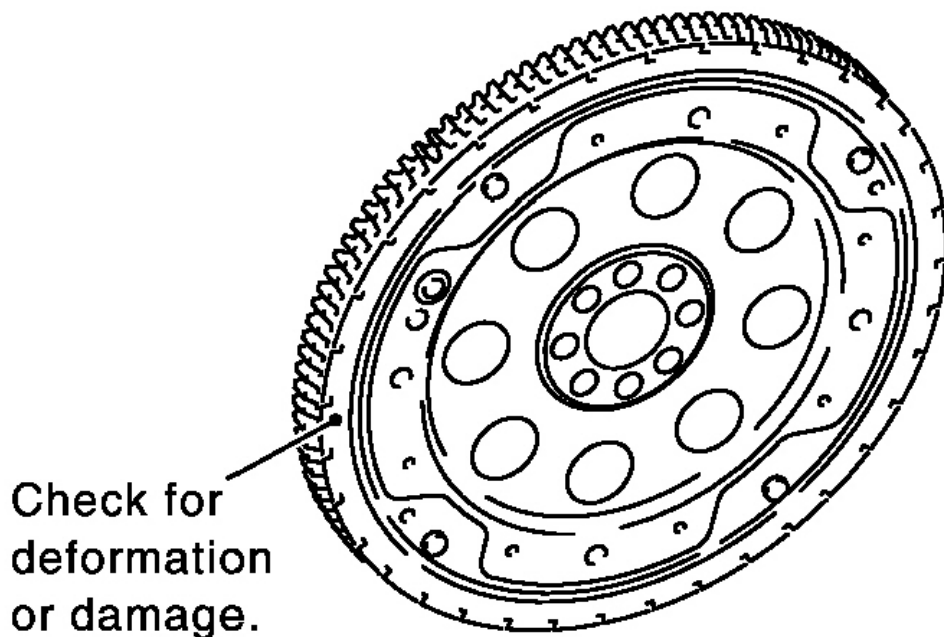
- Do not disassemble drive plate.
- Do not place drive plate with signal plate facing down.
- When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch it.
- Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents it from becoming magnetized.

b. Remove engine rear plate.

3. Lift engine with hoist to install it onto widely use engine stand.

CAUTION: Use engine stand that has a load capacity [approximately 240 kg (529 lb) or more] large enough for supporting the engine weight.

- If the load capacity of stand is not adequate, remove the following parts beforehand to reduce the potential risk of overturning stand.



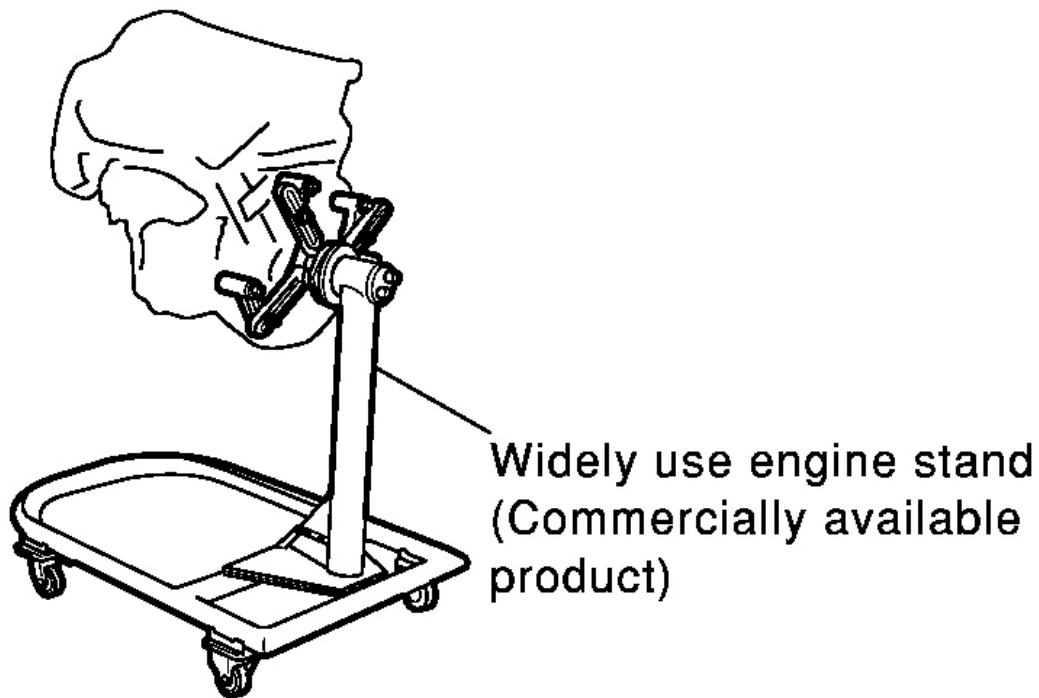
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Fig. 172: Identifying Engine Rear Plate
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Intake manifolds (upper and lower); Refer to "INTAKE MANIFOLD".
- Exhaust manifold; Refer to "EXHAUST MANIFOLD AND THREE WAY CATALYST".
- Fuel tube and fuel injector assembly; Refer to "FUEL INJECTOR AND FUEL TUBE".
- A/C compressor; Refer to "COMPONENTS".
- Ignition coil; Refer to "IGNITION COIL".
- Rocker cover; Refer to "ROCKER COVER".
- Other removable brackets

NOTE: The figure shows an example of widely use engine stand that can hold mating surface of transmission with drive plate and rear plate removed.

CAUTION: Before removing the hanging chains, make sure the engine stand is stable and there is no risk of overturning.

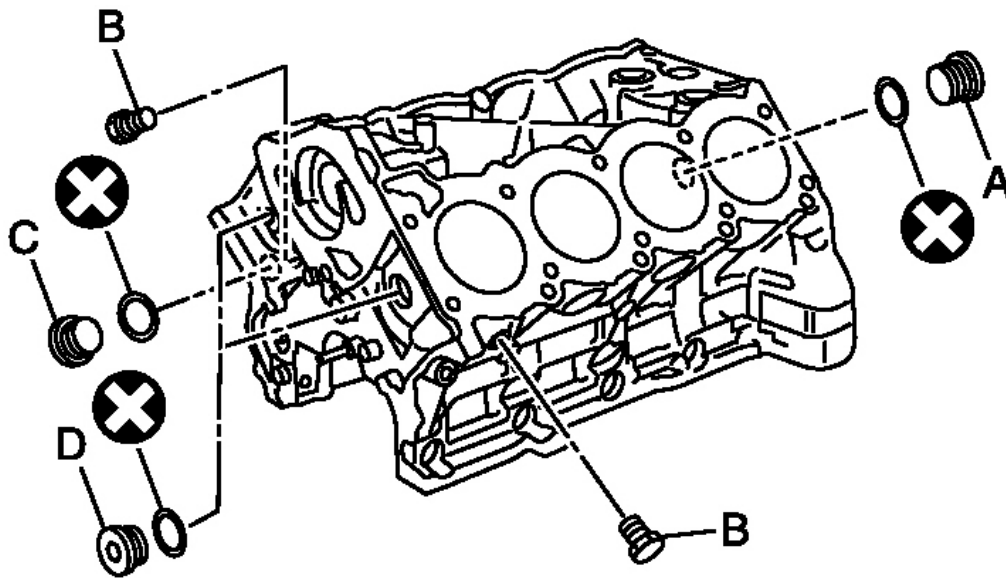


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Fig. 173: Identifying Engine Stand To Hold Mating Surface Of Transmission With Drive Plate And Rear Plate

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Drain engine oil. Refer to "**CHANGING ENGINE OIL**".
5. Drain engine coolant from inside engine by removing water drain plugs "B" as shown in the figure.



⊗ : Always replace after every disassembly.

PBIC1265E

Fig. 174: Identifying Water Drain Plugs
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

6. Remove the following parts and related parts (The parts listed in step 3 are not included here.)
 - Oil pan and oil strainer; Refer to "**OIL PAN AND OIL STRAINER**".
 - Crankshaft pulley, front cover and timing chain; Refer to "**TIMING CHAIN**".
 - Camshaft; Refer to "**CAMSHAFT**".
 - Cylinder head; Refer to "**CYLINDER HEAD**".
7. Remove knock sensor.

CAUTION: Carefully handle sensor, avoiding shocks.

8. Remove piston and connecting rod assembly as follows:
 - Before removing piston and connecting rod assembly, check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to "**CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE**".
 - a. Position crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be removed onto the bottom dead center.

- b. Remove connecting rod bearing cap.
- c. Using hammer handle or similar tool, push piston and connecting rod assembly out to the cylinder head side.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.

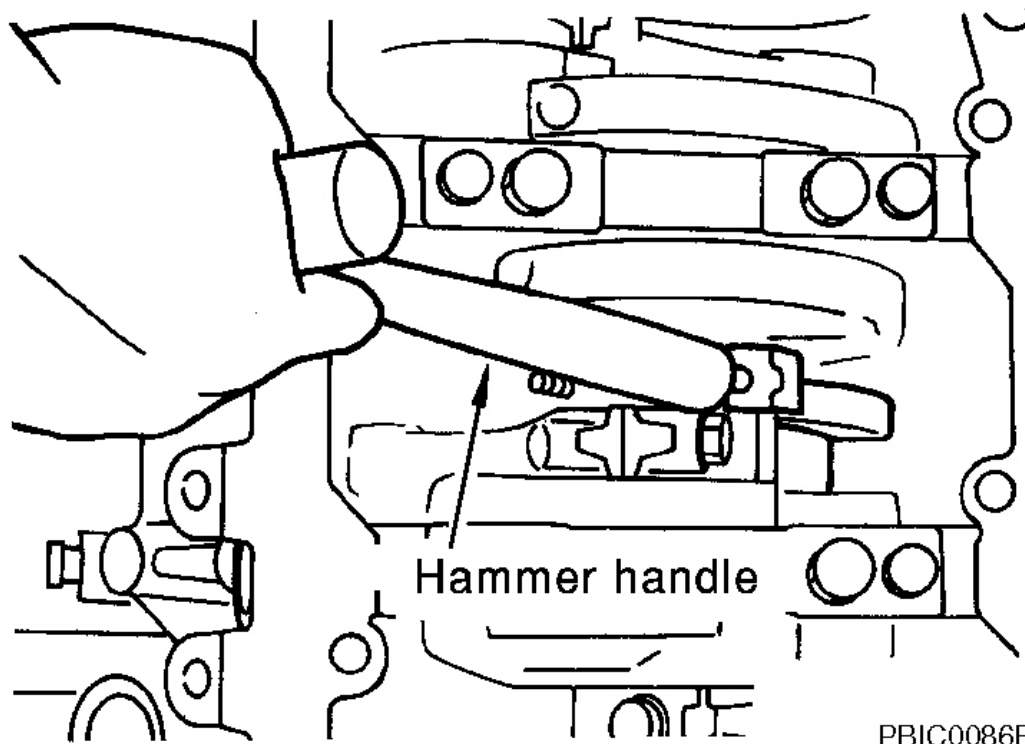


Fig. 175: Pushing Piston And Connecting Rod Assembly Out To Cylinder Head Side
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

9. Remove connecting rod bearings from connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.

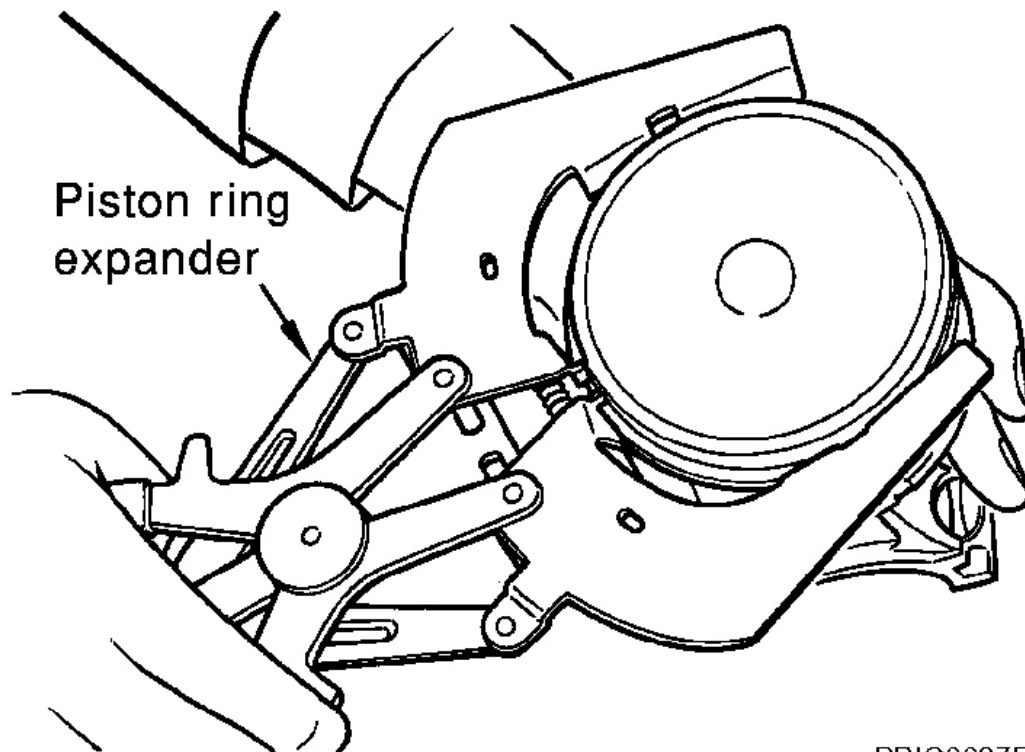
CAUTION: Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

10. Remove piston rings from piston.
 - Before removing the piston rings, check the piston ring side clearance. Refer to "**PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE**".

- Use piston ring expander (commercial service tool).

CAUTION:

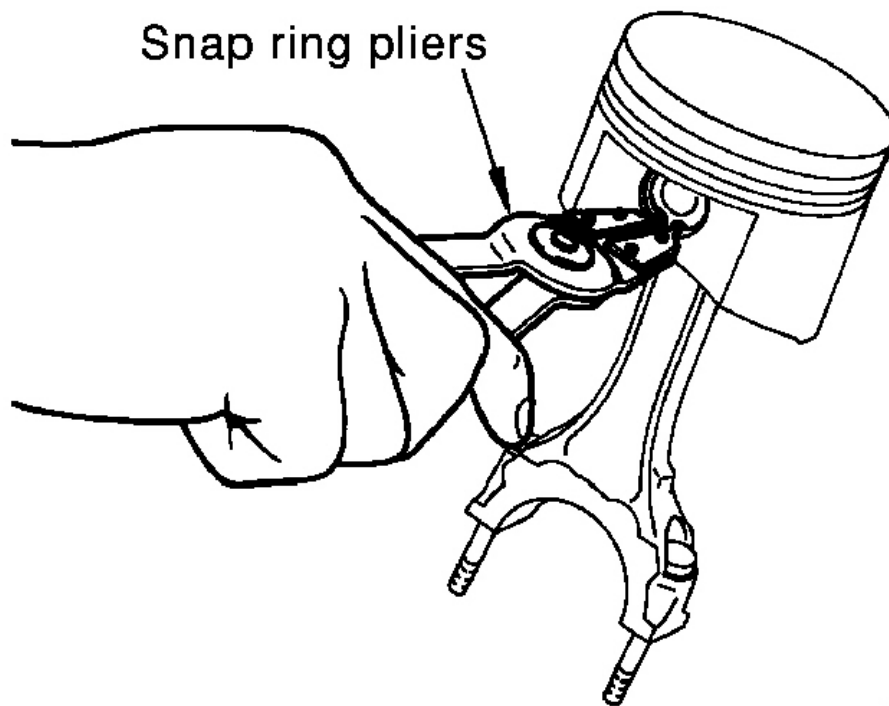
- When removing piston rings, be careful not to damage piston.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expanding them excessively.



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Fig. 176: Removing Piston Rings By Using Piston Ring Expander
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

11. Remove piston from connecting rod as follows:
 - a. Using snap ring pliers, remove the snap rings.



PBIC0088E

Fig. 177: Removing Snap Rings By Using Snap Ring Pliers
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- b. Heat piston to 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F) with industrial use drier or equivalent.

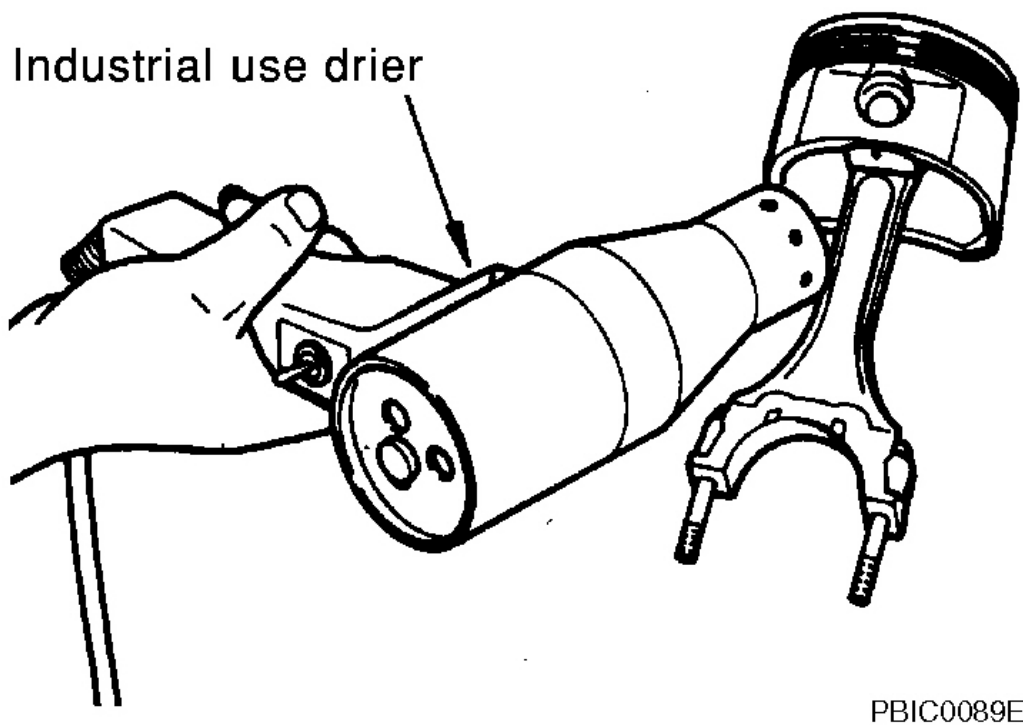


Fig. 178: Applying Heat To Piston With Industrial Use Drier
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- c. Push out piston pin with stick of outer diameter approximately 20 mm (0.8 in).

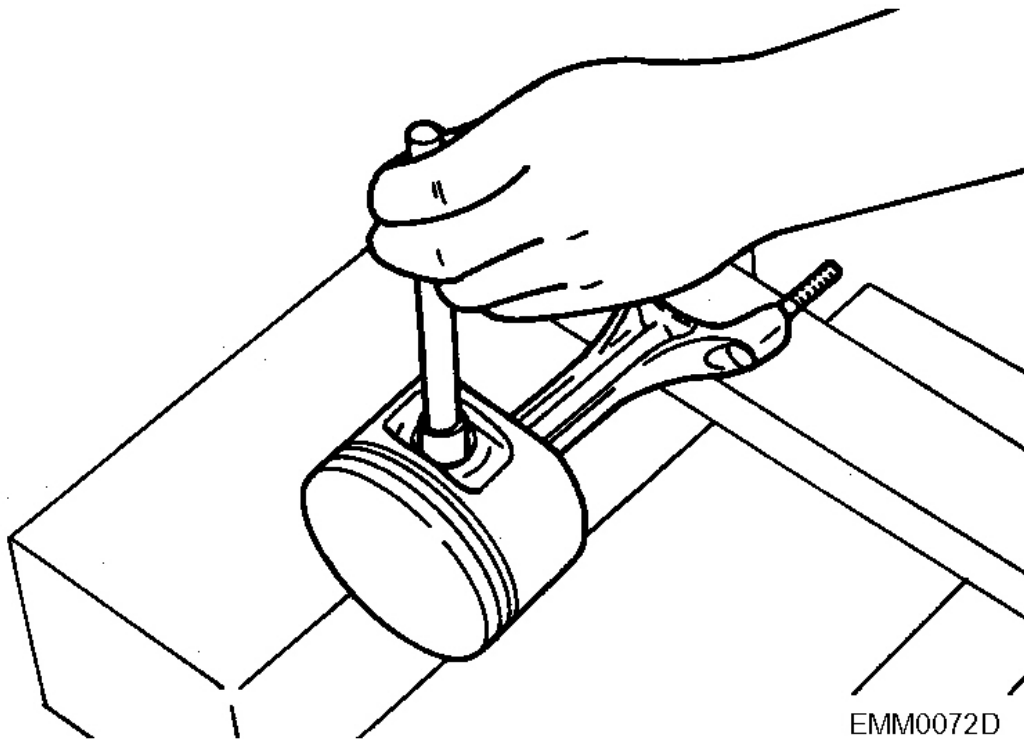


Fig. 179: Pushing Out Piston Pin With Stick
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

12. Remove rear oil seal retainer from cylinder block.
 - Insert screwdriver or similar tool between rear end of crankshaft counter weight and rear oil seal retainer, and separate liquid gasket to remove.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the mating surfaces.

13. Using screwdriver or similar tool, and lever off rear oil seal from rear oil seal retainer.
14. Remove main bearing cap as follows:
 - Before loosening main bearing cap bolts, measure the crankshaft end play. Refer to **"CRANKSHAFT END PLAY"**.
 - Loosen main bearing cap bolts in several different steps.
 - a. Remove cover attached to the rear left side of cylinder block (next to the starter motor housing).

NOTE: Bolts (No. 27 shown in the figure) are installed on the inside of

cover.

- b. Loosen side bolts (M10) starting from 30 to 21 to remove.
- c. Loosen main bearing cap sub bolts (M9) starting from 20 to 11 to remove.
- d. Loosen main bearing cap bolts (M12) starting from 10 to 1 to remove.
- e. Using main bearing cap remover (SST), remove main bearing cap.

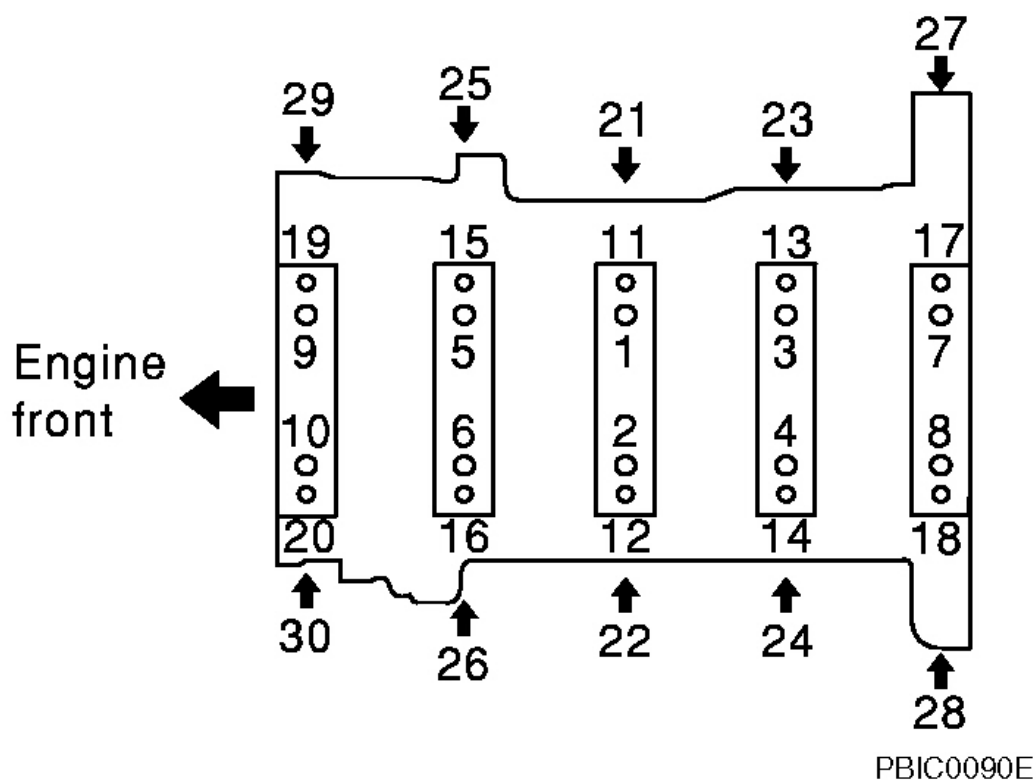


Fig. 180: Identifying Cover Attached To Rear Left Side Of Cylinder Block
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

15. Remove crankshaft.
16. Remove main bearings and thrust bearings from cylinder block and main bearing caps.

CAUTION: Identify installation positions, and store them without mixing them up.

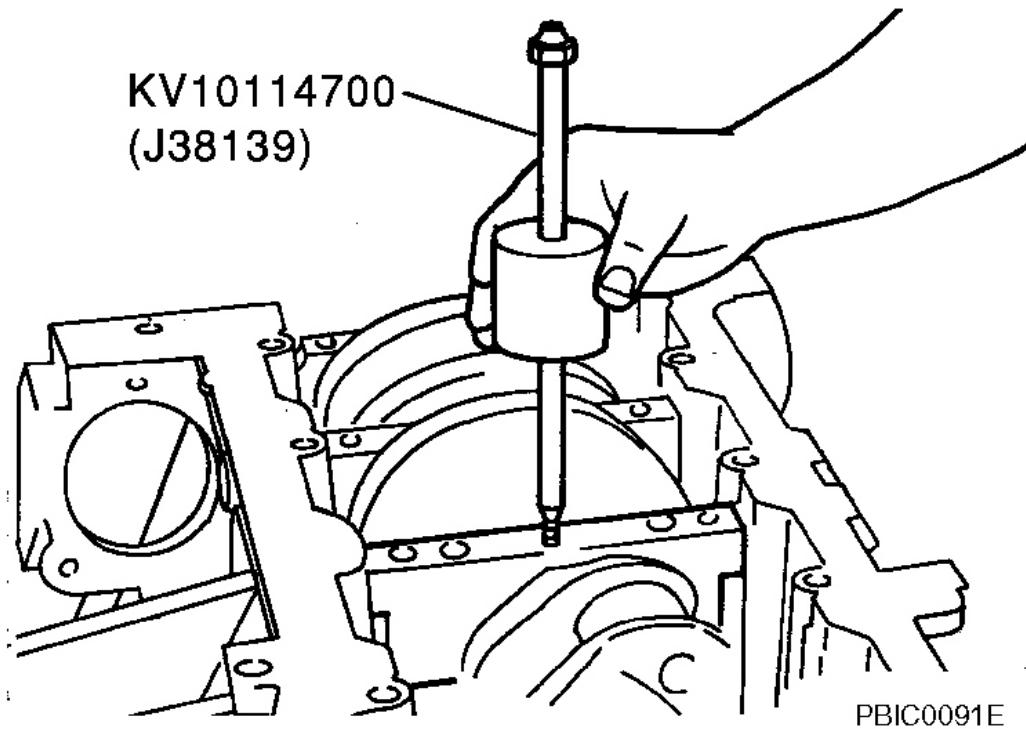


Fig. 181: Removing Main Bearing Cap By Using Main Bearing Cap Remover
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

17. If pilot converter must be removed, remove it from the rear end of the crankshaft using pilot bushing puller (SST).
 - It is possible to remove pilot converter without hoisting engine with engine stand.

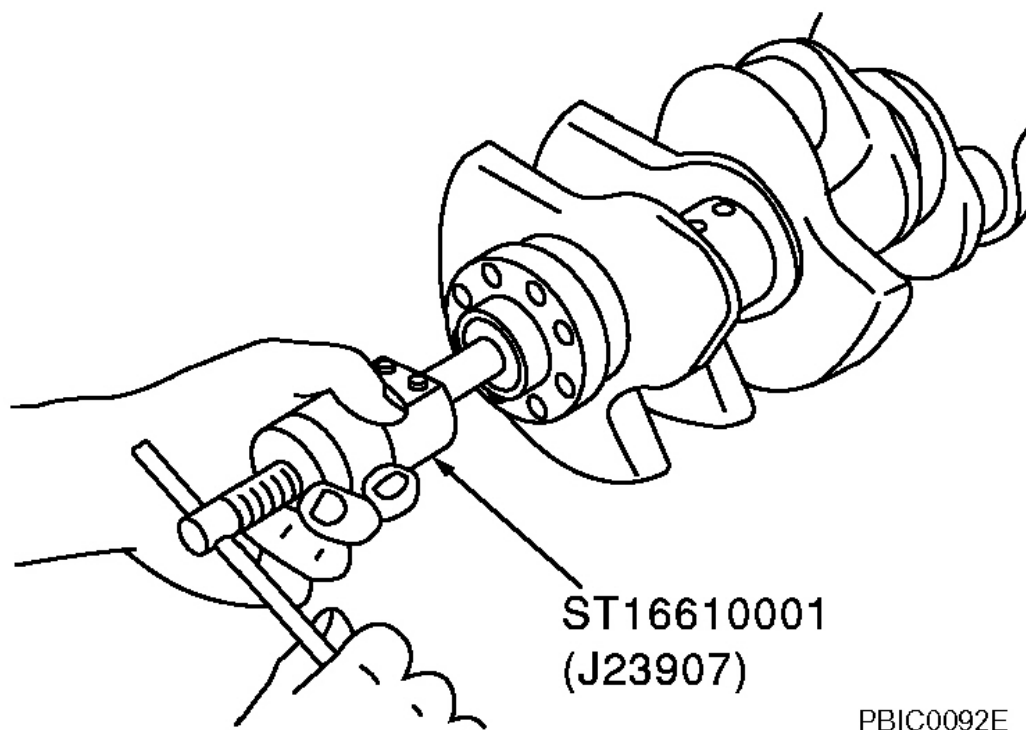


Fig. 182: Removing Pilot Converter Without Hoisting Engine With Engine Stand
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

ASSEMBLY

1. Fully air-blow engine coolant and engine oil passages in cylinder block, cylinder bore and crankcase to remove any foreign material.

CAUTION: Use a goggles to protect your eye.

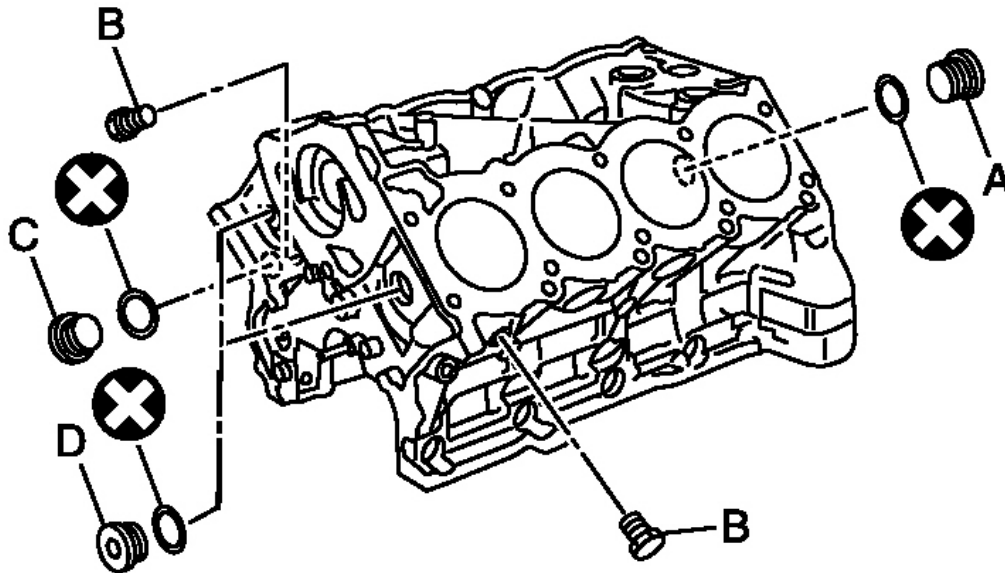
2. Install each plug to the cylinder block. (Only screwed-type plugs are shown in the figure.)
 - Apply sealant to the thread of each plug "A" and "D".

Use Genuine High Strength Locking Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

- Apply sealant to the thread of each plug "B" and "C".

Use Anaerobic Liquid Gasket or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

- Replace copper washers with new ones.
- Tighten each plug as specified below.



⊗ : Always replace after every disassembly.

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Fig. 183: Replacing Copper Washers
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

TIGHTENING TORQUE

Part	Washer	Tightening torque
A	Yes	53.9 N.m (5.5 kg-m, 40 ft-lb)
B	No	19.6 N.m (2.0 kg-m, 14 ft-lb)
C	Yes	62.7 N.m (6.4 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)
D	Yes	62.7 N.m (6.4 kg-m, 46 ft-lb)

3. Install main bearings and thrust bearings as follows:
 - a. Remove dust, dirt and oil on the bearing mating surfaces of cylinder block and main bearing caps.
 - b. Install thrust bearings to the both sides of the No. 3 journal housing on cylinder block and main bearing cap
 - Install thrust bearings with the oil groove facing the crankshaft arm (outside).
 - Install thrust bearing with a protrusion on one end on cylinder block, and thrust bearing with

a protrusion at center on main bearing cap. Align each protrusion with mating notch.

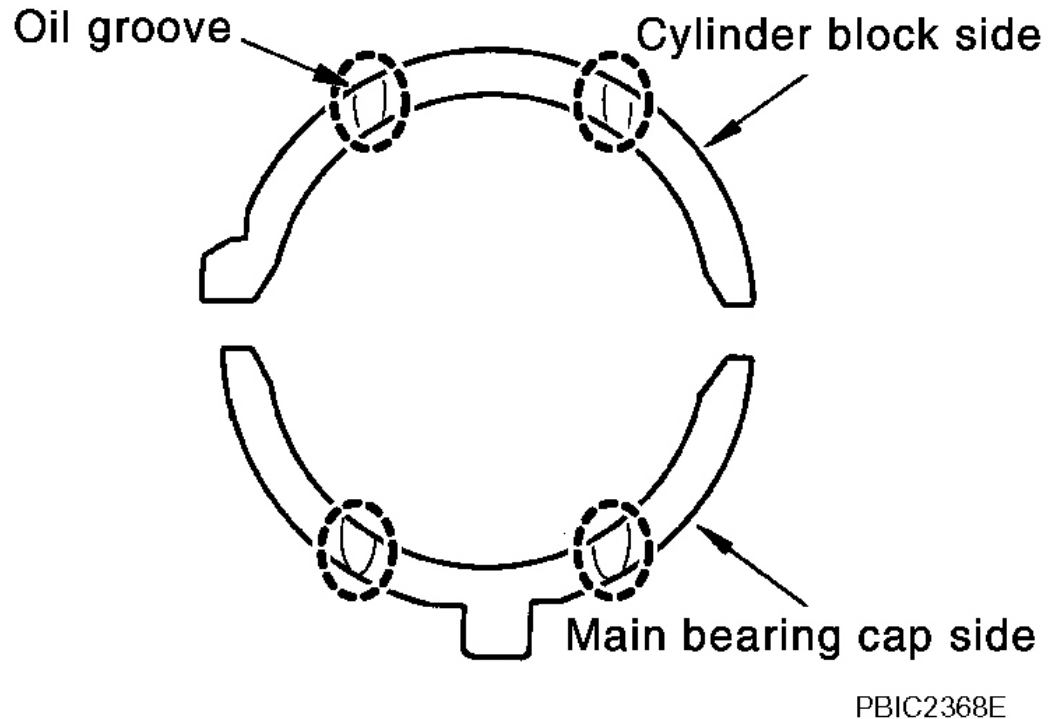
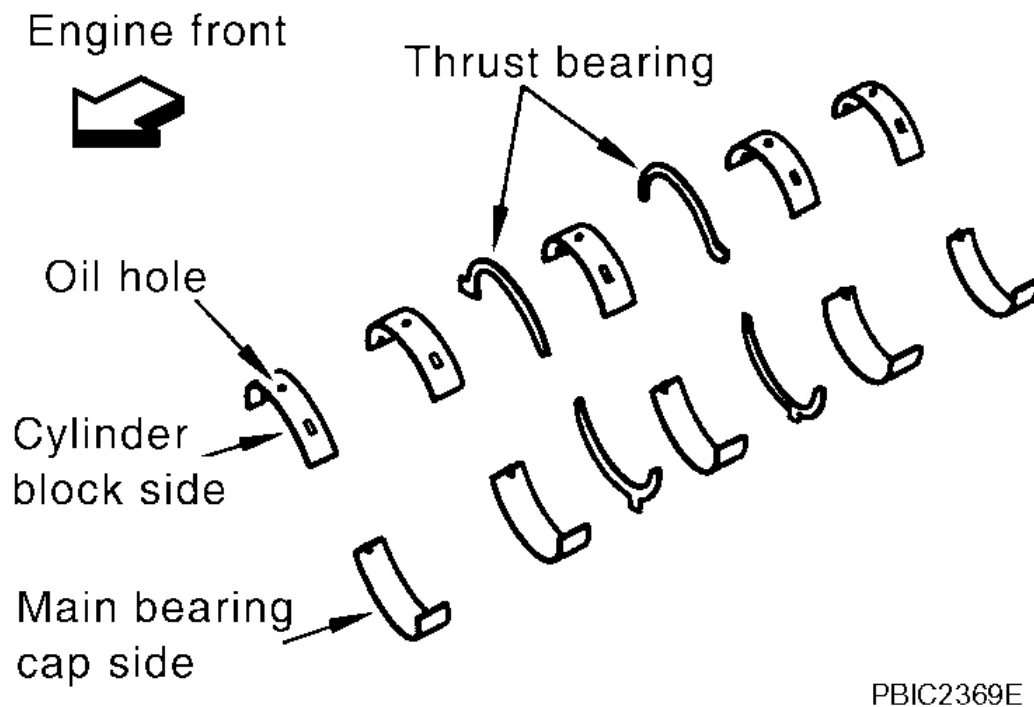


Fig. 184: Identifying Thrust Bearings With Oil Groove On Cylinder Block And Main Bearing Cap Side
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

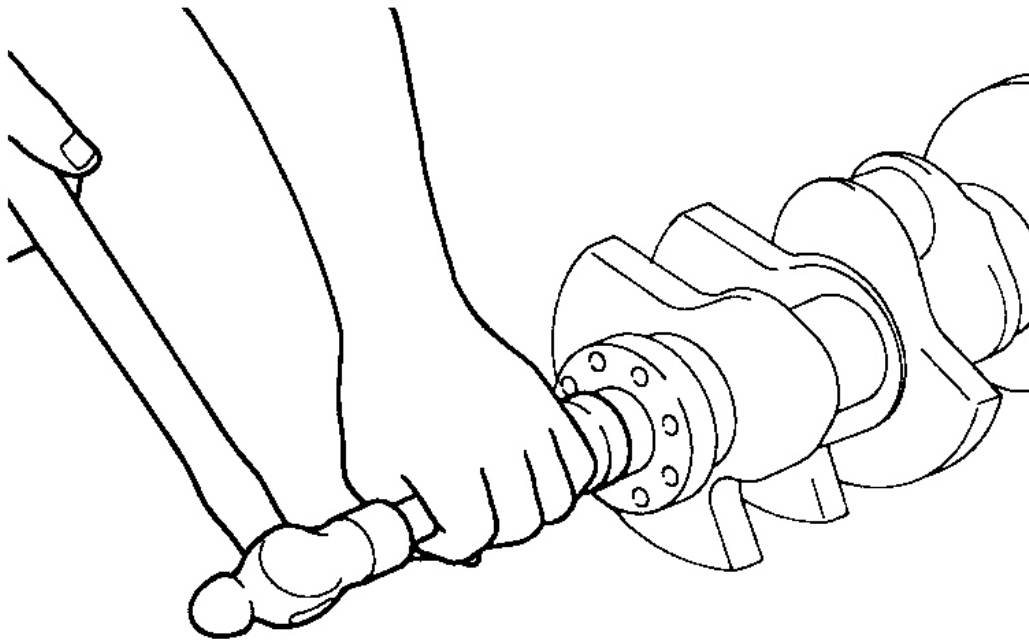
- c. Install main bearings paying attention to the direction.
- Main bearing with oil hole and groove goes on cylinder block. The one without them goes on main bearing cap.
 - Before installing main bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - When installing, align main bearing stopper protrusion to cutout of cylinder block and main bearing caps.
 - Ensure the oil holes on cylinder block and those on the corresponding bearing are aligned.



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Fig. 185: Identifying Main Bearing With Oil Hole And Groove
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

4. Install pilot converter to crankshaft, if removed.
 - With drift [outer diameter: approx. 35 mm (1.38 in)], press-fit as far as it will go.



EMP0569D

Fig. 186: Installing Pilot Converter To Crankshaft With Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Press-fit pilot converter with its chamfering side facing crankshaft as shown in the figure.
- It is possible to remove pilot converter without hoisting engine with engine stand.

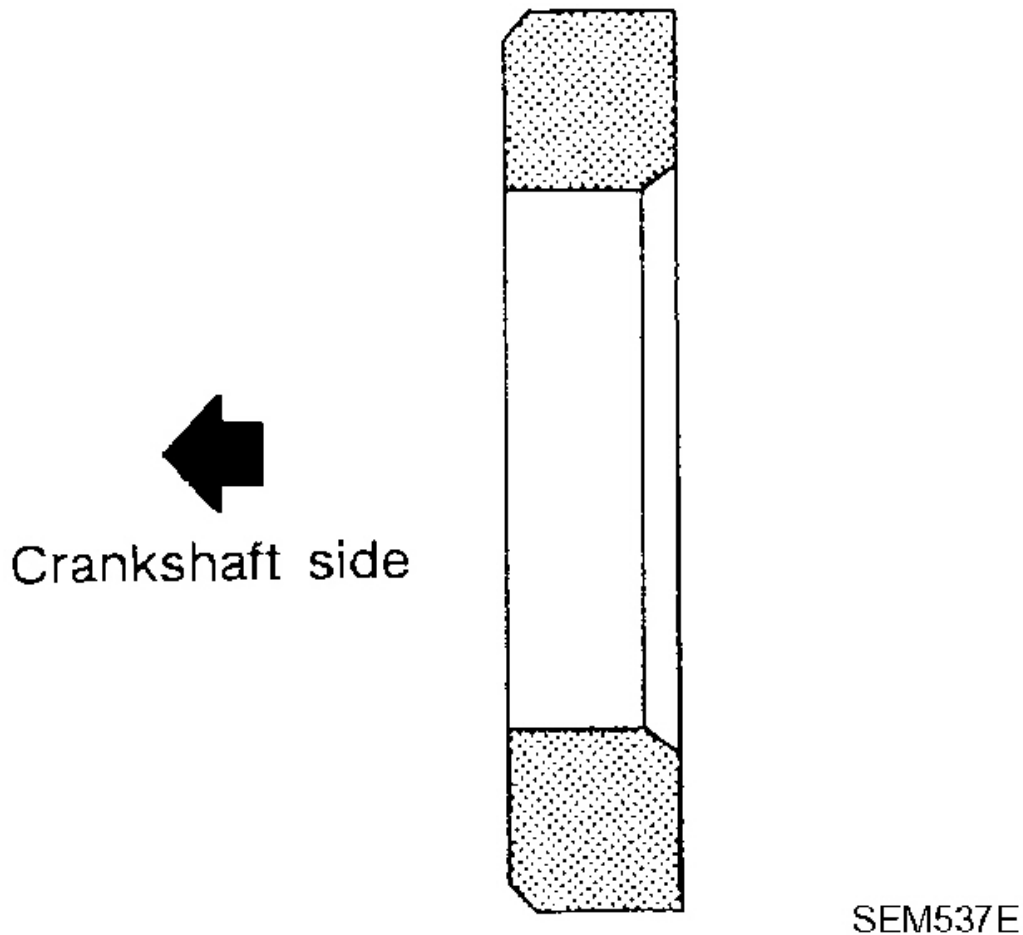


Fig. 187: Identifying Pilot Converter Without Hoisting Engine With Engine Stand
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

5. Install crankshaft to cylinder block.
 - While turning crankshaft by hand, make sure it turns smoothly.
6. Install main bearing caps.
 - Align the identification number to the journal position to install.
 - Install the upper side of the identification number facing the front of engine. (The number shall be read correctly from the rear of engine.)
 - Using plastic hammer or similar tool, tap them lightly to seat them on the installation position.

NOTE: Main bearing cap cannot be replaced as a single parts, because it is machined together with cylinder block.

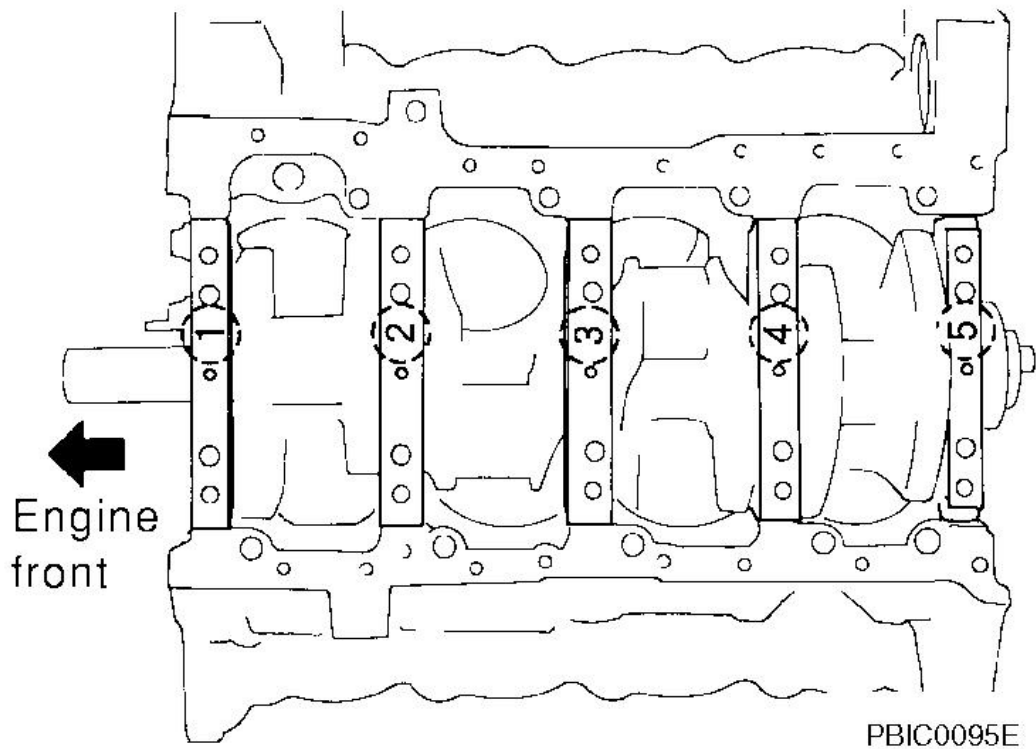


Fig. 188: Identifying Main Bearing Caps
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

7. Install each main bearing cap bolt as follows:
 - a. Apply new engine oil to threads and seating surface of main bearing cap bolts, and tighten all bolts temporarily.
 - b. Tighten main bearing cap bolt (M12) in order of 1 to 10.

: 39.2 N.m (4.0 kg-m, 29 ft-lb)

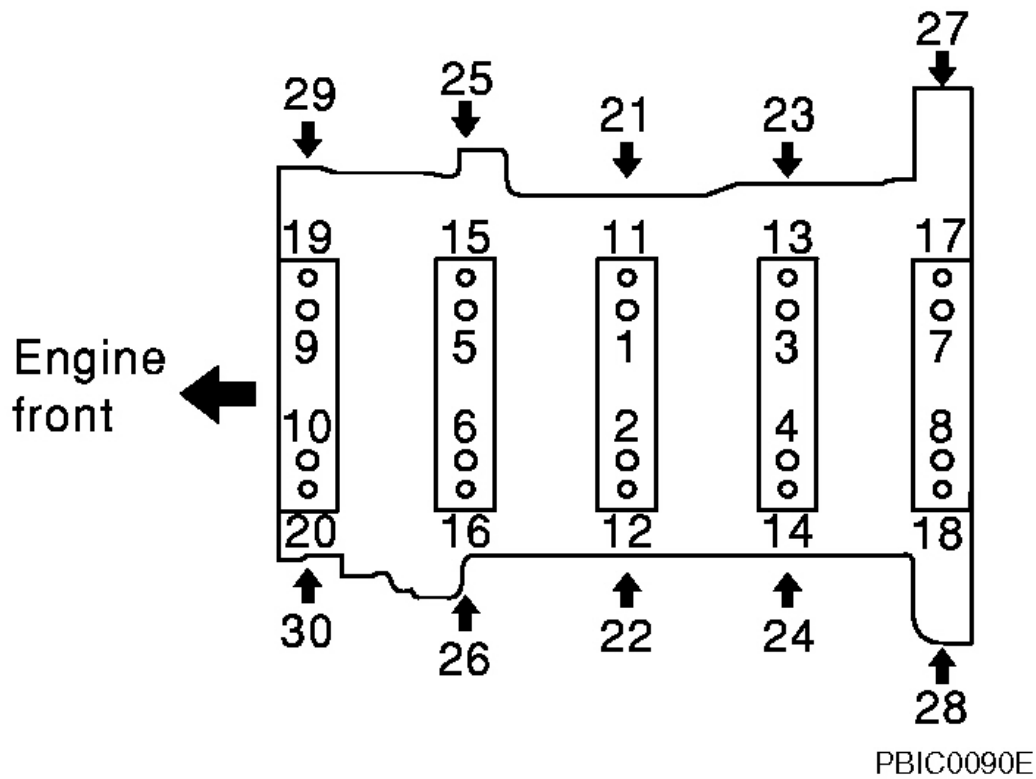


Fig. 189: Applying Engine Oil To Threads And Seating Surface Of Main Bearing Cap Bolts And Tighten Bolts

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- c. Tighten main bearing cap sub bolt (M9) in order of 11 to 20.

: 29.4 N.m (3.0 kg-m, 22 ft-lb)

- d. Tighten main bearing cap bolt (M12) to 40 degrees clockwise in order of 1 to 10. (Angle tightening)

CAUTION: Use angle wrench (SST) to check tightening angle in step "d" and "e". Do not make judgment by visual inspection.

- e. Tighten main bearing cap sub bolt (M9) to 30 degrees clockwise in order of 11 to 20. (Angle tightening)

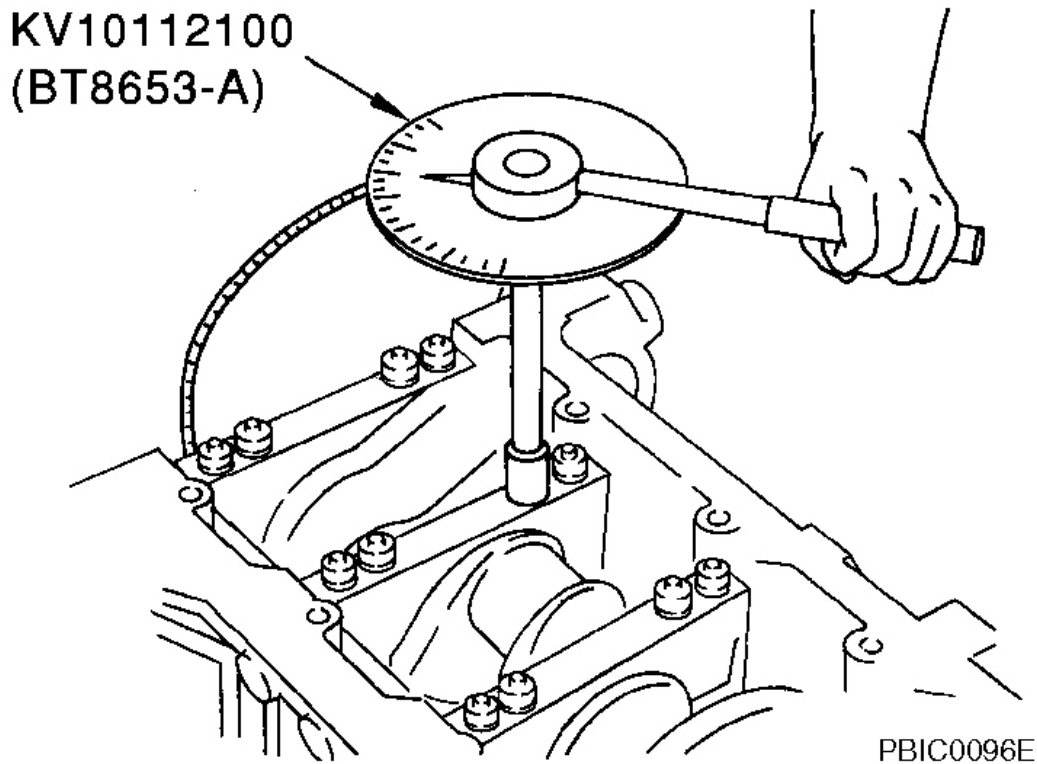


Fig. 190: Tightening Main Bearing Cap Bolt
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

f. Tighten side bolt (M10) in order of 21 to 30.

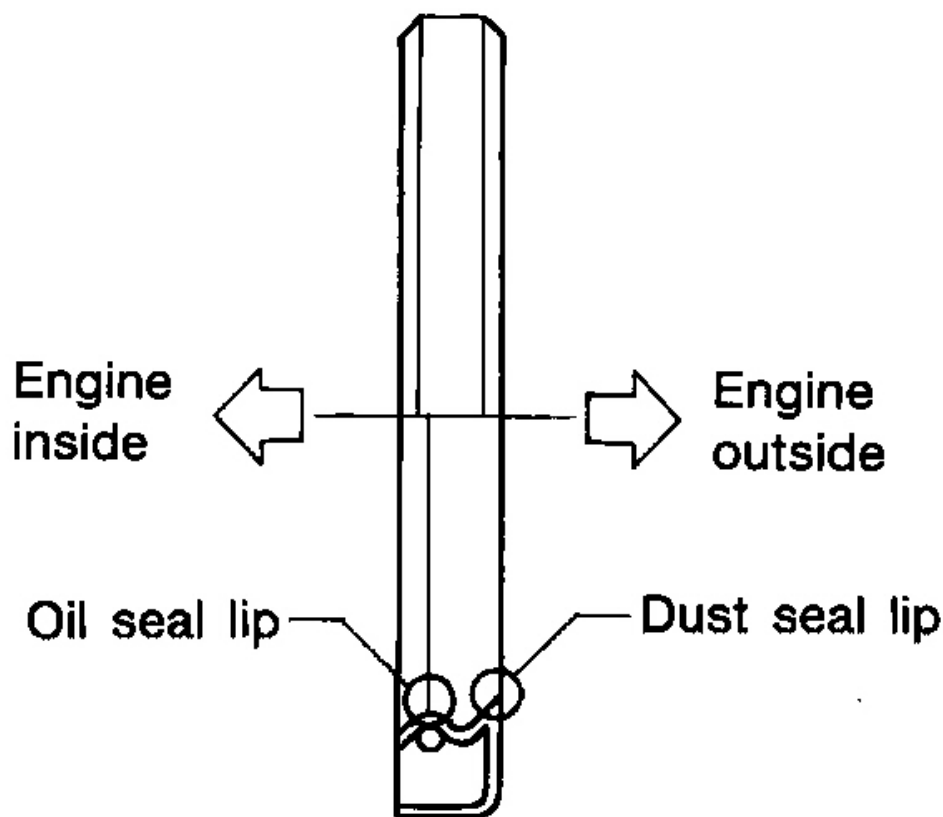
: 49 N.m (5.0 kg-m, 36 ft-lb)

- After installing main bearing cap bolts, make sure that crankshaft can be rotated smoothly.
- Check the crankshaft end play. Refer to "**CRANKSHAFT END PLAY**".

g. Install cover of cylinder block rear left side (next to the starter motor housing).

8. Install new rear oil seal on rear oil seal retainer.

- Install new rear oil seal so that each seal lip is oriented as shown in the figure.



SEM715A

Fig. 191: Identifying Inner & Outer Seal Lips
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Install rear oil seal to rear oil seal retainer with rear oil seal drift (commercial service tool).

Rear oil seal drift

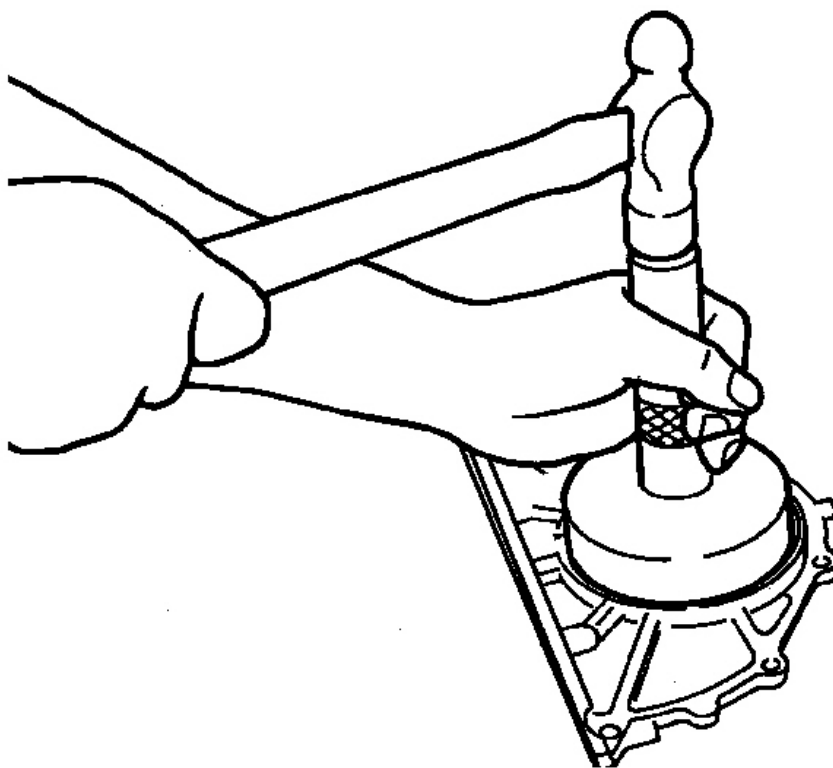
Outer diameter : 102 mm (4.02 in)

Inner diameter : 86 mm (3.39 in)

- Tap until flattened with front edge of rear oil seal retainer. Do not damage or scratch outer circumference of oil seal.
- Make sure the garter spring is in position and seal lips not inverted.

9. Install rear oil seal retainer.

- Apply new engine oil to both oil seal lip and dust seal lip.



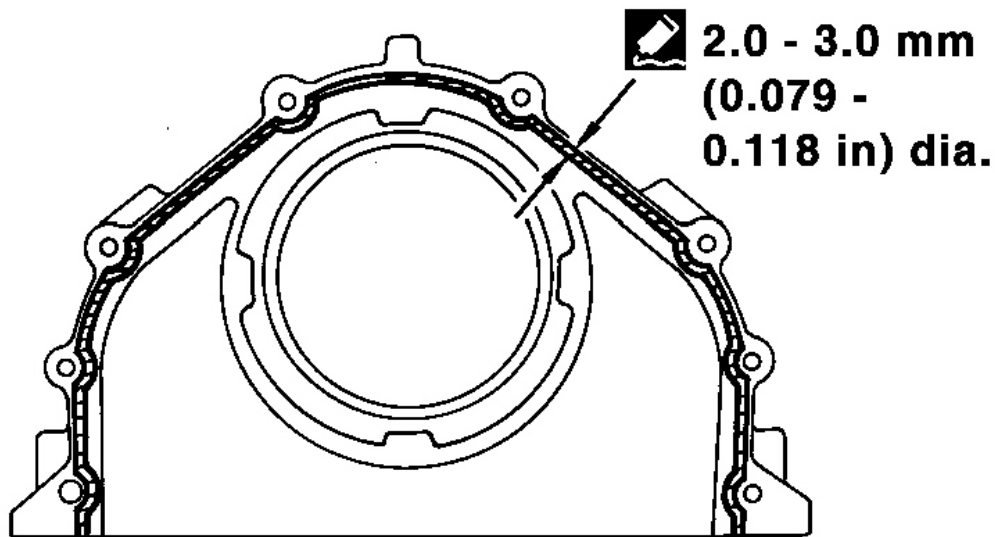
PBIC0097E

Fig. 192: Installing Rear Oil Seal To Rear Oil Seal Retainer With Rear Oil Seal Drift
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Apply a continuous bead of liquid gasket with tube presser [SST: WS39930000 (-)] to rear oil seal retainer as shown in the figure.

Use Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to "RECOMMENDED CHEMICAL PRODUCTS AND SEALANTS".

For GI, go to **GENERAL INFORMATION** .



: Apply Genuine RTV Silicone Sealant or equivalent. Refer to GI section.

SBIA0391E

Fig. 193: Applying Continuous Bead Of Liquid Gasket With Tube Presser
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

10. Install piston to connecting rod.
 - a. Using snap ring pliers, install new snap ring to the groove of the piston rear side.
 - Insert it fully into groove to install.
 - b. Install piston to connecting rod.
 - Using industrial use drier or similar tool, heat piston until piston pin can be pushed in by hand without excess force [approx. 60 to 70°C (140 to 158°F)]. From the front to the rear, insert piston pin into piston and connecting rod.
 - Assemble so that the front mark on the piston head and the oil holes and the cylinder No. on connecting rod are positioned as shown in the figure.
 - c. Using snap ring pliers, install new snap rings to the groove of the piston front side.
 - Insert it fully into groove to install.
 - After installing, make sure that connecting rod moves smoothly.

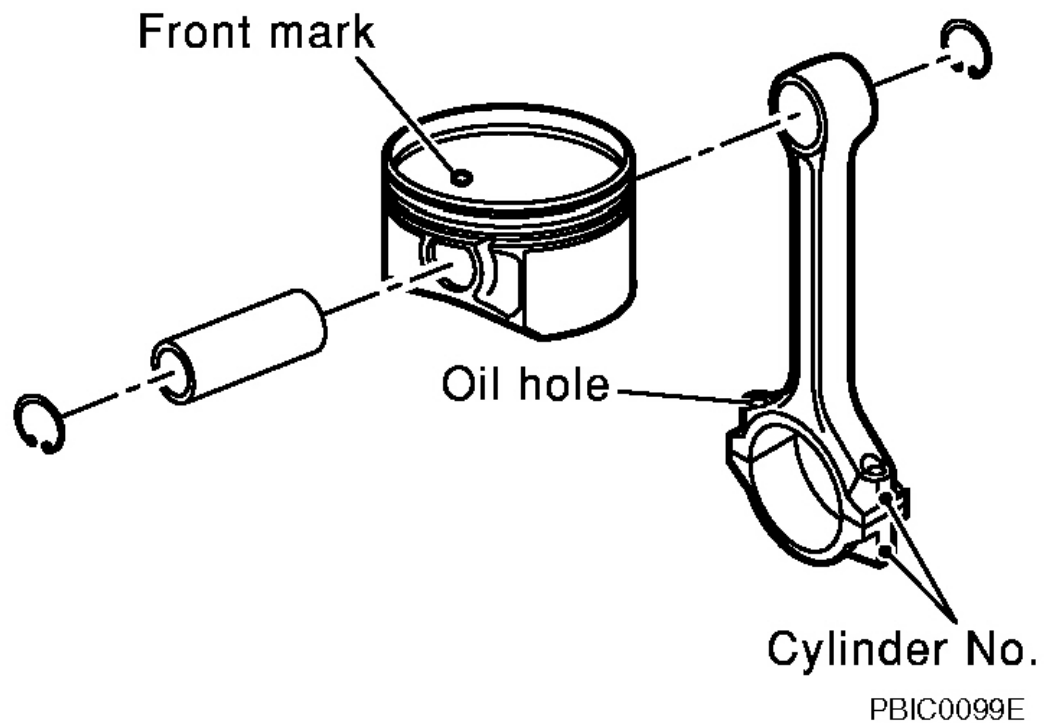


Fig. 194: Positioning Front Mark On Piston Head And Oil Holes
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

11. Using piston ring expander (commercial service tool), install piston rings.

CAUTION:

- When installing piston rings, be careful not to damage piston.
- Be careful not to damage piston rings by expending them excessively.

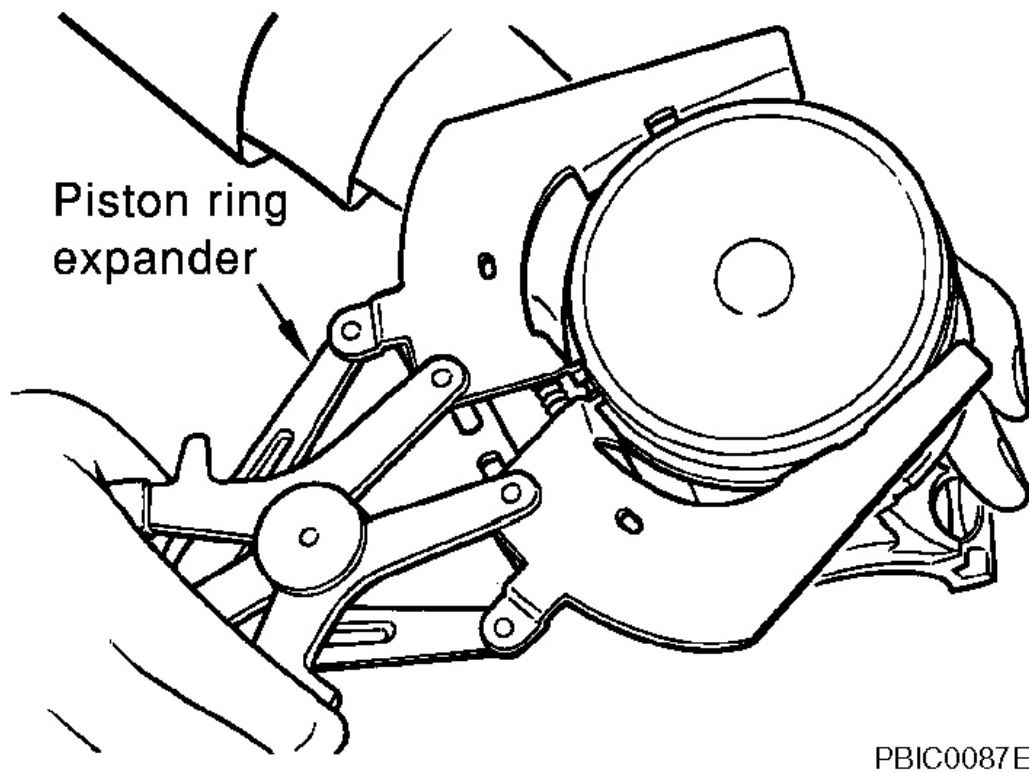


Fig. 195: Installing Piston Rings By Using Piston Ring Expander
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Position each ring with the gap as shown in the figure, referring to the piston front mark.
- Install top ring and second ring with the stamped surface facing upward.

Stamped mark

Top ring : R

Second ring : 2R

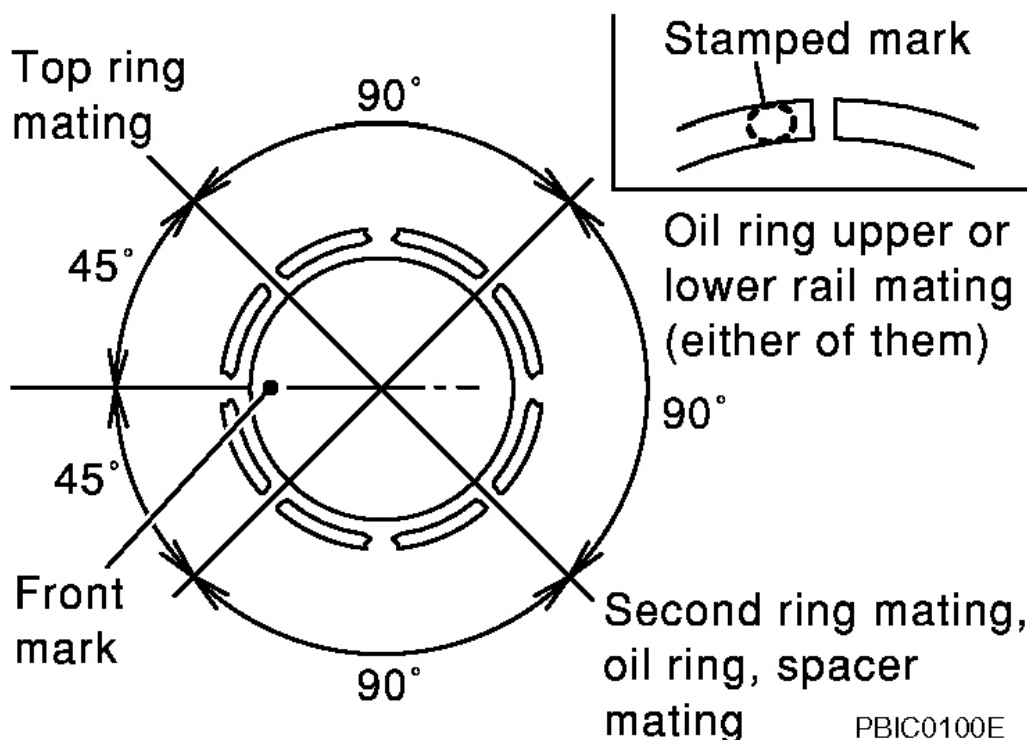


Fig. 196: Positioning Ring With Gap
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

12. Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap.
 - Before installing connecting rod bearings, apply engine oil to the bearing surface (inside). Do not apply engine oil to the back surface, but thoroughly clean it.
 - When installing, align the connecting rod bearing stopper protrusion with the cutout of connecting rod and connecting rod bearing cap to install.
 - Ensure the oil holes on connecting rod and that on the corresponding bearing are aligned.

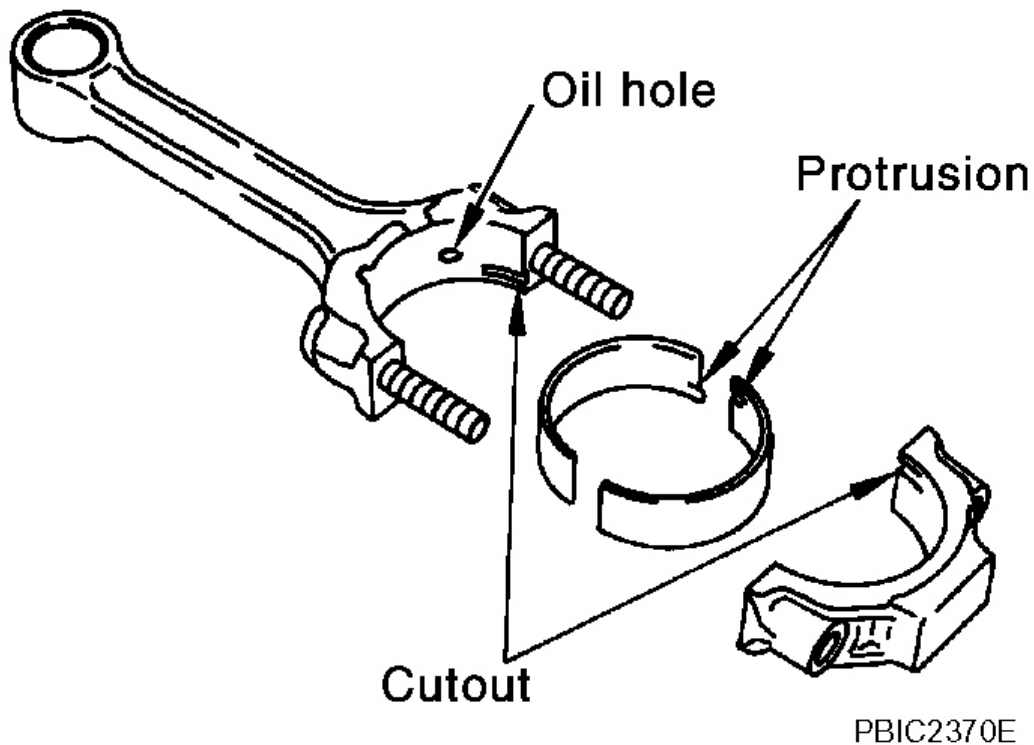


Fig. 197: Aligning Connecting Rod Bearing Stopper Protrusion With Cutout Of Connecting Rod And Connecting Rod Bearing Cap
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

13. Install piston and connecting rod assembly to crankshaft.
 - Position the crankshaft pin corresponding to connecting rod to be installed onto the bottom dead center.

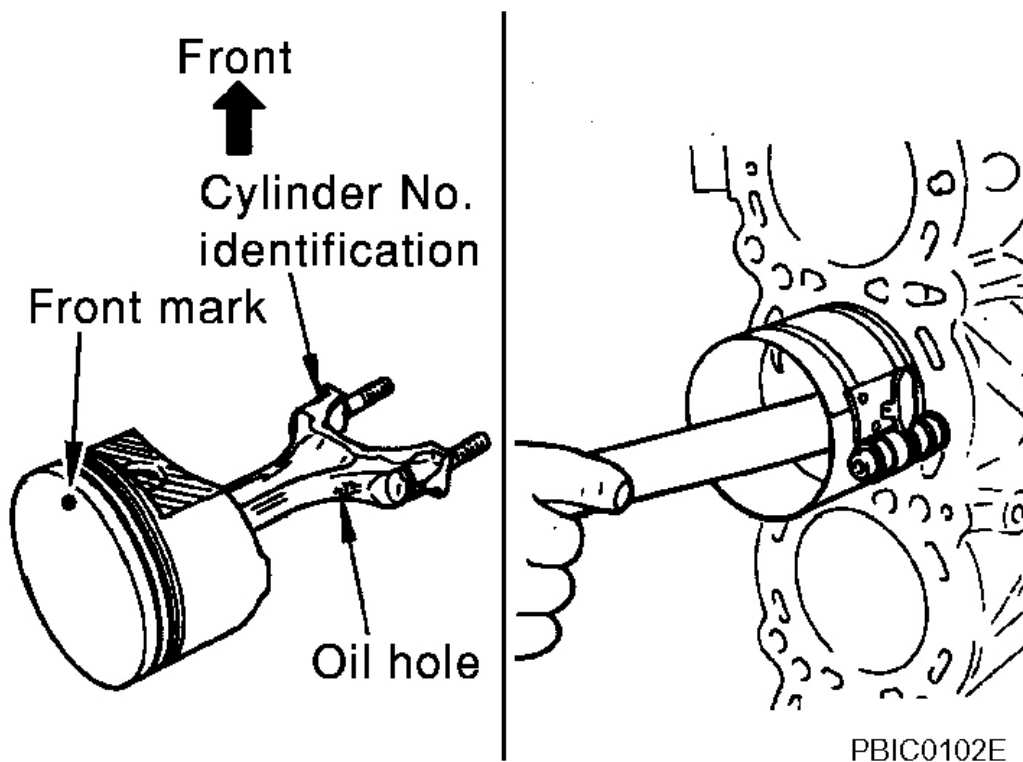


Fig. 198: Installing Piston And Connecting Rod Assembly To Crankshaft
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Apply engine oil sufficiently to the cylinder bore, piston and crankshaft pin journal.
- Match the cylinder position with the cylinder No. on connecting rod to install.
- Be sure that front mark on piston head is facing front of engine.
- Using piston ring compressor [SST: EM03470000 (J8037)], install piston with the front mark on the piston head facing the front of engine.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage cylinder wall and crankshaft pin, resulting from an interference of the connecting rod big end.

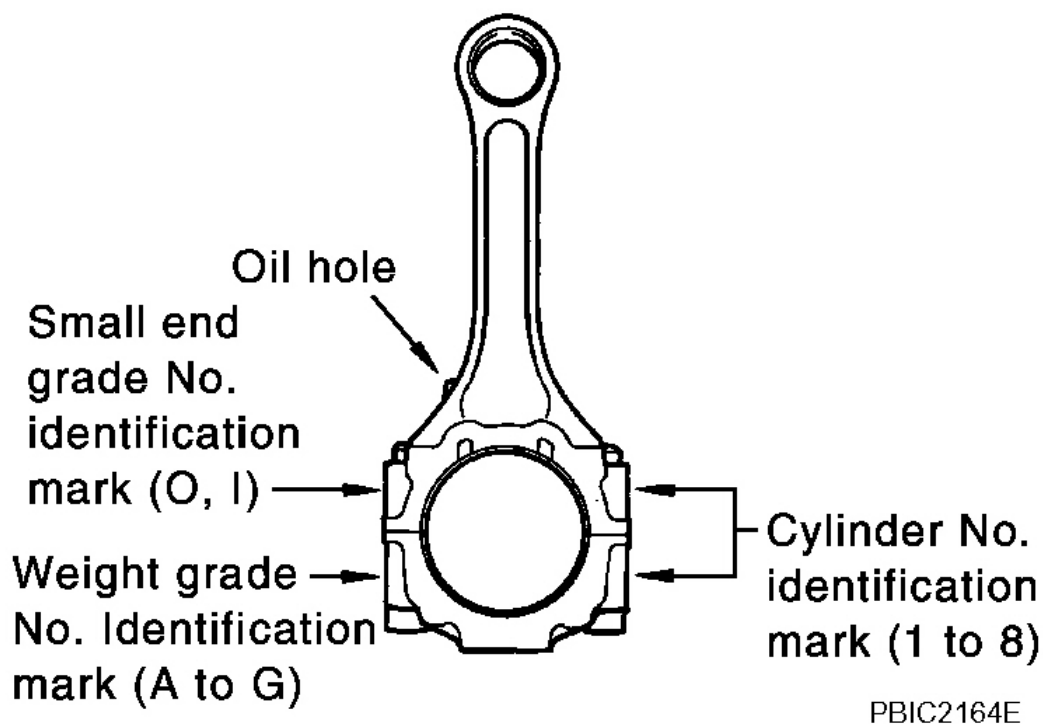


Fig. 199: Identifying Piston With Front Mark On Piston Head Facing Front Of Engine By Using Piston Ring Compressor
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

14. Install connecting rod bearing cap.
 - Match the stamped cylinder number marks on connecting rod with those on cap to install.
15. Tighten connecting rod nuts as follows:
 - a. Apply new engine oil to the threads and seats of connecting rod bolts and nuts.
 - b. Tighten connecting rod nuts.

: 14.7 N.m (1.5 kg-m, 11 ft-lb)
 - c. Then tighten all connecting rod nuts 60 degrees clockwise. (Angle tightening)

CAUTION: Use angle wrench (SST) to check tightening angle. Do not make judgment by visual inspection.

- After tightening connecting rod nuts, make sure that crankshaft rotates smoothly.
- Check the connecting rod side clearance. Refer to "**CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE**".

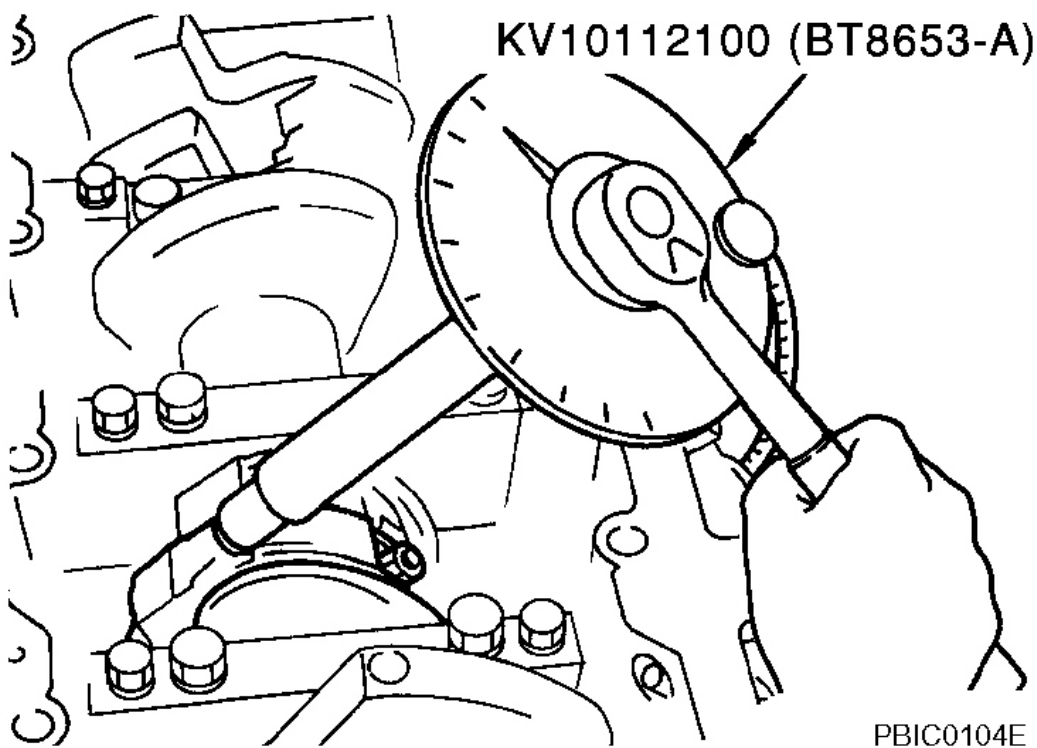


Fig. 200: Tightening Connecting Rod Nuts
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

16. Install knock sensor.

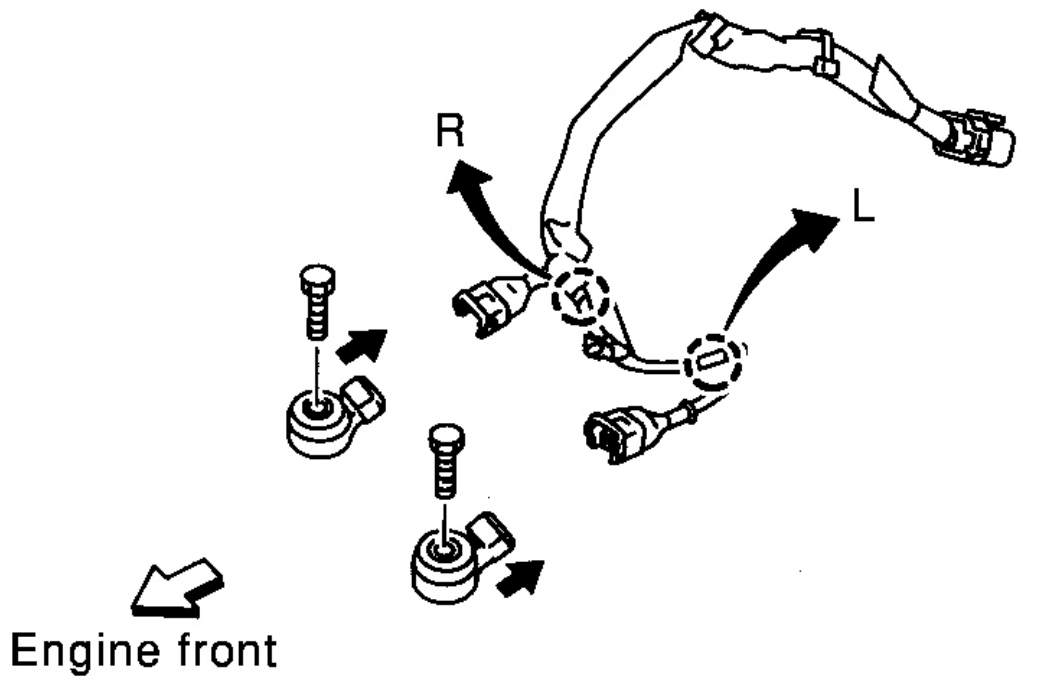
- Install it with its connector facing the rear of engine.
- Install the sub-harness with its shorter branch line to the right bank.

CAUTION:

- Do not tighten mounting bolts while holding connector.
- If any impact by dropping is applied to knock sensor, replace it with new one.

NOTE:

- Make sure that there is no foreign material on the cylinder block mating surface and the back surface of knock sensor.
- Make sure that knock sensor does not interfere with other parts.



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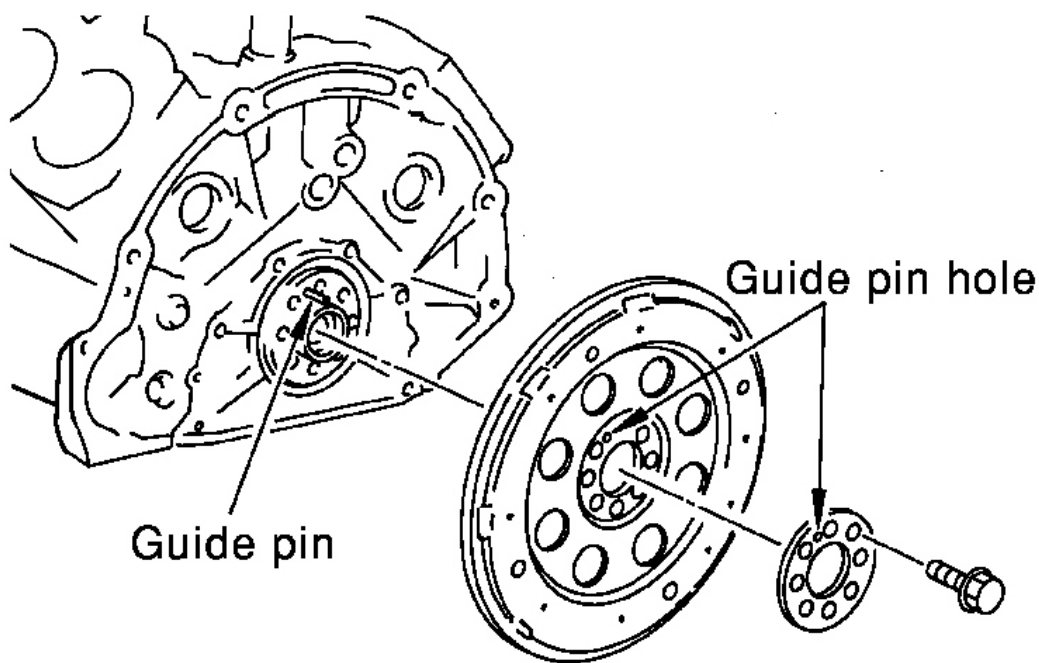
Fig. 201: Identifying Knock Sensor

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

17. Note the following, and assemble in the reverse order of disassembly after this step.

Drive plate

- When installing drive plate to crankshaft, be sure to correctly align crankshaft side guide pin and drive plate side guide pin hole.
 - If these are not aligned correctly, engine runs roughly and "MIL" turns on.



PBIC0106E

Fig. 202: Aligning Crankshaft Side Guide Pin And Drive Plate Side Guide Pin Hole
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Install drive plate, reinforcement plate and pilot converter (if not installed in step 4) as shown in the figure.
- Face chamfered or rounded edge side to crankshaft.
- Holding ring gear with ring gear stopper [SST: J-45476].
- Tighten mounting bolts crosswise over several times.
- When install pilot converter, using drift [outer diameter: approx. 35 mm (1.38 in)]. Press-fit as far as it will go.

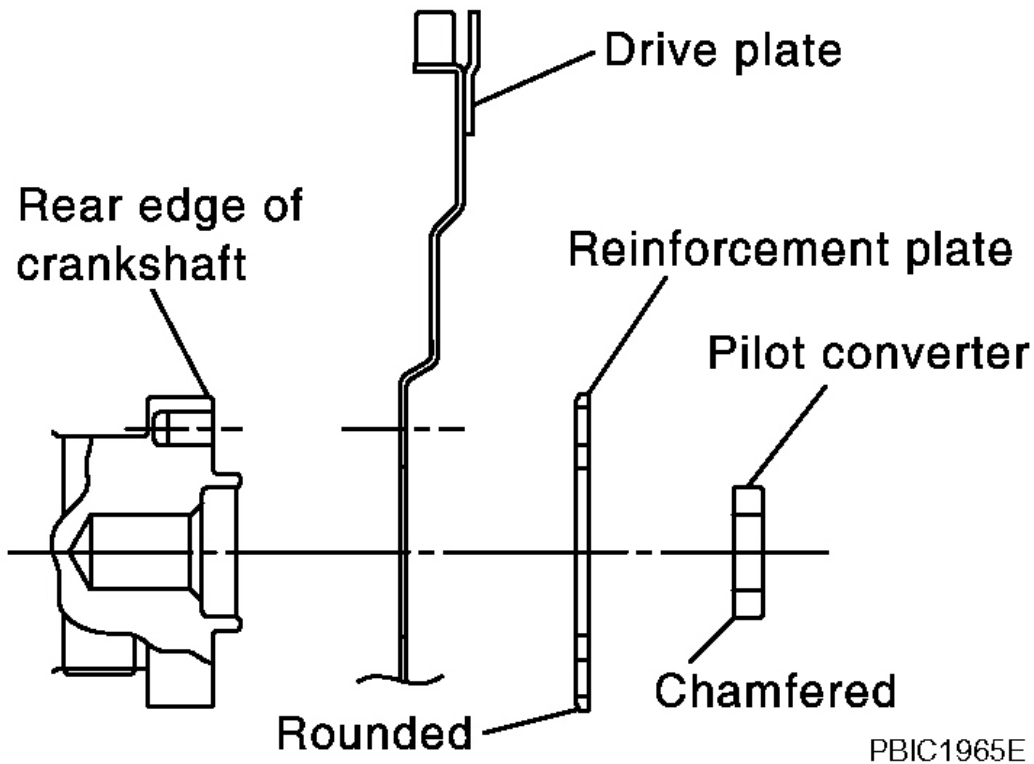


Fig. 203: Identifying Drive Plate, Reinforcement Plate And Pilot Converter
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

HOW TO SELECT PISTON AND BEARING

DESCRIPTION

PISTON AND BEARING SPECIFICATIONS

Selection points	Selection parts	Selection items	Selection methods
Between cylinder block and crankshaft	Main bearing	Main bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Determined by match of cylinder block bearing housing grade (inner diameter of housing) and crankshaft journal grade (outer diameter of journal)
Between crankshaft and connecting rod	Connecting rod bearing	Connecting rod bearing grade (bearing thickness)	Combining service grades for connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin outer diameter determine connecting rod bearing selection.
Between cylinder	Piston and piston pin	Piston grade (piston	Piston grade = cylinder bore grade

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block and piston	assembly (Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.)	skirt diameter)	(inner diameter of bore)
Between piston and connecting rod ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-
(1) For the service parts, the grade for fitting cannot be selected between piston pin and connecting rod. (Only "0" grade is available.) The information at the shipment from the plant is described as a reference.			

- The identification grade stamped on each part is the grade for the dimension measured in new condition. This grade cannot apply to reused parts.
- For reused or repaired parts, measure the dimension accurately. Determine the grade by comparing the measurement with the values of each selection table.
- For details of the measurement method of each part, the reuse standards, and the selection method of the selective fitting parts, refer to the text.

HOW TO SELECT PISTON

When New Cylinder Block is Used: Check the cylinder bore grade ("1""2" or "3") on the rear upper side between cylinder block banks, and select piston of the same grade.

NOTE: **Piston is available with piston pin as a set for the service part. (Only "0" grade piston pin is available.)**

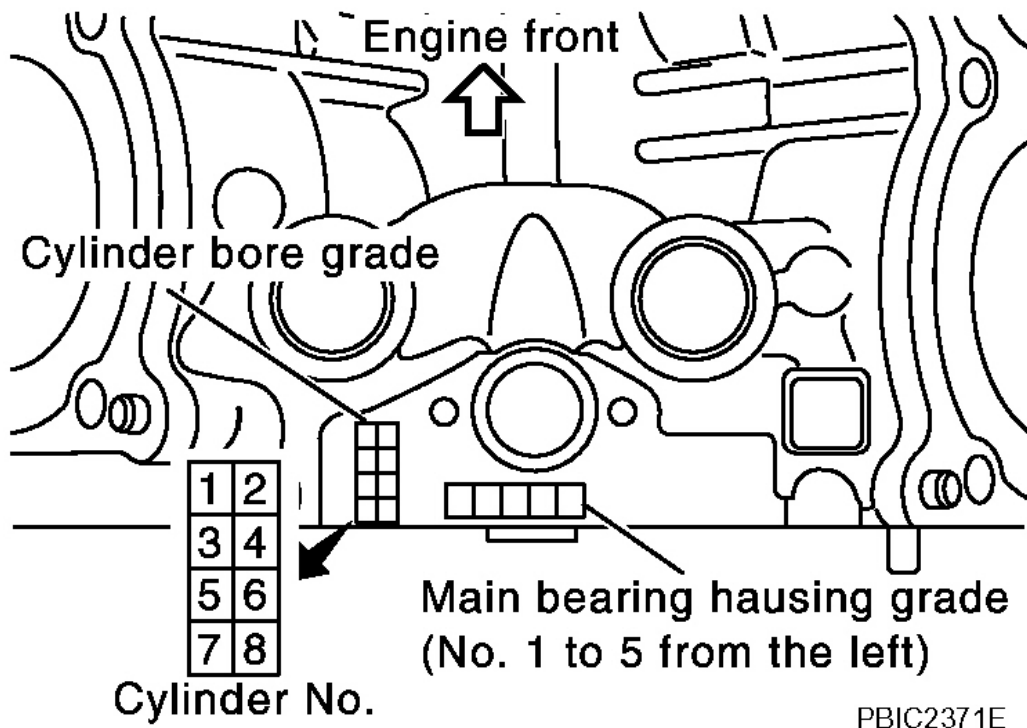
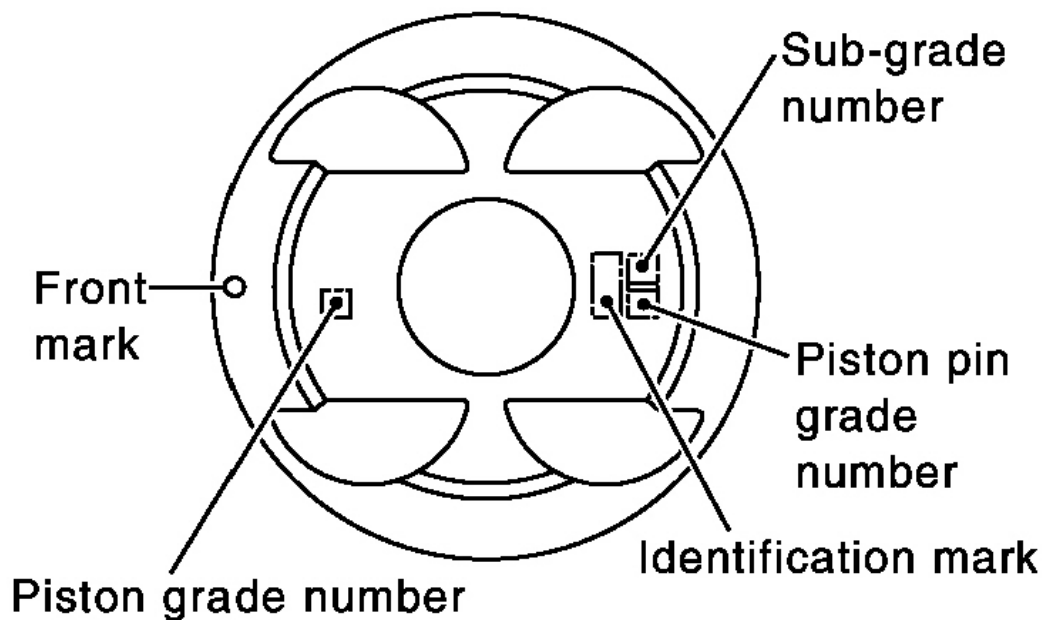


Fig. 204: Identifying Cylinder Bore Grade On Rear Upper Side Between Cylinder Block Banks
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.



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Fig. 205: Identifying Identification Mark
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

When Cylinder Block is Reused:

1. Measure the cylinder bore inner diameter. Refer to "**CYLINDER BORE INNER DIAMETER**".
2. Determine the bore grade by comparing the measurement with the values the "Cylinder bore inner diameter" of the "Piston Selection Table". Select piston of the same grade.

Piston Selection Table

PISTON SELECTION CHART

Unit: mm (in)			
Grade	1	2 (or no mark)	3
Cylinder bore inner diameter	93.000 - 93.010 (3.6614 - 3.6618)	93.010 - 93.020 (3.6618 - 3.6622)	93.020 - 93.030 (3.6622 - 3.6626)
Piston skirt diameter	92.980 - 92.990 (3.6606 - 3.6610)	92.990 - 93.000 (3.6610 - 3.6614)	93.000 - 93.010 (3.6614 - 3.6618)

NOTE:

- Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.
- Piston pin (piston pin hole) grade is provided only for the parts installed at

the plant. For service parts, no piston pin grades can be selected. (Only "0" grade is available.)

- No second grade mark is available on piston.

HOW TO SELECT CONNECTING ROD BEARING

When New Connecting Rod and Crankshaft are Used:

Check pin diameter grade ("0""1" or "2") on front of crankshaft, and select connecting rod bearing of the same grade.

NOTE: There is no grading for connecting rod big end diameter.

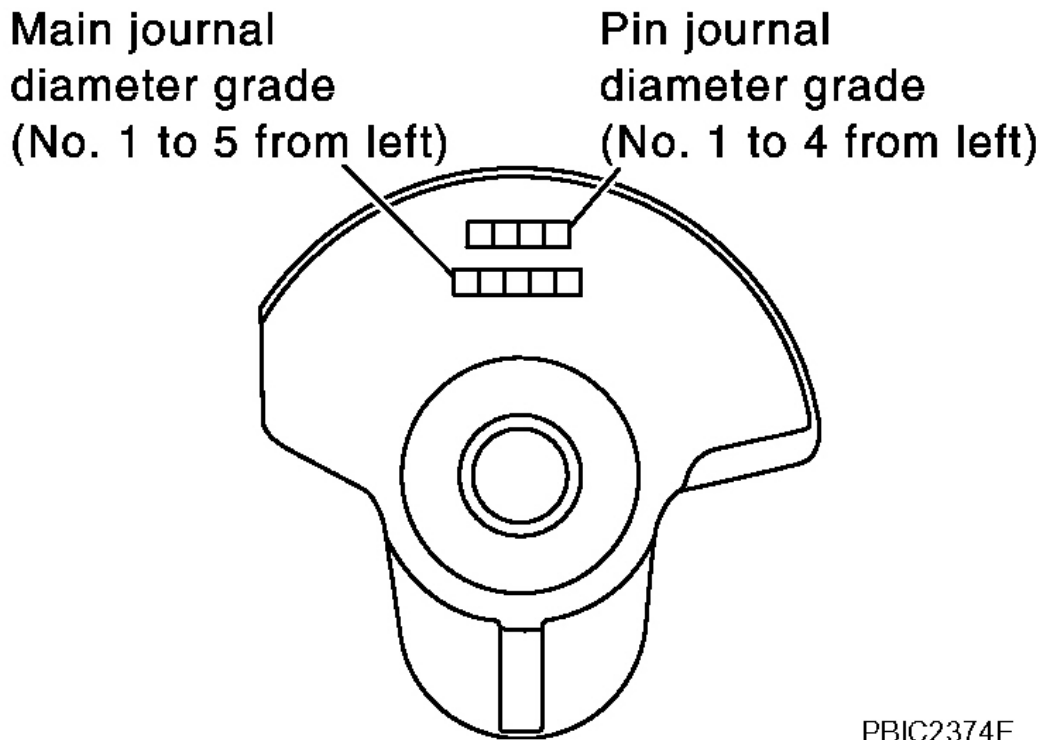


Fig. 206: Identifying Pin Diameter Grade On Front Of Crankshaft
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

When Crankshaft and Connecting Rod are Reused:

1. Measure the connecting rod big end diameter. Refer to "**CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER**".

2. Make sure that the connecting rod big end diameter is within the standard value.
3. Measure the crankshaft pin journal diameter. Refer to "**CRANKSHAFT PIN JOURNAL DIAMETER**".
4. Determine the grade of crankshaft pin diameter grade by corresponding to the measured dimension in "Crankshaft pin journal diameter" column of "Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table".
5. Select connecting rod bearing of the same grade.

Connecting Rod Bearing Selection Table

CONNECTING ROD BEARING SELECTION CHART

Unit: mm (in)	
Connecting rod big end diameter	55.000 - 55.013 (2.1654 - 2.1659)

CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER

Unit: mm (in)				
Crankshaft		Connecting rod bearing		
Crankshaft pin journal diameter	Grade (Mark)	Dimension (Bearing thickness range)	Bearing grade No.	Color
51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462)	0	1.500 - 1.503 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	STD 0	No color
51.962 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460)	1	1.503 - 1.506 (0.0592 - 0.0593)	STD 1	Brown
51.956 - 51.962 (2.0455 - 2.0457)	2	1.506 - 1.509 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	STD 2	Green

Under Size Bearings Usage Guide

- When the specified connecting rod bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size connecting rod bearings, use undersize (US) bearings.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the connecting rod bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind crankshaft pin so that the connecting rod bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.

CAUTION: In grinding crankshaft pin to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet R [1.5 mm (0.059 in)].

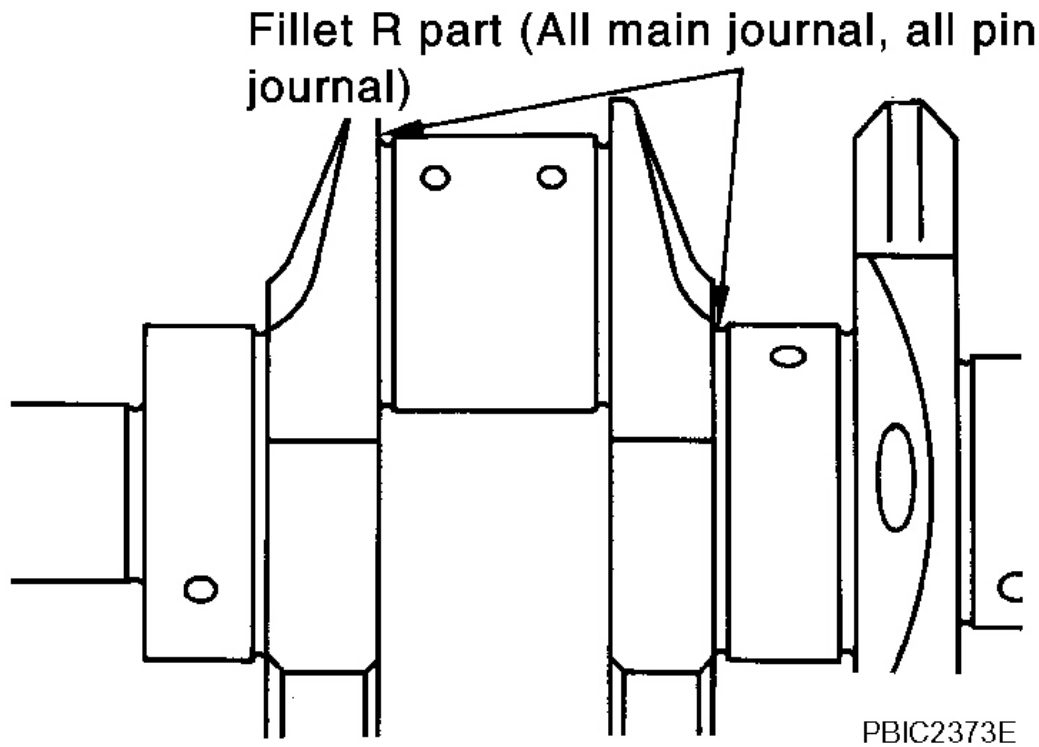


Fig. 207: Identifying Fillet R Part
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Bearing undersize table

BEARING UNDERSIZE CHART

Unit: mm (in)	
Size	Thickness
US 0.25 (0.0098)	1.626 - 1.634 (0.0640 - 0.0643)

HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING

When New Cylinder Block and Crankshaft are Used:

1. "Main Bearing Selection Table" rows correspond to main bearing housing grade on rear upper side between cylinder block banks.

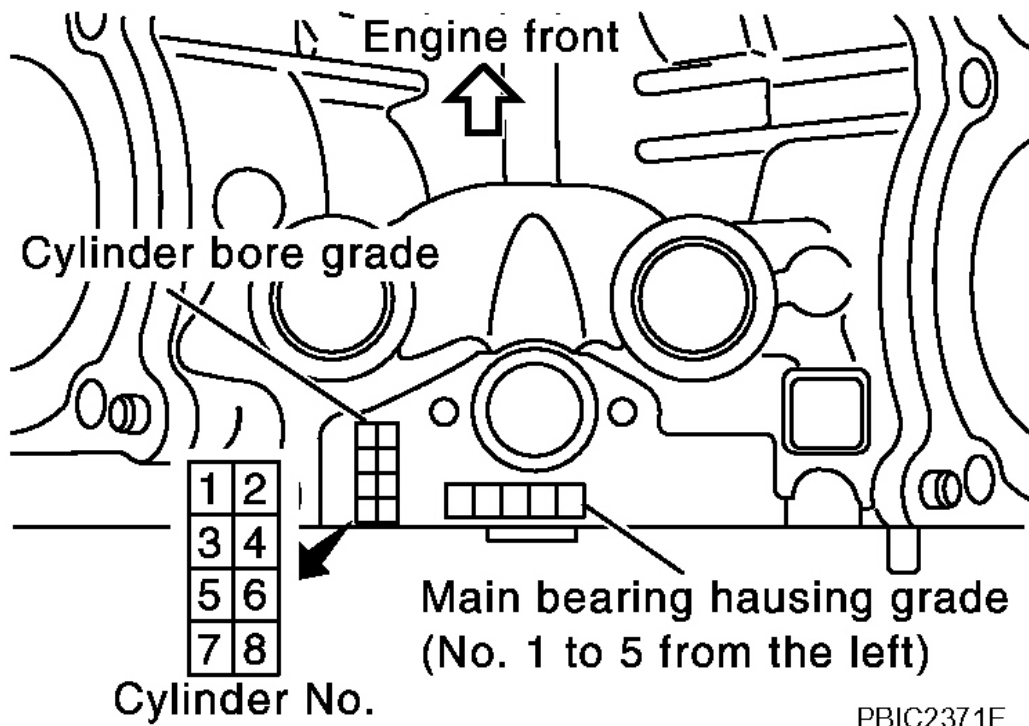


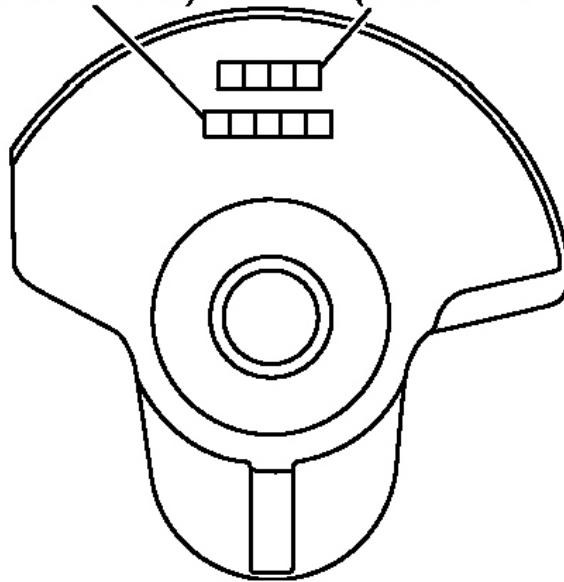
Fig. 208: Identifying Rows Correspond To Main Bearing Housing Grade On Rear Upper Side Between Cylinder Block Banks

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

2. "Main Bearing Selection Table" columns correspond to main journal diameter grade on front side of crankshaft.

Main journal
diameter grade
(No. 1 to 5 from left)

Pin journal
diameter grade
(No. 1 to 4 from left)



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Fig. 209: Identifying Main And Pin Journal Diameter Grade
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

3. Select main bearing grade at the point where selected row and column meet in "Main Bearing Selection Table".

CAUTION:

- Initial clearance for No. 1, 5 journal and No. 2, 3, 4 journal is different. Use two different selection table for each part.
- No. 1, 5 journal and No. 2, 3, 4 journal have the same signs but different measures. Do not confuse.

4. Apply sign at crossing in above step 3 to "Main Bearing Grade Table".

NOTE:

- "Main Bearing Grade Table" applies to all journals.
- Service parts is available as a set of both upper and lower.

When Cylinder Block and Crankshaft are Reused:

1. Measure the cylinder block main bearing housing inner diameter and the crankshaft main journal

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		0.0980)		Grade and color are the same for upper and lower bearings.
2		2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
3		2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
4		2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	
5		2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
6		2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
7		2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 - 0.0987)	White	
8		2.507 - 2.510 (0.0987 - 0.0988)	Red	
01	UPR	2.483 - 2.486 (0.0978 - 0.0979)	Black	Grade and color are different for upper and lower bearings.
	LWR	2.486 - 2.489 (0.0979 - 0.0980)	Brown	
12	UPR	2.486 - 2.489 (0.0979 - 0.0980)	Brown	
	LWR	2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
23	UPR	2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
	LWR	2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
34	UPR	2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
	LWR	2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	
45	UPR	2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	
	LWR	2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
56	UPR	2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
	LWR	2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
67	UPR	2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
	LWR	2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 - 0.0987)	White	
	UPR	2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 -	White	

78		0.0987)		
	LWR	2.507 - 2.510 (0.0987 - 0.0988)	Red	

Use Undersize Bearing Usage Guide

- When the specified main bearing oil clearance is not obtained with standard size main bearings, use underside (US) bearing.
- When using undersize (US) bearing, measure the main bearing inner diameter with bearing installed, and grind main journal so that the main bearing oil clearance satisfies the standard.

CAUTION: In grinding crankshaft main journal to use undersize bearings, keep the fillet R [1.5 mm (0.059 in)].

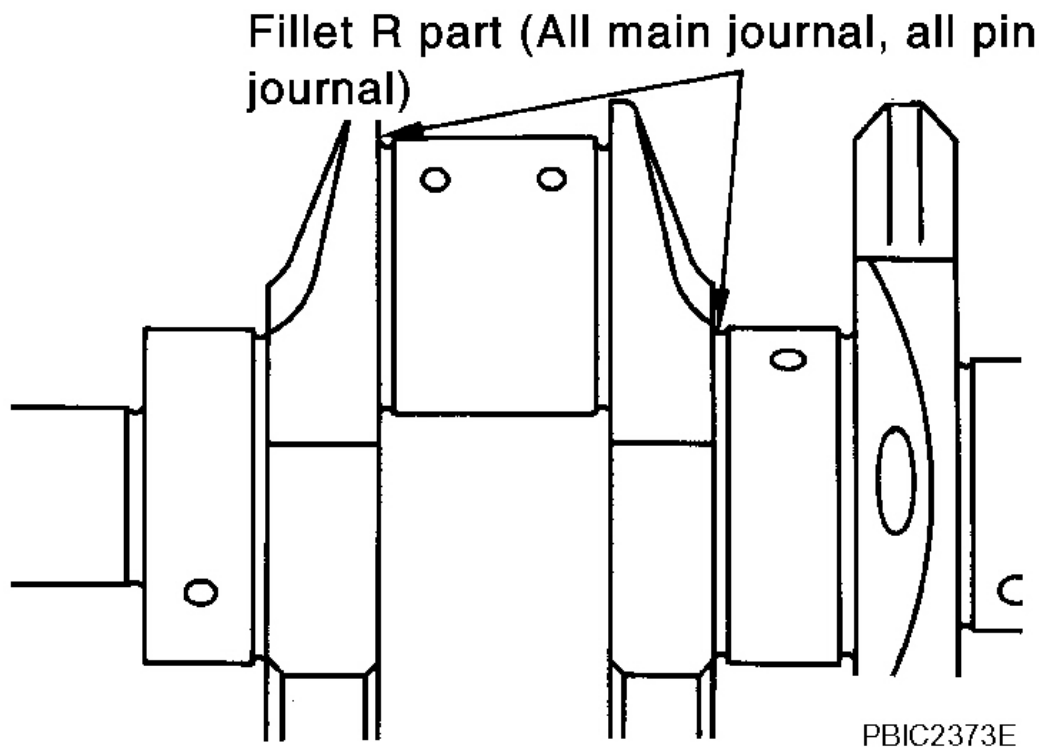


Fig. 212: Measuring Main Bearing Inner Diameter With Bearing Installed And Grind Main Journal
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Bearing undersize table

BEARING UNDERSIZE CHART

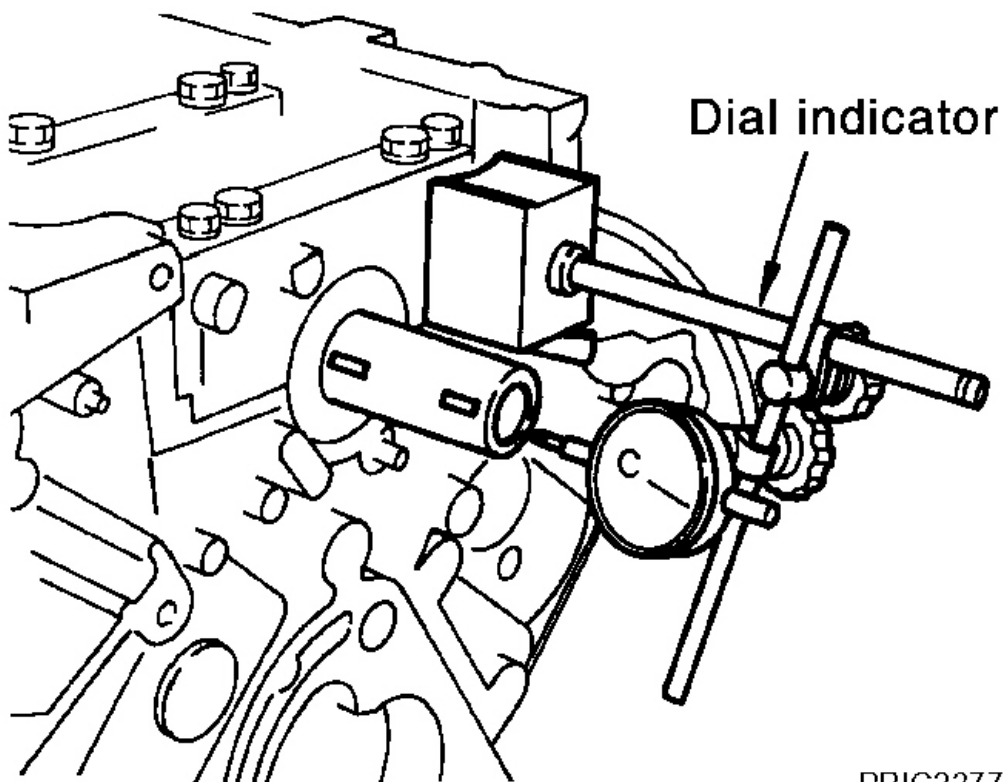
Unit: mm (in)	
Size	Thickness
US 0.25 (0.0098)	2.618 - 2.626 (0.1031 - 0.1034)

INSPECTION AFTER DISASSEMBLY**CRANKSHAFT END PLAY**

- Measure the clearance between thrust bearings and crankshaft arm when crankshaft is moved fully forward or backward with dial indicator.

Standard : 0.10 - 0.25 mm (0.0039 - 0.0098 in)

Limit : 0.30 mm (0.0118 in)



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Fig. 213: Measuring Clearance Between Thrust Bearings And Crankshaft Arm With Dial Indicator
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace thrust bearings, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.

CONNECTING ROD SIDE CLEARANCE

- Measure the side clearance between connecting rod and crankshaft arm with feeler gauge.

Standard : 0.20 - 0.35 mm (0.0079 - 0.0138 in)

Limit : 0.40 mm (0.0157 in)

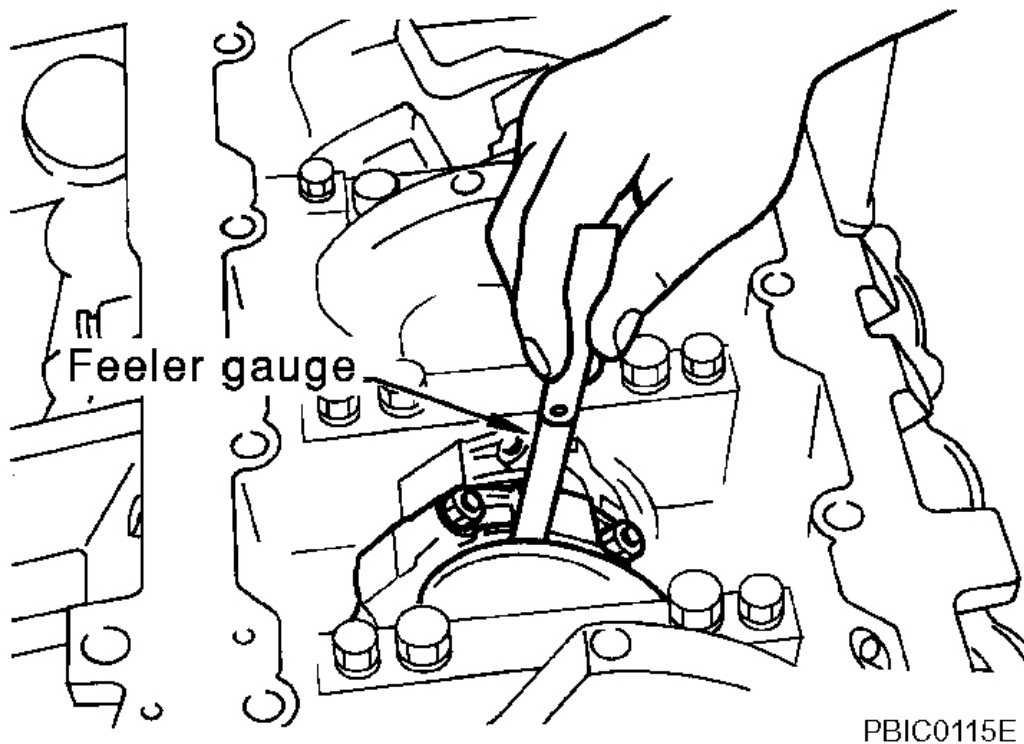


Fig. 214: Measuring Side Clearance Between Connecting Rod And Crankshaft Arm With Feeler Gauge

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

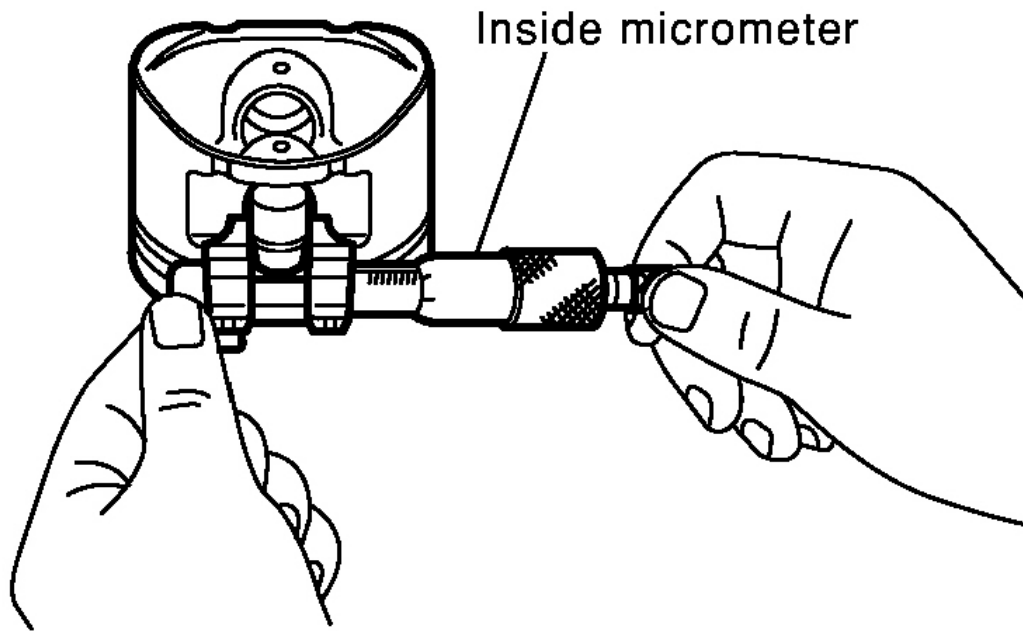
- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft also.

PISTON TO PISTON PIN OIL CLEARANCE

Piston Pin Hole Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of piston pin hole with inside micrometer.

Standard : 21.993 - 22.005 mm (0.8659 - 0.8663 in)



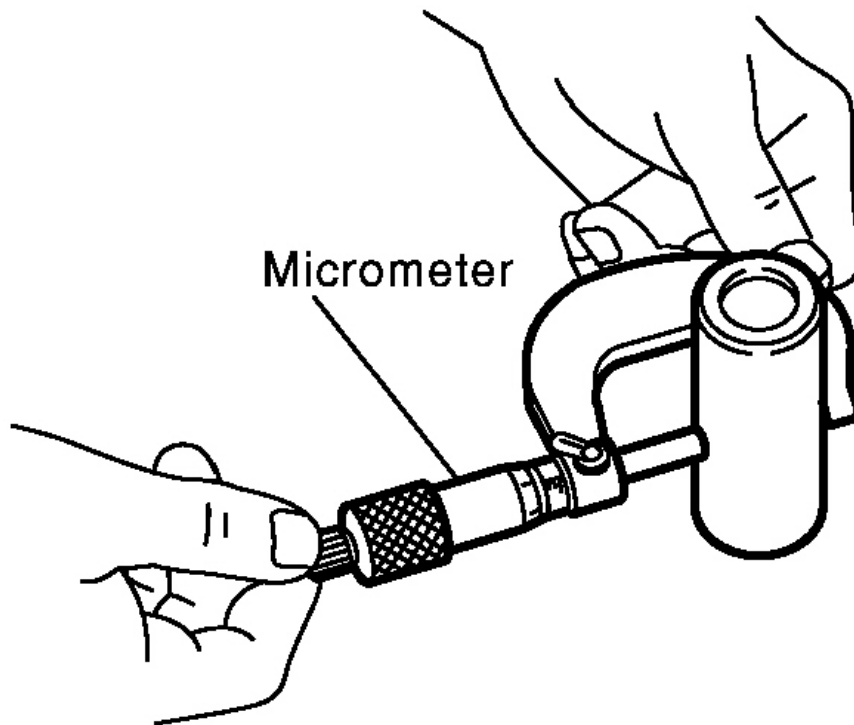
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Fig. 215: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Piston Pin Hole With Inside Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Piston Pin Outer Diameter

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with micrometer.

Standard : 21.989 - 22.001 mm (0.8657 - 0.8662 in)



PBIC0117E

Fig. 216: Measuring Outside Diameter Of Piston Pin
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Piston to Piston Pin Oil Clearance

(Piston to piston pin oil clearance) = (Piston pin hole diameter) - (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard : 0.002 - 0.006 mm (0.0001 - 0.0002 in)

- If the calculated value is out of the standard, replace piston and piston pin assembly.
- When replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to "**HOW TO SELECT PISTON**".

NOTE:

- Piston is available together with piston pin as assembly.
- Piston pin (piston pin hole) grade is provided only for the parts installed at the plant. For service parts, no piston pin grades can be selected. (Only "0" grade is available.)

PISTON RING SIDE CLEARANCE

- Measure the side clearance of piston ring and piston ring groove with feeler gauge.

Standard:

Top ring : 0.045 - 0.080 mm (0.0018 - 0.0031 in)

2nd ring : 0.030 - 0.070 mm (0.0012 - 0.0028 in)

Oil ring : 0.065 - 0.135 mm (0.0026 - 0.0053 in)

Limit:

Top ring : 0.11 mm (0.0043 in)

2nd ring : 0.1 mm (0.004 in) SEM024AA

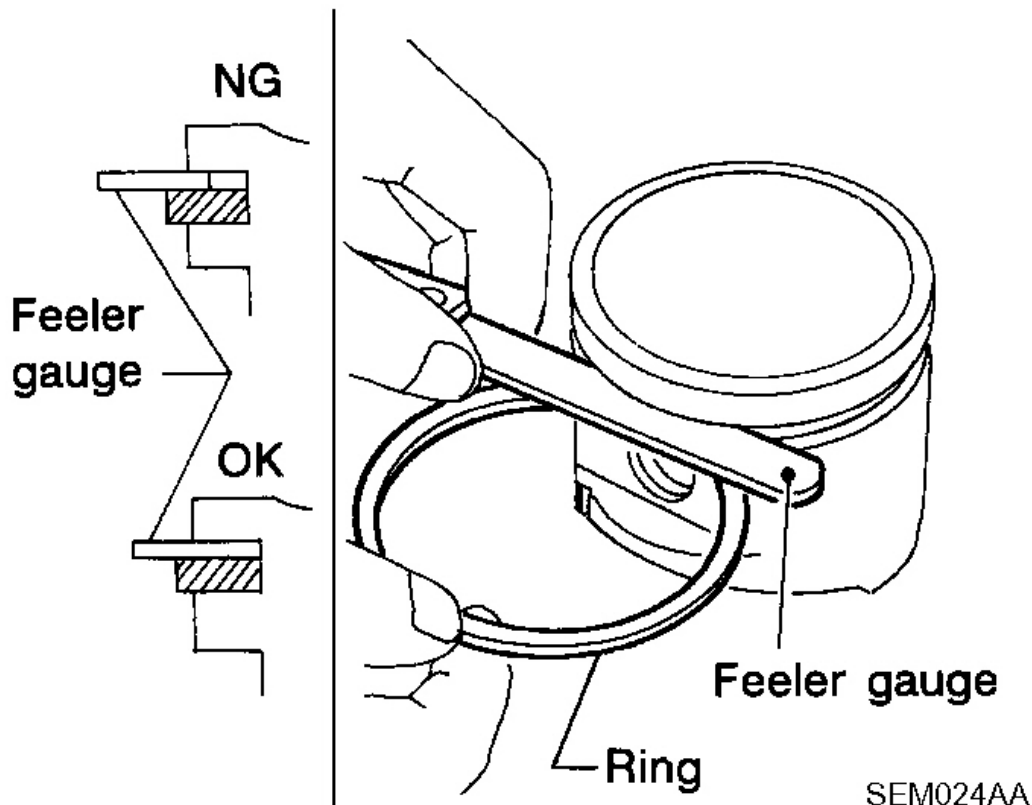


Fig. 217: Measuring Side Clearance Of Piston Ring And Piston Ring Groove With Feeler Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, replace piston also.

PISTON RING END GAP

- Make sure that the cylinder bore inner diameter is within the specification. Refer to "**CYLINDER BORE INNER DIAMETER**".
- Lubricate with new engine oil to piston and piston ring, and then insert piston ring until middle of cylinder with piston, and measure the piston ring end gap with feeler gauge.

Standard:

Top ring : 0.22 - 0.32 mm (0.0087 - 0.0126 in)

2nd ring : 0.22 - 0.32 mm (0.0087 - 0.0126 in)

Oil ring : 0.20 - 0.50 mm (0.0079 - 0.0197 in)

Limit:

Top ring : 0.56 mm (0.0220 in)

2nd ring : 0.56 mm (0.0220 in)

Oil ring : 0.96 mm (0.0378 in)

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, replace piston ring, and measure again. If it still exceeds the limit, re-bore cylinder and use oversize piston and piston rings.

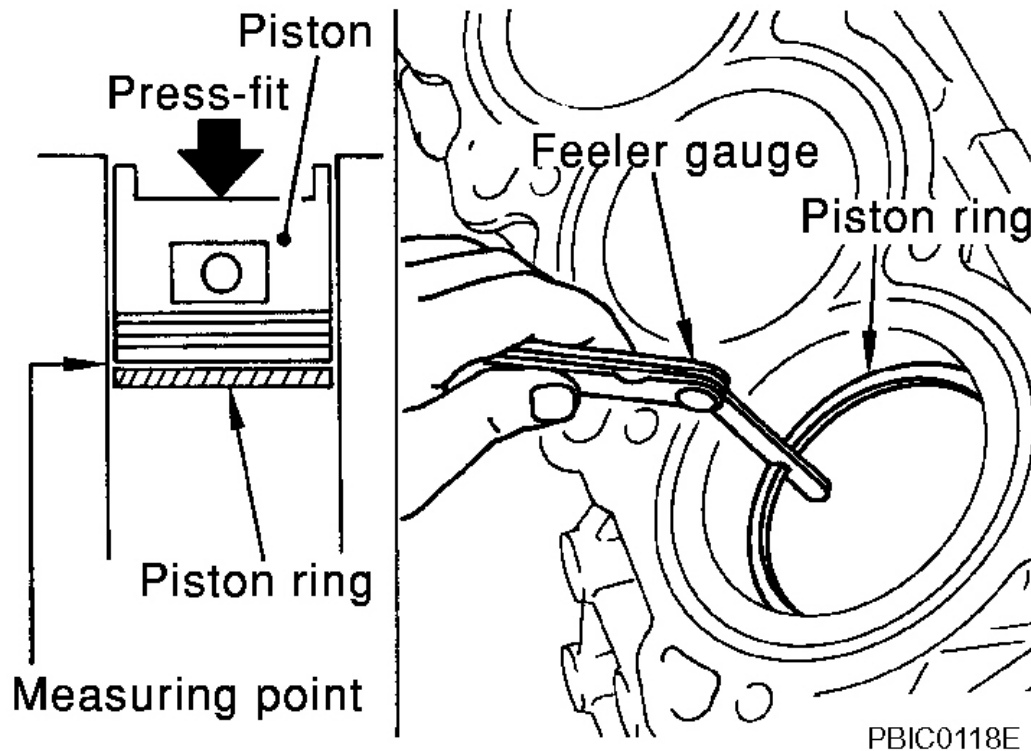


Fig. 218: Measuring Piston Ring End Gap With Feeler Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CONNECTING ROD BEND AND TORSION

- Check with connecting rod aligner.

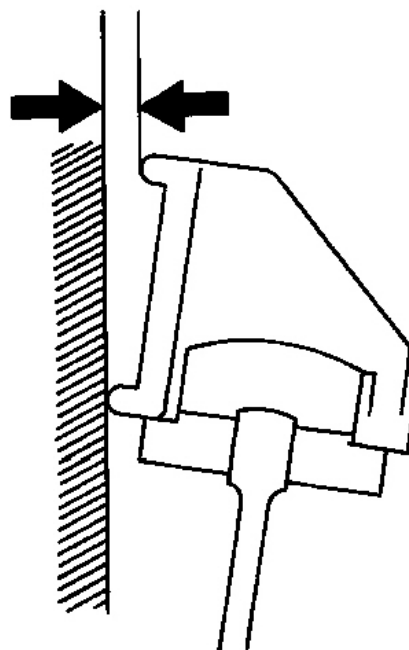
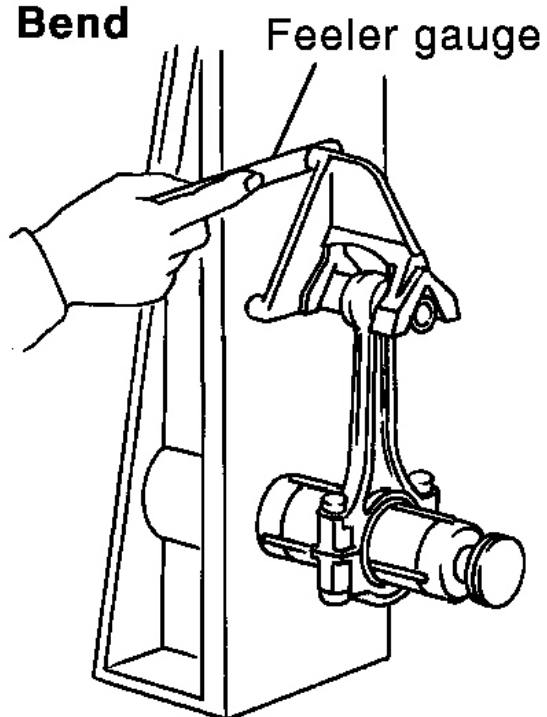
Bend:

Limit : 0.15 mm (0.0059 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

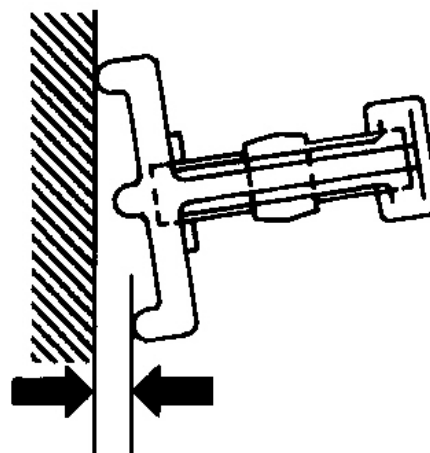
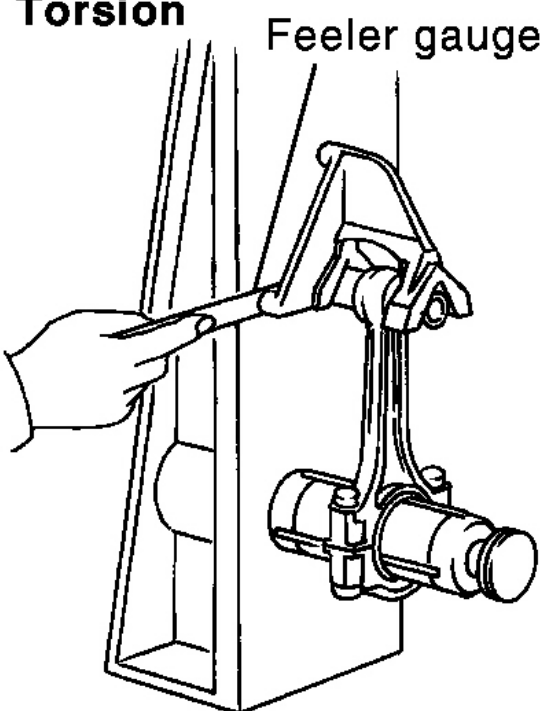
Torsion:

Limit : 0.30 mm (0.0118 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in) length

Bend



Torsion



PBIC2077E

Fig. 219: Checking Connecting Rod Bend And Torsion With Connecting Rod Aligner By Using Feeler Gauge

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If it exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly.

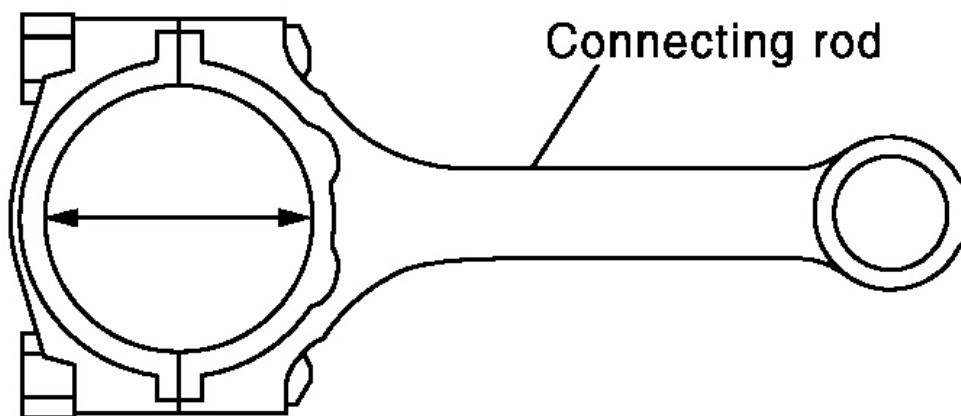
CONNECTING ROD BIG END DIAMETER

- Install connecting rod bearing cap without installing connecting rod bearing, and tightening connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to "**ASSEMBLY**" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod big end with inside micrometer.

Standard : 55.000 - 55.013 mm (2.1654 - 2.1659 in)

- If out of the standard, replace connecting rod assembly.

Example



PBIC1641E

Fig. 220: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Connecting Rod Big End With Inside Micrometer

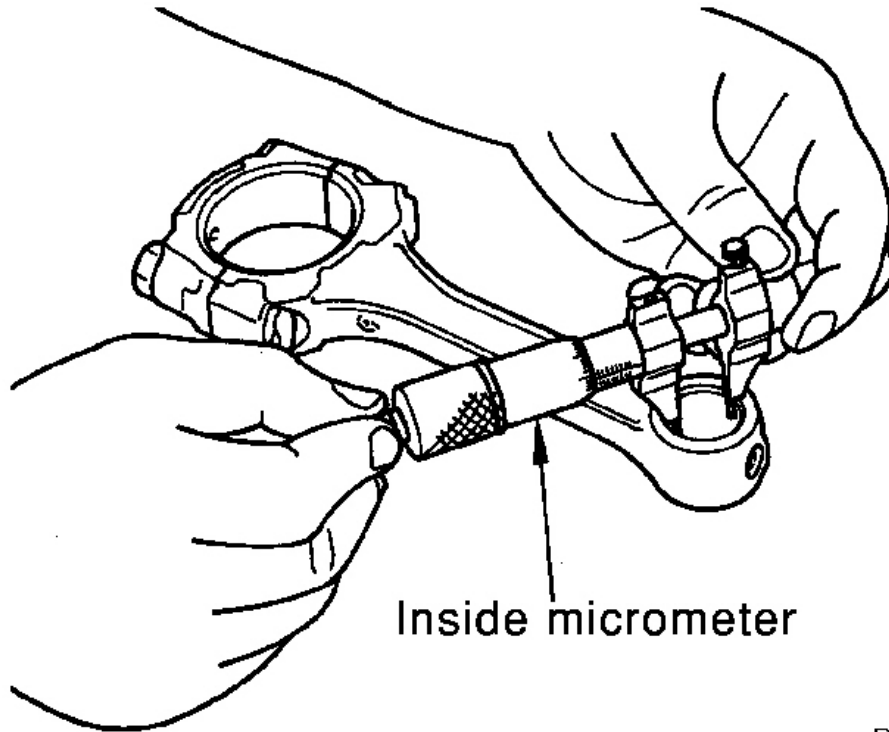
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CONNECTING ROD BUSHING OIL CLEARANCE

Connecting Rod Bushing Inner Diameter

Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bushing with inside micrometer.

Standard : 22.000 - 22.012 mm (0.8661 - 0.8666 in)



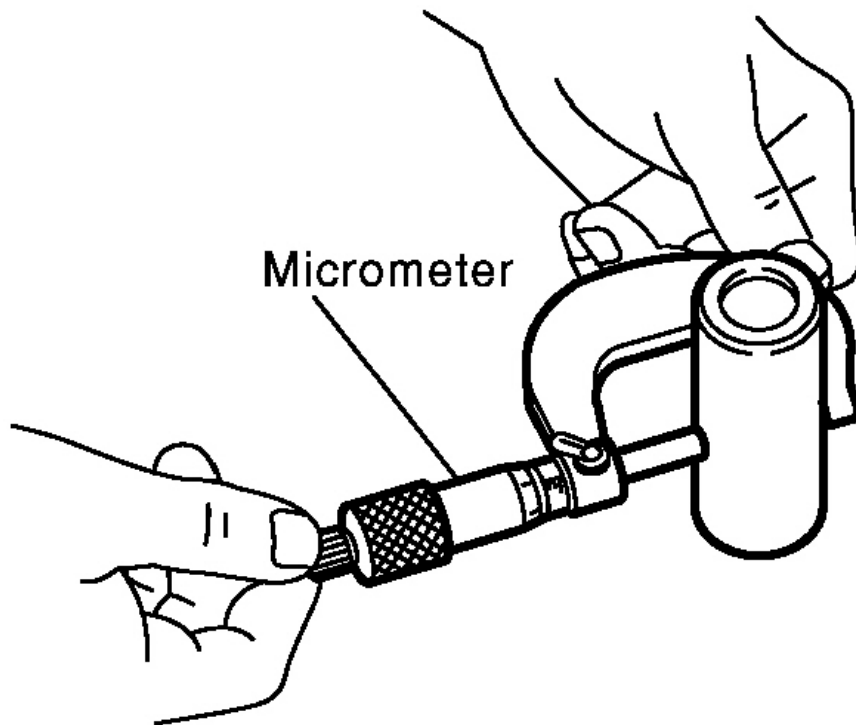
PBIC0120E

Fig. 221: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Connecting Rod Bushing With Inside Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Piston Pin Outer Diameter

Measure the outer diameter of piston pin with micrometer.

Standard : 21.989 - 22.001 mm (0.8657 - 0.8662 in)



PBIC0117E

Fig. 222: Measuring Outside Diameter Of Piston Pin
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance

(Connecting rod bushing oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bushing inner diameter) - (Piston pin outer diameter)

Standard : 0.005 - 0.017 mm (0.0002 - 0.0007 in)

Limit : 0.030 mm (0.0012 in)

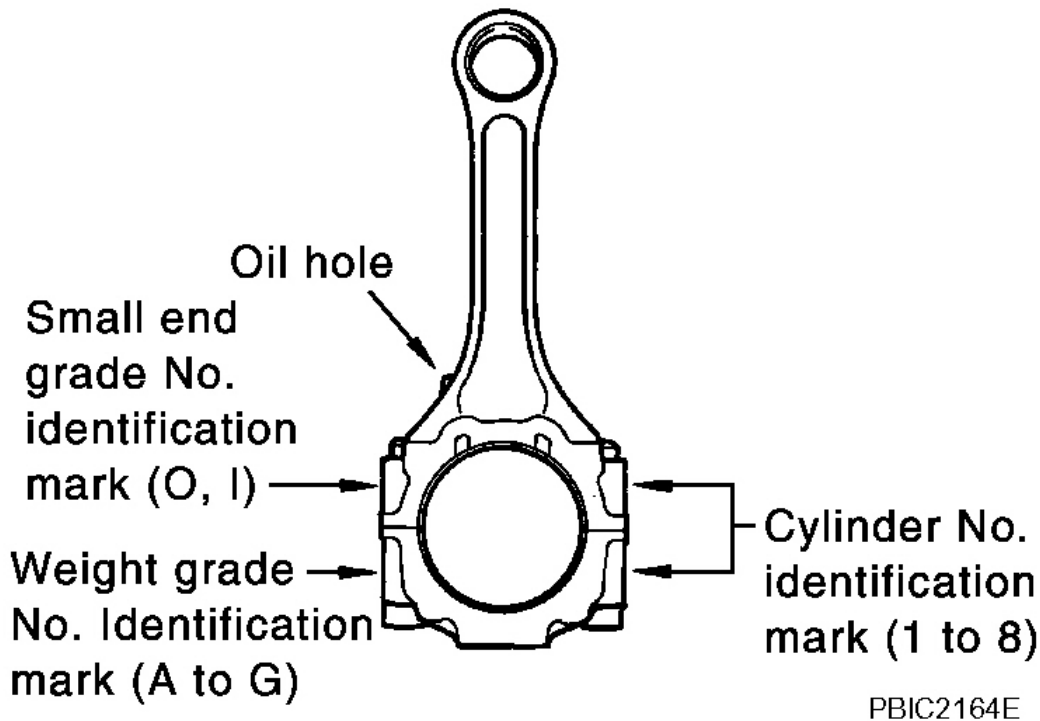


Fig. 223: Identifying Connecting Rod Bushing Oil Clearance
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace connecting rod assembly and/or piston and piston pin assembly.
- If replacing piston and piston pin assembly, refer to "**HOW TO SELECT PISTON**".
- If replacing connecting rod assembly, refer to "**CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE**" to select the connecting rod bearing.

Factory installed parts grading:

- Service parts apply only to grade "0".

GRADING SPECIFICATIONS

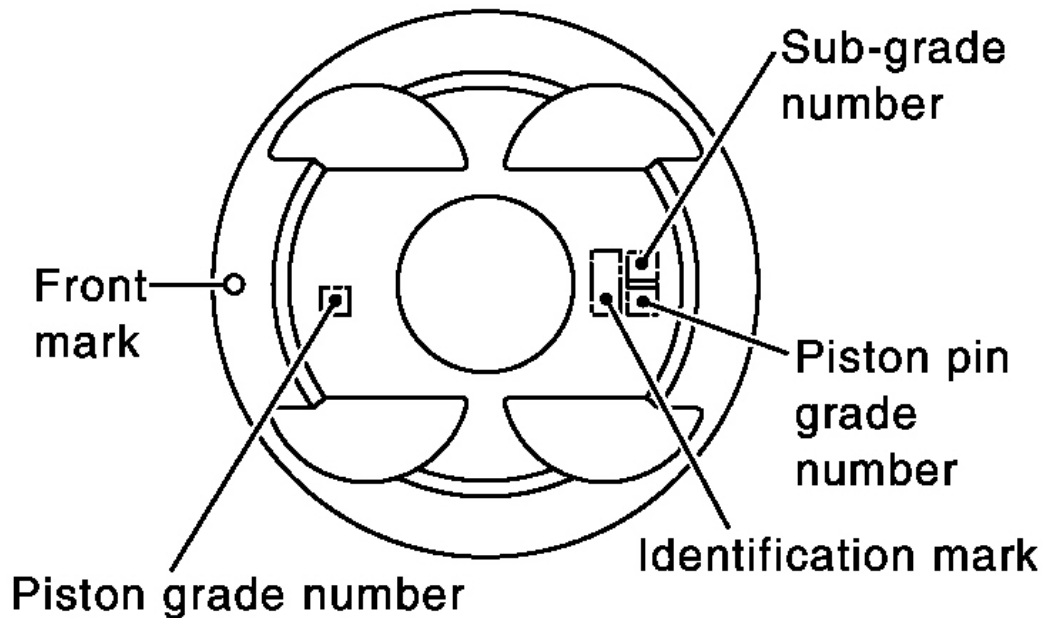
Unit: mm (in)		
Grade	0	1
Connecting rod bushing inner diameter (1)	22.000 - 22.006 (0.8661 - 0.8664)	22.006 - 22.012 (0.8664 - 0.8666)
Piston pin hole diameter	21.993 - 21.999 (0.8659 - 0.8661)	21.999 - 22.005 (0.8661 - 0.8663)

Piston pin outer diameter	21.989 - 21.995 (0.8657 - 0.8659)	21.995 - 22.001 (0.8659 - 0.8662)
(1) After installing in connecting rod		

CYLINDER BLOCK DISTORTION

- Using scraper, remove gasket on the cylinder block surface, and also remove engine oil, scale, carbon, or other contamination.

CAUTION: Be careful not to allow gasket flakes to enter engine oil or engine coolant passages.



PBIC2372E

Fig. 224: Identifying Identification Mark
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Measure the distortion on the cylinder block upper face at some different points in six directions with straightedge and feeler gauge.

Limit : 0.1 mm (0.004 in)

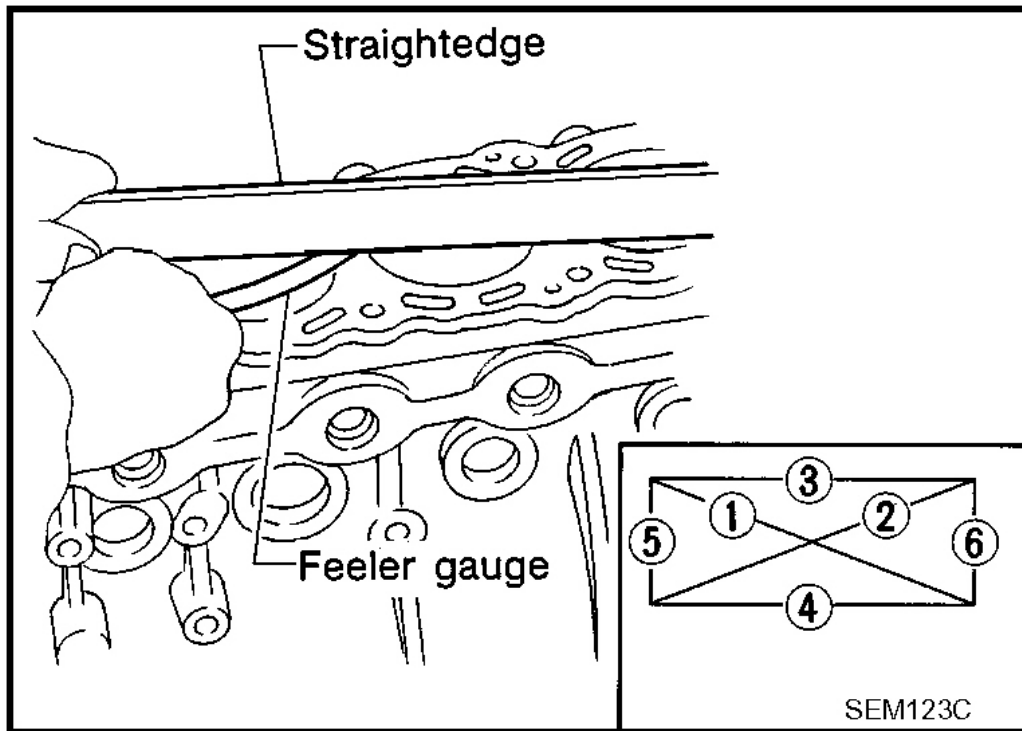


Fig. 225: Measuring Distortion On Cylinder Block Upper Face With Straightedge And Feeler Gauge

Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

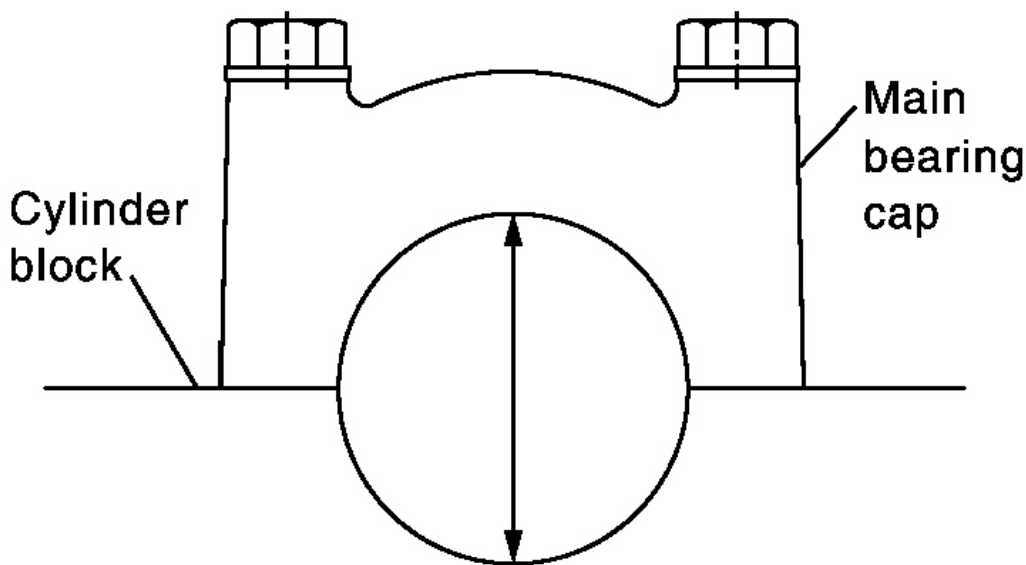
- If it exceeds the limit, replace cylinder block.

MAIN BEARING HOUSING INNER DIAMETER

- Install main bearing caps and main bearing without installing main bearings, and tighten main bearing cap bolts to the specified torque. Refer to "**ASSEMBLY**" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing housing with bore gauge.

Standard : 68.944 - 68.968 mm (2.7143 - 2.7153 in)

Example



PBIC1643E

Fig. 226: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Main Bearing Housing With Bore Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If out of the standard, replace cylinder block and main bearing caps as assembly.

NOTE: **Cylinder block cannot be replaced as a single part, because it is machined together with main bearing caps.**

PISTON TO CYLINDER BORE CLEARANCE

Cylinder Bore Inner Diameter

- Using bore gauge, measure cylinder bore for wear, out-of-round and taper at six different points on each cylinder. ("X" and "Y" directions at "A""B" and "C") ("Y" is in longitudinal direction of engine)

Standard inner diameter: 93.000 - 93.030 mm (3.6614 - 3.6626 in)

Wear limit: 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y"): 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

Taper limit (Difference between "A" and "C"): 0.01 mm (0.0004 in)

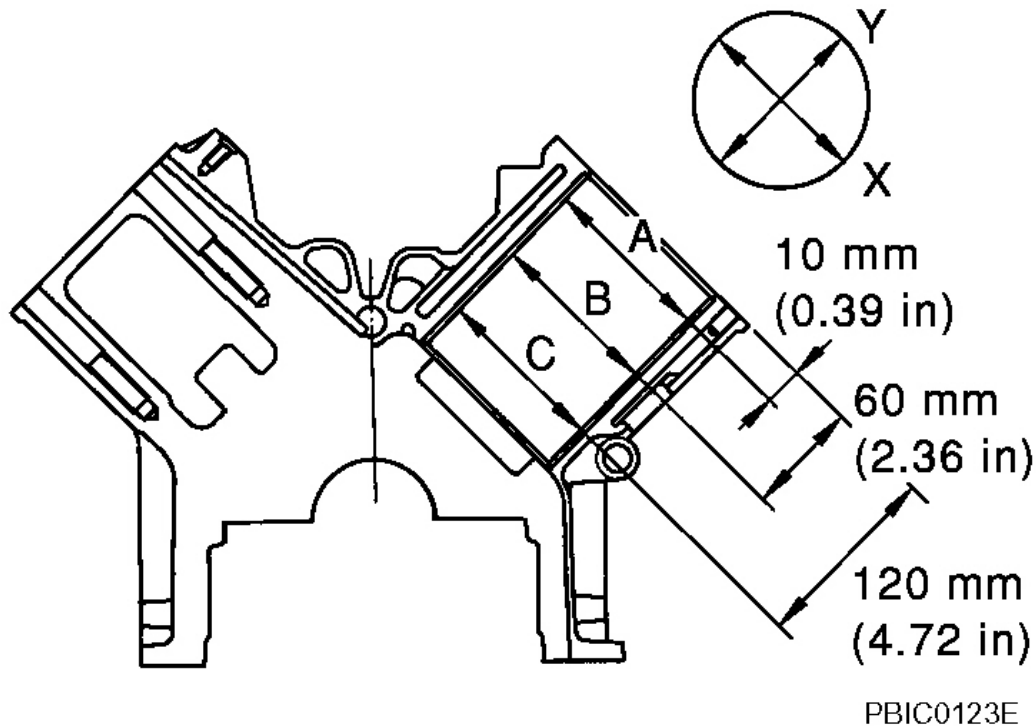


Fig. 227: Measuring Cylinder Bore For Wear, Out-Of-Round And Taper By Using Bore Gauge
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, or if there are scratches and/or seizure on the cylinder inner wall, hone or re-bore the inner wall.
- Oversize piston is provided. When using oversize piston, rebore cylinder so that the clearance of the piston-to-cylinder bore satisfies the standard.

CAUTION: When using oversize piston, use oversize pistons for all cylinders with oversize piston rings.

Oversize (OS) : 0.2 mm (0.008 in)

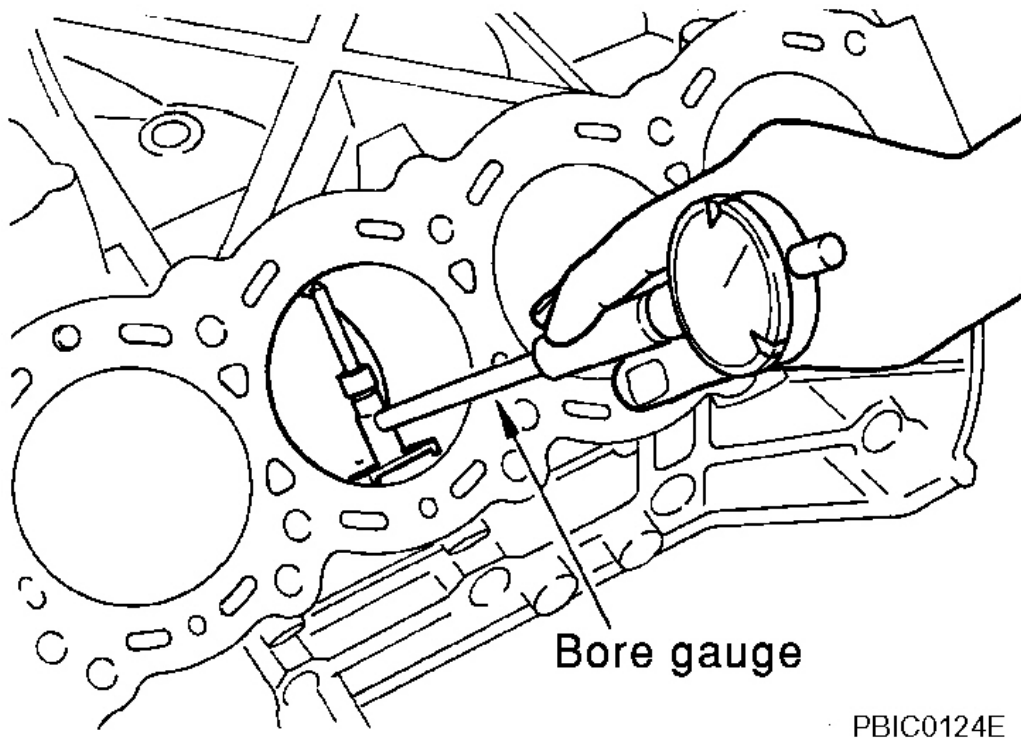
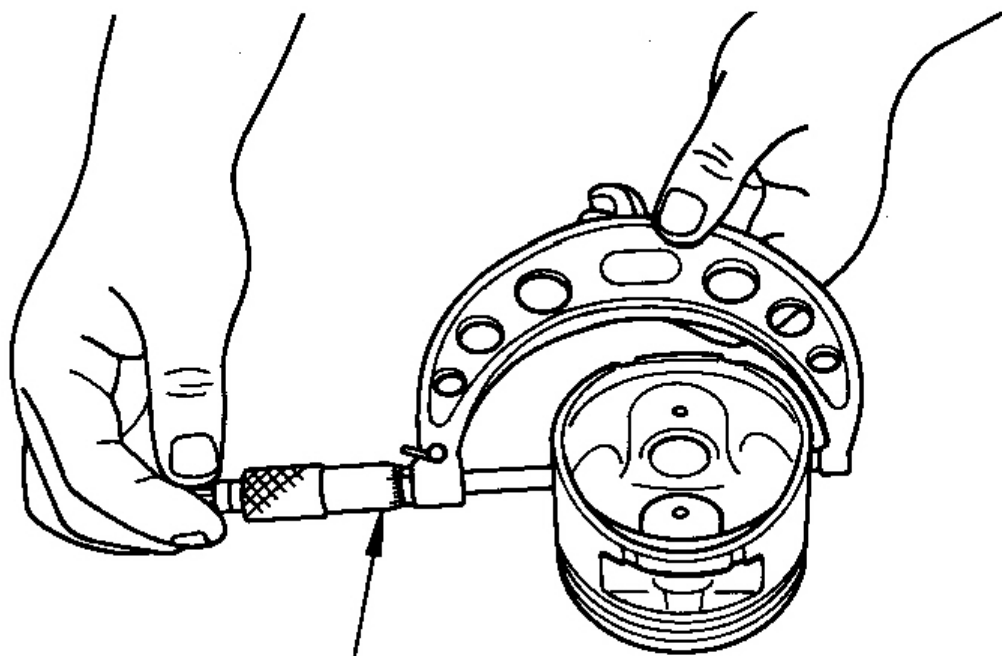


Fig. 228: Checking Clearance Of Piston-To-Cylinder Bore By Using Bore Gauge
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Piston Skirt Diameter

- Measure the outer diameter of piston skirt with micrometer.

Standard : 92.980 - 93.010 mm (3.6606 - 3.6618 in)

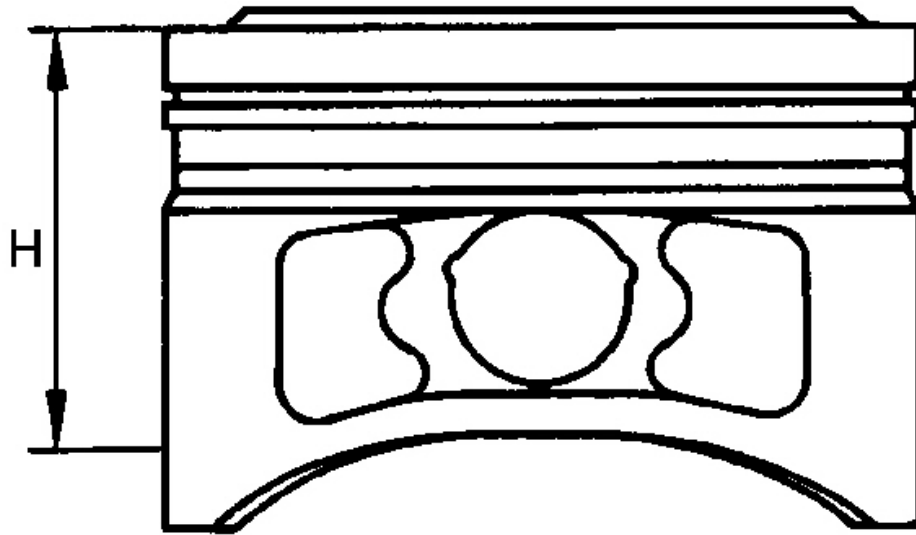


Micrometer

PBIC0125E

Fig. 229: Measuring Outer Diameter Of Piston Skirt With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- Measure point "H" (Distance from the top): 42 mm (1.65 in)



PBIC0126E

Fig. 230: Measuring Outer Diameter Of Piston Skirt With Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Piston to Cylinder Bore Clearance

Calculate by piston skirt diameter and cylinder bore inner diameter (direction "X", position "B").

(Clearance) = (Cylinder bore inner diameter) - (Piston skirt diameter).

Standard : 0.010 - 0.030 mm (0.0004 - 0.0012 in)

Limit : 0.08 mm (0.0031 in)

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, replace piston and piston pin assembly. Refer to "**HOW TO SELECT PISTON**"

Re-boring Cylinder Bore

1. Cylinder bore size is determined by adding piston to cylinder bore clearance to piston skirt diameter.

Re-bored size calculation: $D = A + B - C$

where,

D: Bored diameter

A: Piston skirt diameter as measured

B: Piston to cylinder bore clearance (standard value)

C: Honing allowance 0.02 mm (0.0008 in)

2. Install main bearing caps and main bearing, and tighten to the specified torque. Otherwise, cylinder bores may be distorted in final assembly.
3. Cut cylinder bores.

NOTE:

- When any cylinder needs boring, all other cylinders must also be bored.
- Do not cut too much out of cylinder bore at a time. Cut only 0.05 mm (0.0020 in) or so in diameter at a time.

4. Hone cylinders to obtain the specified piston to cylinder bore clearance.
5. Measure finished cylinder bore for the out-of-round and taper.

NOTE: Measurement should be done after cylinder bore cools down.

CRANKSHAFT MAIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft main journals with micrometer.

Standard : 63.940 - 63.964 mm (2.5173 - 2.5183 in) dia.

- If out of the standard, measure the main bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to "MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE".

CRANKSHAFT PIN JOURNAL DIAMETER

- Measure the outer diameter of crankshaft pin journal with micrometer.

Standard : 51.956 - 51.974 mm (2.0455 - 2.0462 in) dia.

- If out of the standard, measure the connecting rod bearing oil clearance. Then use undersize bearing. Refer to "CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE".

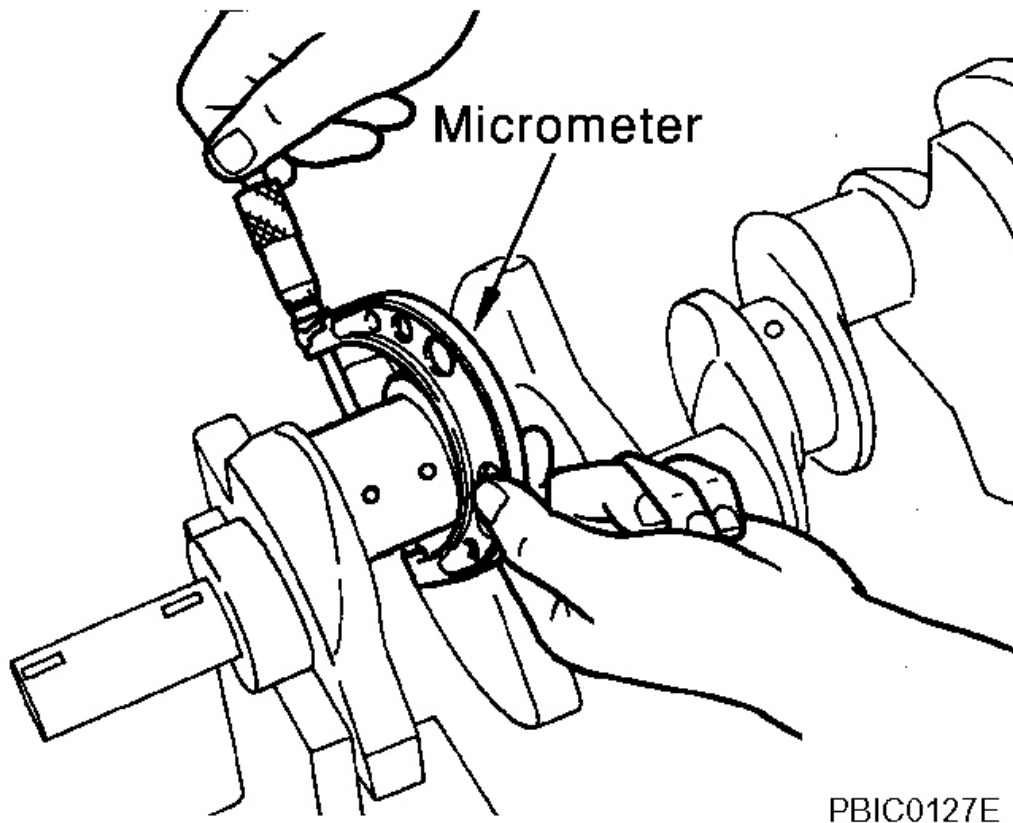


Fig. 231: Measuring Connecting Rod Bearing Oil Clearance
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

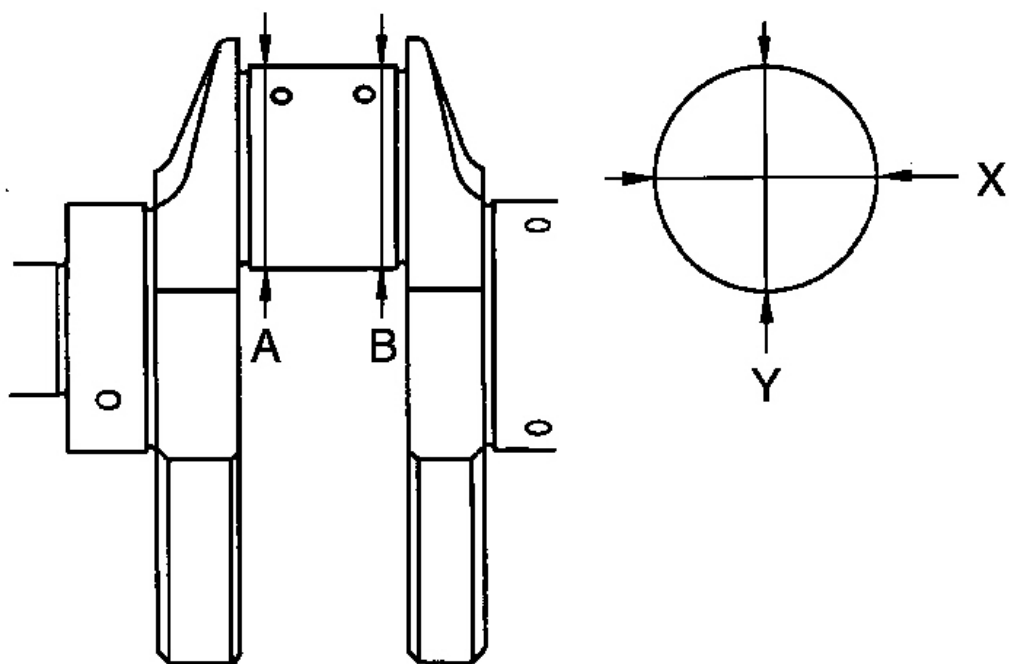
CRANKSHAFT OUT-OF-ROUND AND TAPER

- Measure the dimensions at four different points as shown in the figure on each main journal and pin journal with micrometer.
- Out-of-round is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between "X" and "Y" at "A" and "B".
- Taper is indicated by the difference in the dimensions between "A" and "B" at "X" and "Y".

Limit:

Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y") : 0.015 mm (0.0006 in)

Taper (Difference between "A" and "B") : 0.010 mm (0.0004 in)



Taper : Difference between A and B
 Out-of-round : Difference between X and Y

PBIC1685E

Fig. 232: Measuring Dimensions On Main Journal And Pin Journal With Micrometer
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the measured value exceeds the limit, correct or replace crankshaft.
- If corrected, measure the bearing oil clearance of the corrected main journal and/or pin journal. Then select the main bearing and/or connecting rod bearing. Refer to "**MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE**" and/or 272"CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE".

CRANKSHAFT RUNOUT

- Place V-block on precise flat table, and support the journals on the both end of crankshaft.
- Place dial indicator straight up on the No. 3 journal.
- While rotating crankshaft, read the movement of the pointer on dial indicator. (Total indicator reading)

Limit : 0.10 mm (0.004 in)

- If it exceeds the limit, replace crankshaft.

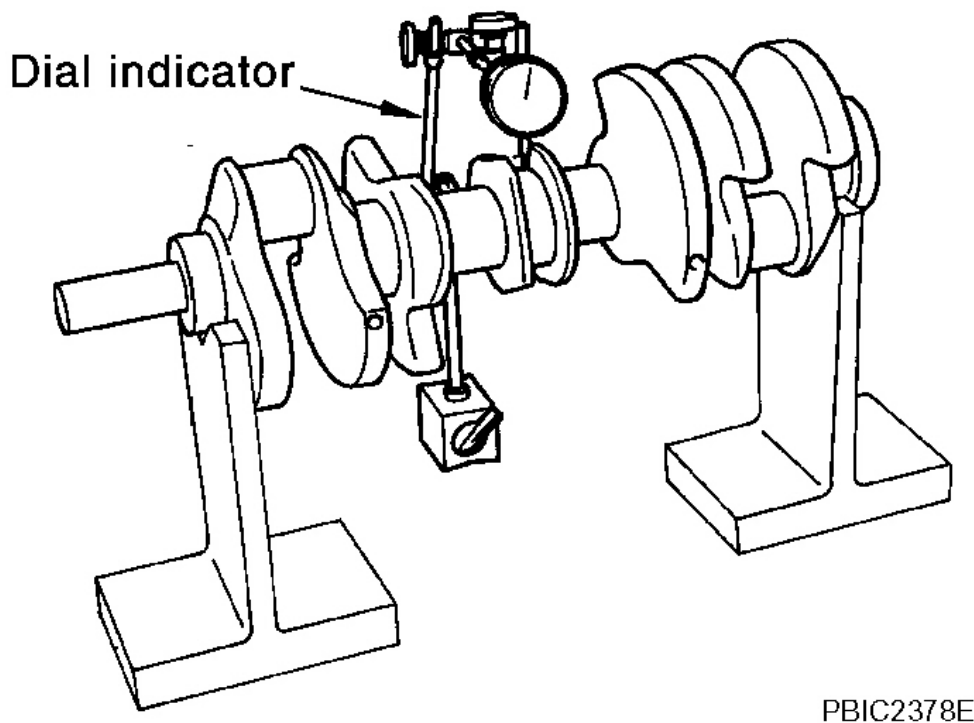


Fig. 233: Placing Dial Indicator Straight Up On No. 3 Journal
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CONNECTING ROD BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

- Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to "**ASSEMBLY**" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of connecting rod bearing with inside micrometer.

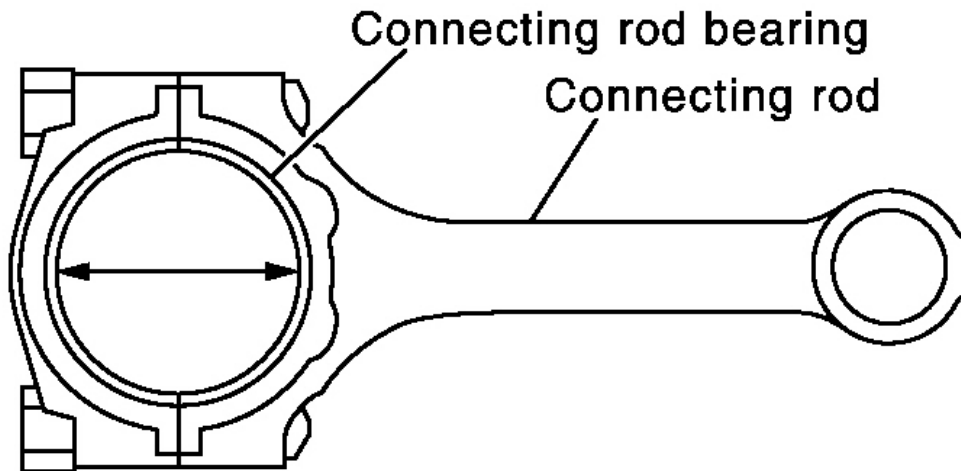
(Bearing oil clearance) = (Connecting rod bearing inner diameter) - (Crankshaft pin journal diameter)

Standard : 0.020 - 0.045 mm (0.0008 - 0.0018 in)

(actual clearance)

Limit : 0.055 mm (0.0022 in)

Example



PBIC1642E

Fig. 234: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Connecting Rod Bearing With Inside Micrometer
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper connecting rod bearing according to connecting rod big end diameter and crankshaft pin journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to "**HOW TO SELECT CONNECTING ROD BEARING**".

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on crankshaft pin journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install connecting rod bearings to connecting rod and cap, and tighten connecting rod bolts to the specified torque. Refer to "**ASSEMBLY**" for the tightening procedure.

CAUTION: Do not rotate crankshaft.

- Remove connecting rod bearing cap and bearing, and using scale on plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE: The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".

Example

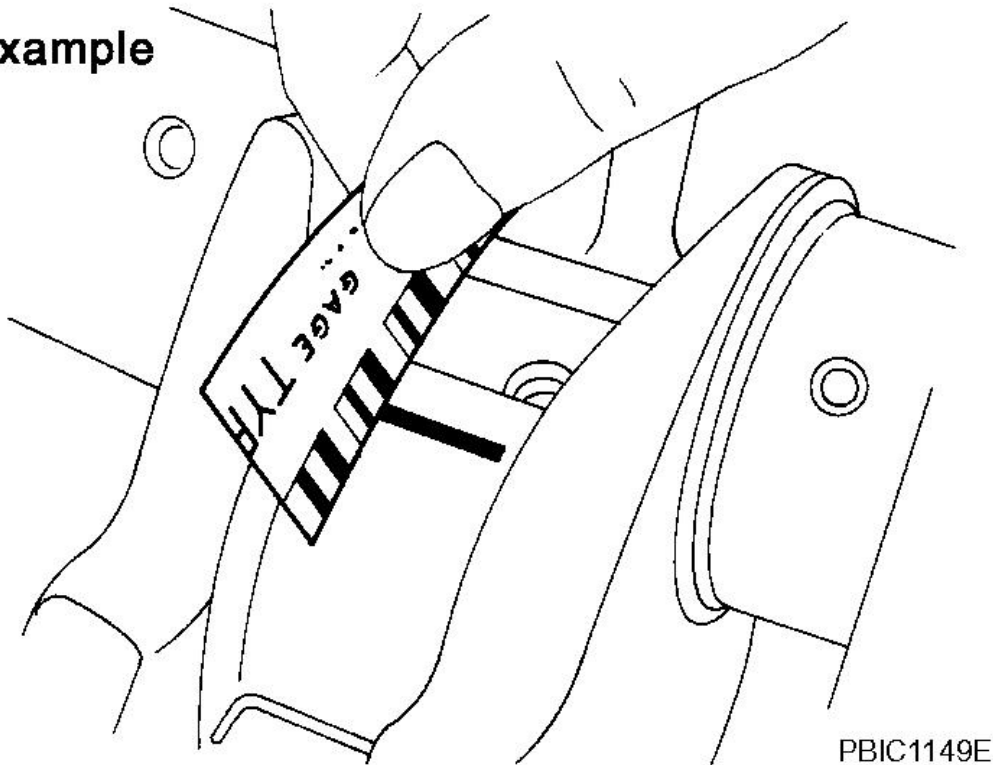


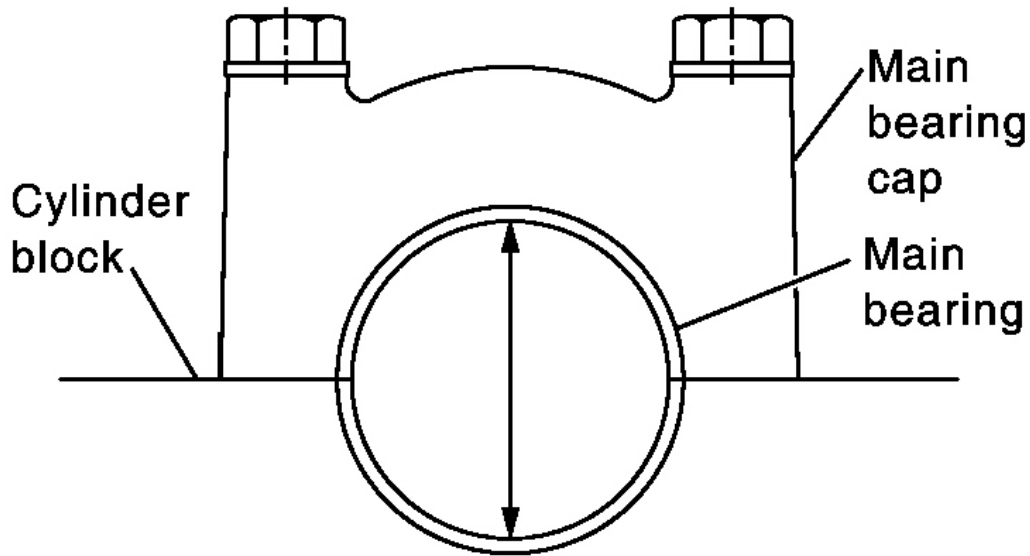
Fig. 235: Measuring Plastigage Width
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

MAIN BEARING OIL CLEARANCE

Method by Calculation

- Install main bearings to cylinder block and main bearing caps, and tighten main bearing cap bolts with main bearing to the specified torque. Refer to "**ASSEMBLY**" for the tightening procedure.
- Measure the inner diameter of main bearing with bore gauge.

Example



PBIC1644E

Fig. 236: Measuring Inner Diameter Of Main Bearing With Bore Gauge
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

(Bearing clearance) = (Main bearing inner diameter) - (Crankshaft main journal diameter)

Standard

No. 1 and 5 journal : 0.001 - 0.011 mm (0.00004 - 0.0004 in)

No. 2, 3 and 4 journal : 0.007 - 0.017 mm (0.0003 - 0.0007 in)

Limit

No. 1 and 5 journal : 0.021 mm (0.0008 in)

No. 2, 3 and 4 journal : 0.027 mm (0.0011 in)

- If the calculated value exceeds the limit, select proper main bearing according to main bearing inner diameter and crankshaft main journal diameter to obtain the specified bearing oil clearance. Refer to "HOW TO SELECT MAIN BEARING".

Method of Using Plastigage

- Remove oil and dust on crankshaft main journal and the surfaces of each bearing completely.
- Cut plastigage slightly shorter than the bearing width, and place it in crankshaft axial direction, avoiding oil holes.
- Install main bearings to cylinder block and main bearing caps, and tighten main bearing bolts with main bearing to the specified torque. Refer to "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

CAUTION: Do not rotate crankshaft.

- Remove main bearing caps and bearings, and using scale on plastigage bag, measure the plastigage width.

NOTE: The procedure when the measured value exceeds the limit is same as that described in the "Method by Calculation".

Example

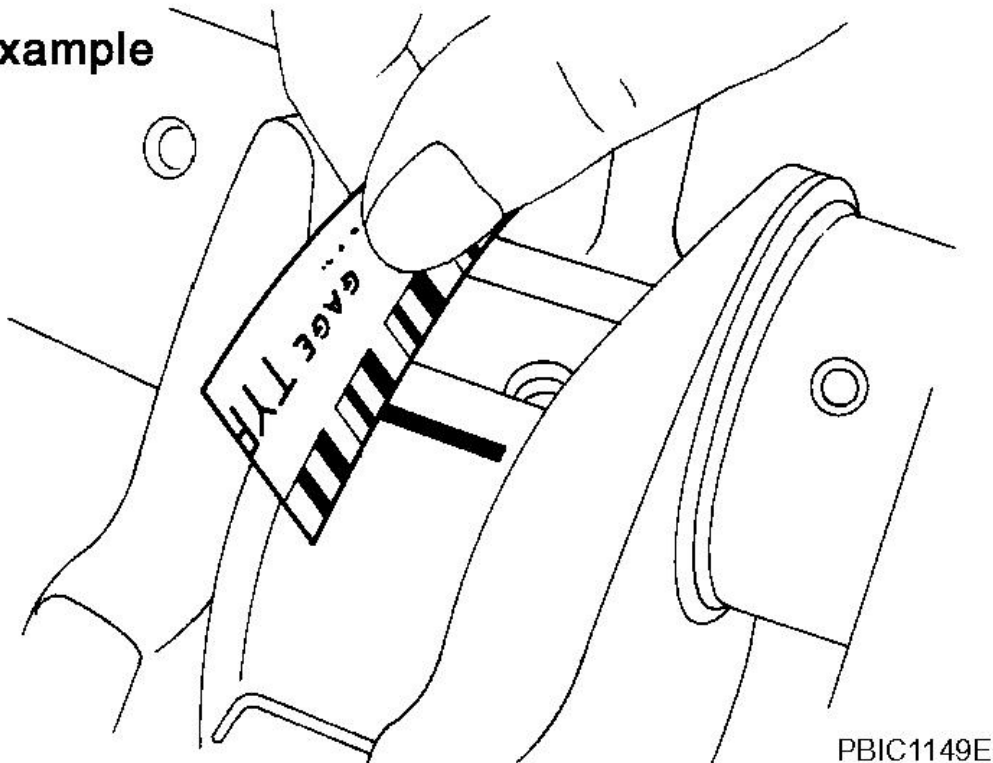


Fig. 237: Measuring Plastigage Width
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CRUSH HEIGHT OF MAIN BEARING

- When main bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with main bearings installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

Standard : There must be crush height.

- If the standard is not met, replace main bearings.

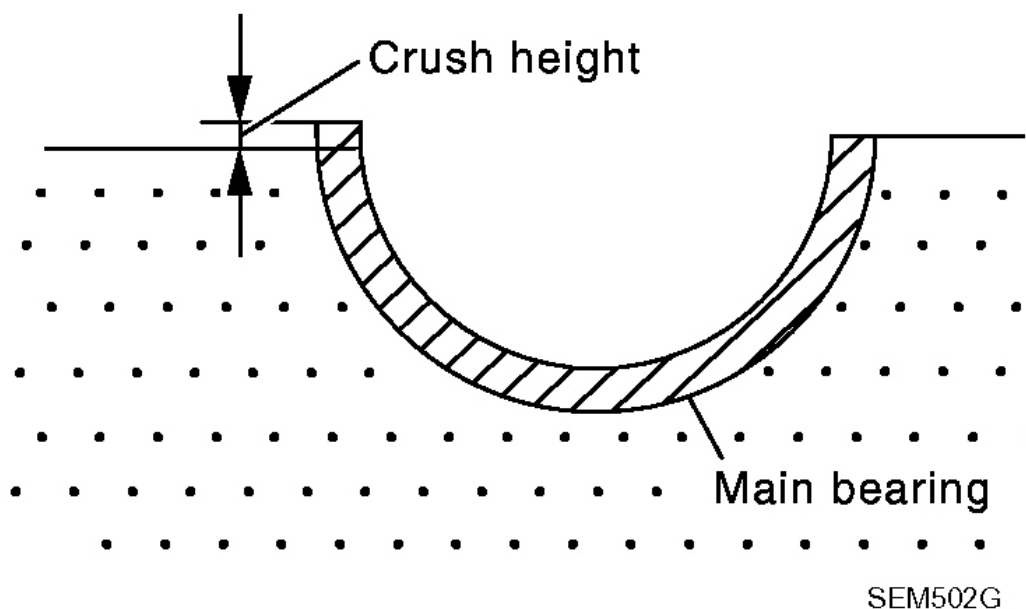
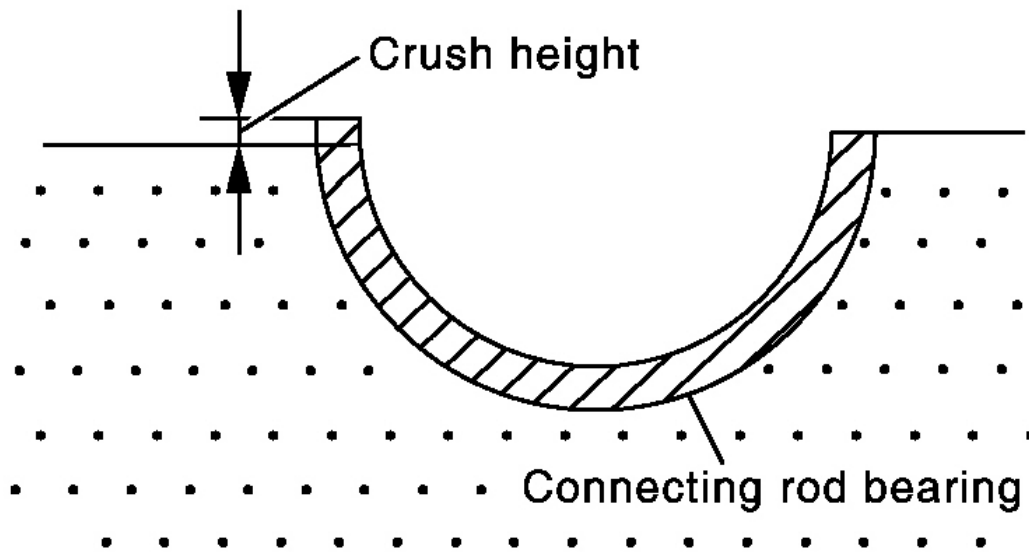


Fig. 238: Identifying Main Bearing Crush Height
Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

CRUSH HEIGHT OF CONNECTING ROD BEARING

- When connecting rod bearing cap is removed after being tightened to the specified torque with connecting rod bearings installed, the tip end of bearing must protrude. Refer to "ASSEMBLY" for the tightening procedure.

Standard : There must be crush height.



PBIC1646E

Fig. 239: Identifying Connecting Rod Bearing Crush Height
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

- If the standard is not met, replace connecting rod bearings.

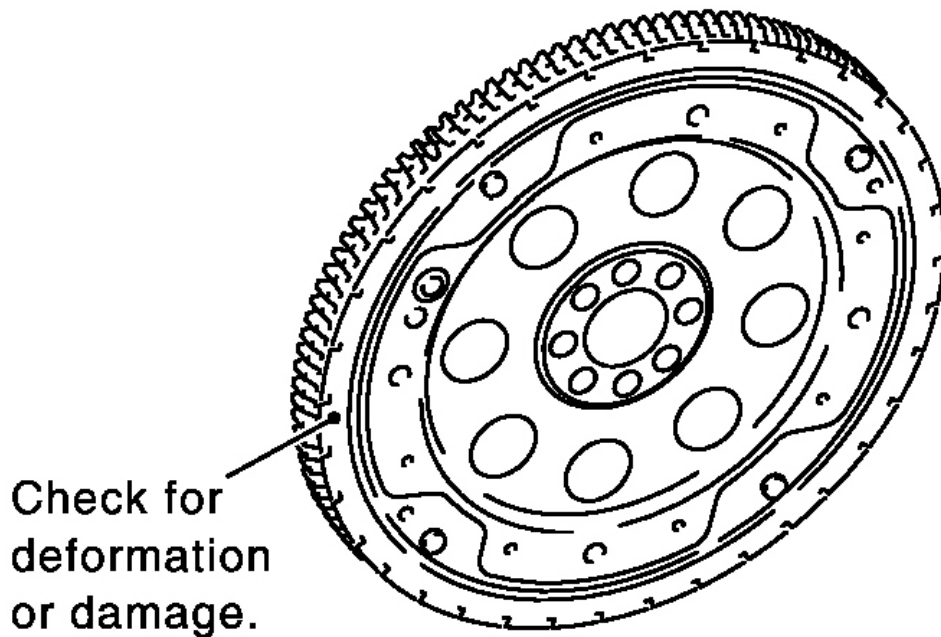
DRIVE PLATE

- Check drive plate and signal plate for deformation or cracks.

CAUTION:

- Do not disassemble drive plate.
- Do not place drive plate with signal plate facing down.
- When handling signal plate, take care not to damage or scratch it.
- Handle signal plate in a manner that prevents it from becoming magnetized.

- If anything is found, replace drive plate.



PBIC2367E

Fig. 240: Checking Drive Plate And Signal Plate For Deformation Or Cracks
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS (SDS)

STANDARD AND LIMIT

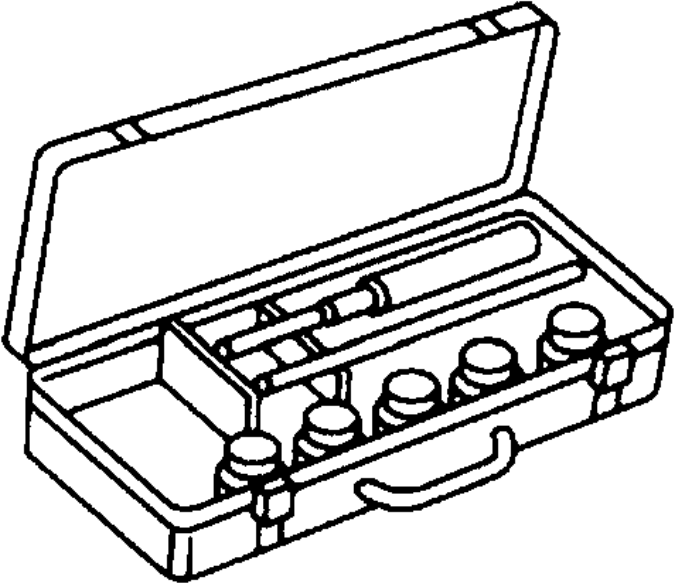
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

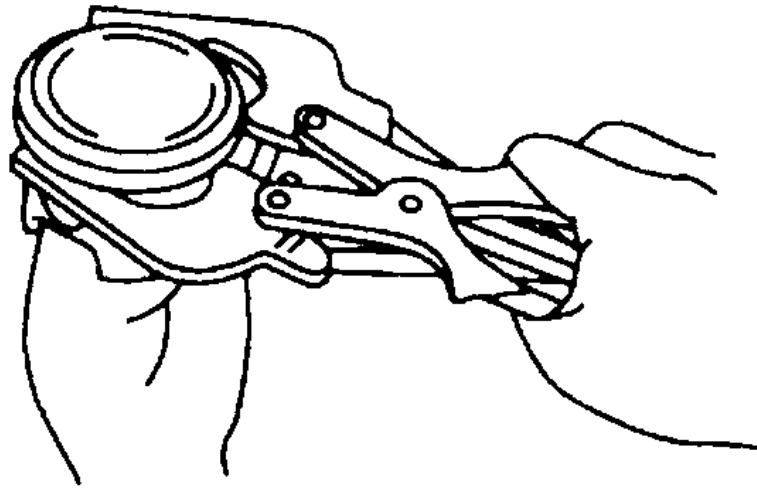
GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Cylinder arrangement		V-8
Displacement cm ³ (cu in)		4,494 (274.22)
Bore and stroke mm (in)		93 x 82.7 (3.66 x 3.256)
Valve arrangement		DOHC
Firing order		1-8-7-3-6-5-4-2
Number of piston rings	Compression	2
	Oil	1
Number of main bearings		5
Compression ratio		10.5
Standard		1,320 (13.5, 191)

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

Compression pressure kPa (kg/cm ² , psi)/300 RPM	Minimum	1,130 (11.5, 164)
	Differential limit between cylinders	98 (1.0, 14)
Cylinder number		
	NT048	
Valve timing		



NT030

VALVE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: degree					
a	b	c	d	e	f
228	240	-2	62	4	44

DRIVE BELTS**DRIVE BELTS SPECIFICATIONS**

Tension of drive belts	Auto adjustment by auto tensioner
------------------------	-----------------------------------

INTAKE MANIFOLD AND EXHAUST MANIFOLD**INTAKE MANIFOLD AND EXHAUST MANIFOLD SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)		
Items		Limit
Surface distortion	Intake manifold (upper)	0.1 (0.004)
	Intake manifold (lower)	0.1 (0.004)
	Exhaust manifold	0.3 (0.012)

SPARK PLUG

2006 Infiniti FX45

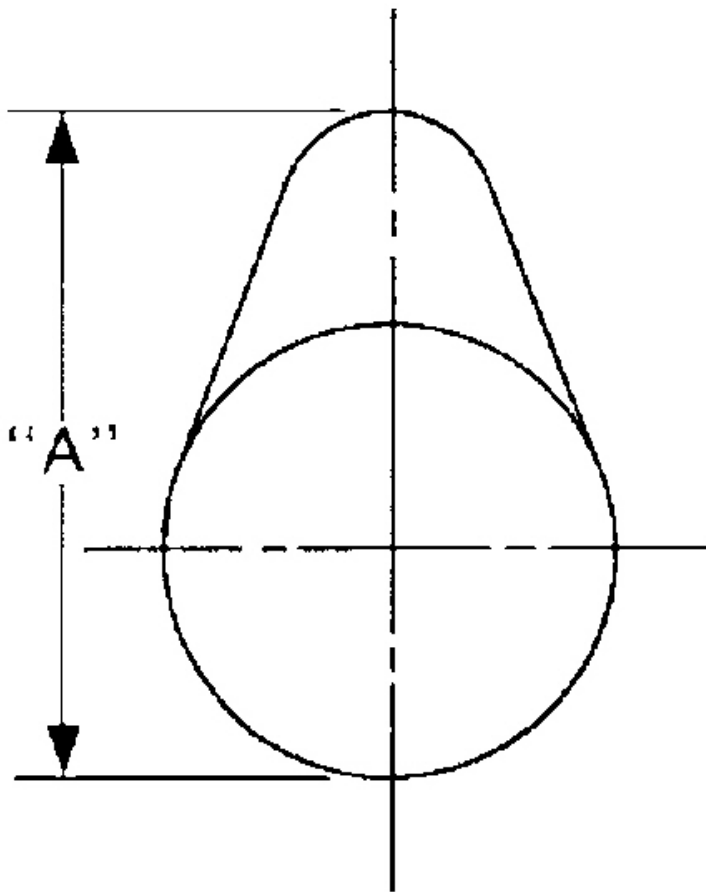
2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

SPARK PLUG SPECIFICATIONS

Make	NGK
Standard type	PLFR5A-11
Hot type	PLFR4A-11
Cold type	PLFR6A-11
Gap (Nominal)	1.1 mm (0.043 in)

CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT BEARING**CAMSHAFT AND CAMSHAFT BEARING SPECIFICATIONS**

			Unit: mm (in)
Items		Standard	Limit
Camshaft journal clearance	No. 1	0.045 - 0.083 (0.0018 - 0.0033)	-
	No. 2, 3, 4, 5	0.030 - 0.068 (0.0012 - 0.0027)	-
Camshaft journal diameter	No. 1	25.938 - 25.955 (1.0212 - 1.0218)	-
	No. 2, 3, 4, 5	25.953 - 25.970 (1.0218 - 1.0224)	-
Camshaft bracket inner diameter		26.000 - 26.021 (1.0236 - 1.0244)	-
Camshaft end play		0.115 - 0.188 (0.0045 - 0.0074)	-
Cam height "A"	Intake	44.865 - 45.055 (1.7663 - 1.7738)	0.2 (0.008)
	Exhaust	43.925 - 44.115 (1.7293 - 1.7368)	0.2 (0.008)
Camshaft runout [TIR ⁽¹⁾]		-	0.02 (0.001)
Camshaft sprocket runout [TIR ⁽¹⁾]		-	0.15 (0.059)
(1) Total indicator reading			



SEM671

Fig. 241: Measuring Cam Height
 Courtesy of NISSAN MOTOR CO., U.S.A.

Valve Lifter

VALVE LIFTER SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)	
Items	Standard
Valve lifter outer diameter	33.965 - 33.975 (1.3372 - 1.3776)
Valve lifter hole diameter	34.000 - 34.016 (1.3386 - 1.3392)
Valve lifter clearance	0.025 - 0.051 (0.0010 - 0.0020)


Valve Clearance

VALVE CLEARANCE SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)		
Items	Cold	Hot ⁽¹⁾ (reference data)
Intake	0.26 - 0.34 (0.010 - 0.013)	0.304 - 0.416 (0.012 - 0.016)
Exhaust	0.29 - 0.37 (0.011 - 0.015)	0.308 - 0.432 (0.012 - 0.017)
(1) Approximately 80°C (176°F)		

Available Adjusting Shims

AVAILABLE ADJUSTING SHIMS SPECIFICATIONS

Thickness mm (in)	Identification (stamped) mark
 <p>Indicate T = 2.46 mm (0.0969 in)</p> <p>SEM966E</p>	
2.32 (0.0913)	232

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2.33 (0.0917)	233
2.34 (0.0921)	234
2.35 (0.0925)	235
2.36 (0.0929)	236
2.37 (0.0933)	237
2.38 (0.0937)	238
2.39 (0.0941)	239
2.40 (0.0945)	240
2.41 (0.0949)	241
2.42 (0.0953)	242
2.43 (0.0957)	243
2.44 (0.0961)	244
2.45 (0.0965)	245
2.46 (0.0969)	246
2.47 (0.0972)	247
2.48 (0.0976)	248
2.49 (0.0980)	249
2.50 (0.0984)	250
2.51 (0.0988)	251
2.52 (0.0992)	252
2.53 (0.0996)	253
2.54 (0.1000)	254
2.55 (0.1004)	255
2.56 (0.1008)	256
2.57 (0.1012)	257
2.58 (0.1016)	258
2.59 (0.1020)	259
2.60 (0.1024)	260
2.61 (0.1028)	261
2.62 (0.1031)	262
2.63 (0.1035)	263
2.64 (0.1039)	264
2.65 (0.1043)	265
2.66 (0.1047)	266
2.67 (0.1051)	267
2.68 (0.1055)	268
2.69 (0.1059)	269
2.70 (0.1063)	270
2.71 (0.1067)	271
2.72 (0.1071)	272
2.73 (0.1075)	273

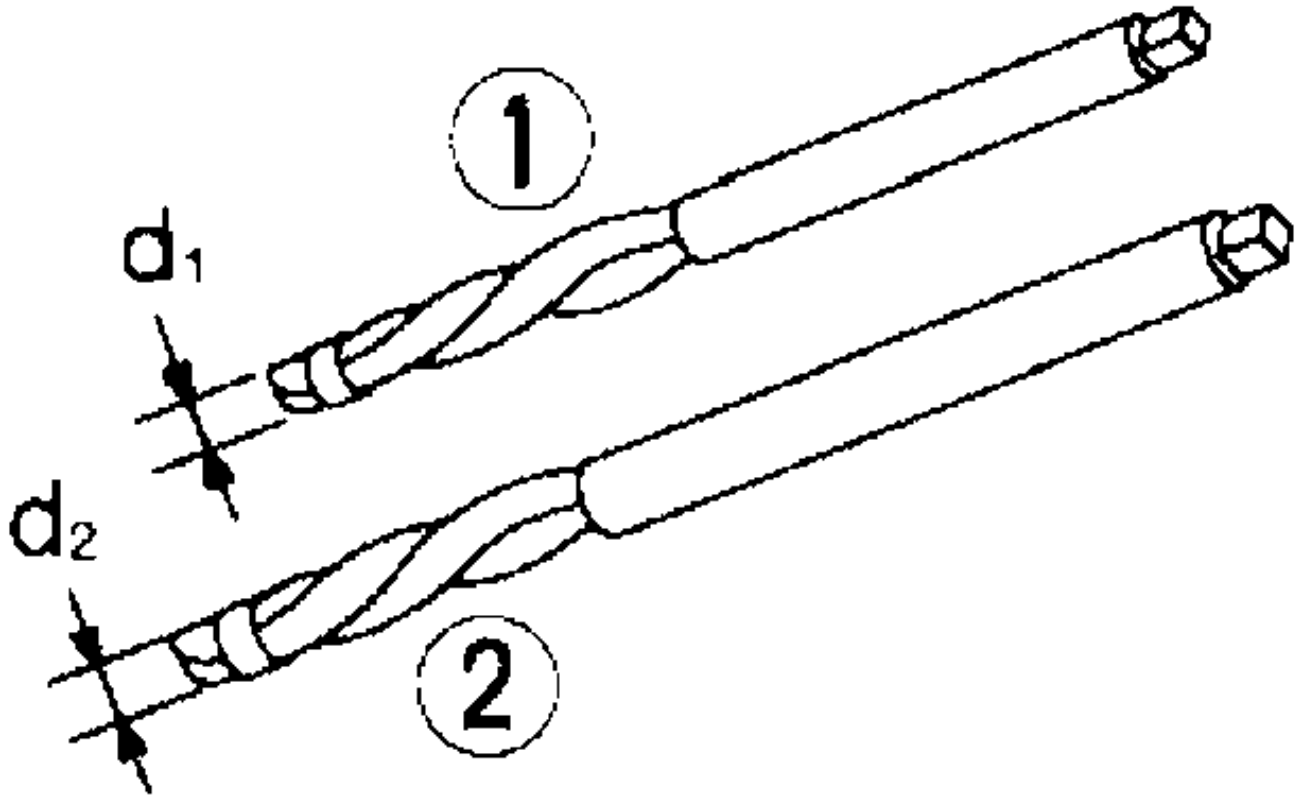
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	270
2.71 (0.1067)	271
2.72 (0.1071)	272
2.73 (0.1075)	273
2.74 (0.1079)	274
2.75 (0.1083)	275
2.76 (0.1087)	276
2.77 (0.1091)	277
2.78 (0.1094)	278
2.79 (0.1098)	279
2.80 (0.1102)	280
2.81 (0.1106)	281
2.82 (0.1110)	282
2.83 (0.1114)	283
2.84 (0.1118)	284
2.85 (0.1122)	285
2.86 (0.1126)	286
2.87 (0.1130)	287
2.88 (0.1134)	288
2.89 (0.1138)	289
2.90 (0.1142)	290
2.91 (0.1146)	291
2.92 (0.1150)	292
2.93 (0.1154)	293
2.94 (0.1157)	294
2.95 (0.1161)	295

CYLINDER HEAD**Measuring Thickness Of Shim**

		Unit: mm (in)
Items	Standard	Limit
Surface distortion	Less than 0.03 (0.0012)	0.1 (0.004)



NT016

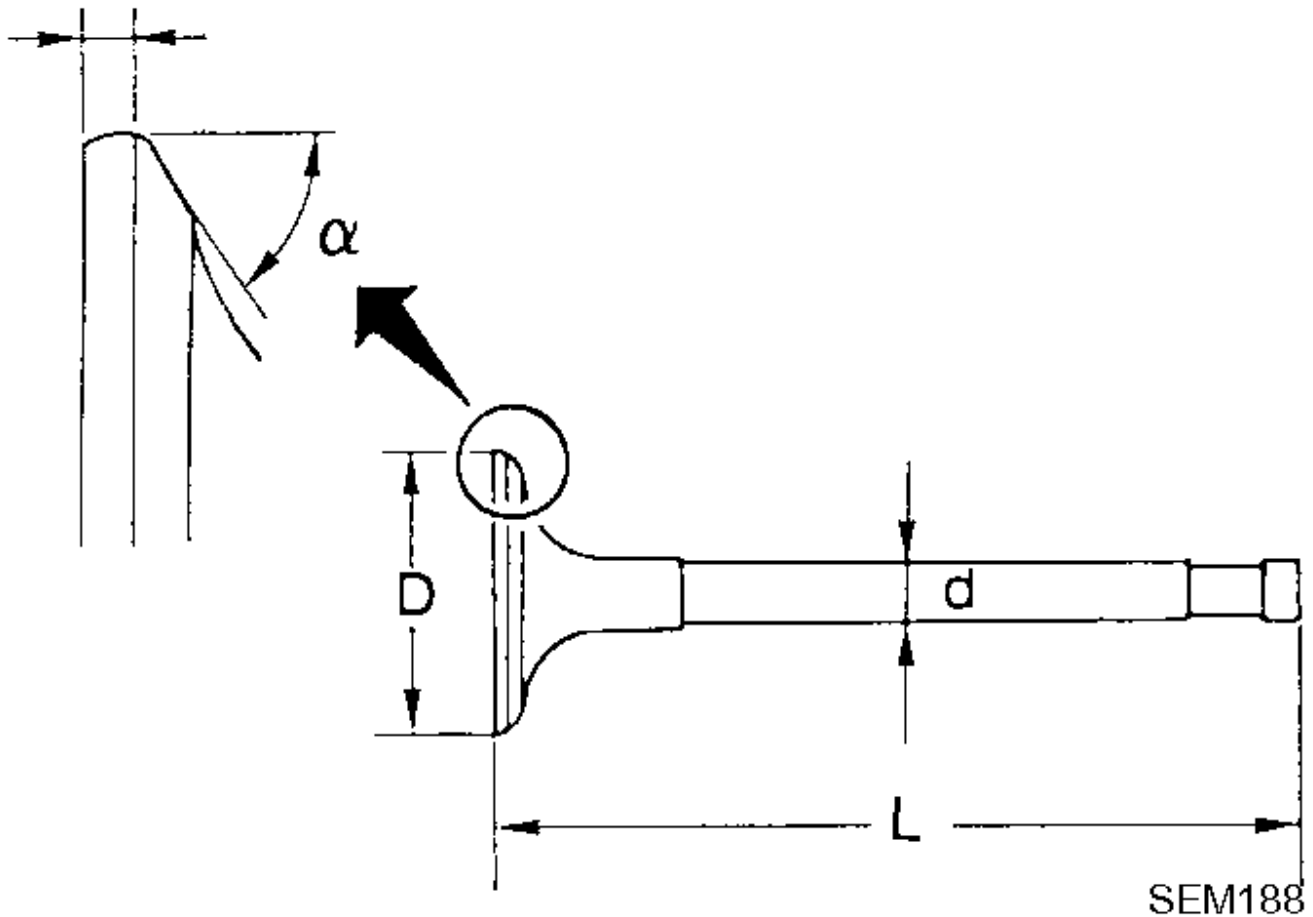
Valve Dimensions

THICKNESS OF SHIM

		Unit: mm (in)
Items		Standard
Valve head diameter "D"	Intake	36.0 - 36.3 (1.417 - 1.429)
	Exhaust	31.2 - 31.5 (1.228 - 1.240)
Valve length "L"	Intake	96.57 (3.8020)
	Exhaust	94.50 (3.720)
Valve stem diameter "d"	Intake	5.972 - 5.980 (0.2351 - 0.2354)

	Exhaust	5.962 - 5.970 (0.2347 - 0.2350)
Valve seat angle "T"	Intake	45°15' - 45°45'
	Exhaust	
Valve margin "T"	Intake	1.15 - 1.45 (0.0453 - 0.0571)
	Exhaust	1.85 - 2.15 (0.0728 - 0.0846)

T (Margin thickness)



Valve Guide

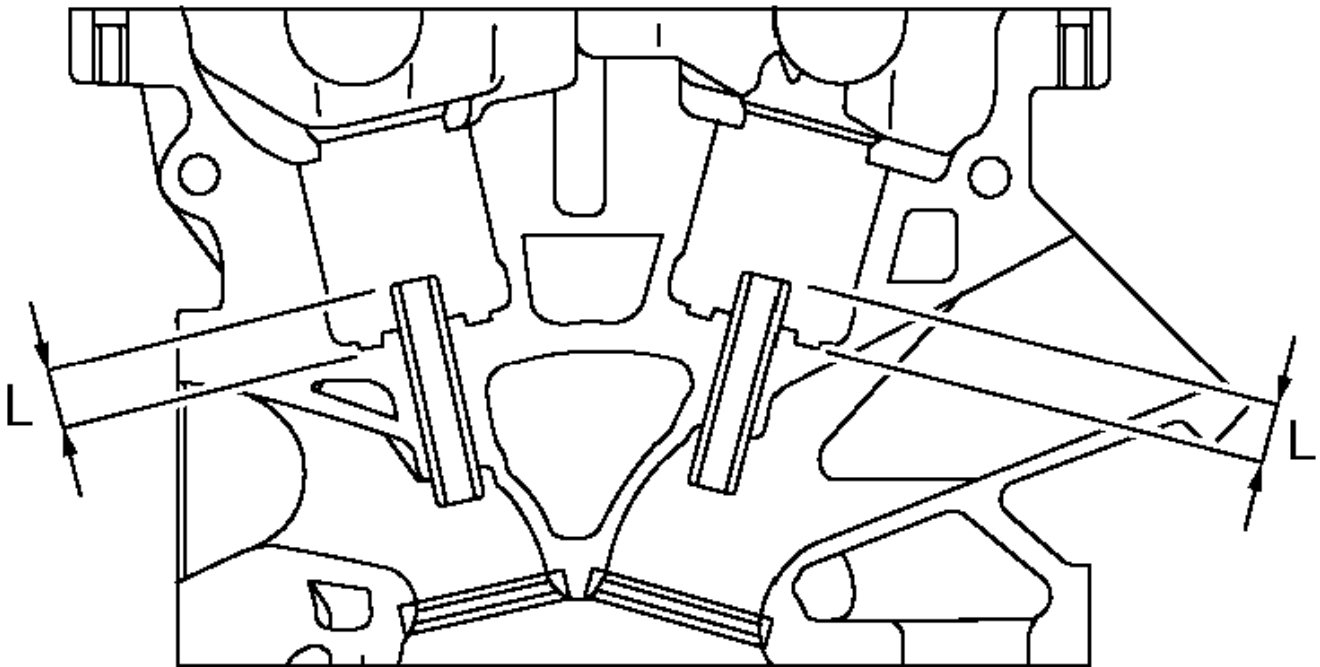
CYLINDER HEAD SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)		
		Oversize (Service) [0.2

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

Items		Standard	(0.008)
Valve guide	Outer diameter	10.023 - 10.034 (0.3946 - 0.3950)	10.223 - 10.234 (0.4025 - 0.4029)
	Inner diameter (Finished size)	6.000 - 6.018 (0.2362 - 0.2369)	
Cylinder head valve guide hole diameter		9.975 - 9.996 (0.3927 - 0.3935)	10.175 - 10.196 (0.4006 - 0.4014)
Interference fit of valve guide		0.027 - 0.059 (0.0011 - 0.0023)	
Items		Standard	Limit
Valve guide clearance	Intake	0.020 - 0.046 (0.0008 - 0.0018)	0.08 (0.003)
	Exhaust	0.030 - 0.056 (0.0012 - 0.0022)	0.1 (0.004)
Projection length "L"	Intake	10.1 - 10.3 (0.398 - 0.406)	-
	Exhaust	10.0 - 10.4 (0.394 - 0.409)	-

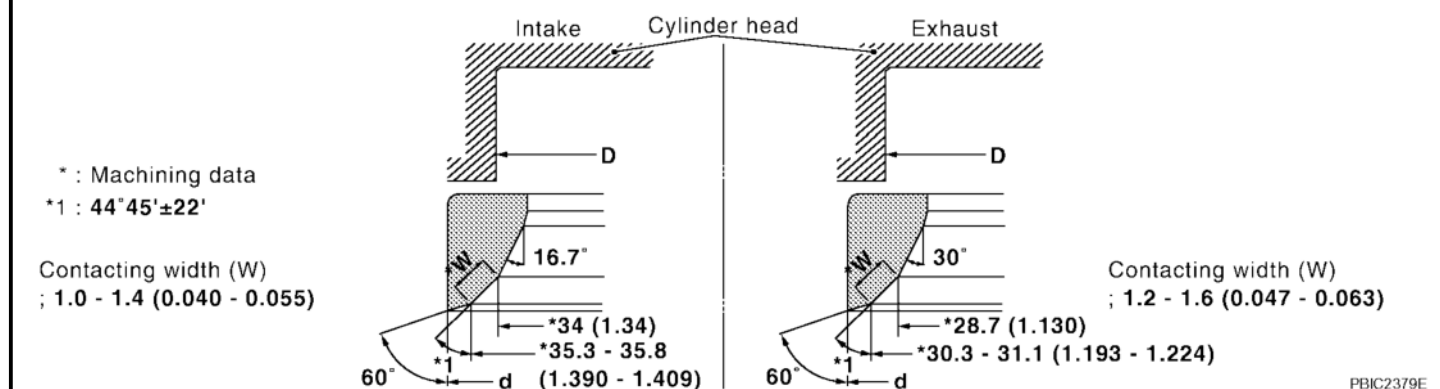


PBIC0184E

Valve Seat

Measuring Cylinder Head Height

Unit: mm (in)



Items		Standard	Service
Cylinder head seat recess diameter "D"	Intake	37.000 - 37.016 (1.4567 - 1.4573)	37.500 - 37.516 (1.4764 - 1.4770)
	Exhaust	32.200 - 32.216 (1.2677 - 1.2683)	32.700 - 32.716 (1.2874 - 1.2880)
Valve seat interference fit	Intake	0.081 - 0.113 (0.0032 - 0.0044)	
	Exhaust	0.064 - 0.096 (0.0025 - 0.0038)	
Valve seat outer diameter "d"	Intake	37.097 - 37.113 (1.4605 - 1.4611)	37.597 - 37.613 (1.4802 - 1.4808)
	Exhaust	32.280 - 32.296 (1.2709 - 1.2715)	32.780 - 32.796 (1.2905 - 1.2912)

Valve Spring

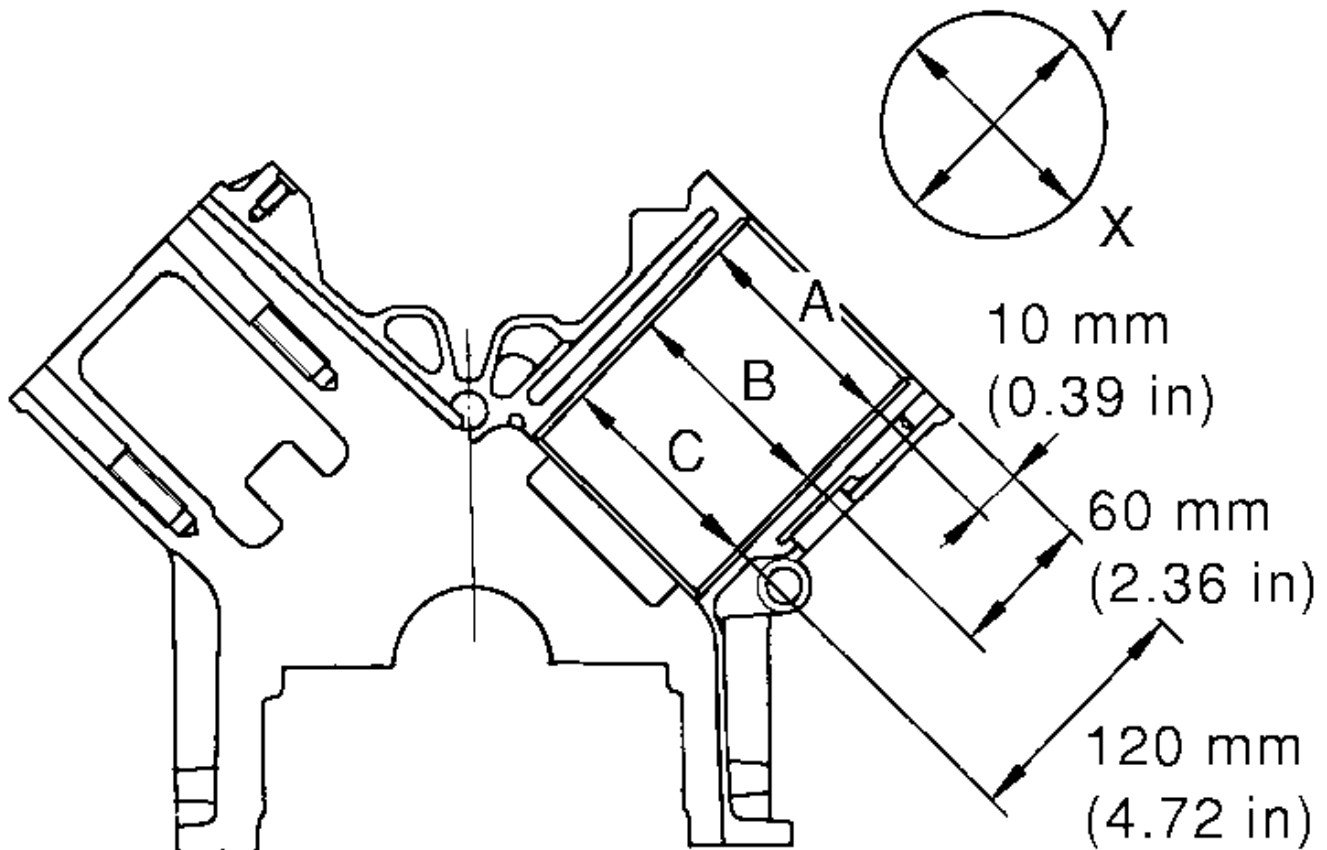
VALVE DIMENSIONS SPECIFICATIONS

Free height mm (in)		46.35 - 46.85 (1.8247 - 1.8444)
Pressure N (kg, lb) at height mm (in)	Installation	165 - 189 (16.8 - 19.3, 37 - 42) at 33.8 (1.331)
	Valve open	290 - 330 (29.6 - 33.7, 65 - 74) at 24.4 (0.961)
Out-of-square mm (in)	Limit	2.0 (0.079)

CYLINDER BLOCK

Measuring Valve Margin

Unit: mm (in)



PBIC0123E

Surface distortion	Standard		Less than 0.03 (0.0012)
	Limit		0.1 (0.004)
Main bearing housing inner diameter	Standard		68.944 - 68.968 (2.7143 - 2.7153)
Cylinder bore inner diameter	Standard	Grade No. 1	93.000 - 93.010 (3.6614 - 3.6618)
		Grade No.2	93.010 - 93.020 (3.6618 - 3.6622)
		Grade No. 3	93.020 - 93.030 (3.6622 - 3.6626)
	Wear limit		0.2 (0.008)
Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y")	Limit		0.015 (0.0006)

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2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

Taper (Difference between "A" and "C")		0.01 (0.0004)
Main bearing housing inner diameter (Without bearing)		68.944 - 68.945 (2.7143 - 2.7144)
		68.945 - 68.946 (2.7144 - 2.7144)
		68.946 - 68.947 (2.7144 - 2.7144)
		68.947 - 68.948 (2.7144 - 2.7145)
		68.948 - 68.949 (2.7145 - 2.7145)
		68.949 - 68.950 (2.7145 - 2.7146)
		Grade No. A
		68.950 - 68.951 (2.7146 - 2.7146)
		Grade No. B
		68.951 - 68.952 (2.7146 - 2.7146)
		Grade No. C
		Grade No. D
		Grade No. E
		Grade No. F
		Grade No. G
		Grade No. H
		Grade No. J
		Grade No. K
		Grade No. L
		Grade No. M
		Grade No. N
		Grade No. P
		Grade No. R
		Grade No. S
		Grade No. T
		Grade No. U
		Grade No. V
		Grade No. W
		Grade No. X
		Grade No. Y
		Grade No. 1
		Grade No. 2
		68.961 - 68.962 (2.7150 - 2.7150)
		68.962 - 68.963 (2.7150 - 2.7151)
		68.963 - 68.964 (2.7151 - 2.7151)
		68.964 - 68.965 (2.7151 - 2.7152)
		68.965 - 68.966 (2.7152 - 2.7152)
		68.966 - 68.967 (2.7152 - 2.7152)
		68.967 - 68.968 (2.7152 -

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

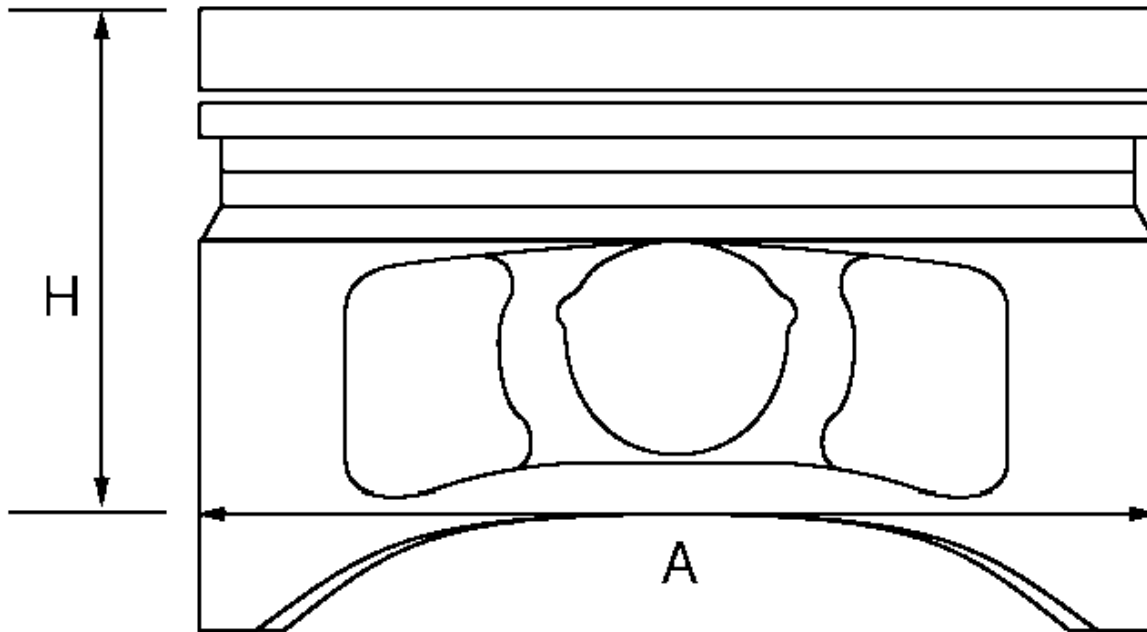
		2.7153)
Difference in inner diameter between cylinders	Standard	Less than 0.03 (0.0012)

PISTON, PISTON RING AND PISTON PIN

Available Piston

VALVE GUIDE SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)



PBIC0188E

Items		Standard	Oversize (Service) [0.2 (0.008)]
Piston skirt diameter "A"	Grade No. 1	92.980 - 92.990 (3.6606 - 3.6610)	-
	Grade No. 2	92.990 - 93.000 (3.6610 - 3.6614)	-
	Grade No. 3	93.000 - 93.010 (3.6614 - 3.6618)	-

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2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

	Service	-	93.180 - 93.210 (3.6685 - 3.6697)
"H" dimension		42 (1.65)	
Piston pin hole diameter	Grade No. 0	21.993 - 21.999 (0.8659 - 0.8661)	
	Grade No. 1	21.999 - 22.005 (0.8661 - 0.8663)	
Piston to cylinder bore clearance	Standard	0.010 - 0.030 (0.0004 - 0.0012)	
	Limit	0.08 (0.0031)	

Piston Ring

Measuring Valve Guide Clearance

			Unit: mm (in)
		Standard	Limit
Side clearance	Top	0.045 - 0.080 (0.0018 - 0.0031)	0.11 (0.0043)
	2nd	0.030 - 0.070 (0.0012 - 0.0028)	0.1 (0.004)
	Oil ring	0.065 - 0.135 (0.0026 - 0.0053)	-
End gap	Top	0.22 - 0.32 (0.0087 - 0.0126)	0.56 (0.0220)
	2nd	0.22 - 0.32 (0.0087 - 0.0126)	0.56 (0.0220)
	Oil (rail ring)	0.20 - 0.50 (0.0079 - 0.0197)	0.96 (0.0378)

Piston Pin

Identifying Valve Seat SPECIFICATIONS

			Unit: mm (in)
Items		Standard	Limit
Piston pin outer diameter	Grade No. 0	21.989 - 21.995 (0.8657 - 0.8659)	-
	Grade No. 1	21.995 - 22.001 (0.8659 - 0.8662)	-
Piston to piston pin oil clearance		0.002 - 0.006 (0.0001 - 0.0002)	-
Connecting rod bushing oil clearance		0.005 - 0.017 (0.0002 - 0.0007)	0.030 (0.0012)

CONNECTING ROD

VALVE SEAT SPECIFICATIONS

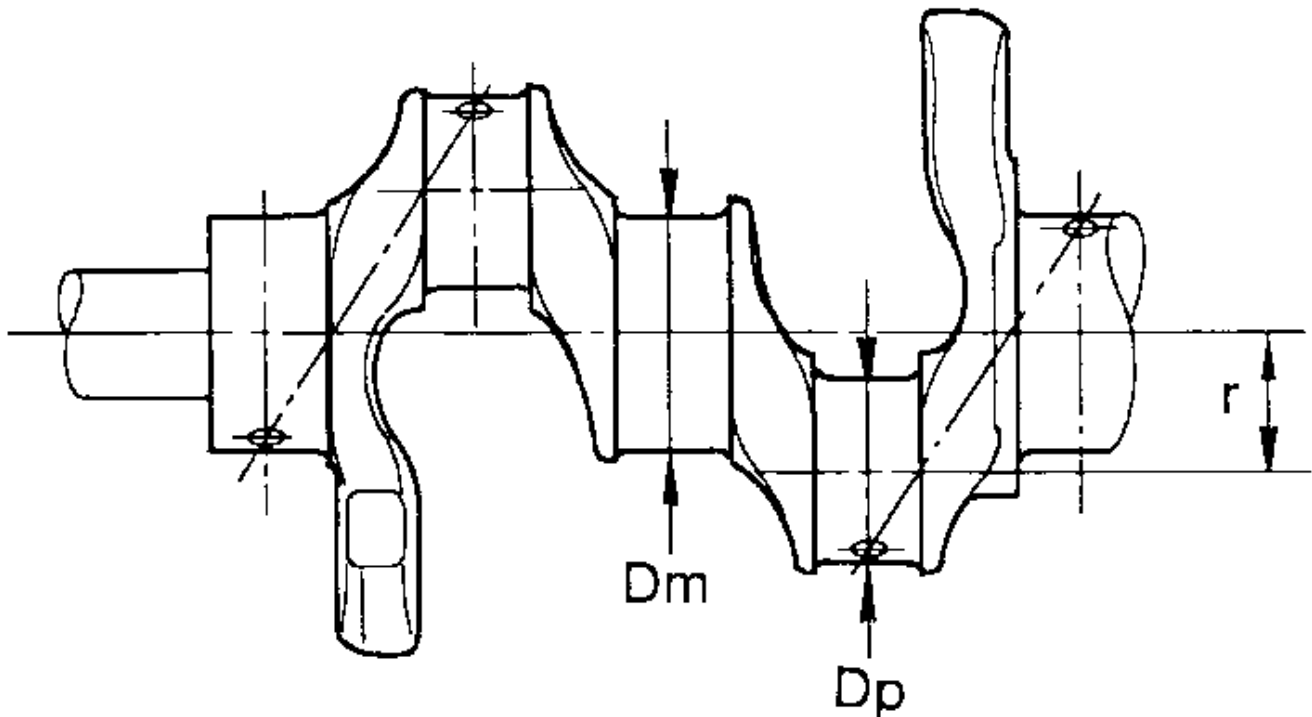
			Unit: mm (in)
Items		Standard	Limit
Center distance		146.95 - 147.05 (5.79 - 5.79)	-
Bend [per 100 (3.94)]		-	0.15 (0.0059)
Torsion [per 100 (3.94)]		-	0.30 (0.0118)
Connecting rod bushing inner diameter ⁽¹⁾	Grade No. 0	22.000 - 22.006 (0.8661 - 0.8664)	-
	Grade No. 1	22.006 - 22.012 (0.8664 - 0.8666)	-
Connecting rod big end diameter (without bearing)		55.000 - 55.013 (2.1654 - 2.1659)	-

Side clearance	0.20 - 0.35 (0.0079 - 0.0138)	0.40 (0.0157)
(1) After installing in connecting rod		

CRANKSHAFT

VALVE SPRING SPECIFICATIONS

Unit: mm (in)



SEM645

63.963 - 63.964 (2.5182 - 2.5183)
63.962 - 63.963 (2.5182 - 2.5182)
63.961 - 63.962 (2.5181 - 2.5182)
63.960 - 63.961 (2.5181 - 2.5181)

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Main journal diameter "DM" (No. 1 and 5 journal)	Standard	Grade No. G	63.959 - 63.960 (2.5181 - 2.5181)
		Grade No. H	63.958 - 63.959 (2.5180 - 2.5181)
		Grade No. J	63.957 - 63.958 (2.5180 - 2.5180)
		Grade No. K	63.956 - 63.957 (2.5179 - 2.5180)
		Grade No. L	63.955 - 63.956 (2.5179 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. M	63.954 - 63.955 (2.5179 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. N	63.953 - 63.954 (2.5178 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. P	63.952 - 63.953 (2.5178 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. R	63.951 - 63.952 (2.5178 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. S	63.950 - 63.951 (2.5177 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. T	63.949 - 63.950 (2.5177 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. U	63.948 - 63.949 (2.5176 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. V	63.947 - 63.948 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. W	63.946 - 63.947 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. X	63.945 - 63.946 (2.5175 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. Y	63.944 - 63.945 (2.5175 - 2.5175)
		Grade No. 1	63.943 - 63.944 (2.5174 - 2.5175)
		Grade No. 2	63.942 - 63.943 (2.5174 - 2.5174)
		Grade No. 3	63.941 - 63.942 (2.5174 - 2.5174)
		Grade No. 4	63.940 - 63.941 (2.5173 - 2.5174)
		Grade No. 5	63.963 - 63.964 (2.5182 - 2.5183)
		Grade No. 6	63.962 - 63.963 (2.5182 - 2.5182)
		Grade No. 7	63.961 - 63.962 (2.5181 - 2.5182)
		Grade No. 9	63.960 - 63.961 (2.5181 - 2.5181)

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Main journal diameter "DM" (No. 2, 3 and 4 journal)		Grade No. A	63.959 - 63.960 (2.5181 - 2.5181)
		Grade No. B	63.958 - 63.959 (2.5180 - 2.5181)
		Grade No. C	63.957 - 63.958 (2.5180 - 2.5180)
		Grade No. D	63.956 - 63.957 (2.5179 - 2.5180)
		Grade No. E	63.955 - 63.956 (2.5179 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. F	63.954 - 63.955 (2.5179 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. G	63.953 - 63.954 (2.5178 - 2.5179)
		Grade No. H	63.952 - 63.953 (2.5178 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. J	63.951 - 63.952 (2.5178 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. K	63.950 - 63.951 (2.5177 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. L	63.950 - 63.951 (2.5177 - 2.5178)
		Grade No. M	63.949 - 63.950 (2.5177 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. N	63.949 - 63.950 (2.5177 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. P	63.948 - 63.949 (2.5176 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. R	63.948 - 63.949 (2.5176 - 2.5177)
		Grade No. S	63.947 - 63.948 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. T	63.947 - 63.948 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. U	63.946 - 63.947 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. V	63.946 - 63.947 (2.5176 - 2.5176)
		Grade No. W	63.945 - 63.946 (2.5175 - 2.5176)
	Grade No. X	63.945 - 63.946 (2.5175 - 2.5176)	
	Grade No. Y	63.944 - 63.945 (2.5175 - 2.5175)	
	Grade No. 1	63.944 - 63.945 (2.5175 - 2.5175)	
	Grade No. 2	63.943 - 63.944 (2.5174 - 2.5175)	
			63.942 - 63.943 (2.5174 - 2.5174)
			63.941 - 63.942 (2.5174 - 2.5174)
			63.940 - 63.941 (2.5173 - 2.5174)
Pin journal diameter "DP"	Grade No. 0		51.968 - 51.974 (2.0460 - 2.0462)
	Grade No. 1		51.962 - 51.968 (2.0457 - 2.0460)
	Grade No. 2		51.956 - 51.962 (2.0455 - 2.0457)
Center distance "r"			41.31 - 41.39 (1.6264 - 1.6295)

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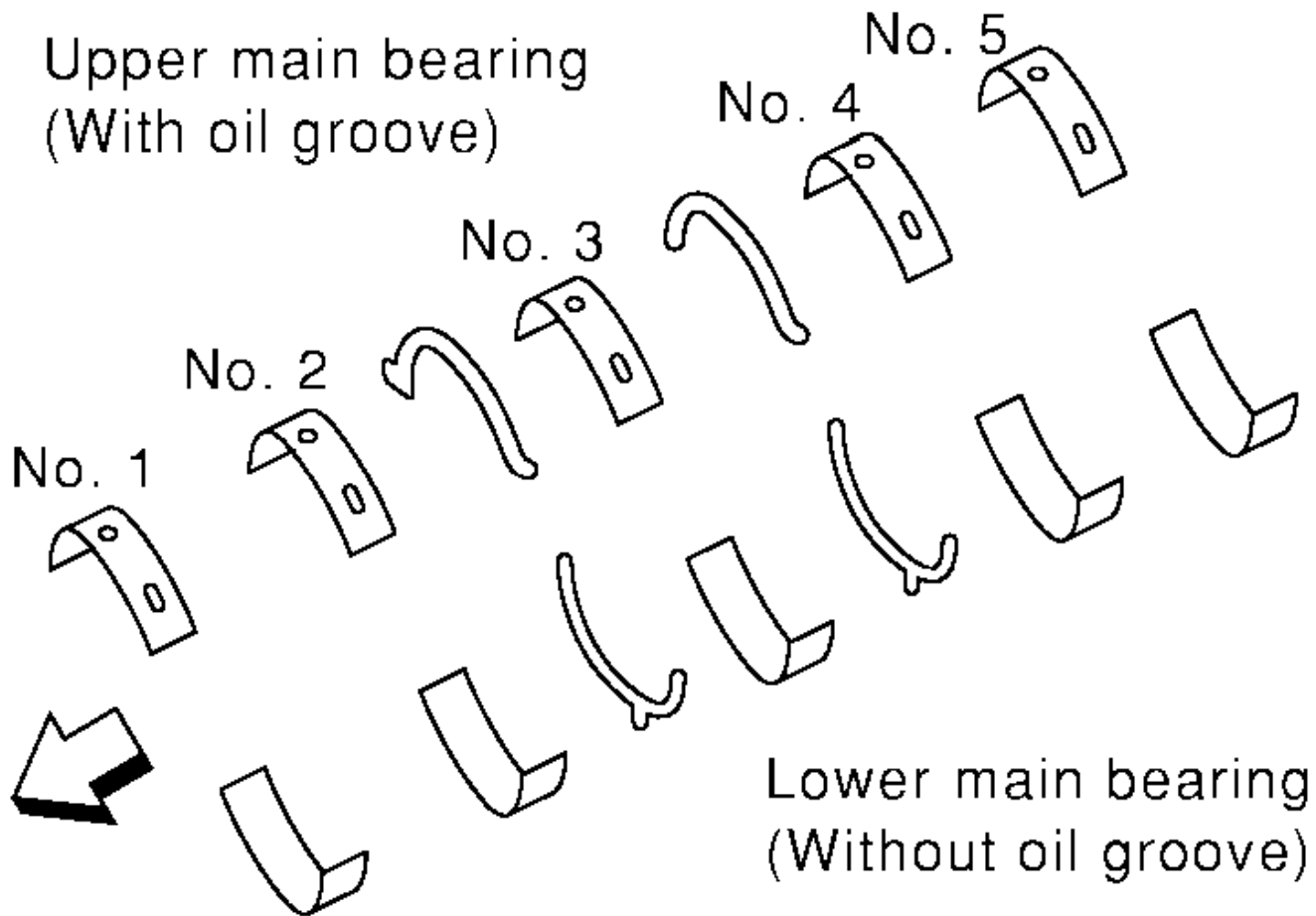
Out-of-round (Difference between "X" and "Y")	Limit	0.015 (0.0006)
Taper (Difference between "A" and "B")	Limit	0.010 (0.0004)
Runout [TIR ⁽¹⁾]	Limit	0.10 (0.004)
Crankshaft end play	Standard	0.10 - 0.25 (0.0039 - 0.0098)
	Limit	0.30 (0.0118)

(1) Total indicator reading

MAIN BEARING**Identifying Cylinder Block SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)

Upper main bearing
(With oil groove)



Lower main bearing
(Without oil groove)

PBIC0189E

Grade number	Thickness	Identification color	Remarks
0	2.483 - 2.486 (0.0978 - 0.0979)	Black	Grade and color are the same for upper and lower bearings.
1	2.486 - 2.489 (0.0979 - 0.0980)	Brown	
2	2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
3	2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
4	2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	

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5		2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
6		2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
7		2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 - 0.0987)	White	
8		2.507 - 2.510 (0.0987 - 0.0988)	Red	
01	UPR	2.483 - 2.486 (0.0978 - 0.0979)	Black	Grade and color are different for upper and lower bearings.
	LWR	2.486 - 2.489 (0.0979 - 0.0980)	Brown	
12	UPR	2.486 - 2.489 (0.0979 - 0.0980)	Brown	
	LWR	2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
23	UPR	2.489 - 2.492 (0.0980 - 0.0981)	Green	
	LWR	2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
34	UPR	2.492 - 2.495 (0.0981 - 0.0982)	Yellow	
	LWR	2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	
45	UPR	2.495 - 2.498 (0.0982 - 0.0983)	Blue	
	LWR	2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
56	UPR	2.498 - 2.501 (0.0983 - 0.0985)	Pink	
	LWR	2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
67	UPR	2.501 - 2.504 (0.0985 - 0.0986)	Purple	
	LWR	2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 - 0.0987)	White	
78	UPR	2.504 - 2.507 (0.0986 - 0.0987)	White	
	LWR	2.507 - 2.510 (0.0987 - 0.0988)	Red	

Undersize

CYLINDER BLOCK SPECIFICATIONS

2006 Infiniti FX45

2006 ENGINE Engine-Mechanical - VK45DE - FX45

Unit: mm (in)

Undersize	Thickness	Main journal diameter
0.25 (0.0098)	2.618 - 2.626 (0.1031 - 0.1034)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

Main Bearing Oil Clearance**Measuring Piston Height**

Unit: mm (in)

Main bearing oil clearance	Standard	No.1 and 5	0.001 - 0.011 (0.00004 - 0.0004)
		No.2, 3 and 4	0.007 - 0.017 (0.0003 - 0.0007)
	Limit	No.1 and 5	0.021 (0.0008)
		No.2, 3 and 4	0.027 (0.0011)

CONNECTING ROD BEARING**PISTON SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)

Grade number	Thickness	Identification color (mark)
0	1.500 - 1.503 (0.0591 - 0.0592)	No color
1	1.503 - 1.506 (0.0592 - 0.0593)	Brown
2	1.506 - 1.509 (0.0593 - 0.0594)	Green

Undersize**PISTON RING SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)

Undersize	Thickness	Pin journal diameter
0.25 (0.0098)	1.626 - 1.634 (0.0640 - 0.0643)	Grind so that bearing clearance is the specified value.

Connecting Rod Bearing Oil Clearance**PISTON PIN SPECIFICATIONS**

Unit: mm (in)

Connecting rod bearing oil clearance	Standard	0.020 - 0.045 (0.0008 - 0.0018)
	Limit	0.055 (0.0022)