2006 ENGINE Engine Mechanical - 6.0L - SSR

2006 ENGINE

Engine Mechanical - 6.0L - SSR

SPECIFICATIONS

FASTENER TIGHTENING SPECIFICATIONS

Fastener Tightening Specifications

	Specification			
Application	Metric	English		
Air Cleaner Outlet Duct Clamp	7 N.m	62 lb in		
Air Conditioning Belt Tensioner Bolt	50 N.m	37 lb ft		
Air Conditioning Bracket Bolt	50 N.m	37 lb ft		
Air Conditioning Compressor Line-to-Condenser Bolt	16 N.m	12 lb ft		
Air Conditioning Compressor Line-to-Thermal Expansion Valve (TXV) Nut	20 N.m	15 lb ft		
Camshaft Position (CMP) Sensor Bolt	12 N.m	106 lb in		
CMP Sensor Wire Harness Bolt	12 N.m	106 lb in		
Camshaft Retainer Bolts - Hex Head Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Camshaft Retainer Bolts - TORX® Head Bolts	15 N.m	11 lb ft		
Camshaft Sprocket Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Connecting Rod Bolts - First Pass	20 N.m	15 lb ft		
Connecting Rod Bolts - Final Pass	75 degrees			
Coolant Air Bleed Pipe and Cover Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in		
Coolant Temperature Sensor	20 N.m	15 lb ft		
Crankshaft Balancer Bolt - Installation Pass to Ensure the Balancer is Completely Installed	330 N.m	240 lb ft		
Crankshaft Balancer Bolt - First Pass - Install a NEW Bolt After the Installation Pass and Tighten as Described in the First and Final Passes	50 N.m	37 lb ft		
Crankshaft Balancer Bolt - Final Pass	140 de	egrees		
Crankshaft Bearing Cap M10 Bolts - First Pass in Sequence	20 N.m	15 lb ft		
Crankshaft Bearing Cap M10 Bolts - Final Pass in Sequence	80 de	grees		
Crankshaft Bearing Cap M10 Studs - First Pass in Sequence	20 N.m	15 lb ft		
Crankshaft Bearing Cap M10 Studs - Final Pass in Sequence	51 degrees			
Crankshaft Bearing Cap M8 Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Crankshaft Oil Deflector Nuts	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Crankshaft Position (CKP) Sensor Bolt	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft		
Cylinder Head M11 Bolts - First Pass in Sequence	30 N.m	22 lb ft		
Cylinder Head M11 Bolts - Second Pass in Sequence 90 degrees				
Cylinder Head M11 Bolts - Final Pass in Sequence 70 degrees				

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Cylinder Head M8 Bolts - in Sequence	30 N.m	22 lb ft
Cylinder Head Coolant Plug	20 N.m	15 lb ft
Drive Belt Idler Pulley Bolt	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Drive Belt Tensioner Bolt	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Engine Block Coolant Drain Hole Plug	60 N.m	44 lb ft
Engine Block Coolant Heater	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Engine Block Oil Gallery Plug	60 N.m	44 lb ft
Engine Ground Strap-to-Frame Nut	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Engine Ground-to-Engine Block Bolts	16 N.m	12 lb ft
Engine Harness Bracket Nut	10 N.m	89 lb in
Engine Mount Bracket Spacer	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Engine Mount Frame Bracket	100 N.m	74 lb ft
Engine Mount Nuts	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Engine Sight Shield Bolt	10 N.m	89 lb in
Engine Sight Shield Bracket Bolt	5 N.m	44 lb in
Evaporative (EVAP) Emission Canister Purge Solenoid Valve Bolt	10 N.m	89 lb in
Exhaust Manifold Bolts - First Pass	15 N.m	11 lb ft
Exhaust Manifold Bolts - Final Pass	20 N.m	15 lb ft
Exhaust Manifold Heat Shield Bolts	9 N.m	80 lb in
Exhaust Manifold Studs	20 N.m	15 lb ft
Flywheel Bolts - First Pass	20 N.m	15 lb ft
Flywheel Bolts - Second Pass	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Flywheel Bolts - Final Pass	100 N.m	74 lb ft
Front Cover Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Fuel Injection Fuel Rail Bolts	10 N.m	89 lb in
Fuel Rail Crossover Tube Bolts	3.8 N.m	34 lb in
Fuel Rail Stop Bracket Bolt	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Generator Power Lead Nut	9 N.m	80 lb in
Ignition Coil Bracket-to-Valve Rocker Arm Cover Studs	12 N.m	106 lb in
Ignition Coil-to-Bracket Bolts	10 N.m	89 lb in
Intake Manifold Bolts - First Pass in Sequence	5 N.m	44 lb in
Intake Manifold Bolts - Final Pass in Sequence	10 N.m	89 lb in
J 41798 M8 Bolt	25 N.m	18 lb ft
J 41798 M10 Bolts	50 N.m	37 lb ft
J 42386-A Bolts	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Knock Sensor Bolts	20 N.m	15 lb ft
Oil Filter	30 N.m	22 lb ft
Oil Filter Fitting	55 N.m	40 lb ft
Oil Filter Tube-to-Bottom of Oil Pan Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Filter Tube-to-Side of Oil Pan Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in

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Oil Level Indicator Tube Bolt	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Oil Pan Baffle Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pan Closeout Cover Bolt - Left Side	9 N.m	80 lb in
Oil Pan Closeout Cover Bolt - Right Side	9 N.m	80 lb in
Oil Pan Cover Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pan Drain Plug	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Oil Pan M6 Bolts - Oil Pan-to-Rear Oil Seal Housing	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pan M8 Bolts - Oil Pan-to-Engine Block and Oil Pan-to- Front Cover	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Oil Pan Oil Gallery Plugs	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Oil Pressure Sensor	35 N.m	26 lb ft
Oil Pump Cover Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pump Relief Valve Plug	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pump Screen Nuts	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Oil Pump Screen-to-Oil Pump Bolt	12 N.m	106 lb in
Oil Pump-to-Engine Block Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Spark Plugs	15 N.m	11 lb ft
Throttle Body Bolts	10 N.m	89 lb in
Throttle Body Nuts	10 N.m	89 lb in
Throttle Body Studs	6 N.m	53 lb in
Timing Chain Dampener Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Upper Engine Mount Bracket	50 N.m	37 lb ft
Valley Cover Bolts	25 N.m	18 lb ft
Valve Lifter Guide Bolts	10 N.m	89 lb in
Valve Rocker Arm Bolts	30 N.m	22 lb ft
Valve Rocker Arm Cover Bolts	12 N.m	106 lb in
Water Inlet Housing Bolts	15 N.m	11 lb ft
Water Pump Bolts - First Pass	15 N.m	11 lb ft
Water Pump Bolts - Final Pass	30 N.m	22 lb ft

ENGINE MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Mechanical Specifications

	Specif	ication
Application	Metric	English
General		
Engine Type	V	78
Displacement	6.0L	364 CID
• RPO	L	S2
• VIN]	Η

• Bore	101.618-101.636 mm	4.0007-4.0017 in	
• Stroke	92.0 mm 3.622 in		
Compression Ratio	10.86:1		
Firing Order	1-8-7-2-6-5-4-3		
Spark Plug Gap	1.02 mm	0.04 in	
Block	11		
Camshaft Bearing Bore 1 and 5 Diameter	59.58-59.63 mm	2.345-2.347 in	
Camshaft Bearing Bore 2 and 4 Diameter	59.08-59.13 mm	2.325-2.327 in	
Camshaft Bearing Bore 3 Diameter	58.58-58.63 mm	2.306-2.308 in	
Crankshaft Main Bearing Bore Diameter	69.871-69.889 mm	2.75-2.751 in	
Crankshaft Main Bearing Bore Out-of-Round	0.006 mm	0.0002 in	
Cylinder Bore Diameter	101.618-101.636 mm	4.0007-4.0017 in	
• Cylinder Head Deck Height - Measuring from the Centerline of Crankshaft to the Deck Face	234.57-234.82 mm	9.235-9.245 in	
• Cylinder Head Deck Surface Flatness - Measured Within a 152.4 mm (6.0 in) Area	0.11 mm	0.004 in	
• Cylinder Head Deck Surface Flatness - Measuring the Overall Length of the Block Deck	0.22 mm	0.008 in	
Valve Lifter Bore Diameter	21.417-21.443 mm	0.843-0.844 in	
Camshaft	11		
Camshaft End Play	0.025-0.305 mm	0.001-0.012 in	
Camshaft Journal Diameter	54.99-55.04 mm	2.164-2.166 in	
Camshaft Journal Out-of-Round	0.025 mm	0.001 in	
Camshaft Lobe Lift - Intake	7.78 mm	0.306 in	
Camshaft Lobe Lift - Exhaust	7.77 mm	0.305 in	
• Camshaft Runout - Measured at the Intermediate Journals	0.05 mm	0.002 in	
Connecting Rod	11		
Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Production	0.023-0.065 mm	0.0009-0.0025 in	
Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Service	0.023-0.076 mm	0.0009-0.003 in	
Connecting Rod Bore Diameter - Bearing End	56.505-56.525 mm	2.224-2.225 in	
 Connecting Rod Bore Out-of-Round - Bearing End - Production 	0.004-0.008 mm	0.00015-0.0003 ir	
 Connecting Rod Bore Out-of-Round - Bearing End - Service 	0.004-0.008 mm	0.00015-0.0003 ir	
	0.11-0.51 mm	0.00433-0.02 in	
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Connecting Rod Side Clearance nkshaft		
Connecting Rod Journal Diameter - Production	53.318-53.338 mm	2.0991-2.0999 in
Connecting Rod Journal Diameter - Service	53.308 mm	2.0987 in
Connecting Rod Journal Out-of-Round - Production	0.005 mm	0.0002 in
Connecting Rod Journal Out-of-Round - Service	0.01 mm	0.0004 in
 Connecting Rod Journal Taper - Maximum for 1/2 of Journal Length - Production 	0.005 mm	0.0002 in
 Connecting Rod Journal Taper - Maximum for 1/2 of Journal Length - Service 	0.02 mm	0.00078 in
Crankshaft End Play	0.04-0.2 mm	0.0015-0.0078 in
Crankshaft Main Bearing Clearance - Production	0.02-0.052 mm	0.0008-0.0021 in
Crankshaft Main Bearing Clearance - Service	0.02-0.065 mm	0.0008-0.0025 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Diameter - Production	64.992-65.008 mm	2.558-2.559 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Diameter - Service	64.992 mm	2.558 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Out-of-Round - Production	0.003 mm	0.000118 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Out-of-Round - Service	0.008 mm	0.0003 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Taper - Production	0.01 mm	0.0004 in
Crankshaft Main Journal Taper - Service	0.02 mm	0.00078 in
Crankshaft Rear Flange Runout	0.05 mm	0.002 in
• Crankshaft Reluctor Ring Runout - Measured 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Below Tooth Diameter	0.7 mm	0.028 in
Crankshaft Thrust Surface - Production	26.14-26.22 mm	1.029-1.0315 in
Crankshaft Thrust Surface - Service	26.22 mm	1.0315 in
Crankshaft Thrust Surface Runout	0.025 mm	0.001 in
inder Head		
• Cylinder Head Height/Thickness - Measured from the Cylinder Head Deck to the Valve Rocker Arm Cover Seal Surface	120.2 mm	4.732 in
 Surface Flatness - Block Deck - Measured Within a 152.4 mm (6.0 in) Area 	0.08 mm	0.003 in
 Surface Flatness - Block Deck - Measuring the Overall Length of the Cylinder Head 	0.1 mm	0.004 in
Surface Flatness - Exhaust Manifold Deck	0.13 mm	0.005 in
Surface Flatness - Intake Manifold Deck	0.08 mm	0.0031 in
• Valve Guide Installed Height - Measured from the		
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Spring Seat Surface to the Top of the Guide	17.32 mm	0.682 in
ntake Manifold	1	
 Surface Flatness - Measured at Gasket Sealing Surfaces and Measured Within a 200 mm (7.87 in) Area that Includes 2 Runner Port Openings 	0.3 mm	0.118 in
Lubrication System	1	
Oil Capacity - with Filter	5.68 liters	6.0 quarts
• Oil Capacity - without Filter	5.20 liters	5.5 quarts
• Oil Pressure - Minimum - Hot	41 kPa at 1,000 engine RPM 124 kPa at 2,000 engine RPM 165 kPa at 4,000 engine RPM	6 psig at 1,000 engine RPM 18 psig at 2,000 engine RPM 24 psig at 4,000 engine RPM
• Oil Pressure Relief Valve Oil Pressure - as Measured at Oil Pressure Sensor Location	379-517 kPa Maximum	55-75 psig Maximum
Oil Pan	·	
• Front Cover Alignment - at Oil Pan Surface	0.0-0.5 mm	0.0-0.02 in
Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Alignment - at Oil Pan Surface	0.0-0.5 mm	0.0-0.02 in
Oil Pan Alignment - to Rear of Engine Block at Transmission Bell Housing Mounting Surface	0.0-0.1 mm	0.0-0.004 in
Piston Rings		
 Piston Ring End Gap - First Compression Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Production 	0.20-0.41 mm	0.008-0.016 in
 Piston Ring End Gap - First Compression Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Service 	0.20-0.41 mm	0.008-0.016 in
 Piston Ring End Gap - Second Compression Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Production 	0.37-0.69 mm	0.015-0.027 in
 Piston Ring End Gap - Second Compression Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Service 	0.37-0.69 mm	0.015-0.027 in
 Piston Ring End Gap - Oil Control Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Production 	0.22-0.79 mm	0.009-0.031 in
• Piston Ring End Gap - Oil Control Ring - Measured in Cylinder Bore - Service	0.22-0.79 mm	0.009-0.031 in
• Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - First Compression Ring - Production	0.030-0.10 mm	0.0012-0.0040 in
• Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - First Compression Ring - Service	0.030-0.10 mm	0.0012-0.0040 in
• Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - Second	0.035-0.078 mm	0.0014-0.0031 in
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Compression Ring - Production			
 Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - Second Compression Ring - Service 	0.035-0.078 mm	0.0014-0.0031 in	
 Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - Oil Control Ring - Production 	0.013-0.201 mm	0.0005-0.0079 in	
 Piston Ring to Groove Clearance - Oil Control Ring - Service 	0.013-0.201 mm	0.0005-0.0079 in	
Pistons and Pins			
 Pin - Piston Pin Clearance to Piston Pin Bore - Production 	0.002-0.01 mm	0.0008-0.0004 in	
 Pin - Piston Pin Clearance to Piston Pin Bore - Service 	0.002-0.015 mm	0.00008-0.0006 in	
• Pin - Piston Pin Diameter	23.952-23.955 mm	0.943-0.943 in	
 Pin - Piston Pin Fit in Connecting Rod Bore - Production 	0.007-0.02 mm	0.00027-0.00078 in	
• Pin - Piston Pin Fit in Connecting Rod Bore - Service	0.007-0.022 mm	0.00027-0.00086 in	
 Piston - Piston Diameter - Measured Over Skirt Coating 	101.611-101.642 mm	4.0-4.001 in	
Piston - Piston to Bore Clearance - Production	-0.022-0.030 mm	-0.0009-0.0012 in	
Piston - Piston to Bore Clearance - Service Limit with Skirt Coating Worn Off	h 0.024-0.08 mm 0.00094-0.003		
Valve System	-		
Valves - Valve Face Angle	45 de	grees	
• Valves - Valve Face Width	1.25 mm	0.05 in	
Valves - Valve Lash	Net Lash - Net	o Adjustment	
• Valves - Valve Lift - Intake	13.23 mm	0.52 in	
• Valves - Valve Lift - Exhaust	13.22 mm	0.52 in	
Valves - Valve Seat Angle	46 de	grees	
Valves - Valve Seat Runout	0.05 mm	0.002 in	
• Valves - Valve Seat Width - Exhaust	1.78 mm	0.07 in	
• Valves - Seat Width - Intake	1.02 mm	0.04 in	
Valves - Valve Stem Diameter - Production	7.955-7.976 mm	0.313-0.314 in	
Valves - Valve Stem Diameter - Service	7.95 mm	0.313 in	
 Valves - Valve Stem-to-Guide Clearance - Production Intake 	0.025-0.066 mm	0.001-0.0026 in	
• Valves - Valve Stem-to-Guide Clearance - Service - Intake	0.093 mm	0.0037 in	

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 Valves - Valve Stem-to-Guide Clearance - Production Exhaust 	0.025-0.066 mm	0.001-0.0026 in	
• Valves - Valve Stem-to-Guide Clearance - Service - Exhaust	0.093 mm	0.0037 in	
Rocker Arms - Valve Rocker Arm Ratio	1.70:1		
• Valve Springs - Valve Spring Free Length	52.9 mm	2.08 in	
• Valve Springs - Valve Spring Installed Height	45.75 mm	1.8 in	
• Valve Springs - Valve Spring Load - Closed	340 N at 45.75 mm	76 lb at 1.8 in	
Valve Springs - Valve Spring Load - Open	980 N at 33.55 mm	220 lb at 1.32 in	

SEALERS, ADHESIVES, AND LUBRICANTS

Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants

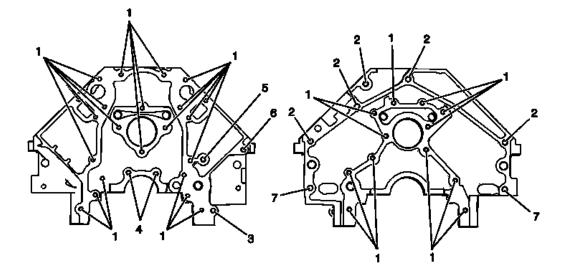
		GM Part Number		
Application	Type of Material	United States	Canada	
Coolant Temperature Sensor Threads	Sealant	12346004	10953480	
Cylinder Head Core Hole Plug	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Cylinder Head Plug	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Engine Block Coolant Drain Hole Plug Sealing Washer	Sealant	12346004	10953480	
Engine Block Front Oil Gallery Plug	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Engine Block Oil Gallery Plug Sealing Washers	Sealant	12346004	10953480	
Engine Oil	5W-30 Oil	12345610	993193	
Engine Oil Pressure Sensor Threads	Sealant	12346004	10953480	
Engine Oil Supplement	Fluorescent Dye	12345795	10953470	
Exhaust Manifold Bolts	Threadlock	12345493	10953488	
Flywheel/Flex Plate Bolts	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Fuel Injection Fuel Rail Bolts	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Ignition Coil Bracket-to-Valve Cover Studs	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Ignition Coil-to-Bracket Bolts	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Intake Manifold Bolts	Threadlock	12345382	10953489	
Oil Pan Oil Gallery Plug Threads	Sealant	12346004	10953480	
Oil Pan Surface at Front Cover and Rear Housing	Sealant	12378190	-	
Thread Repair Component Cleaner	Cleaner	12346139	10953463	
Thread Repair Component Cleaner	Cleaner	12377981	10953463	
Thread Repair Cutting Oil	Lubricant	1052864	992881	

THREAD REPAIR SPECIFICATIONS

Engine Block - Front/Rear Views

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<u>Fig. 1: Engine Block - Front/Rear Views</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Hole	Thread Size	Insert	Drill	Counterbore Tool	Тар	Driver	Drill Depth - Maximum mm (in)	Tap Depth - Maximum mm (in)
J 42385-								
1	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	22.5 (0.885)	17.5 (0.688)
2	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	27.5 (1.08)	22.0 (0.866)
3	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	Thru	Thru
4	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	Thru	Thru
5	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	25.0 (0.984)	19.5 (0.767)
6	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	32.5 (1.279)	25.0 (0.984)
7	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	Thru	Thru
Bolt ho	ole 6 is dril	led and tapp	ed for alun	ninum block ap	plications of	only.		

Engine Block - Front/Rear Views

Engine Block - Left/Right Side Views

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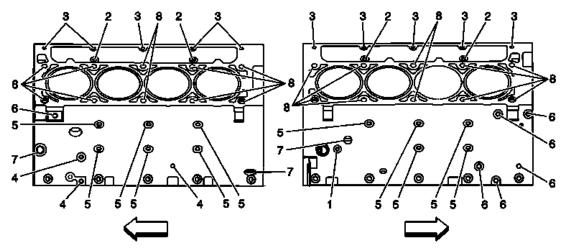


Fig. 2: Engine Block - Left/Right Side Views Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Hole	Thread Size	Insert	Drill	Counterbore Tool	Тар	Driver	Drill Depth - Maximum mm (in)	Tap Depth - Maximum mm (in)	
J 42385-									
1	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	22.5 (0.885)	17.5 (0.688)	
2	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	28.5 (1.122)	23.0 (0.905)	
3	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	21.5 (0.846)	16.0 (0.629)	
4	M10 x 1.25	215	211	212	213	214	29.0 (1.141)	23.0 (0.905)	
5	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	27.0 (1.062)	21.5 (0.846)	
6	M16 x 1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
7	M11 x 2.0	108	105	N/A	106	107	69.0 (2.72)	60.0 (2.36)	
8	M28 x 1.25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	Bolt hole 7 has a 30 mm (1.18 in) counterbore included in the 69.0 mm (2.72 in) drill depth. Use sleeve J 2385-315 with the drill and tap.								

Engine Block - Left/Right Side Views

Engine Block - Top/Bottom Views

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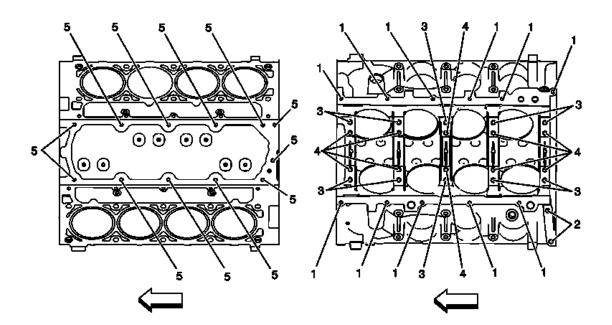


Fig. 3: Engine Block - Top/Bottom Views **Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.**

Hole	Thread Size	Insert	Drill	Counterbore Tool	Тар	Driver	Drill Depth - Maximum mm (in)	Tap Depth - Maximum mm (in)
				J 4238	5-			
1	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	22.5 (0.885)	17.5 (0.688)
2	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	42.5 (1.67)	37.0 (1.45)
3	M10 x 2.0	104	101	N/A	102	103	31.0 (1.22)	25.5 (1.0)
4	M10 x 2.0	104	101	N/A	102	103	53.5 (2.10)	44.0 (1.73)
5	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	26.5 (1.043)	19.0 (0.748)

Engine Block - Top/Bottom Views

• Bolt hole 2 has an 11.5 mm (0.452 in) counterbore included in the 42.5 mm (1.67 in) drill depth. Use sleeve J 42385-311 with the drill and tap.

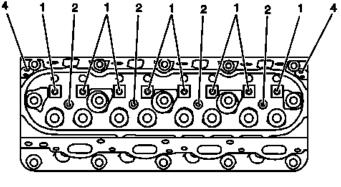
• Bolt hole 3 has a 1.5 mm (0.059 in) counterbore included in the 31.0 mm (1.22 in) drill depth. Use sleeve J 42385-316 with the drill and tap.

• Bolt hole 4 has a 20.5 mm (0.807 in) counterbore included in the 53.5 mm (2.10 in) drill depth.

Cylinder Head - Top/End Views

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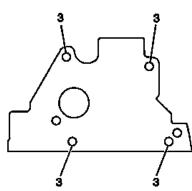


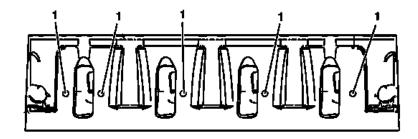
Fig. 4: Cylinder Head - Top/End Views Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Cylinder Head - Top/End Views

Hole	Thread Size	Insert	Drill	Counterbore Tool	Тар	Driver	Drill Depth - Maximum mm (in)	Tap Depth - Maximum mm (in)
				J 4238	5-		• • • •	
1	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	26.5 (1.04)	19.0 (0.784)
2	M6 x 1.0	205	201	202	203	204	20.05 (0.789)	16.05 (0.632)
3	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	28.0 (1.10)	20.0 (0.787)
4	M6 x 1.0	205	201	202	203	204	22.5 (0.885)	15.0 (0.688)

Cylinder Head - Intake/Exhaust Side Views

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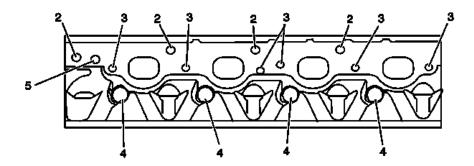


Fig. 5: Cylinder Head - Intake/Exhaust Side Views Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Cylinder Head - Intake/Exhaust Side Views

Hole	Thread Size	Insert	Drill	Counterbore Tool	Тар	Driver	Drill Depth - Maximum mm (in)	Tap Depth - Maximum mm (in)
				J 4238	5-			
1	M6 x 1.0	205	201	202	203	204	Thru	Thru
2	M10 x 1.5	215	211	212	213	214	28.0 (1.10)	20.0 (0.787)
3	M8 x 1.25	210	206	207	208	209	21.0 (0.826)	16.0 (0.629)
4	M14 x 1.25	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
5	M12 x 1.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

COMPONENT LOCATOR

DISASSEMBLED VIEWS

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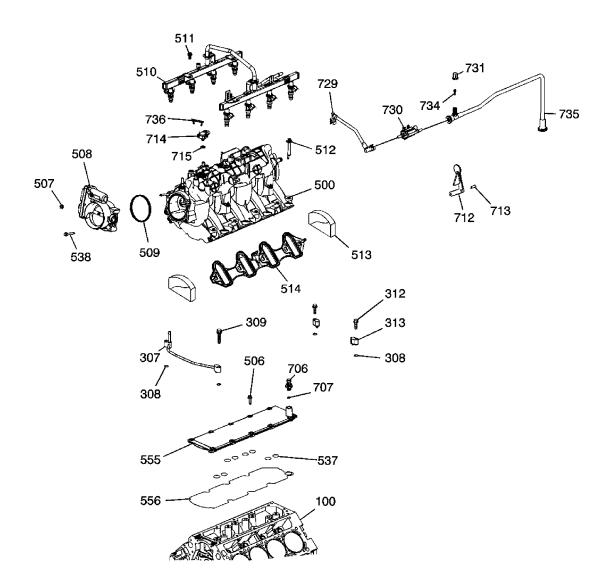
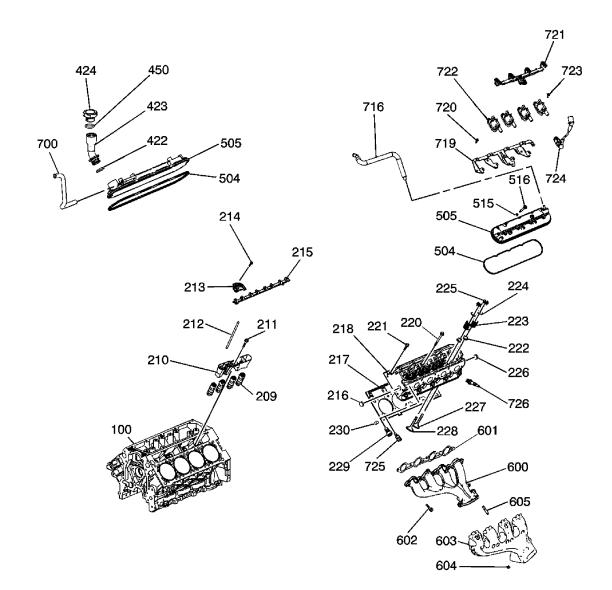


Fig. 6: Intake Manifold/Upper Engine Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name
100	Engine Block
307	Engine Coolant Air Bleed Pipe
308	Seal
308	Seal
309	Bolt
312	Bolt
313	Engine Coolant Air Bleed Cover
500	Intake Manifold
506	Bolt
507	Nut

508	Throttle Body
509	Throttle Body Gasket
510	Fuel Rail with Injectors
511	Bolt
512	Bolt
513	Seal
514	Intake Manifold Gasket
537	O-Ring
538	Bolt
555	Valley Cover
556	Valley Cover Gasket
706	Oil Pressure Sensor
707	Washer
712	Fuel Injection Fuel Rail Stop Bracket
713	Bolt
714	Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor
715	Seal
729	Evaporative Emission (EVAP) Canister Purge Tube
730	EVAP Canister Purge Solenoid Valve
731	Service Valve Cap
734	Service Valve
735	EVAP Canister Purge Tube
736	MAP Sensor Retainer

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<u>Fig. 7: Cylinder Head/Upper Engine</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name
100	Engine Block
209	Valve Lifter
210	Valve Lifter Guide
211	Bolt
212	Pushrod
213	Valve Rocker Arm
214	Bolt
215	Valve Rocker Arm Pivot Support
216	Core Hole Plug

217	Cylinder Head Gasket
218	Cylinder Head
220	Cylinder Head Bolt - M11
221	Cylinder Head Bolt - M8
222	Valve Stem Oil Seal
223	Valve Spring
224	Valve Spring Cap
225	Valve Stem Key
226	Core Hole Plug
227	Intake Valve
228	Exhaust Valve
229	Cylinder Head Plug
230	Cylinder Head Locating Pin
422	O-Ring
423	Oil Fill Tube
424	Oil Fill Cap
450	O-Ring
504	Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket
504	Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket
505	Valve Rocker Arm Cover
505	Valve Rocker Arm Cover
515	Bolt Grommet
516	Bolt
600	Exhaust Manifold
601	Exhaust Manifold Gasket
602	Bolt
603	Exhaust Manifold Heat Shield
604	Bolt
605	Stud
700	Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) Hose - Fresh Air
716	PCV Hose - Dirty Air
719	Ignition Coil Bracket
720	Stud
721	Ignition Coil Wire Harness Assembly
722	Ignition Coil
723	Bolt
724	Spark Plug Wire
725	Coolant Temperature Sensor (CTS)
726	Spark Plug

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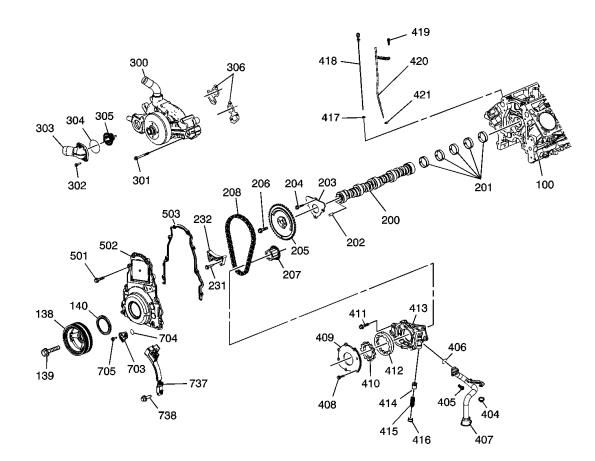
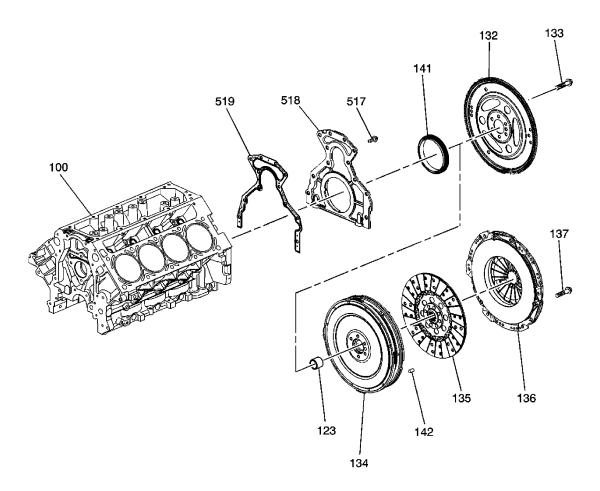


Fig. 8: Disassembled View Of Front Of Engine Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name	
100	Engine Block	
138	Crankshaft Balancer	
139	Bolt	
140	Crankshaft Front Oil Seal	
200	Camshaft	
201	Camshaft Bearings	
202	Camshaft Sprocket Locating Pin	
203	Camshaft Retainer Plate	
204	Bolt	
205	Camshaft Sprocket	
206	Bolt	
207	Crankshaft Sprocket	
208	Timing Chain	
231	Bolt	

232	Timing Chain Dampener
300	Water Pump
301	Bolt
302	Bolt
303	Water Inlet Housing
304	O-Ring
305	Thermostat
306	Water Pump Gasket
404	Nut
405	Bolt
406	O-Ring
407	Oil Pump Screen
408	Bolt
409	Oil Pump Housing Cover
410	Oil Pump Drive Gear
411	Bolt
412	Oil Pump Driven Gear
413	Oil Pump
414	Oil Pump Pressure Relief Valve
415	Oil Pump Pressure Relief Valve Spring
416	Oil Pump Housing Plug
417	O-Ring
418	Oil Level Indicator
419	Bolt
420	Oil Level Indicator Tube
421	O-Ring
501	Bolt
502	Engine Front Cover
503	Engine Front Cover Gasket
703	Camshaft Position (CMP) Sensor
704	O-Ring
705	Bolt
737	CMP Sensor Wire Harness
738	Bolt

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<u>Fig. 9: Rear of Engine</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name
100	Engine Block
123	Transmission Pilot Bearing - Manual Transmission
132	Flex Plate - Automatic Transmission
133	Bolt
134	Flywheel - Manual Transmission
135	Clutch Driven Plate - Manual Transmission
136	Clutch Pressure Plate - Manual Transmission
137	Bolt
141	Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal
142	Clutch Pressure Plate Locating Pin - Manual Transmission
517	Bolt
518	Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing
519	Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Gasket

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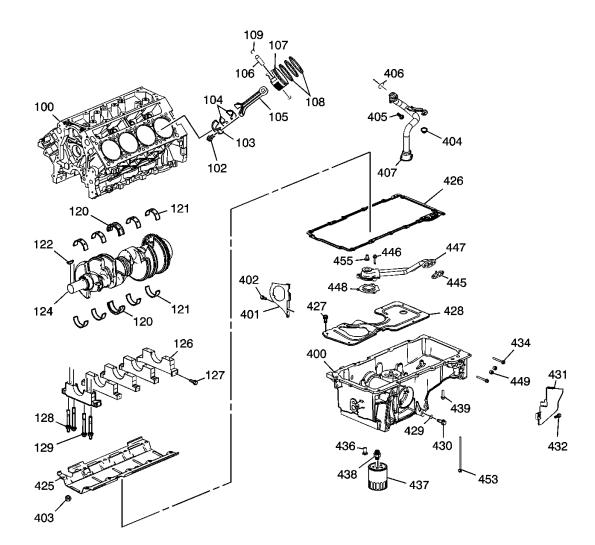


Fig. 10: Disassembled View Of Lower Engine Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name	
100	Engine Block	
102	Bolt	
103	Connecting Rod Cap	
104	Connecting Rod Bearings	
105	Connecting Rod	
106	Piston Pin	
107	Piston	
108	Piston Rings	
109	Piston Pin Retainer	
120	Crankshaft Thrust Bearing	

120	Crankshaft Thrust Bearing
121	Crankshaft Main Bearing
121	Crankshaft Main Bearing
122	Crankshaft Sprocket Key
124	Crankshaft
126	Crankshaft Bearing Cap
127	Bolt - M8
128	Stud - M10
129	Bolt - M10
400	Oil Pan
401	Engine Closeout Cover - Right
402	Bolt
403	Nut
404	Nut
405	Bolt
406	O-Ring
407	Oil Pump Screen
425	Crankshaft Oil Deflector
426	Oil Pan Gasket
427	Bolt
428	Oil Pan Baffle
429	O-Ring
430	Oil Pan Drain Plug
431	Engine Closeout Cover - Left
432	Bolt
434	Bolt
436	Oil Filter Bypass Valve
437	Oil Filter
438	Oil Filter Fitting
439	Bolt
445	Oil Filter Tube Gasket
446	Bolt
447	Oil Filter Tube
448	Oil Filter Tube Gasket
449	Oil Pan Oil Gallery Plug
453	Bolt
455	Oil Pressure Relief Valve

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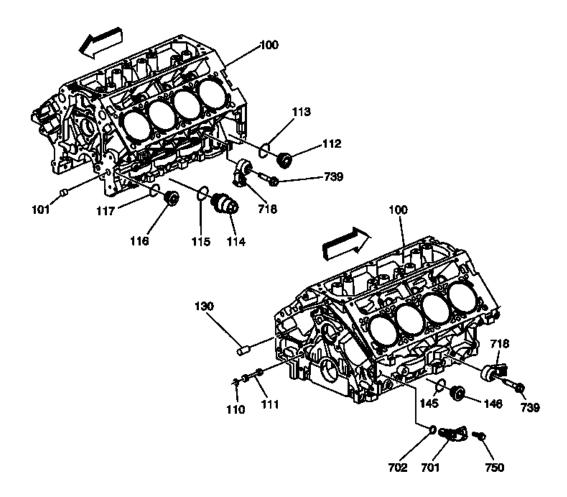


Fig. 11: Exploded View Of Engine Block Plugs/Sensors Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name
100	Engine Block
100	Engine Block
101	Oil Gallery Plug - Front
110	O-Ring
111	Oil Gallery Plug - Rear
112	Oil Gallery Plug - Side
113	Washer
114	Engine Coolant Heater
115	Washer
116	Oil Gallery Plug - Side
117	Washer
130	Transmission Housing Locating Pin
145	Washer
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146	Engine Block Coolant Drain Hole Plug
701	Crankshaft Position (CKP) Sensor
702	O-Ring
718	Knock Sensor
718	Knock Sensor
739	Bolt
739	Bolt
750	CKP Sensor Bolt

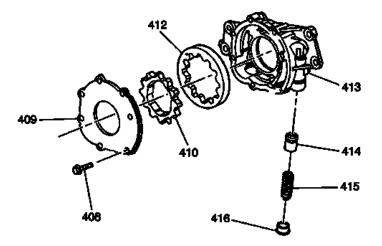
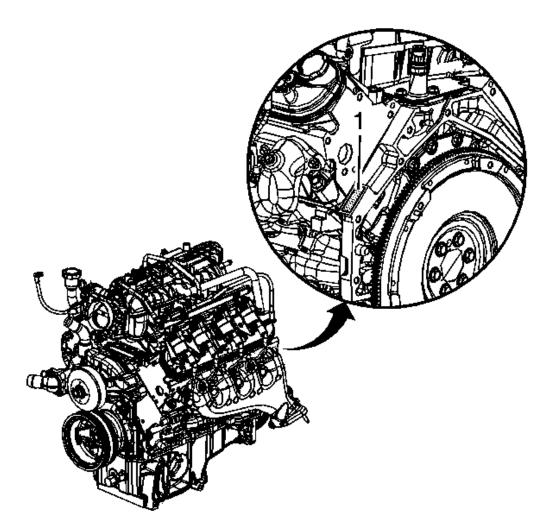


Fig. 12: Exploded View Of Oil Pump Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name
408	Bolt
409	Oil Pump Housing Cover
410	Oil Pump Drive Gear
412	Oil Pump Driven Gear
413	Oil Pump
414	Oil Pump Pressure Relief Valve
415	Oil Pump Pressure Relief Valve Spring
416	Oil Pump Housing Plug

ENGINE IDENTIFICATION

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<u>Fig. 13: Locating VIN</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

The vehicle identification number (VIN) is located on the left side rear of the engine block (1) and is typically a 9 digit number stamped or laser-etched onto the engine at the vehicle assembly plant.

- The first digit identifies the division.
- The second digit identifies the model year.
- The third digit identifies the assembly plant.
- The fourth through ninth digits are the last 6 digits of the VIN.

DIAGNOSTIC INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

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DIAGNOSTIC STARTING POINT - ENGINE MECHANICAL

Begin the system diagnosis by reviewing the <u>Disassembled Views</u>, <u>Engine Component Description</u>, <u>Lubrication Description (Component Locator)</u> or <u>Lubrication Description (Main Pressure Below 55 psi)</u> or <u>Lubrication Description (Main Pressure Above 55 psi)</u>, and <u>Drive Belt System Description</u>. Reviewing the description and operation information will help you determine the correct symptom diagnostic procedure when a malfunction exists. Reviewing the description and operation information will also help you determine if the condition described by the customer is normal operation. Refer to <u>Symptoms - Engine Mechanical</u> in order to identify the correct procedure for diagnosing the system and where the procedure is located.

SYMPTOMS - ENGINE MECHANICAL

Strategy Based Diagnostics

- 1. Perform the **<u>Diagnostic System Check Vehicle</u>** in Vehicle DTC Information before using the symptom tables, if applicable.
- Review the system operations in order to familiarize yourself with the system functions. Refer to <u>Disassembled Views</u>, <u>Engine Component Description</u>, <u>Lubrication Description (Component</u> <u>Locator</u>) or <u>Lubrication Description (Main Pressure Below 55 psi)</u> or <u>Lubrication Description</u> <u>(Main Pressure Above 55 psi)</u>, and <u>Drive Belt System Description</u>.

All diagnosis on a vehicle should follow a logical process. Strategy based diagnostics is a uniform approach for repairing all systems. The diagnostic flow may always be used in order to resolve a system condition. The diagnostic flow is the place to start when repairs are necessary. For a detailed explanation, refer to <u>Strategy</u> <u>Based Diagnosis</u> in General Information.

Visual/Physical Inspection

- Inspect for aftermarket devices which could affect the operation of the Engine. Refer to <u>Checking</u> <u>Aftermarket Accessories</u> in Wiring Systems.
- Inspect the easily accessible or visible system components for obvious damage or conditions which could cause the symptom.
- Check for the correct oil level, proper oil viscosity, and correct oil filter.
- Verify the exact operating conditions under which the concern exists. Note factors such as engine RPM, ambient temperature, engine temperature, amount of engine warm-up time, and other specifics.
- Compare the engine sounds, if applicable, to a known good engine and make sure you are not trying to correct a normal condition.

Intermittent

Test the vehicle under the same conditions that the customer reported in order to verify the system is operating properly.

Symptom List

Refer to a symptom diagnostic procedure from the following list in order to diagnose the symptom:

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- <u>Base Engine Misfire without Internal Engine Noises</u>
- Base Engine Misfire with Abnormal Internal Lower Engine Noises
- Base Engine Misfire with Abnormal Valve Train Noise
- Base Engine Misfire with Coolant Consumption
- Base Engine Misfire with Excessive Oil Consumption
- Engine Noise on Start-Up, but Only Lasting a Few Seconds
- Upper Engine Noise, Regardless of Engine Speed
- Lower Engine Noise, Regardless of Engine Speed
- Engine Noise Under Load
- Engine Will Not Crank Crankshaft Will Not Rotate
- Coolant in Combustion Chamber
- Coolant in Engine Oil
- Engine Compression Test
- Cylinder Leakage Test
- **Oil Consumption Diagnosis**
- <u>Oil Pressure Diagnosis and Testing</u>
- <u>Oil Pressure Relief Valve Diagnosis and Testing</u>
- Oil Leak Diagnosis
- Crankcase Ventilation System Inspection/Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Chirping Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Squeal Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Whine Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Rumbling Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Vibration Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Falls Off Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Excessive Wear Diagnosis
- Drive Belt Tensioner Diagnosis

BASE ENGINE MISFIRE WITHOUT INTERNAL ENGINE NOISES

Base Engine Misfire without Internal Engine Noises

Cause		Correction
Abnormalities, such as severe cracking, bumps, or		the drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt
missing areas in the accessory drive belt	Replace	<u>ment - Accessory</u> .
Abnormalities in the accessory drive system and/or components may cause engine RPM variations and lead to a misfire DTC. A misfire code may be present without an actual misfire condition.		
		he components and repair or replace, as
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May lead to a misfire DTC. A misfire code may be present without an actual	
misfire condition.	
Loose or improperly installed engine flywheel or crankshaft balancer A misfire code may be present without an actual misfire condition.	Repair or replace the flywheel and/or balancer, as required. Refer to Engine Flywheel Replacement or Crankshaft Balancer Replacement .
Restricted exhaust system A severe restriction in the exhaust flow can cause significant loss of engine performance and may set a DTC. Possible causes of restrictions include collapsed or dented pipes or plugged mufflers and/or catalytic converters.	
Improperly installed or damaged vacuum hoses	Repair or replace, as required.
Improper sealing between the intake manifold and cylinder heads or throttle body	Replace the intake manifold, gaskets, cylinder heads, and/or throttle body, as required.
Improperly installed or damaged MAP sensor The sealing grommet of the MAP sensor should not be torn or damaged.	Repair or replace the MAP sensor, as required.
Worn or loose rocker arms The rocker arm bearing end caps and/or needle bearings should be intact and the rocker arm in the proper position.	Replace the valve rocker arms, as required.
Worn or bent pushrods	• Replace the pushrods.
	• Inspect the top of the pistons for valve contact. If the top of the piston shows valve contact, replace the piston and pin assembly.
Stuck valves Carbon buildup on the valve stem can cause the valve not to close properly.	Repair or replace, as required.
Excessively worn or misaligned timing chain	Replace the timing chain and sprockets, as required.
Worn camshaft lobes	Replace the camshaft and valve lifters.
Excessive oil pressure A lubrication system with excessive oil pressure may lead to excessive valve lifter pump-up and loss of compression.	 Perform an oil pressure test. Refer to <u>Oil</u> <u>Pressure Diagnosis and Testing</u>. Repair or replace the oil pump, as required.
Faulty cylinder head gaskets and/or cracking or other damage to the cylinder heads and engine block cooling system passages	 Inspect for spark plugs saturated by coolant. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
Coolant consumption may or may not cause the engine to overheat.	 Inspect the cylinder heads, engine block, and/or head gaskets. Refer to <u>Coolant in</u> <u>Combustion Chamber</u>.
Wom nicton rings	Repair or replace, as required.
Worn piston rings	• Inspect the spark plugs for oil deposits. Refer

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Oil consumption may or may not cause the engine to misfire.	 to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L. Inspect the cylinders for a loss of compression. Refer to <u>Engine Compression</u> <u>Test</u>. Perform cylinder leak down and compression testing to identify the cause. Refer to 	
	Cylinder Leakage Test. • Repair or replace, as required.	
A damaged crankshaft reluctor wheel A damaged crankshaft reluctor wheel can result in different symptoms depending on the severity and location of the damage.	Replace the sensor and/or crankshaft, as required.	
• Systems with electronic communications, DIS, or coil per cylinder, and severe reluctor ring damage may exhibit periodic loss of crankshaft position, stop delivering a signal, and then sync the crankshaft position.		
• Systems with electronic communication, DIS, or coil per cylinder, and slight reluctor ring damage may exhibit no loss of crankshaft position and no misfire may occur. However, a P0300 DTC may be set.		
• Systems with mechanical communications,		

• Systems with mechanical communications, high voltage switch, and severe reluctor ring damage may cause additional pulses and effect fuel and spark delivery to the point of generating a P0300 DTC or P0336.

BASE ENGINE MISFIRE WITH ABNORMAL INTERNAL LOWER ENGINE NOISES

Base Engine Misfire with Abnormal Internal Lower Engine Noises

Cause	Correction
Abnormalities, such as severe cracking, bumps or	Replace the drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt
missing areas in the accessory drive belt	Replacement - Accessory.
Abnormalities in the accessory drive system and/or	
components may cause engine RPM variations,	
noises similar to a faulty lower engine and also lead	
to a misfire condition. A misfire code may be	
present without an actual misfire condition.	
Worn, damaged, or misaligned accessory drive	Inspect the components and repair or replace, as
components or excessive pulley runout	required.
A misfire code may be present without an actual	
misfire condition.	

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Loose or improperly installed engine flywheel or crankshaft balancer A misfire code may be present without an actual misfire condition.	Repair or replace the flywheel and/or balancer, as required. Refer to <u>Engine Flywheel Replacement</u> or <u>Crankshaft Balancer Replacement</u> .
Worn piston rings Oil consumption may or may not cause the engine to misfire.	 Inspect the spark plugs for oil deposits. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
	 Inspect the cylinders for a loss of compression. Refer to <u>Engine Compression</u> <u>Test</u>.
	 Perform cylinder leak down and compression testing to determine the cause. Refer to <u>Cylinder Leakage Test</u>.
War analyshaft through a	• Repair or replace, as required.
Worn crankshaft thrust bearings Severely worn thrust surfaces on the crankshaft and/or thrust bearing may permit fore and aft movement of the crankshaft and create a DTC without an actual misfire condition.	Replace the crankshaft and bearings, as required.

BASE ENGINE MISFIRE WITH ABNORMAL VALVE TRAIN NOISE

Base Engine Misfire with Abnormal Valve Train Noise

Cause	Correction	
Worn or loose rocker arms The rocker arm bearing end caps and/or needle bearings should be intact within the rocker arm assembly.	Replace the valve rocker arms, as required.	
Worn or bent pushrods	• Replace the pushrods.	
	• Inspect the top of the pistons for valve contact. If the top of the piston shows valve contact, replace the piston and pin assembly.	
Stuck valves	Repair or replace, as required.	
Carbon buildup on the valve stem can cause the valve not to close properly.		
Excessively worn or misaligned timing chain	Replace the timing chain and sprockets, as required.	
Worn camshaft lobes	Replace the camshaft and valve lifters.	
Sticking lifters	Replace, as required.	
Improper operation of the oil pressure relief valve	Repair, as required. Refer to <u>Oil Pressure Relief</u> Valve Diagnosis and Testing.	
Cut or damaged oil pump screen O-ring seal, which may cause aeration of the engine oil	Repair, as required. Refer to <u>Oil Pressure</u> Diagnosis and Testing.	

BASE ENGINE MISFIRE WITH COOLANT CONSUMPTION

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Base Engine Misfire with Coolant Consumption

Cause	Correction
Faulty cylinder head gaskets and/or cracking or other damage to the cylinder heads and engine block cooling system passages Coolant consumption may or may not cause the engine to overheat.	 Inspect for spark plugs saturated by coolant. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L. Perform a cylinder leak down test. Refer to <u>Cylinder Leakage Test</u>.
	 Inspect the cylinder heads and engine block for damage to the coolant passages and/or a faulty head gasket. Refer to <u>Coolant in</u> <u>Combustion Chamber</u>. Repair or replace, as required.

BASE ENGINE MISFIRE WITH EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION

Base Engine Misfire with Excessive Oil Consumption

Cause	Correction
Worn valves, valve guides and/or valve stem oil seals	 Inspect the spark plugs for oil deposits. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
	2. Repair or replace, as required.
Worn piston rings Oil consumption may or may not cause the engine to misfire.	 Inspect the spark plugs for oil deposits. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Inspection</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
	 Inspect the cylinders for a loss of compression. Refer to <u>Engine Compression</u> <u>Test</u>.
	 Perform cylinder leak down and compression testing to determine the cause. Refer to <u>Cylinder Leakage Test</u>.
	• Repair or replace, as required.

ENGINE NOISE ON START-UP, BUT ONLY LASTING A FEW SECONDS

Engine Noise on Start-Up, but Only Lasting a Few Seconds

Cause		Correction
Incorrect oil filter without anti-drainback feature	Install th	e correct oil filter.
Incorrect oil viscosity	1. Dı	rain the oil.
	2. Ins	stall the correct viscosity oil.
High valve lifter leak down rate	Replace	the lifters, as required.
Worn crankshaft thrust bearing	1. Check the crankshaft end play.	
	2. Ins	spect the thrust bearing and crankshaft.
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	3. Repair or replace, as required.
Damaged or faulty oil filter bypass valve	1. Inspect the oil filter bypass valve for proper operation.
	2. Repair or replace, as required.

UPPER ENGINE NOISE, REGARDLESS OF ENGINE SPEED

Upper Engine Noise, Regardless of Engine Speed

Correction
 Perform an oil pressure test. Refer to <u>Oil</u> <u>Pressure Diagnosis and Testing</u>.
2. Repair or replace, as required.
1. Inspect the valve rocker arm, bolt, and pedestal.
2. Repair or replace, as required.
1. Inspect the rocker arm for wear or missing needle bearings
2. Replace the valve rocker arms, as required.
Inspect the following components and replace, as required:
• The valve rocker arm
• The valve push rod
• The valve lifter
• The valve lifter guide
• The piston
Inspect the top of the pistons for valve contact. If the top of the piston shows valve contact, replace the piston and pin assembly.
Inspect the following components and repair or replace, as required:
• The valve rocker arm
• The valve push rod
• The valve lifter
• The oil filter bypass valve
• The oil pump and pump screen
• Improper operation of the oil pressure relief valve

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	• The engine block oil galleries
Broken valve spring	Replace the valve spring and spring shim.
Worn or dirty valve lifters	Replace the valve lifters.
Stretched or broken timing chain and/or damaged sprocket teeth	Replace the timing chain and sprockets.
Worn engine camshaft lobes	1. Inspect the engine camshaft lobes.
	2. Replace the camshaft and valve lifters, as required.
Worn valve guides or valve stems	Inspect the following components and repair, as required:
	• The valves
	• The valve guides
Stuck valves Carbon on the valve stem or valve seat may cause the valve to stay open.	Inspect the following components and repair, as required: • The valves
Cut or damaged oil pump screen O-ring seal, which may cause aeration of the engine oil	The valve guides Repair, as required. Refer to <u>Oil Pressure</u> <u>Diagnosis and Testing</u> .

LOWER ENGINE NOISE, REGARDLESS OF ENGINE SPEED

Lower Engine Noise, Regardless of Engine Speed

Cause	Correction
Low oil pressure	 Perform an oil pressure test. Refer to <u>Oil</u> <u>Pressure Diagnosis and Testing</u>.
	2. Repair or replace damaged components, as required.
Worn accessory drive components	1. Inspect the accessory drive system.
Abnormalities, such as severe cracking, bumps or missing areas in the accessory drive belt and/or misalignment of system components.	2. Repair or replace, as required.
Loose or damaged crankshaft balancer	1. Inspect the crankshaft balancer.
	2. Repair or replace, as required.
Detonation or spark knock	Verify the correct operation of the ignition controls system. Refer to Detonation/Spark Knock in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
Loose torque converter bolts	1. Inspect the torque converter bolts and flex plate.
	2. Repair or replace, as required.
Loose or damaged flywheel	Repair or replace the flywheel.
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Oil pump screen loose, damaged or restricted	 Inspect the oil pump screen. Repair or replace, as required.
Excessive piston-to-cylinder bore clearance	 Inspect the piston and cylinder bore. Repair, as required.
Excessive piston pin-to-bore clearance	 Inspect the piston, pin, and connecting rod. Replace the piston and pin as an assembly, as required.
Excessive connecting rod bearing clearance	 Inspect the following components and repair, as required: The connecting rod bearings The connecting rods The crankshaft The crankshaft journals
Excessive crankshaft bearing clearance	 Inspect the following components and repair, as required: The crankshaft bearings The crankshaft journals
Incorrect piston, piston pin and connecting rod installation Pistons must be installed with the mark or dimple on the top of the piston facing the front of the engine. Piston pins must be centered in the connecting rod pin bore.	 Verify the pistons, piston pins and connecting rods are installed correctly. Refer to <u>Piston,</u> <u>Connecting Rod, and Bearing Installation</u>. Repair, as required.

ENGINE NOISE UNDER LOAD

Engine Noise Under Load

orm an oil pressure test. Refer to <u>Oil</u> sure Diagnosis and Testing. ir or replace, as required.
amost an anotion of the ignition controls
correct operation of the ignition controls. <u>tonation/Spark Knock</u> in Engine 5.0L.
ect the torque converter bolts and neel.
ir, as required.
ect the flywheel bolts and flywheel.

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Excessive connecting rod bearing clearance	Inspect the following components and repair, as required:
	• The connecting rod bearings
	• The connecting rods
	• The crankshaft
Excessive crankshaft bearing clearance	Inspect the following components and repair, as required:
	• The crankshaft bearings
	• The crankshaft journals
	• The cylinder block crankshaft bearing bore

ENGINE WILL NOT CRANK - CRANKSHAFT WILL NOT ROTATE

Engine Will Not Crank - Crankshaft Will Not Rotate

Cause	Correction
Seized accessory drive system component	1. Remove the accessory drive belts.
	2. Confirm that the engine will rotate. Rotate the crankshaft by hand at the crankshaft balancer or flywheel location.
	3. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Seized automatic transmission torque converter	1. Remove the torque converter-to-flywheel bolts.
	2. Confirm that the engine will rotate. Rotate the crankshaft by hand at the crankshaft balancer or flywheel location.
	3. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Broken timing chain	1. Inspect the timing chain and gears.
	2. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Seized timing chain or timing gears	1. Inspect the timing chain and gears for foreign material or a seized chain.
	2. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Seized or broken camshaft	1. Inspect the camshaft and the camshaft bearings.
	 Repair or replace the components, as required.
Bent valve in the cylinder head	

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	 Inspect the valves and the cylinder heads. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Seized oil pump	 Inspect the oil pump assembly. Repair or replace, as required.
 Hydraulically locked cylinder Coolant/antifreeze in the cylinder Oil in the cylinder Fuel in the cylinder 	1. Remove spark plugs and check for fluid in the cylinder. When rotating the engine with the spark plugs removed, the piston, on compression stroke, will push fluid from the combustion chamber. Refer to <u>Coolant in</u> <u>Combustion Chamber</u> .
	2. Inspect for failed/broken head gaskets.
	3. Inspect for a cracked engine block or cylinder head.
	4. Inspect for a sticking fuel injector.
	5. Repair or replace the components, as required.
Material in the cylinder	1. Inspect the cylinder for damaged components and/or foreign materials.
 Broken valve Broken piston rings Piston material Foreign material 	 Repair or replace the components, as required.
Seized crankshaft or connecting rod bearings	 Inspect crankshaft and connecting rod bearings.
	 Repair or replace the components, as required.
Bent or broken connecting rod	 Inspect the connecting rods. Replace the piston and pin as an assembly, as required.
Broken crankshaft	 Inspect the crankshaft. Repair or replace the components, as required.

COOLANT IN COMBUSTION CHAMBER

Coolant in Combustion Chamber

Cause	Correction
DEFINITION: Excessive white smoke and/or coolant type odor coming from the exhaust pipe may indicate coolant in the combustion chamber. Low coolant levels, an inoperative cooling fan, or a faulty thermostat may lead to an overtemperature condition which may cause engine component damage.	

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- 1. A slower than normal cranking speed may indicate coolant entering the combustion chamber. Refer to **Engine Will Not Crank Crankshaft Will Not Rotate**.
- 2. Remove the spark plugs and inspect for spark plugs saturated by coolant or coolant in the cylinder bore.
- 3. Inspect by performing a cylinder leak down test. During this test, excessive air bubbles within the coolant may indicate a faulty gasket or damaged component.
- 4. Inspect by performing a cylinder compression test. 2 cylinders side-by-side on the engine block, with low compression, may indicate a failed cylinder head gasket. Refer to **Engine Compression** <u>**Test**</u>.

Cracked intake manifold or failed gasket	Replace the components, as required.	
Faulty cylinder head gasket	Replace the head gasket and components, as required. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Cleaning and</u> Inspection and Cylinder Head Replacement - Lef	
	or <u>Cylinder Head Replacement - Right</u> .	
Warped cylinder head	Machine the cylinder head to the proper flatness, if applicable and replace the cylinder head gasket. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Cleaning and Inspection</u> .	
Cracked cylinder head	Replace the cylinder head and gasket.	
Cracked cylinder liner or engine block	Replace the components, as required.	
Cylinder head or engine block porosity	Replace the components, as required.	

COOLANT IN ENGINE OIL

Coolant in Engine Oil

Cause	Correction
DEFINITION: Foamy or discolored oil or an engine the engine crankcase. Low coolant levels, an inopera an overtemperature condition which may cause engin oil filter should be changed.	tive cooling fan, or a faulty thermostat may lead to
 Inspect the oil for excessive foaming or an over properly lubricate the crankshaft bearings and <u>Engine Noise, Regardless of Engine Speed</u>. 	erfill condition. Oil diluted by coolant may not may lead to component damage. Refer to Lower
2. Inspect by performing a cylinder leak down te cooling system may indicate a faulty gasket or	st. During this test, excessive air bubbles within the damaged component.
	test. 2 cylinders side-by-side on the engine block linder head gasket. Refer to <u>Engine Compression</u>
Faulty external engine oil cooler	Replace the components, as required.
Faulty cylinder head gasket	Replace the head gasket and components, as required. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Cleaning and</u> <u>Inspection</u> and <u>Cylinder Head Replacement - Left</u> or <u>Cylinder Head Replacement - Right</u> .
Warped cylinder head	Machine the cylinder head to proper flatness, if
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	applicable, and replace the cylinder head gasket. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Cleaning and Inspection</u> .
Cracked cylinder head	Replace the cylinder head and gasket.
Cracked cylinder liner or engine block	Replace the components, as required.
Cylinder head, block, or manifold porosity	Replace the components, as required.

ENGINE COMPRESSION TEST

- 1. Charge the battery if the battery is not fully charged.
- 2. Disable the ignition system.
- 3. Disable the fuel injection system.
- 4. Remove all spark plugs.
- 5. Turn the ignition to the ON position.
- 6. Depress the accelerator pedal to position the throttle plate wide open.
- 7. Start with the compression gage at zero and crank the engine through 4 compression strokes, 4 puffs.
- 8. Measure the compression for each cylinder. Record the readings.
- 9. If a cylinder has low compression, inject approximately 15 ml (1 tablespoon) of engine oil into the combustion chamber through the spark plug hole. Measure the compression again and record the reading.
- 10. The minimum compression in any 1 cylinder should not be less than 70 percent of the highest cylinder. No cylinder should read less than 690 kPa (100 psi). For example, if the highest pressure in any 1 cylinder is 1 035 kPa (150 psi), the lowest allowable pressure for any other cylinder would be 725 kPa (105 psi). (1 035 x 70% = 725) (150 x 70% = 105).
 - Normal Compression builds up quickly and evenly to the specified compression for each cylinder.
 - Piston Rings Leaking Compression is low on the first stroke. Compression builds up with the following strokes, but does not reach normal. Compression improves considerably when you add oil.
 - Valves Leaking Compression is low on the first stroke. Compression usually does not build up on the following strokes. Compression does not improve much when you add oil.
 - If 2 adjacent cylinders have lower than normal compression, and injecting oil into the cylinders does not increase the compression, the cause may be a head gasket leaking between the cylinders.

CYLINDER LEAKAGE TEST

Tools Required

J 35667-A Cylinder Head Leakdown Tester, or equivalent. See Special Tools.

IMPORTANT: A leakage test may be performed in order to measure cylinder/combustion chamber leakage. High cylinder leakage may indicate one or more of the following conditions:

- Worn or burnt valves
- Broken valve springs

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- Stuck valve lifters
- Incorrect valve lash
- Damaged piston
- Worn piston rings
- Worn or scored cylinder bore
- Damaged cylinder head gasket
- Cracked or damaged cylinder head
- Cracked or damaged engine block

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Battery Disconnect Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 1. Disconnect the battery ground negative cable.
- 2. Remove the spark plugs. Refer to **Spark Plug Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 3. Rotate the crankshaft to place the piston in the cylinder being tested at top dead center (TDC) of the compression stroke.
- 4. Install the J 35667-A, or equivalent. See Special Tools.

IMPORTANT: It may be necessary to hold the crankshaft balancer bolt to prevent the crankshaft from rotating.

- 5. Apply shop air pressure to the **J 35667-A** and adjust according to the manufacturers instructions. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 6. Record the cylinder leakage value. Cylinder leakage that exceeds 25 percent is considered excessive and may require component service. In excessive leakage situations, inspect for the following conditions:
 - Air leakage noise at the throttle body or air inlet hose that may indicate a worn or burnt intake valve or a broken valve spring.
 - Air leakage noise at the exhaust system tailpipe that may indicate a worn or burnt exhaust valve or a broken valve spring.
 - Air leakage noise from the crankcase, oil level indicator tube, or oil fill tube that may indicate worn piston rings, a damaged piston, a worn or scored cylinder bore, a damaged engine block or a damaged cylinder head.
 - Air bubbles in the cooling system may indicate a damaged cylinder head or a damaged cylinder head gasket.
- 7. Perform the leakage test on the remaining cylinders and record the values.

OIL CONSUMPTION DIAGNOSIS

Oil Consumption Diagnosis

Checks	Causes
Excessive oil consumption, not d	ue to leaks, is the use of 1 L (1 qt) or more of engine oil within 3 200

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Preliminary	The causes of excessive oil consumption may include the following conditions:
	• External oil leaks
	Refer to Oil Leak Diagnosis .
	• Incorrect oil level or improper reading of the oil level indicator
	With the vehicle on a level surface, run the engine for a few minutes, allow adequate drain down time, 2-3 minutes, and check for the correct engine oil level.
	• Improper oil viscosity
	Refer to the vehicle owners manual and use the recommended SAE grade and viscosity for the prevailing temperatures.
	• Continuous high speed driving and/or severe usage
	 Crankcase ventilation system restrictions or malfunctioning components
	Worn valve guides and/or valve stems
	• Worn or improperly installed valve stem oil seals
	• Piston rings broken, worn, or not seated properly
	Allow adequate time for the rings to seat.
	Replace worn piston rings as necessary.
	• Piston and rings improperly installed or not fitted to the cylinder bore

OIL PRESSURE DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING

Tools Required

- J 21867 Pressure Gage. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 42907 Oil Pressure Tester. See Special Tools.

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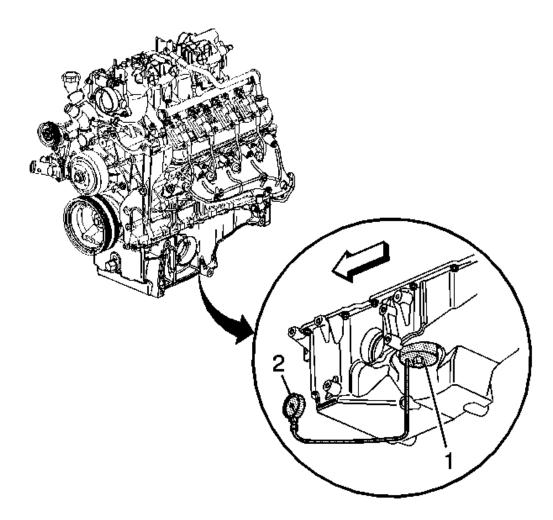


Fig. 14: View Of J 21867 & J 42907 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. With the vehicle on a level surface, run the vehicle for a few minutes, allow adequate drain down time, 2-3 minutes, and measure the oil level.
- 2. If required, add the recommended grade engine oil and fill the crankcase until the oil level measures full on the oil level indicator.
- 3. Run the engine briefly, 10-15 seconds, and verify low or no oil pressure on the vehicle gage or light.
- 4. Listen for a noisy valve train or a knocking noise.
- 5. Inspect for the following conditions:
 - Oil diluted by water or glycol antifreeze
 - Foamy oil

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- 6. Remove the oil filter and install the **J 42907**. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 7. Install **J 21867** or equivalent to the **J 42907**. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 8. Run the engine and measure the engine oil pressure.
- 9. Compare the readings to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.
- 10. If the engine oil pressure is below specifications, inspect the engine for one or more of the following conditions:
 - Oil pump worn or dirty

Refer to **Oil Pump Cleaning and Inspection** .

• Oil pump-to-engine block bolts loose

Refer to Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Installation .

- Oil pump screen loose, plugged, or damaged
- Oil pump screen O-ring seal missing or damaged
- Oil transfer tube loose or a leaking or damaged gasket
- Malfunctioning oil pump pressure relief valve

Refer to Oil Pressure Relief Valve Diagnosis and Testing .

- Excessive bearing clearance
- Cracked, porous, or restricted oil galleries
- Oil gallery plugs missing or incorrectly installed

Refer to Engine Block Plug Installation .

• Broken valve lifters

Repair as necessary.

• Improper operation of the oil pressure relief valve

Refer to Oil Pressure Relief Valve Diagnosis and Testing.

OIL PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING

Tools Required

- J 21867 Pressure Gage. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J-21867-16 Oil Pressure Adapter. See Special Tools.
- J 42907 Oil Pressure Tester. See Special Tools.

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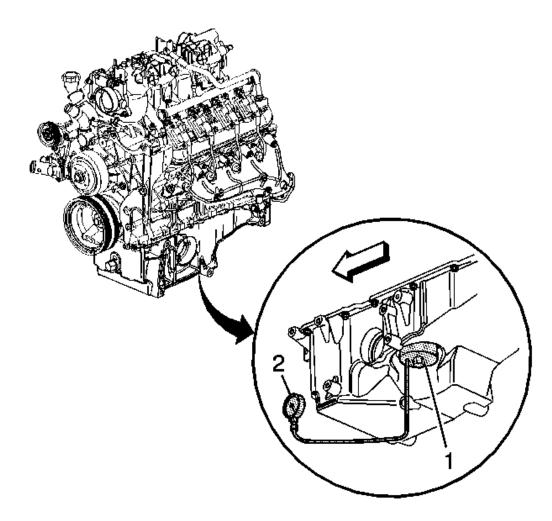


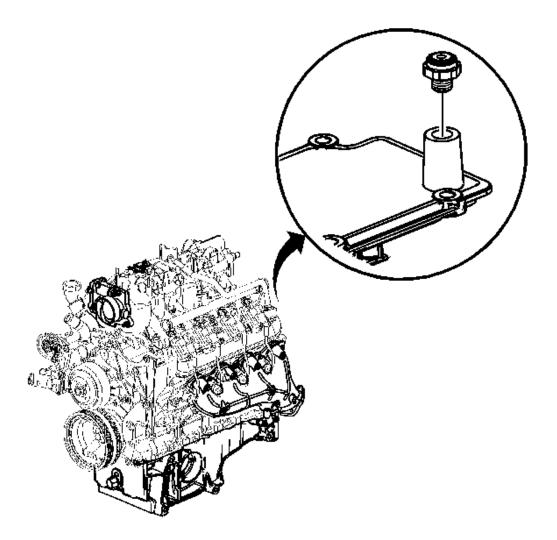
Fig. 15: View Of J 21867 & J 42907 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: This test is performed to verify the operation of the oil pressure relief valve mounted in the oil pan. Refer to <u>Lubrication Description</u> (Component Locator) or <u>Lubrication Description (Main Pressure Below 55</u> psi) or <u>Lubrication Description (Main Pressure Above 55 psi)</u>.

- 1. With the vehicle on a level surface, run the vehicle for a few minutes, allow adequate drain down time, 2-3 minutes, and measure the oil level.
- 2. If required, add the recommended grade engine oil and fill the crankcase until the oil level measures full on the oil level indicator.
- 3. Run the engine briefly, 10-15 seconds, and verify low or no oil pressure on the vehicle gage or light.

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- 4. Listen for a noisy valve train or a knocking noise.
- 5. Inspect for the following conditions:
 - Oil diluted by water or glycol antifreeze
 - Foamy oil
- 6. Remove the oil filter and install the J 42907 (1). See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 7. Install J 21867 (2), or equivalent to the J 42907 (1). See <u>Special Tools</u>.



<u>Fig. 16: Oil Pressure Sensor</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the oil pressure sensor and install the J-21867-16. See Special Tools.

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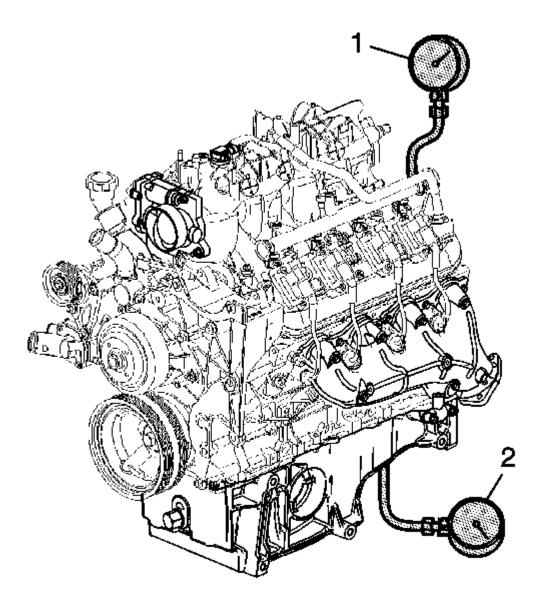


Fig. 17: Installing J 21867 To J-21867-16 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Install J 21867, or equivalent to the J-21867-16. See Special Tools.
- 10. Run the engine and measure the engine oil pressure while observing both gages.

Operate the throttle, as required, to increase and decrease the engine oil pressure.

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- With the engine running and the lower pressure gage (2) measuring below 379 kPa (55 psi), both gages should display the same pressure reading. If the readings are not the same and the lower gage (2) has a higher reading, the oil pressure relief valve is stuck in the open position.
- With the engine running and the lower pressure gage (2) measuring above 379 kPa (55 psi), the upper gage (1) should display no greater than 379-517 kPa (55-75 psi). If the reading on the upper gage (1) is greater than 517 kPa (75 psi), the oil pressure relief valve is stuck in the closed position.
- 11. Repair, as required.

OIL LEAK DIAGNOSIS

Oil Leak Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No
MPOF	RTANT:		
ompo	In repair most fluid leaks by first visually locating the lea onent, or by resealing the gasket surface. Once the leak k. Repair the cause of the leak as well as the leak itself.		
1	 Operate the vehicle until it reaches normal operating temperature. Park the vehicle on a level surface, over a large sheet of paper or other clean surface. Wait 15 minutes. Inspect for drippings. 	Go to Step 2	System OK
	Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate	Co to Step 2	System OK
2	location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 3
3	 Visually inspect the suspected area. Use a small mirror to assist in looking at hard to see areas. Inspect for leaks at the following locations: Sealing surfaces Fittings Cracked or damaged components Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate location of the leak? 	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 4
4	 Completely clean the entire engine and surrounding components. Operate the vehicle for several kilometers, miles, at normal operating temperature and at varying speeds. Park the vehicle on a level surface, over a large sheet of paper or other clean surface. 		

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	4. Wait 15 minutes.		
	5. Identify the type of fluid, and the approximate location of the leak.		
	Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 5
5	 Visually inspect the suspected area. Use a small mirror to assist in looking at hard to see areas. Inspect for leaks at the following locations: Sealing surfaces Fittings Cracked or damaged components Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate 		
	location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 6
	 Completely clean the entire engine and surrounding components. Apply an aerosol-type powder, baby powder, foot powder, etc., to the suspected area. 		
6	 Operate the vehicle for several kilometers, miles, at normal operating temperature and at varying speeds. 		
	4. Identify the type of fluid, and the approximate location of the leak, from the discolorations in the powder surface.		
	Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 7
	1. Visually inspect the suspected area. Use a small mirror to assist in looking at hard to see areas.		
7	 2. Inspect for leaks at the following locations: Sealing surfaces Fittings Cracked or damaged components 		
	Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 8
8	Use the J 28428-E high-intensity black light kit in order to identify the type of fluid, and the approximate location of the leak. See <u>Special Tools</u> . Refer to the manufacturer's instructions when using the tool. Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate		
	location of the leak?	Go to Step 10	Go to Step 9

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1. Inspect the engine for mechanical damage. Special attention should be shown to the following areas: Higher than recommended fluid levels Higher than recommended fluid pressures Plugged or malfunctioning fluid filters or pressure bypass valves Plugged or malfunctioning engine ventilation system 10 Improperly tightened or damaged fasteners 10 Improper sealants or gaskets, where required 10 Improper sealant or gasket installation 11 Damaged or worn gaskets or seals 12 Improper the engine for customer modifications	9	 Visually inspect the suspected area. Use a small mirror to assist in looking at hard to see areas. Inspect for leaks at the following locations: Sealing surfaces Fittings Cracked or damaged components Can you identify the type of fluid and the approximate location of the leak? 	Go to Step 10	System OK
Is there mechanical damage, or customer modifications to the engine? Go to Step 11 System OK	10	 Inspect the engine for mechanical damage. Special attention should be shown to the following areas: Higher than recommended fluid levels Higher than recommended fluid pressures Plugged or malfunctioning fluid filters or pressure bypass valves Plugged or malfunctioning engine ventilation system Improperly tightened or damaged fasteners Cracked or porous components Improper sealants or gaskets, where required Improper sealant or gasket installation Damaged or worn gaskets or seals Damaged or worn sealing surfaces Inspect the engine for customer modifications. 		
11Repair or replace all damaged or modified components. Does the engine still leak oil?Go to Step 1System OK	11		Go to Sten 1	System OK

CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM INSPECTION/DIAGNOSIS

Crankcase Ventilation System Inspection/Diagnosis

Concern	Action
External oil leak	 Inspect for any of the following conditions: Plugged positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) Plugged or kinked PCV hose(s) Damaged or incorrectly installed PCV or hose(s)

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	Excessive crankcase pressure
Rough Idle	Inspect for any of the following conditions:
	Plugged PCV
	 Plugged or kinked PCV hose(s)
	• Leaking (damaged) PCV or hose(s)
Stalling or slow idle speed	Inspect for any of the following conditions:
	Plugged PCV
	• Plugged or kinked PCV hose(s)
	• Leaking (damaged) PCV or hose(s)
High idle speed	Inspect for a leaking (damaged) PCV or hose(s)
Sludge in the engine	Inspect for any of the following conditions:
	Plugged PCV
	• Plugged or kinked PCV hose(s)

DRIVE BELT CHIRPING DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

The chirping noise may be intermittent due to moisture on the drive belts or the accessory drive pulleys. In order to duplicate the customer's concern, it may be necessary to spray a small amount of water onto the drive belts. If spraying water onto the drive belts duplicates the symptom, cleaning the accessory drive pulleys may be the most probable solution.

A loose or improper installation of a body or suspension component, or other items on the vehicle may also cause the chirping noise.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: The chirping noise may not be engine related. This step is to verify that the engine is making the noise. If the engine is not making the noise, do not proceed any further in this table.

3: The noise may be an internal engine noise. Remove the drive belts and operate the engine for a few seconds. This will verify if the chirping noise is related to the drive belts or not. With the drive belts removed, the water pump will not operate and the engine may overheat. Also DTCs may set when the engine is operated with the drive belts removed.

4: Inspect the drive belts for signs of pilling. Pilling is the small balls, pills, or strings in the drive belt grooves caused by the accumulation of rubber dust.

6: Misalignment of the accessory drive pulleys may be caused from improper mounting or incorrect installation of an accessory drive component, or the pulley may be bent inward or outward from a previous repair. Test for a misaligned accessory drive pulley using a straight edge in the pulley grooves

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across 2 or 3 pulleys. If a misaligned pulley is found, refer to that accessory drive component for the proper removal and installation procedure for that pulley.

10: Inspection of the fasteners can eliminate the possibility that an incorrect bolt, nut, spacer, or washer was installed.

12: Inspection of the accessory drive pulleys should include inspecting for bends, dents, or other damage to the pulleys that would prevent the drive belts from seating properly in the pulley grooves or on the smooth surface of the pulley when the back side of the drive belt is used to drive the pulley.

14: Replacing the drive belts when they are not damaged or there is not excessive pilling will only be a temporary repair.

Drive Belt Chirping Diagnosis

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Step	Action	Yes	No
NOTE: Refer to	o <u>Belt Dressing Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.		
DEFINI	TION: The following items are indications of chirping:		
• A	high pitched noise that is heard once per revolution of the	he drive belts or a ac	cessory drive pulley
	hirping may occur on cold damp startup conditions and vormal operating temperature.	will subside once the	vehicle reaches
1	Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> Engine Mechanica
2	Verify that there is a chirping noise. Does the engine make the chirping noise?	Go to Step 3	Go to Diagnostic Aids
3	 Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds. Does the chirping noise still exist? 	Go to <u>Engine</u> <u>Noise on Start-Up,</u> <u>but Only Lasting a</u> <u>Few Seconds</u>	Go to Step 4
4	Inspect for severe drive belt pilling exceeding 1/3 of the drive belt groove depth. Do the drive belt grooves have pilling?	Go to Step 5	Go to Step 6
5	Clean the accessory drive pulleys with a suitable wire brush. Were the accessory drive pulleys cleaned?	Go to Step 15	-
6	Inspect for a misaligned accessory drive pulleys. Is there a misaligned accessory drive pulleys?	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 8
	Replace and/or repair the misaligned accessory drive		

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	pulleys.		
7	Were the misaligned accessory drive pulleys replaced and/or repaired?	Go to Step 15	-
8	Inspect for a bent or cracked accessory drive brackets. Did you find any bent or cracked accessory drive brackets?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 10
9	Replace the bent and/or cracked accessory drive brackets. Was the bent and/or cracked accessory drive brackets replaced?	Go to Step 15	-
10	Inspect for incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners. Were there any incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners found?	Go to Step 11	Go to Step 12
11	 Replace any incorrect and/or missing fasteners. Tighten any loose fasteners. Refer to Fastener Tightening Specifications. 		-
	Were the fasteners replaced and/or tightened? Inspect for bent accessory drive pulleys.	Go to Step 15	
12	Were any bent accessory drive pulleys found?	Go to Step 13	Go to Step 14
13	Replace the bent accessory drive pulleys. Were the bent accessory drive pulleys replaced?	Go to Step 15	-
14	 Replace the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt</u> <u>Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning</u>. 		-
	Were the drive belts replaced?	Go to Step 15	
15	 Clear any codes. Run the engine in order to verify the repair. 	-	
	Does the chirping noise still exist?		System OK

DRIVE BELT SQUEAL DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

A loose or improper installation of a body, or suspension component, or other items on the vehicle may cause the squeal noise.

If the squeal is intermittent, verify that it is not the accessory drive components by varying their loads, making sure they are operating to their maximum capacity. An overcharged air conditioning (A/C) system, a power

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steering system restriction or the incorrect fluid, or a failing generator are suggested items to inspect.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: The squeal may not be engine related. This step is to verify that the engine is making the noise. If the engine is not making the noise do not proceed further in this table

3: The squeal may be an internal engine noise. Remove the drive belts and operate the engine for a few seconds. This will verify if the squealing noise is related to the drive belts or an accessory drive component. With the drive belts removed, the water pump will not operate and the engine may overheat. Also DTCs may set when the engine is operated with the drive belts removed.

4: This test is to verify that accessory drive components do not have a seized bearing. With the belts removed, test the bearings in the accessory drive components for smooth operation. Also test the accessory drive components with the engine operating by varying the load on the accessory drive components to verify that the components are operating properly.

5: This test is to verify that the drive belt tensioners are not operating properly. If the drive belt tensioners are not operating properly, proper belt tension may not be achieved to keep the drive belts from slipping which could cause a squealing noise.

6: This test is to verify that the drive belts are not too long, which would prevent the drive belt tensioners from operating properly. Also if the incorrect length drive belts were installed, they may not be routed correctly and may be turning an accessory drive component in the incorrect direction.

7: Misalignment of the accessory drive pulleys may be caused from improper mounting or incorrect installation of a accessory drive component, or the pulley may be bent inward or outward from a previous repair. Test for a misaligned pulley using a straight edge in the pulley grooves across 2 or 3 pulleys. If a misaligned pulley is found, refer to that accessory drive component for the proper removal and installation procedure for that pulley.

8: Inspect the accessory drive pulleys to verify that they are the correct diameter or width. Using a known good vehicle, compare the accessory drive pulleys.

Drive Belt Squeal Diagnosis

Action	Yes	No		
NOTE:				
Refer to Belt Dressing Notice in Cautions and Notices.				
 DEFINITION: The following items are indications of drive belt squeal: A loud screeching noise that is caused by slipping drive belts-This is unusual for a drive belt with multiple ribs 				
• The squeal occurs when a heavy load is applied to the drive belts, such as an A/C compressor engagement, snapping the throttle, slipping on a seized pulley, or a faulty accessory drive				
Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> Engine Mechanical		
	 The Belt Dressing Notice in Cautions and Notices. IITION: The following items are indications of drive belt A loud screeching noise that is caused by slipping drive be nultiple ribs. The squeal occurs when a heavy load is applied to the drivengagement, snapping the throttle, slipping on a seized pu component. Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary 	 The squeal occurs when a heavy load is applied to the drive belts, such as an engagement, snapping the throttle, slipping on a seized pulley, or a faulty accomponent. Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary 		

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2	Verify that there is a squealing noise. Does the engine make the squeal noise?	Go to Step 3	Go to Diagnostic Aids
	1. Remove the drive belts.		
	 For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. 		
3	 For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. 		
	seconds.	Go to <u>Engine</u> <u>Noise on Start-Up,</u> <u>but Only Lasting a</u>	
	Does the squealing noise still exist?	Few Seconds	Go to Step 4
4	Inspect for a seized accessory drive component bearing or a faulty accessory drive component. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect the drive belt tensioner for proper operation. Refer to Drive Belt Tensioner Diagnosis . Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 6
6	Check for the correct length drive belts. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 7
7	Inspect for a misaligned pulley. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	Go to Step 8
8	Inspect for an incorrect size pulley. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 9	-
9	 Install the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. Clear any codes. Run the engine in order to verify the repair. 	-	
	Does the squealing noise still exist?		System OK

DRIVE BELT WHINE DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

The drive belts will not cause the whine.

If the whine is intermittent, verify that it is not the accessory drive components by varying their loads, making sure they are operating to their maximum capacity. An overcharged air conditioning (A/C) system, a power steering system restriction or the incorrect fluid, or a failing generator are suggested items to inspect.

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Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

3: This test is to verify that the whine is being caused by the accessory drive components. Remove the drive belts and operate the engine for a few seconds. This will verify if the whining noise is related to the accessory drive component. With the drive belts removed, the water pump will not operate and the engine may overheat. Also DTCs may set when the engine is operated with the drive belts removed.

4: This inspection should include checking the drive belt tensioner and the drive belt idler pulley bearings. The drive belts may have to be installed and the accessory drive components operated separately by varying their loads. Refer to the suspected accessory drive component for the proper removal and installation procedure.

Drive Belt Whine Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No
NOTE: Refer to	o <u>Belt Dressing Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.		
DEFINI failed b	ITION: A high pitched continuous noise that may be cau earing.	sed by an accessory	drive component
1	Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> Engine Mechanica
2	Verify that there is a whining noise. Does the engine make the whining noise?	Go to Step 3	Go to Diagnostic Aids
3	 Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds. Does the whining noise still exist? 	Go to <u>Engine</u> <u>Noise on Start-Up,</u> <u>but Only Lasting a</u> <u>Few Seconds</u>	Go to Step 4
4	 Inspect for a failed accessory drive component bearing. Install the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning. 		-

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	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 5	
5	 Clear any codes. Run the engine in order to verify the repair. 	-	
	Does the whining still exist?		System OK

DRIVE BELT RUMBLING DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

Vibration from the engine operating may cause a body component or another part of the vehicle to make rumbling noise.

The drive belts may have a condition that can not be seen or felt. Sometimes replacing the drive belts may be the only repair for the symptom.

If after replacing the drive belts and completing the diagnostic table, the rumbling is only heard with the drive belts installed, there might be an accessory drive component failure. Varying the load on the accessory drive components may aid in identifying which component is causing the rumbling noise.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: This test is to verify that the symptom is present during diagnosing. Other vehicle components may cause a similar symptom.

3: This test is to verify that the drive belts are causing the rumbling. Rumbling may be confused with an internal engine noise due to the similarity in the description. Remove only one drive belt at a time if the vehicle has multiple drive belts. Operate the engine for a few seconds, this will verify if the rumbling noise is related to the drive belts or not. With the drive belts removed, the water pump will not operate and the engine may overheat. Also DTCs may set when the engine is operated with the drive belts removed.

4: Inspect the drive belts to ensure that the drive belts are not the cause of the noise. Small cracks across the ribs of the drive belts will not cause the noise. Belt separation is identified by the plys of the belt separating. This may be seen at the edge of the belt or felt as a lump in the belt.

5: Small amounts of pilling is a normal condition and acceptable. When the pilling is severe, the drive belts do not have a smooth surface for proper operation.

Step	Action	Yes	No
NOTE:			
Refer to <u>Belt D</u>	ressing Notice in Cautions and Notices.		
DEFINITION:			

Drive Belt Rumbling Diagnosis

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- A low pitch tapping, knocking, or thumping noise heard at or just above idle.
- Heard once per revolution of the drive belts or pulleys.
- Rumbling may be caused from the following conditions:
 - Pilling-The accumulation of rubber dust that forms small balls (pills) or strings in the drive belt pulley groove
 - The separation of the drive belts
 - A damaged drive belt

1	Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> Engine Mechanical
2	Verify that there is a rumbling noise. Does the engine make the rumbling noise?	Go to Step 3	Go to Diagnostic Aids
3	 Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. 		
	2. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds.Does the rumbling noise still exist?	Go to <u>Engine</u> <u>Noise on Start-Up,</u> <u>but Only Lasting a</u> <u>Few Seconds</u>	Go to Step 4
4	Inspect the drive belts for damage, separation, or sections of missing ribs. Were any of these conditions found?	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect for severe pilling of more than 1/3 of the drive belt groove depth. Do the drive belt grooves have pilling?	Go to Step 6	Go to Step 7
6	 Clean the drive belt pulleys using a suitable wire brush. Reinstall the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning. 		-
7	 Did you complete the repair? Install a new drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt</u> <u>Replacement - Accessory</u>. 	Go to Step 8	-

	 For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning</u>. 		
	Did you complete the replacement?	Go to Step 8	
8	 Clear any codes. Run the engine in order to verify the repair. 	-	
	Does the rumbling noise still exist?		System OK

DRIVE BELT VIBRATION DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

The accessory drive components may have an affect on engine vibration. An overcharged air conditioning (A/C) system, a power steering system restriction or the incorrect fluid, or an extra load placed on the generator are suggested items to inspect. To help identify an intermittent or an improper condition, vary the loads on the accessory drive components.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: This test is to verify that the vibration is present during diagnosing. Other vehicle components may cause a similar symptom, such as the exhaust system or the drivetrain.

3: This test is to verify that the drive belts or accessory drive components may be causing the vibration. Remove the drive belts and operate the engine for a few seconds, this will verify if the vibration is related to the drive belts or not. With the drive belts removed, the water pump will not operate and the engine may overheat. Also DTCs may set when the engine is operated with the drive belts removed.

4: The drive belts may cause a vibration. While the drive belts are removed, this is the best time to inspect the condition of the drive belts.

6: Inspection of the fasteners can eliminate the possibility that an incorrect bolt, nut, spacer, or washer was installed.

8: This step should only be performed if the fan is driven by the drive belt. Inspect the engine cooling fan for bent, twisted, loose, or cracked blades. Inspect the fan clutch for smooth operation. Inspect for a bent fan shaft or bent mounting flange.

9: Inspect the water pump drive shaft for being bent. Also inspect the water pump bearings for smooth operation and excessive play. Compare the water pump with a known, good water pump.

10: Accessory drive component brackets that are bent, cracked, or loose may put an extra strain on that accessory drive component causing it to vibrate.

Drive Belt Vibration Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No
NOTE:			

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Refer to <u>Belt Dressing Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

DEFINITION: The following items are indications of drive belt vibration:

- The vibration is engine-speed related.
- The vibration may be sensitive to accessory load.

Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms</u> Engine Mechanic
Verify that the vibration is engine related. Does the engine make the vibration?	Go to Step 3	Go to Diagnostic Aids
 Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u>. 		
 For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. 2. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds. 	Go to <u>Diagnostic</u> <u>Starting Point -</u> <u>Vibration</u> <u>Diagnosis and</u> <u>Correction</u> in Vibration Diagnosis	
Does the engine still make the vibration?	and Correction	Go to Step 4
up, and missing drive belt ribs. Were any of these conditions found?	Go to Step 5	Go to Step 6
 For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt</u> <u>Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning</u>. 		-
Did you complete the replacement?	Go to Step 11	
Inspect for incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners. Were any of these conditions found?	Go to Step 7	Go to Step 8
 Replace any incorrect and/or missing fastener. Tighten any loose fasteners. Refer to <u>Fastener</u> <u>Tightening Specifications</u>. 		_
Were any fasteners replaced and/or tightened?	Go to Step 11	
Inspect for damaged fan blades or a bent fan clutch		
	 inspections? Verify that the vibration is engine related. Does the engine make the vibration? 1. Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning. 2. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds. Does the engine still make the vibration? Inspect the drive belts for wear, damage, debris build-up, and missing drive belt ribs. Were any of these conditions found? Install a new drive belts. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning. Did you complete the replacement? Inspect for incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners. Were any of these conditions found? Replace any incorrect and/or missing fastener. Tighten any loose fasteners. Refer to Fastener Tightening Specifications.	diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections? Go to Step 2 Verify that the vibration is engine related. Does the engine make the vibration? Go to Step 3 1. Remove the drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Belt Replacement - Accessory</u> . Go to Step 3 2. Operate the engine for no longer than 30-40 seconds. Go to Diagnostic Starting Point - Vibration Go to Step 1 Does the engine still make the vibration? Diagnosis and Correction in Vibration Diagnosis and Correction Go to Step 5 Does the engine still make the vibration? Go to Step 5 Go to Step 1 Inspect the drive belts for wear, damage, debris build- up, and missing drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory. Go to Step 5 Install a new drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory. Go to Step 1 Did you complete the replacement? Go to Step 1 Go to Step 7 Inspect for incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners. Go to Step 7 Go to Step 7 I. Replace any incorrect and/or missing fastener. 2. Tighten any loose fasteners. Refer to Fastener Tightening Specifications. Go to Step 7

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9	Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 11	Go to Step 10
10	Inspect for bent or cracked accessory drive brackets. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 11	-
11	 Clear any codes. Run the engine in order to verify the repair. Does the vibration still exist? 	-	System OK

DRIVE BELT FALLS OFF DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

If the drive belts repeatedly fall off the accessory drive pulleys, this may be caused by a pulley misalignment.

An extra load that is quickly applied or released by an accessory drive component may also cause the drive belts to fall off. Verify that the accessory drive components are operating properly.

If the drive belts are the incorrect length, the drive belt tensioner may not maintain the proper tension on the drive belts.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: This inspection is to verify the condition of the drive belts. Damage may have occurred to the drive belts when the drive belts fell off the pulley. Inspect the drive belts for cuts, tears, sections of ribs missing, or damaged belt plys.

4: Misalignment of the accessory drive pulleys may be caused from improper mounting or incorrect installation of a accessory drive component, or the pulley may be bent inward or outward from a previous repair. Test for a misaligned pulley using a straight edge in the pulley grooves across 2 or 3 pulleys. If a misaligned pulley is found, refer to that accessory drive component for the proper removal and installation procedure of that pulley.

5: Inspection of the accessory drive pulleys should include inspecting for bends, dents, or other damage that would prevent the drive belt from seating properly in the pulley grooves or on the smooth surface of a pulley when the back side of the drive belts are used to drive the pulley.

6: Accessory drive component brackets that are bent or cracked will also cause the drive belts to fall off.

7: Inspection of the fasteners can eliminate the possibility that a incorrect bolt, nut, spacer, or washer was installed. Missing, loose, or incorrect fasteners may cause pulley misalignment from the accessory drive brackets moving under load. Over tightening the fasteners may cause misalignment of the accessory component brackets.

Drive Belt Falls Off Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No
NOTE:			
Refer to Belt Dressing Notice in Cautions and Notices.			
			I

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1	Did you review the Symptoms - Engine Mechanical diagnostic information, and perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Go to <u>Symptoms -</u> Engine Mechanica
2	Inspect for damaged drive belts. Were any damaged drive belts found?	Go to Step 3	Go to Step 4
3	 Install new drive belts. For the accessory drive belt, refer to <u>Drive Belt</u> <u>Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning drive belt, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning</u>. 		
	Did you complete the replacement?	Go to Step 4	System OK
4	Inspect for misaligned accessory drive pulleys. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 12	Go to Step 5
5	Inspect for bent or dented accessory drive pulleys. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 12	Go to Step 6
6	Inspect for bent or cracked accessory drive brackets. Did you find and correct the condition?	Go to Step 12	Go to Step 7
7	Inspect for incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners. Were there any incorrect, loose, and/or missing fasteners?	Go to Step 8	Go to Step 9
8	 Replace any incorrect and/or missing fasteners. Tighten any loose fasteners. 		
9	Does the drive belt continue to fall off?Test the drive belt tensioner for correct operation. Referto Fastener Tightening Specifications.	Go to Step 9	System OK
10	 Does the drive belt tensioner operate correctly? Replace the drive belt tensioner. For the drive belt tensioner, refer to <u>Drive Belt</u> <u>Tensioner Replacement - Accessory</u>. For the air conditioning tensioner, refer to <u>Drive</u> <u>Belt Tensioner Replacement - Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>. 	Go to Step 11	Go to Step 10
11	Does the drive belt continue to fall off? Inspect for a failed drive belt idler and/or tensioner pulley bearing. Did you find and repair the condition?	Go to Step 11 Go to Step 12	System OK

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12Run the engine in order to verify the repair. Does the drive belt still fall off?-System OK
--

DRIVE BELT EXCESSIVE WEAR DIAGNOSIS

Diagnostic Aids

Excessive wear on a drive belt(s) is usually caused by an incorrect installation or the wrong drive belt for the application.

Minor misalignment of the drive belt pulleys will not cause excessive wear, but will probably cause the drive belt(s) to make a noise or to fall off.

Excessive misalignment of the drive belt pulleys will cause excessive wear but may also make the drive belt(s) fall off.

Test Description

The numbers below refer to the step numbers on the diagnostic table.

2: The inspection is to verify the drive belt(s) is correctly installed on all of the drive belt pulleys. Wear on the drive belt(s) may be caused by mis-positioning the drive belt(s) by one groove on a pulley.

3: The installation of a drive belt that is too wide or too narrow will cause wear on the drive belt. The drive belt ribs should match all of the grooves on all of the pulleys.

4: This inspection is to verify the drive belt(s) is not contacting any parts of the engine or body while the engine is operating. There should be sufficient clearance when the drive belt accessory drive components load varies. The drive belt(s) should not come in contact with an engine or a body component when snapping the throttle.

Drive Belt Excessive Wear Diagnosis

Step	Action	Yes	No	
NOTE:				
Refer to <u>Belt Dressing Notice</u> .				
DEFINITION: Wear at the outside ribs of the drive belt due to an incorrectly installed drive belt.				
1	Did you review the Drive Belt Symptom operation and		Go to Symptoms -	
1	perform the necessary inspections?	Go to Step 2	Engine Mechanical	
	Inspect the drive belt(s) for the proper installation.			
2	Refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory.			
	Did you find this condition?	Go to Step 5	Go to Step 3	
3	Inspect for the proper drive belt.			
3	Did you find this condition?	Go to Step 5	Go to Step 4	
	Inspect for the drive belt rubbing against a bracket,			
4	hose, or wiring harness.		Go to Diagnostic	
	Did you find and repair the condition?	Go to Step 6	Aids	

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5	Replace the drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt		
3	Replacement - Accessory. Did you complete the replacement?	Go to Step 6	-
6	Operate the system in order to verify the repair. Did you correct the condition?	System OK	-

DRIVE BELT TENSIONER DIAGNOSIS

Inspection Procedure

NOTE: Allowing the drive belt tensioner to snap into the free position may result in damage to the tensioner.

- 1. Remove the drive belts. Refer to **Drive Belt Replacement Accessory**.
- 2. Position a hex-head socket on the belt tensioner pulley bolt head.
- 3. Move the drive belt tensioner through it's full travel.
 - The movement should feel smooth.
 - There should be no binding.
 - The tensioner should return freely.
- 4. If any binding is observed, replace the tensioner. Refer to <u>Drive Belt Tensioner Replacement -</u><u>Accessory</u>.
- 5. Install the drive belt. Refer to **Drive Belt Replacement Accessory**.

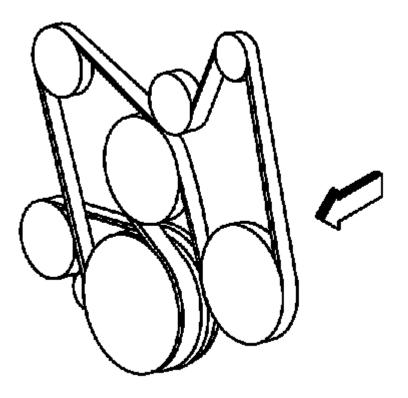
REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

ON-VEHICLE REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory

Removal Procedure

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<u>Fig. 18: Drive Belt Routing</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Install a breaker bar with hex-head socket to the drive belt tensioner bolt.
- 2. Rotate the drive belt tensioner clockwise in order to relieve tension on the belt.
- 3. Remove the belt from the pulleys and the drive belt tensioner.
- 4. Slowly release the tension on the drive belt tensioner.
- 5. Remove the breaker bar and socket and from the drive belt tensioner bolt.
- 6. Clean and inspect the belt surfaces of all the pulleys.

Installation Procedure

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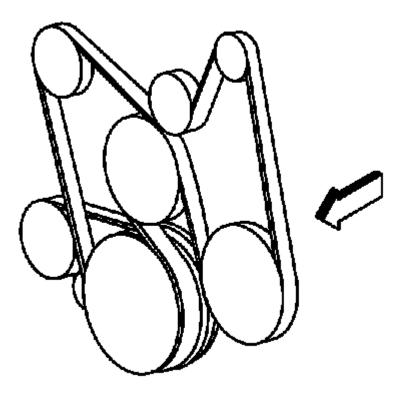


Fig. 19: Drive Belt Routing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

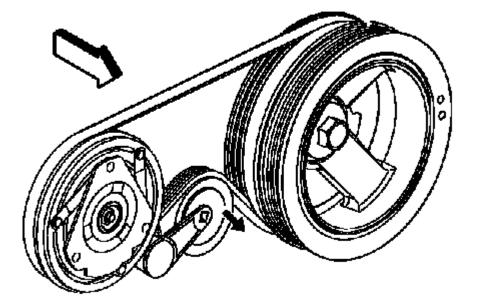
- 1. Route the drive belt around all the pulleys except the idler pulley.
- 2. Install the breaker bar with hex-head socket to the belt tensioner bolt.
- 3. Rotate the belt tensioner clockwise in order to relieve the tension on the tensioner.
- 4. Install the drive belt under the idler pulley.
- 5. Slowly release the tension on the belt tensioner.
- 6. Remove the breaker bar and socket from the belt tensioner bolt.
- 7. Inspect the drive belt for proper installation and alignment.

Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning

Removal Procedure

1. Remove the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory.

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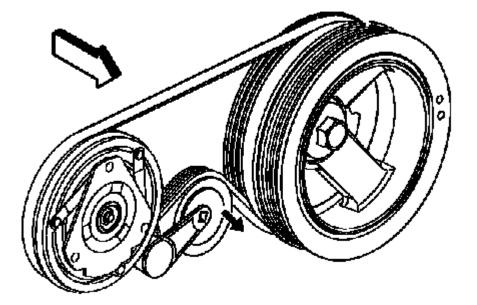


<u>Fig. 20: A/C Belt Tensioner</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install a ratchet into the air conditioning (A/C) belt tensioner adapter opening.
- 3. Rotate the A/C belt tensioner clockwise in order to relieve tension on the belt.
- 4. Remove the A/C belt from the pulleys.
- 5. Slowly release the tension on the A/C belt tensioner.
- 6. Remove the ratchet from the A/C belt tensioner.
- 7. Clean and inspect the belt surfaces of all the pulleys.

Installation Procedure

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<u>Fig. 21: A/C Belt Tensioner</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Install the A/C belt around the crankshaft balancer.
- 2. Install a ratchet into the A/C drive belt tensioner adapter opening
- 3. Rotate the A/C belt tensioner clockwise in order to relieve tension on the tensioner.
- 4. Install the A/C belt over the idler pulley.
- 5. Install the A/C belt around the A/C compressor pulley.
- 6. Slowly release the tension on the A/C belt tensioner.
- 7. Remove the ratchet from the A/C belt tensioner.
- 8. Inspect the A/C belt for proper installation and alignment.
- 9. Install the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Accessory.

Drive Belt Idler Pulley Replacement

Removal Procedure

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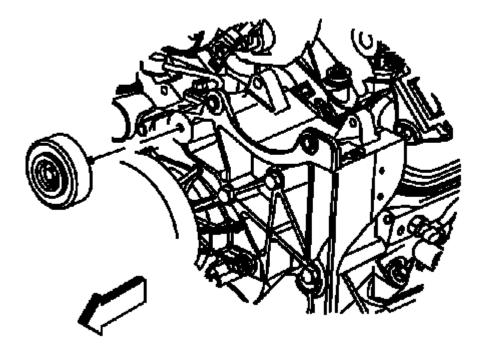


Fig. 22: View Of Drive Belt Idler Pulley Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Loosen the drive belt idler pulley bolt.
- 2. Remove the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Accessory.
- 3. Remove the drive belt idler pulley and bolt.

Installation Procedure

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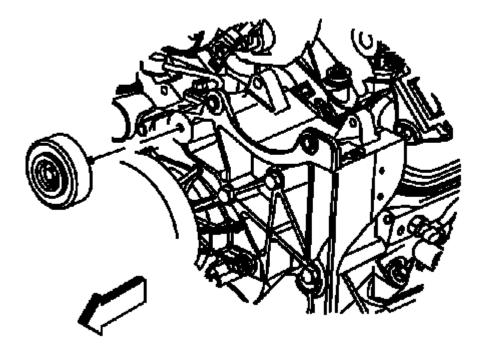


Fig. 23: View Of Drive Belt Idler Pulley Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the drive belt idler pulley and bolt to the generator bracket.

Snug the bolt finger tight.

2. Install the drive belt. Refer to **Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory**.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Tighten the drive belt idler pulley bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the drive belt idler pulley bolt to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

Drive Belt Tensioner Replacement - Accessory

Removal Procedure

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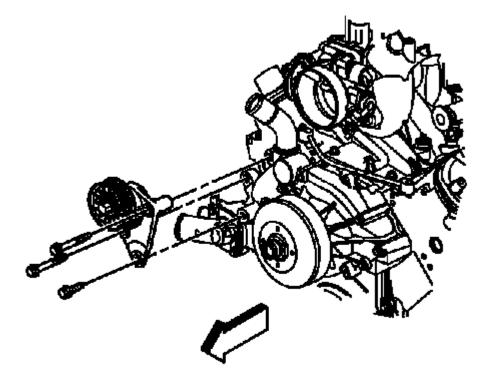


Fig. 24: View Of Drive Belt Tensioner & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Accessory.
- 2. Remove the drive belt tensioner bolts.
- 3. Remove the drive belt tensioner.

Installation Procedure

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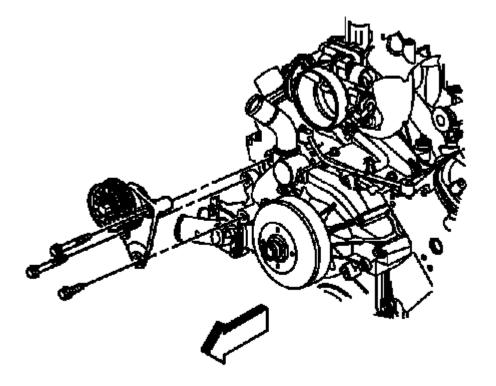


Fig. 25: View Of Drive Belt Tensioner & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Install the drive belt tensioner.
- 2. Install the drive belt tensioner bolts.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Tighten the drive belt tensioner bolts.

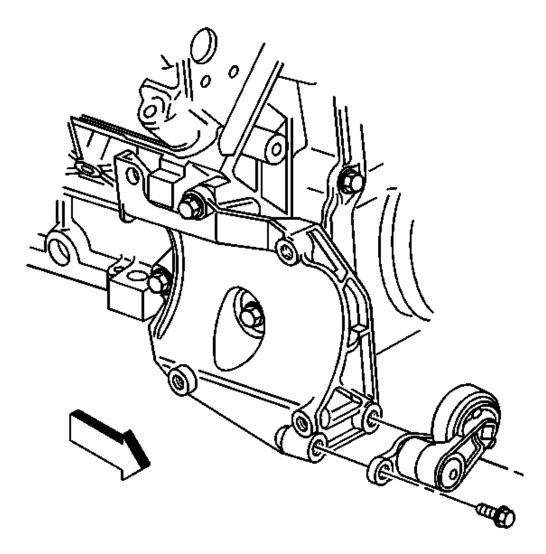
Tighten: Tighten the accessory drive belt tensioner bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

4. Install the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Accessory.

Drive Belt Tensioner Replacement - Air Conditioning

Removal Procedure

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<u>Fig. 26: View Of A/C Belt Tensioner</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the air conditioning (A/C) drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Air Conditioning.
- 2. Remove the A/C belt tensioner bolts.
- 3. Remove the A/C belt tensioner.

Installation Procedure

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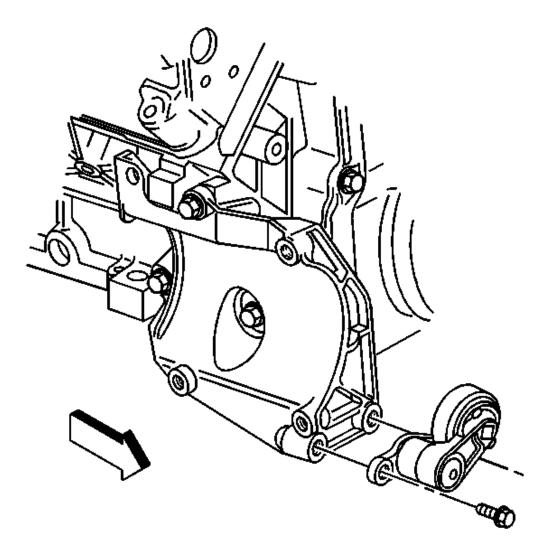


Fig. 27: View Of A/C Belt Tensioner Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 1. Install the A/C belt tensioner.
- 2. Install the A/C belt tensioner bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the A/C belt tensioner bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

3. Install the A/C drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement - Air Conditioning.

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Engine Mount Inspection

Front Engine Mount

- NOTE: Broken or deteriorated mounts can cause misalignment and destruction of certain drive train components. When a single mount breaks, the remaining mounts are subjected to abnormally high stresses.
- 1. Install a pole jack underneath the oil pan.

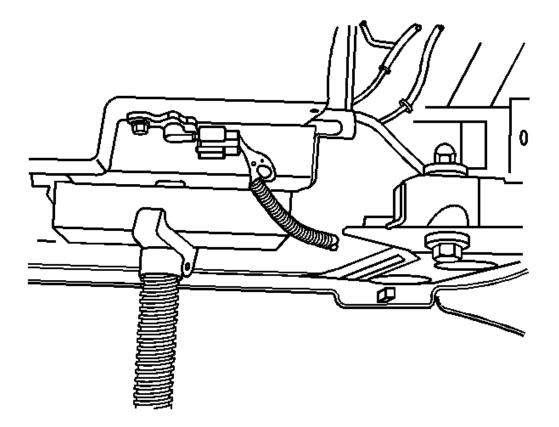


Fig. 28: Block Of Wood Between Engine Oil Pan And Pole Jack Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Insert a block of wood between the engine oil pan and the pole jack.
- 3. Raise the jack until the wooden block contacts the engine oil pan.
- 4. Raise the engine in order to place a slight tension on the rubber cushion. Observe both mounts while raising the engine.
- 5. Replace the mounts if any of the following conditions exist:

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- Hard rubber surface covered with heat check cracks
- The rubber cushion separated from the metal plate of the mount
- The rubber cushion is split through the center
- The mount is leaking
- 6. If there is movement between a metal plate of the mount and its attaching points, lower the engine and tighten the bolts or nuts attaching the mount to the engine, the frame or the bracket.

Engine Mount Replacement - Left

Removal Procedure

- 1. Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle</u> in General Information.
- 2. Remove the front tire and wheels. Refer to <u>Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation</u> in Tires and Wheels.
- 3. Remove the shock module. Refer to <u>Shock Module Replacement</u> in Front Suspension.

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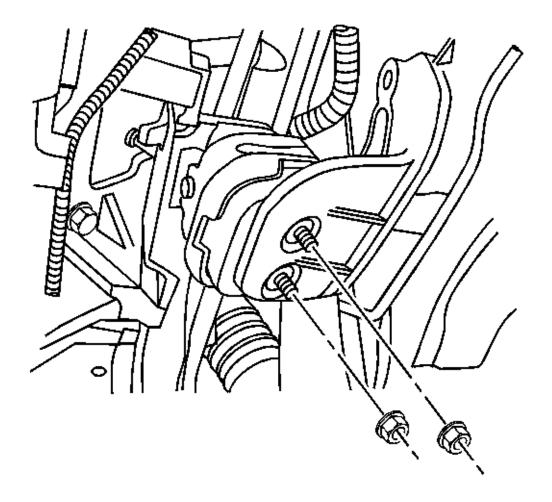


Fig. 29: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the lower engine mount retaining nuts from the engine mount frame bracket.

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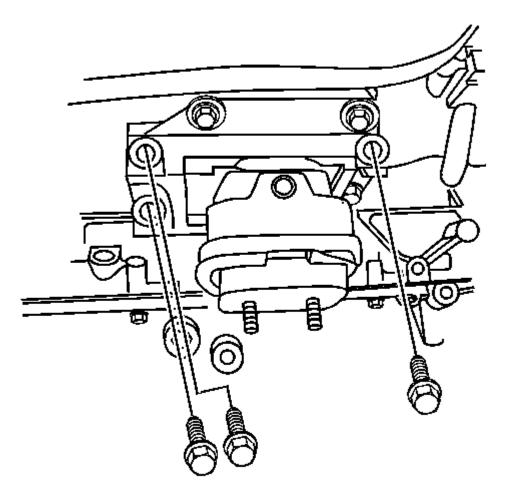


Fig. 30: Identifying Upper Engine Mount Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the 3 mounting bolts from the upper engine mount bracket to engine block bracket.

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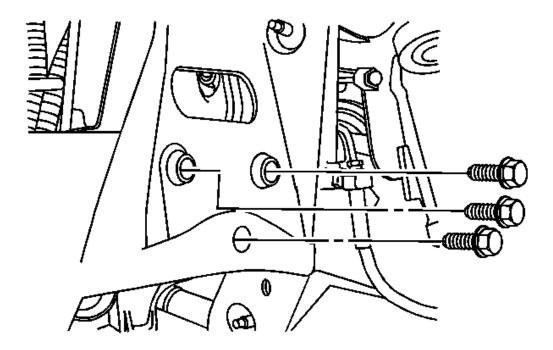


Fig. 31: View Of Frame Engine Mount Bracket Bolt Locations Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the 3 frame engine mount bracket retaining bolts.

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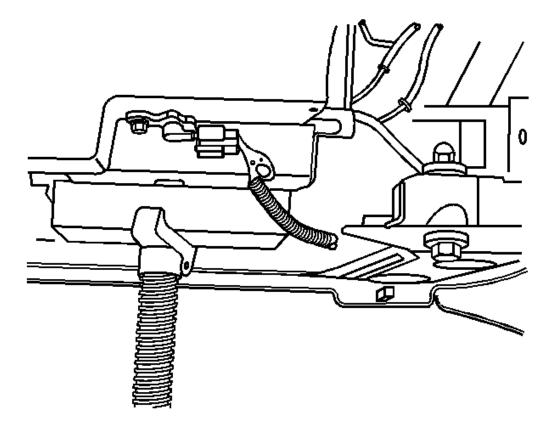


Fig. 32: Block Of Wood Between Engine Oil Pan And Pole Jack Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Install a pole jack underneath the oil pan.
- 8. Insert a block of wood between the oil pan and the pole jack.

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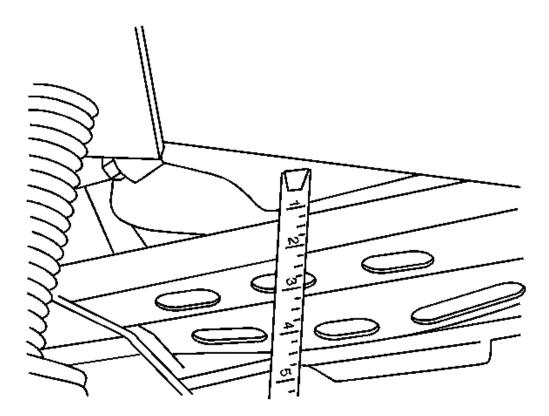


Fig. 33: Measuring Engine Elevation Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Raise the engine 2 1/4 inches measuring from the bottom of the oil pan to the front edge of the transmission support crossmember.

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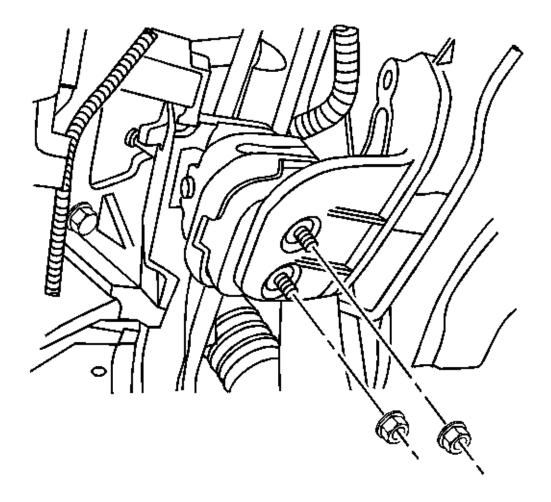


Fig. 34: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the engine mount frame bracket from the frame.

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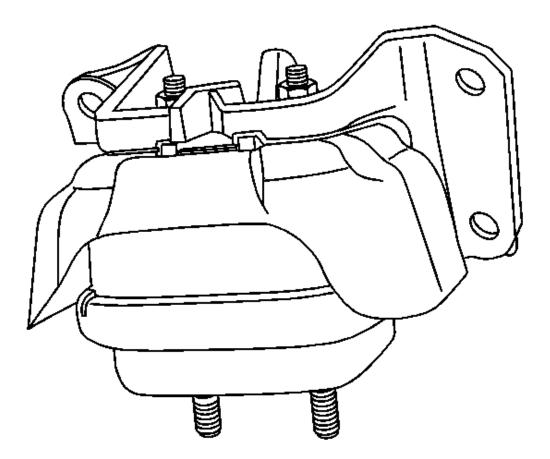
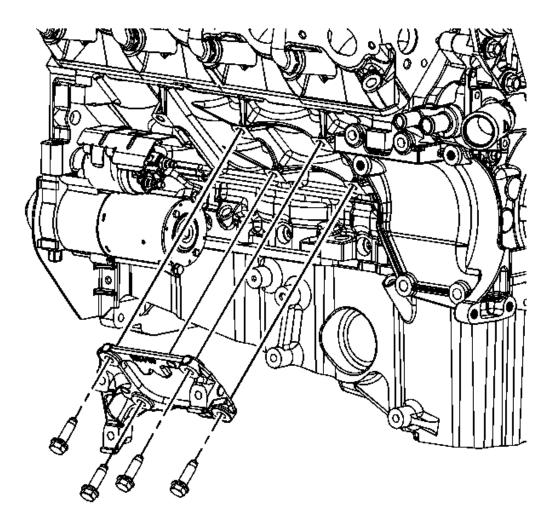


Fig. 35: View Of Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. Remove the engine mount with upper engine mount bracket as an assembly.
- 12. Separate the engine mount from the upper engine mount bracket.

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<u>Fig. 36: Removing/Installing Engine Mounting Bracket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Remove the engine mount bracket spacer if damaged.

Installation Procedure

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

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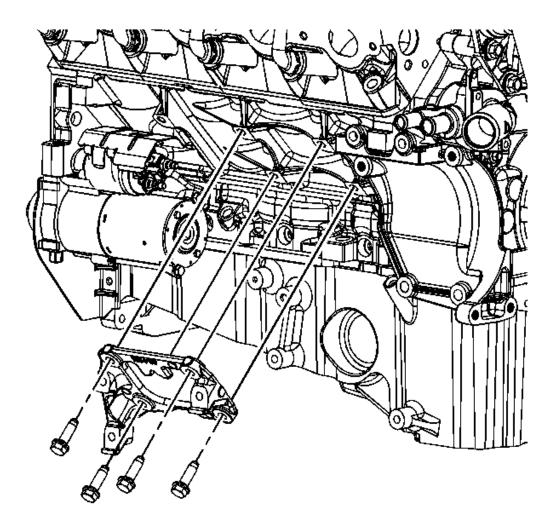
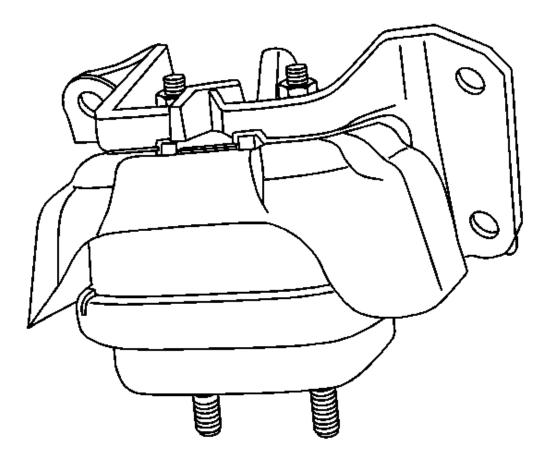


Fig. 37: Removing/Installing Engine Mounting Bracket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the engine mount bracket spacer if it has been replaced.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount bracket spacer bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 38: View Of Engine Mount</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that the cut out side of the engine mount shield is positioned away from the engine.

2. Install the engine mount to the upper engine mount bracket.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount nuts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft)

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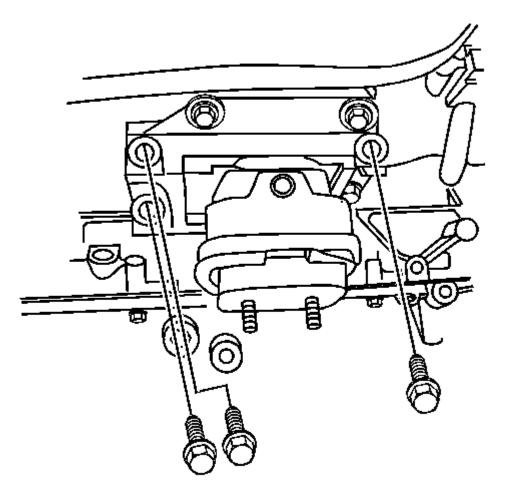


Fig. 39: Identifying Upper Engine Mount Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the upper engine mount bracket with engine mount to the engine.

Tighten: Tighten the upper engine mount bracket bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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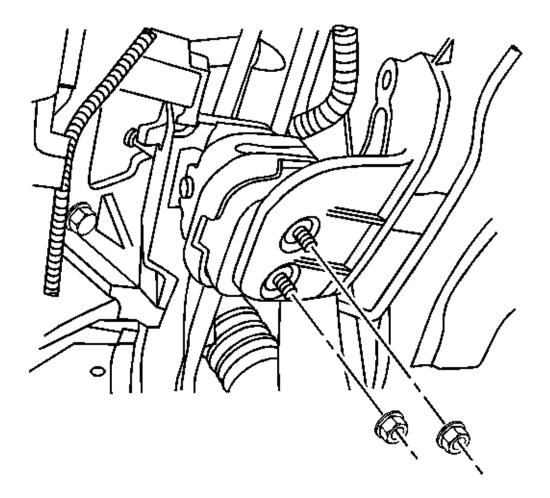


Fig. 40: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Install the engine mount frame bracket to the frame.
- 5. Install the engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts.
- 6. Install the left side engine mount frame bracket.
- 7. Install the left side engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).

- 8. Lower the engine, making sure to align engine mount studs with holes in frame bracket.
- 9. Remove the pole jack and block of wood.
- 10. Tighten the engine mount nuts.

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Tighten: Tighten the engine mount nuts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

- 11. Install the shock module. Refer to Shock Module Replacement in Front Suspension.
- 12. Install the front tire and wheels. Refer to <u>Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation</u> in Tires and Wheels.
- 13. Lower the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.

Engine Mount Replacement - Right

Removal Procedure

- 1. Raise and support the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle</u> in General Information.
- 2. Remove the front tire and wheels. Refer to <u>Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation</u> in Tires and Wheels.
- 3. Remove the shock module. Refer to <u>Shock Module Replacement</u> in Front Suspension.

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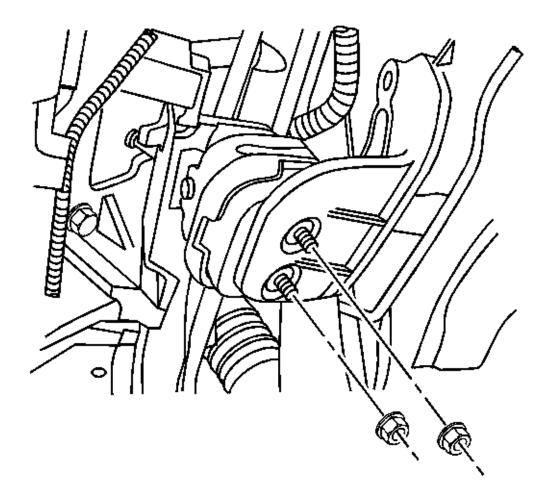


Fig. 41: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the lower engine mount retaining nuts from the engine mount frame bracket.

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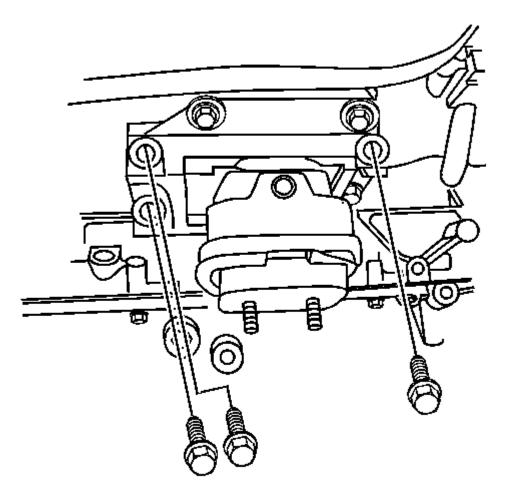


Fig. 42: Identifying Upper Engine Mount Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the 3 mounting bolts from the upper engine mount bracket to engine block bracket.

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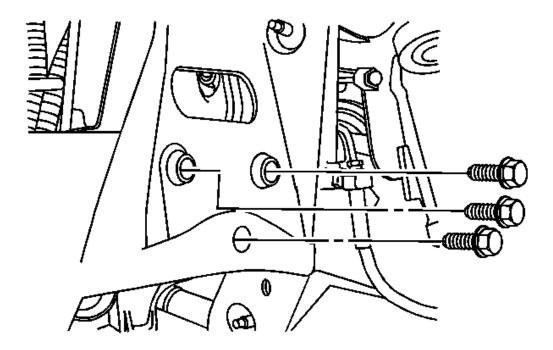


Fig. 43: View Of Frame Engine Mount Bracket Bolt Locations Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the 3 frame engine mount bracket retaining bolts.

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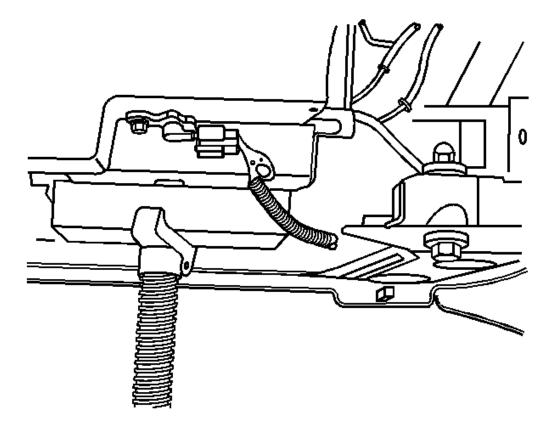


Fig. 44: Block Of Wood Between Engine Oil Pan And Pole Jack Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Install a pole jack underneath the oil pan.
- 8. Insert a block of wood between the oil pan and the pole jack.

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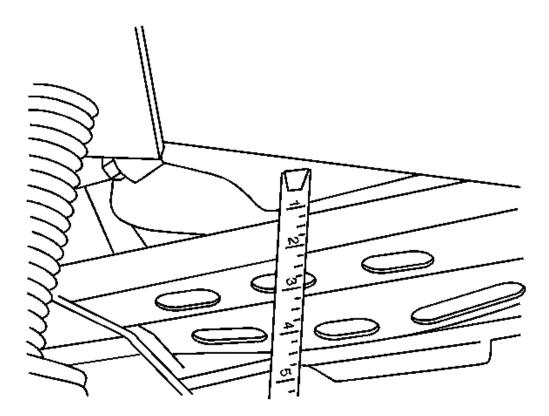


Fig. 45: Measuring Engine Elevation Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Raise the engine 2 1/4 inches measuring from the bottom of the oil pan to the front edge of the transmission support crossmember.
- 10. Shift the engine towards the left side of the frame.

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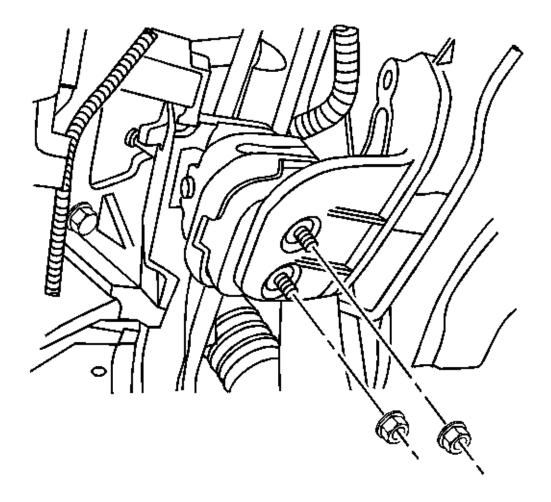


Fig. 46: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Remove the engine mount frame bracket from the frame.

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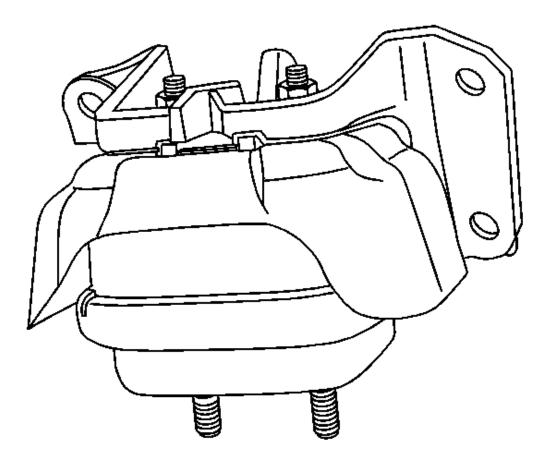


Fig. 47: View Of Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 12. Remove the engine mount with upper engine mount bracket as an assembly.
- 13. Separate the engine mount from the upper engine mount bracket.

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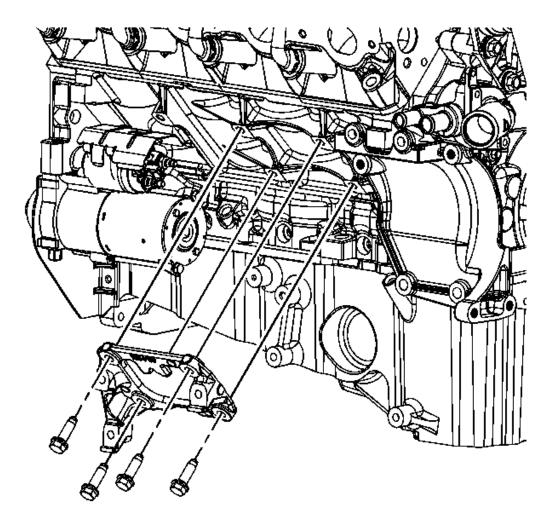


Fig. 48: Removing/Installing Engine Mounting Bracket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. Remove the engine mount bracket spacer if damaged.

Installation Procedure

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

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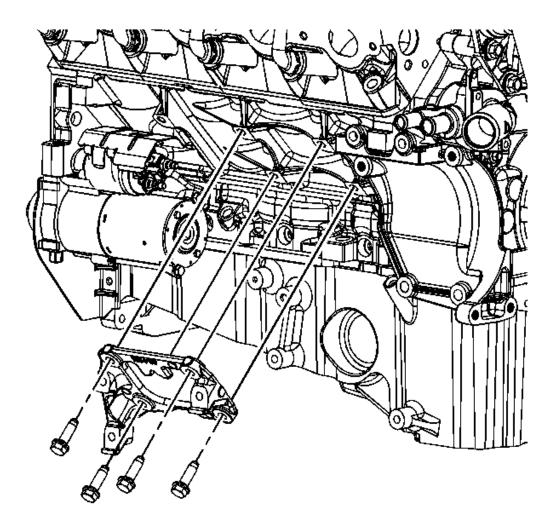
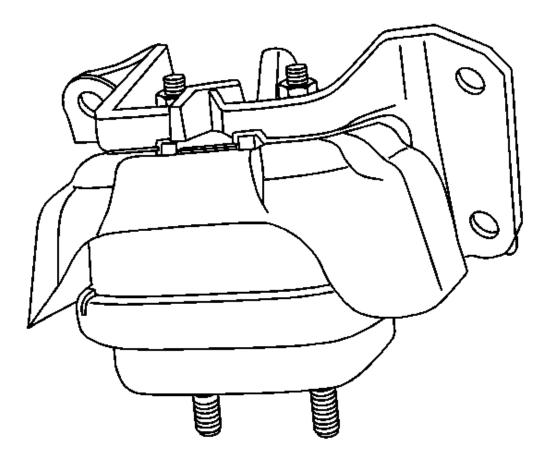


Fig. 49: Removing/Installing Engine Mounting Bracket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the engine mount bracket spacer if it has been replaced.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount bracket spacer bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 50: View Of Engine Mount</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that the cut out side of the engine mount shield is positioned away from the engine.

2. Install the engine mount to the upper engine mount bracket.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount nuts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft)

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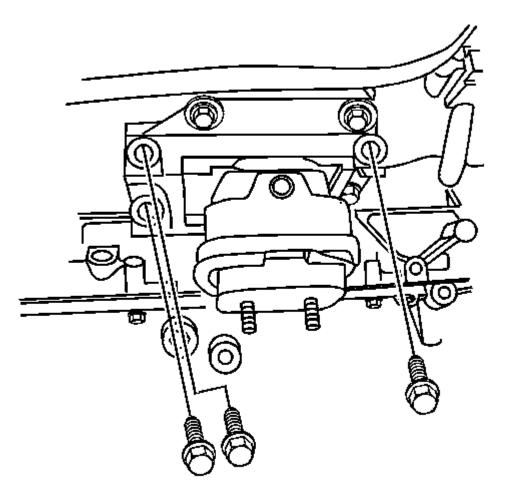


Fig. 51: Identifying Upper Engine Mount Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the upper engine mount bracket with engine mount to the engine.

Tighten: Tighten the upper engine mount bracket bolts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

- 4. Install the engine mount frame bracket to the frame.
- 5. Install the engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).

6. Shift engine back to the right side of the frame.

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- 7. Install the left side engine mount frame bracket.
- 8. Install the left side engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the left side engine mount frame bracket retaining bolts to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).

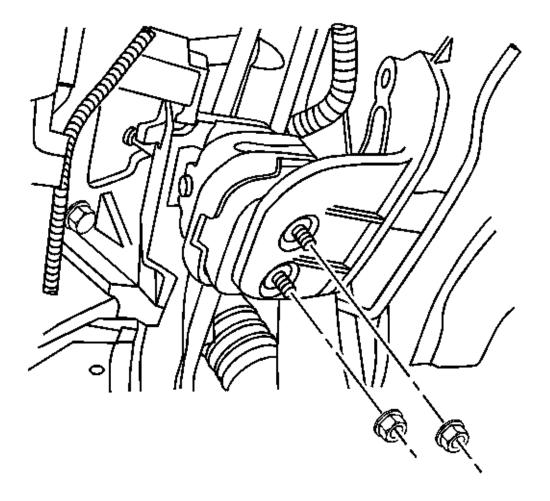


Fig. 52: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Lower the engine, making sure to align engine mount studs with holes in frame bracket.
- 10. Remove the pole jack and block of wood.
- 11. Tighten the engine mount nuts.

Tighten: Tighten the engine mount nuts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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- 12. Install the shock module. Refer to **Shock Module Replacement** in Front Suspension.
- 13. Install the front tire and wheels. Refer to <u>Tire and Wheel Removal and Installation</u> in Tires and Wheels.
- 14. Lower the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.

Engine Sight Shield Replacement

Removal Procedure

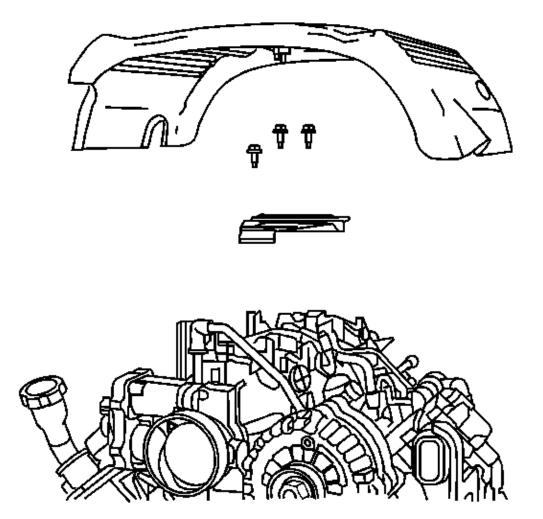


Fig. 53: View of Engine Sight Shield Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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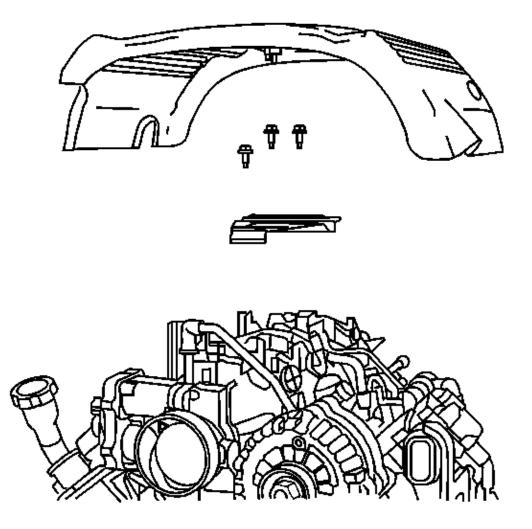
- 1. Loosen the engine sight shield bolts.
- 2. Remove the engine sight shield from the sight shield bracket.
- 3. Remove the engine sight shield bracket bolts and the bracket.

Installation Procedure

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

1. Install the engine sight shield bracket and the bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the engine sight shield bracket bolts to 5 N.m (44 lb in).



<u>Fig. 54: View of Engine Sight Shield</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the engine sight shield to the bracket.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

3. Tighten the engine sight shield bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the engine sight shield bolt to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

Crankcase Ventilation Hoses/Pipes Replacement

Removal Procedure

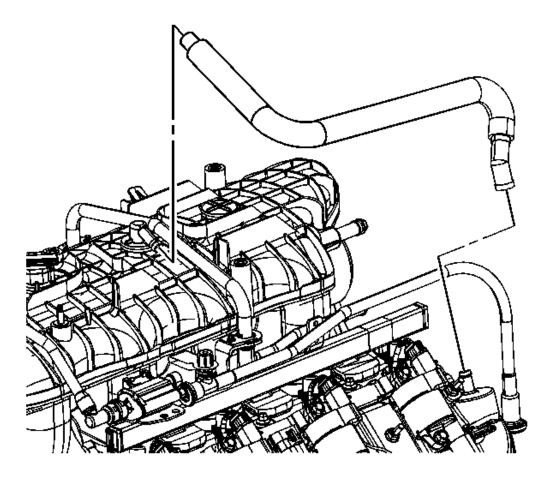
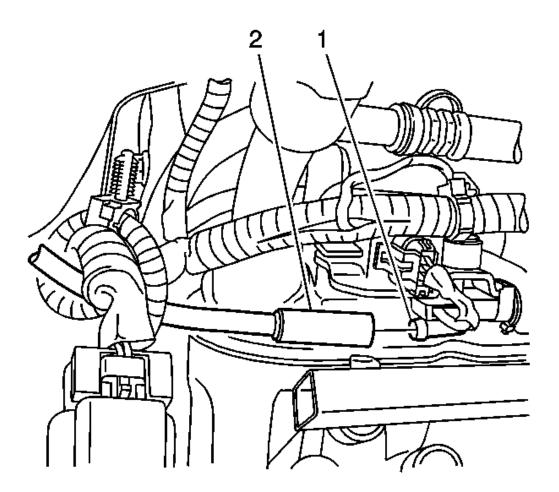


Fig. 55: Identifying Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) Foul Air Hose

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Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) foul air hose from the intake manifold and valve rocker arm cover.
- 2. Remove the air cleaner resonator outlet duct. Refer to <u>Air Cleaner Resonator Outlet Duct</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.

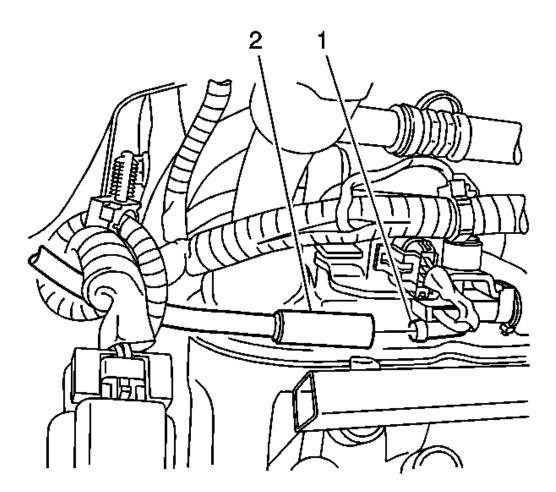


<u>Fig. 56: Vent Hose</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the PCV fresh air hose (2) from the valve rocker arm cover (1).

Installation Procedure

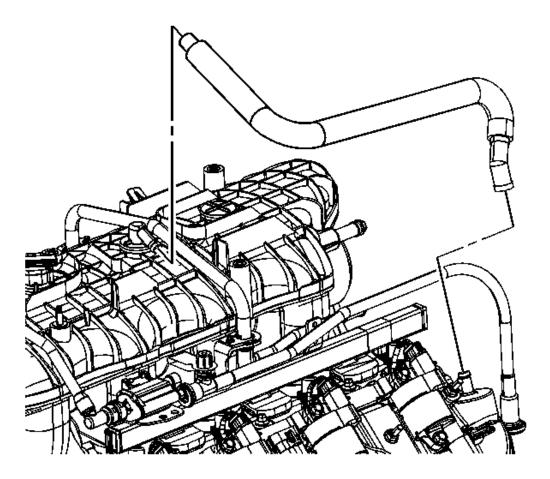
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<u>Fig. 57: Vent Hose</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Install the PCV fresh air hose (2) to the valve rocker arm cover (1).
- 2. Install the air cleaner resonator outlet duct. Refer to <u>Air Cleaner Resonator Outlet Duct Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.

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<u>Fig. 58: Identifying Positive Crankcase Ventilation (PCV) Foul Air Hose</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the PCV foul air hose to the intake manifold and valve rocker arm cover.

Intake Manifold Replacement

Removal Procedure

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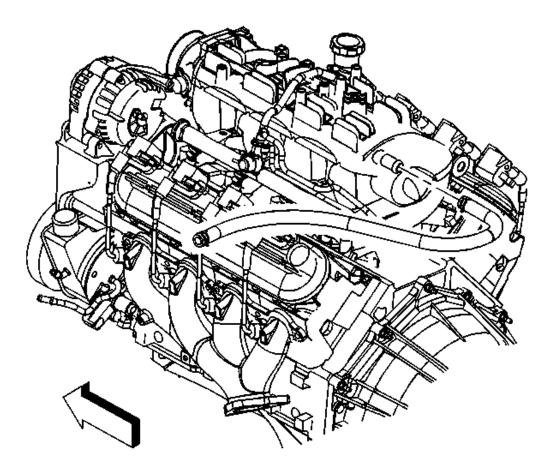


Fig. 59: Disconnecting Vacuum Brake Booster Hose (4.8L, 5.3L, 6.0L) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The intake manifold, throttle body, fuel rail, and injectors may be removed as an assembly. If not servicing the individual components, remove the manifold as a complete assembly.

- 1. Remove the throttle body. Refer to **<u>Throttle Body Assembly Replacement</u>** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 2. Remove the fuel injectors. Refer to **Fuel Injector Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 3. Remove the vacuum brake booster hose.

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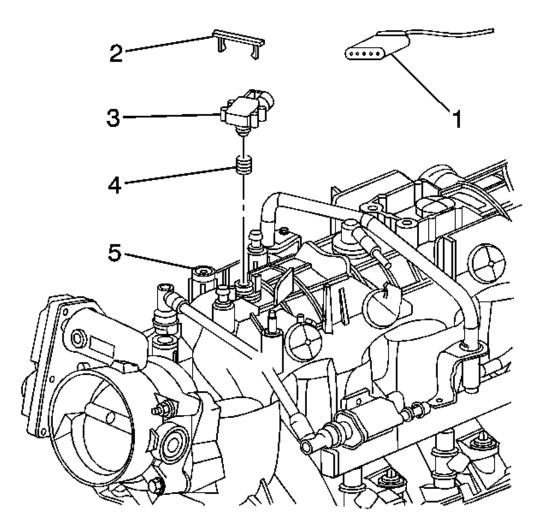


Fig. 60: Removing/Installing Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor. Refer to <u>Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP)</u> <u>Sensor Replacement</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.

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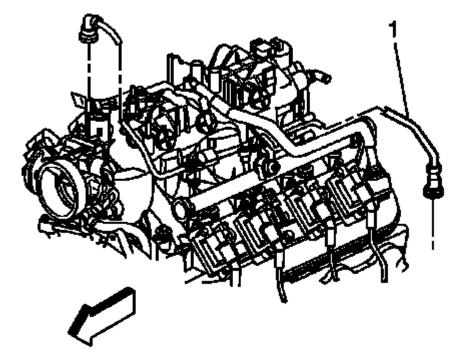


Fig. 61: View Of EVAP Purge Solenoid Vent Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the evaporative emission (EVAP) purge solenoid vent tubes (1) and (2).

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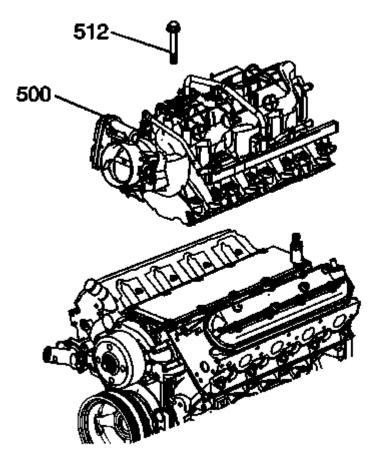


Fig. 62: Removing/Installing Intake Manifold Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Remove the intake manifold bolts (512).
- 7. Remove the intake manifold (500).

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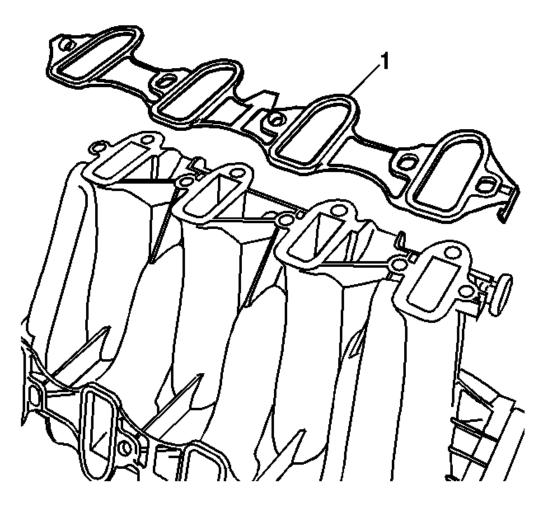


Fig. 63: View Of Intake Manifold Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Remove the intake manifold gaskets (1) from the intake manifold.
- 9. Discard the old intake manifold gaskets.

Installation Procedure

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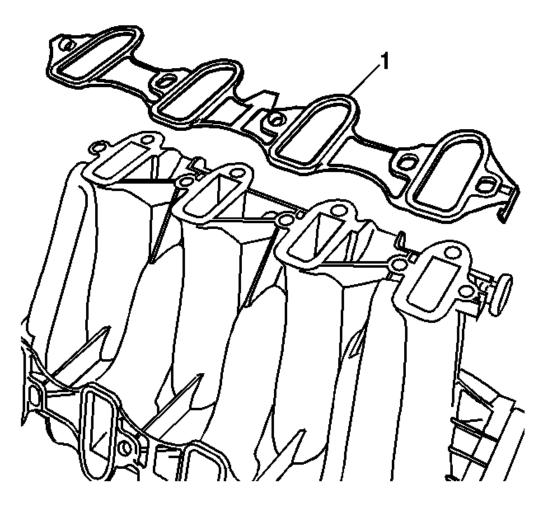


Fig. 64: View Of Intake Manifold Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install new intake manifold gaskets (1) to the intake manifold.

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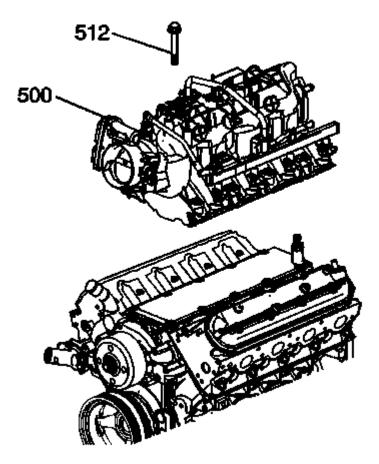


Fig. 65: Removing/Installing Intake Manifold Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the intake manifold (500).
- 3. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) band of threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent to the threads of the intake manifold bolts (512).

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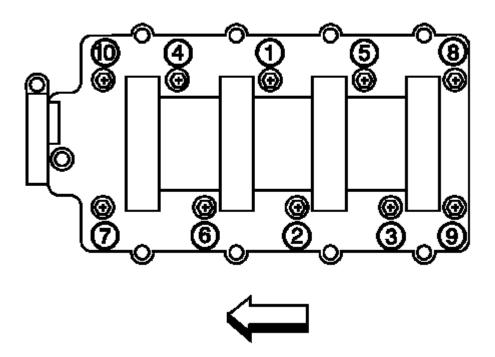


Fig. 66: Identifying Intake Manifold Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the intake manifold bolts.

Tighten:

- Tighten the intake manifold bolts a first pass in sequence to 5 N.m (44 lb in).
- Tighten the intake manifold bolts a final pass in sequence to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

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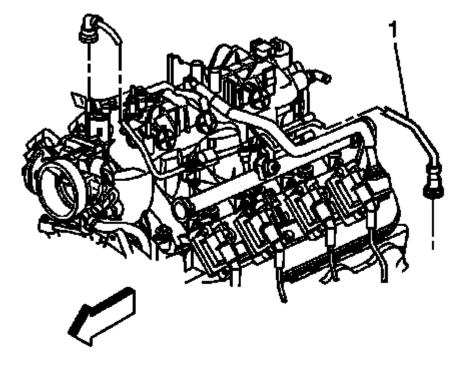


Fig. 67: View Of EVAP Purge Solenoid Vent Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the EVAP purge solenoid vent tubes (1) and (2).

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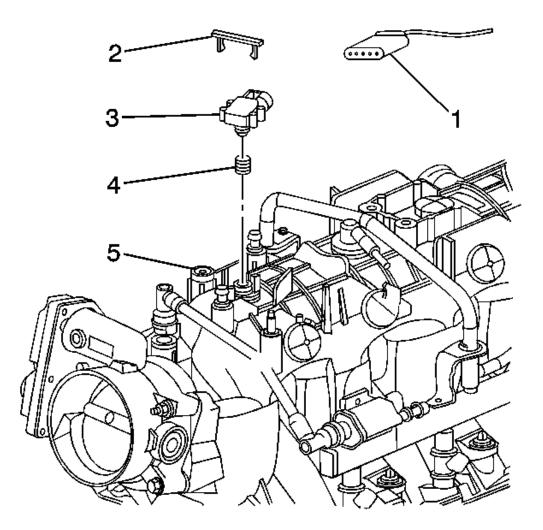


Fig. 68: Removing/Installing Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Lightly coat the MAP sensor seal with clean engine oil before installing.

- 6. Install the MAP sensor. Refer to <u>Manifold Absolute Pressure (MAP) Sensor Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 7. Install the PCV hose.

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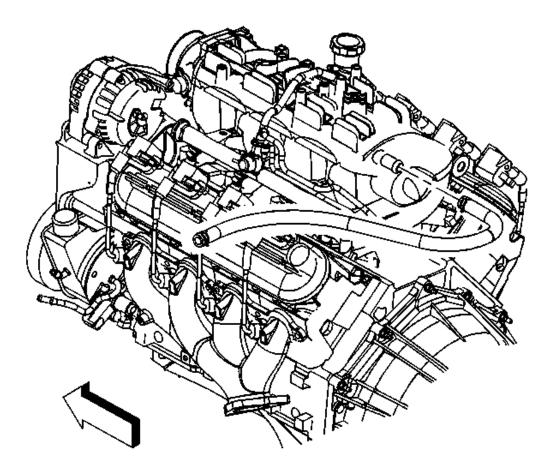


Fig. 69: Disconnecting Vacuum Brake Booster Hose (4.8L, 5.3L, 6.0L) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Install the vacuum brake booster hose.
- 9. Route the electrical harness into position over the engine.
- 10. Install the fuel injectors. Refer to **Fuel Injector Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 11. Install the throttle body. Refer to **Throttle Body Assembly Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.

Engine Valley Cover Replacement

Removal Procedure

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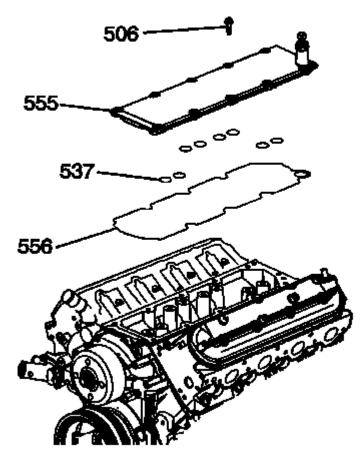


Fig. 70: Removing/Installing Engine Valley Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the intake manifold. Refer to Intake Manifold Replacement.
- 2. Remove the engine valley cover bolts (506).
- 3. Remove the engine valley cover (555), gasket (556), and the O-rings (537) from the cover.
- 4. Remove the oil pressure sensor and washer as required.
- 5. Discard the old gaskets and O-rings. DO NOT reuse. Use NEW gaskets and O-rings ONLY.

Installation Procedure

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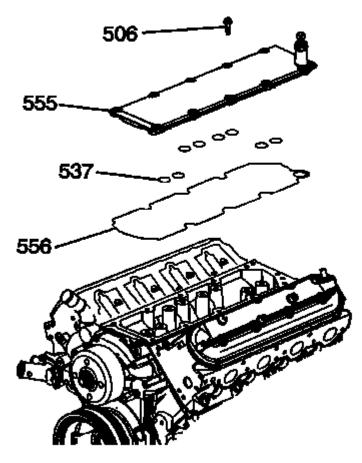


Fig. 71: Removing/Installing Engine Valley Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: All gasket surfaces should be free of oil and other foreign material during assembly.

- 1. Lubricate the O-ring seals with clean engine oil.
- 2. Install the O-rings (537) to the cover (555).

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the cover (555), gaskets (556), and bolts (506).

Tighten: Tighten the cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

- 4. Apply sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) or equivalent to the threads of the sensor.
- 5. Install the oil pressure sensor and sealing washer.

Tighten: Tighten the sensor to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

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6. Install the intake manifold. Refer to Intake Manifold Replacement.

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement - Left

Removal Procedure

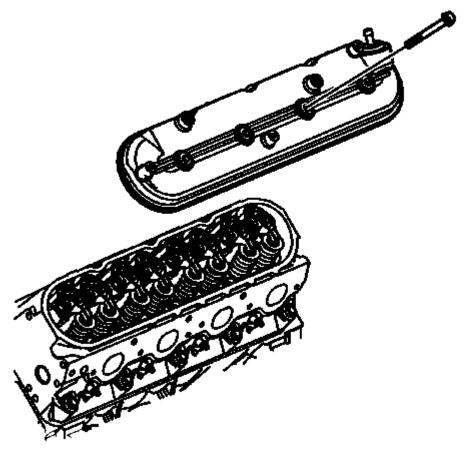


Fig. 72: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the engine sight cover. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.
- 2. Remove the spark plug wires. Refer to **Spark Plug Wire Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 3. Remove the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 4. Remove the valve rocker arm cover bolts.
- 5. Remove the valve rocker arm cover.

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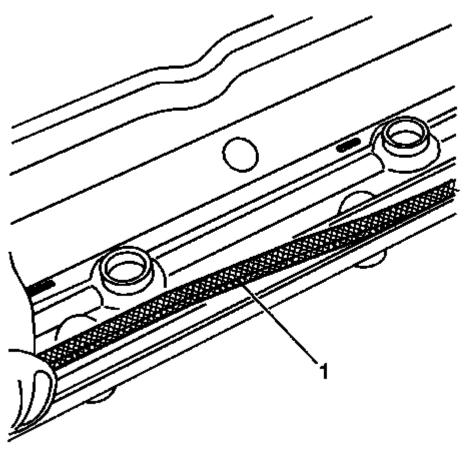


Fig. 73: Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

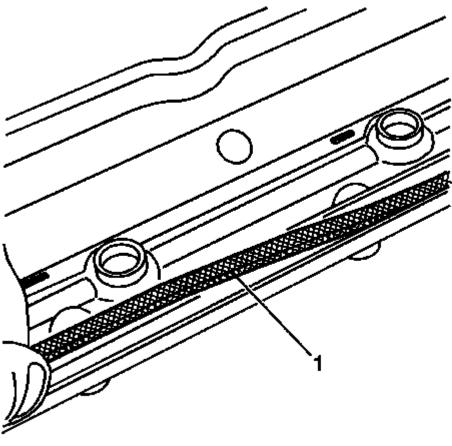
- 6. Remove the gasket (1) from the rocker cover.
- 7. Discard the OLD gasket.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- All gasket surfaces should be free of oil an/or other foreign material during assembly.
 - DO NOT reuse the valve rocker arm cover gasket.
 - The valve rocker arm cover bolt grommets may be reused.
 - If the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) valve grommet has been removed from the rocker cover, install a NEW grommet during assembly.

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<u>Fig. 74: Rocker Arm Cover Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install a NEW rocker cover gasket (1) into the groove of the valve rocker arm cover.

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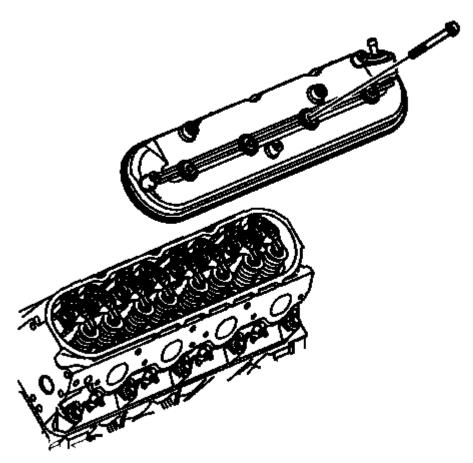


Fig. 75: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the valve rocker arm cover onto the cylinder head.
- 3. Install new rocker arm cover grommets, if necessary.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the rocker arm cover bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the valve rocker arm cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

- 5. Install the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 6. Install the spark plug wires. Refer to Spark Plug Wire Replacement in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 7. Install the engine sight cover. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement - Right

Removal Procedure

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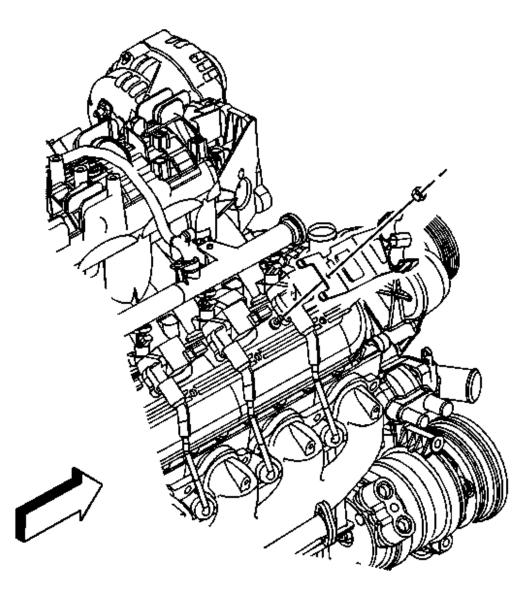
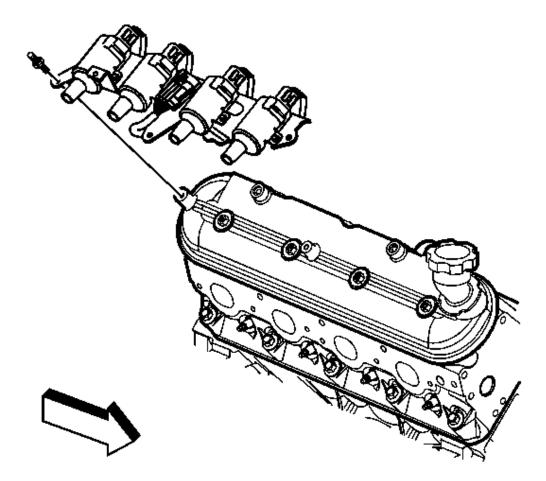


Fig. 76: View Of Heater Hose Bracket Nut Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the engine sight shield. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.
- 2. Remove the spark plug wires. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Wire Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 3. Reposition the surge tank/heater hoses from the heater hose bracket.
- 4. Remove the heater hose bracket nut and bracket.

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<u>Fig. 77: Ignition Coil View</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls - 6.0L.

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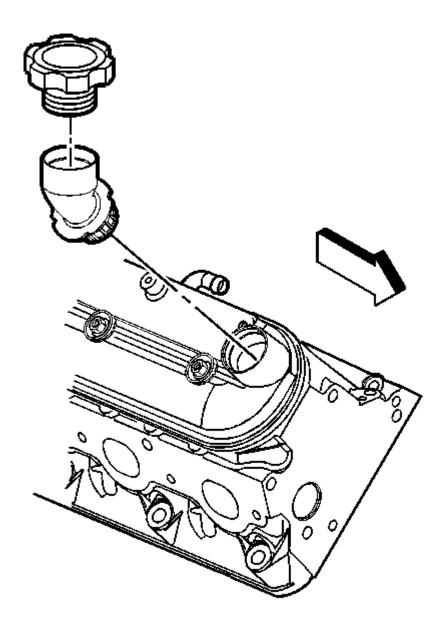


Fig. 78: View Of Oil Fill Cap & Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Remove the oil fill cap from the oil fill tube.
- 7. Remove the oil fill tube from the rocker cover, if required.
- 8. Discard the oil fill tube.

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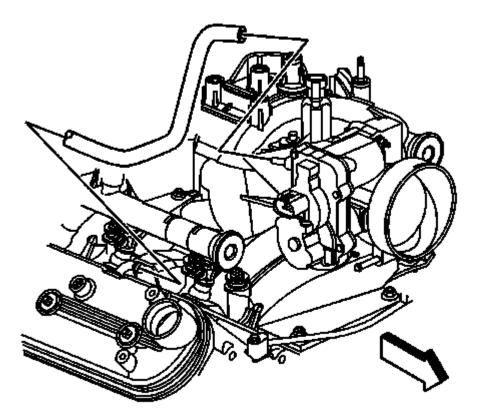


Fig. 79: View Of Throttle Body To Valve Rocker Arm Cover PCV Hose Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the vent hose from the throttle body and valve rocker arm cover.

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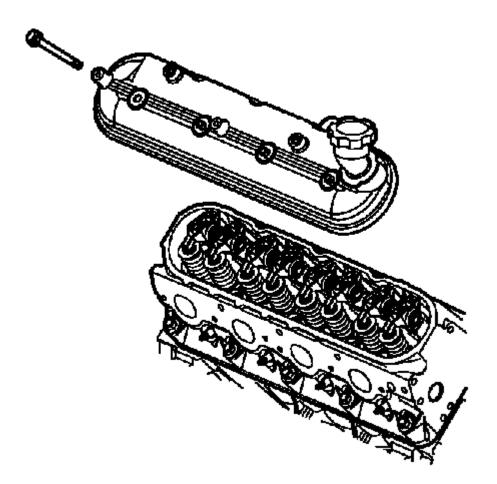


Fig. 80: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover & Bolts (Right) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Remove the valve rocker arm cover bolts.
- 11. Remove the valve rocker arm cover.

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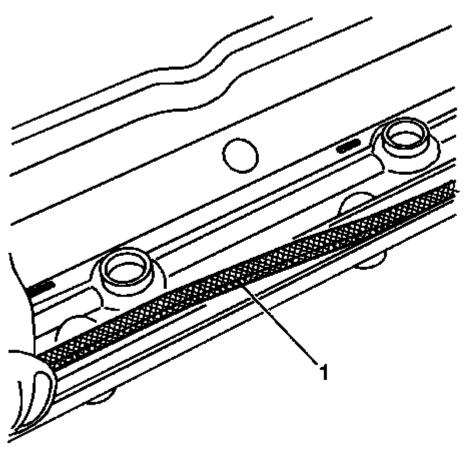


Fig. 81: Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

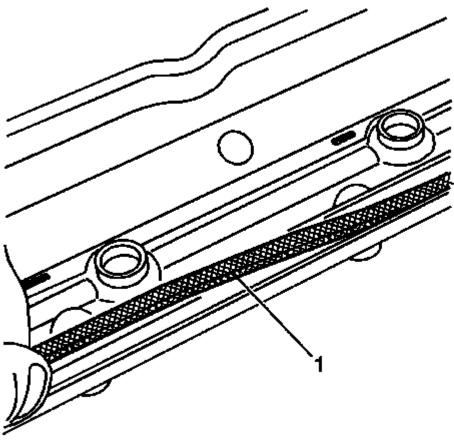
- 12. Remove the gasket (1) from the rocker cover.
- 13. Discard the OLD gasket.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.
 - DO NOT reuse the valve rocker arm cover gasket.
 - The valve rocker arm cover bolt grommets may be reused.
 - If the oil fill tube has been removed from the rocker arm cover, install a NEW fill tube during assembly.

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<u>Fig. 82: Rocker Arm Cover Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install a NEW rocker cover gasket (1) into the valve rocker arm cover.

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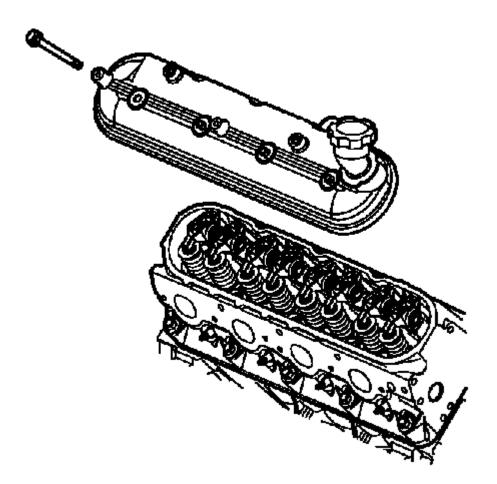


Fig. 83: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover & Bolts (Right) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the valve rocker arm cover onto the cylinder head.
- 3. Install new rocker arm cover grommets, if necessary.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the rocker arm cover bolts and grommets.

Tighten: Tighten the valve rocker arm cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

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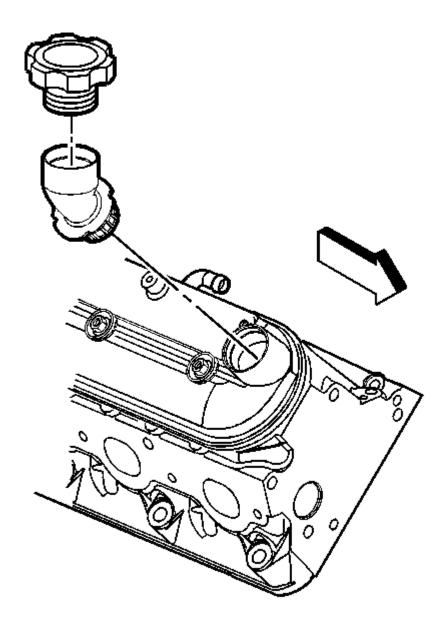


Fig. 84: View Of Oil Fill Cap & Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Apply a small amount of clean oil to the seal.
- 6. Install the oil fill tube in the rocker cover, if required.
- 7. Install the oil fill cap.

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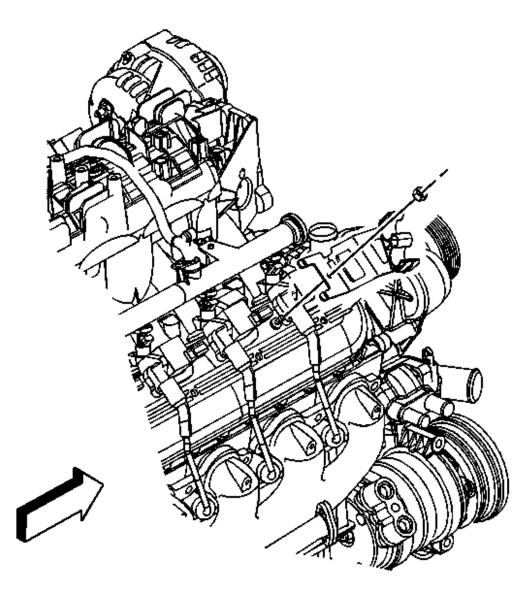
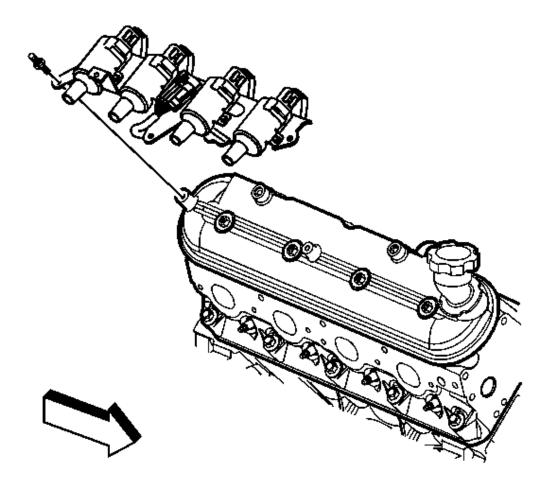


Fig. 85: View Of Heater Hose Bracket Nut Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Reposition the surge tank/heater hoses from the heater hose bracket.
- 9. Install the heater hose bracket nut and bracket.

Tighten: Tighten the heater hose bracket nut to 9 N.m (80 lb in).

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<u>Fig. 86: Ignition Coil View</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Install the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 11. Install the spark plug wires. Refer to Spark Plug Wire Replacement in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 12. Install the engine sight shield. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.

Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Replacement

Removal Procedure

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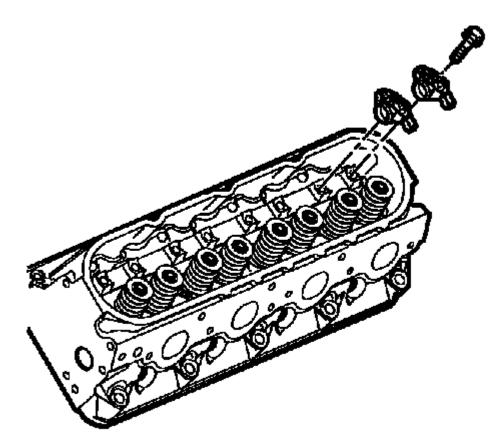


Fig. 87: View Of Rocker Arms & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the valve rocker arm cover.
 - For the left valve rocker arm cover, refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement Left</u>.
 - For the right valve rocker arm cover, refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement Right</u>.

IMPORTANT: If the rocker arms are to be reused, mark the relationship and location of the rocker arm to ensure the proper installation of the rocker arm.

- 2. Remove the rocker arm bolts.
- 3. Remove the rocker arms.

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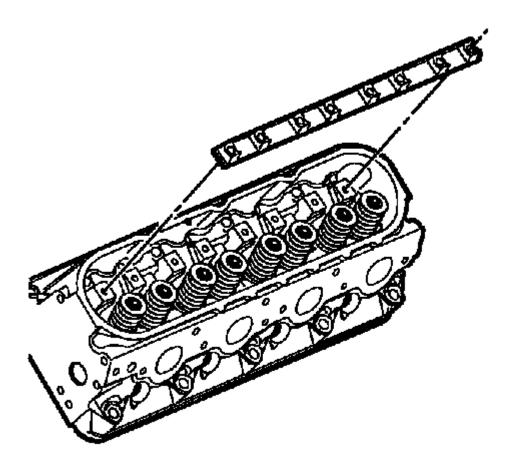
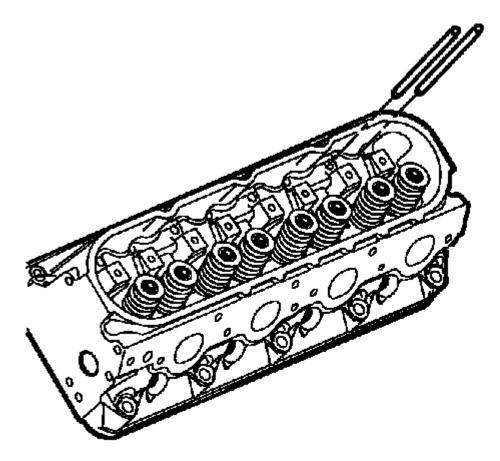


Fig. 88: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Pivot Support Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the rocker arm pivot support.

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<u>Fig. 89: View Of Pushrods</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: If the pushrods are going to be reused, mark the location and position of the pushrod to ensure the proper installation of the pushrod.

5. Remove the pushrods.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: When reusing the valve train components, always install the components to the original location and position.

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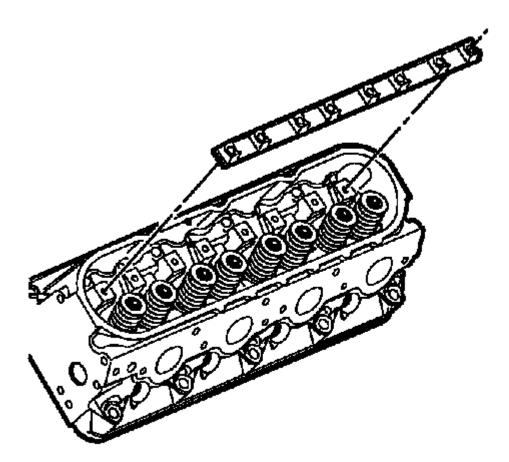


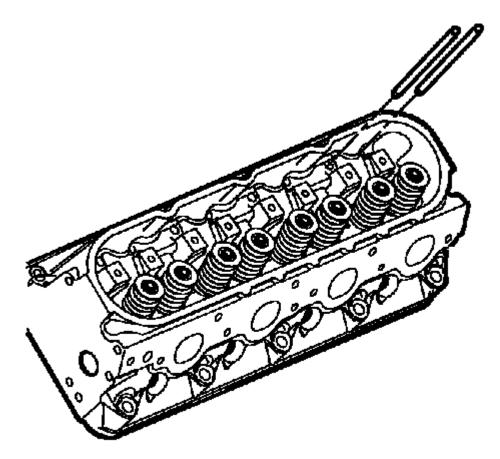
Fig. 90: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Pivot Support Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Lubricate the valve rocker arms and pushrods with clean engine oil.
- 2. Lubricate the flange of the valve rocker arm bolts with clean engine oil.

Lubricate the flange or washer surface of the bolt that will contact the valve rocker arm.

3. Install the valve rocker arm pivot support.

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<u>Fig. 91: View Of Pushrods</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that the pushrods seat properly to the valve lifter sockets.

4. Install the pushrods.

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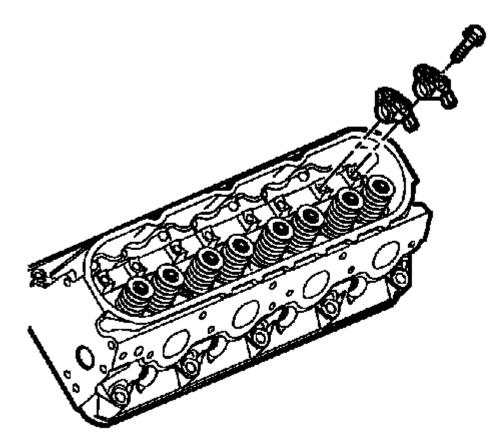


Fig. 92: View Of Rocker Arms & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Make sure that the pushrods seat properly to the ends of the rocker arms. DO NOT tighten the rocker arm bolts at this time.

- 5. Install the rocker arms and bolts.
- 6. Rotate the crankshaft until the number one piston is at top dead center (TDC) of the compression stroke.

In this position, cylinder number one rocker arms will be off lobe lift, and the crankshaft sprocket key will be at the 1:30 position.

The engine firing order is 1,8,7,2,6,5,4,3.

Cylinders 1,3,5 and 7 are the left bank.

Cylinder 2,4,6 and 8 are the right bank.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

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7. With the engine in the number one firing position, tighten the following valve rocker arm bolts:

Tighten:

- Tighten the cylinders 1,2,7 and 8 exhaust valve rocker arm bolts to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the cylinders 1,3,4 and 5 intake valve rocker arm bolts to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- 8. Rotate the crankshaft 360 degrees.
- 9. Tighten the following valve rocker arm bolts:

Tighten:

- Tighten the cylinders 3, 4, 5 and 6 exhaust valve rocker arm bolts to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the cylinders 2, 6, 7 and 8 intake valve rocker arm bolts to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- 10. Install the valve rocker arm cover.
 - For the left valve rocker arm cover, refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement Left</u>.
 - For the right valve rocker arm cover, refer to Valve Rocker Arm Cover Replacement Right.

Valve Stem Oil Seal and Valve Spring Replacement

Tools Required

- J 22794 Spark Plug Port Adapter. See Special Tools.
- J 38606 Valve Spring Compressor. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

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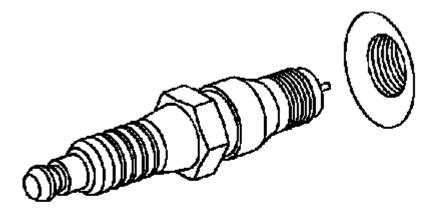


Fig. 93: View Of Spark Plug And Sparkplug Seat Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the spark plugs. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 2. Remove the valve rocker arm and pushrod assembly. Refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod</u> <u>Replacement</u>.

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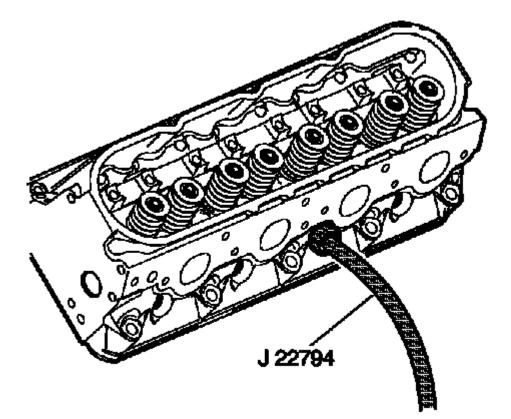
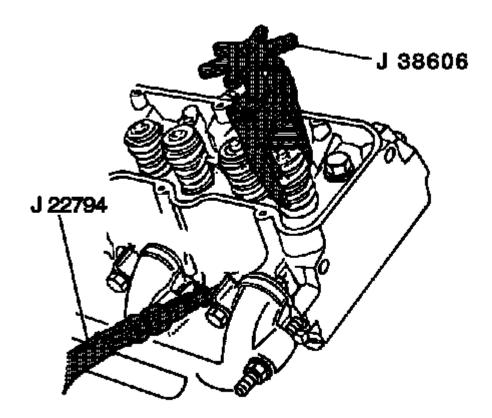


Fig. 94: Applying Compressed Air To J 22794 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the J 22794 in the spark plug hole. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Attach an air hose to the J 22794 . See Special Tools.
- 5. Apply compressed air into the cylinder being serviced.

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<u>Fig. 95: Compress The Valve Spring (Cylinder Head Installed) Using Special Tools</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: It maybe necessary to lightly tap the valve spring retainer with a hard rubber mallet to loosen the valve keys.

- 6. Using the **J 38606**, compress the valve spring. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 7. Using a magnet or equivalent, remove the valve keys.
- 8. Remove the J 38606 . See Special Tools.

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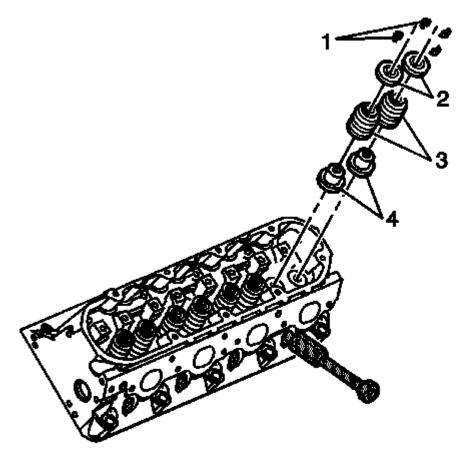


Fig. 96: Valve Stem Keys, Spring, Cap & Shim Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the retainer (2), valve spring (3), valve seal, and shim (4).

Installation Procedure

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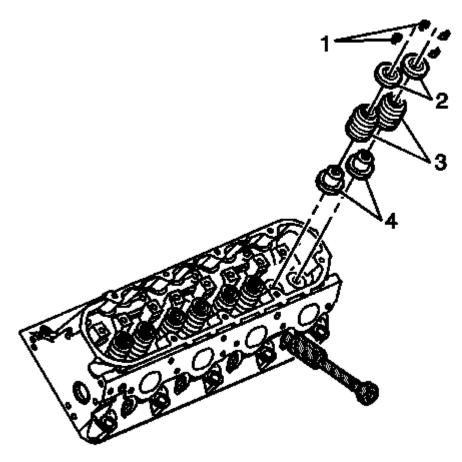
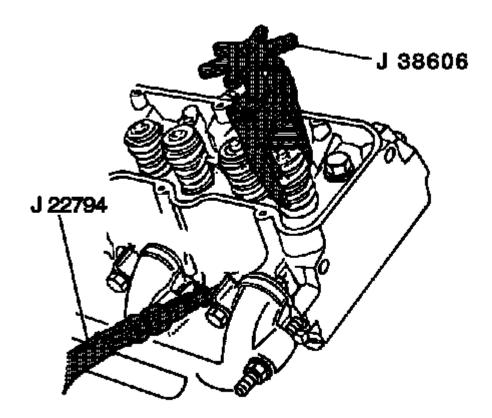


Fig. 97: Valve Stem Keys, Spring, Cap & Shim Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Apply a small amount of clean grease to the tip of the valve.
- 2. Install the valve and shim (4).
- 3. Using the J 38606, compress the valve spring (3) and retainer (2). See Special Tools.
- 4. Install the valve spring assembly.
- 5. Apply a small amount clean grease in the grooves for the valve keys.
- 6. Using a small magnet or equivalent, install the keys.

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<u>Fig. 98: Compress The Valve Spring (Cylinder Head Installed) Using Special Tools</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Ensure that the valve keys are properly seated before releasing the special tool.

7. Remove the **J 38606** from the valve assembly. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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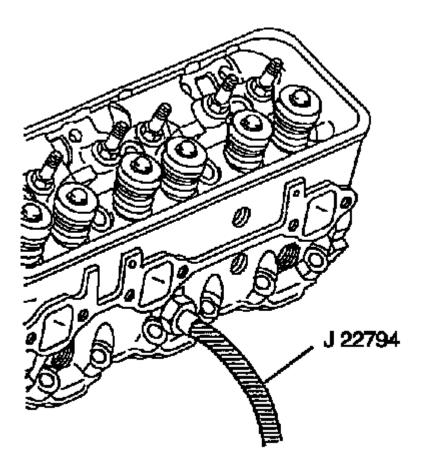


Fig. 99: View Of J 22794 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the J 22794 . See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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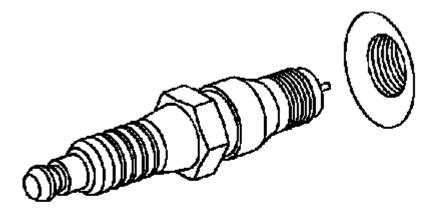


Fig. 100: View Of Spark Plug And Sparkplug Seat Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Install the spark plugs. Refer to <u>Spark Plug Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 10. Install the valve rocker arm and pushrod assembly. Refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod</u> <u>Replacement</u>.

Oil Level Indicator and Tube Replacement

Removal Procedure

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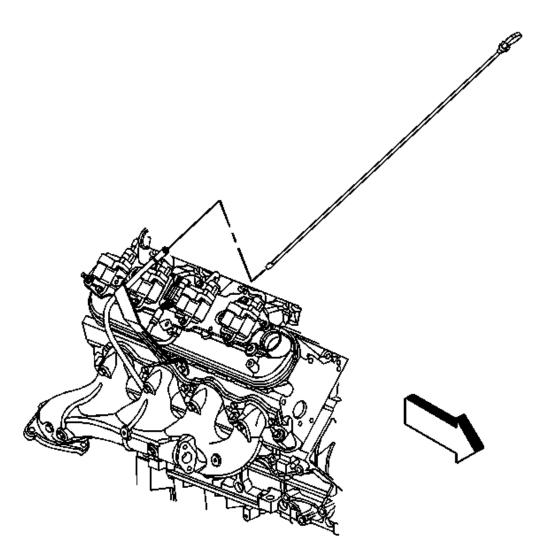


Fig. 101: Upper Oil Level Indicator Tube Into Lower Oil Fill Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Using compressed air, clean the area around the oil dipstick tube where it enters the engine block.
- 2. Remove the oil level indicator from the tube.
- 3. Remove the oil level indicator tube bolt.
- 4. It maybe necessary to raise the vehicle to gain access to the oil level tube. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking</u> <u>the Vehicle</u> in General Information.
- 5. Remove the oil level indicator tube from the engine block.

IMPORTANT: The O-ring seal may be reused if not cut or damaged.

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- 6. Inspect the O-ring seal for cuts or damage.
- 7. Remove the O-ring seal from the tube (if required).
- 8. Lower the vehicle.

Installation Procedure

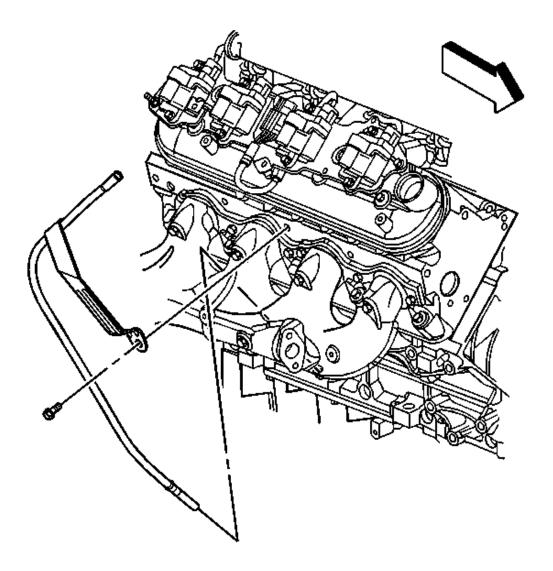


Fig. 102: Oil Level Indicator & Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Lubricate the O-ring seal with clean engine oil.

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- 2. Install the O-ring seal onto the oil level indicator tube.
- 3. Install the oil level indicator tube behind the exhaust manifold.
- 4. Raise and suitably support the vehicle. Refer to Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle in General Information.
- 5. Install the oil level indicator tube into the block. The tube must be installed with the collar flush to the block.
- 6. Lower the vehicle.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

Install the oil level indicator tube bolt

Tighten: Tighten the oil level indicator tube bolt to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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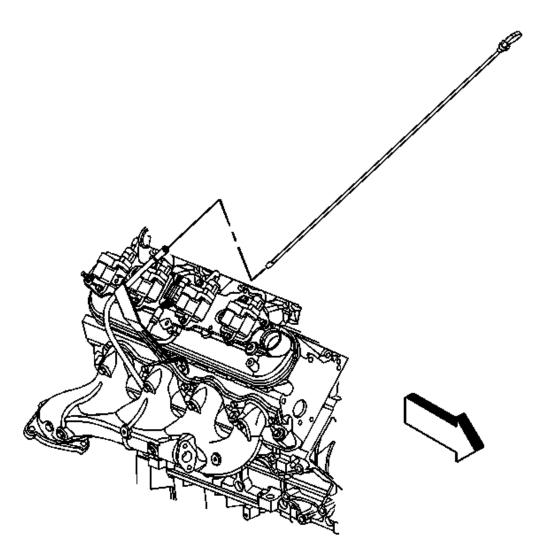


Fig. 103: Upper Oil Level Indicator Tube Into Lower Oil Fill Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the oil level indicator to the tube.

Cylinder Head Replacement - Left

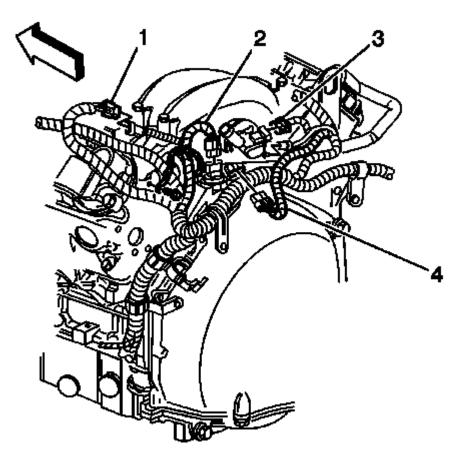
Tools Required

- J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.
- J 42385-100 Thread Repair Kit (Cylinder Head/Main Bearing Bolt). See Special Tools.

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Removal Procedure



<u>Fig. 104: Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Electrical Connector & Engine Wiring Harness Ground Strap</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the valve rocker arms and pushrods. Refer to <u>Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Replacement</u>.
- 2. Remove the engine coolant air bleed pipe and covers. Refer to <u>Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Assembly</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 3. Remove the generator bracket. Refer to <u>Generator Bracket Replacement</u> in Engine Electrical.
- 4. Remove the exhaust manifold. Refer to **<u>Exhaust Manifold Replacement Left</u>** in Engine Exhaust.
- 5. Remove the engine wiring harness ground bolt from the rear of the left cylinder head.
- 6. Reposition the engine wire harness ground strap away from the cylinder head.

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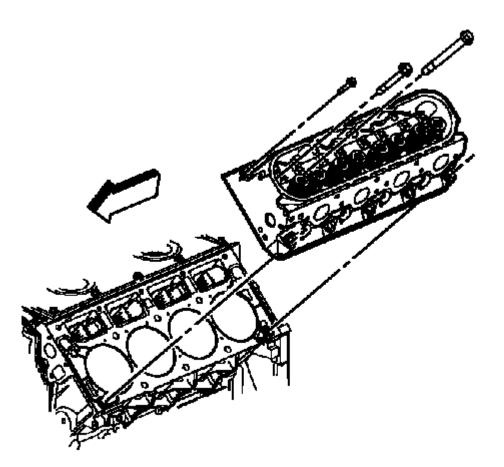


Fig. 105: View Of Cylinder Head & Bolts (Left) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The cylinder head bolts are NOT reusable.

NOTE: After removal, place the cylinder head on 2 wood blocks in order to prevent damage to the sealing surfaces.

- 7. Remove the cylinder head bolts.
- 8. Remove the cylinder head.

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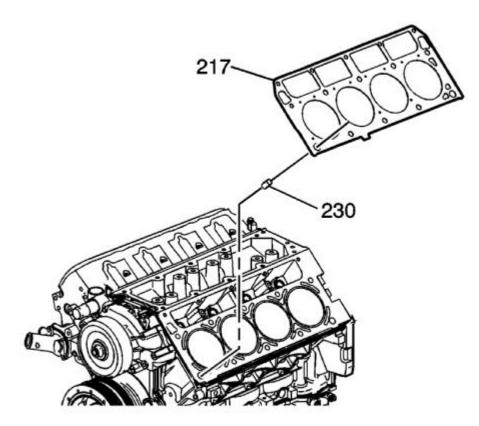


Fig. 106: View Of Cylinder Head Gasket And Alignment Pin - Left Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Remove the cylinder head gasket (217).
- 10. Discard the gasket.
- 11. Discard all M8 and M11 cylinder head bolts.
- 12. Clean and inspect the cylinder head. Refer to Cylinder Head Cleaning and Inspection.

Installation Procedure

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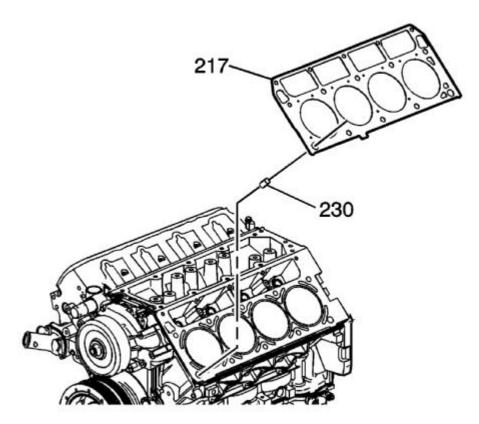


Fig. 107: View Of Cylinder Head Gasket And Alignment Pin - Left Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- NOTE: Clean all dirt, debris, and coolant from the engine block cylinder head bolt holes. Failure to remove all foreign material may result in damaged threads, improperly tightened fasteners or damage to components.
- IMPORTANT: Do not use the cylinder head bolts again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.
 - Do not use any type of sealant on the cylinder head gasket, unless specified.
 - The cylinder head gaskets must be installed in the proper direction and position.
- 1. Clean the engine block cylinder head bolt holes, if required.

Thread repair tool J 42385-107 may be used to clean the threads of old threadlocking material.

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- 2. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139 (Canadian P/N 10953463), GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463) or equivalent into the hole.
- 3. Clean the cylinder head bolt holes with compressed air.
- 4. Install the cylinder head locating pins (230).

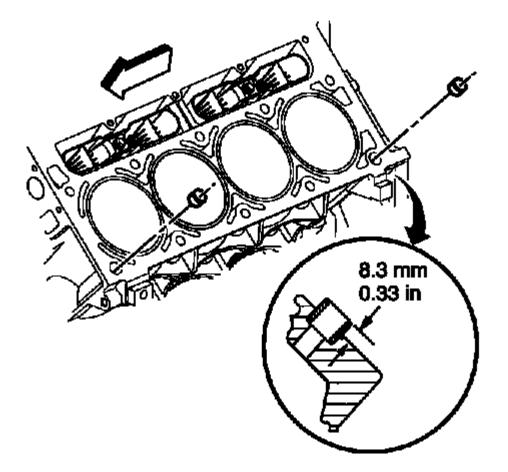


Fig. 108: Cylinder Head Locating Pins Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Inspect the locating pins for proper installation.

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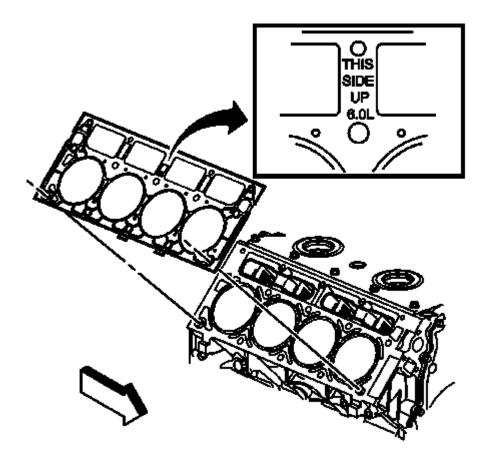


Fig. 109: Gasket Displacement Markings Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Inspect the displacement markings on the gasket for proper usage.

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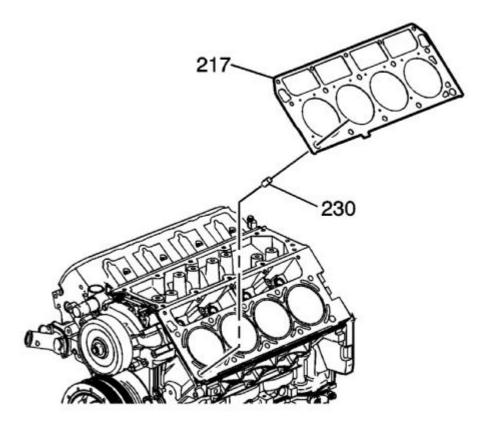
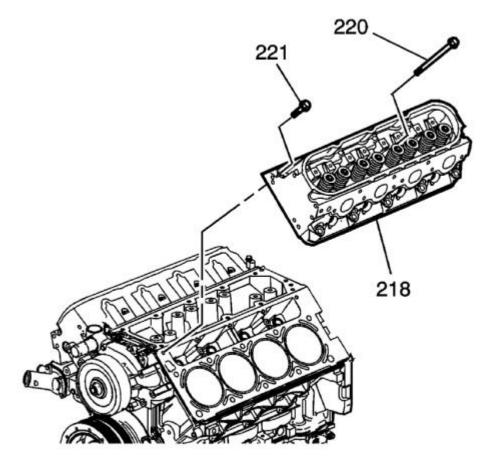


Fig. 110: View Of Cylinder Head Gasket And Alignment Pin - Left Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the NEW cylinder head gasket (217) onto the locating pins.

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<u>Fig. 111: Cylinder Head & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Install the cylinder head (218) onto the locating pins and the gasket.
- 9. Install the NEW cylinder head bolts (200, 221).

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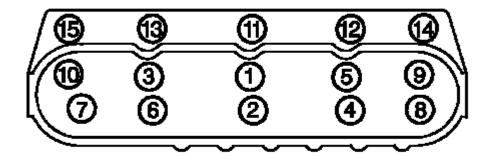


Fig. 112: Cylinder Head Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

10. Tighten the cylinder head bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a second pass in sequence to 90 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence to 70 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Tighten the M8 cylinder head bolts (11-15) to 30 N.m (22 lb ft). Begin with the center bolt (11) and alternating side-to-side, work outward tightening all of the bolts.

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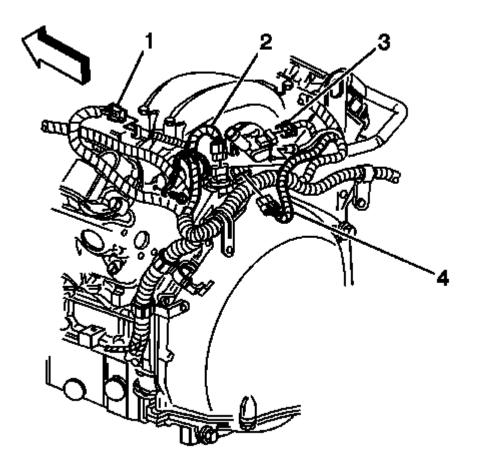


Fig. 113: Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Electrical Connector & Engine Wiring Harness Ground Strap Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. Position the engine wire harness ground strap against the cylinder head.
- 12. Install the engine wiring harness ground bolt to the rear of the left cylinder head.

Tighten: Tighten the engine wire harness ground bolt to 32 N.m (24 lb ft).

- 13. Install the exhaust manifold. Refer to Exhaust Manifold Replacement Left in Engine Exhaust.
- 14. Install the generator bracket. Refer to <u>Generator Bracket Replacement</u> in Engine Electrical.
- 15. Install the engine coolant air bleed pipe. Refer to <u>Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Assembly Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 16. Install the valve rocker arms and pushrods. Refer to Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Replacement.

Cylinder Head Replacement - Right

Tools Required

- J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.
- J 42385-100 Thread Repair Kit (Cylinder Head/Main Bearing Bolt). See Special Tools.

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Removal Procedure

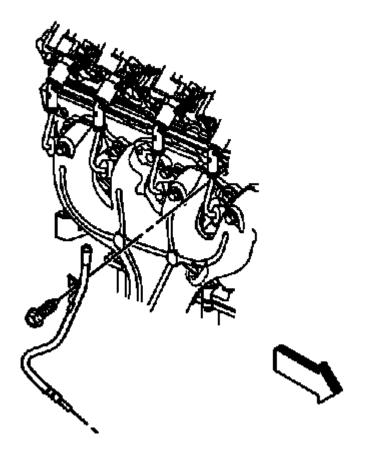


Fig. 114: View Of Oil Level Indicator Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the valve rocker arms and pushrods. Refer to Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Replacement.
- 2. Remove the engine coolant air bleed pipe and covers. Refer to <u>Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Assembly</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 3. Remove the exhaust manifold. Refer to Exhaust Manifold Replacement Right in Engine Exhaust.
- 4. Remove the oil level indicator tube bolt.
- 5. Reposition the oil level indicator tube, if necessary.
- 6. Remove the wiring harness from the clip at the rear of the cylinder head.

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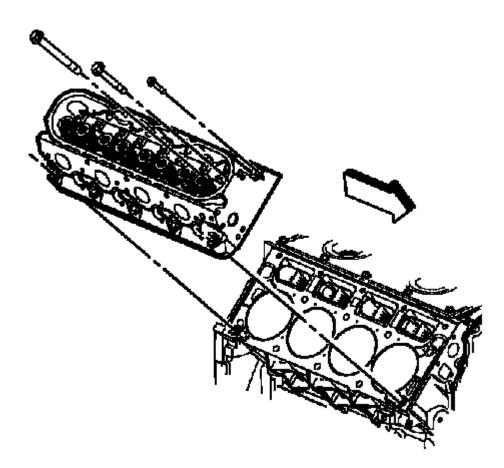


Fig. 115: View Of Cylinder Head & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The cylinder head bolts are NOT reusable.

NOTE: After removal, place the cylinder head on 2 wood blocks in order to prevent damage to the sealing surfaces.

- 7. Remove the cylinder head bolts.
- 8. Remove the cylinder head.

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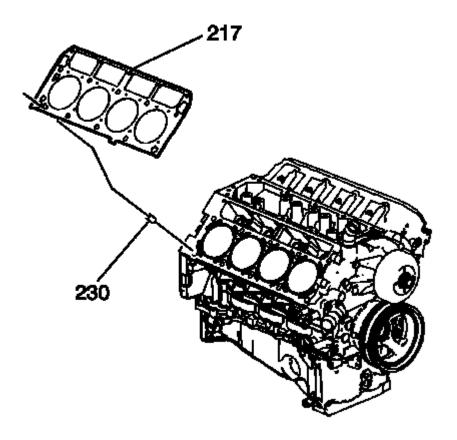


Fig. 116: Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Remove the cylinder head gasket.
- 10. Discard the gasket.
- 11. Discard the cylinder head bolts.
- 12. Clean and inspect the cylinder head. Refer to Cylinder Head Cleaning and Inspection.

Installation Procedure

CAUTION: Wear safety glasses in order to avoid eye damage.

NOTE: Clean all dirt, debris, and coolant from the engine block cylinder head bolt holes. Failure to remove all foreign material may result in damaged threads, improperly tightened fasteners or damage to components.

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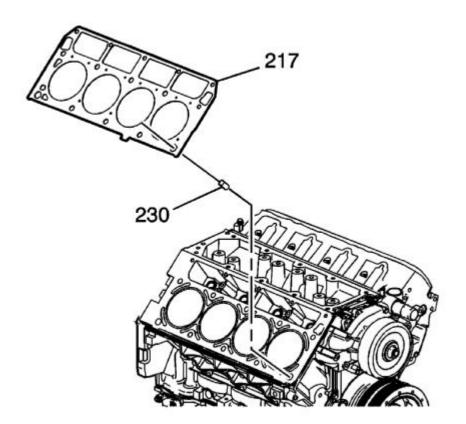


Fig. 117: Cylinder Head Gasket & Locating Pins - Right Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not use the cylinder head bolts again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.

- Do not use any type of sealant on the cylinder head gasket, unless specified.
- The cylinder head gaskets must be installed in the proper direction and position.
- 1. Clean the engine block cylinder head bolt holes, if required.

Thread repair tool J 42385-107 may be used to clean the threads of old threadlocking material.

- 2. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139 (Canadian P/N 10953463), GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463) or equivalent into the hole.
- 3. Clean the cylinder head bolt holes with compressed air.
- 4. Install the cylinder head locating pins (230).

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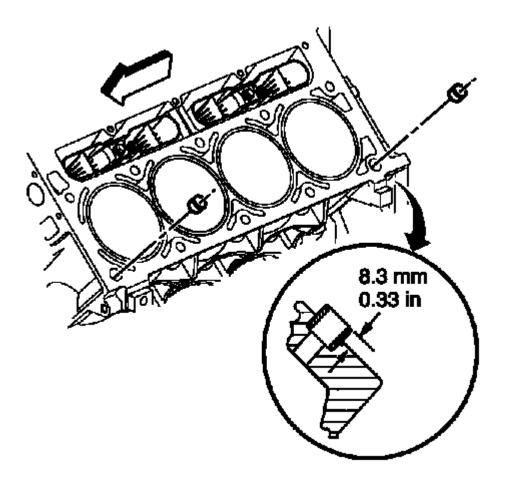


Fig. 118: Cylinder Head Locating Pins Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Inspect the locating pins for proper installation.

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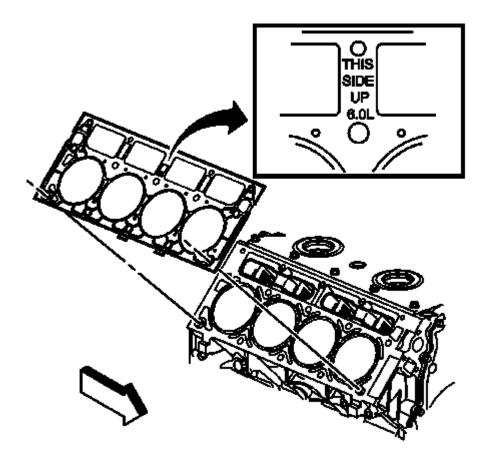


Fig. 119: Gasket Displacement Markings Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Inspect the displacement markings on the gasket for proper usage.

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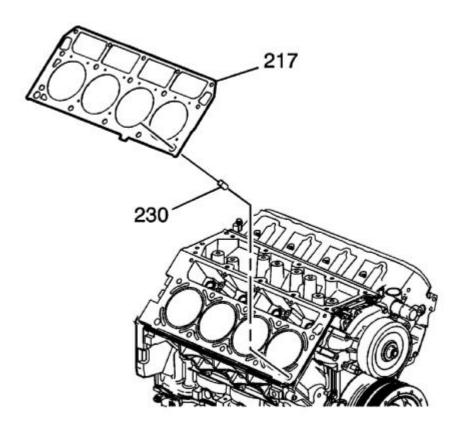


Fig. 120: Cylinder Head Gasket & Locating Pins - Right Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the NEW cylinder head gasket (217) onto the locating pins.

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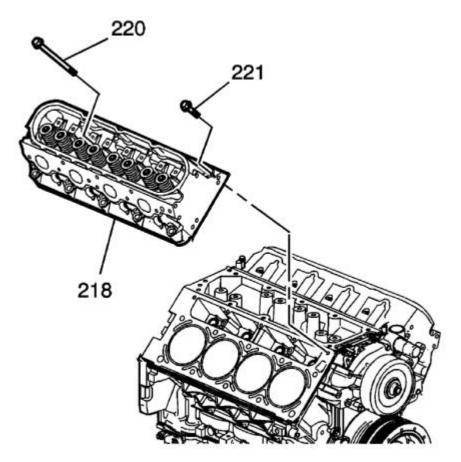


Fig. 121: Right Cylinder Head & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Install the cylinder head (218) onto the locating pins and the gasket.
- 9. Install the NEW cylinder head bolts (220, 221).

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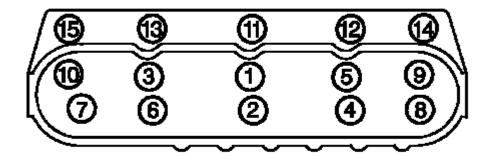


Fig. 122: Cylinder Head Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

10. Tighten the cylinder head bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a second pass in sequence to 90 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence to 70 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Tighten the M8 cylinder head bolts (11-15) to 30 N.m (22 lb ft). Begin with the center bolt (11) and alternating side-to-side, work outward tightening all of the bolts.
- 11. Install the wiring harness to the clip at the rear of the cylinder head.

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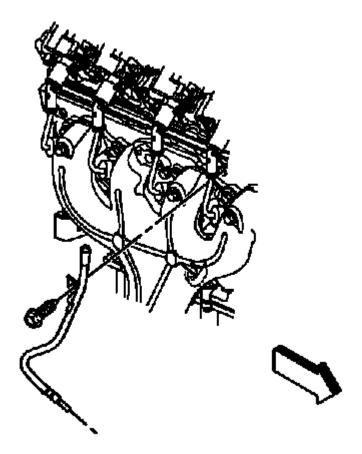


Fig. 123: View Of Oil Level Indicator Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 12. Position the oil level indicator tube into place.
- 13. Install the oil level indicator tube bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the oil level indicator tube bolt to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

- 14. Install the exhaust manifold. Refer to **Exhaust Manifold Replacement Right** in Engine Exhaust.
- 15. Install the engine coolant air bleed pipe. Refer to <u>Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Assembly Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 16. Install the valve rocker arms and pushrods. Refer to Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Replacement.

Valve Lifter Replacement

Tools Required

J 3049-A Valve Lifter Remover. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

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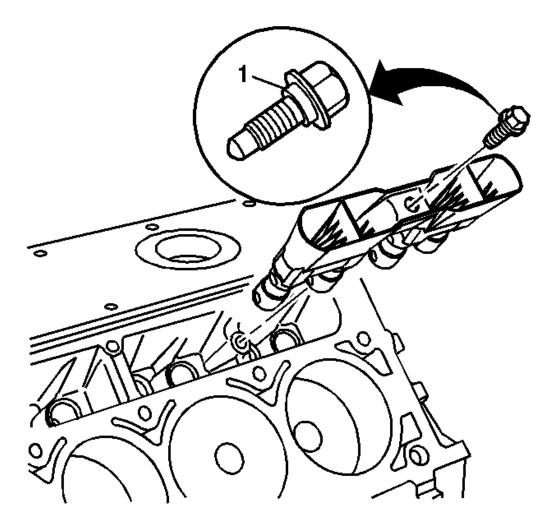


Fig. 124: View Of Valve Lifter Guide And Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the cylinder head and gasket.
 - For the left cylinder head, refer to **Cylinder Head Replacement Left**.
 - For the right cylinder head, refer to **Cylinder Head Replacement Right**.
- 2. Remove the valve lifter guide bolts (1).
- 3. Remove the valve lifters and guide.

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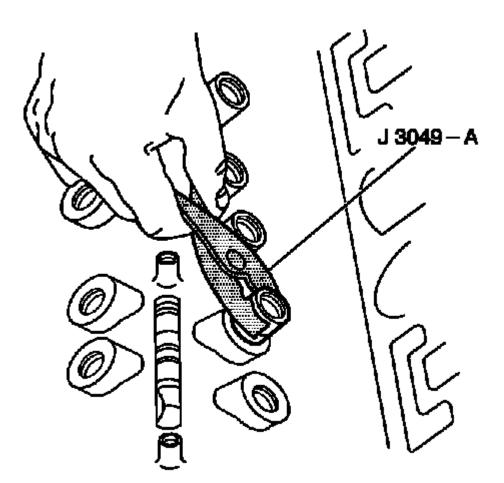


Fig. 125: Using J 3049-A To Remove The Stuck Valve Lifters Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Some valve lifters may be stuck in their bores because of gum or varnish deposits.

4. Use J 3049-A or equivalent in order to remove the valve lifters (if required). See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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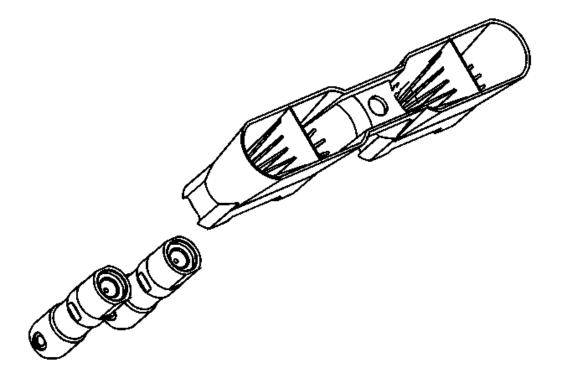


Fig. 126: View Of Valve Lifters & Lifter Guides Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the valve lifters from the guide.
- 6. Organize or mark the components so that they can be installed in the same location from which they were removed.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: When reusing valve lifters, install the lifters to their original locations.

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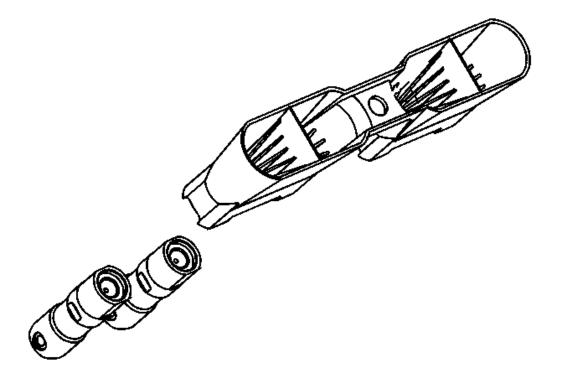


Fig. 127: View Of Valve Lifters & Lifter Guides Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Lubricate the valve lifters and engine block valve lifter bores with clean engine oil.
- 2. Insert the valve lifters into the lifter guides.

Align the flat area on the top of the lifter with the flat area in the lifter guide bore. Push the lifter completely into the guide bore.

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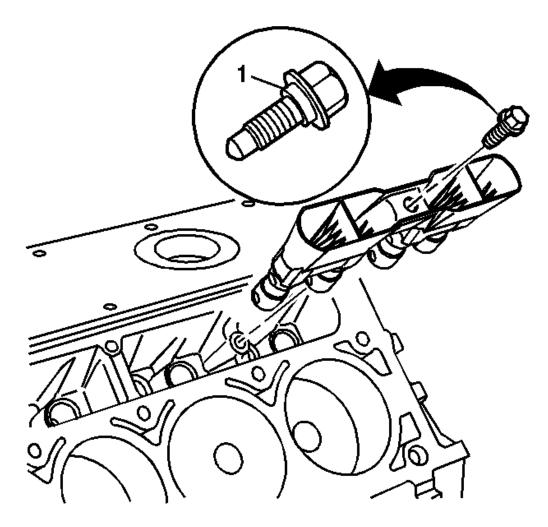


Fig. 128: View Of Valve Lifter Guide And Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

- 3. Install the valve lifters and guide to the engine block.
- 4. Install the valve lifter guide bolt (1).

Tighten: Tighten the valve lifter guide bolt (1) to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

- 5. Install the cylinder head and gasket.
 - For the left cylinder head, refer to **Cylinder Head Replacement Left**.
 - For the right cylinder head, refer to **Cylinder Head Replacement Right**.

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Crankshaft Balancer Replacement

Tools Required

- J 41665 Crankshaft Balancer and Sprocket Installer. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41816 Crankshaft Balancer Remover. See Special Tools.
- J 41816-2 Crankshaft End Protector. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 42386-A Flywheel Holding Tool. See Special Tools.
- J 45059 Torque Angle Meter. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

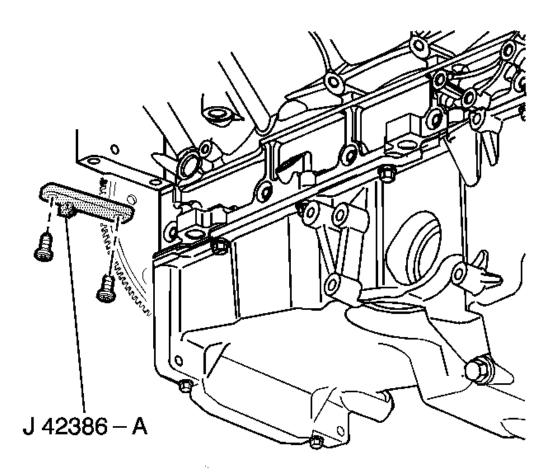


Fig. 129: View Of J 42386-A Flywheel Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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- 1. Remove the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Accessory.
- 2. Remove the air conditioning (A/C) drive belt, if equipped. Refer to <u>Drive Belt Replacement Air</u> <u>Conditioning</u>.
- 3. Remove the cooling fan. Refer to **Cooling Fan Replacement Electric** in Engine Cooling.
- 4. Remove the starter motor. Refer to <u>Starter Motor Replacement</u> in Engine Electrical.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- IMPORTANT: Make sure that the teeth of the J 42386-A mesh with the teeth of the engine flywheel. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
 - The crankshaft balancer is balanced as an individual component. It is not necessary to mark the balancer prior to removal.
- 5. Install the J 42386-A and bolts. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Use one M10-1.5 x 120 mm and one M10-1.5 x 45 mm bolt for proper tool operation.

Tighten: Tighten the J 42386-A bolts to 50 N. See Special Tools.m (37 lb ft).

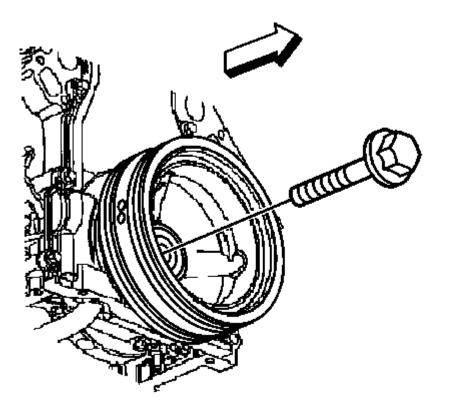


Fig. 130: Crankshaft Balancer And Retaining Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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6. Remove the crankshaft balancer bolt.

Do not discard the crankshaft balancer bolt. The balancer bolt will be used during the balancer installation procedure.

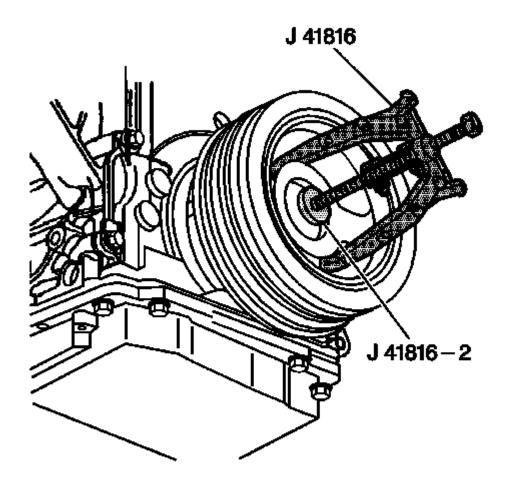


Fig. 131: Removing The Crankshaft Balancer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Use the J 41816 and J 41816-2 in order to remove the crankshaft balancer. See Special Tools.
- 8. Remove the J 41816 and the J 41816-2 from the crankshaft balancer. See Special Tools.
- 9. Clean and inspect the crankshaft balancer. Refer to Crankshaft Balancer Cleaning and Inspection.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- Make sure that the teeth of the J 42386-A mesh with the teeth of the engine flywheel. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- The used crankshaft balancer bolt will be used only during the first pass

of the balancer installation procedure. Install the NEW bolt and tighten as described in the second, third, and forth passes of the balancer bolt tightening sequence procedure.

• The crankshaft balancer installation and bolt tightening involves a 4-stage tightening process. The first pass ensures that the balancer is installed completely onto the crankshaft. The second, third, and forth passes tighten the new bolt to the proper torque.

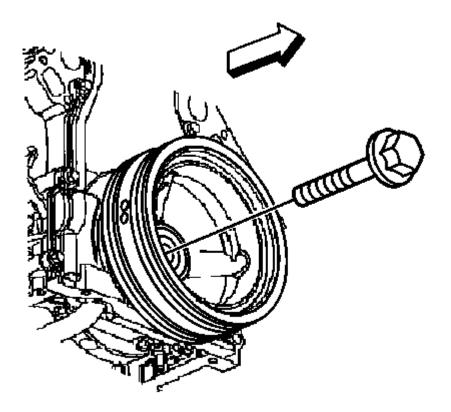


Fig. 132: Crankshaft Balancer And Retaining Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the crankshaft balancer onto the end of the crankshaft.

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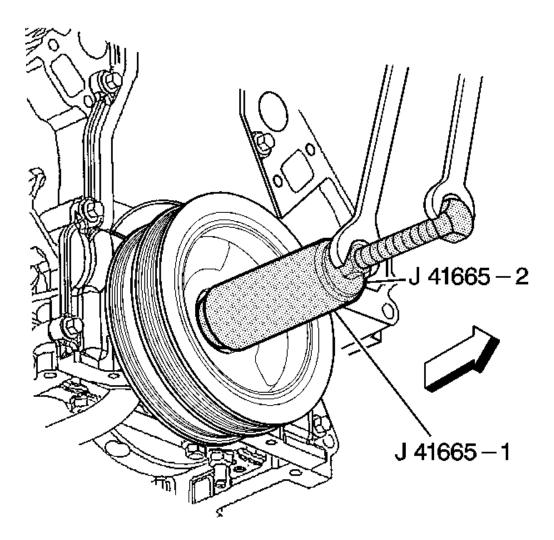


Fig. 133: Installing Balancer Using J 41665 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Use the J 41665 in order to install the crankshaft balancer. See Special Tools.
 - 1. Assemble the threaded rod, nut, washer and installer. Insert the smaller end of the installer into the front of the balancer.
 - 2. Use a wrench and hold the hex end of the threaded rod.
 - 3. Use a second wrench and rotate the installation tool nut clockwise until the balancer is started onto the crankshaft.
 - 4. Remove the tool and reverse the installation tool. Position the larger end of the installer against the front of the balancer.
 - 5. Use a wrench and hold the hex end of the threaded rod.

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- 6. Use a second wrench and rotate the installation tool nut clockwise until the balancer is installed onto the crankshaft.
- 7. Remove the balancer installation tool.

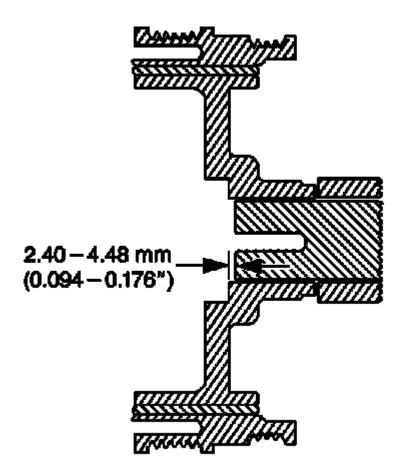


Fig. 134: Identifying Hub To Crankshaft Distance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the used crankshaft balancer bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the USED crankshaft balancer bolt to 330 N.m (240 lb ft).

4. Remove the used crankshaft balancer bolt.

IMPORTANT: The nose of the crankshaft should be recessed 2.4-4.48 N.m (0.094-0.176 in) into the balancer bore.

- 5. Measure for a correctly installed balancer. If the balancer is not installed to the proper dimensions, install the **J 41665** and repeat the installation procedure. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 6. Install the NEW crankshaft balancer bolt.

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Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt a first pass to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt a second pass to 140 degrees using **J 45059** . See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 7. Remove the J 42386-A and bolts. See Special Tools.
- 8. Install the starter motor. Refer to **<u>Starter Motor Replacement</u>**.
- 9. Install the cooling fan. Refer to Cooling Fan Replacement Electric in Engine Electrical.
- 10. Install the accessory drive belt. Refer to **Drive Belt Replacement Accessory**.
- 11. Install the A/C drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Air Conditioning.

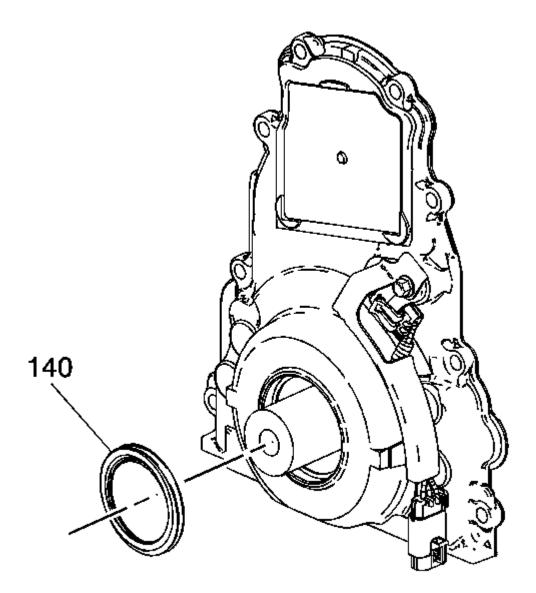
Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Replacement

Tools Required

J 41478 Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

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<u>Fig. 135: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the crankshaft balancer. Refer to Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Replacement.
- 2. Remove the crankshaft oil seal (140) from the front cover.

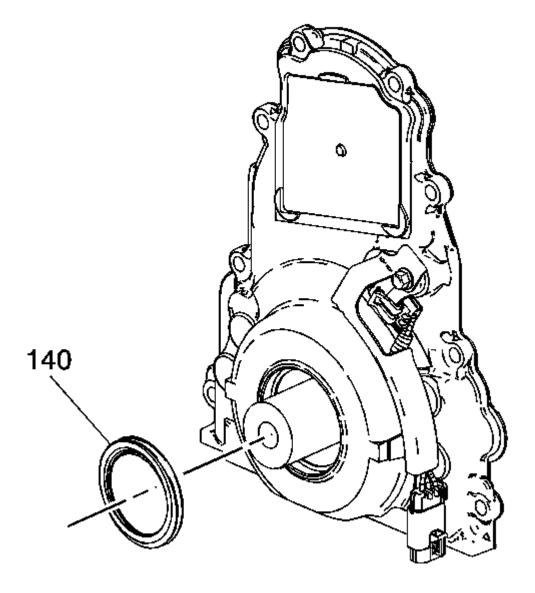
Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

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- Do not lubricate the oil seal sealing surface.
- Do not reuse the crankshaft oil seal.



<u>Fig. 136: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Lubricate the outer edge of the oil seal (140) with clean engine oil.
- 2. Lubricate the front cover oil seal bore with clean engine oil.

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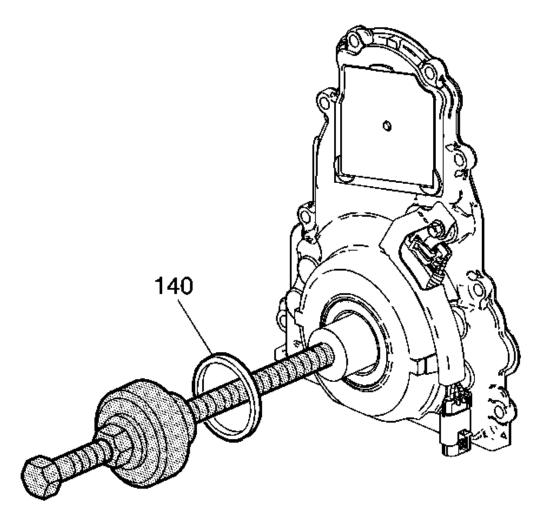


Fig. 137: Installing Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the crankshaft front oil sealTM(140) onto the J 41478 guide. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Install the J 41478 threaded rod, with a nut, washer, guide, and oil seal, into the end of the crankshaft. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 5. Use the J 41478 in order to install the oil seal into the cover bore. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
 - 1. Use a wrench and hold the hex on the installer bolt.
 - 2. Use a second wrench and rotate the installer nut clockwise until the seal bottoms in the cover bore.
 - 3. Remove the J 41478 . See <u>Special Tools</u>.
 - 4. Inspect the oil seal for proper installation.

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The oil seal should be installed evenly and completely into the front cover bore.

6. Install the crankshaft balancer. Refer to Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Replacement.

Engine Front Cover Replacement

Tools Required

J 41476 Front and Rear Cover Alignment Tool. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

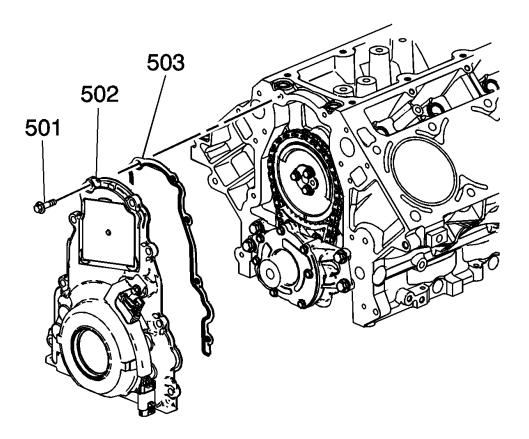


Fig. 138: Engine Front Cover, Gasket & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the water pump. Refer to <u>Water Pump Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 2. Remove the camshaft position (CMP) sensor. Refer to <u>Camshaft Position (CMP) Sensor Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 3. Remove the crankshaft balancer. Refer to Crankshaft Balancer Replacement.

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- 4. Remove the oil pan-to-front cover bolts.
- 5. Remove the front cover bolts.
- 6. Remove the front cover and gasket.
- 7. Remove the oil front crankshaft oil seal.
- 8. Discard the front cover gasket.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- Do not reuse the crankshaft oil seal or front cover gasket.
- Do not apply any type of sealant to the front cover gasket, unless specified.
- The special tool in this procedure is used to properly center the front crankshaft front oil seal.
 - All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.
 - $\circ\,$ The crankshaft front oil seal MUST be centered in relation to the crankshaft.
 - An improperly aligned front cover may cause premature front oil seal wear and/or engine oil leaks.

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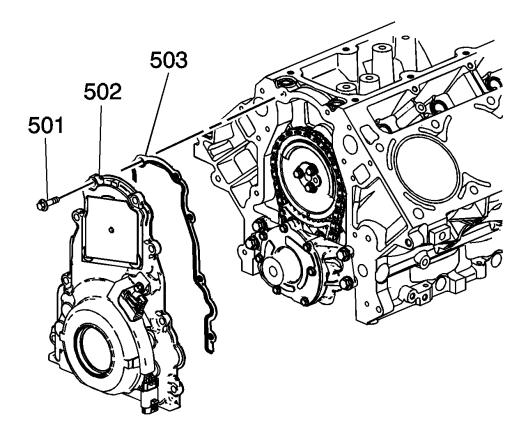


Fig. 139: Engine Front Cover, Gasket & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12378190, or equivalent 20 mm (0.8 in) long to the oil pan to engine block junction.
- 2. Install the front cover gasket and cover.
- 3. Install the front cover bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.
- 4. Install the oil pan-to-front cover bolts until snug. Do not over tighten.

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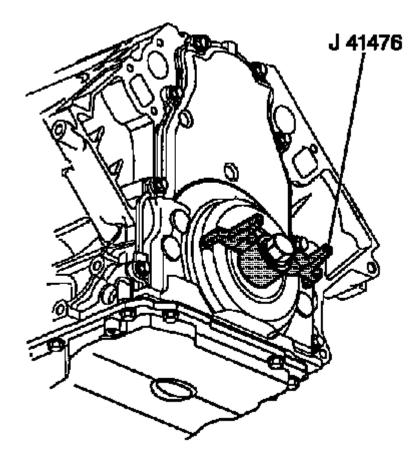


Fig. 140: View of J 41476 Installed To Front Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Install J 41476 to the front cover. See Special Tools.
- 6. Align the tapered legs of the **J 41476** with the machined alignment surfaces on the front cover. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

7. Install the crankshaft balancer bolt until snug. Do not overtighten.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pan to front cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the engine front cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 8. Remove the J 41476 . See Special Tools.
- 9. Install the CMP sensor. Refer to <u>Camshaft Position (CMP) Sensor Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 10. Install a NEW crankshaft front oil seal. Refer to Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Replacement.

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- 11. Install the water pump. Refer to <u>Water Pump Replacement</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 12. Install the crankshaft balancer. Refer to Crankshaft Balancer Replacement.

Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Replacement

Tools Required

J 41479 Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installer. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

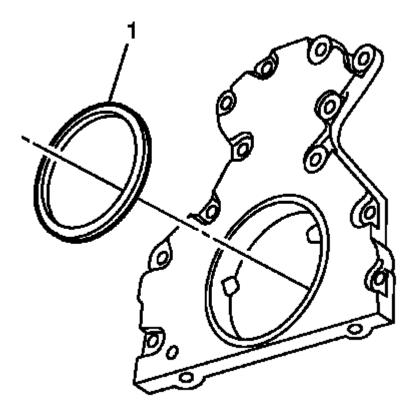


Fig. 141: View Of Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the engine flywheel. Refer to Engine Flywheel Replacement.
- 2. Remove the crankshaft rear oil seal (1) from the rear cover.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: • The flywheel spacer (if applicable) must be removed prior to oil seal installation.

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- Do not lubricate the oil seal inside diameter (ID) or the crankshaft surface.
- Do not reuse the crankshaft rear oil seal.

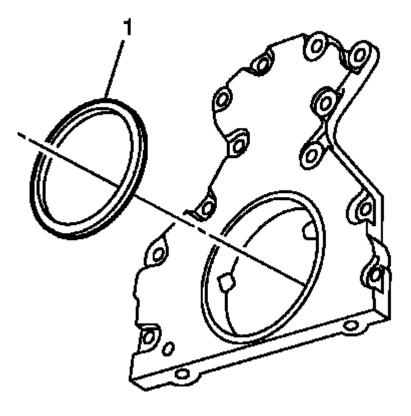


Fig. 142: View Of Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- Lubricate the outside diameter (OD) of the oil seal (1) with clean engine oil.
 DO NOT allow oil or other lubricants to contact the seal surface.
- 2. Lubricate the rear cover oil seal bore with clean engine oil.

DO NOT allow oil or other lubricants to contact the crankshaft surface.

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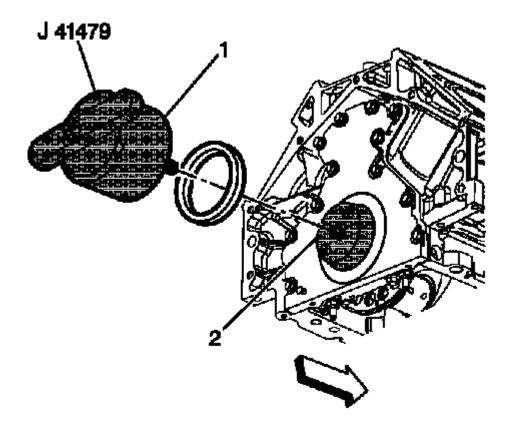


Fig. 143: Installing Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Using J 41479 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the J 41479 tapered cone (2) and bolts onto the rear of the crankshaft. See Special Tools.
- 4. Tighten the bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.
- 5. Install the rear oil seal onto the tapered cone (2) and push the seal to the rear cover bore.
- 6. Thread the **J** 41479 threaded rod into the tapered cone until the tool (1) contacts the oil seal. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 7. Align the oil seal into the tool (1).
- 8. Rotate the handle of the tool (1) clockwise until the seal enters the rear cover and bottoms into the cover bore.
- 9. Remove the J 41479 . See Special Tools.
- 10. Install the engine flywheel. Refer to Engine Flywheel Replacement.

Engine Rear Cover Replacement

Tools Required

J 41476 Front and Rear Cover Alignment. See Special Tools.

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Removal Procedure

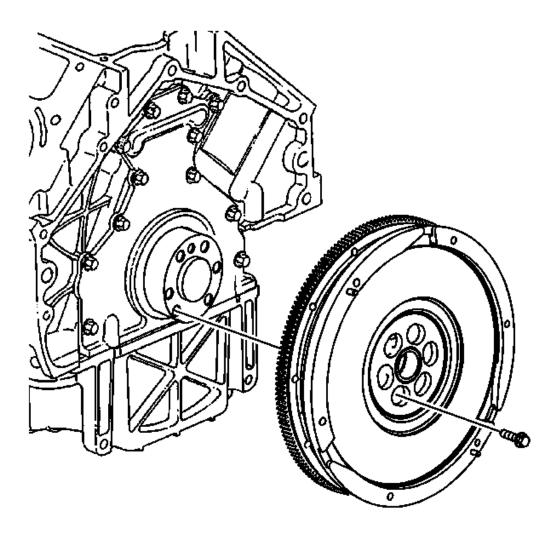


Fig. 144: View Of Manual Transmission Engine Flywheel Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the engine flywheel. Refer to **Engine Flywheel Replacement**.
- 2. Remove the oil pan-to-rear cover bolts (1).

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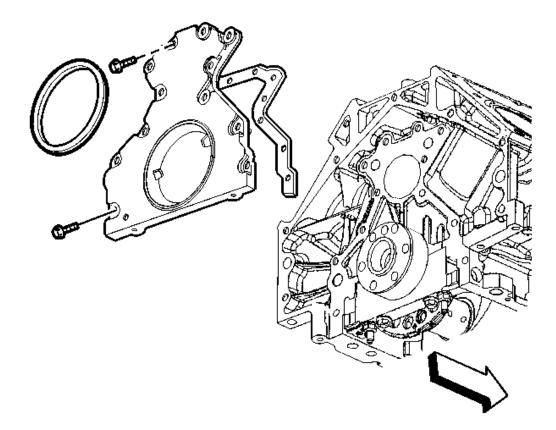


Fig. 145: View Of Rear Cover, Bolts & Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the rear cover bolts.
- 4. Remove the rear cover and gasket.
- 5. Discard the rear cover gasket.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- Do not reuse the crankshaft oil seal or rear cover gasket.
- Do not apply any type of sealant to the rear cover gasket (unless specified).
- The special tool in this procedure is used to properly center the crankshaft rear oil seal.
- The crankshaft rear oil seal will be installed after the rear cover has been installed and aligned.

Install the rear cover without the crankshaft oil seal.

- All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.
- $\circ\,$ The crankshaft rear oil seal MUST be centered in relation to the crankshaft.
- An improperly aligned rear cover may cause premature rear oil seal wear and/or engine assembly oil leaks.

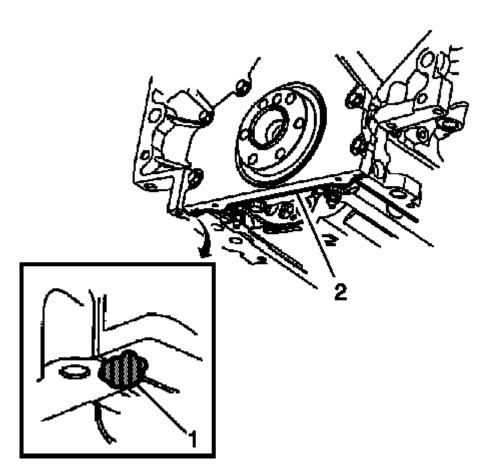


Fig. 146: View Of Sealant Applied To Rear Oil Pan-To-Engine Block Junction Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Apply a 5 mm (0.20 in) bead of sealant GM U.S. P/N 12378190, or equivalent 20 mm (0.80 in) long to the oil pan to engine block junction.

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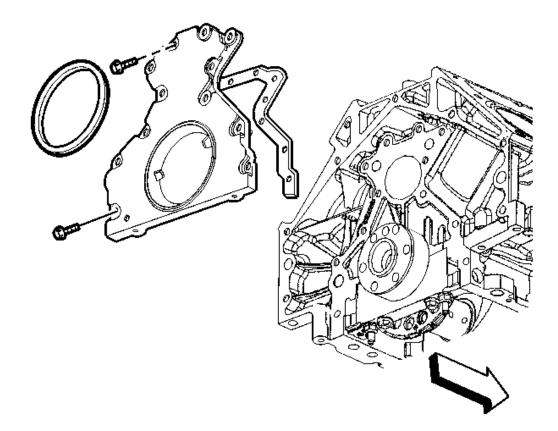


Fig. 147: View Of Rear Cover, Bolts & Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the rear cover gasket and cover.
- 3. Install the rear cover bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.

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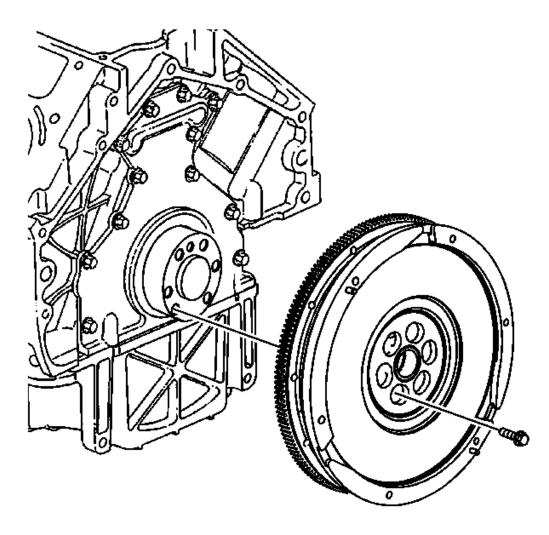


Fig. 148: View Of Manual Transmission Engine Flywheel Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the oil pan-to-rear cover bolts (1) until snug. Do not overtighten.

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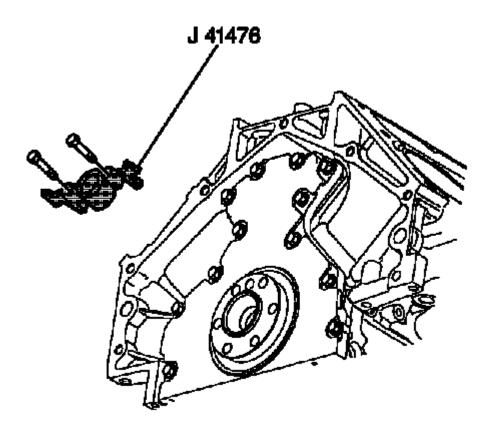


Fig. 149: View Of J 41476 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The tapered legs of the alignment tool must enter the rear cover oil seal bore.

- 5. Rotate the crankshaft until two opposing flywheel bolt holes are parallel to the oil pan surface.
- 6. Install the J 41476 and bolts onto the rear of the crankshaft. See Special Tools.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

7. Install the J 41476 and hand tighten mounting bolts until snug. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pan-to-rear cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).
- 2. Tighten the engine rear cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 8. Remove the J 41476 . See Special Tools.
- 9. Install a NEW crankshaft rear oil seal. Refer to Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Replacement.

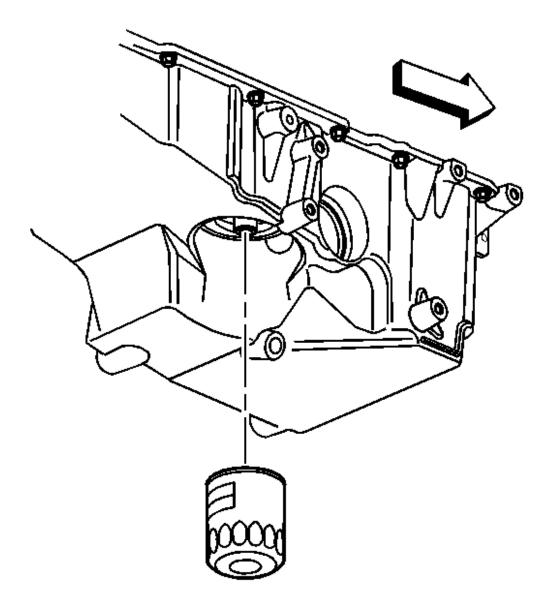
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10. Install the engine flywheel. Refer to Engine Flywheel Replacement.

Oil Filter Adapter Replacement

Removal Procedure



<u>Fig. 150: Locating Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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1. Remove the oil filter. Refer to Engine Oil and Oil Filter Replacement.

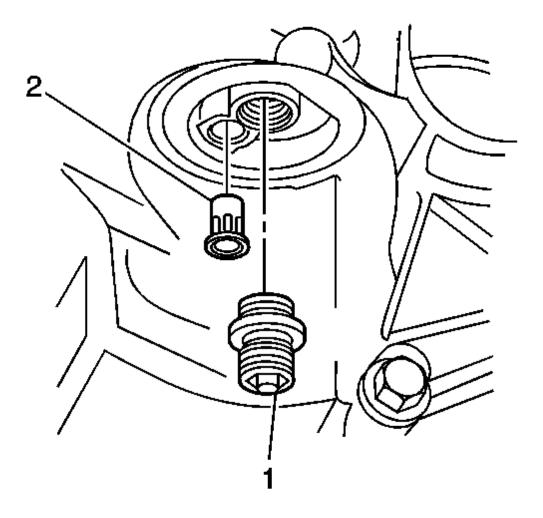


Fig. 151: View Of Oil Filter Adapter & Oil Filter Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the oil filter adapter (1).

Installation Procedure

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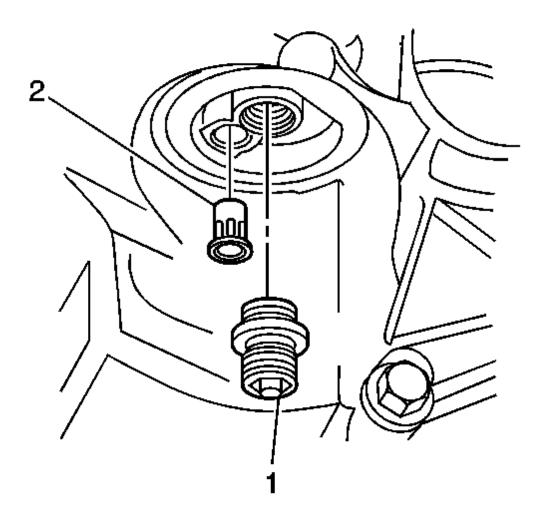


Fig. 152: View Of Oil Filter Adapter & Oil Filter Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

1. Install the oil filter adapter (1).

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter adapter to 55 N.m (40 lb ft).

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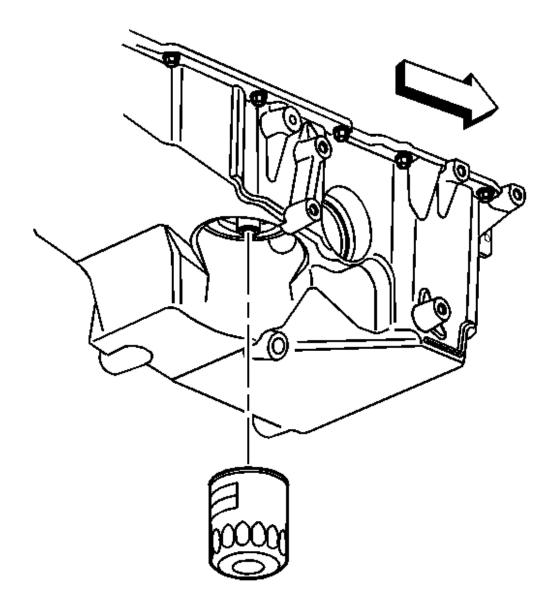


Fig. 153: Locating Oil Filter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the oil filter. Refer to **Engine Oil and Oil Filter Replacement**.

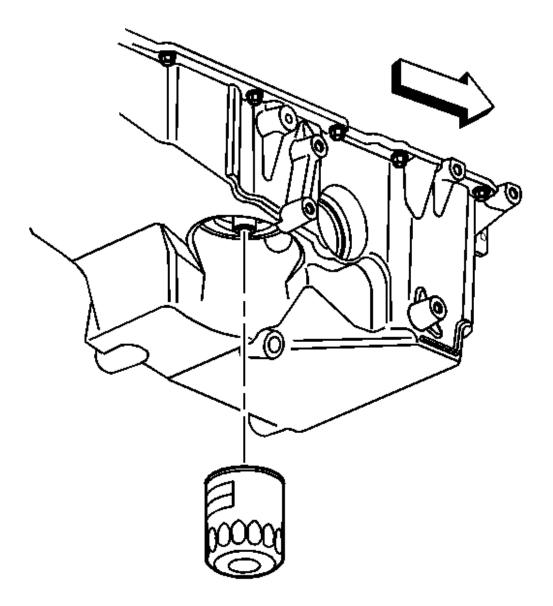
Oil Filter Bypass Valve Replacement

Removal Procedure

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IMPORTANT: Allow the engine to cool before removing the oil filter.



<u>Fig. 154: Locating Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the oil filter.

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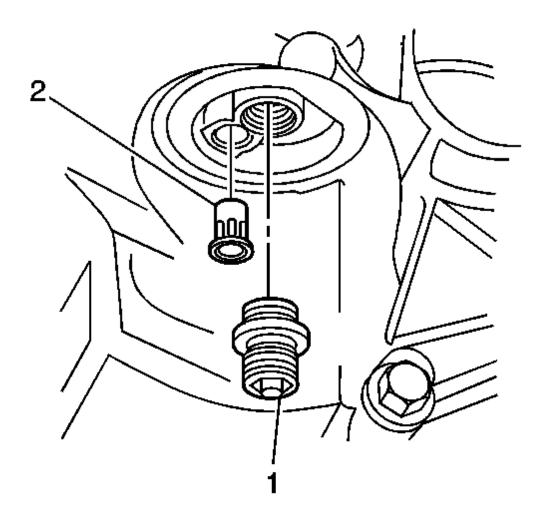


Fig. 155: View Of Oil Filter Adapter & Oil Filter Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Remove the oil filter adapter (1).
- 3. Remove the oil filter bypass valve (2).

Installation Procedure

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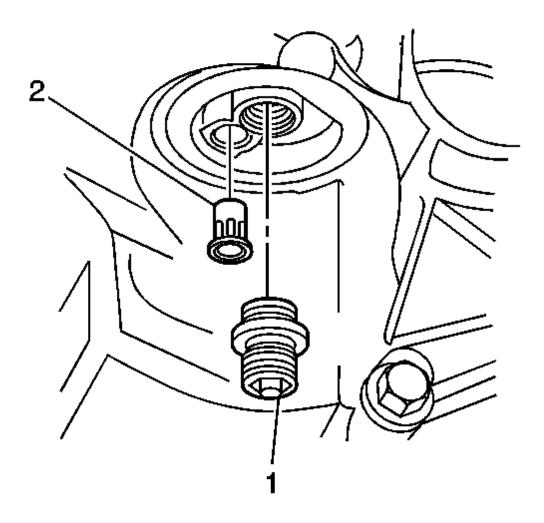


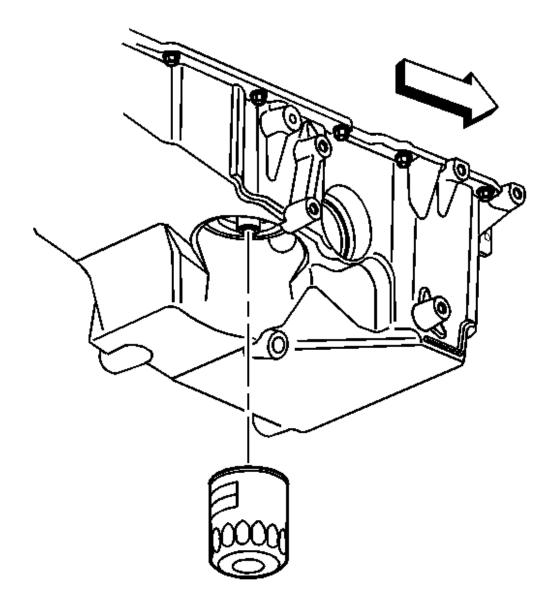
Fig. 156: View Of Oil Filter Adapter & Oil Filter Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

- 1. Install the oil filter bypass valve (2).
- 2. Install the oil filter adapter (1).

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter adapter to 55 N.m (40 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 157: Locating Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the oil filter.

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

Oil Pan Replacement

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Removal Procedure

1. Remove the starter motor. Refer to **<u>Starter Motor Replacement</u>** in Engine Electrical.

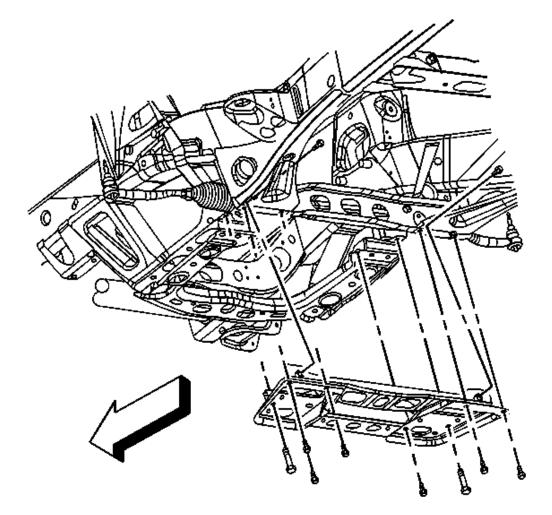


Fig. 158: Steering Gear Crossmember Mounting Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the crossmember brace. Refer to <u>Crossmember Replacement - Front Steering Gear</u> in Frame and Underbody.

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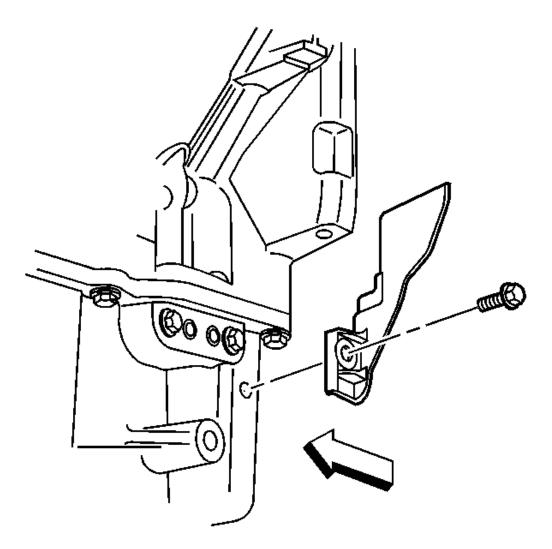
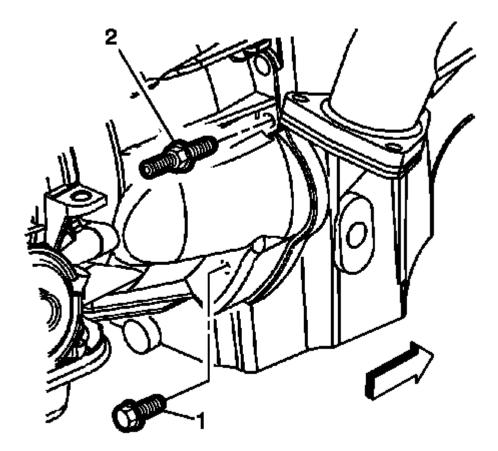


Fig. 159: View Of Left Closeout Cover & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the transmission cover bolt and cover, if needed.
- 4. Drain the engine oil and remove the engine oil filter.
- 5. Install the drain plug and oil filter until snug.

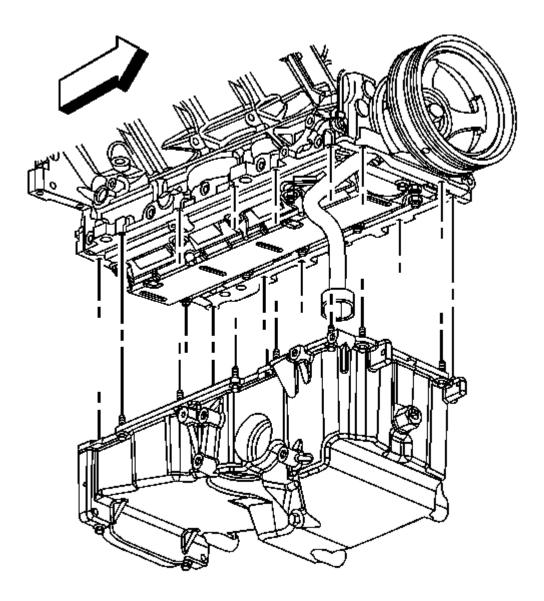
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<u>Fig. 160: Identifying Stud & Bolt Securing Transmission To Engine (Right Side)</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. If equipped with the 4L60-E automatic transmission, remove the transmission bolt and stud on the right side.
- 7. Remove the bottom bolt on the left side, if needed.
- 8. Disconnect the oil level sensor electrical connector.
- 9. Remove engine harness from front of oil pan.

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<u>Fig. 161: Oil Pan Assembly Removed</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Remove the oil pan bolts.
- 11. Remove the oil pan.

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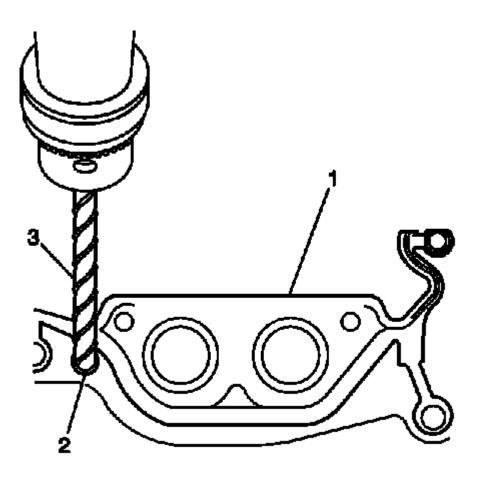


Fig. 162: Drilling Oil Pan Gasket Retaining Rivets Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT allow foreign material to enter the oil passages of the oil pan, cap or cover the openings as required.

- 12. Drill (3) out the oil pan gasket retaining rivets (2), if required.
- 13. Remove the gasket (1) from the pan.
- 14. Discard the gasket and rivets.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT:

- Do not reuse the oil pan gasket.
- It is not necessary to rivet the NEW gasket to the oil pan.

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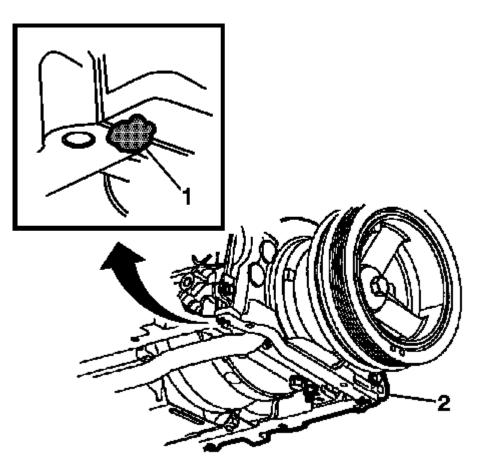


Fig. 163: View Of Sealant Applied To Front Oil Pan-To-Engine Block Junction Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Apply a 5 mm (0.20 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12378190, or equivalent 20 mm (0.80 in) long to the engine block. Apply the sealant directly onto the tabs of the front cover gasket that protrudes into the oil pan surface.

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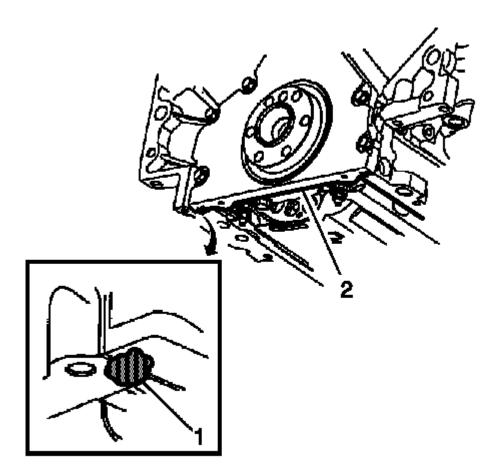
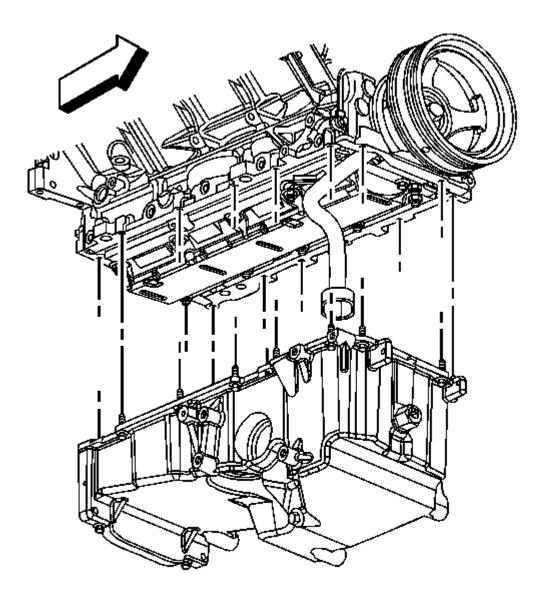


Fig. 164: View Of Sealant Applied To Rear Oil Pan-To-Engine Block Junction Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Apply a 5 mm (0.20 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12378190, or equivalent 20 mm (0.8 in) long to the engine block. Apply the sealant directly onto the tabs of the rear cover gasket that protrudes into the oil pan surface.

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<u>Fig. 165: Oil Pan Assembly Removed</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Be sure to align the oil gallery passages in the oil pan and engine block properly with the oil pan gasket.

- 3. Pre-assemble the oil pan gasket to the pan.
 - 1. Install the gasket onto the pan.

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- 2. Install the oil pan bolts to the pan and through the gasket.
- 4. Install the oil pan, gasket and bolts to the engine block.
- 5. Tighten the oil pan bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.

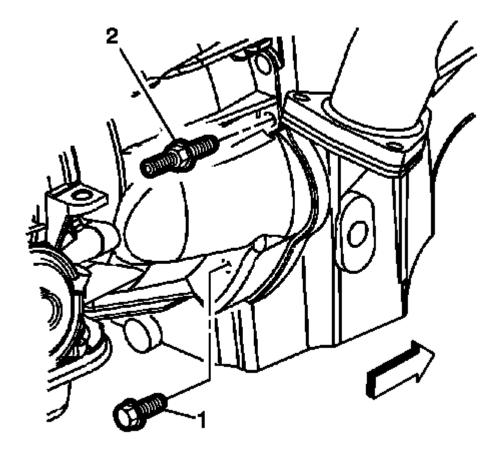


Fig. 166: Identifying Stud & Bolt Securing Transmission To Engine (Right Side) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Install the transmission bolt and stud on the right side until snug, if equipped with the 4L60-E automatic transmission.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

7. Install the bottom bolt on the left side until snug, if needed.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pan and oil pan-to-oil pan front cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the oil pan-to-rear cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).
- 3. Tighten the bellhousing, converter cover, and transmission bolts/stud to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).
- 4. Install engine harness to front of oil pan.

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8. Connect the oil level sensor electrical connector.

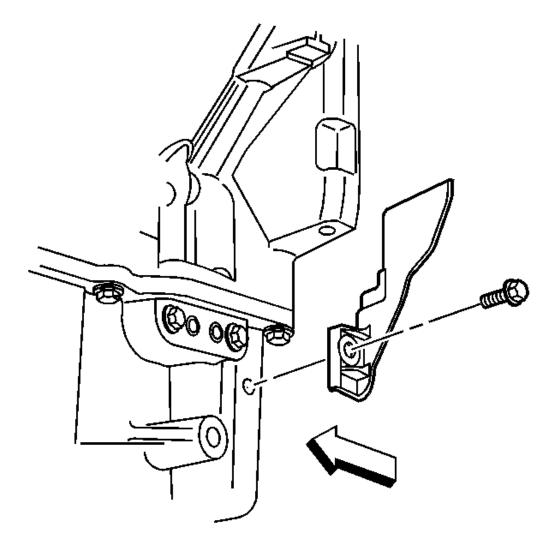


Fig. 167: View Of Left Closeout Cover & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Install the transmission cover and bolt, if needed.

Tighten: Tighten the transmission cover bolt to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

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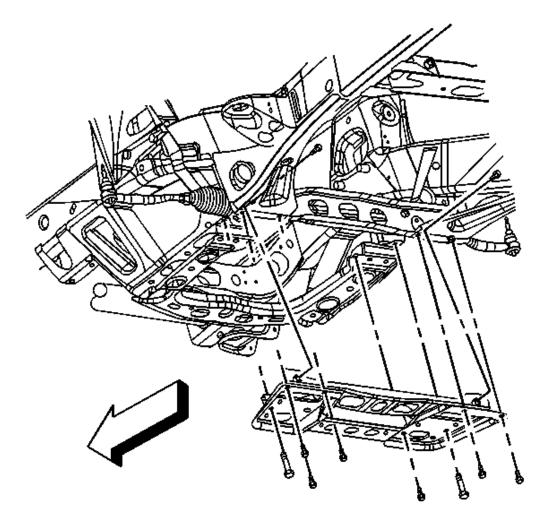


Fig. 168: Steering Gear Crossmember Mounting Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Install the crossbar bolts. Refer to <u>Crossmember Replacement Front Steering Gear</u> in Frame and Underbody.
- 11. Install the starter motor. Refer to **<u>Starter Motor Replacement</u>** in Engine Electrical.
- 12. Install new engine oil and a new oil filter. Refer to Engine Oil and Oil Filter Replacement.

Engine Oil Pressure Sensor and/or Switch Replacement

Tools Required

J 41712 Oil Pressure Sensor Socket. See Special Tools.

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Removal Procedure

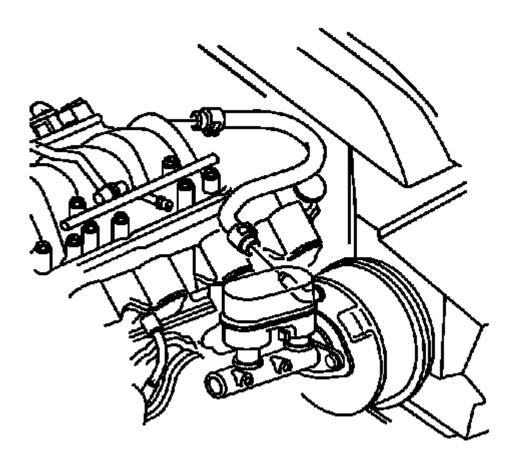
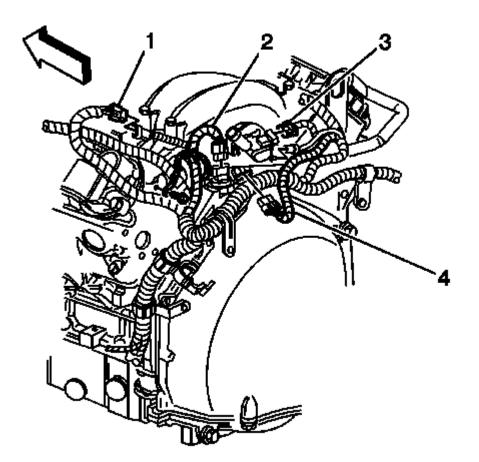


Fig. 169: Identifying Vacuum Booster Hose Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the left engine sight cover. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.
- 2. Clean area around the oil sensor/switch before removing it.
- 3. Remove the vacuum hose for the power brake booster.

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<u>Fig. 170: Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Electrical Connector & Engine Wiring Harness Ground Strap</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Disconnect the electrical connector for the oil pressure sensor/switch (2).

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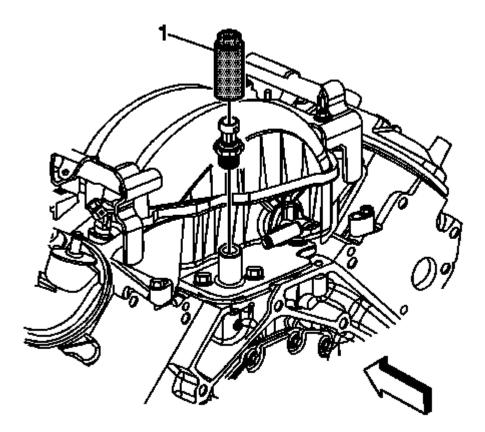


Fig. 171: J 41712 & Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Using the J 41712, remove the oil pressure sensor/switch. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Installation Procedure

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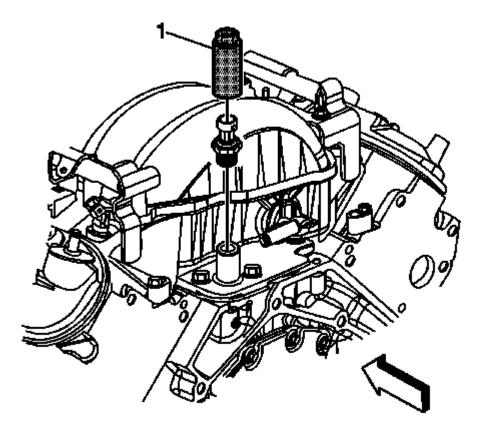


Fig. 172: J 41712 & Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

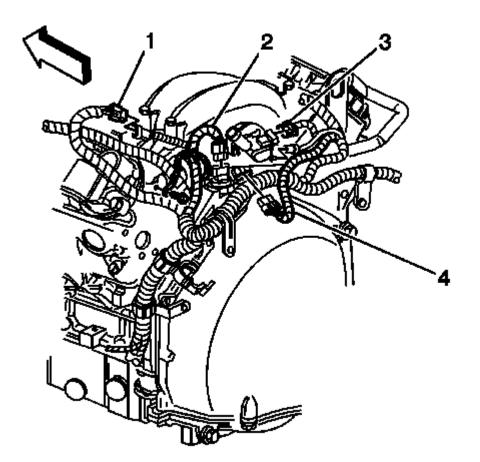
1. If installing the old sensor, apply threadlocker sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480), or equivalent.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

2. Using the J 41712, install the oil pressure sensor/switch. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Tighten: Tighten the engine oil pressure sensor to 35 N.m (26 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 173: Oil Pressure Sensor/Switch Electrical Connector & Engine Wiring Harness Ground Strap</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Reconnect the oil pressure sensor/switch electrical connector (2).

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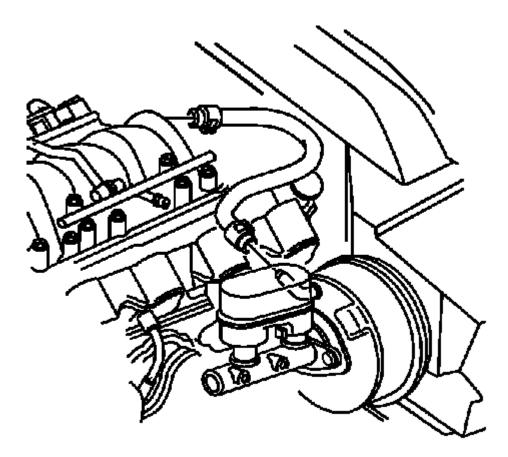


Fig. 174: Identifying Vacuum Booster Hose Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Install the vacuum hose for the power brake booster.
- 5. Install the left engine sight cover. Refer to Engine Sight Shield Replacement.

Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Replacement

Removal Procedure

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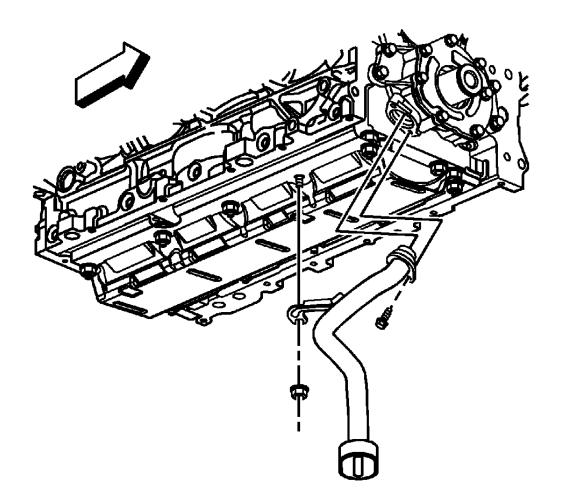


Fig. 175: View Of Oil Pump, Screen & Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the oil pan. Refer to **<u>Oil Pan Replacement</u>**.
- 2. Remove the engine front cover. Refer to Engine Front Cover Replacement.
- 3. Remove the oil pump screen bolt and nuts.
- 4. Remove the oil pump screen with O-ring seal.
- 5. Remove the O-ring seal from the pump screen.
- 6. Discard the O-ring seal.

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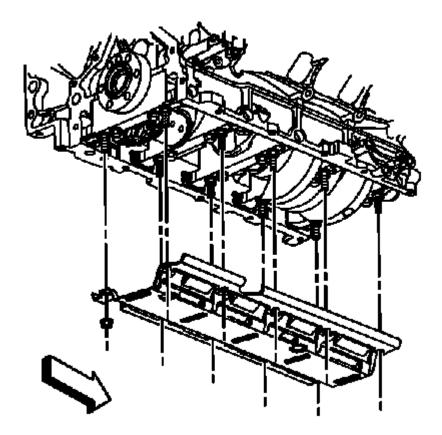


Fig. 176: View Of Crankshaft Oil Deflector & Nuts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Remove the remaining crankshaft oil deflector nuts.
- 8. Remove the crankshaft oil deflector.

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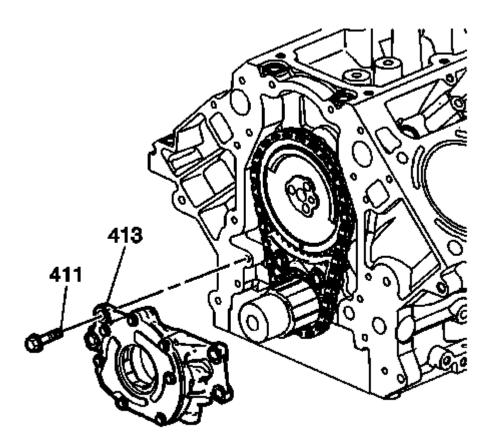


Fig. 177: Removing/Installing Oil Pump Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not allow dirt or debris to enter the oil pump assembly, cap end as necessary.

- 9. Remove the oil pump bolts.
- 10. Remove the oil pump.

Installation Procedure

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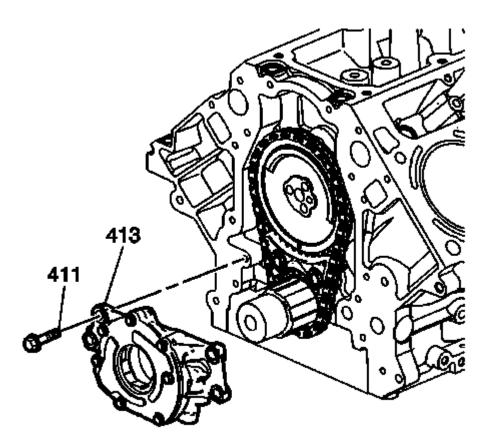


Fig. 178: Removing/Installing Oil Pump Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Align the splined surfaces of the crankshaft sprocket and the oil pump drive gear and install the oil pump.
- 2. Install the oil pump onto the crankshaft sprocket until the pump housing contacts the face of the engine block.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the oil pump bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the oil pump bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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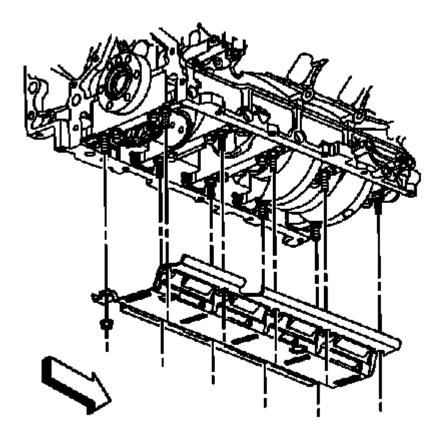


Fig. 179: View Of Crankshaft Oil Deflector & Nuts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the crankshaft oil deflector and nuts until snug.

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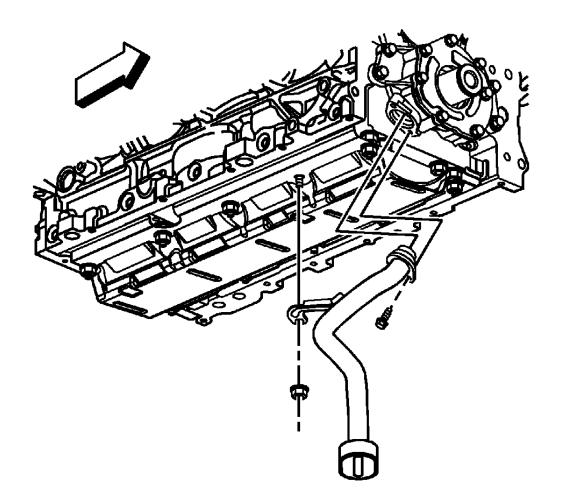


Fig. 180: View Of Oil Pump, Screen & Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Lubricate a NEW oil pump screen O-ring seal with clean engine oil.
- 6. Install the NEW O-ring seal onto the oil pump screen.

IMPORTANT: Push the oil pump screen tube completely into the oil pump prior to tightening the bolt. Do not allow the bolt to pull the tube into the pump.

Align the oil pump screen mounting brackets with the correct crankshaft bearing cap studs.

- 7. Install the oil pump screen.
- 8. Install the oil pump screen bolt and nuts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pump screen bolt to 12 N.m (106 lb in).
- 2. Tighten the crankshaft oil deflector/oil pump screen nuts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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- 9. Install the engine front cover. Refer to **Engine Front Cover Replacement**.
- 10. Install the oil pan. Refer to **<u>Oil Pan Replacement</u>**.

Timing Chain and Sprockets Replacement

Tools Required

- J 8433 Two Jaw Puller
- J 41816-2 Crankshaft End Protector. See Special Tools.
- J 41558 Crankshaft Sprocket Remover. See Special Tools.
- J 41665 Crankshaft Balancer and Sprocket Installer. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

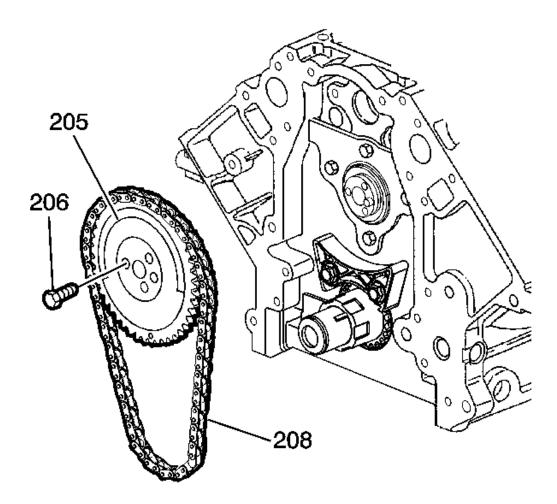


Fig. 181: View Of Camshaft Sprocket, Bolts & Timing Chain Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the oil pump. Refer to Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Replacement.
- 2. Rotate the crankshaft until the timing marks on the crankshaft and the camshaft sprockets are aligned.

NOTE: Do not turn the crankshaft assembly after the timing chain has been removed in order to prevent damage to the piston assemblies or the valves.

- 3. Remove the camshaft sprocket bolts.
- 4. Remove the camshaft sprocket and timing chain.

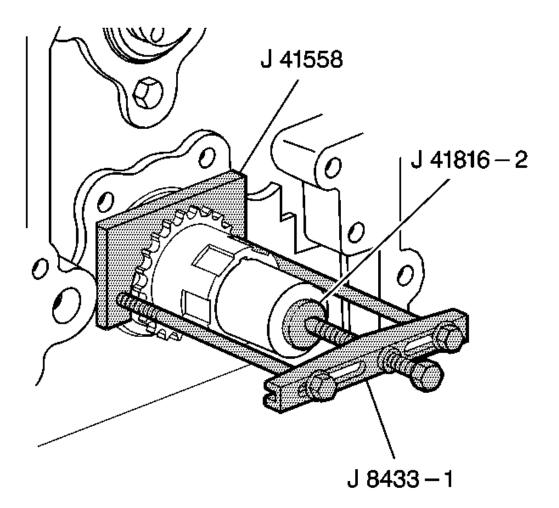


Fig. 182: Removing The Crankshaft Sprocket Using J 8433-1, J 41816-2 & J 41558

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Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Use the J 8433, the J 41816-2 and the J 41558 in order to remove the crankshaft sprocket. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.

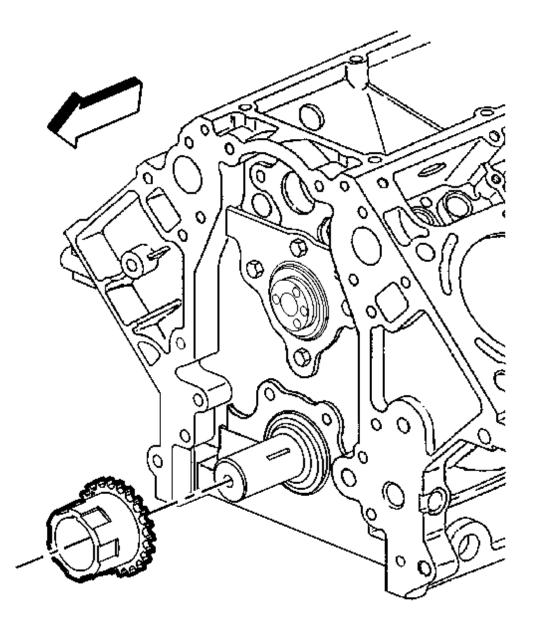


Fig. 183: View Of Crankshaft Sprocket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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6. Remove the crankshaft sprocket.

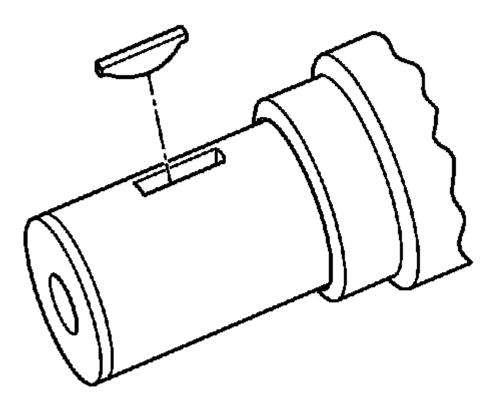


Fig. 184: View Of Crankshaft Key & Keyway Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Remove the crankshaft sprocket key, if required.
- 8. Clean and inspect the timing chain and sprockets. Refer to <u>Timing Chain and Sprockets Cleaning and</u> <u>Inspection</u>.

Installation Procedure

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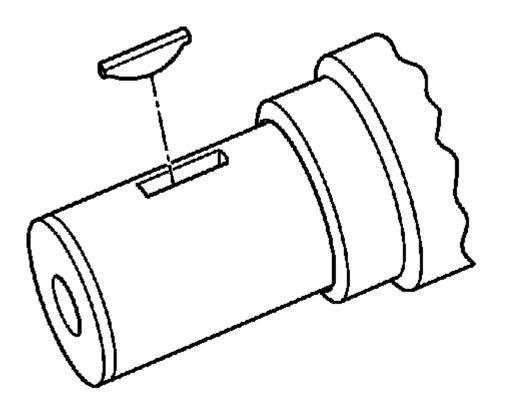


Fig. 185: View Of Crankshaft Key & Keyway Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the key into the crankshaft keyway, if previously removed.

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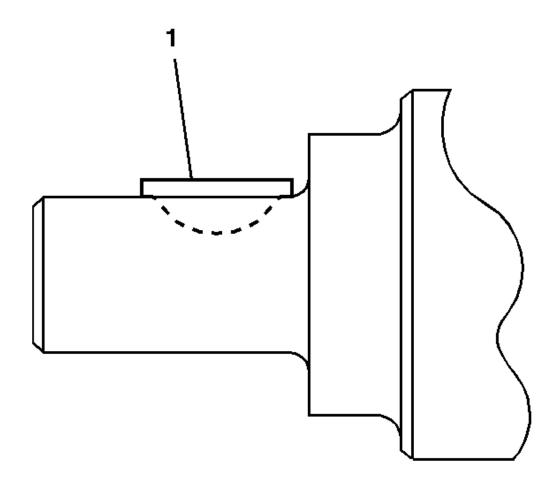


Fig. 186: View Of Crankshaft Sprocket Key Installation Position Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Tap the key (1) into the keyway until both ends of the key bottom onto the crankshaft.

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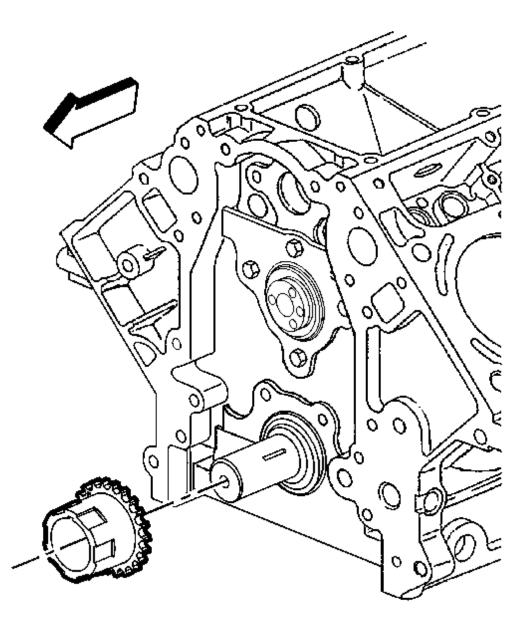


Fig. 187: View Of Crankshaft Sprocket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the crankshaft sprocket onto the front of the crankshaft. Align the crankshaft key with the crankshaft sprocket keyway.

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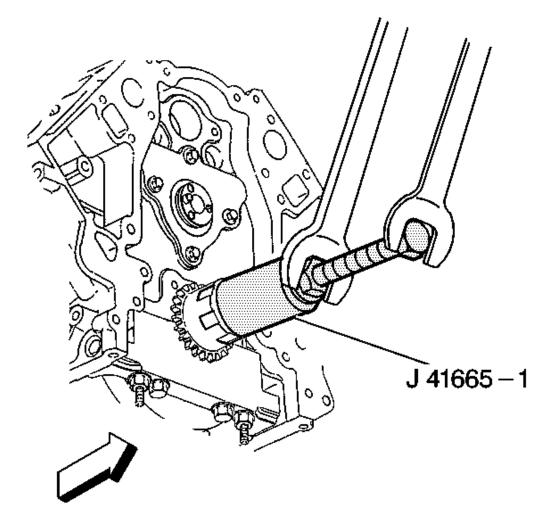


Fig. 188: Using J 41665 To Install Crankshaft Sprocket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Use the J 41665 in order to install the crankshaft sprocket. See Special Tools.

Install the sprocket onto the crankshaft until fully seated against the crankshaft flange.

5. Rotate the crankshaft sprocket until the alignment mark is in the 12 o'clock position.

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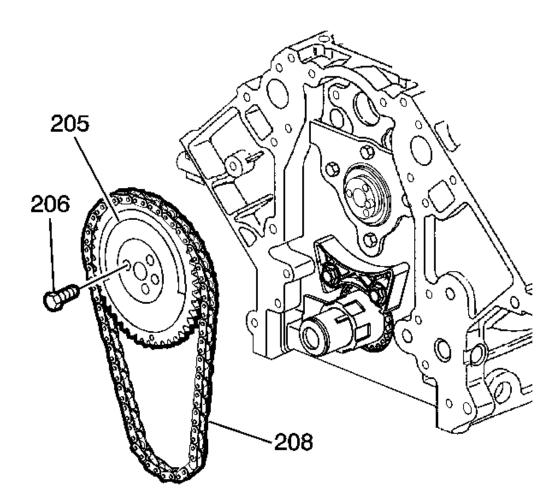


Fig. 189: View Of Camshaft Sprocket, Bolts & Timing Chain Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Properly locate the camshaft sprocket locating pin with the camshaft sprocket alignment hole.
 - The sprocket teeth and timing chain must mesh.
 - The camshaft and the crankshaft sprocket alignment marks MUST be aligned properly.

Locate the camshaft sprocket alignment mark in the 6 o'clock position.

6. Install the camshaft sprocket and timing chain.

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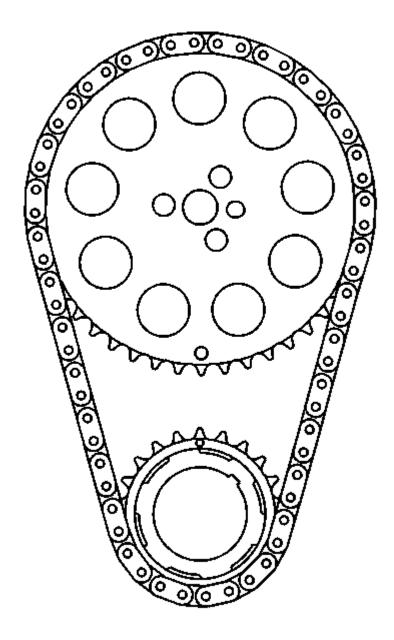


Fig. 190: View Of Camshaft & Crankshaft Sprockets Timing Marks Aligned Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

7. If necessary, rotate the camshaft or crankshaft sprockets in order to align the timing marks.

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8. Install the camshaft sprocket bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the camshaft sprocket bolts to 35 N.m (26 lb ft).

9. Install the oil pump. Refer to **Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Replacement**.

Camshaft Replacement

Removal Procedure

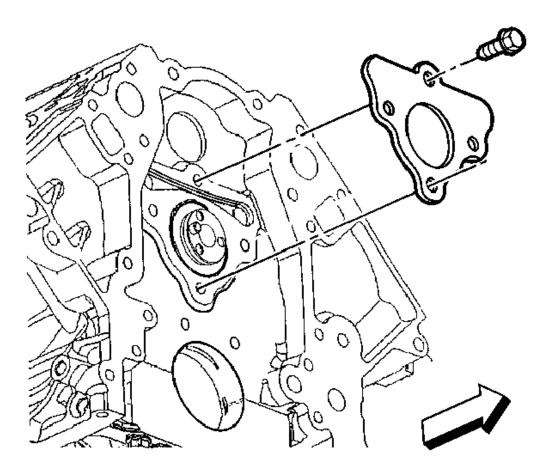


Fig. 191: View Of Camshaft Retainer Plate Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Evacuate air conditioning system. Refer to **<u>Refrigerant Recovery and Recharging</u>** in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 2. Drain cooling system. Refer to Draining and Filling Cooling System (Static Fill) or Draining and

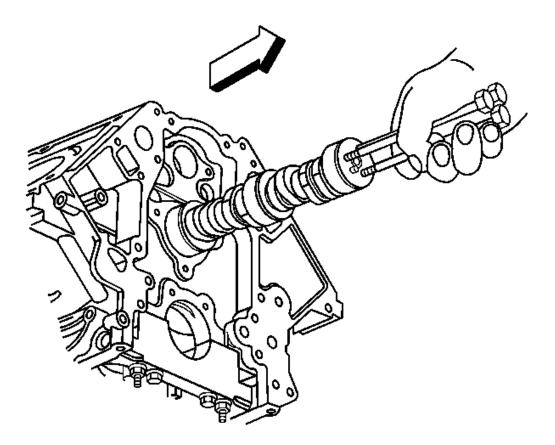
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Filling Cooling System (Vac-N-Fill) in Engine Cooling.

- 3. Remove air cleaner housing assembly.
- 4. Remove upper radiator support.
- 5. Disconnect electrical from cooling fans.
- 6. Remove transmission cooler lines from radiator. Refer to <u>Transmission Fluid Cooler Hose/Pipe</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Automatic Transmission - 4L60-E/4L65-E.
- 7. Remove A/C line from condenser.
- 8. Remove A/C line by surge tank.
- 9. Remove lower radiator hose from thermostat housing.
- 10. Remove upper radiator hose from water pump outlet.
- 11. Remove surge tank hose from radiator.
- 12. Remove condenser/radiator/fan module as an assembly.
- 13. Remove the timing chain and camshaft sprocket. Refer to **<u>Timing Chain and Sprockets Replacement</u>**.
- 14. Remove the valve lifters from both cylinder heads. Refer to Valve Lifter Replacement.
- 15. Remove the camshaft retainer bolts and retainer.

NOTE: All camshaft journals are the same diameter, so care must be used in removing or installing the camshaft to avoid damage to the camshaft bearings.

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<u>Fig. 192: Removing/Installing Camshaft</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 16. Remove the camshaft.
 - 1. Install three M8-1.25 x 100 mm (M8-1.25 x 4.0 in) bolts to the bolt holes in the front of the camshaft.
 - 2. Using the bolts as a handle, carefully rotate and pull the camshaft out of the engine block.
 - 3. Remove the three bolts from the camshaft.
- 17. Clean and inspect the camshaft and bearings. Refer to <u>Camshaft and Bearings Cleaning and</u> <u>Inspection</u>.

Installation Procedure

IMPORTANT: If camshaft replacement is required, the valve lifters must also be replaced.

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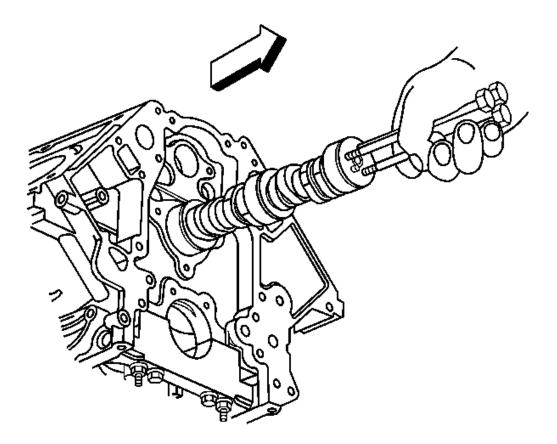


Fig. 193: Removing/Installing Camshaft Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Lubricate the camshaft journals and the bearings with clean engine oil.
- 2. Install three M8-1.25 x 100 mm (M8-1.25 x 4.0 in) bolts to the bolt holes in the front of the camshaft.

NOTE: All camshaft journals are the same diameter, so care must be used in removing or installing the camshaft to avoid damage to the camshaft bearings.

- 3. Using the bolts as a handle, carefully install the camshaft into the engine block.
- 4. Remove the three bolts from the front of the camshaft.

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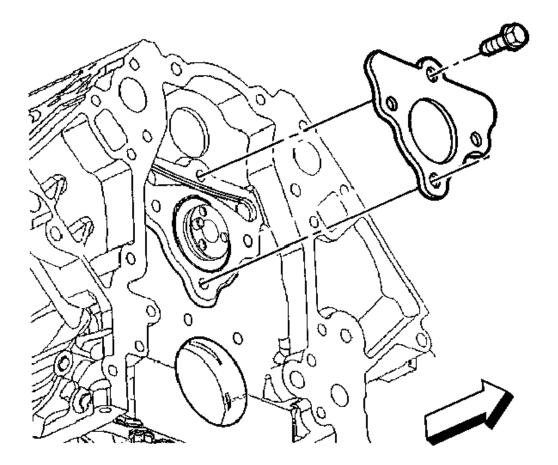


Fig. 194: View Of Camshaft Retainer Plate Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Install the retainer plate with the sealing gasket facing the engine block. The gasket surface on the engine block should be clean and free of dirt and/or debris.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

5. Install the camshaft retainer and bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the camshaft retainer bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

- 6. Install the timing chain and camshaft sprocket. Refer to **<u>Timing Chain and Sprockets Replacement</u>**.
- 7. Install the valve lifters. Refer to Engine Oil Pressure Sensor and/or Switch Replacement.

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- 8. Install condenser/radiator/fan module as an assembly.
- 9. Install surge tank hose to radiator.
- 10. Install upper radiator hose to water pump outlet.
- 11. Install lower radiator hose to thermostat housing.
- 12. Install A/C line by surge tank.
- 13. Install A/C line to condenser.
- 14. Install transmission cooler lines to radiator. Refer to <u>Transmission Fluid Cooler Hose/Pipe</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Automatic Transmission - 4L60-E/4L65-E.
- 15. Connect electrical to cooling fans.
- 16. Install upper radiator support.
- 17. Install air cleaner housing assembly.
- 18. Recharge air conditioning system. Refer to <u>Refrigerant Recovery and Recharging</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 19. Fill cooling system. Refer to <u>Draining and Filling Cooling System (Static Fill)</u> or <u>Draining and Filling</u> <u>Cooling System (Vac-N-Fill)</u> in Engine Cooling.

Engine Flywheel Replacement

Removal Procedure

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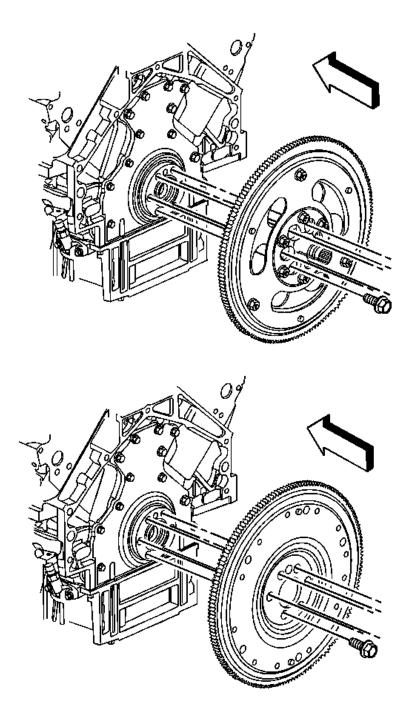


Fig. 195: Removing/Installing Flywheel/Flexplate Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the transmission.

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- For the 4L60-E/4L65-E automatic, refer to <u>**Transmission Replacement**</u> in Automatic Transmission 4L60-E/4L65-E.
- For the Tremec 6-Speed manual, refer to <u>**Transmission Replacement**</u> in Manual Transmission Tremec 6-Speed.
- 2. Remove the clutch assembly, if equipped. Refer to <u>Clutch Assembly Replacement (CTS-V)</u> in Clutch.
- 3. Remove the flywheel bolts.
- 4. Remove the flywheel.
- 5. Inspect the flywheel. Refer to Engine Flywheel Cleaning and Inspection.

Installation Procedure

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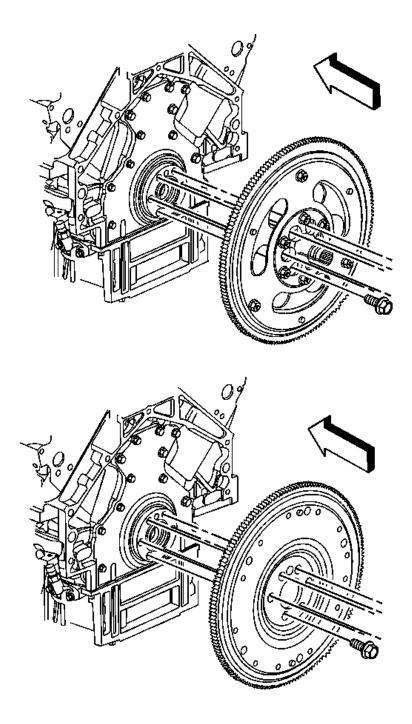


Fig. 196: Removing/Installing Flywheel/Flexplate Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The flywheel does not use a locating pin for alignment and will not initially

seat against the crankshaft flange, but will be pulled onto the crankshaft by the engine flywheel bolts. This procedure requires a 3-stage tightening process.

- 1. Install the flywheel.
- 2. Install the flywheel bolts.
- 3. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489) or equivalent to the threads of the flywheel bolts.

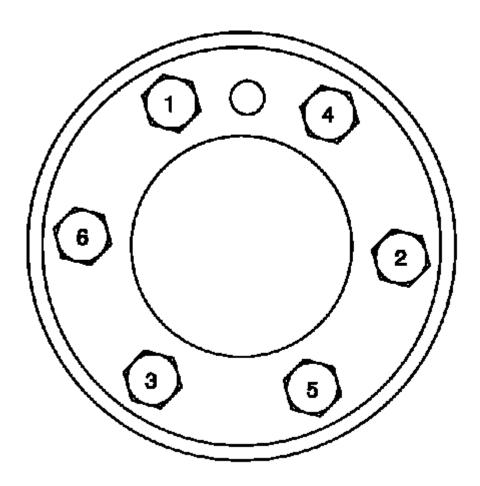


Fig. 197: Identifying Flywheel Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the engine flywheel bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts a first pass in sequence to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts a second pass in sequence to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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- 3. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts a final pass in sequence to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).
- 5. Install the clutch assembly, if removed. Refer to Clutch Assembly Replacement (CTS-V) in Clutch.
- 6. Install the transmission.
 - For the 4L60-E/4L65-E automatic, refer to <u>**Transmission Replacement**</u> in Automatic Transmission 4L60-E/4L65-E.
 - For the Tremec 6-Speed manual, refer to <u>**Transmission Replacement**</u> in Manual Transmission Tremec 6-Speed.

Engine Replacement

Tools Required

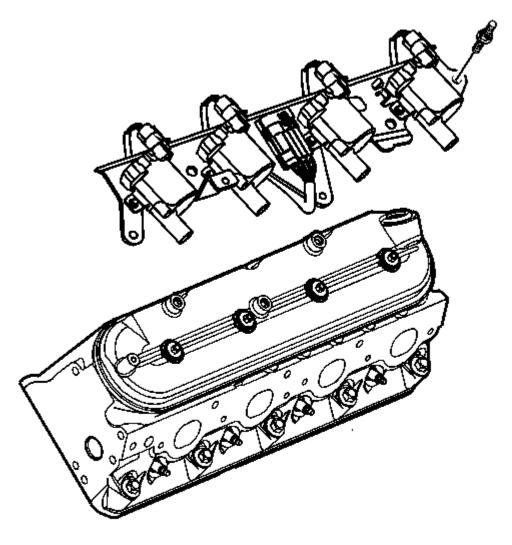
J 41798 Engine Lift Bracket. See Special Tools.

Removal Procedure

- 1. Disconnect the negative battery cable. Refer to <u>Battery Negative Cable Disconnect/Connect Procedure</u> in Engine Electrical.
- 2. Drain the engine oil.
- 3. Drain the cooling system.
- 4. Lower the vehicle.
- 5. Remove the hood assembly. Refer to **Hood Replacement** in Body Front End.
- 6. Remove the engine control module (ECM) and bracket. Refer to <u>Engine Control Module (ECM)</u> <u>Replacement</u> in Engine Controls - 6.0L.
- 7. Evacuate the air conditioning system. Refer to **<u>Refrigerant Recovery and Recharging</u>** in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 8. Remove the air cleaner assembly. Refer to <u>Air Cleaner Assembly Replacement</u> in Engine Controls 6.0L
- 9. Remove the upper tie bar. Refer to <u>Tie Bar Replacement Upper</u> in Body Front End.
- 10. Remove the radiator, A/C condenser, and cooling fan assembly. Refer to **<u>Radiator Replacement</u>** in Engine Cooling.
- 11. Remove the accessory drive belt. Refer to Drive Belt Replacement Accessory.
- 12. Remove the A/C compressor. Refer to <u>Compressor Replacement</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 13. Remove the ground wire from the engine to the frame.
- 14. Remove the radiator hoses.
 - For the radiator inlet hose, refer to **<u>Radiator Hose Replacement Inlet</u>** in Engine Cooling.
 - For the radiator outlet hose, refer to **<u>Radiator Hose Replacement Outlet</u>** in Engine Cooling.
- 15. Remove the heater hoses.
 - For the heater inlet hose, refer to <u>Heater Hose Replacement Inlet</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.

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- For the heater outlet hose, refer to <u>Heater Hose Replacement Outlet</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 16. Remove the surge tank assembly. Refer to Surge Tank Replacement in Engine Cooling.



<u>Fig. 198: Identifying Ignition Coils</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 17. Remove the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 18. Remove the generator mounting bracket. Refer to <u>Generator Bracket Replacement</u> in Engine Electrical.
- 19. Remove the intake manifold assembly. Refer to Intake Manifold Replacement.

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- 20. Remove the electrical connector for the oil pressure sensor.
- 21. Relocate the engine wiring harness to the side and secure.
- 22. Remove the exhaust manifolds.
 - For the left exhaust manifold, refer to **Exhaust Manifold Replacement Left** in Engine Exhaust.
 - For the right exhaust manifold, refer to <u>Exhaust Manifold Replacement Right</u> in Engine Exhaust.
- 23. Remove the catalytic convertors. Refer to <u>Catalytic Converter Replacement</u> in Engine Exhaust.
- 24. Remove the starter assembly. Refer to **Starter Motor Replacement** in Engine Electrical.

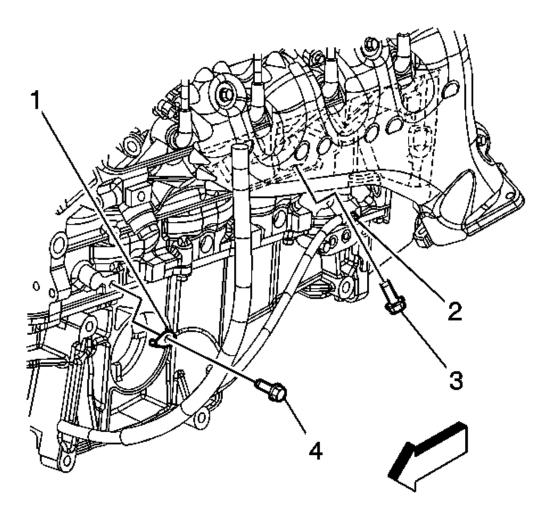


Fig. 199: View Of Ground Terminal Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

25. Remove the ground wires (1, 2) and retaining bolts (3, 4) from the engine block.

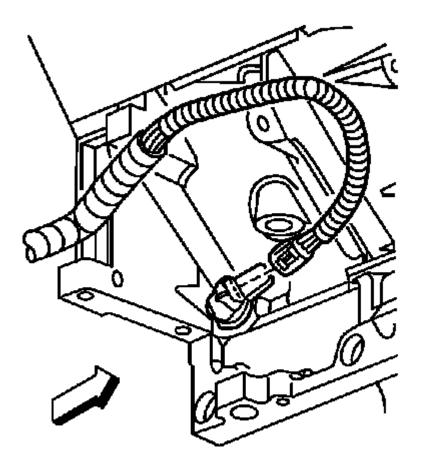


Fig. 200: Identifying Crankshaft Position (CKP) Sensor/Connector Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

26. Disconnect the electrical connector for the crankshaft position (CKP) sensor.

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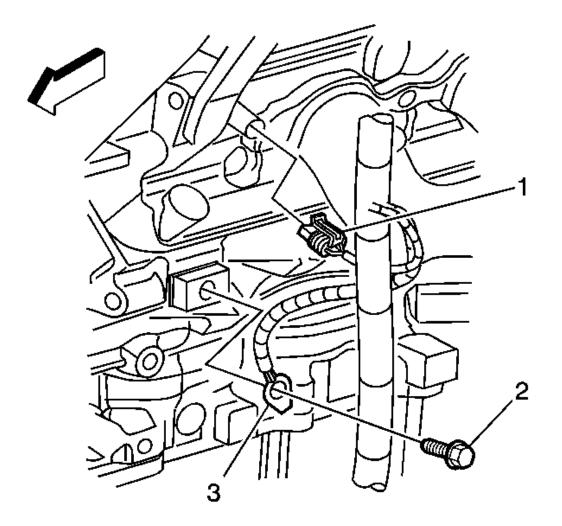


Fig. 201: View Of ECT Sensor Electrical Connector And Ground Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

27. Disconnect the engine coolant temperature (ECT) sensor (1).

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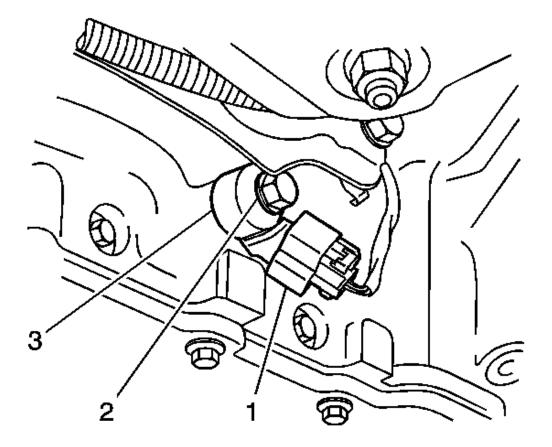
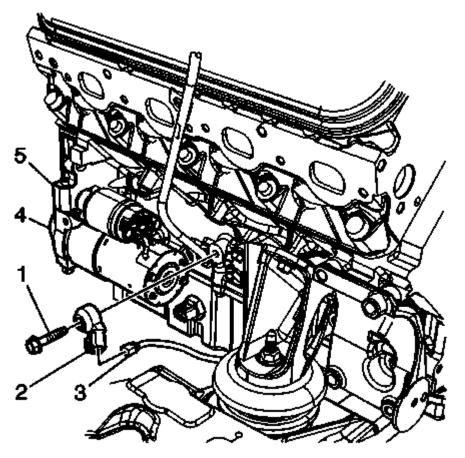


Fig. 202: Removing/Installing Left Knock Sensor (KS) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

28. Disconnect the electrical connector (1) for the left knock sensor (3).

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<u>Fig. 203: Knock Sensor, Starter Assembly, Engine Electrical Connector & Engine Block - Right</u> <u>Side</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 29. Disconnect the electrical connector (3) for the right knock sensor (2).
- 30. Disconnect the electrical connector for the camshaft sensor.

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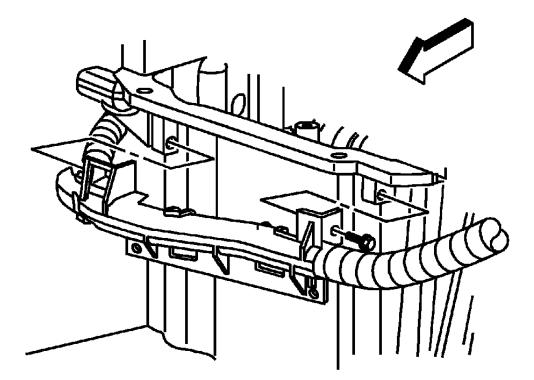


Fig. 204: View Of Battery Cable Channel & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 31. Remove the wiring harness from the front of the engine.
- 32. Remove the transmission assembly.
 - For vehicles equipped with the 4L60-E automatic transmission, refer to <u>**Transmission**</u> <u>**Replacement**</u> in Automatic Transmission - 4L60-E/4L65-E.
 - For vehicles equipped with the Tremec 6-Speed transmission, refer to <u>**Transmission Replacement**</u> in Manual Transmission Tremec 6-Speed.

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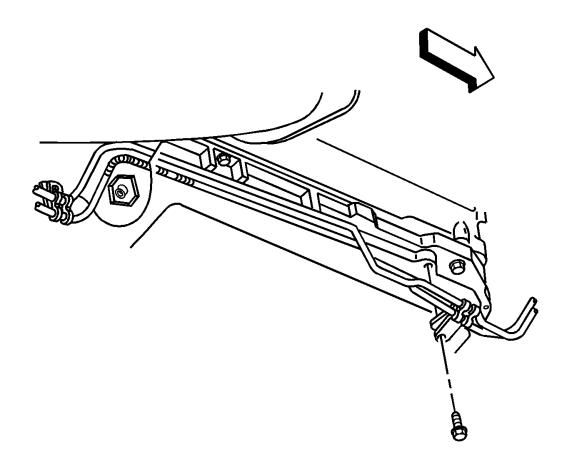


Fig. 205: Transmission Lines - Oil Pan Front Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

33. Remove the transmission cooling lines in front the side of the engine, automatic transmission only.

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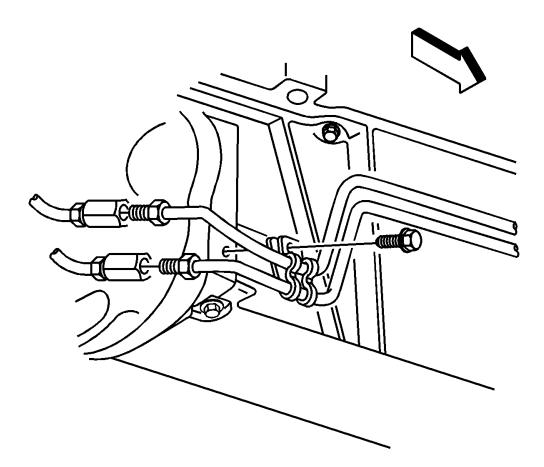


Fig. 206: Transmission Lines - Oil Pan Rear Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 34. Remove the transmission lines from the rear of the engine, automatic transmissions only.
- 35. Remove, relocate, and secure the wiring harness at the rear of the engine.

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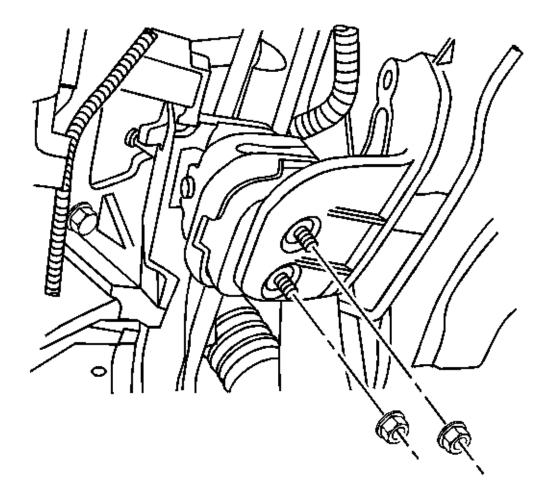


Fig. 207: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 36. Remove the left lower motor mounts retaining nuts.
- 37. Lower the vehicle.
- 38. Install the J 41798 to the engine. See Special Tools.
- 39. Remove the right front shock. Refer to **Shock Module Replacement** in Front Suspension.

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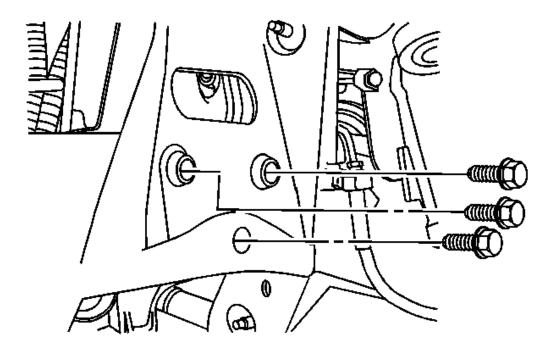


Fig. 208: View Of Frame Engine Mount Bracket Bolt Locations Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 40. Remove the motor mount to frame bolts.
- 41. Using the appropriate engine hoist, remove the engine assembly from the vehicle.
- 42. Install the engine assembly on the appropriate engine stand.

Installation Procedure

- 1. Remove the engine from the engine stand.
- 2. Position the engine in the vehicle.

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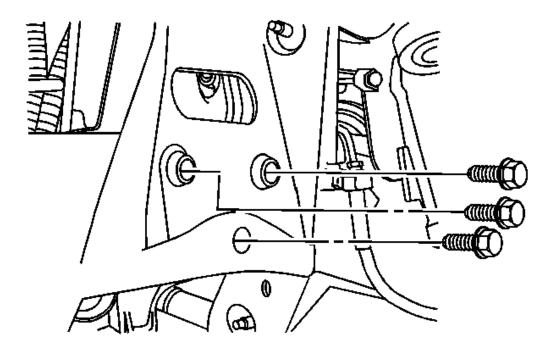


Fig. 209: View Of Frame Engine Mount Bracket Bolt Locations Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the right motor mount to frame bolts.

Tighten: Tighten the right motor mount to frame bolts to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).

- 4. Install the right shock module. Refer to **<u>Shock Module Replacement</u>** in Front Suspension.
- 5. Remove the hoist.
- 6. Remove the J 41798 from the engine. See Special Tools.
- 7. Install the exhaust manifolds.
 - For the left exhaust manifold, refer to **Exhaust Manifold Replacement Left** in Engine Exhaust.
 - For the right exhaust manifold, refer to <u>Exhaust Manifold Replacement Right</u> in Engine Exhaust.
- 8. Install the transmission assembly.
 - For vehicles equipped with the 4L60-E automatic transmission, refer to <u>**Transmission**</u> <u>**Replacement**</u> in Automatic Transmission - 4L60-E/4L65-E.
 - For vehicles equipped with the Tremec 6-Speed transmission, refer to Transmission Replacement

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in Manual Transmission - Tremec 6-Speed.

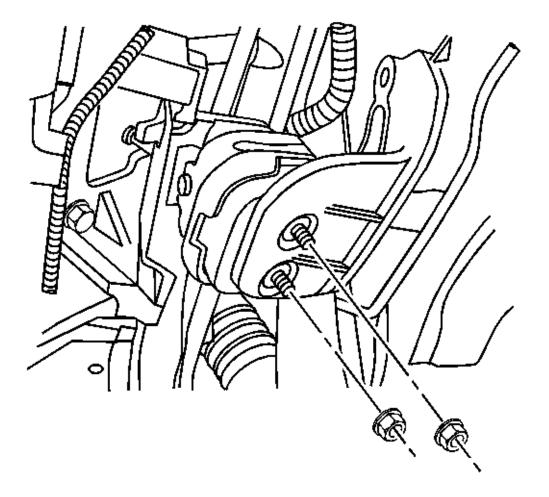


Fig. 210: View Of Left Lower Engine Mount Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Install the left lower motor mount retaining nuts.

Tighten: Tighten the left motor mount nuts to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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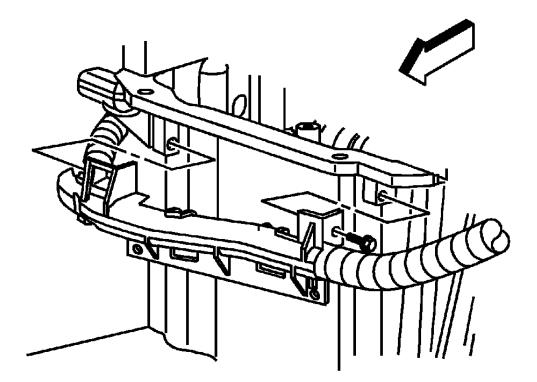


Fig. 211: View Of Battery Cable Channel & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the wiring harness from the front of the engine.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

11. Reconnect the electrical connector for the camshaft sensor.

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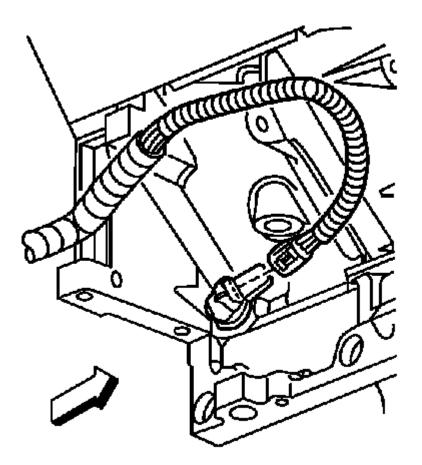
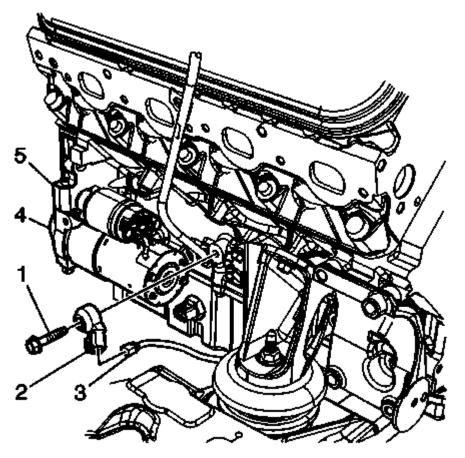


Fig. 212: Identifying Crankshaft Position (CKP) Sensor/Connector Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Reconnect the CKP sensor.

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<u>Fig. 213: Knock Sensor, Starter Assembly, Engine Electrical Connector & Engine Block - Right</u> <u>Side</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 13. Reconnect the electrical connector (3) for the right knock sensor (2).
- 14. Install the starter assembly (4).

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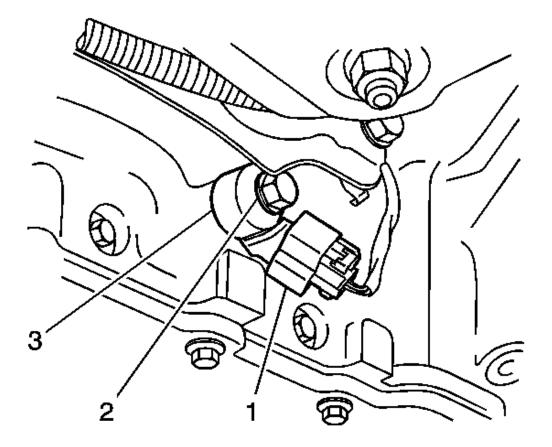


Fig. 214: Removing/Installing Left Knock Sensor (KS) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

15. Reconnect the electrical connector (1) for the left knock sensor (3).

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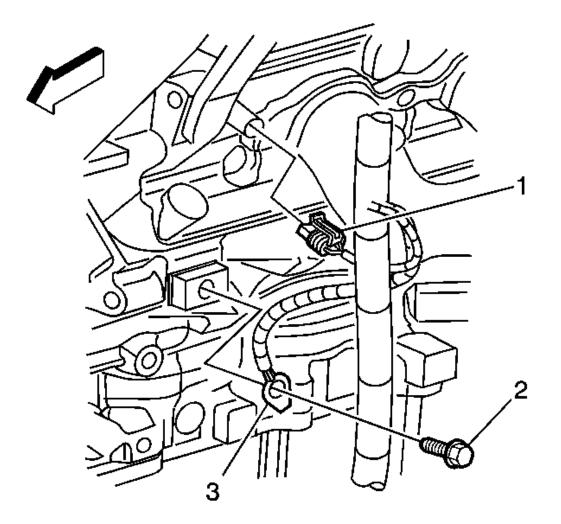


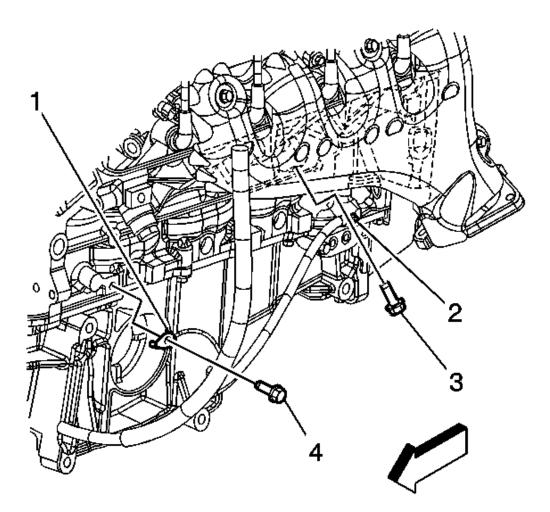
Fig. 215: View Of ECT Sensor Electrical Connector And Ground Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

16. Install the ground terminal bolt (2).

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

17. Reconnect the ECT sensor (1).

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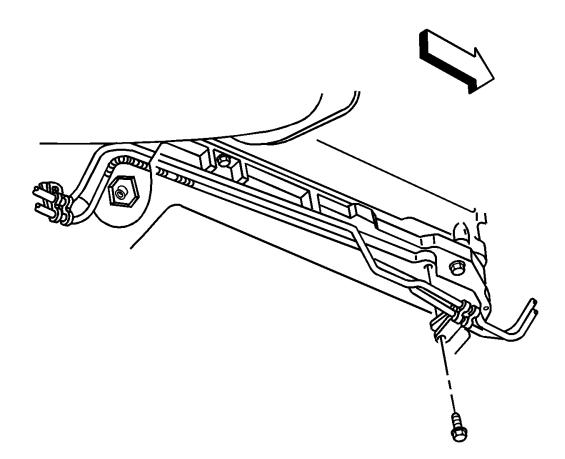


<u>Fig. 216: View Of Ground Terminal Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

18. Install the ground wires (1, 2) and retaining bolts (3, 4) to the engine block.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 217: Transmission Lines - Oil Pan Front</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

19. Install the transmission cooling lines in the front side of the engine, automatic transmission only.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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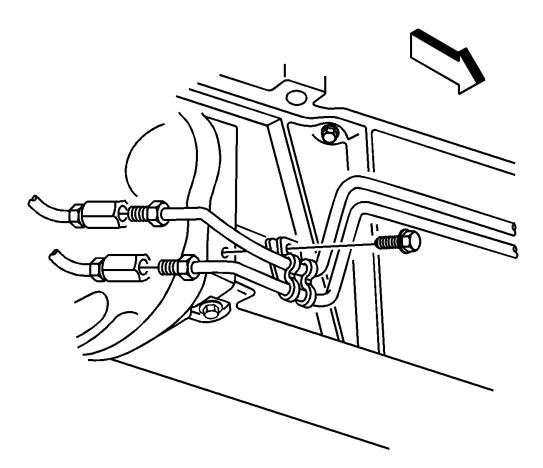


Fig. 218: Transmission Lines - Oil Pan Rear Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

20. Install the transmission lines from the rear of the engine, automatic transmissions only.

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

- 21. Install the catalytic convertors. Refer to <u>Catalytic Converter Replacement</u> in Engine Exhaust.
- 22. Install the A/C compressor. Refer to <u>Compressor Replacement</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 23. Lower the vehicle.
- 24. Connect the oil pressure sensor.
- 25. Install the intake manifold. Refer to Intake Manifold Replacement.
- 26. Position the engine wiring harness on the engine.
- 27. Install the generator mounting bracket. Refer to Generator Bracket Replacement in Engine Electrical.
- 28. Install the ignition coils. Refer to **Ignition Coil(s) Replacement** in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 29. Install the surge tank. Refer to Surge Tank Replacement in Engine Cooling.

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- 30. Install the heater hoses.
 - For the heater inlet hose, refer to <u>Heater Hose Replacement Inlet</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
 - For the heater outlet hose, refer to <u>Heater Hose Replacement Outlet</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 31. Install the accessory drive belt. Refer to **Drive Belt Replacement Accessory**.
- 32. Install the radiator, A/C condenser, and cooling fan assembly. Refer to **<u>Radiator Replacement</u>** in Engine Cooling.
- 33. Install the upper tie bar. Refer to <u>Tie Bar Replacement Upper</u> in Body Front End.
- 34. Install the radiator hoses.
 - For the radiator inlet hose, refer to **<u>Radiator Hose Replacement Inlet</u>** in Engine Cooling.
 - For the radiator outlet hose, refer to **<u>Radiator Hose Replacement Outlet</u>** in Engine Cooling.
- 35. Install the air cleaner assembly. Refer to Air Cleaner Assembly Replacement in Engine Controls 6.0L.
- 36. Raise the vehicle.
- 37. Reconnect the negative battery cable. Refer to <u>Battery Negative Cable Disconnect/Connect Procedure</u> in Engine Electrical.
- Fill the cooling system. Refer to <u>Draining and Filling Cooling System (Static Fill)</u> or <u>Draining and</u> <u>Filling Cooling System (Vac-N-Fill)</u> in Engine Cooling.
- 39. Fill the engine with motor oil. Refer to **Draining Fluids and Oil Filter Removal**.
- 40. Recharge the A/C system. Refer to <u>Refrigerant Recovery and Recharging</u> in Heating, Ventilation and Air Conditioning.
- 41. Install the hood assembly. Refer to <u>Hood Replacement</u> in Body Front End.

Engine Oil and Oil Filter Replacement

Removal Procedure

IMPORTANT: In order to completely drain the oil from the oil pan internal baffling, the bottom of the oil pan must be level during the oil drain procedure.

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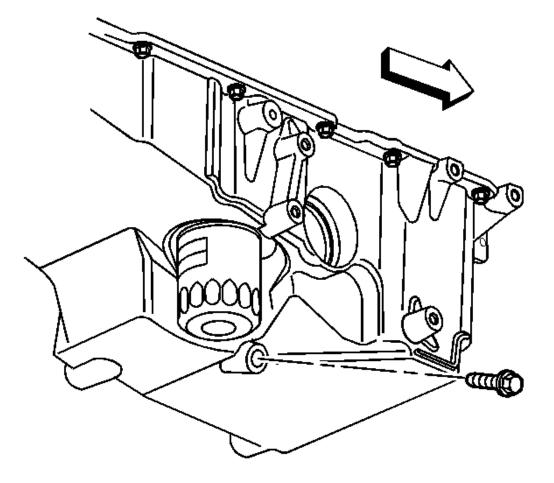


Fig. 219: View Of Oil Pan Drain Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Open the hood.
- 2. Remove the oil fill cap.
- 3. Raise and suitably support the vehicle. Refer to <u>Lifting and Jacking the Vehicle</u> in General Information.
- 4. Place a oil drain pan under the oil pan drain plug.
- 5. Remove the oil pan drain plug.
- 6. Drain the engine oil.
- 7. Wipe the excess oil from the drain plug hole and plug.

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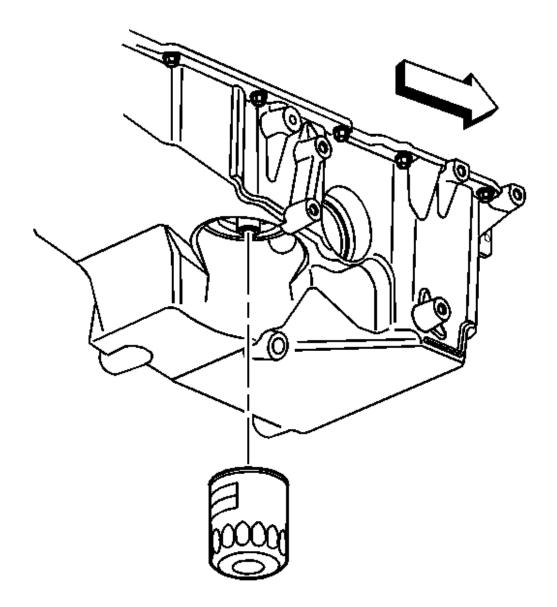


Fig. 220: Locating Oil Filter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

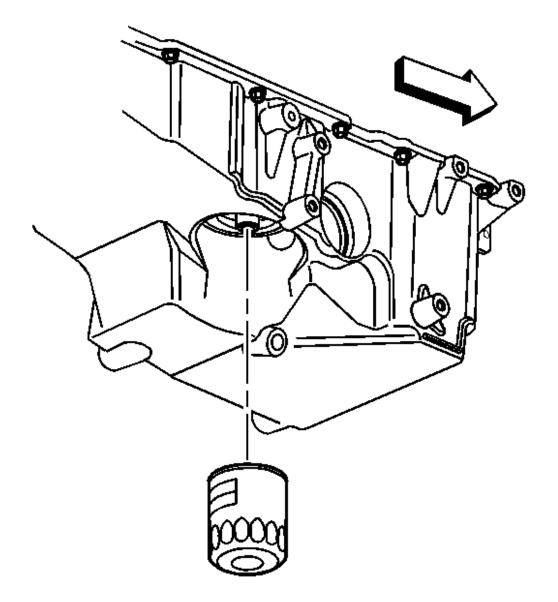
IMPORTANT: Check the old oil filter to ensure that the filter seal is not left on the engine block.

- 8. Remove the oil filter.
- 9. Wipe the excess oil from the oil filter mounting.

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Installation Procedure



<u>Fig. 221: Locating Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice in Cautions and Notices.

1. Lubricate the oil filter seal with clean engine oil.

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2. Install the oil filter.

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

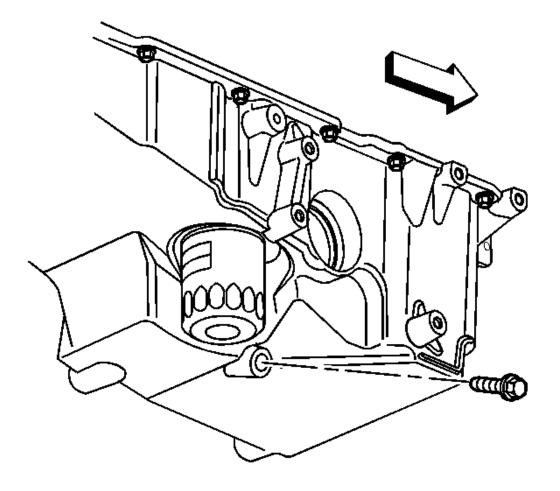


Fig. 222: View Of Oil Pan Drain Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the oil drain plug to the oil pan.

Tighten: Tighten the oil pan drain plug to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

- 4. Lower the vehicle.
- 5. Fill the crankcase with the proper quantity and grade of engine oil. Refer to <u>Capacities Approximate</u> <u>Fluid</u> and <u>Fluid and Lubricant Recommendations</u> in Maintenance and Lubrication.
- 6. Remove the oil level indicator.

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- 7. Wipe the indicator with a clean cloth.
- 8. Install the oil level indicator.
- 9. Remove the oil level indicator in order to check the level.
- 10. Add oil if necessary.
- 11. Close the hood.

OFF-VEHICLE REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

Draining Fluids and Oil Filter Removal

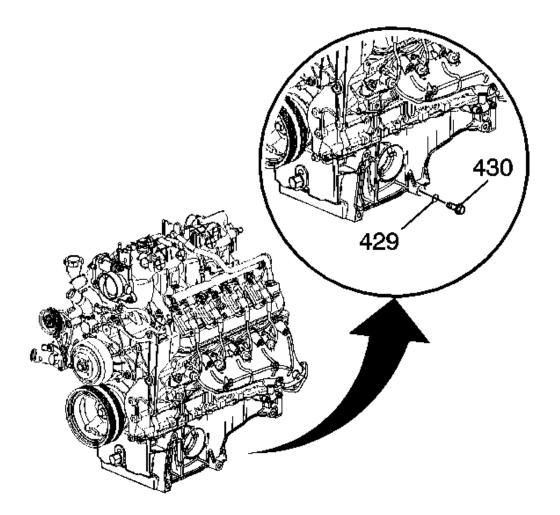
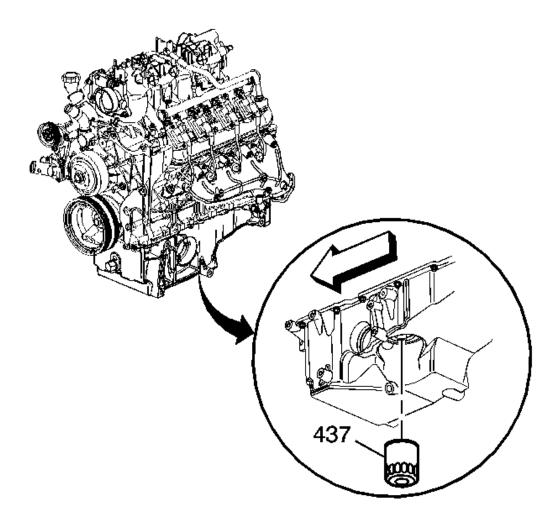


Fig. 223: Oil Pan Drain Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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1. Remove the oil pan drain plug (430) and O-ring (429).



<u>Fig. 224: Engine Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the engine oil filter (437).

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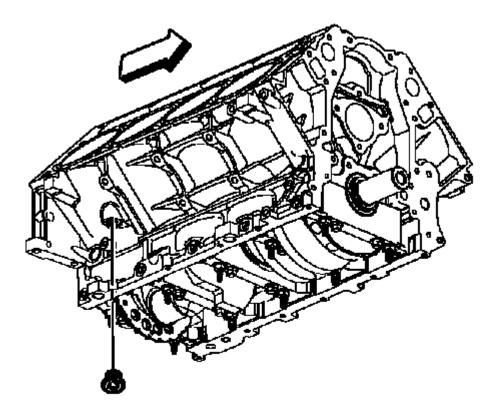
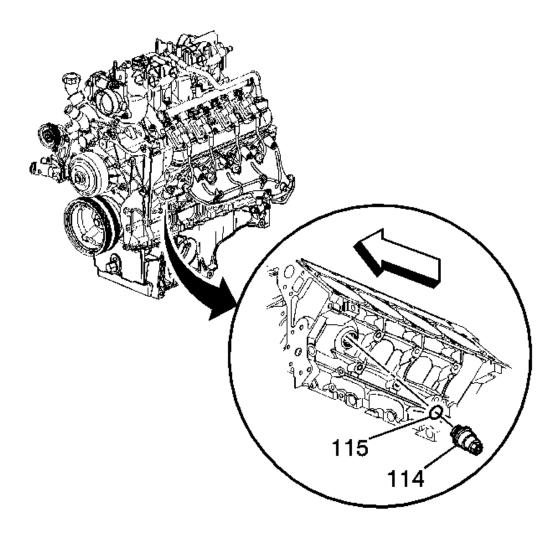


Fig. 225: Identifying Plug Location On Underside Of Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the engine block coolant drain hole plug and washer.

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<u>Fig. 226: Engine Block Coolant Heater</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the engine block coolant heater (114) and washer (115).

Crankshaft Balancer Removal

Tools Required

- J 41816 Crankshaft Balancer Remover. See Special Tools.
- J 41816-2 Crankshaft End Protector. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 42386-A Flywheel Holding Tool. See Special Tools.

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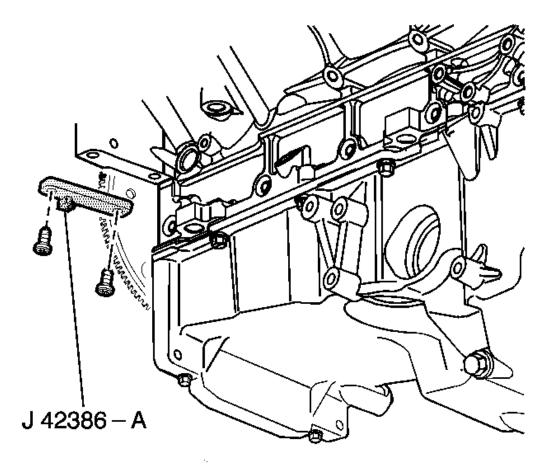


Fig. 227: View Of J 42386-A Flywheel Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

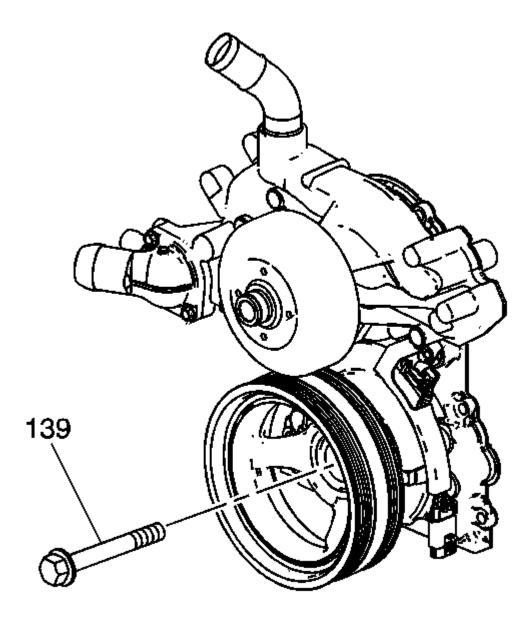
IMPORTANT: Do not use the crankshaft balancer bolt again. Install a NEW crankshaft balancer bolt during final assembly.

1. Install the J 42386-A and bolts. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Use 1 M10 - 1.5 x 120 mm and 1 M10 - 1.5 x 45 mm bolt for proper tool operation.

Tighten: Tighten the J 42386-A bolts to 50 N. See Special Tools.m (37 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 228: Crankshaft Balancer Bolt</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the crankshaft balancer bolt (139).

Do not discard the crankshaft balancer bolt. The balancer bolt will be used during the balancer installation procedure.

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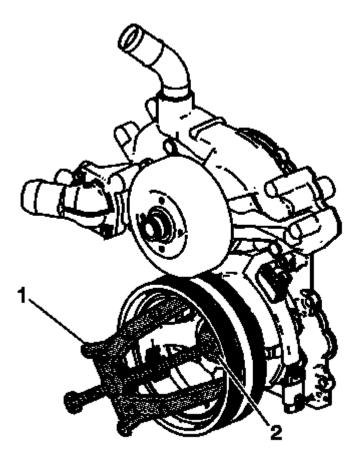


Fig. 229: Removing Crankshaft Balancer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Use the J 41816 (1) and the J 41816-2 (2) in order to remove the crankshaft balancer. See Special Tools.

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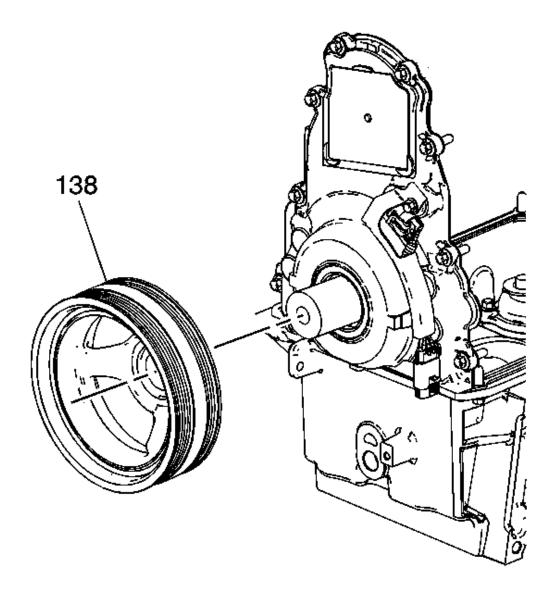


Fig. 230: Crankshaft Balancer Pulley Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the balancer (138).

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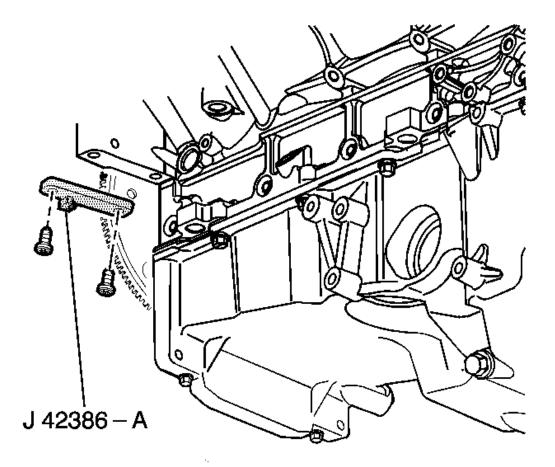
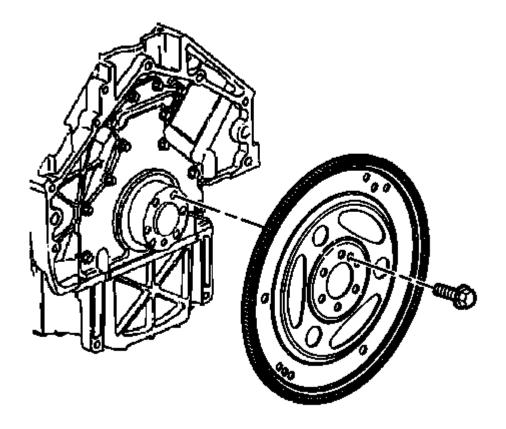


Fig. 231: View Of J 42386-A Flywheel Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the J 42386-A and bolts. See Special Tools.

Engine Flywheel Removal

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<u>Fig. 232: Engine Flywheel</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The flywheel and flex plate do not use a locating pin for alignment and will not initially seat against the crankshaft flange, but will be pulled onto the crankshaft by the bolts. This procedure requires a 3 stage tightening process.

- 1. Remove the flex plate bolts.
- 2. Remove the automatic transmission flex plate.

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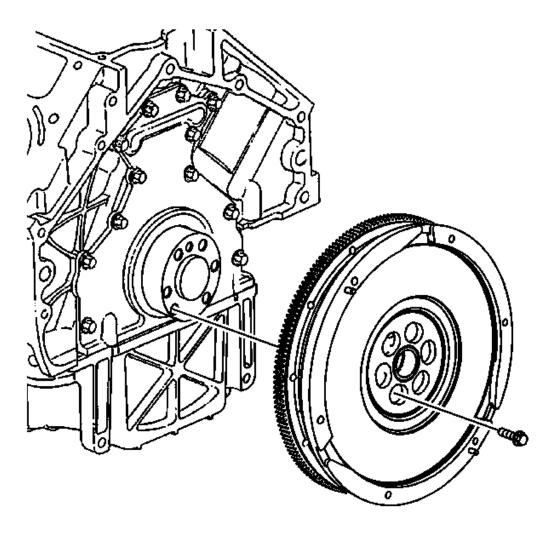


Fig. 233: View Of Manual Transmission Engine Flywheel Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the manual transmission flywheel.

Oil Level Indicator and Tube Removal

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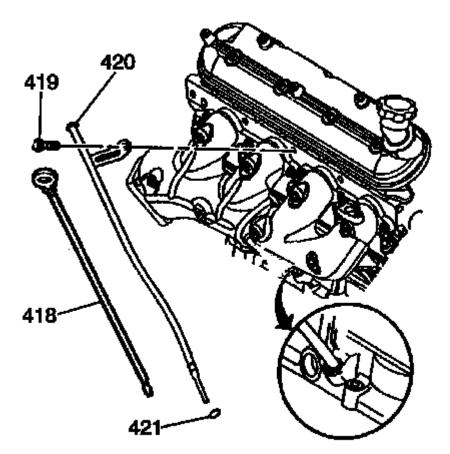


Fig. 234: Oil Level Indicator and Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the oil level indicator (418) from the tube.
- 2. Remove the oil level indicator tube bolt (419).
- 3. Remove the oil level indicator tube (420) from the engine block.

IMPORTANT: Inspect the O-ring for cuts or damage. The O-ring seal may be used again if it is not cut or damaged.

4. Remove the O-ring (421) from the tube, as required.

Exhaust Manifold Removal - Left

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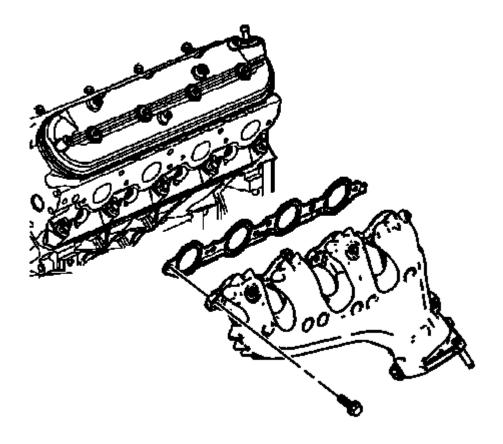


Fig. 235: Exhaust Manifold Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires from the spark plugs.
- 2. Remove the exhaust manifold, bolts, and gasket.
- 3. Discard the gasket.

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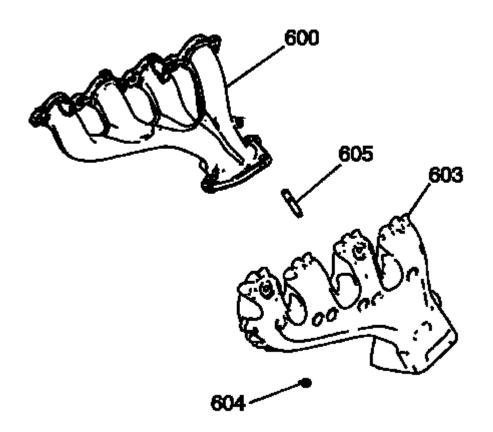


Fig. 236: Exhaust Manifold Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the heat shield (603) and bolts (604) from the manifold (600), as required.
- 5. Remove the studs (605), as required.

Exhaust Manifold Removal - Right

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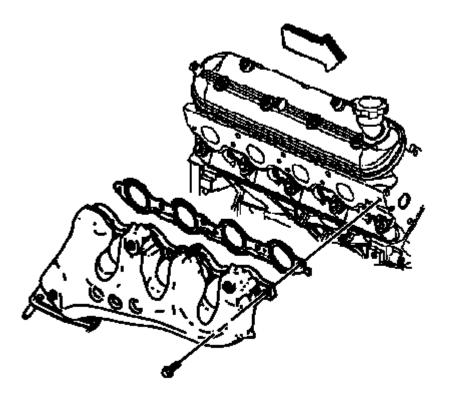


Fig. 237: Exhaust Manifold Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires from the spark plugs.
- 2. Remove the exhaust manifold, bolts, and gasket.
- 3. Discard the gasket.

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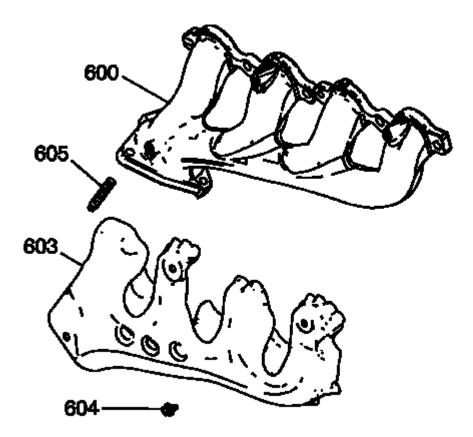
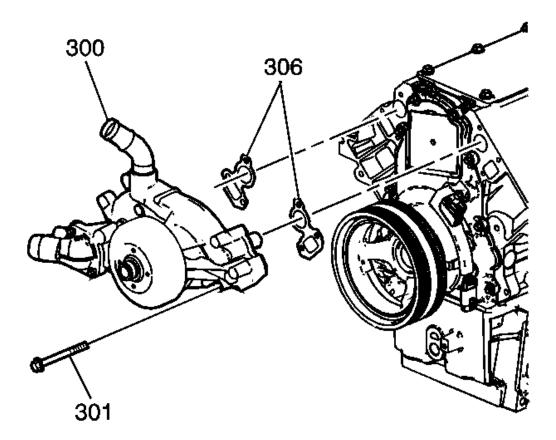


Fig. 238: Exhaust Manifold Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the heat shield (603) and bolts (604) from the manifold (600), as required.
- 5. Remove the studs (605), as required.

Water Pump Removal

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<u>Fig. 239: Water Pump</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the water pump bolts (301).
- 2. Remove the water pump (300) and gaskets (306).
- 3. Discard the water pump gaskets.

Throttle Body Removal

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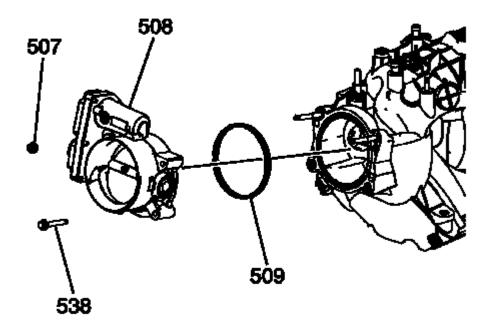


Fig. 240: Throttle Body Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The intake manifold, throttle body, fuel injection rail, and fuel injectors may be removed as an assembly. If not servicing the individual components, remove the manifold as a complete assembly.

- 1. Remove the electrical wire harness connectors from the throttle body.
- 2. Remove the throttle body nuts (507) and bolts (538).
- 3. Remove the throttle body (508).
- 4. Remove the throttle body gasket (509).
- 5. Discard the gasket.

Fuel Rail and Injectors Removal

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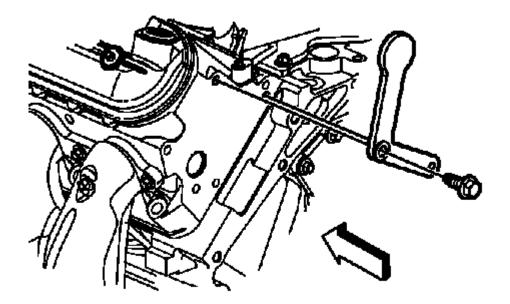


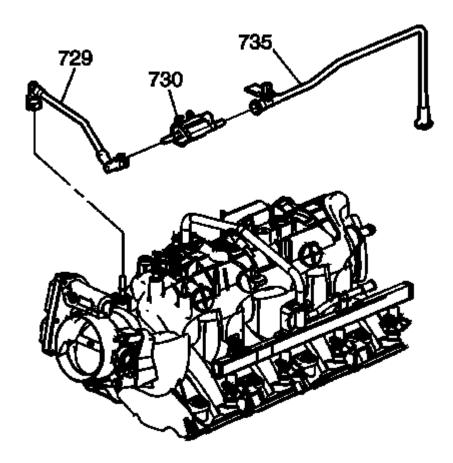
Fig. 241: View Of Fuel Rail Stop Bracket & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to Fuel Rail Stop Bracket Installation Caution in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: The intake manifold, throttle body, fuel injection rail and fuel injectors may be removed as an assembly. If not servicing the individual components, remove the intake manifold as a complete assembly.

1. Remove the fuel rail stop bracket and bolt, as required.

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<u>Fig. 242: EVAP Purge Valve & Tubes</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the evaporative emission (EVAP) canister purge solenoid valve (730) and tubes (729, 735).

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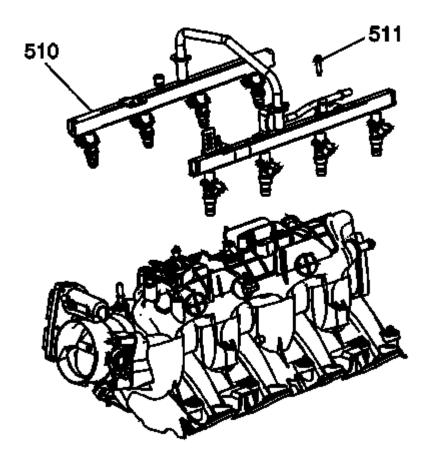


Fig. 243: Fuel Rail Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the fuel rail bolts (511).
 - IMPORTANT: Do not separate the fuel injectors from the fuel rail, unless component service is required.
 - Use cleanliness and care when handling the fuel system components.
 - Do not allow dirt or debris to enter the fuel injectors or fuel rail components. Cap ends, as necessary.
- 4. Remove the fuel rail (510) with injectors. Lift evenly on both sides of the fuel rail until all the injectors have left their bores.

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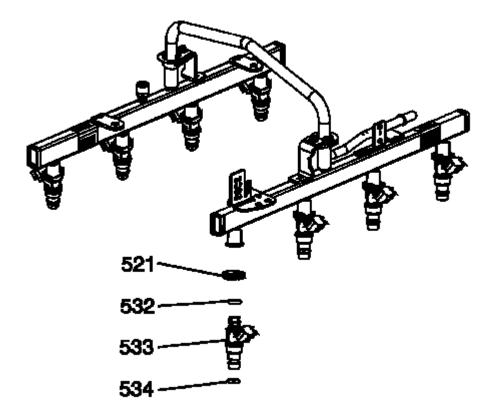
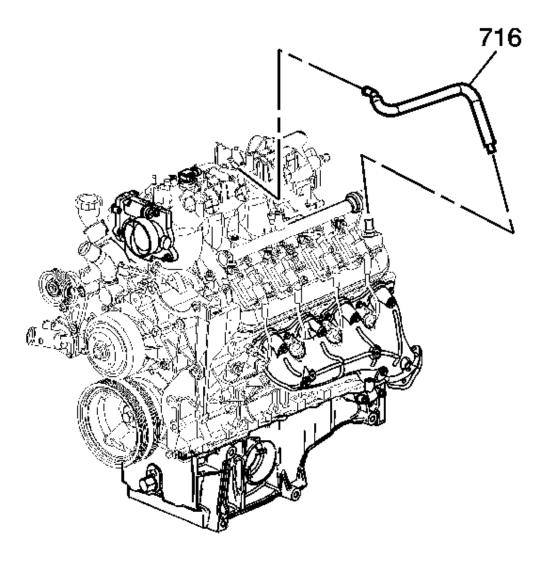


Fig. 244: Fuel Rail & Injectors Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the fuel injector retainers (521) and fuel injectors (533), as required.
- 6. Remove the O-rings (532, 534) from the injectors, as required.

Intake Manifold Removal

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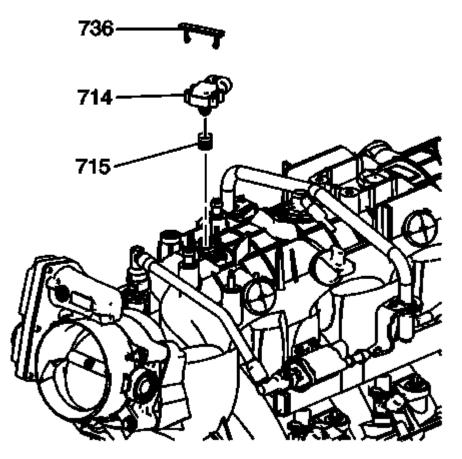


<u>Fig. 245: PCV Hose</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The intake manifold, throttle body, fuel injection rail, and fuel injectors may be removed as an assembly. If not servicing the individual components, remove the manifold as a complete assembly.

- DO NOT use the intake manifold-to-cylinder head gaskets again.
- 1. Remove the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) hose dirty air (716).

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<u>Fig. 246: MAP Sensor</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Remove the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor (714) and retainer (736), as required.
- 3. Remove the seal (715) from the sensor, as required.

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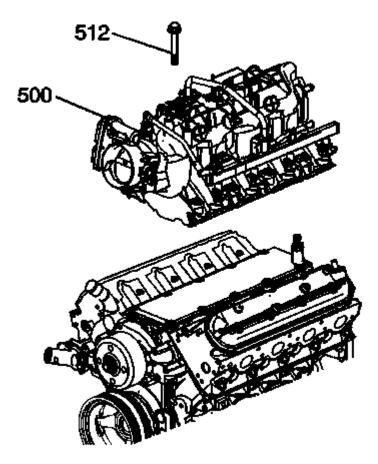


Fig. 247: Removing/Installing Intake Manifold Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the intake manifold bolts (512).
- 5. Remove the intake manifold (500) with gaskets.

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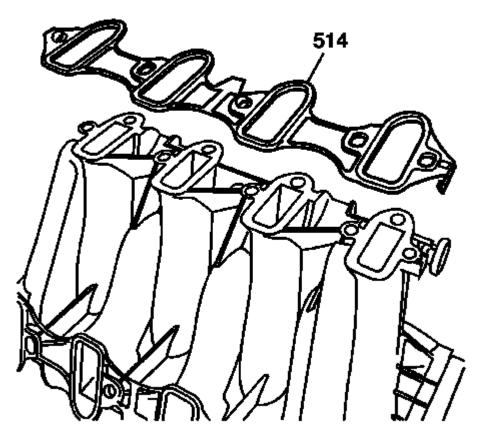


Fig. 248: View Of Intake Manifold-To-Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Remove the intake manifold gaskets (514).
- 7. Discard the intake manifold gaskets.

Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Removal

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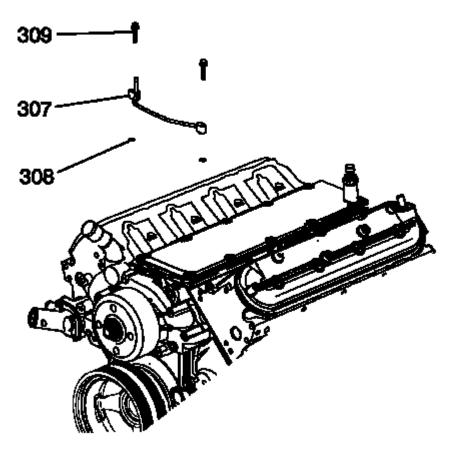


Fig. 249: Removing/Installing Engine Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the engine coolant air bleed pipe bolts (309).
- 2. Remove the pipe (307) with seals (308).

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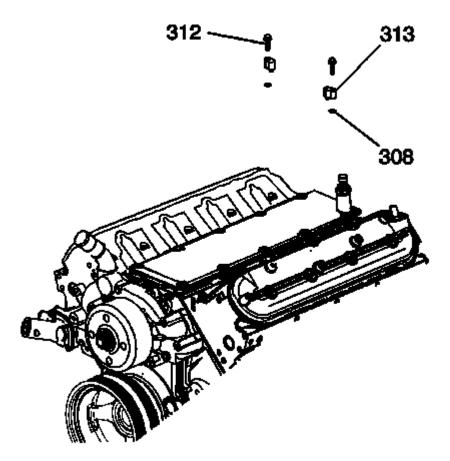


Fig. 250: Removing/Installing Coolant Air Bleed Cover Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the engine coolant air bleed cover bolts (312).
- 4. Remove the covers (313) with seals (308).

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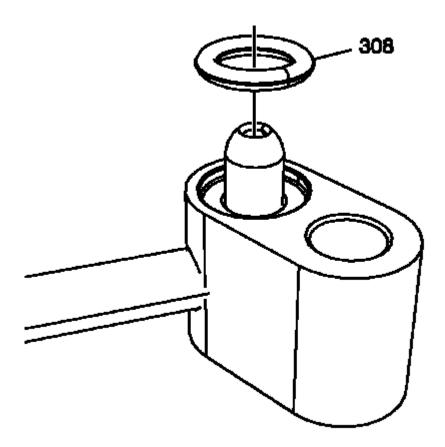


Fig. 251: View Of Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the seals (308) from the pipe and covers.
- 6. Discard the seals.

Engine Valley Cover Removal

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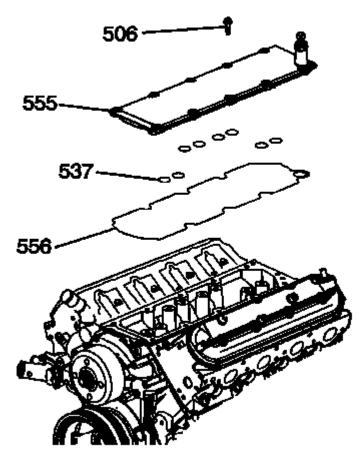


Fig. 252: Removing/Installing Engine Valley Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the valley cover bolts (506).
- 2. Remove the valley cover (555) and gasket (556).
- 3. Remove the O-ring seals (537) from the cover.

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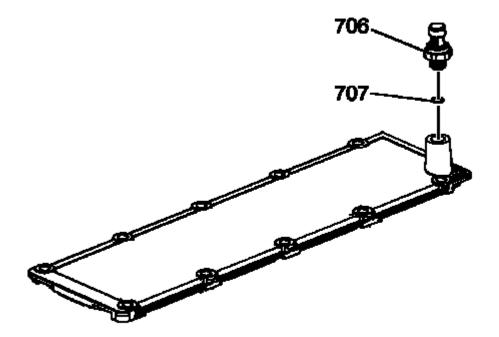


Fig. 253: Removing/Installing Oil Pressure Sensor & Washer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the oil pressure sensor (706) and washer (707), as required.

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Removal - Left

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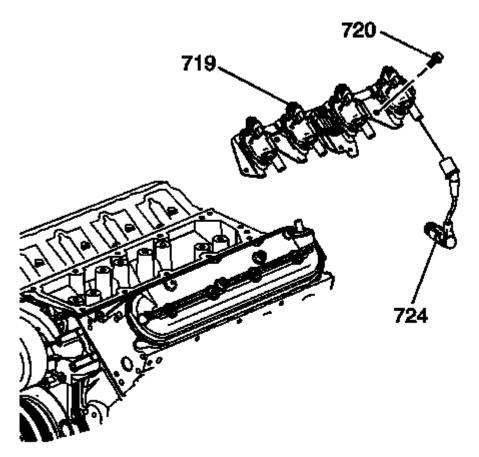


Fig. 254: Ignition Coils & Bracket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires (724).
- 2. Remove the ignition coil bracket studs (720).
- 3. Remove the ignition coil and bracket assembly (719).

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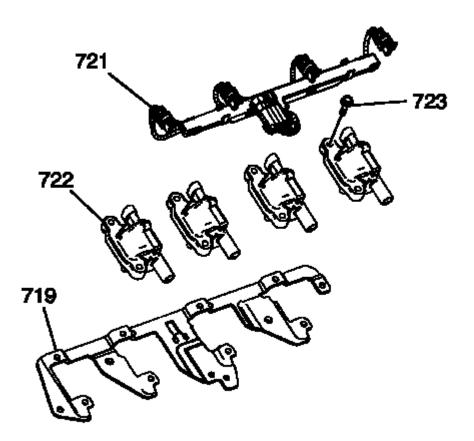


Fig. 255: View Of Bracket, Bolts, Coils & Wire Harness Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Disconnect the ignition coil electrical connectors.
- 5. Remove the bolts (723), coils (722), and wire harness (721) from the bracket (719), as required.

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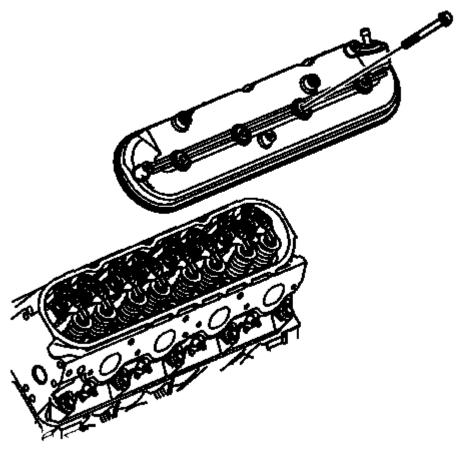


Fig. 256: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the valve rocker arm cover bolts and cover.

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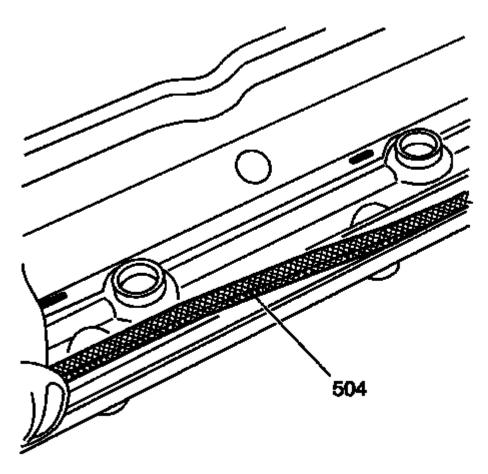
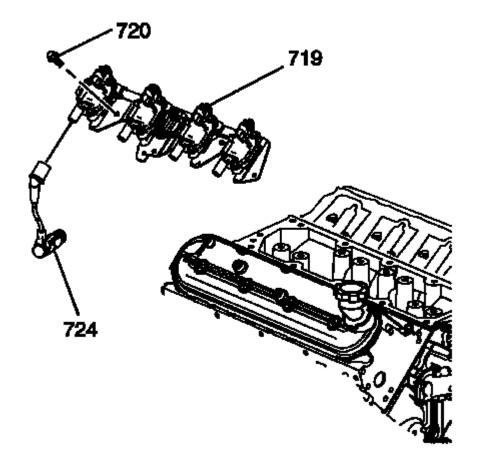


Fig. 257: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the gasket (504) from the cover.

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Removal - Right

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<u>Fig. 258: Ignition Coils & Bracket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not remove the oil fill tube from the cover, unless service is required. If the oil fill tube has been removed from the cover, install a NEW tube during assembly.

- 1. Remove the spark plug wires (724).
- 2. Remove the ignition coil bracket studs (720).
- 3. Remove the ignition coil and bracket assembly (719).

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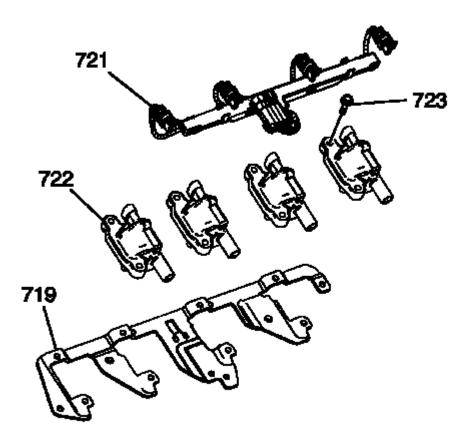


Fig. 259: View Of Bracket, Bolts, Coils & Wire Harness Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Disconnect the ignition coil electrical connectors.
- 5. Remove the bolts (723), coils (722), and wire harness (721) from the bracket (719), as required.

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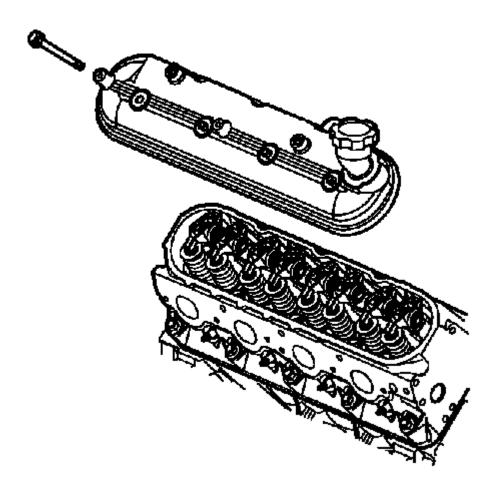


Fig. 260: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover & Bolts (Right) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the valve rocker arm cover bolts and cover.

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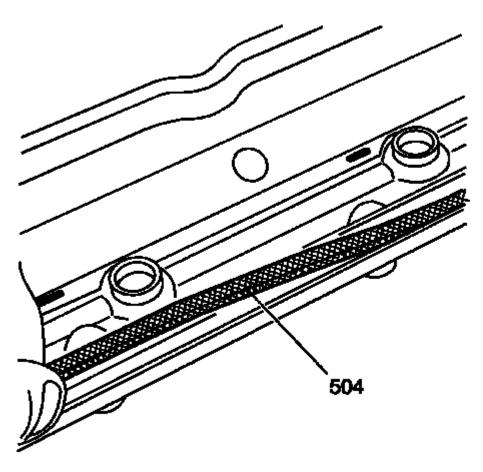


Fig. 261: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the gasket (504) from the cover.

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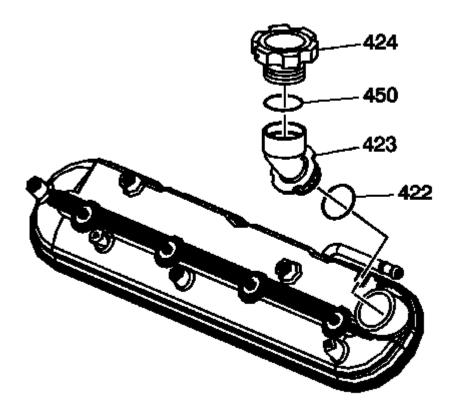


Fig. 262: Oil Fill Cap & Oil Fill Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Remove the oil fill cap (424) from the oil fill tube (423).
- 9. Remove the oil fill tube, as required.
- 10. Discard the oil fill tube.

Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Removal

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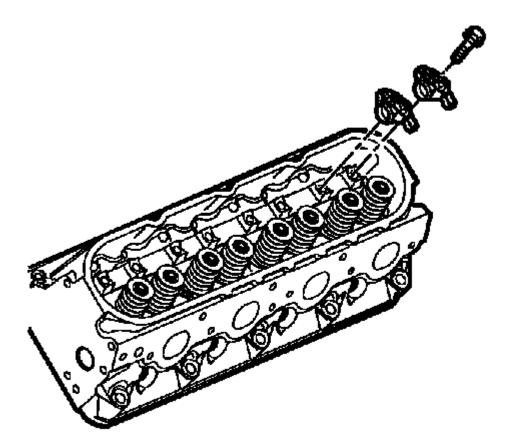


Fig. 263: View Of Rocker Arms & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Place the valve rocker arms, valve pushrods, and pivot support, in a rack so they can be installed in the same location from which they were removed.

- 1. Remove the valve rocker arm bolts.
- 2. Remove the valve rocker arms.

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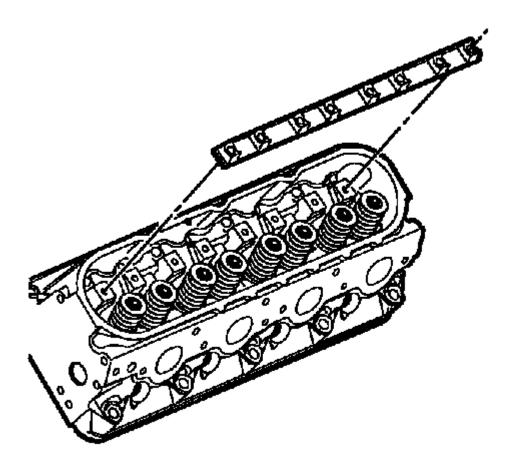
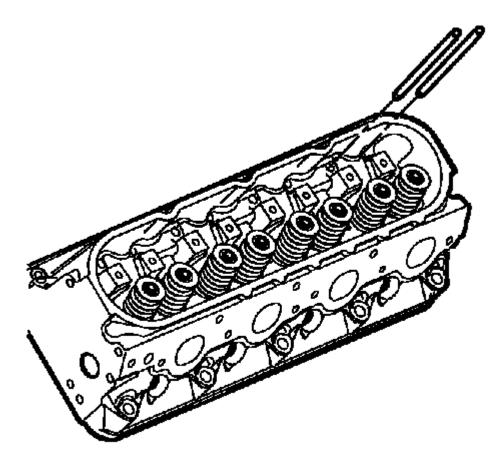


Fig. 264: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Pivot Support Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the valve rocker arm pivot support.

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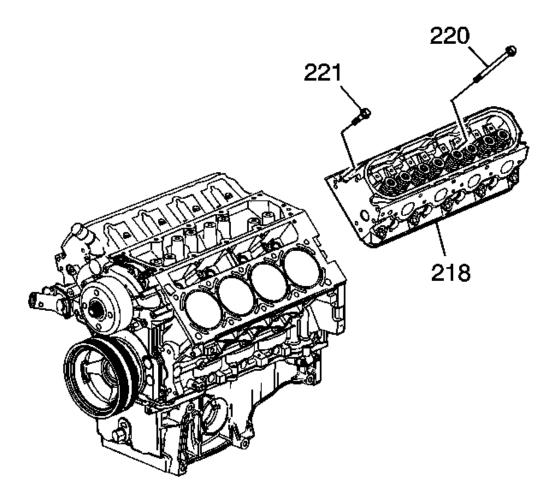


<u>Fig. 265: View Of Pushrods</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the pushrods.

Cylinder Head Removal - Left

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<u>Fig. 266: Cylinder Head</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The cylinder head bolts are of a torque-to-yield design and are NOT to be used again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.

1. Remove the cylinder head bolts (220, 221).

NOTE: After removal, place the cylinder head on 2 wood blocks in order to prevent damage to the sealing surfaces.

2. Remove the cylinder head (218).

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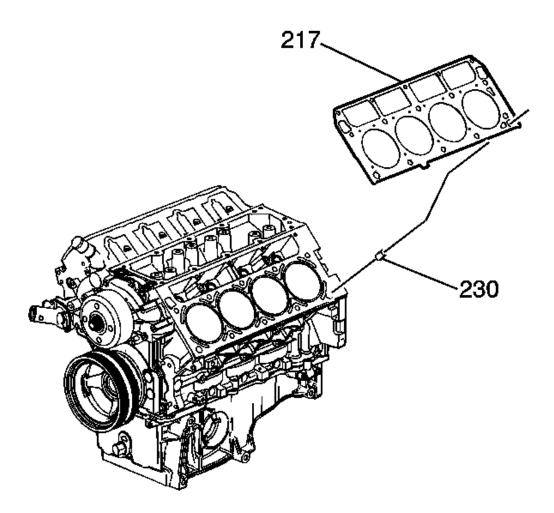
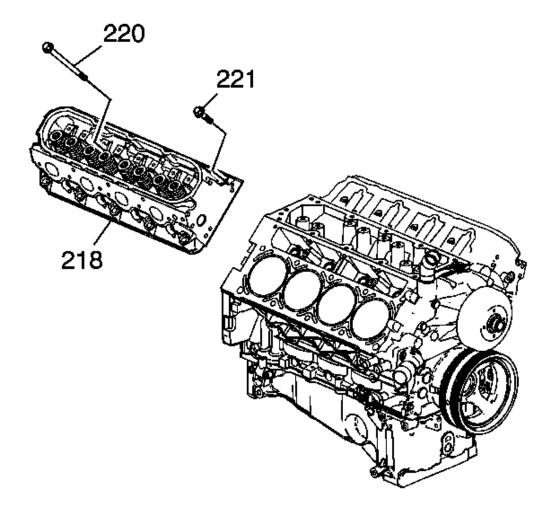


Fig. 267: Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the gasket (217) and locating pins (230).
- 4. Discard the gasket and cylinder head bolts.

Cylinder Head Removal - Right

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<u>Fig. 268: Cylinder Head</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

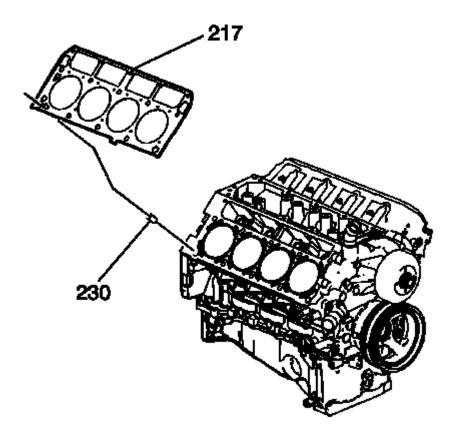
IMPORTANT: The cylinder head bolts are of a torque-to-yield design and are NOT to be used again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.

1. Remove the cylinder head bolts (220, 221).

NOTE: After removal, place the cylinder head on 2 wood blocks in order to prevent damage to the sealing surfaces.

2. Remove the cylinder head (218).

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<u>Fig. 269: Cylinder Head Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the gasket (217) and locating pins (230).
- 4. Discard the gasket and cylinder head bolts.

Valve Lifter Removal

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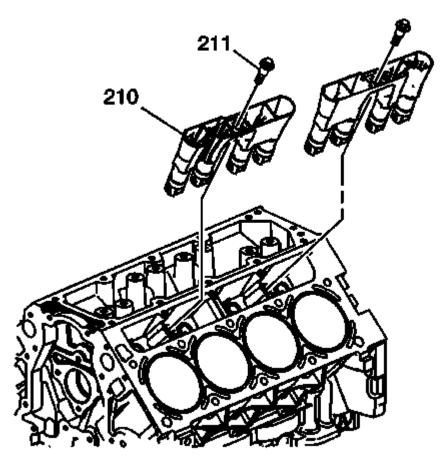


Fig. 270: Valve Lifter Guides, Cylinder Head & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the guide bolts (211).
- 2. Remove the guides (210) with lifters.

Note the installed position of the guides. The notched area of the guide is to align with the locating tab on the block.

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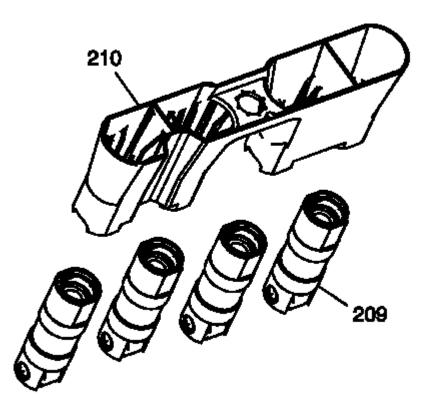
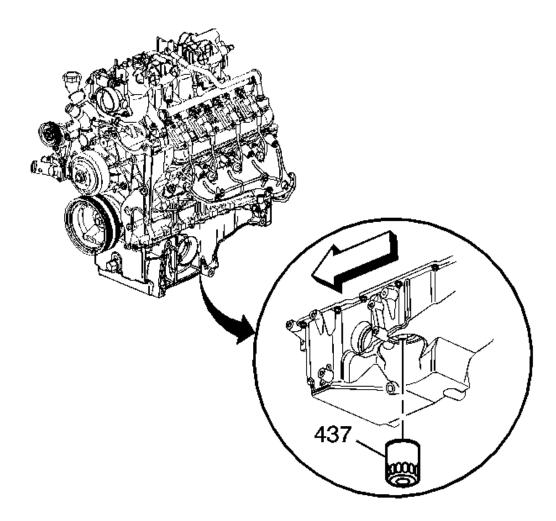


Fig. 271: Valve Lifter Guides & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the valve lifters (209) from the guide (210).
- 4. Organize or mark the components so they can be installed in the same location from which they were removed. Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.

Oil Filter and Adapter Removal

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<u>Fig. 272: Engine Oil Filter</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the oil filter (437).

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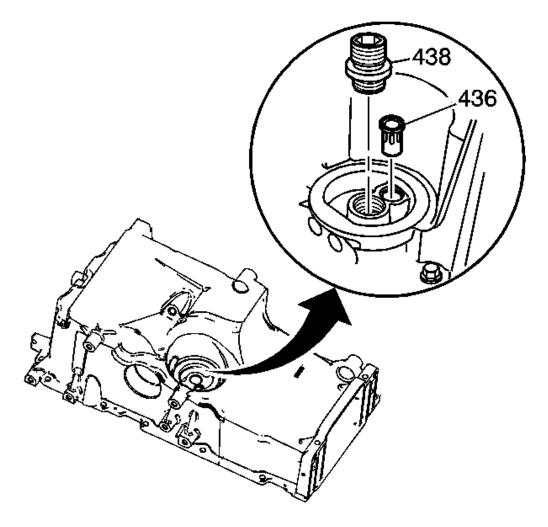


Fig. 273: Oil Filter Fitting & Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the oil filter fitting (438) and bypass valve (436), as required.

Oil Pan Removal

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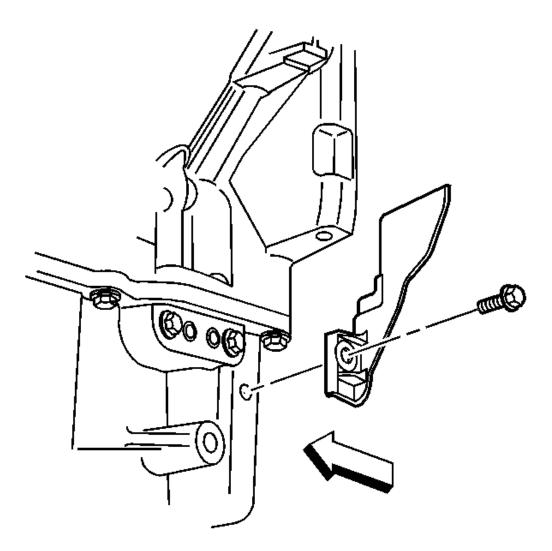


Fig. 274: View Of Left Closeout Cover & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: The original oil pan gasket is retained and aligned to the oil pan by rivets. When installing a new gasket, it is not necessary to install new oil pan gasket rivets.
 - DO NOT use the oil pan gasket again. When installing the oil pan, install a NEW oil pan gasket.
- 1. Remove the left closeout cover and bolt.

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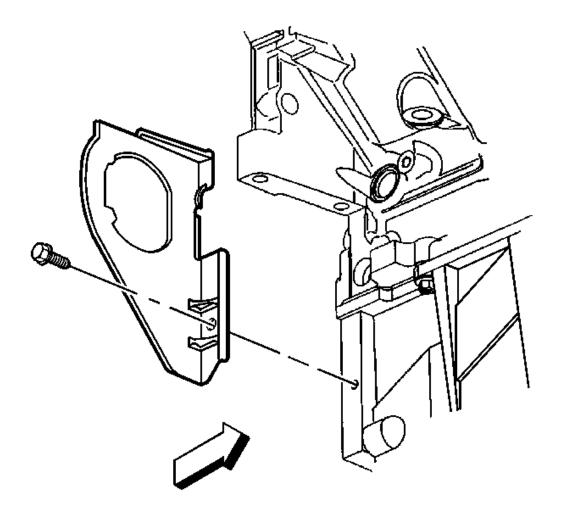


Fig. 275: View Of Right Transmission Closeout Cover & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the right closeout cover and bolt.

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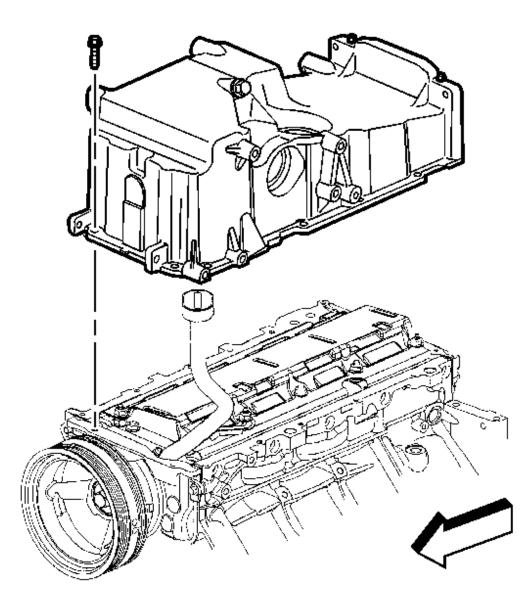


Fig. 276: View Of Oil Pan & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Remove the oil pan bolts.
- 4. Remove the oil pan.

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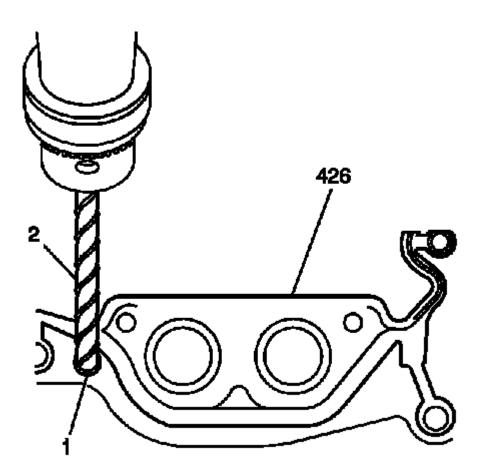


Fig. 277: Drilling Out Oil Pan Gasket Retaining Rivets Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • DO NOT allow foreign material to enter the oil passages of the oil pan. Cap or cover the openings, as required.

- Use care not to gouge, score, or damage the oil pan sealing surface.
- 5. Drill (2) out the oil pan gasket retaining rivets (1), if required.
- 6. Remove the gasket (426) from the pan.
- 7. Discard the gasket and rivets.
- 8. Remove the filter tube, baffle and other internal components, as required. Refer to <u>Oil Pan Cleaning and</u> <u>Inspection</u>.

Engine Front Cover Removal

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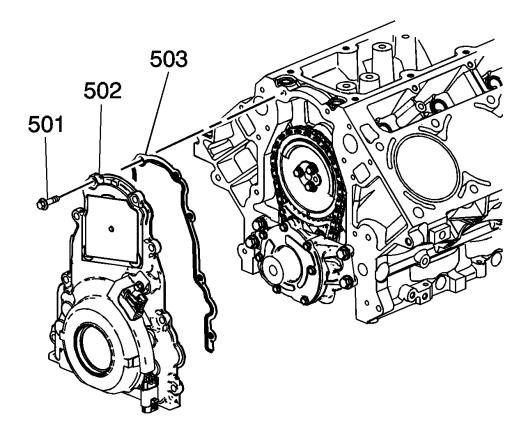
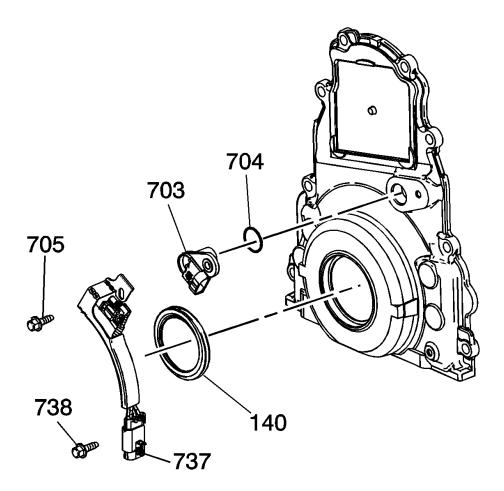


Fig. 278: Engine Front Cover, Gasket & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the front cover bolts (501).
- 2. Remove the front cover (502) and gasket (503).
- 3. Discard the front cover gasket.

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<u>Fig. 279: Engine Front Cover, Camshaft Position Sensor, Oil Seal, Wire Harness, O-Ring & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the oil seal (140).
- 5. Remove the bolts (705, 738), camshaft position (CMP) sensor (703), and wire harness (737).
- 6. Remove the O-ring (704) from the sensor, as required.

Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Removal

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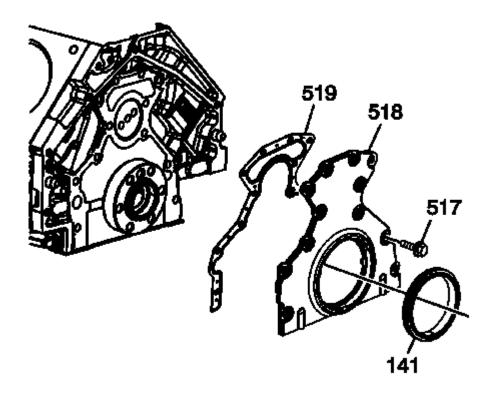


Fig. 280: Removing The Rear Oil Seal Housing Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the rear oil seal housing bolts (517).
- 2. Remove the housing (518) and gasket (519).
- 3. Remove the rear oil seal (141).

Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Removal

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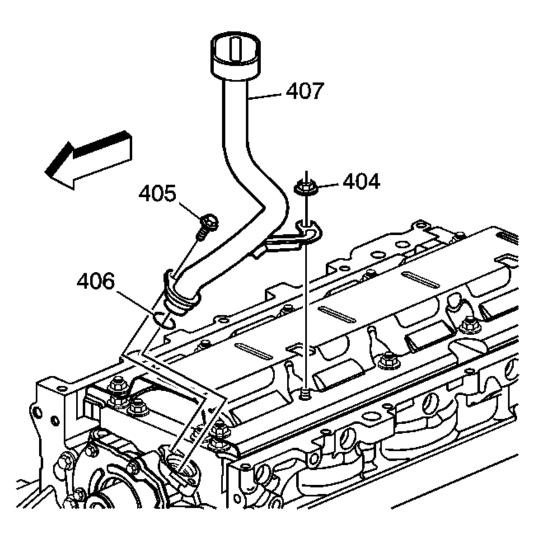


Fig. 281: View Of Oil Pump Screen, Bolt, Nuts & O-Ring Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the oil pump screen bolt (405) and nut (404).
- 2. Remove the oil pump screen (407) with O-ring seal.
- 3. Remove the O-ring seal (406) from the pump screen.
- 4. Discard the O-ring seal.

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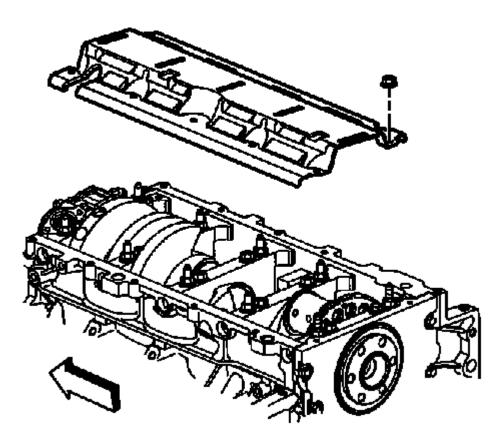


Fig. 282: View Of Crankshaft Oil Deflector Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the crankshaft oil deflector nuts.
- 6. Remove the crankshaft oil deflector.

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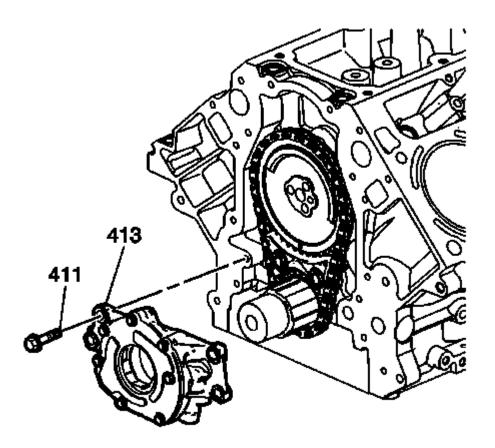


Fig. 283: Removing/Installing Oil Pump Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Remove the oil pump bolts (411).

IMPORTANT: Do not allow dirt or debris to enter the oil pump assembly. Cap ends, as necessary.

8. Remove the oil pump (413).

Timing Chain and Sprockets Removal

Tools Required

- J 8433 Two Jaw Puller. See Special Tools.
- J 41558 Crankshaft Sprocket Remover. See Special Tools.
- J 41816-2 Crankshaft End Protector. See Special Tools.

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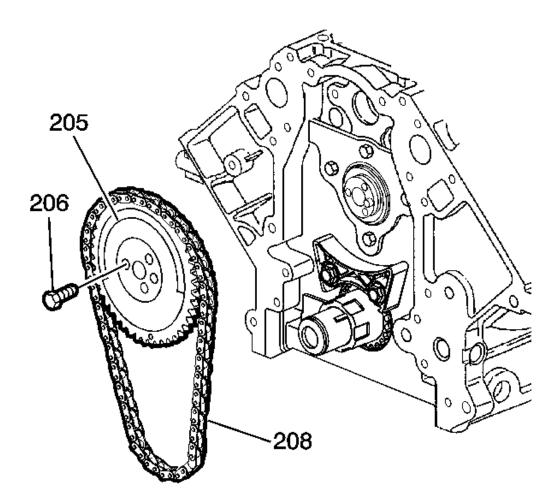


Fig. 284: View Of Camshaft Sprocket, Bolts & Timing Chain Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Do not turn the crankshaft assembly after the timing chain has been removed in order to prevent damage to the piston assemblies or the valves.

- 1. Remove the camshaft sprocket bolts (206).
- 2. Remove the camshaft sprocket (205) and timing chain (208).

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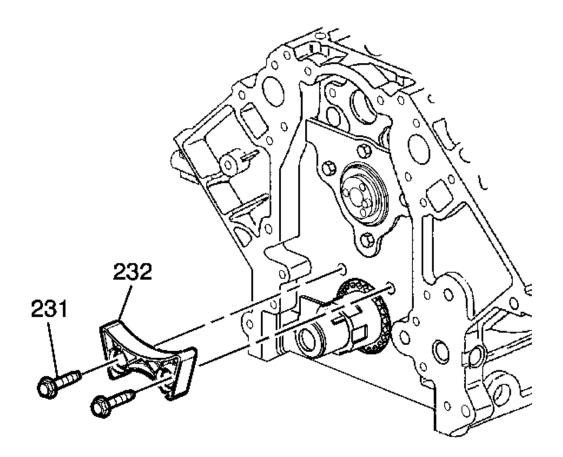
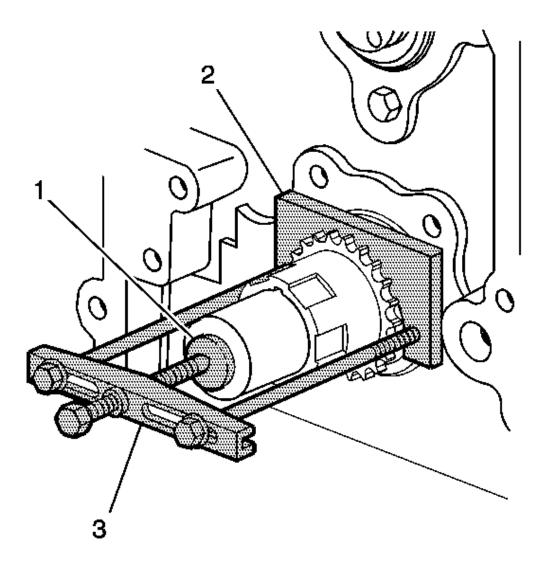


Fig. 285: Timing Chain Dampener & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the bolts (231) and chain dampener (232).

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<u>Fig. 286: Removing Crankshaft Sprocket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Use the J 41816-2 (1), the J 41558 (2), and the J 8433 (3) in order to remove the crankshaft sprocket. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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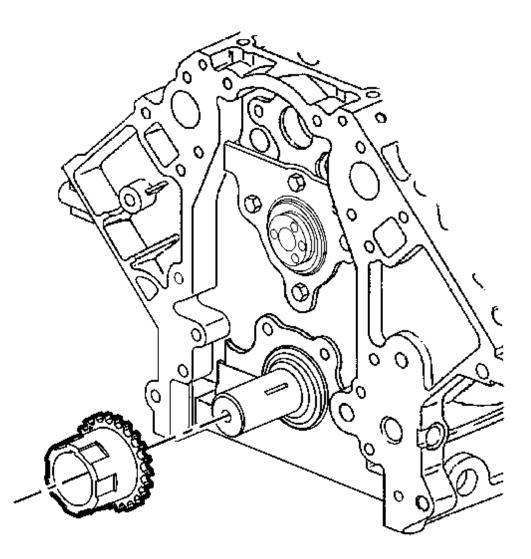


Fig. 287: View Of Crankshaft Sprocket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Remove the crankshaft sprocket.

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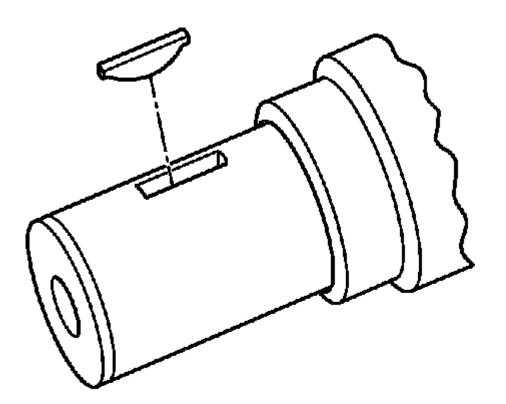
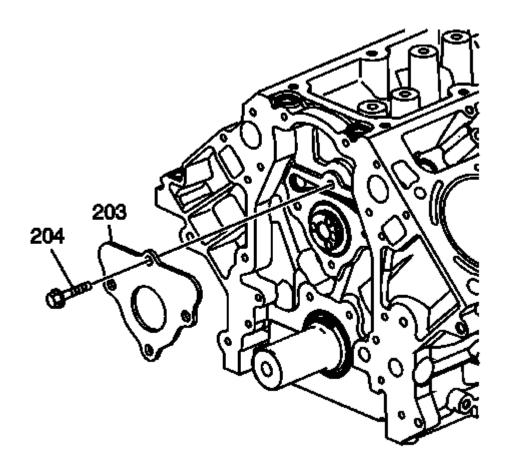


Fig. 288: View Of Crankshaft Key & Keyway Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Remove the crankshaft sprocket key, as required.

Camshaft Removal

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<u>Fig. 289: Camshaft Retainer & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the camshaft retainer bolts (204) and retainer (203).

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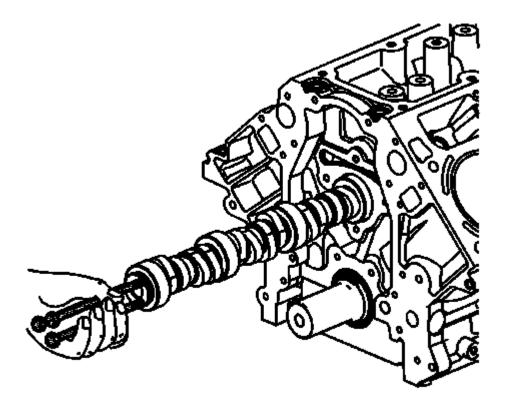


Fig. 290: Camshaft Installation Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: All camshaft journals are the same diameter, so care must be used in removing or installing the camshaft to avoid damage to the camshaft bearings.

- 2. Remove the camshaft.
 - 1. Install the 3 M8-1.25 x 100 mm bolts into the camshaft front bolt holes.
 - 2. Using the bolts as a handle, carefully rotate and pull the camshaft out of the engine block.
 - 3. Remove the bolts from the front of the camshaft.

Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearing Removal

Tools Required

- J 24270 Cylinder Bore Ridge Reamer. See Special Tools.
- J 41556 Connecting Rod Guide. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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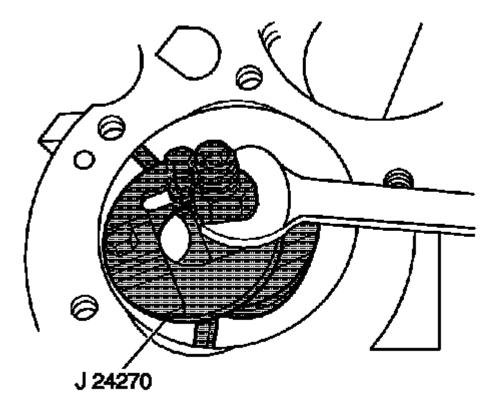


Fig. 291: Removing Cylinder Bore Ring Ridge Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Use the J 24270 in order to remove the cylinder bore ring ridge, if required. See Special Tools.
 - 1. Turn the crankshaft until the piston is at the bottom of the stroke.
 - 2. Place a cloth on top of the piston.
 - 3. Use the J 24270, or equivalent, in order to remove a cylinder ring ridge. See Special Tools.
 - 4. Turn the crankshaft so the piston is at the top of the stroke.
 - 5. Remove the cloth.
 - 6. Remove the cutting debris from the cylinder and piston.

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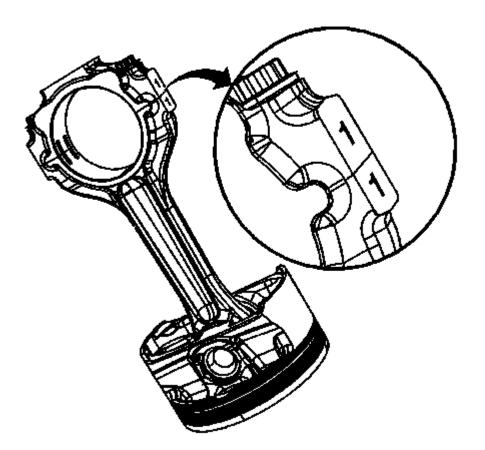


Fig. 292: Matchmarks On Connecting Rods & Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Using a paint stick or etching tool, place matchmarks or numbers on the connecting rods and the connecting rod caps. The connecting rods and caps MUST be assembled to their original position and direction.
 - A stamping mark on the side of the connecting rod, at the crankshaft journal, may affect component geometry.
 - Mark the top of the piston to the specific cylinder bore.

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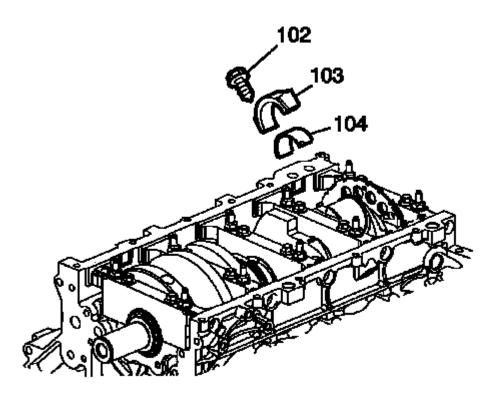


Fig. 293: Connecting Rod Bolt, Cap & Bearing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Mark, sort, or organize the connecting rod bearings so they may be installed to their original position and location. The connecting rods and the bearing caps are NOT interchangeable. Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.

3. Remove the connecting rod bolts (102), cap (103) and bearing (104).

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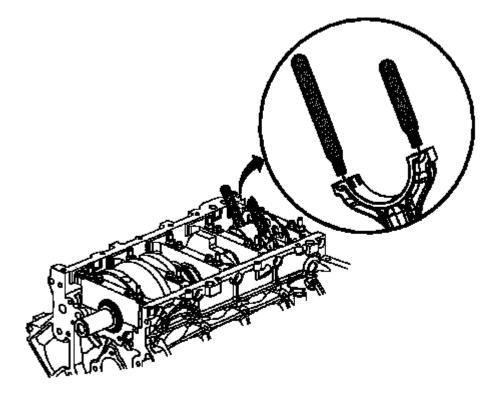


Fig. 294: Installing Piston & Connecting Rod Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the J 41556 to the connecting rod. See Special Tools.

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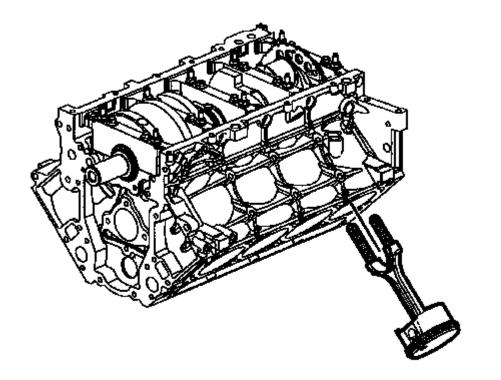


Fig. 295: Piston, Connecting Rod & Cylinder Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Using a hammer, tap lightly on the end of the **J** 41556 in order to remove the piston and connecting rod assembly from the cylinder bore. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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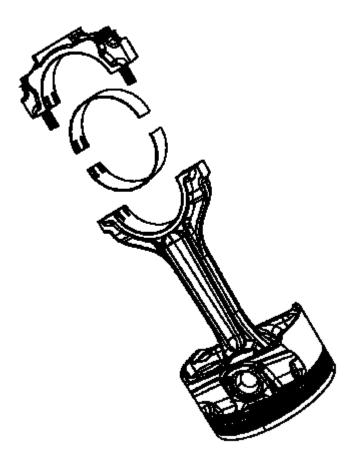


Fig. 296: View Of Piston, Connecting Rod & Bearing Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Upon removal of the piston and connecting rod assembly, assemble the connecting rod cap and bolts onto the matching connecting rod.

Crankshaft and Bearings Removal

Tools Required

- J 6125-1B Slide Hammer
- J 41818 Crankshaft Bearing Cap Remover. See Special Tools.

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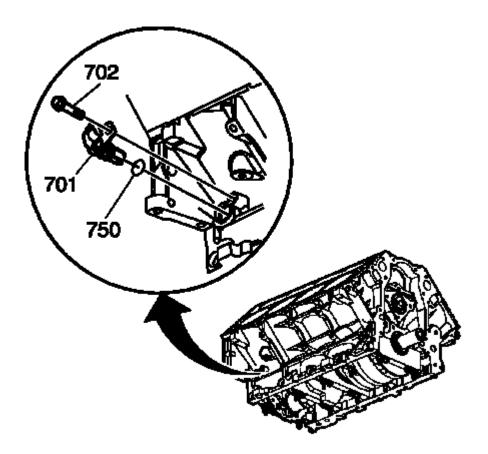


Fig. 297: CKP Sensor, Bolt & O-Ring Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The crankshaft bearing caps are machined with the engine block, for the proper clearances. Mark or identify each crankshaft bearing cap location and direction before removal. The crankshaft bearing caps MUST be installed to their original position and direction.

- Do not use the bearing cap M8 side bolts again.
- 1. Remove the crankshaft position sensor bolt (702).
- 2. Remove the crankshaft position sensor (701).
- 3. Remove the O-ring (750) from the sensor, as required.

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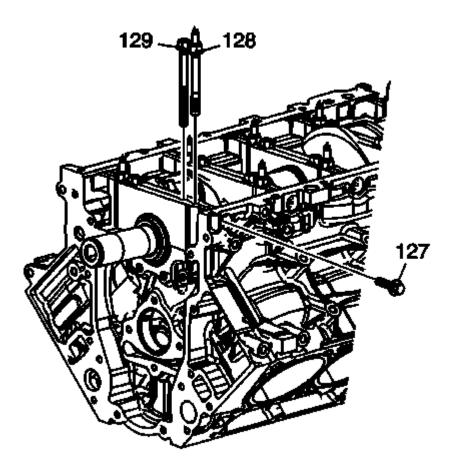


Fig. 298: Bearing Cap Bolts & Studs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the crankshaft bearing cap M8 side bolts (127).
- 5. Remove the bearing cap M10 bolts (129) and studs (128).

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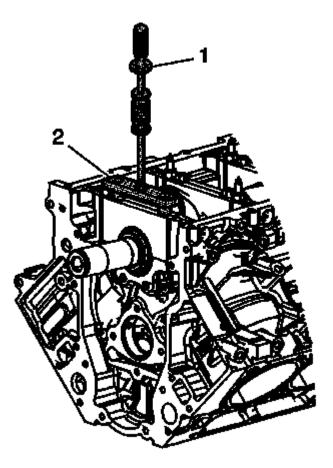


Fig. 299: Installing The J 41818 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice .

6. Install the J 41818 (2). See Special Tools.

Tighten: Tighten the J 41818 (2) bolts to 11 N. See Special Tools.m (100 lb in).

7. Install the J 6125-1B (1) to the J 41818 (2) in order to remove the crankshaft bearing caps. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.

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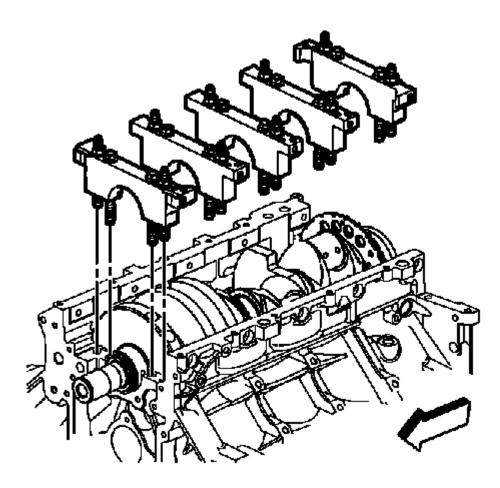


Fig. 300: View Of Crankshaft Main Bearing Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the bearing caps.

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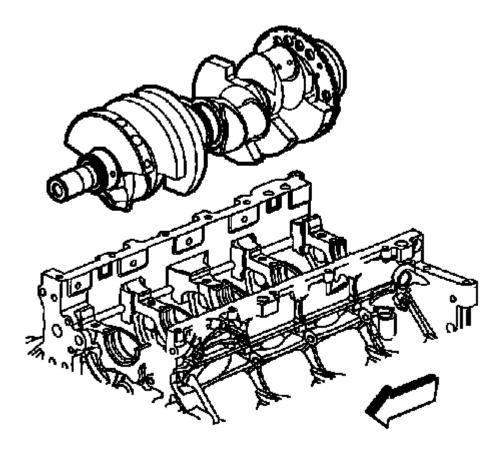
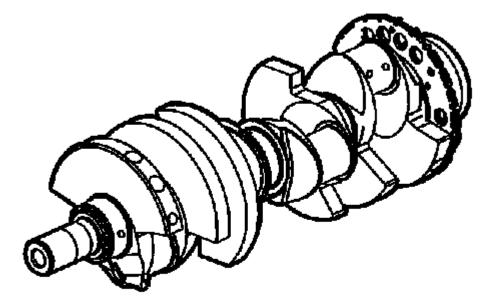


Fig. 301: View Of Crankshaft & Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the crankshaft.

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<u>Fig. 302: View Of Crankshaft</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Use care when handling the crankshaft. Avoid damage to the crankshaft position sensor reluctor ring teeth. Nicks, burrs or other damage to the teeth may effect on-board diagnostics (OBD) II system performance.

10. Lay the crankshaft onto 2 wooden V-blocks or other protective surface.

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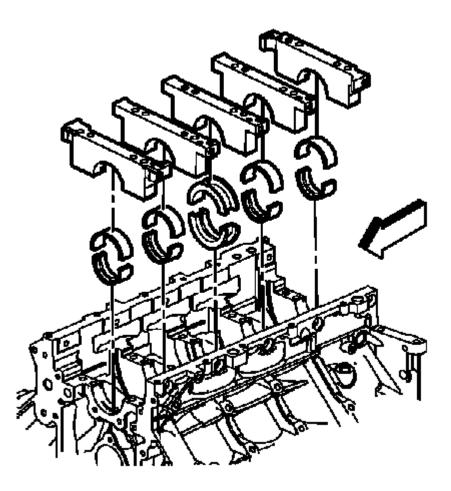


Fig. 303: View Of Crankshaft Bearings & Bearing Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. Remove the crankshaft bearings from the bearing caps and the engine block.
- 12. Mark, sort, or organize the crankshaft bearings so they may be installed to their original position and location. Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.

Engine Block Plug Removal

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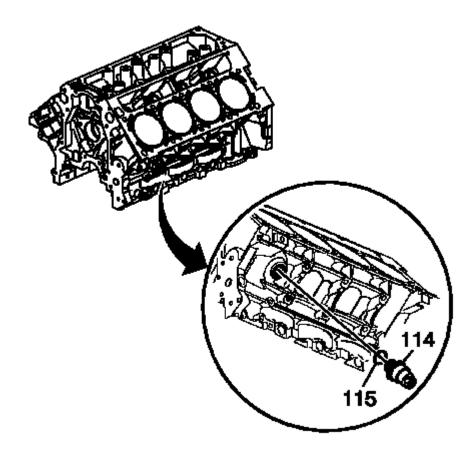


Fig. 304: Engine Block Coolant Heater Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the engine block coolant heater (114) and seal (115).

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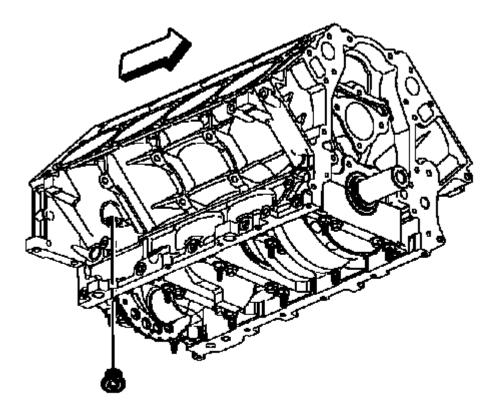


Fig. 305: Identifying Plug Location On Underside Of Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Remove the engine block right rear coolant drain hole plug and seal.

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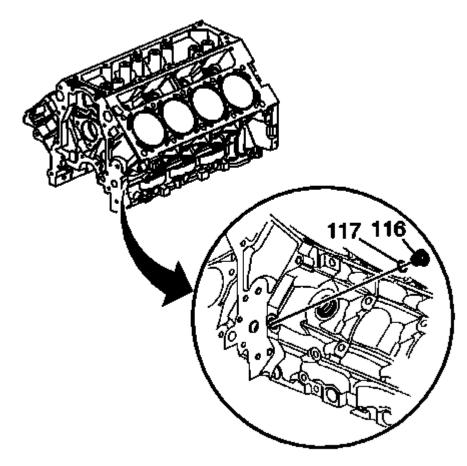


Fig. 306: Engine Block Left Front Oil Gallery Plug & Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the engine block left front oil gallery plug (116) and seal (117).

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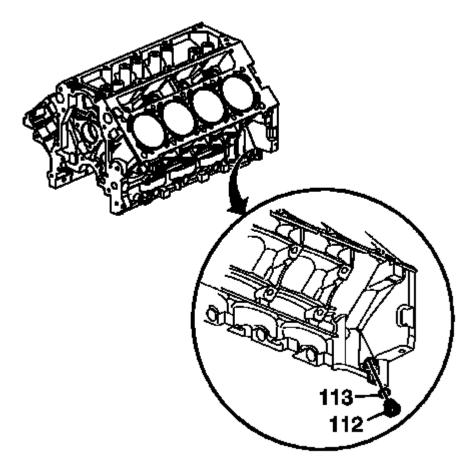


Fig. 307: Engine Block Left Rear Oil Gallery Plug & Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the engine block left rear oil gallery plug (112) and seal (113).

If the block plug and coolant heater sealing washers are not damaged, they may be used during assembly.

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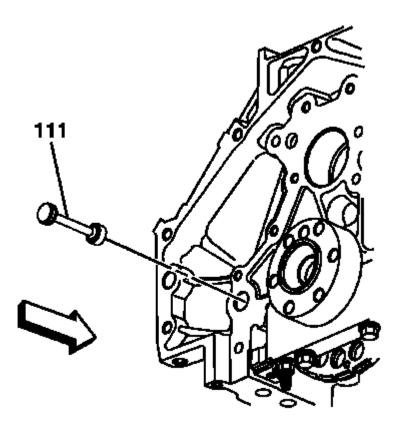


Fig. 308: Engine Block Rear Oil Gallery Plug & Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the engine block rear oil gallery plug (111) and seal.
- 6. Inspect the O-ring seal of the rear oil gallery plug.

If the O-ring seal is not cut or damaged, the plug and O-ring seal may be used during assembly.

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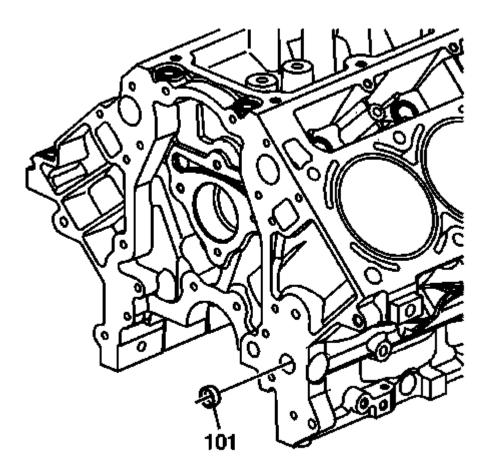


Fig. 309: Front Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Remove the front oil gallery plug, only if service is required. If the front oil gallery plug is removed, a NEW oil gallery plug must be installed.

7. Remove the engine block front oil gallery plug (101).

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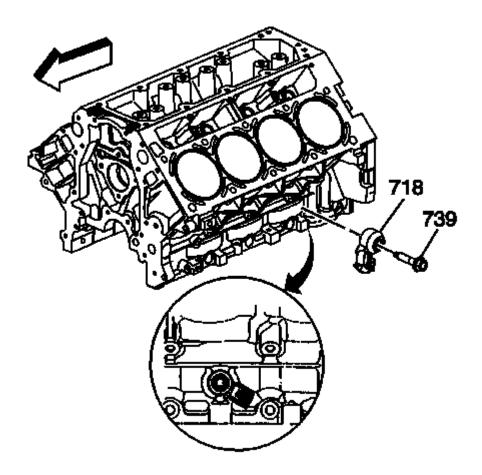


Fig. 310: Left Side Knock Sensor & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the left side knock sensor (718) and bolt (739).

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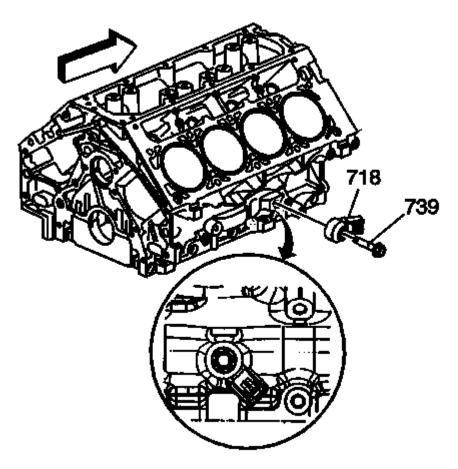


Fig. 311: Right Side Knock Sensor & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the right side knock sensor (718) and bolt (739).

Engine Block Cleaning and Inspection

Tools Required

- J 8087 Cylinder Bore Gage. See Special Tools.
- J 42385-100 Head/Main Bolt Thread Repair Kit. See Special Tools.

Cleaning Procedure

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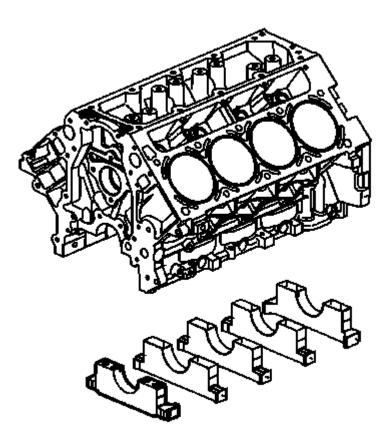


Fig. 312: Main Bearing Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Do not use a caustic solution to clean the aluminum engine block.

IMPORTANT: When cleaning the engine block in a thermal type oven, do not exceed 232°C (450°F).

Clean the following components:

- Remove all sludge, dirt, or debris using a cleaning solvent or thermal type oven. Refer to <u>Cleanliness and</u> <u>Care</u>.
- Gasket surfaces

Refer to **<u>Replacing Engine Gaskets</u>**.

- Coolant passages
- Oil galleries
- Main bearing caps
- Cylinder head bolt holes to remove threadlocking material

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Thread repair driver tool J 42385-107 may be used to clean the threads of old threadlocking material.

Inspection Procedure

Inspect the following components:

- Cylinder walls for excessive scratches, gouging, or ring ridge
- Cylinder bores for excessive ring ridge at the top of the cylinder
- Coolant jacket for cracks
- Valve lifter bores for excessive scoring or wear
- Crankshaft bearing webs for cracks
- Gasket sealing surfaces for excessive scratches or gouging

Refer to **Replacing Engine Gaskets**.

- Oil galleries for restrictions
- Threaded bolt holes for damaged threads

Measuring the Cylinder for Oversize

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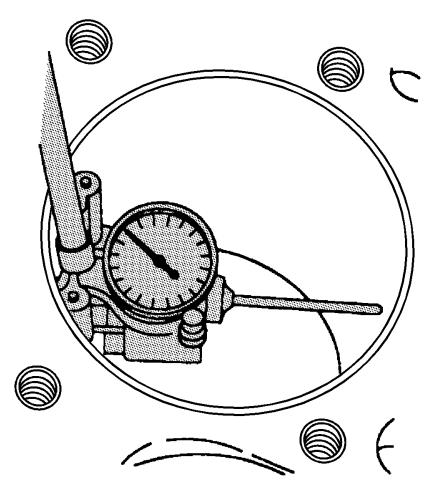


Fig. 313: Measuring Cylinder Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Adjust the micrometer to a dimension slightly smaller than the bore size. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

- 1. Insert the J 8087 bore gage into the micrometer and zero the bore gage dial. See Special Tools.
- 2. Using the J 8087, measure the cylinder bore for oversize. See Special Tools.

Slide the bore gage up and down throughout the length of the cylinder bore. Check the bore both parallel and perpendicular to the centerline of the crankshaft at the top, center, and bottom of the bore. A cylinder bore that exceeds the maximum diameter must be serviced with an oversized piston. Refer to <u>Engine</u> <u>Mechanical Specifications</u>.

Cylinder Boring and Honing

Boring Procedure

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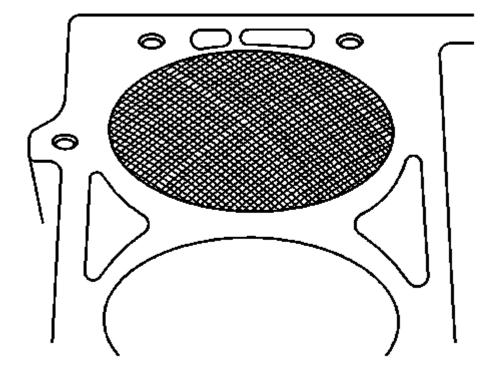


Fig. 314: Identifying Cylinder Bore Cross Hatch Pattern Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: A 0.5 mm (0.02 in) oversize service piston and a piston ring set are available.

- 1. Measure all pistons with a micrometer to determine the cylinder bore diameter.
- 2. Before you use any type of boring bar, use a fine file and clean the top of the cylinder block removing any dirt or burrs. If you do not check the cylinder block, the boring bar may be improperly positioned or tilted and the cylinder bore could be bored at an incorrect angle.
- 3. Carefully follow the instructions furnished by the manufacturer regarding use of the equipment.
- 4. When you bore the cylinders, ensure all the crankshaft bearing caps are in place. Tighten the crankshaft bearing caps to the proper torque in order to avoid distortion of the cylinder bores during final assembly.
- 5. When you take the final cut with a boring bar, leave 0.03 mm (0.001 in) on the cylinder bore diameter for the finish honing and fit of the piston.

Honing Procedure

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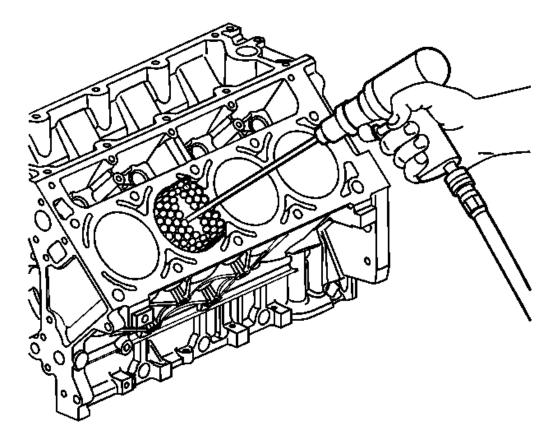


Fig. 315: Deglazing Cylinder Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. When honing the cylinders, follow the manufacturer's recommendations for equipment use, cleaning, and lubrication. Use only clean, sharp stones of the proper grade for the amount of material you remove. Dull, dirty stones cut unevenly and generate excessive heat. Do not hone to final clearance with a coarse or medium-grade stone. Leave sufficient metal so that all stone marks may be removed with fine-grade stones. Perform final honing with a fine-grade stone, honing the cylinder to the proper clearance.
- 2. During the honing operation, thoroughly clean the cylinder bore. Repeatedly inspect the cylinder bore for fit with the selected piston.

All measurements of the piston or the cylinder bore should be made with the components at normal room temperature.

- 3. When honing a cylinder for fit to an oversize piston, first perform the preliminary honing with a 100-grit stone.
- 4. Perform final cylinder honing with a 240-grit stone and obtain a 45 degree cross hatch pattern.

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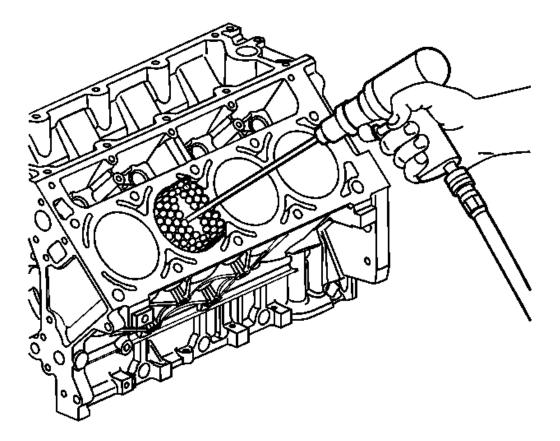
Repeatedly check the measurement at the top, the middle, and the bottom of the bore.

A 240-grit stone is preferred for final honing. If a 240-grit stone is not available, a 220-grit stone may be used as a substitute.

- 5. The finish marks should be clean but not sharp. The finish marks should also be free from imbedded particles and torn or folded metal.
- 6. By measuring the selected piston at the sizing point and by adding the average of the clearance specification, you can determine the final cylinder honing dimension required.
- 7. After final honing and before the piston is checked for fit, clean the cylinder bores with hot water and detergent. Scrub the bores with a stiff bristle brush and rinse the bores thoroughly with hot water. Do not allow any abrasive material to remain in the cylinder bores. This abrasive material may cause premature wear of the new piston rings and the cylinder bores. Abrasive material will also contaminate the engine oil and may cause premature wear of the bearings. After washing the cylinder bore, dry the bore with a clean rag.
- 8. Perform final measurements of the piston and the cylinder bore.
- 9. Permanently mark the top of the piston for the specific cylinder to which it has been fitted.
- 10. Apply clean engine oil to each cylinder bore in order to prevent rusting.

Deglazing Procedure

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<u>Fig. 316: Deglazing Cylinder Bore</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Using a ball type or self centering honing tool, deglaze the cylinder bore lightly. Deglazing should be done only to remove any deposits that may have formed. Use a 240-grit stone of silicone carbide, or equivalent material, when preforming the deglazing procedure.

A 240-grit stone is preferred for final honing. If a 240-grit stone is not available, a 220-grit stone may be used as a substitute.

Crankshaft and Bearings Cleaning and Inspection

Tools Required

- J 7872 Magnetic Base Dial Indicator Set. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 43690 Rod Bearing Checking Tool. See Special Tools.
- J 43690-100 Rod Bearing Checking Tool Adapter Kit. See Special Tools.

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Cleaning Procedure

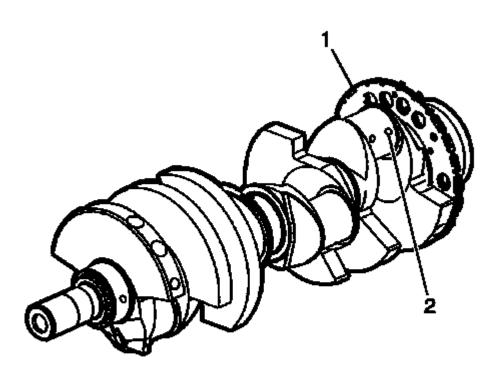


Fig. 317: Oil Passages & CKP Reluctor Ring Teeth Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Use care when handling the crankshaft. Avoid damage to the bearing surfaces or the lobes of the crankshaft position reluctor ring. Damage to the teeth of the crankshaft position reluctor ring may effect on-board diagnostics (OBD) II system performance.

- 1. Clean the crankshaft with solvent.
- 2. Thoroughly clean all oil passages (2) and inspect for restrictions or burrs.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution .

3. Dry the crankshaft with compressed air.

Inspection Procedure

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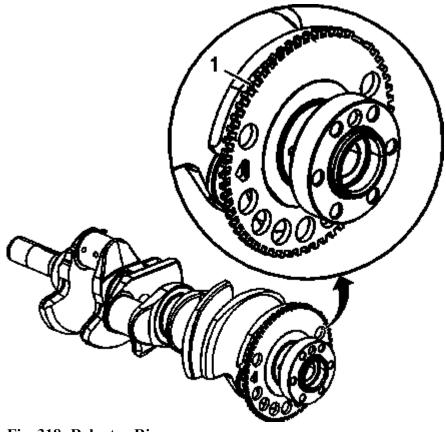
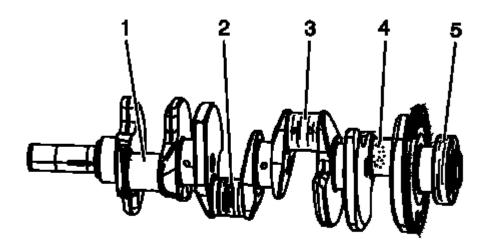


Fig. 318: Reluctor Ring Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The reluctor ring teeth should not have imperfections on the rising or falling edges. Imperfections of the reluctor ring teeth may effect OBD II system performance.

1. Inspect the crankshaft position reluctor ring teeth (1) for damage.

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<u>Fig. 319: Crankshaft Journals</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Inspect the crankshaft journals for wear.

Journals should be smooth (1) with no signs of scoring, wear, or damage.

- 3. Inspect the crankshaft journals for grooves or scoring (2).
- 4. Inspect the crankshaft journals for scratches or wear (3).
- 5. Inspect the crankshaft journals for pitting or imbedded bearing material (4).
- 6. Inspect the crankshaft rear oil seal surface (5) for grooves or scoring.

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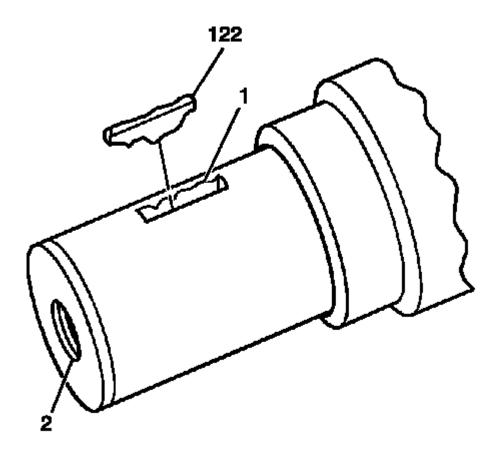


Fig. 320: View Of Crankshaft Key, Keyway & Threaded Hole Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Inspect the crankshaft key (122), keyway (1), and threaded hole (2) for damage.

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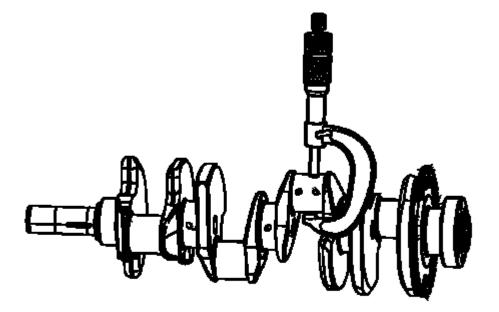


Fig. 321: Measuring Connecting Rod Journals For Out-Of-Round And Taper Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Measure the connecting rod journals for out-of-round and taper.

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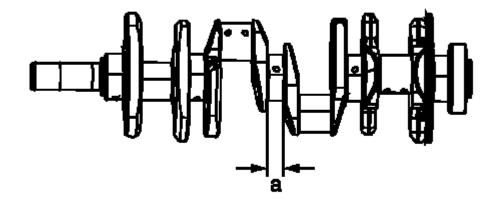


Fig. 322: Measuring Crankshaft Thrust Wall Width Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Measure the crankshaft thrust wall width.

A crankshaft with a thrust wall width in excess of 26.2 mm (1.0315 in) (a) must be replaced.

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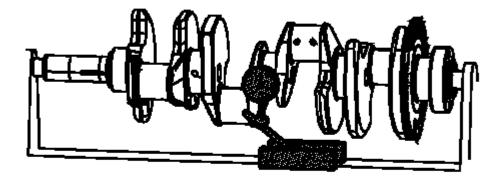


Fig. 323: Measuring Crankshaft Runout Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Measure the crankshaft runout.

Use wooden V-blocks or a fixture to support the crankshaft on the front and rear journals.

- 11. Use the J 7872 in order to measure the crankshaft runout at the front and rear intermediate journals. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 12. Use the J 7872 in order to measure the runout of the crankshaft rear flange. See Special Tools.
- 13. Use the **J 7872** in order to measure the runout of the crankshaft position reluctor ring. See <u>Special Tools</u>. Reluctor ring runout should be measured 1.0 mm (0.04 in) below the ring teeth.

If the reluctor ring has runout in excess of 0.7 mm (0.028 in), replace the crankshaft.

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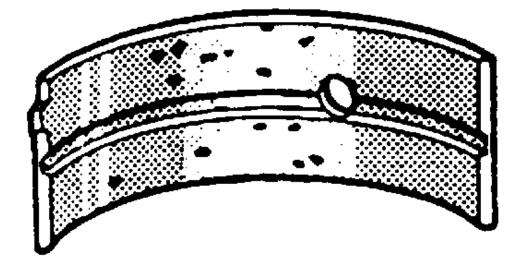


Fig. 324: Identifying Crankshaft Bearing Craters Or Pockets Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. Inspect crankshaft bearings for craters or pockets. Flattened sections on the bearing halves also indicate fatigue.

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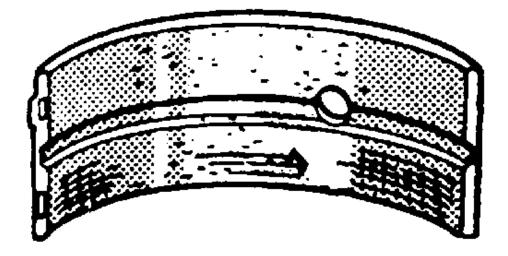


Fig. 325: Identifying Connecting Rod Bearing Scoring Or Discoloration Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 15. Inspect the crankshaft bearings for excessive scoring or discoloration.
- 16. Inspect the crankshaft bearings for dirt or debris imbedded into the bearing material.

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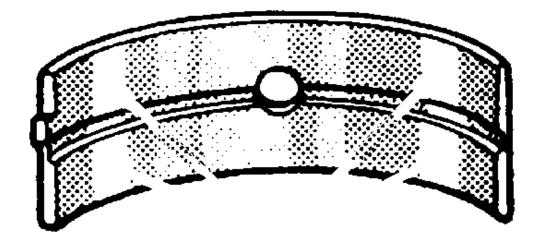


Fig. 326: Crankshaft Bearing Polished Sections (Improper Seating) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

17. Inspect the crankshaft bearings for improper seating, indicated by bright, polished sections of the bearing.If the lower half of the bearing is worn or damaged, both upper and lower halves should be replaced.Generally, if the lower half is suitable for use, the upper half should also be suitable for use.

Measuring Main Bearing Clearance - Gaging Plastic Method

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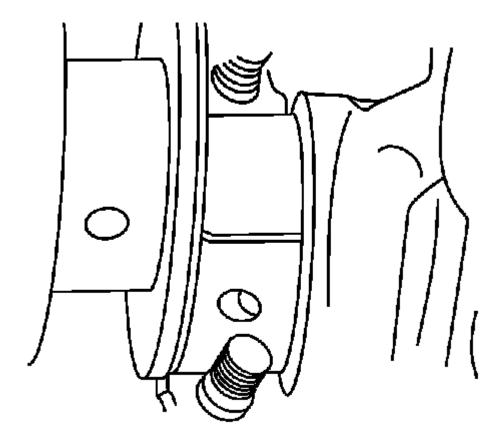


Fig. 327: View Of Gaging Plastic Installed On Crankshaft Journal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The crankshaft main bearings are a precision insert type. Main bearing caps are machined with the engine block, for proper clearance, and cannot be shimmed or filed for bearing fit. If the clearances are found to be excessive, new bearings and/or engine block and cap repair or replacement may be required.

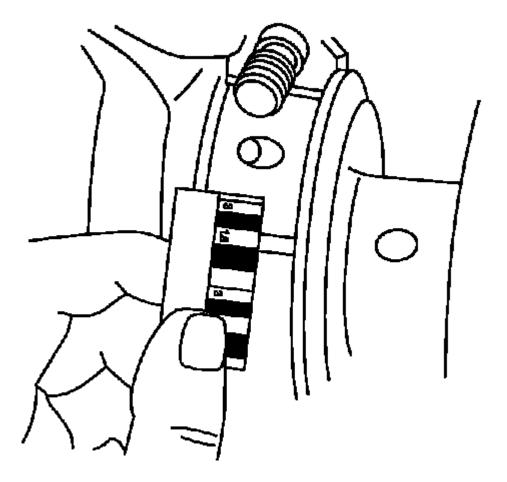
- Do not rotate the crankshaft while gaging plastic is between the crankshaft journal and the bearing surface.
- The crankshaft bearing clearances are critical. Excessive bearing clearance may effect crankshaft position sensor signals and may effect on-board diagnostics (OBD) II system operation.
- Remove the bearing cap side bolts prior to cap removal.
- 1. Remove the bearing caps, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to Crankshaft and Bearings Removal.
- 2. Install gaging plastic onto the crankshaft journal. Install the gaging plastic the full width of the crankshaft bearing journal.
- 3. Install the bearing caps, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to Crankshaft and Bearings Installation.

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4. Remove the bearing caps, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to Crankshaft and Bearings Removal.



<u>Fig. 328: Measuring Gaging Plastic</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Using the scale supplied with the plastic gaging kit, measure the gaging plastic at its widest area.
 - If the gaging plastic shows irregularity in the journal, exceeding 0.025 mm (0.001 in), remove the crankshaft and measure the journal with a micrometer.
 - If clearance cannot be brought to specifications, replace the crankshaft or engine block, as required. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

Measuring Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Gaging Plastic Method

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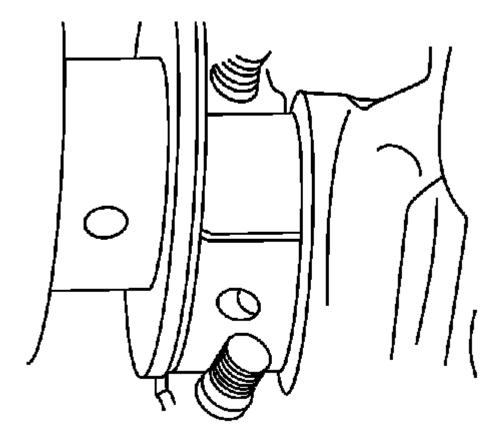
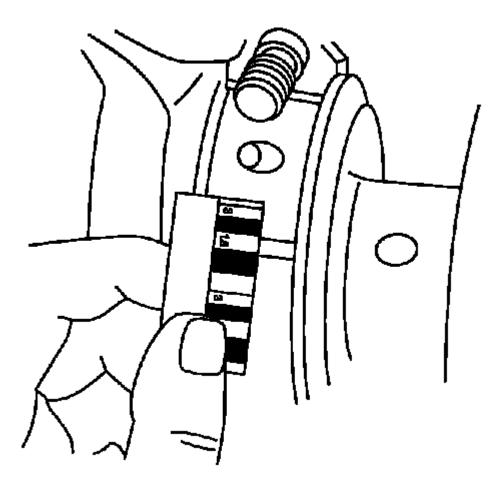


Fig. 329: View Of Gaging Plastic Installed On Crankshaft Journal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Connecting rod bearings are a precision insert type. Connecting rods are of a powdered metal design and cannot be shimmed or filed for bearing fit. If clearances are found to be excessive, a new bearing and/or connecting rod is required.
 - Do not rotate the crankshaft while gaging plastic is between the crankshaft journal and the bearing surface.
- 1. Remove the bearing cap, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to <u>Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearing</u> <u>Removal</u>.
- 2. Install the gaging plastic onto the connecting rod bearing journal. Install the gaging plastic the full width of the journal.
- 3. Install the bearing cap, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to **Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearing Installation**.
- 4. Remove the bearing cap, bearing half, and bolts. Refer to **<u>Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearing</u>** <u>**Removal**</u>.

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<u>Fig. 330: Measuring Gaging Plastic</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Using the scale supplied with the plastic gaging kit, measure the gaging plastic at its widest area. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

Measuring Connecting Rod Bearing Clearance - Using J 43690/J 43690-100

J 43690 and **J 43690-100** have been developed as a more accurate method to measure connecting rod bearing clearances. See <u>Special Tools</u>. The instructions below provide an overview of tool set-up and usage. For more detailed information, refer to the tool instruction sheets supplied by the tool manufacturer.

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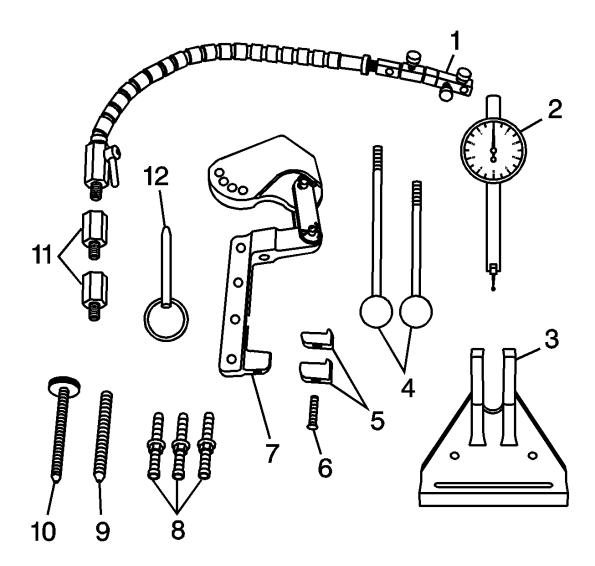


Fig. 331: Identifying Rod Bearing Clearance Checking Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

J 43690 Rod Bearing Checking Tool. See Special Tools.

- J 43690-20 Swivel Base (1)
- J 43690-19 Dial Indicator (2)
- J 43690-2 Base (3)
- J 43690-5, -6 Handle (4)
- J 43690-10, -11 Foot (5)
- 280307 Screw (6)
- J 43690-1 Pivot Arm Assembly (7)
- J 43690-3, -7, -8 Screws (8)
- 280319 Screw (9)

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- 280311 Screw (10)
- J 43690-17, -18 Adapter (11)
- 280310 Pin (12)

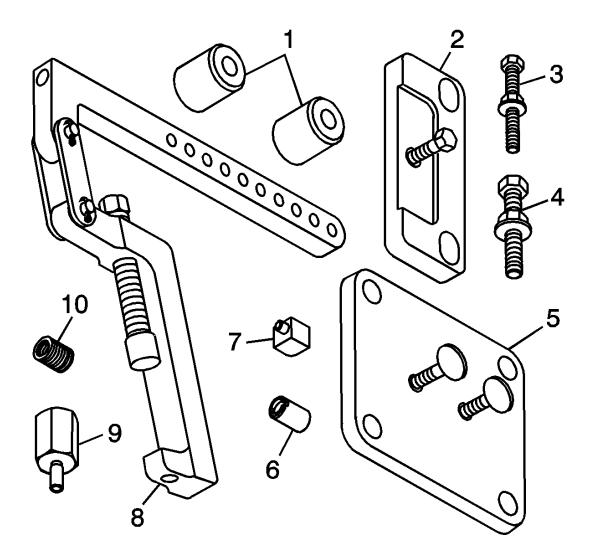


Fig. 332: Identifying Rod Bearing Clearance Tool - Adapter Kit Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

J 43690-100 Rod Bearing Checking Tool - Adapter Kit. See Special Tools.

- J 43690-104 Spacer (1)
- J 43690-105 Retainer Plate (2)
- 505478 Bolt (3)
- 511341 Bolt (4)
- J 43690-106 Retainer Plate (5)
- J 43690-107 Cap (6)

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- J 43690-102 Foot (7)
- J 43690-101 Pivot Arm Assembly (8)
- J 43690-103 Adapter (9)
- 505439 Adapter (10)

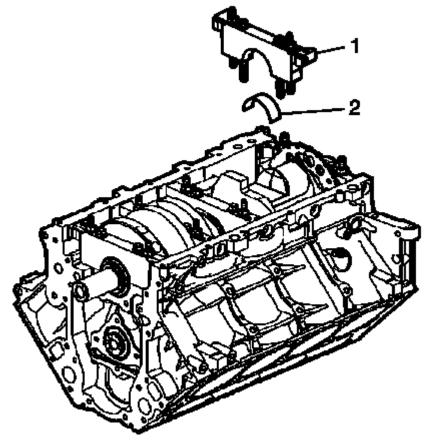


Fig. 333: View Of Bearing Cap, Bolt & Bearing Half Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The crankshaft must be secure, with no movement or rotation, in order to obtain an accurate reading.

- 1. Rotate the crankshaft until the journal/connecting rod to be measured is in the 12 o'clock position.
- 2. Remove a bearing cap and bolts (1).
- 3. Remove the bearing half (2).
- 4. Insert a piece of paper card stock onto the crankshaft journal.
- 5. Install the bearing half (2) and cap and bolts (1). Refer to **Fastener Tightening Specifications**.

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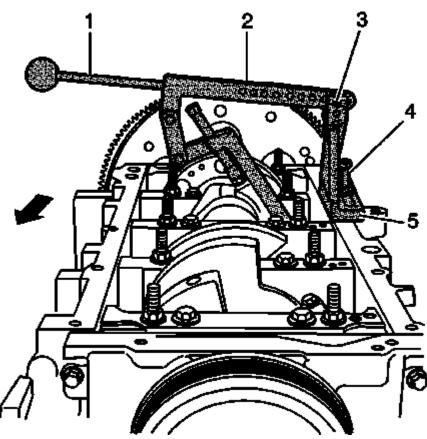


Fig. 334: View Of Special Tool Installed On Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Install the following:
 - 1. J 43690-2 (5)
 - 2. J 43690-3 (4)
 - 3. J 43690-101 (2)
 - 4. 280310 (3)
 - 5. J 43690-5 (1)

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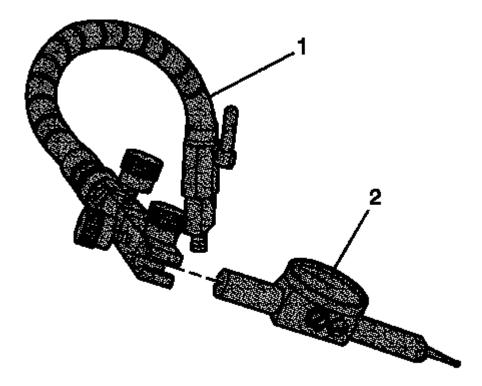


Fig. 335: View Of Swivel Base & Dial Indicator Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Install the swivel base (1) and dial indicator (2).
- 8. Adjust per the manufacturers instructions and measure the connecting rod bearing clearance.

A connecting rod with a clearance in excess of 0.076 mm (0.003 in) is considered excessive. Service components, as required.

Crankshaft Balancer Cleaning and Inspection

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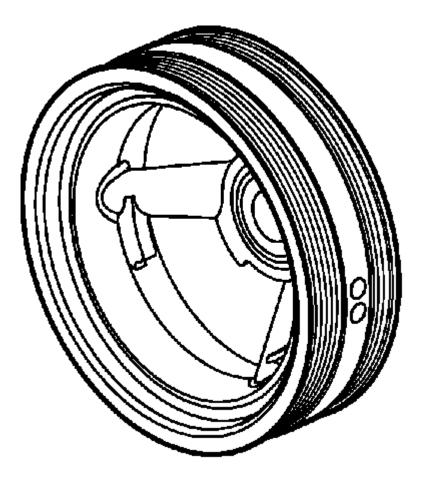


Fig. 336: View Of Crankshaft Balancer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Clean the crankshaft balancer in solvent.
- 2. Clean the belt grooves of all dirt or debris with a wire brush.
- 3. Dry the crankshaft balancer with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect the crankshaft balancer for the following conditions:
 - Worn, grooved, or damaged hub seal surface

A crankshaft balancer hub seal surface with excessive scoring, grooves, rust or other damage must be replaced.

Minor imperfections on the hub seal surface may be removed with polishing compound or fine grade emery cloth.

IMPORTANT: In order for the belt to track properly, the belt grooves should be free of all dirt or debris.

• Dirty or damaged belt grooves

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The balancer belt grooves should be free of any nicks, gouges, or other damage that may not allow the belt to track properly.

Minor imperfections may be removed with a fine file.

• Worn, chunking, or deteriorated rubber between the hub and pulley

Engine Flywheel Cleaning and Inspection

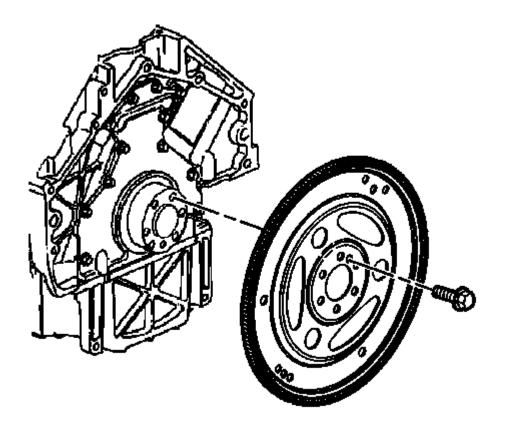


Fig. 337: Engine Flywheel Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Clean the automatic transmission flex plate in solvent.
- 2. Dry the flex plate with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the flex plate for the following conditions:
 - Damaged ring gear teeth
 - Stress cracks around the flex plate-to-crankshaft bolt hole locations

IMPORTANT: Do not attempt to repair the welded areas that retain the ring gear to

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the flex plate. Install a new flex plate.

• Welded areas that retain the ring gear onto the flex plate for cracking

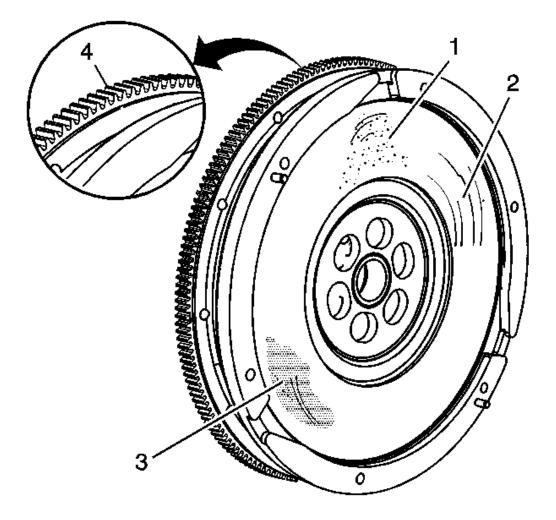


Fig. 338: Identifying Manual Transmission Flywheel Wear & Damage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Clean the manual transmission flywheel in solvent.
- 5. Dry the flywheel with compressed air.
- 6. Inspect the flywheel for the following conditions:
 - Pitted surface (1)
 - Grooved or scored surface (2)

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- Rusted surface (3)
- Damaged ring gear teeth (4)
- Loose or improperly positioned ring gear. The ring gear has an interference fit onto the flywheel and should be positioned completely against the flange of the flywheel.
- Missing, bent, or damaged pressure plate locating pins. The 2 locating pins are installed into the flywheel and spaced 170 degrees apart to ensure proper orientation of the clutch pressure plate to the engine flywheel during assembly.

Piston and Connecting Rod Disassemble

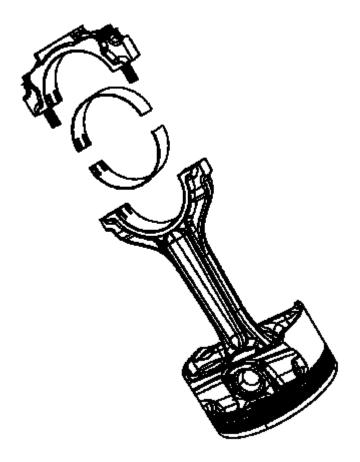


Fig. 339: View Of Piston, Connecting Rod & Bearing Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove the connecting rod bearings from the rod and cap.

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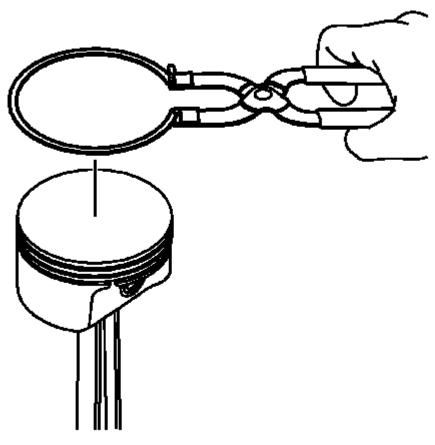


Fig. 340: Removing/Installing Piston Rings Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Using piston ring pliers, remove the piston rings from the piston.

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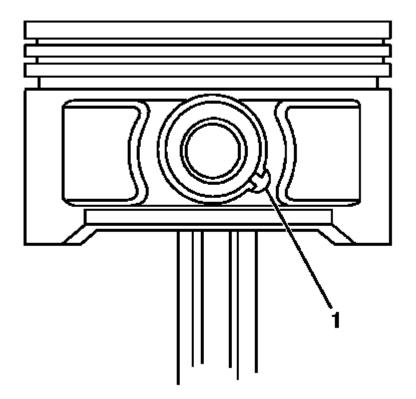


Fig. 341: View Of Piston Pin Retaining Clip & Cutout Area Of Pin Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Rotate the piston pin retainer until the ring end gap is positioned in the cutout area (1) of the pin bore.

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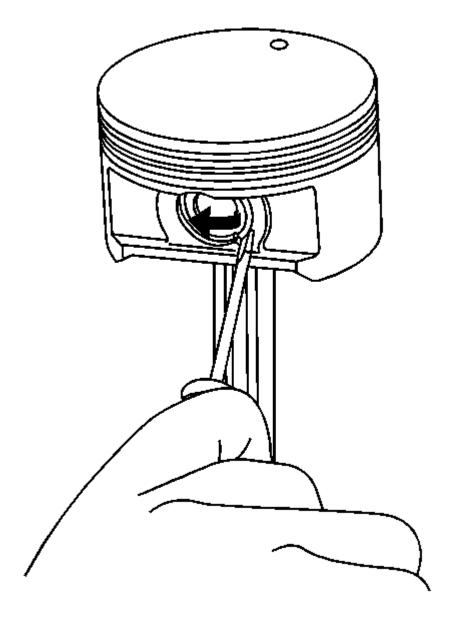


Fig. 342: Removing Piston Pin Retaining Clips Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Remove the retainers starting in the cutout area of the pin bore.

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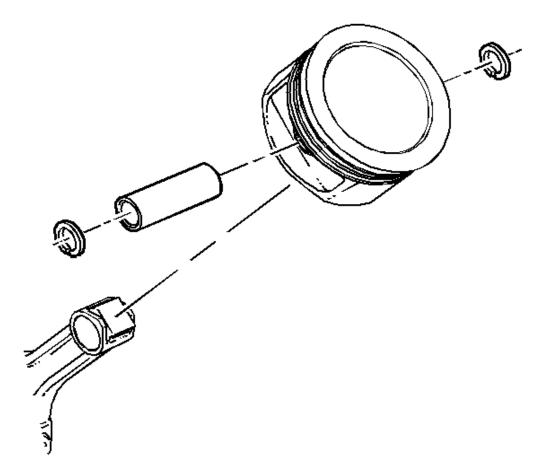


Fig. 343: View Of Piston Pin, Piston, Clips & Connecting Rod Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Remove the pin from the piston and connecting rod.
- 6. The piston and pin are a matched set and are not to be serviced separately.

Mark, sort, or organize the piston and the matching piston pin.

Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearings Cleaning and Inspection

Piston, Pin, and Piston Rings

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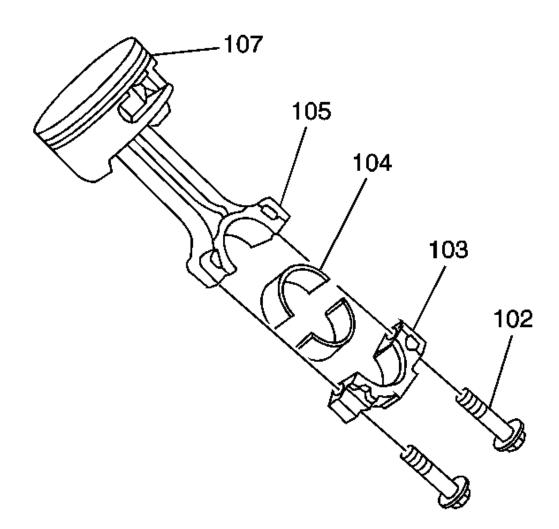


Fig. 344: Identifying Piston & Connecting Rod Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT:

- Replace pistons, pins, and connecting rods that are damaged or show signs of excessive wear.
 - The piston and pin are to be serviced as an assembly.
 - Do not wire brush any part of the piston.
 - Measurement of the components should be taken with the components at normal room temperature.
- 1. Clean the varnish and carbon from the piston (107) using cleaning solvent.

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CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

2. Dry the components with compressed air.

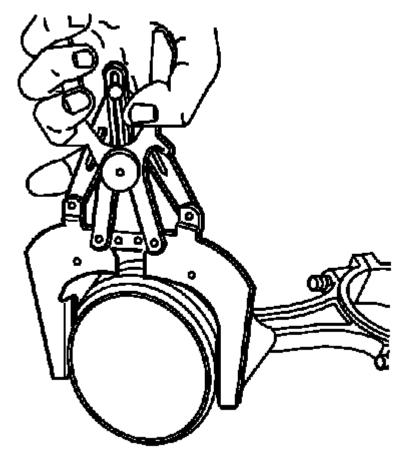


Fig. 345: Cleaning The Piston Ring Grooves With Suitable Ring Groove Cleaning Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Clean the piston ring grooves with a suitable ring groove cleaning tool.
- 4. Clean the oil lubrication holes and slots.

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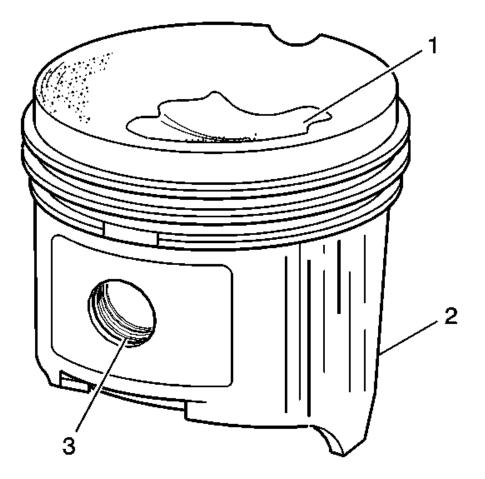


Fig. 346: Identifying Piston Damage Inspection Areas Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Inspect the piston for the following conditions:
 - Cracks in the piston ring lands, the piston skirt, or pin bosses
 - Piston ring grooves for nicks, burrs, or warpage which may cause the piston ring to bind

MINOR imperfections may be removed from the piston with a fine file.

- Scuffed or damaged skirts (2)
- Eroded areas at the top of the piston (1)
- Scoring to the full-floating design piston pin bore (3) or piston pin

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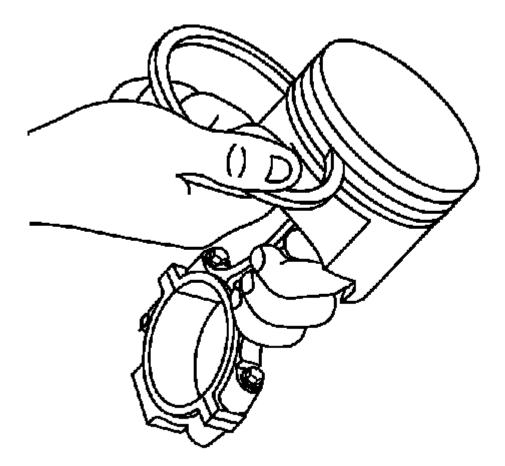


Fig. 347: Inserting Piston Ring Into Ring Groove Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Insert the edge of the piston ring into the piston ring groove.

Roll the piston ring completely around the piston. If binding is caused by distorted ring groove, MINOR imperfections may be removed with a fine file. If binding is caused by a distorted piston ring, replace the rings, as required.

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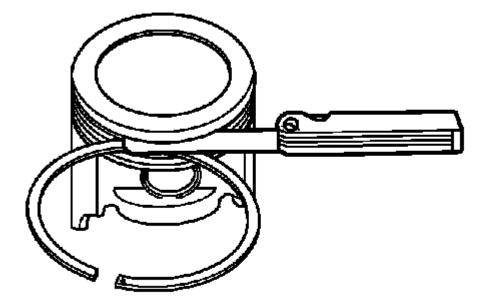


Fig. 348: Measuring Piston Ring Side Clearance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Measure the piston ring side clearance with a feeler gauge. If side clearance is not within specifications, try another piston ring. If the proper ring-to-groove clearance cannot be obtained, replace the piston and pin as an assembly. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

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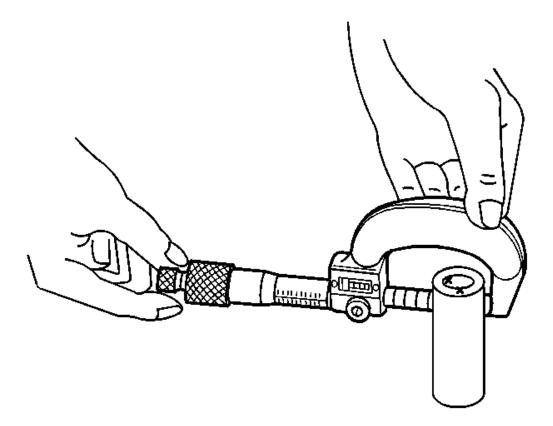


Fig. 349: Measuring Piston Pin Diameter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. To determine piston pin-to-bore clearance, use a micrometer and measure the piston pin outside diameter (OD).

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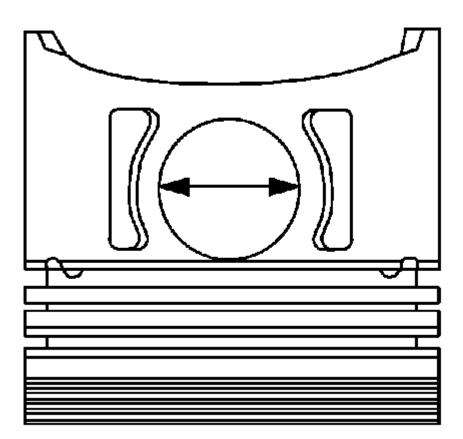


Fig. 350: Measuring The Piston Pin Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. To determine the piston pin-to-bore clearance, use an inside micrometer and measure the piston pin bore inside diameter (ID).
- 10. Subtract the piston pin OD measurement from the piston pin bore ID measurement to determine pin-tobore clearance.

Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

Measuring Piston Ring End Gap

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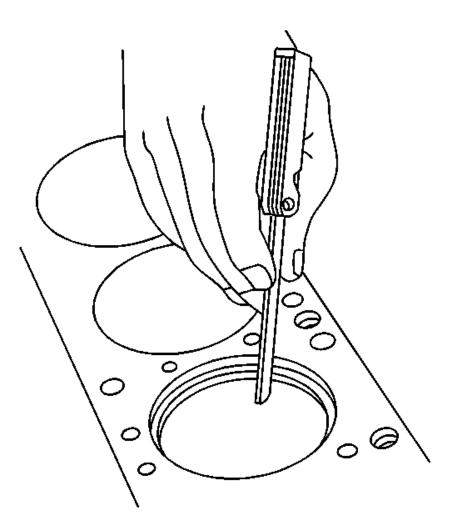


Fig. 351: Measuring Piston Ring End Gap Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not attempt to file the end of the piston ring to achieve the proper end gap clearance.

- Measure the piston ring in the cylinder in which it will be used.
- 1. Place the piston ring into the cylinder bore 6.5 mm (0.25 in) below the top of the ring travel area. Both rings should be installed with the orientation marks facing the top of the piston.
- 2. Insert a feeler gage and measure the piston ring end gap. Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

Connecting Rod and Bearings

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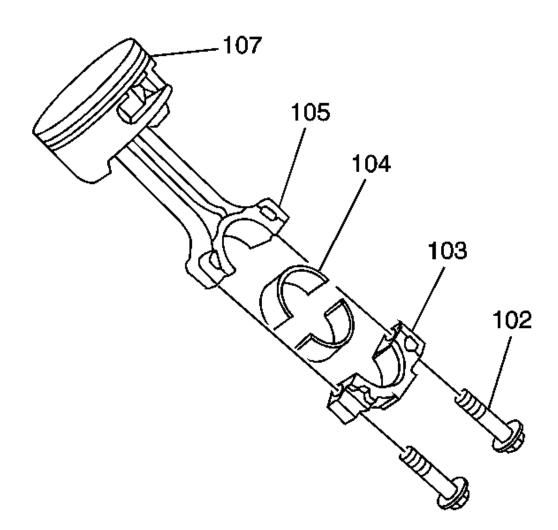


Fig. 352: Identifying Piston & Connecting Rod Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The powdered metal connecting rod and cap are machined for proper clearances. The connecting rod and cap must be used as an assembly with no repair or modifications to either mating surface. Do not attempt to repair the rod or cap. If service is required, replace the piston and pin as an assembly.

- Do not attempt to repair the bolt hole threads of the connecting rod.
- 1. Clean the connecting rod (105) and cap (103) in solvent.

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CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

2. Dry the components with compressed air.

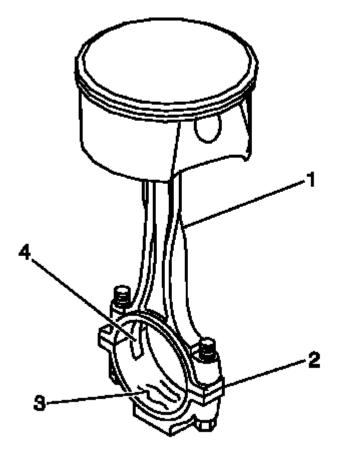


Fig. 353: Identifying Connecting Rod Inspection Areas Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Inspect the connecting rod for the following conditions:
 - Twisting (1)
 - Proper fit of the connecting rod and cap mating surfaces (2)
 - Nicks or gouges in the bearing bore (3)
 - Damage to the bearing locating slots (4)

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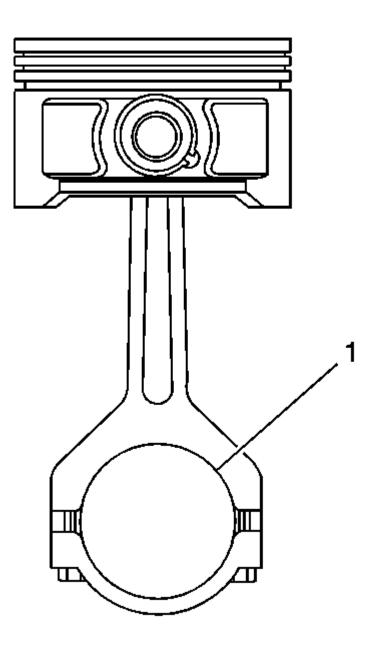


Fig. 354: View Of Connecting Rod Bearing Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Measure the connecting rod bearing bore (1) for an out-of-round condition. Refer to <u>Engine Mechanical</u> <u>Specifications</u>.

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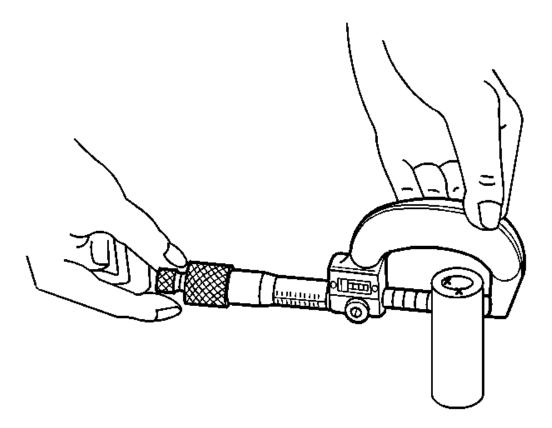


Fig. 355: Measuring Piston Pin Diameter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. To determine full-floating piston pin-to-connecting rod bore clearance, use a micrometer and measure the piston pin outside diameter (OD).

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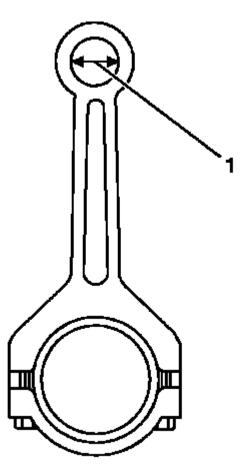


Fig. 356: Measuring Connecting Rod Pin Bore Inside Diameter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. To determine the full-floating piston pin-to-connecting rod bore clearance, use a micrometer and measure the connecting rod pin bore (1) inside diameter (ID).
- 7. Subtract the piston pin OD measurement from the connecting rod pin bore ID measurement to determine pin-to-bore clearance. Refer to <u>Engine Mechanical Specifications</u>.

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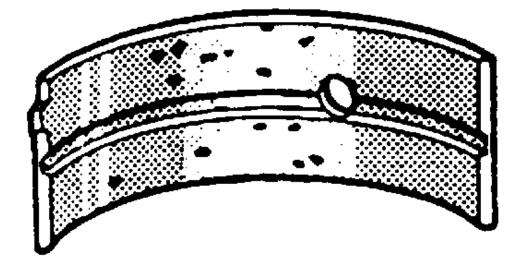


Fig. 357: Identifying Crankshaft Bearing Craters Or Pockets Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Inspect the connecting rod bearings for craters or pockets. Flattened sections on the bearing halves indicate fatigue.

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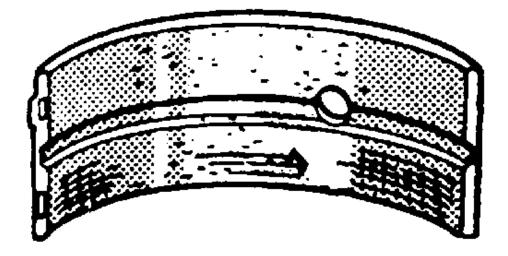


Fig. 358: Identifying Connecting Rod Bearing Scoring Or Discoloration Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Inspect the connecting rod bearings for excessive scoring or discoloration.
- 10. Inspect the connecting rod bearings for dirt or debris imbedded into the bearing material.

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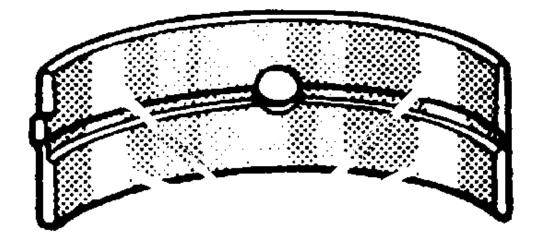


Fig. 359: Crankshaft Bearing Polished Sections (Improper Seating) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Inspect the connecting rod bearings for improper seating indicated by bright, polished sections of the bearing surface.

Piston and Connecting Rod Assemble

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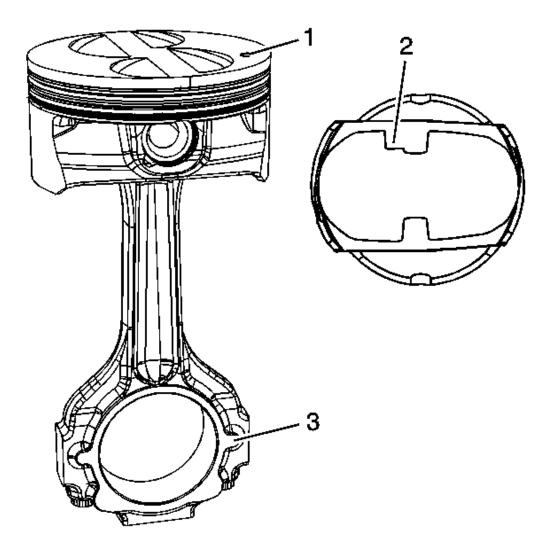


Fig. 360: Locating Piston Lug & Tab Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Assemble the piston and connecting rod with the lug (1) on the bottom of the piston and the tab (2) on the side of the connecting rod facing the same direction.

When installing the piston and connecting rod assembly, the mark on the top of the piston and the tab (2) on the side of the connecting rod should face the front of the engine.

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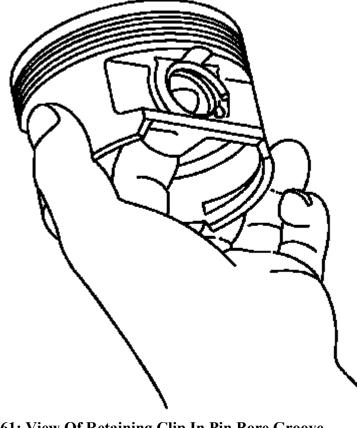


Fig. 361: View Of Retaining Clip In Pin Bore Groove Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the retainer. The retainer should be seated in the groove of the pin bore.

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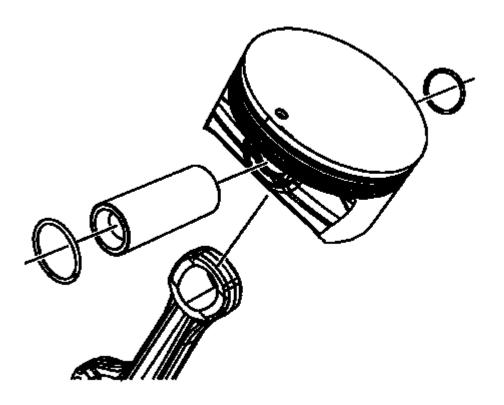


Fig. 362: Piston Pin, Piston & Connecting Rod Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the piston pin to the piston and connecting rod.
- 4. Install the retainer. The retainer should be seated in the groove of the pin bore.

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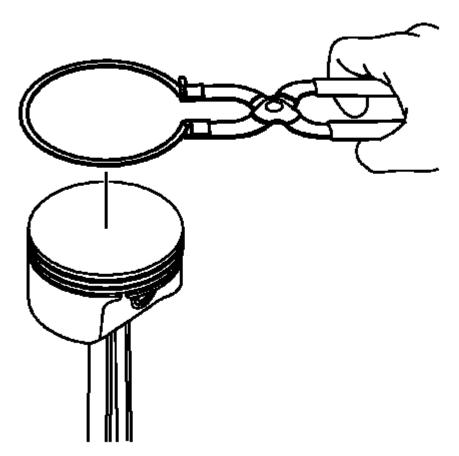


Fig. 363: Removing/Installing Piston Rings Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: When installing piston rings, use a ring expander plier type tool. Do not roll the rings into the grooves of the piston. Use caution and care to expand the rings only slightly larger than the outside diameter (OD) of the piston.

- 5. Using piston ring pliers, install the piston rings onto the piston. Install the compression rings with the orientation mark facing the top of the piston.
- 6. Position the oil control ring end gaps a minimum of 25 mm (1.0 in) from each other.
- 7. Position the compression ring end gaps 180 degrees opposite each other.

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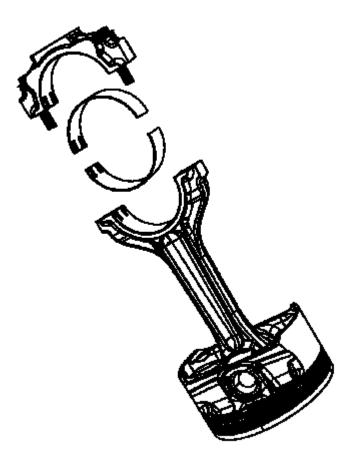


Fig. 364: View Of Piston, Connecting Rod & Bearing Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Install the connecting rod bearings to the rod and cap.

Camshaft Bearing Removal

Tools Required

J 33049 Camshaft Bearing Service Set. See Special Tools.

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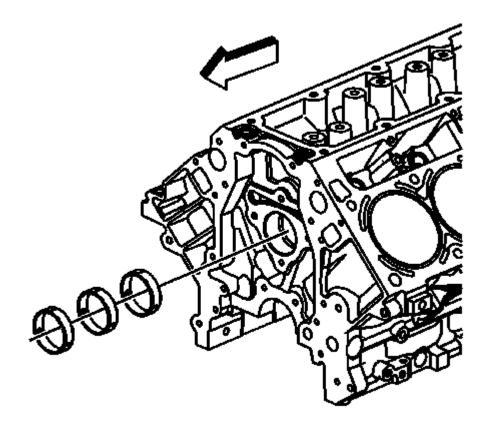


Fig. 365: Camshaft Bearings Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: A loose camshaft bearing may be caused by an enlarged, out of round, or damaged engine block bearing bore.

1. Prior to bearing removal, inspect the camshaft bearings for loose fit in the engine block bearing bores.

Refer to Camshaft and Bearings Cleaning and Inspection.

2. Repair or replace the components, as required.

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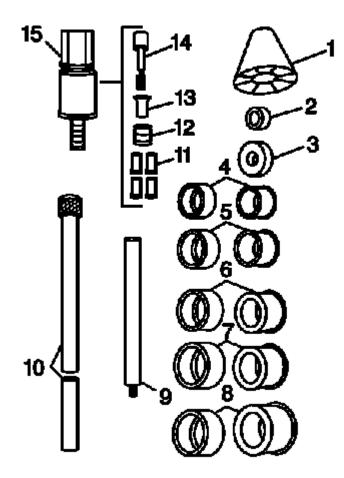


Fig. 366: View Of J 33049 Camshaft Bearing Service Kit Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Select the expanding driver (4-8) and washer (2 or 3) from the J 33049. See Special Tools.
- 4. Assemble the tool.
- 5. Insert the tool through the front of the engine block and into the bearing.
- 6. Tighten the expander assembly (15) nut until snug.
- 7. Push the guide cone (1) into the front camshaft bearing in order to align the tool.

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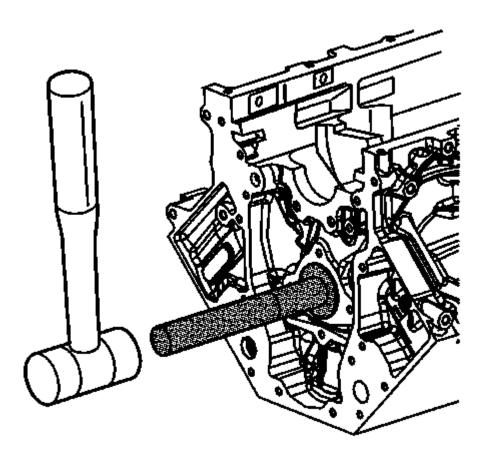


Fig. 367: Driving Bearing Out Of Or Into Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Drive the bearing from the block bore.

IMPORTANT: In order to remove the front camshaft bearing, operate the tool from the rear of the block, using the guide cone in the rear camshaft bearing bore.

9. Repeat the above procedures in order to remove the remaining bearings.

Tool Usage Information

Bearing, Expander, and Expander Driver Information

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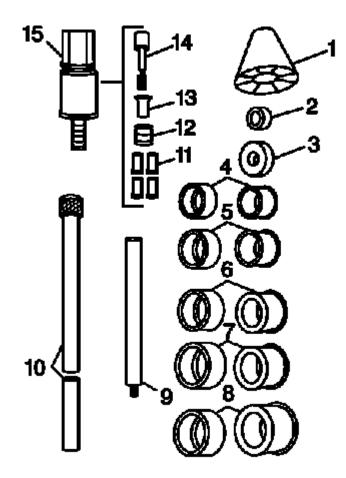


Fig. 368: View Of J 33049 Camshaft Bearing Service Kit Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- The tool consists of a guide cone (1), driving washers (2 or 3), expander bearing drivers (4-8), driver bars (9 or 10), expander jaws (11), expander sleeve (12), expander cone (13), expander shaft (14), and expander assembly (15).
- Expander bearing driver number 1 inside diameter is 28.575-37.465 mm (1.125-1.475 in) and is used with the expander assembly and the small washer.
- Expander bearing driver number 2 inside diameter is 37.465-43.18 mm (1.475-1.7 in) and is used with number 1 expanding driver and the small washer.
- Expander bearing driver number 3 inside diameter is 43.18-48.895 mm (1.7-1.925 in) and is used with number 2 expanding driver and the large washer.
- Expander bearing driver number 4 inside diameter is 48.895-54.61 mm (1.925-2.15 in) and is used with number 3 expanding driver and the large washer.
- Expander bearing driver number 5 inside diameter is 54.61-60.325 mm (2.150-2.375 in) and is used with number 4 expanding driver and the large washer.
- Expander bearing driver number 6 inside diameter is 60.325-68.326 mm (2.375-2.69 in) and is used with number 5 expanding driver and the large washer.

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Tool Assembly and Operation

1. Select the proper expanding driver and washer from the expanding driver and washer information.

IMPORTANT: To install or remove the expanding driver, always push on or pull from the ends. Pressure on the outside diameter may cause a bind against the rubber expanding sleeve.

- 2. Place the expanding driver onto the expander assembly.
- 3. Ensure the separation lines between the segments of the expanding driver align with the separation lines of the expander assembly.
- 4. With the small end of the cone facing the driver assembly, place the guide cone over the driving bar.
- 5. Place the driving washer over the threaded portion of the expander assembly.
- 6. Screw the expander assembly, with driving washer, onto the driving bar.

For removal of the inner bearings, it may be necessary to install the driver bar extension.

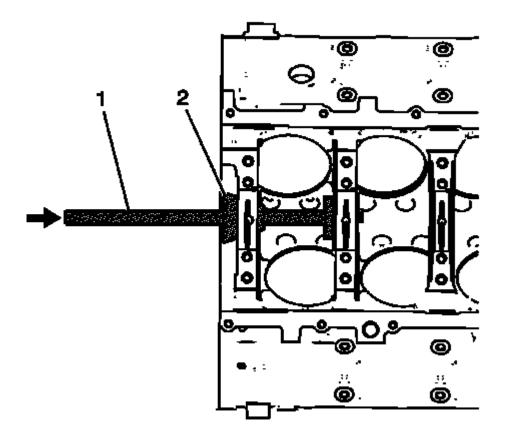


Fig. 369: Driving Bearing Out Of Or Into Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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7. Insert the tool into an inner camshaft bearing and tighten until snug.

Operate the tool from the front or rear of the engine block.

On some engine blocks, the nut on the expander assembly is inaccessible, except from either end. In this case, you must use a socket and extension to enlarge and reduce the expander assembly.

- 8. Slide the nylon cone (2) into the front or rear camshaft bearing. This will properly align the tool.
- 9. Drive the bearing out of or into the engine block.
- 10. Repeat the procedure for the additional inner bearings.

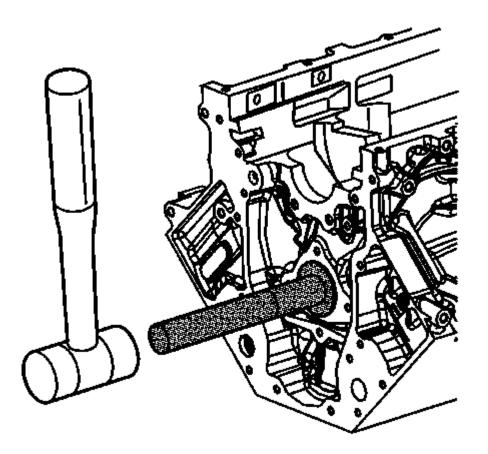


Fig. 370: Driving Bearing Out Of Or Into Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. For the 2 end bearings, front and rear, remove the nylon cone and driver bar extension.
- 12. Drive the bearings out of or into the engine block.

Camshaft and Bearings Cleaning and Inspection

Tools Required

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- J 7872 Magnetic Base Dial Indicator Set. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 8520 Camshaft Lobe Lift Indicator. See Special Tools.

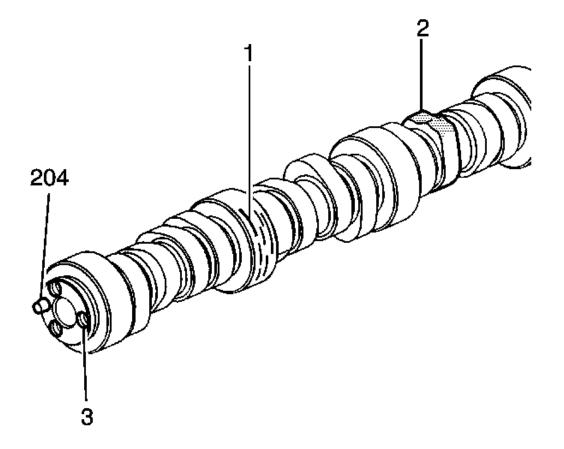


Fig. 371: Identifying Camshaft & Bearing Inspection Areas Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Clean the components in solvent.

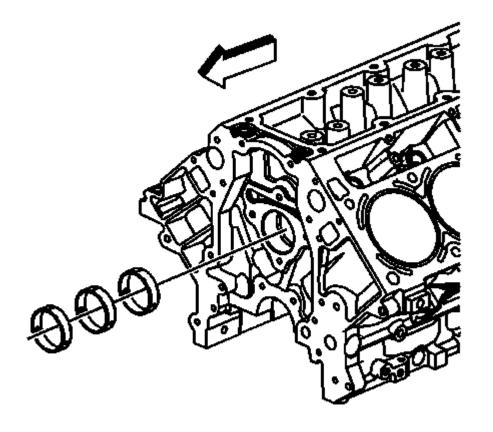
CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution .

- 2. Dry the components with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the camshaft bearing journals (1) for scoring or excessive wear.
- 4. Inspect the camshaft valve lifter lobes (2) for scoring or excessive wear.
- 5. Inspect the threaded bolt holes (3) in the front of the camshaft for damaged threads or debris.

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- 6. Inspect the camshaft sprocket pin (204) for damage.
- 7. Inspect the camshaft retainer plate for wear or a damaged sealing gasket.

If the camshaft retainer plate sealing gasket is not cut or damaged, it may be used again.



<u>Fig. 372: Camshaft Bearings</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Inspect the camshaft bearings for proper fit in the engine block. Camshaft bearings have an interference fit to the engine block and should not be loose in the engine block bearing bores.
- 9. Inspect the camshaft bearings for excessive wear or scoring.

Bearings with excessive scoring or wear must be replaced.

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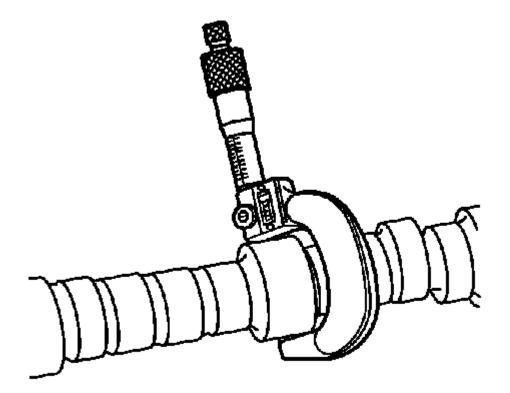
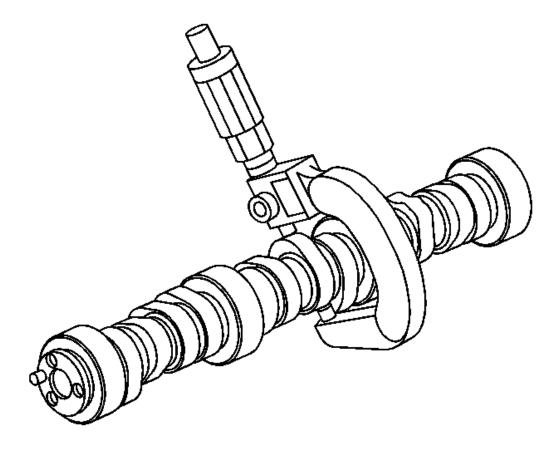


Fig. 373: Measure Camshaft Journals With Micrometer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Using a micrometer, measure the camshaft journals for wear and out-of-round.
 - If the camshaft bearing journals are greater than 0.025 mm (0.001 in) out-of-round, replace the camshaft.
 - If the camshaft bearing journal diameter is less than 54.99 mm (2.164 in), replace the camshaft.

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<u>Fig. 374: Measuring Camshaft Lobes</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Using a micrometer, measure the camshaft lobes for wear. Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

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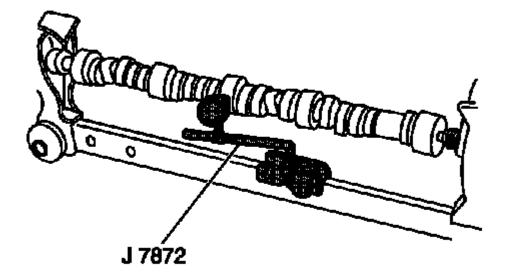


Fig. 375: Measuring Camshaft Runout Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 12. Measure the camshaft runout.
 - 1. Mount the camshaft in wooden V blocks or between centers on a fixture.
 - 2. Using the J 7872 , measure the runout of the intermediate camshaft bearing journals. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
 - 3. If camshaft runout exceeds 0.05 mm (0.002 in), the camshaft is bent and should be replaced.

Measuring Camshaft Lobe Lift

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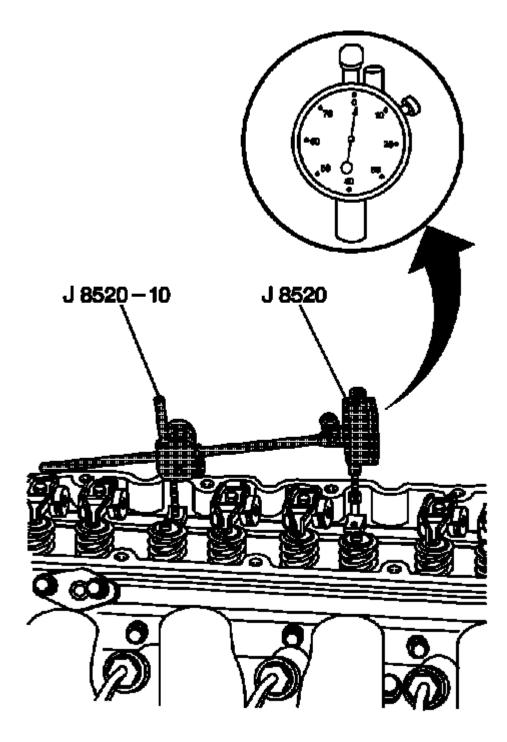


Fig. 376: Measuring Camshaft Lobe Lift Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Measuring camshaft lobe lift is a procedure used to determine if the camshaft lobes have worn. This test is to be performed prior to engine disassembly and with the camshaft and valve train components installed in the engine.

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- 1. Using the J 8520, measure camshaft lobe lift. See Special Tools.
- 2. Remove the valve rocker arms and bolts.
- 3. Install the dial indicator mounting stud into the valve rocker arm bolt hole.
- 4. Assemble the components of the J 8520 and position onto the stud. See Special Tools.
- 5. Position the shaft of the dial indicator onto the end of the pushrod.
- 6. Rotate the face of the dial indicator to zero.
- 7. Slowly rotate the crankshaft clockwise, until the dial indicator obtains its highest and lowest readings.
- 8. Compare the total to specifications. Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

Camshaft Bearing Installation

Tools Required

J 33049 Camshaft Bearing Service Set. See Special Tools.

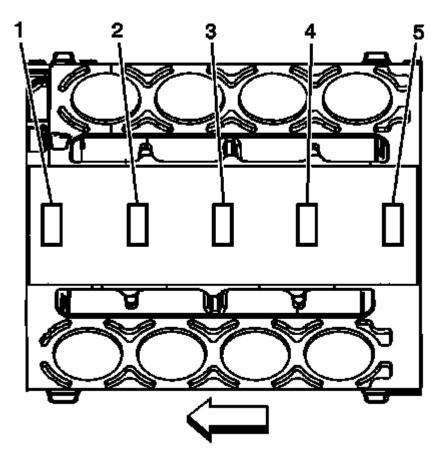


Fig. 377: Identifying Engine Block Camshaft Bearing Bores Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The engine block camshaft bearing bores are machined for 3 different outside diameter (OD) size bearings. Position 1 and 5 are the largest

diameter bores. Position 3 is the smallest diameter bore. Position 2 and 4 are the intermediate size bores. The inside diameter (ID) for all camshaft bearings is the same size.

1. Measure the engine block camshaft bearing bores (1-5) in order to identify the correct OD size bearing for each position. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

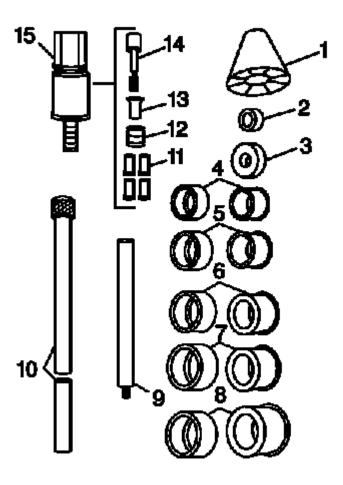


Fig. 378: View Of J 33049 Camshaft Bearing Service Kit Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Select the expanding driver (4-8) and washer (2 or 3) from the J 33049. See <u>Special Tools</u>. Refer to <u>Piston and Connecting Rod Assemble</u>.
- 3. Assemble the tool.

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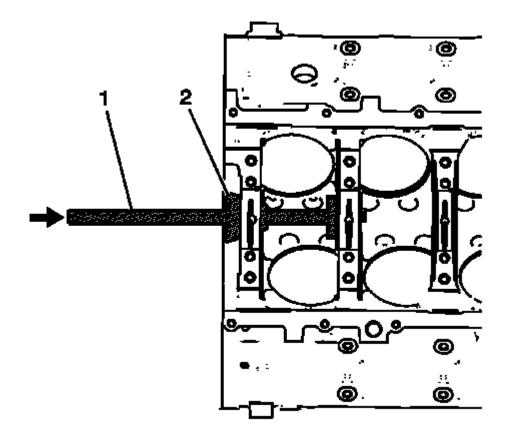


Fig. 379: Driving Bearing Out Of Or Into Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Insert the tool through the front of the engine block and into the bearing.
- 5. Tighten the expander assembly nut until snug.
- 6. Push the guide cone (2) into the front camshaft bearing in order to align the tool.
- 7. Drive the bearing into the block bore.

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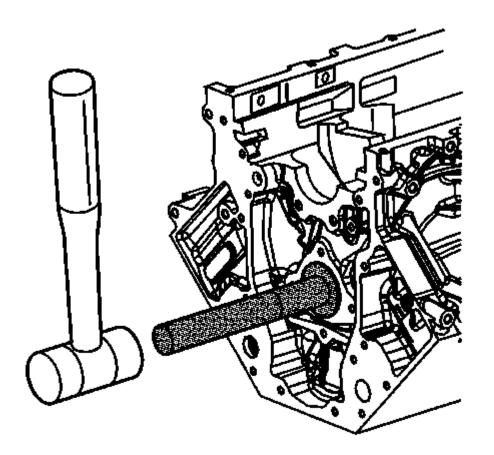


Fig. 380: Driving Bearing Out Of Or Into Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Install the front and rear bearings to the block.

Timing Chain and Sprockets Cleaning and Inspection

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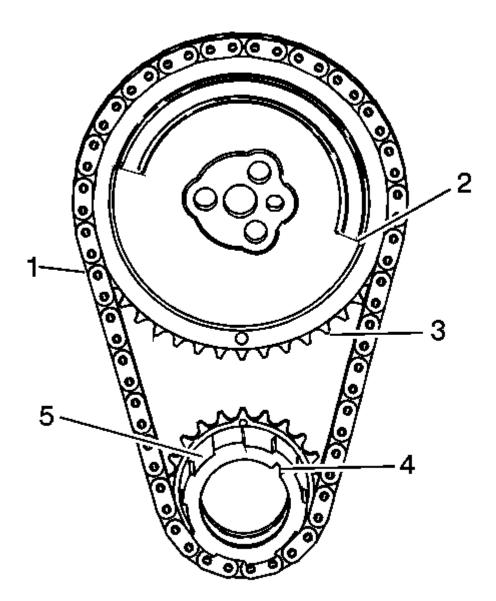


Fig. 381: Timing Chain & Sprockets Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Clean the components with cleaning solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

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- 2. Dry the components with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the timing chain (1) for binding or wear.
- 4. Inspect the camshaft position (CMP) sensor raised area (2) for nicks or damage.
- 5. Inspect for worn, damaged, or chipped teeth (3).
- 6. Inspect for a damaged keyway (4).
- 7. Inspect for worn oil pump drive splines (5).

Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rods Cleaning and Inspection

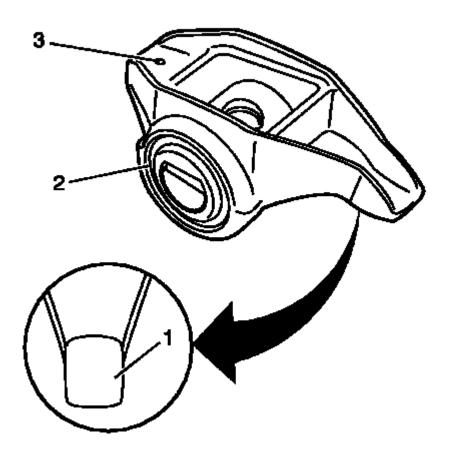


Fig. 382: Identifying Valve Rocker Arm Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Parts that are to be used again must be marked, sorted or organized for assembly.

- 1. Mark, sort, or organize the components for assembly. Refer to Separating Parts.
- 2. Clean the components with cleaning solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

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- 3. Dry the components with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect the valve rocker arms bearings (2) for binding or roughness.
- 5. Inspect the valve rocker arm pushrod sockets (3) and valve stem mating surfaces (1). These surfaces should be smooth with no scoring or exceptional wear.
- 6. Inspect the pushrods for worn or scored ends. These surfaces should be smooth with no scoring or exceptional wear.
- 7. Inspect the pushrods for bends. Roll the pushrod on a flat surface to determine if the pushrod is bent.
- 8. Inspect the pushrod oil passages for restrictions.
- 9. Inspect the rocker arm pivot supports for cracks, wear, or other damage.

Valve Lifters and Guides Cleaning and Inspection

Valve Lifters

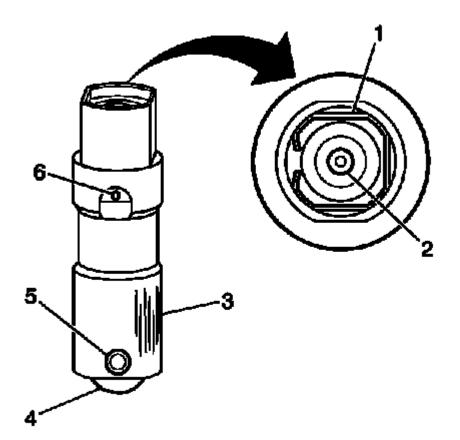


Fig. 383: Inspecting Areas Of Valve Lifters Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Components that are to be used again must be marked, sorted or organized for assembly.

1. Clean the components in cleaning solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

- 2. Dry the components with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the valve lifters for the following conditions:
 - Bent or broken clip (1)
 - Worn pushrod socket (2)
 - Scuffed or worn sides (3)

If the valve lifter shows wear, inspect the engine block lifter bores for wear or damage.

- Flat spots on the roller (4)
- Loose or damaged pin (5)
- Plugged oil hole (6)
- Worn or damaged roller bearing

The roller should rotate freely with no binding or roughness.

Valve Guides

Inspect the valve lifter guides for the following conditions:

- Cracks or damage
- Excessive wear in the lifter mounting bores

Cylinder Head Disassemble

Tools Required

J 8062 Valve Spring Compressor - Head Off. See Special Tools.

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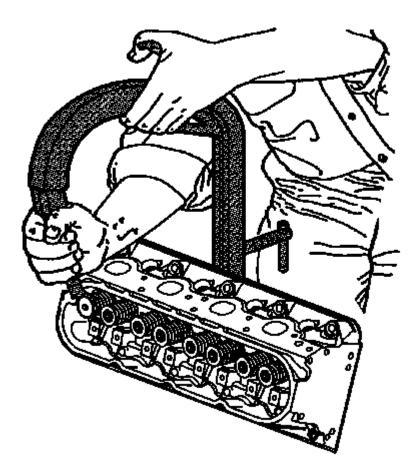


Fig. 384: Compressing Valve Spring Using Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: With the components at room temperature, remove the spark plugs from the cylinder head.
 - Mark, organize, or sort the cylinder head components for assembly. Return the components to their original location during assembly.
- 1. Remove the spark plugs from the cylinder heads.
- 2. Use the J 8062 in order to compress the valve spring. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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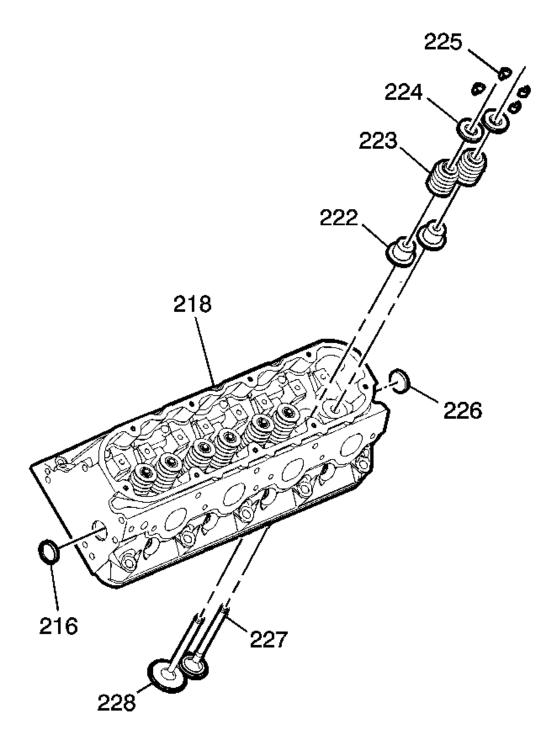


Fig. 385: View Of Cylinder Head Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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- 3. Remove the valve stem keys (225).
- 4. Remove the valve spring cap (224).
- 5. Remove the valve spring (223).
- 6. Remove the valves (227 and 228).
- 7. Remove the valve stem oil seal (222). Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.

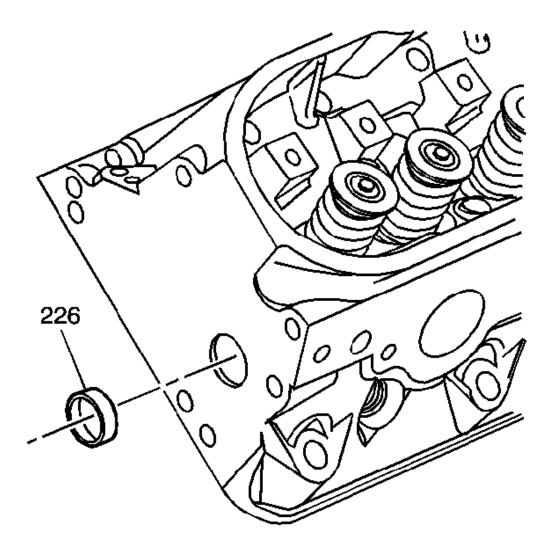


Fig. 386: View Of Cylinder Head Expansion Plugs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Remove the cylinder head core hole plugs (226), as required.

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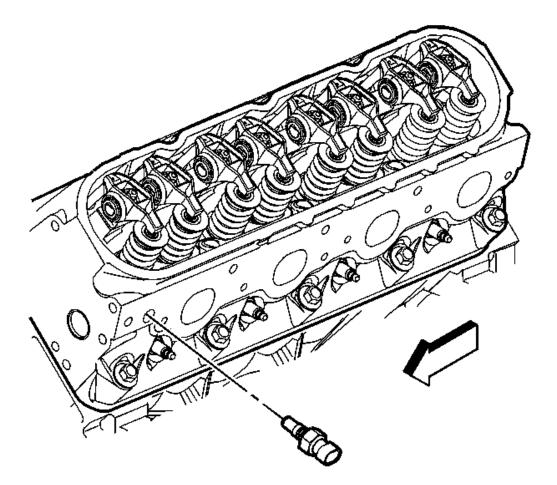


Fig. 387: View Of Coolant Temperature Sensor (Left Cylinder Head) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Remove the coolant temperature sensor from the left cylinder head.

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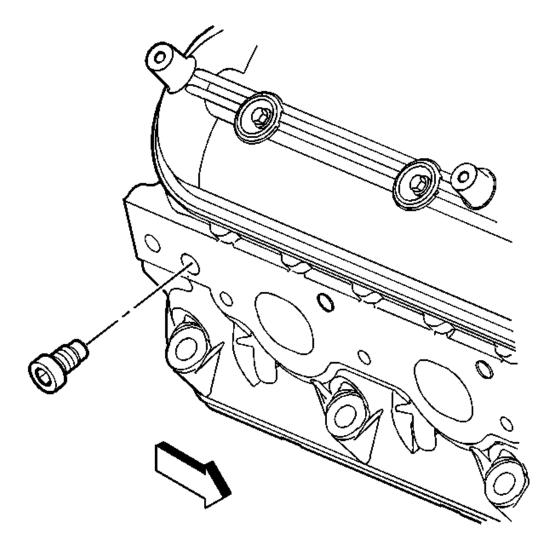


Fig. 388: View Of Coolant Plug (Right Cylinder Head) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Remove the coolant plug from the right cylinder head.

Cylinder Head Cleaning and Inspection

Tools Required

- J 8089 Carbon Removal Brush. See Special Tools.
- J 9666 Valve Spring Tester. See Special Tools.

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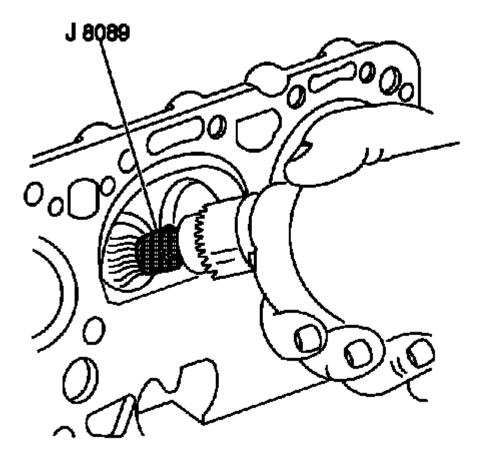


Fig. 389: Removing Carbon From Combustion Chambers Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution .

IMPORTANT: • When cleaning a cylinder head in a thermal type oven, do not exceed 204°C (400°F).

- Be careful not to scuff the chamber.
- 1. Clean the following components:
 - Use the J 8089 in order to remove the carbon from the combustion chambers. See Special Tools.
 - Gasket surfaces

Refer to **Replacing Engine Gaskets**.

- Valve stems and heads on a buffing wheel
- Bolt hole threads

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Remove all dirt, debris, or threadlocking material from the bolt holes.

- 2. Inspect the cylinder head for the following conditions:
 - 1. Cracks in the exhaust ports and combustion chambers
 - 2. External cracks in the water chambers
 - 3. Gasket surfaces for excessive scratches or gouging

Refer to **Replacing Engine Gaskets**.

4. Bolt hole threads for debris or damaged threads

Refer to **<u>Thread Repair</u>** or **<u>Thread Repair Specifications</u>**.

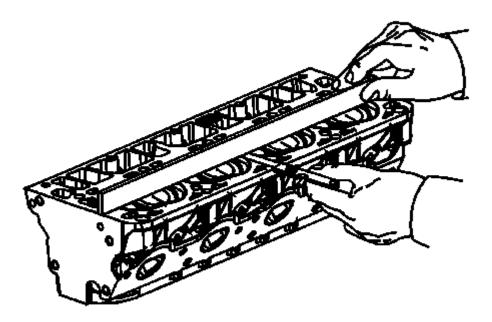


Fig. 390: Inspecting Cylinder Head For Warpage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Inspect the cylinder head for warpage. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.

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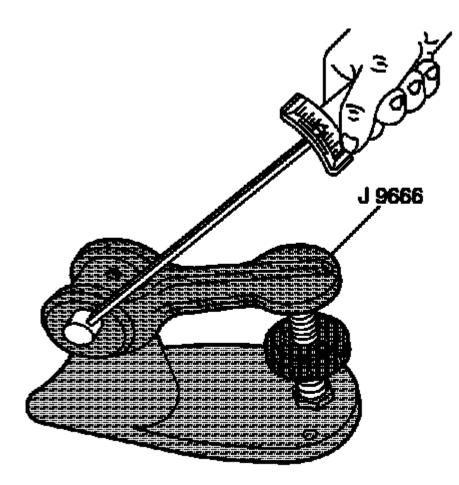


Fig. 391: Measuring Valve Spring Tension Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Use the **J 9666** in order to measure the valve spring tension. See <u>Special Tools</u>. Refer to <u>Engine</u> <u>Mechanical Specifications</u>.

Valve Guide Reaming/Valve and Seat Grinding

Tools Required

J 37378-1 Valve Guide Reamer. See Special Tools.

Valve Guide Reaming

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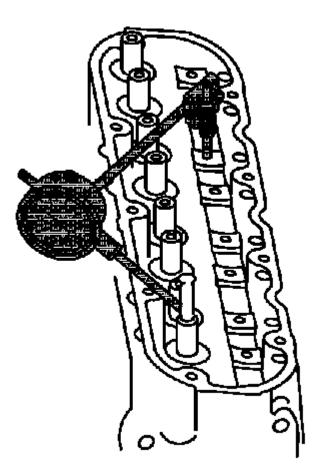


Fig. 392: Measuring Valve Stem-To-Guide Clearance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Excessive valve stem-to-guide clearance may cause a noisy valve train, premature valve stem oil seal wear, component damage, and/or excessive engine oil consumption.
 - Insufficient valve stem-to-guide clearance will result in noisy or sticking valves. Valves that are too tight may disturb engine smoothness or lead to component damage.
- 1. Measure the valve stem-to-guide clearance using a dial indicator. Position the tip of the dial indicator at the top of the valve guide.

Valve stem-to-guide clearance may also be obtained by using a micrometer to measure the valve stem diameter and a ball type measuring gage to measure the guide bore.

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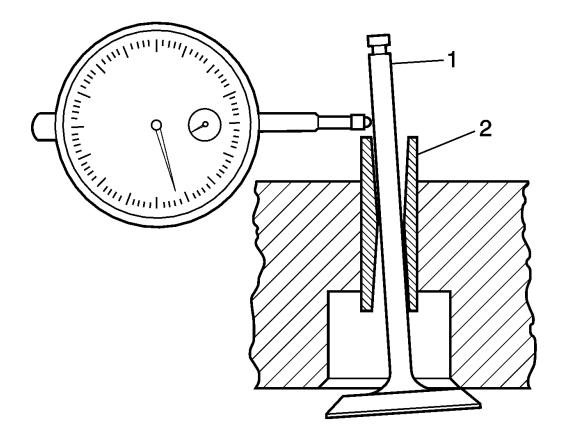


Fig. 393: Inspecting For Excessive Valve Stem To Guide Clearance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. A valve stem (1) and guide (2) with excessive clearance must be replaced or the cylinder head replaced.

Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

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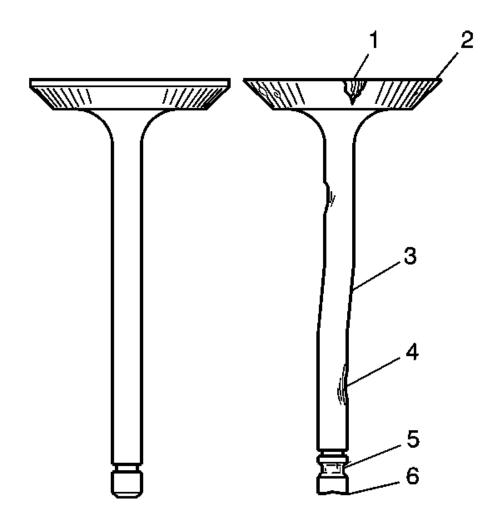


Fig. 394: Identifying Inspection Points For Valves Damage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Inspect the valve stems for excessive scoring, wear, or warpage.
 - A valve stem that has excessive scoring (3 or 4) or wear (4 or 6) must be replaced.
 - A valve guide that is worn and has excessive stem-to-guide clearance should be reamed and valves with oversize stems installed.
- 4. Measure the valve stem diameter. A valve stem with a diameter less than 7.95 mm (0.313 in) must be replaced.

If the valve stem diameter is within specifications, and the stem-to-guide clearance is excessive, the cylinder head must be replaced.

Valve and Seat Grinding

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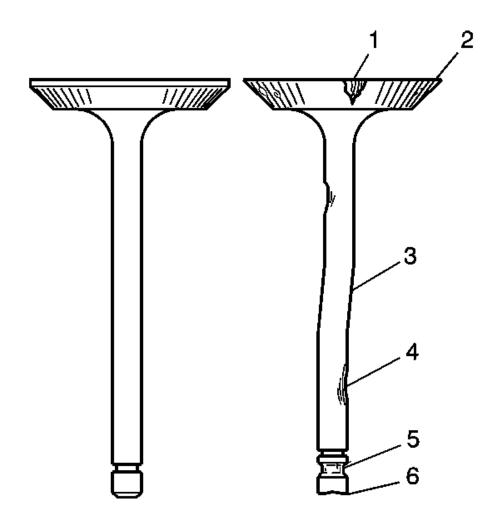


Fig. 395: Identifying Inspection Points For Valves Damage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Reconditioning the valve seats is very important. The seating of the valves must be perfect for the engine to deliver optimum power and performance. Several different types of equipment are available for grinding valve seats.
 - Another important factor is the cooling of the valve head. Good contact between the valve and the seat will ensure that heat will be properly dissipated.
 - The recommendations of the manufacturer of the equipment should be followed carefully to obtain the proper results. Regardless of what type of equipment is used, it is essential that valve guide bores be free from carbon or dirt to ensure proper centering of the tool pilot in the guide.
 - Valves that are pitted must be refaced to the proper angle. Valve

stems that show excessive wear, or valves that are warped excessively must be replaced. When a valve head that is warped excessively is refaced, a knife edge may be ground on part or all of the valve head due to the amount of metal that must be removed. Knife edges lead to breakage, burning or pre-ignition due to heat localizing on this knife edge. If the edge of the valve head is less than 1.25 mm (0.05 in) after grinding, replace the valve.

- Several different types of equipment are available for refacing valves. The recommendation of the manufacturer of the equipment should be carefully followed to obtain the proper results.
- DO NOT reface intake valves. Intake valves with excessive wear or damage MUST be replaced.
- 1. Inspect the valve for the following conditions:
 - Burnt or eroded areas (1)
 - A worn margin (2)
 - A bent stem (3)
 - A worn or scored stem (4)
 - A worn key groove (5)
 - A worn stem tip (6)

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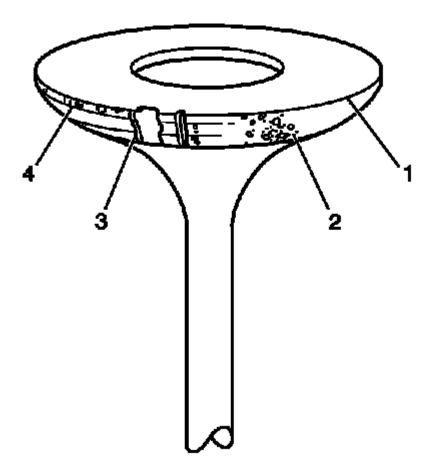


Fig. 396: Inspecting Valve Face For Burning, Pitting & Cracking Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Inspect the valve face for the following conditions:
 - Worn or no margin (1 or 4)
 - Pitted surfaces (2)
 - Burnt or eroded areas (3)

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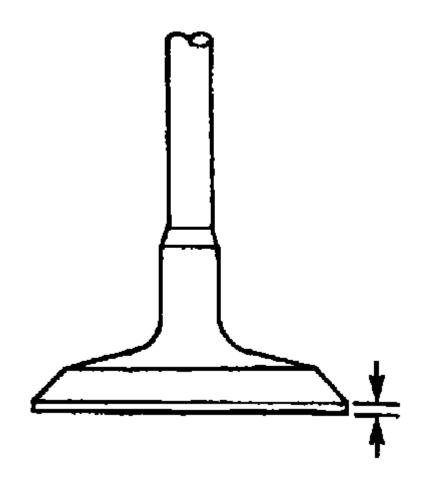


Fig. 397: Inspecting Valve Margin Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Inspect the valve margin.

The exhaust valve may be refaced if the margin is greater than 1.25 mm (0.05 in) thick before grinding.

- 4. Reface pitted exhaust valves on a suitable valve refacing machine.
- 5. Replace the valve if the margin is less than 1.25 mm (0.05 in) thick after grinding.
- 6. If the valve face has been ground, it may be necessary to shim the valve spring to obtain the proper spring installed height. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Disassemble</u>.
- 7. Inspect for a loose valve seat in the cylinder head. The valve seat has an interference fit to the cylinder head.
- 8. Clean the valve guide bores with a suitable tool. Remove all carbon or dirt from the bores.

The valve guide must be clean for the seat grinding tool to obtain proper results.

9. Grind the valve seat.

The recommendations of the manufacturer of the equipment should be followed carefully to obtain the proper results. Regardless of what type of equipment is used, it is essential that valve guide bores be free

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from carbon or dirt to ensure proper centering of the tool pilot in the guide.

- 10. Inspect the valve seats.
 - The valve seats should be concentric to within 0.05 mm (0.0021 in) total indicator reading.
 - If the valve seat has been ground, it may be necessary to shim the valve spring to attain the proper spring installed height. Refer to <u>Cylinder Head Disassemble</u>.

Cylinder Head Assemble

Tools Required

J 8062 Valve Spring Compressor - Head Off. See Special Tools.

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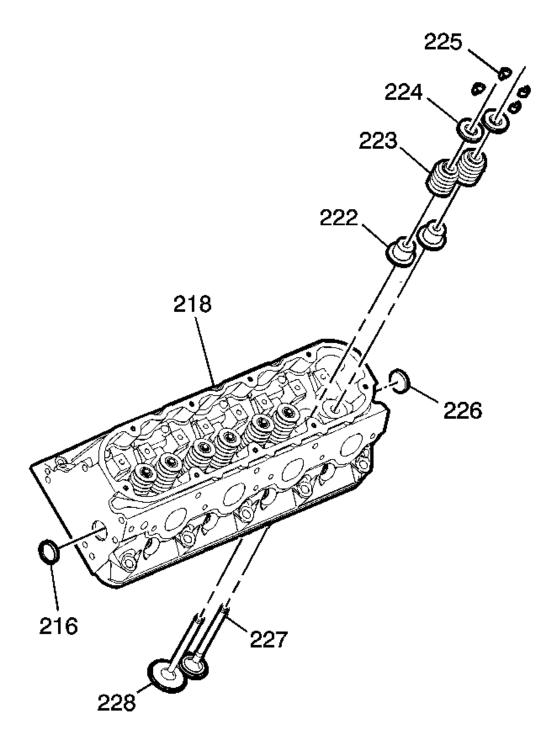


Fig. 398: View Of Cylinder Head Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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1. Clean the cylinder head valve spring shim area.

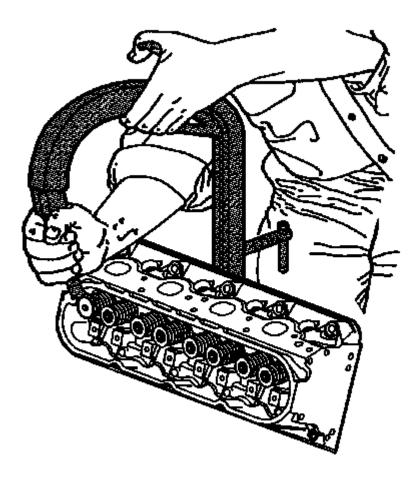
IMPORTANT: When using the valves and related components again, install the parts to their original location.

2. Install the valves (227 and 228) into the proper port.

Refer to Separating Parts.

IMPORTANT: The valve stem oil seal alignment and position on the valve guide is critical. An improperly installed valve stem oil seal may lead to excessive oil consumption, increased vehicle emissions, or component damage.

- 3. Install the valve stem oil seal (222).
- 4. Install the valve spring (223).
- 5. Install the valve spring cap (224).



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Fig. 399: Compressing Valve Spring Using Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Compress the valve spring using the J 8062 . See Special Tools.
- 7. Install the valve stem keys.
 - 1. Use grease to hold the keys in place and remove the J 8062. See Special Tools.
 - 2. Ensure the keys seat properly in the groove of the valve stem.
 - 3. Tap the end to the valve stem with a plastic faced hammer to seat the keys, if necessary.

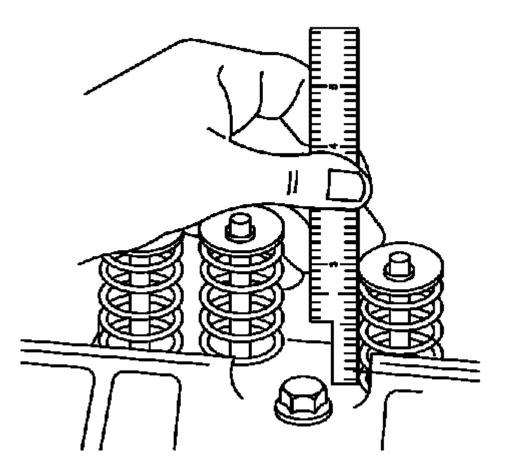


Fig. 400: Measuring Valve Spring Installed Height Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Measure the valve spring installed height using a ruler.

Measure from the base of the valve spring to the top of the valve spring.

Specification:

• If the installed height exceeds 46.25 mm (1.82 in), install a valve spring shim of approximately 0.5 mm (0.02 in) thick.

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• Do not shim the valve spring to obtain less than the specified height.

Do not assemble the components without a spring shim on the cylinder head.

9. Install the remaining valves, springs, and other components.

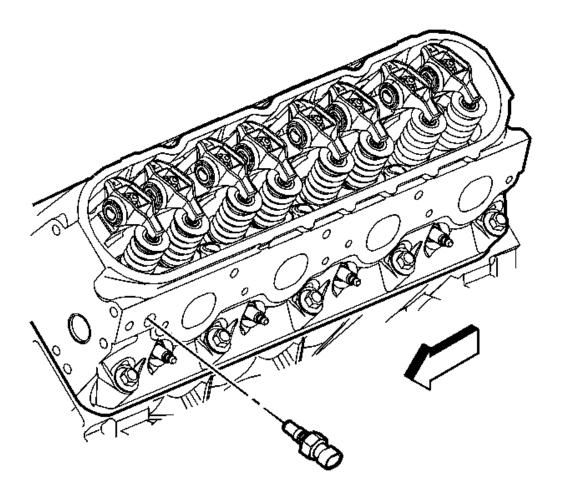


Fig. 401: View Of Coolant Temperature Sensor (Left Cylinder Head) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Install sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480), or equivalent, to the threads of the coolant sensor.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

11. Install the coolant temperature sensor into the left cylinder head.

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Tighten: Tighten the coolant temperature sensor to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

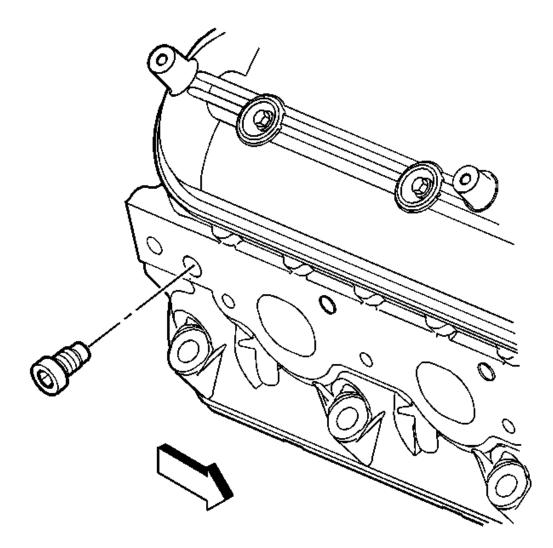


Fig. 402: View Of Coolant Plug (Right Cylinder Head) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 12. Install sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480), or equivalent, to the threads of the coolant plug.
- 13. Install the coolant plug to the right cylinder head.

Tighten: Tighten the coolant plug to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

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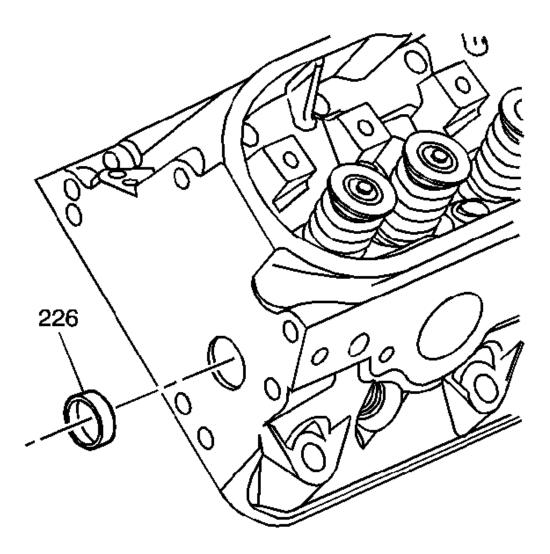


Fig. 403: View Of Cylinder Head Expansion Plugs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 14. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the sides of the cylinder head core hole plugs (226).
- 15. Install the core hole plugs into the cylinder head.

A properly installed plug should be installed 2.5 mm (0.1 in) below the end face of the head.

Oil Pump Disassemble

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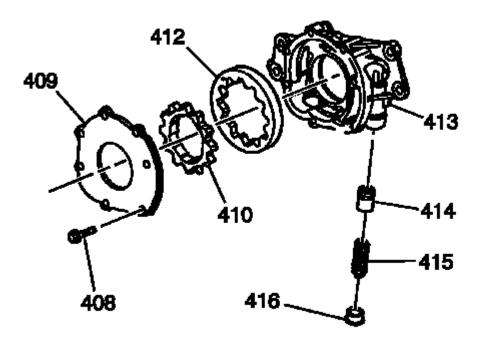


Fig. 404: Exploded View Of Oil Pump Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The internal parts of the oil pump assembly are not serviced separately, excluding the spring. If the oil pump components are worn or damaged, replace the oil pump as an assembly.

- 1. Remove the oil pump cover bolts (408).
- 2. Remove the oil pump cover (409).

IMPORTANT: Mark or identify the gears for assembly. Refer to Separating Parts.

- 3. Remove the drive gear (410).
- 4. Remove the driven gear (412).
- 5. Remove the pressure relief valve plug (416).
- 6. Remove the pressure relief valve spring (415).
- 7. Remove the pressure relief valve (414).
- 8. Inspect the oil pump components. Refer to **Oil Pump Cleaning and Inspection**.

Oil Pump Cleaning and Inspection

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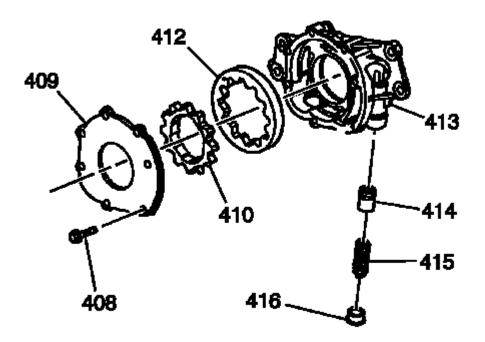


Fig. 405: Exploded View Of Oil Pump Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The internal parts of the oil pump assembly are not serviced separately, excluding the spring. If the oil pump components are worn or damaged, replace the oil pump as an assembly.

- The oil pump pipe and screen are to be serviced as an assembly. Do not attempt to repair the wire mesh portion of the pump and screen assembly.
- 1. Clean the parts in solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 2. Dry the parts with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the oil pump housing (413) and the cover (409) for cracks, excessive wear, scoring, or casting imperfections.
- 4. Inspect the oil pump housing-to-engine block oil gallery surface for scratches or gouging.

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- 5. Inspect the oil pump housing for damaged bolt hole threads.
- 6. Inspect the relief valve plug (416) and plug bore for damaged threads.
- 7. Inspect the oil pump internal oil passages for restrictions.
- 8. Inspect the drive gear (410) and driven gear (412) for chipping, galling or wear.

Minor burrs or imperfections on the gears may be removed with a fine oil stone.

- 9. Inspect the drive gear splines for excessive wear.
- 10. Inspect the pressure relief valve (414) and bore for scoring or wear.

The valve must move freely in the bore with no restrictions.

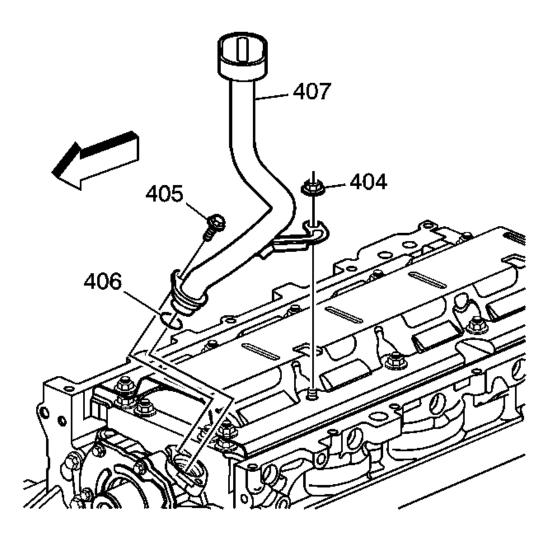


Fig. 406: View Of Oil Pump Screen, Bolt, Nuts & O-Ring Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. Inspect the oil pump screen (407) for debris or restrictions.
- 12. Inspect the oil pump screen for broken or loose wire mesh.

Oil Pump Assemble

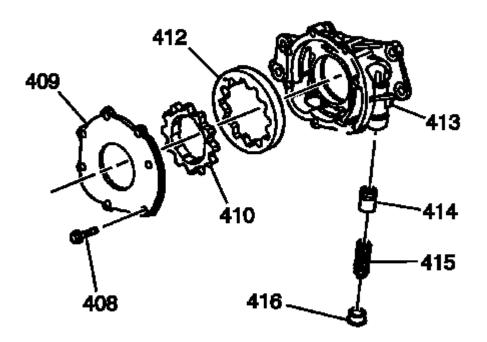


Fig. 407: Exploded View Of Oil Pump Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Prior to assembling the oil pump, coat all wear or internal surfaces with clean engine oil.

1. Install the driven gear (412) into the pump housing (413).

Install the driven gear with the orientation mark facing the pump cover.

- 2. Install the drive gear (410) into the pump housing.
- 3. Install the oil pump cover (409).

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NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the pump cover bolts (408).

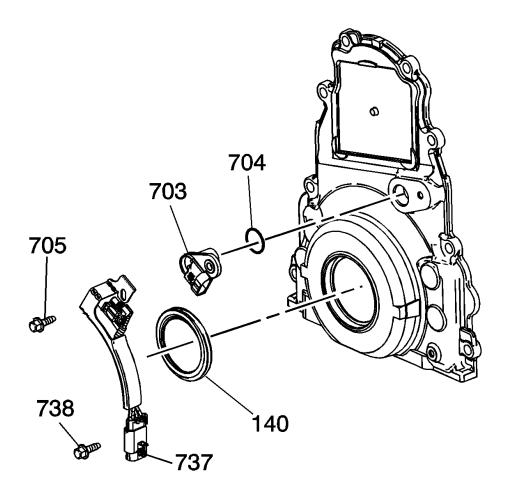
Tighten: Tighten the oil pump cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

- 5. Install the relief valve (414).
- 6. Install a NEW relief valve spring (415).
- 7. Install the pressure relief valve plug (416).

Tighten: Tighten the pressure relief valve plug to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

8. Inspect the oil pump for smooth operation by rotating the drive gear.

Engine Front Cover Cleaning and Inspection



<u>Fig. 408: Engine Front Cover, Camshaft Position Sensor, Oil Seal, Wire Harness, O-Ring & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not use the crankshaft oil seal again. Install a NEW crankshaft oil seal during assembly.

- Do not use the front cover-to-engine block gasket again. Install a NEW gasket during assembly.
- 1. Remove the crankshaft oil seal (140) from the front cover.
- 2. Clean the cover in solvent. Remove the sealant from the cover oil pan surface. Refer to <u>Replacing</u> <u>Engine Gaskets</u>.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

- 3. Dry the cover with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect the gasket sealing surfaces for excessive scratches or gouging.
- 5. Inspect the threaded bolt holes for damaged threads or debris.
- 6. Inspect the crankshaft oil seal and camshaft position (CMP) sensor mounting bores for damage.

Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Cleaning and Inspection

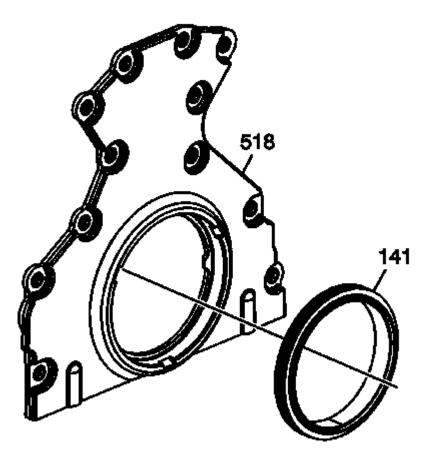


Fig. 409: Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not use the crankshaft rear oil seal again. Install a NEW crankshaft oil seal during assembly.

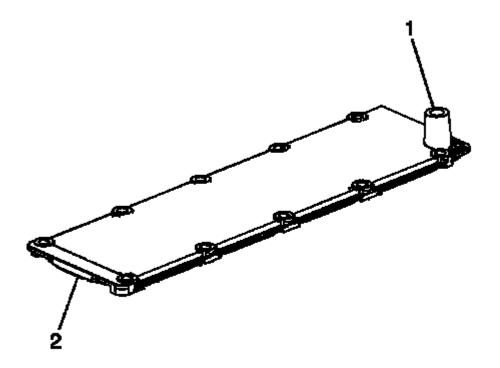
- Do not use the rear housing-to-engine block gasket again. Install a NEW gasket during assembly.
- 1. Remove the crankshaft oil seal (141) from the rear housing.
- 2. Clean the housing in solvent. Remove the sealant from the housing oil pan surface. Refer to <u>Replacing</u> <u>Engine Gaskets</u>.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution .

- 3. Dry the housing with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect the gasket sealing surfaces for excessive scratches or gouging.
- 5. Inspect the housing-to-oil pan threaded bolt holes for damaged threads or debris.
- 6. Inspect the crankshaft oil seal mounting bore for damage.

Engine Valley Cover Cleaning and Inspection

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<u>Fig. 410: Engine Valley Cover</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Clean the valley cover in solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 2. Dry with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect for damaged threads (1) and damaged sealing surfaces (2).

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Cleaning and Inspection

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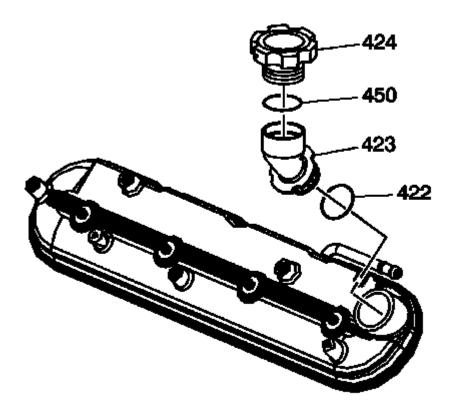


Fig. 411: Oil Fill Cap & Oil Fill Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT:

- Do not use the valve rocker arm cover gasket again. Install a NEW gasket during assembly.
- Remove the ignition coils before cleaning the cover in solvent. Do not submerge the ignition coils in solvent.
- Do not remove the oil fill tube from the covers, unless service is required.
- 1. Inspect the oil fill tube (423) for a loose fit or damage.

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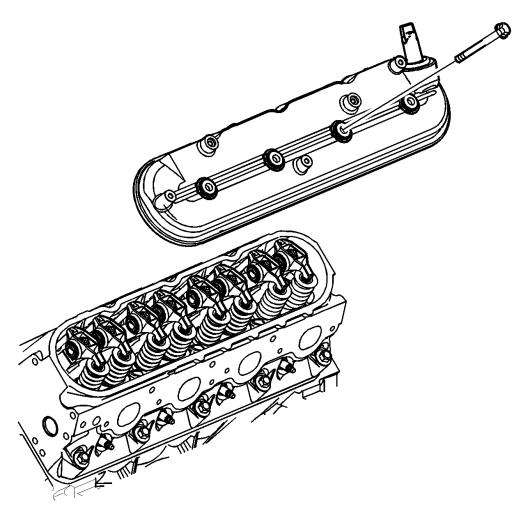
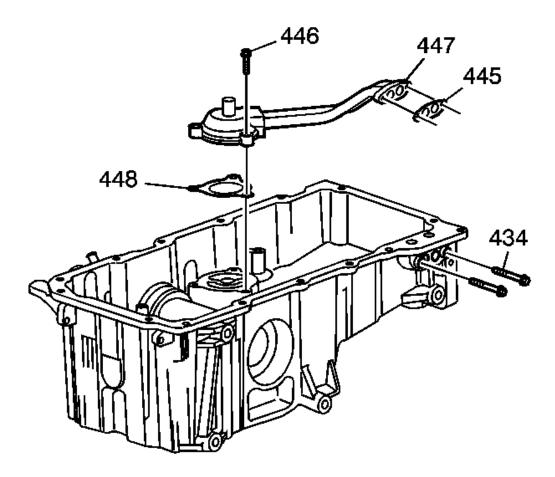


Fig. 412: Valve Rocker Arm Cover & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Inspect the covers for the following conditions:
 - Scoring or damage to the gasket surfaces
 - Ventilation system passages for restrictions
 - Threaded bolt holes for damage or debris

Oil Pan Cleaning and Inspection

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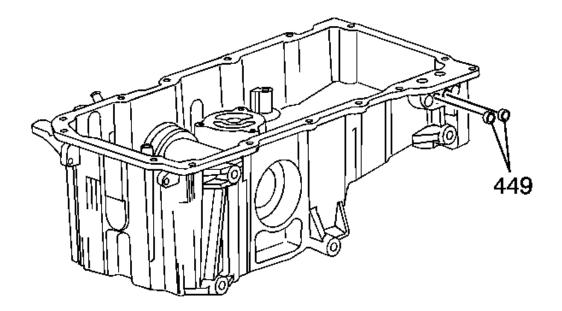


<u>Fig. 413: Oil Transfer Tube</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: When installing a NEW oil pan gasket, it is not necessary to install the rivets that retain the NEW gasket to the pan.

- 1. Remove the oil filter tube bolts (434, 446) and gaskets (445, 448).
- 2. Remove the oil filter tube (447).

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<u>Fig. 414: View Of Oil Gallery Plugs</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Remove the plugs from the oil galleries.

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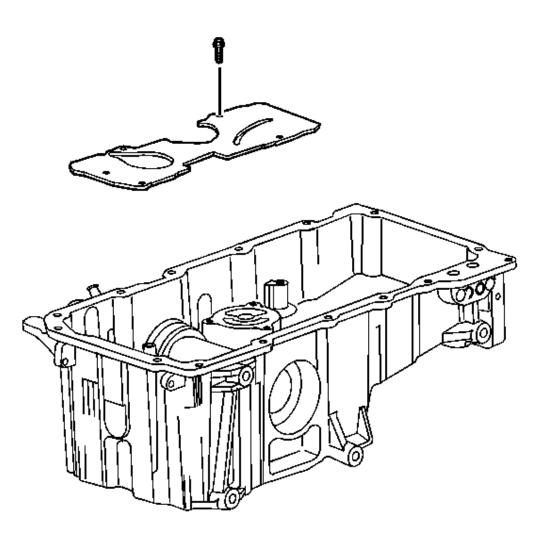


Fig. 415: View Of Oil Baffle & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Remove the oil pan baffle and bolts.
- 5. Remove the oil filter fitting and bypass valve, as required. Refer to **<u>Oil Filter and Adapter Removal</u>**.
- 6. Clean the oil pan in solvent. Be sure to thoroughly clean all of the oil passages and recesses of the pan.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

- 7. Dry the oil pan with compressed air.
- 8. Inspect the oil pan for the following conditions:

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- Damaged gasket surfaces
- Restrictions within the oil passages of the pan
- Threaded bolt holes for damage

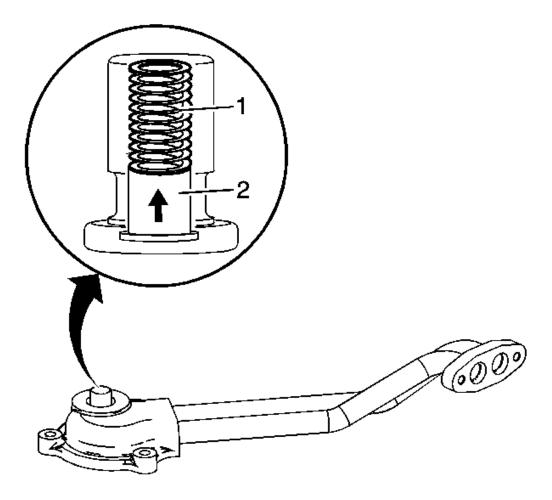


Fig. 416: Oil Pressure Relief Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Inspect the oil filter tube for restrictions or damaged gasket surfaces.
- 10. Inspect the oil pressure relief valve for proper operation.

Lightly depress the valve (2). The valve spring (1) should seat the valve to the proper closed position.

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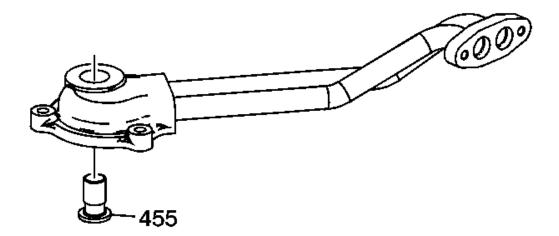


Fig. 417: Relief Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. The relief valve (455) is press-fit into the tube and can be serviced separately.

Intake Manifold Cleaning and Inspection

Cleaning Procedure

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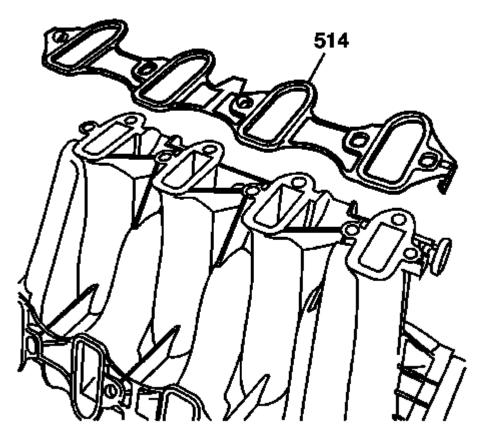


Fig. 418: View Of Intake Manifold-To-Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Remove and discard the intake manifold-to-cylinder head gaskets (514).

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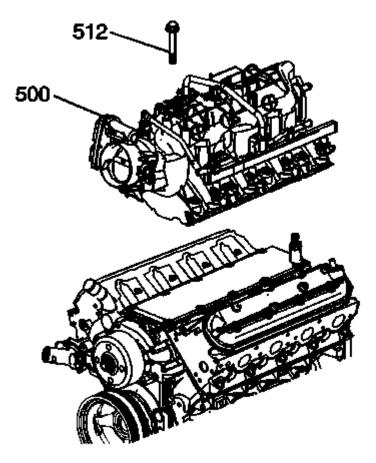


Fig. 419: Removing/Installing Intake Manifold Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Remove the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor. Refer to Intake Manifold Removal.
- 3. Remove the evaporative emission (EVAP) canister purge solenoid valve, EVAP tubes, and fuel rail with injectors. Refer to **Fuel Rail and Injectors Removal**.
- 4. Remove the throttle body and gasket. Refer to **<u>Throttle Body Removal</u>**.
- 5. Clean the intake manifold (500) in solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

6. Dry the intake manifold with compressed air.

Inspection Procedure

- 1. Inspect the manifold for the following conditions:
 - Damaged gasket or sealing surfaces
 - Loose threaded inserts or studs
 - Debris or restrictions within the passages of the manifold

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- Damaged or broken vacuum fittings
- Inspect the composite intake manifold assembly for cracks or other damage.

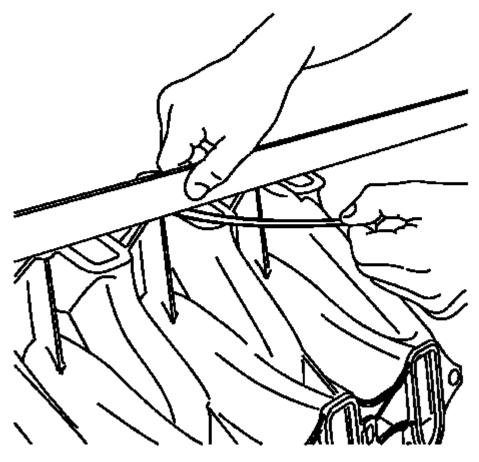


Fig. 420: Inspecting Intake Manifold Cylinder Head Deck For Warpage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Inspect the intake manifold cylinder head deck for warpage.
 - 1. Locate a straight edge across the intake manifold cylinder head deck surface.

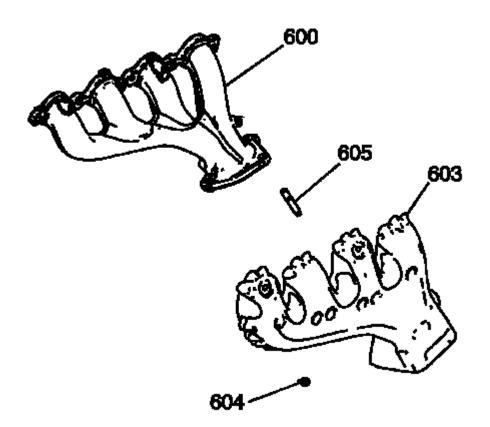
Position the straight edge across a minimum of 2 runner port openings.

2. Insert a feeler gage between the intake manifold and the straight edge.

An intake manifold with warpage in excess of 3 mm (0.118 in) over a 200 mm (7.87 in) area is warped and should be replaced.

Exhaust Manifold Cleaning and Inspection

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<u>Fig. 421: Exhaust Manifold</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not use the exhaust manifold-to-cylinder head gaskets again. Upon installation of the exhaust manifold, install a NEW gasket. An improperly installed gasket or leaking exhaust system may effect on-board diagnostics (OBD) II system performance.

1. Clean the exhaust manifold (600) and heat shield (603) in solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 2. Dry the exhaust manifold with compressed air.
- 3. Inspect the exhaust manifold-to-cylinder head gasket surface for excessive scratches or gouging.
- 4. Inspect for a loose, damaged, or cracked heat shield (603).
- 5. Inspect the studs (605) for damaged threads.

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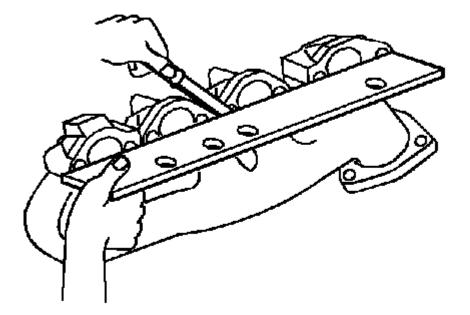


Fig. 422: Measuring Exhaust Manifold To Cylinder Head Surface For Warpage Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Use a straight edge and a feeler gage and measure the exhaust manifold cylinder head deck for warpage.

An exhaust manifold deck with warpage in excess of 0.25 mm (0.01 in) within the two front or two rear runners or 0.5 mm (0.02 in) overall, may cause an exhaust leak and may effect OBD II system performance. Exhaust manifolds not within specifications must be replaced.

Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Cleaning and Inspection

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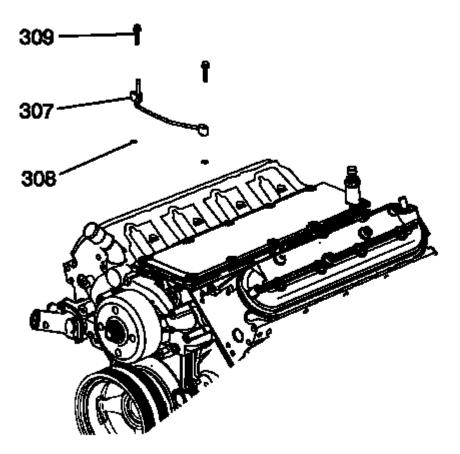


Fig. 423: Removing/Installing Engine Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not use the engine coolant air bleed pipe and cover gaskets again. Upon installation of the pipe and covers, install NEW gaskets.

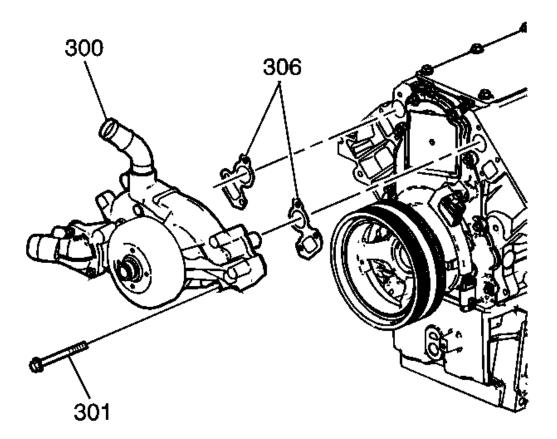
- 1. Remove the sealing gaskets (308) from the pipe (307) and covers.
- 2. Clean the pipe and covers in solvent.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- 3. Dry the pipe and covers with compressed air.
- 4. Inspect the pipe and covers for damaged sealing surfaces or restrictions within the pipe.

Water Pump Cleaning and Inspection

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<u>Fig. 424: Water Pump</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Remove the old gasket from the water pump sealing surfaces. Refer to **Replacing Engine Gaskets**.
- 2. Clean all excess dirt and debris from the water pump housing.
- 3. Inspect the water pump (300) for the following conditions:
 - Gasket and hose sealing surfaces for excessive scratches or gouging
 - Restrictions within the internal coolant passages
 - Excessive side-to-side play in the pulley shaft
 - Leakage at the water outlet housing or rear cover
 - Leakage at the water pump vent hole

A stain around the vent hole is acceptable. If leakage, dripping, occurs with the engine running and the cooling system pressurized, replace the water pump.

• Wear or damage in the belt tracking area of the pulley

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Thread Repair

Tools Required

- J 42385-100 Head/Main Bolt Thread Repair Kit. See Special Tools.
- J 42385-200 Common Thread Repair Kit. See Special Tools.
- J 42385-300 Fixtures and Hardware Kit. See Special Tools.

General Thread Repair

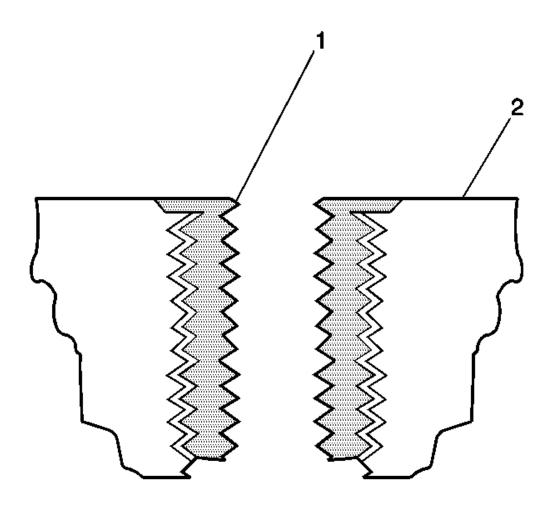
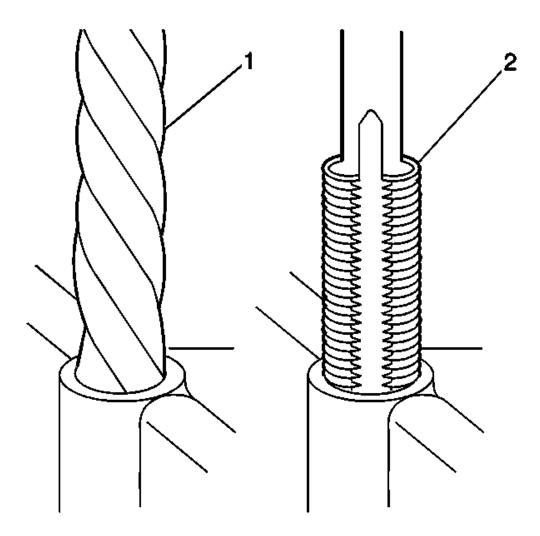


Fig. 425: View Of Bushing Type Insert & Base Material Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

The thread repair process involves a solid, thin walled, self-locking, carbon steel, bushing type insert (1). During the bushing installation process, the driver tool expands the bottom external threads of the insert into the base material (2). This action mechanically locks the insert in place. Also, when installed to the proper depth, the flange of the insert will be seated against the counterbore of the repaired hole.

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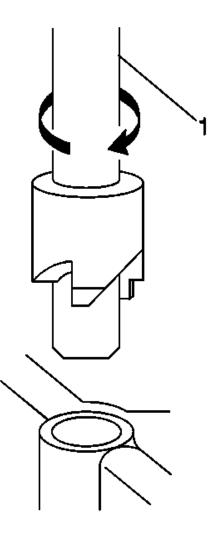
<u>Fig. 426: Drilling & Tapping Threads</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

- IMPORTANT: The use of a cutting type fluid GM P/N 1052864 (Canadian P/N 992881), WD 40®, or equivalent, is recommended when performing the drilling, counterboring, and tapping procedures.
 - Driver oil MUST be used on the installer driver tool.
 - The tool kits are designed for use with either a suitable tap wrench or drill motor.
- 1. Drill out the threads of the damaged hole (1).
 - M6 inserts require a minimum drill depth of 15 mm (0.59 in).

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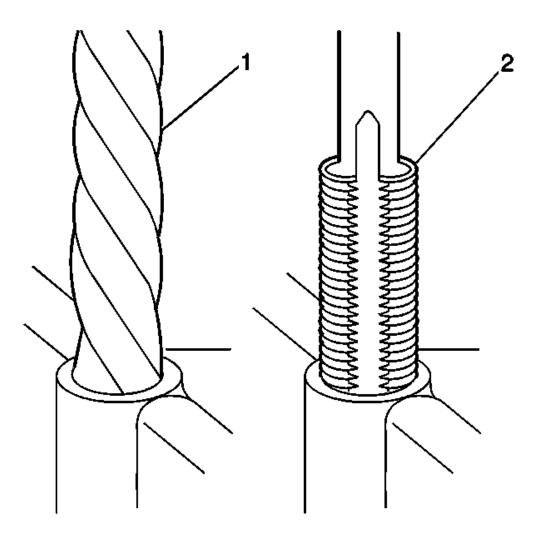
- M8 inserts require a minimum drill depth of 20 mm (0.79 in).
- M10 inserts require a minimum drill depth of 23.5 mm (0.93 in).
- 2. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.



<u>Fig. 427: View Of Counterbore Drill</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Counterbore the hole to the full depth permitted by the tool (1).
- 4. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.

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<u>Fig. 428: Drilling & Tapping Threads</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Using a tap wrench (2), tap the threads of the drilled hole.
 - M6 inserts require a minimum tap depth of 15 mm (0.59 in).
 - M8 inserts require a minimum tap depth of 20 mm (0.79 in).
 - M10 inserts require a minimum tap depth of 23.5 mm (0.93 in).
- 6. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.
- 7. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139, GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463), or equivalent, into the hole.
- 8. Using compressed air, clean any cutting oil and chips out of the hole.

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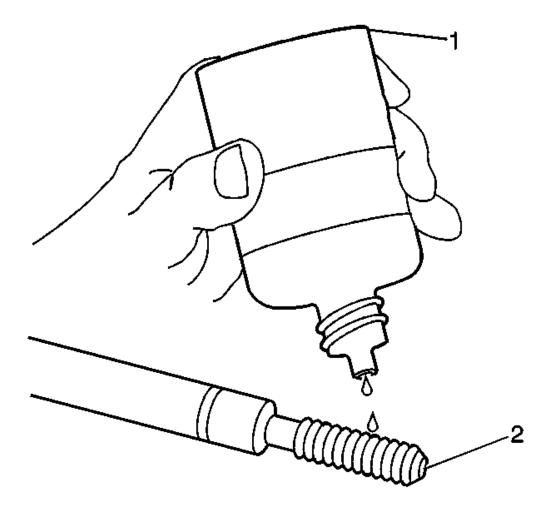


Fig. 429: Lubricating Installer Tool Using Driver Oil Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not allow oil or other foreign material to contact the outside diameter (OD) of the insert.

9. Lubricate the threads of the installer tool (2) with the driver oil (1).

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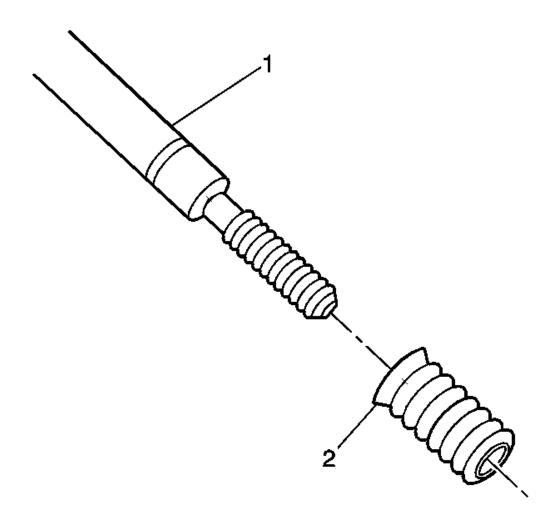


Fig. 430: View of Bushing Type Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Install the insert (2) onto the driver tool (1).

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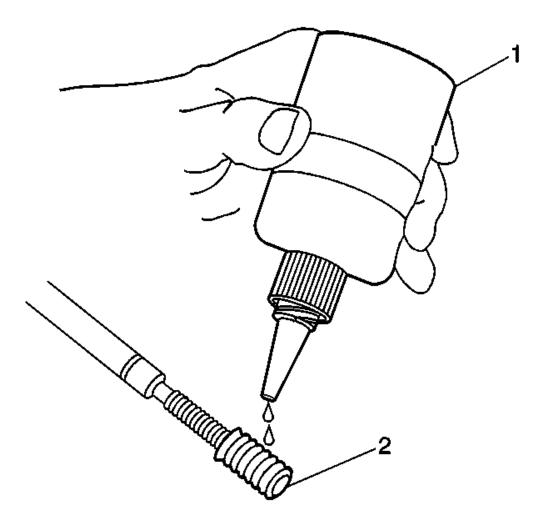


Fig. 431: Applying Threadlock To Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Apply threadlock LOCTITE[™] 277, J 42385-109 (1), or equivalent, to the insert OD threads (2).

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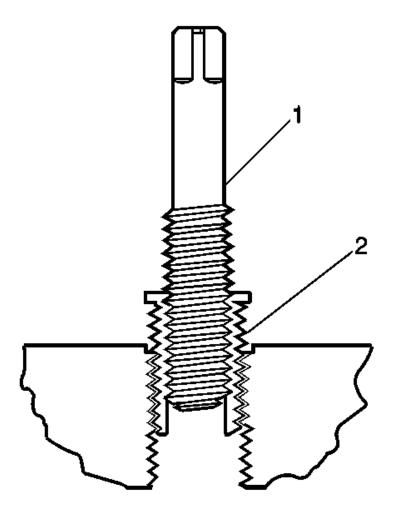


Fig. 432: Installing Insert Into Tapped Bolt Hole Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Install the insert (2) into the hole.

Install the insert until the flange of the insert contacts the counterbored surface. Continue to rotate the installer tool (1) through the insert.

The installer tool will tighten up before screwing completely through the insert. This is acceptable. You are forming the bottom threads of the insert and mechanically locking the insert to the base material threads.

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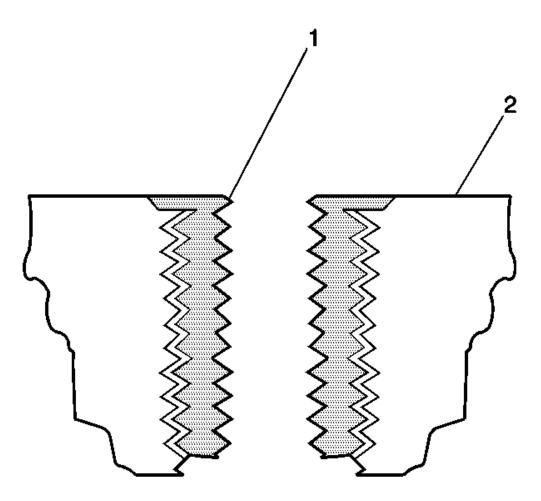


Fig. 433: View Of Bushing Type Insert & Base Material Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Inspect the insert for proper installation into the hole.

A properly installed insert (1) will be either flush or slightly below flush with the surface of the base material (2).

Cylinder Head Bolt Hole Thread Repair

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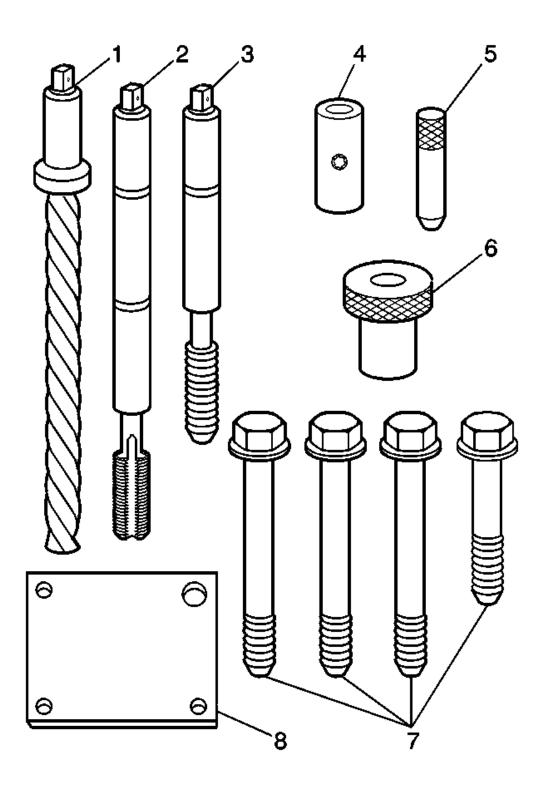


Fig. 434: Identifying Thread Repair Kit Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

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- 1. The cylinder head bolt hole thread repair kit consists of the following items:
 - The drill (1)
 - The tap (2)
 - The installer (3)
 - The sleeve (4)
 - The alignment pin (5)
 - The bushing (6)
 - The bolts (7)
 - The fixture plate (8)

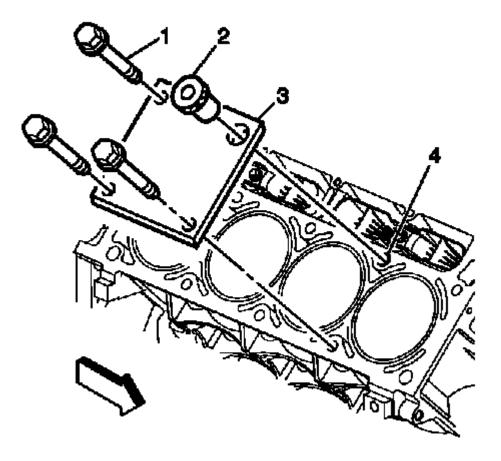


Fig. 435: View Of Fixture Plate, Bolts, Bushing & Cylinder Hole Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to Safety Glasses Caution in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: • The use of a cutting type fluid GM P/N 1052864 (Canadian P/N

992881), WD 40®, or equivalent, is recommended when performing the drilling and tapping procedures.

- Driver oil MUST be used on the installer driver tool.
- The tool kits are designed for use with either a suitable tap wrench or drill motor.
- 2. Install the fixture plate (3), bolts (1), and bushing (2) onto the engine block deck.

Position the fixture plate and bushing over the hole that is to be repaired (4).

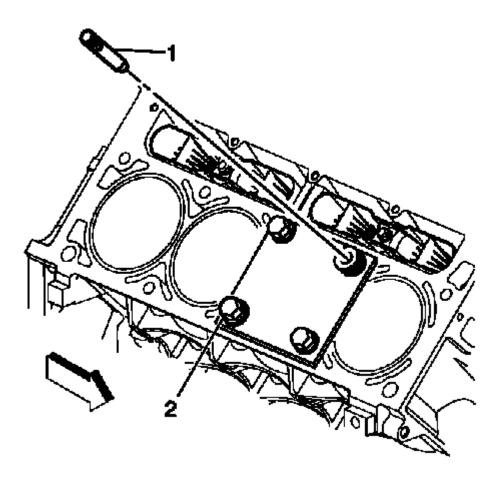


Fig. 436: View Of Alignment Pin & Fixture Retaining Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Position the alignment pin (1) through the bushing and into the hole.
- 4. With the alignment pin in the desired hole, tighten the fixture retaining bolts (2).
- 5. Remove the alignment pin from the hole.

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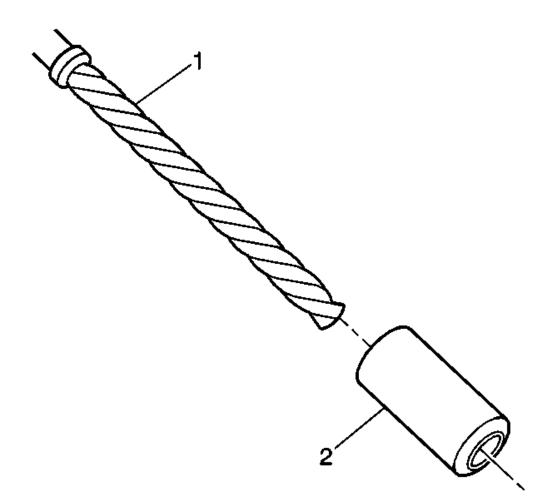


Fig. 437: View Of Stop Collar & Counterbore Drill Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Install the sleeve (2) onto the drill (1).

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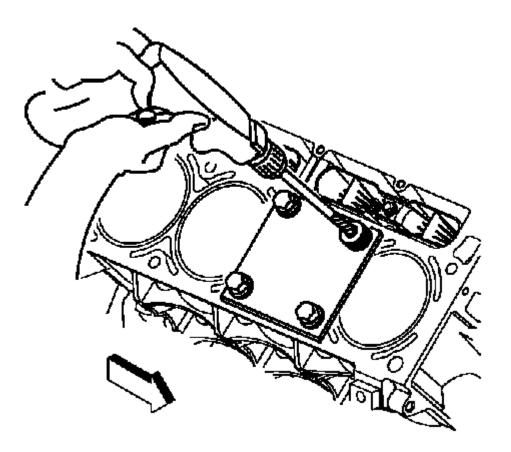


Fig. 438: Drilling Cylinder Head Bolt Hole Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: During the reaming process, it is necessary to repeatedly remove the drill and clean the chips from the hole.

7. Drill out the threads of the damaged hole.

Drill the hole until the stop collar of the drill bit or the sleeve contacts the bushing.

8. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.

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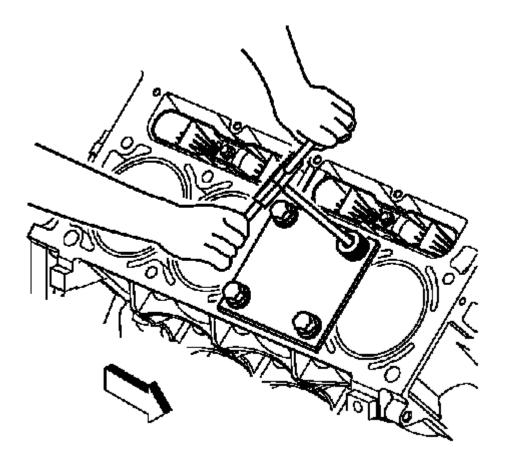


Fig. 439: Tapping Threads Of Drilled Hole Using Tapping Wrench Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Using a tap wrench, tap the threads of the drilled hole.

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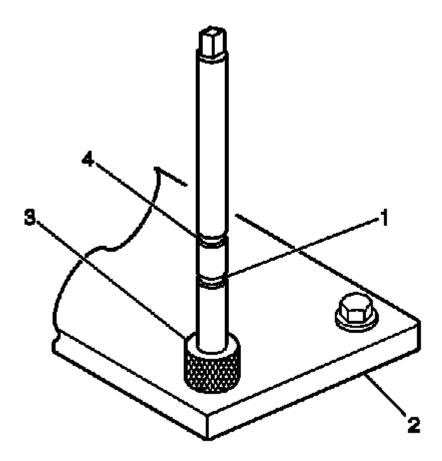


Fig. 440: View Of Tap Upper & Lower Marks, Fixture Plate & Bushing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. In order to tap the new threads to the proper depth, rotate the tap into the hole until the mark (1) on the tap aligns with the top of the drill bushing (3).
- 11. Remove the fixture plate (2), bushing (3), and bolts.
- 12. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.
- 13. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139, GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463), or equivalent, into the hole.
- 14. Using compressed air, clean any cutting oil and chips out of the hole.

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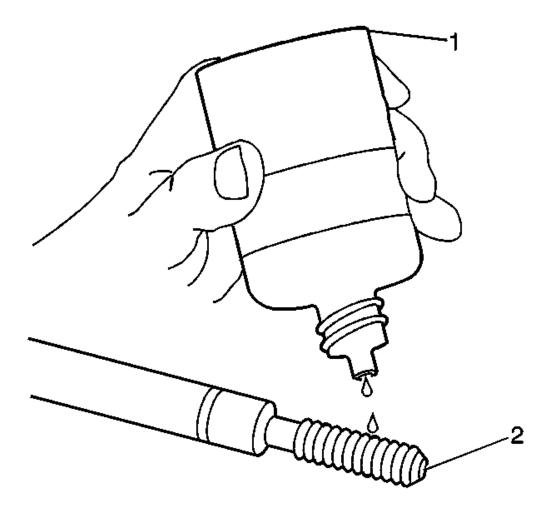


Fig. 441: Lubricating Installer Tool Using Driver Oil Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not allow oil or foreign material to contact the OD of the insert.

15. Lubricate the threads of the installer tool (2) with the driver oil (1).

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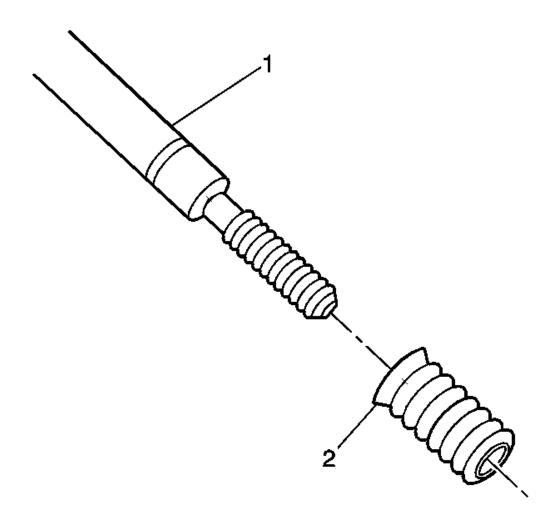


Fig. 442: View of Bushing Type Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

16. Install the insert (2) onto the driver tool (1).

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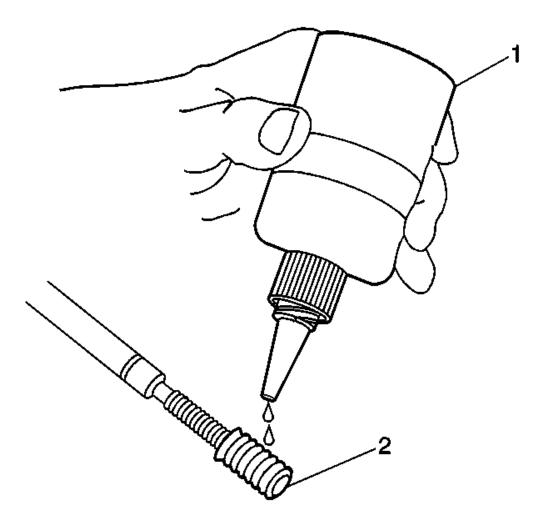


Fig. 443: Applying Threadlock To Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

17. Apply threadlock LOCTITE[™] 277, J 42385-109 (1), or equivalent, to the insert OD threads (2).

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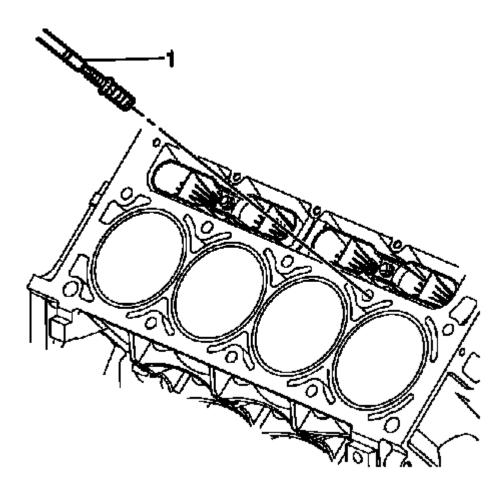


Fig. 444: Installing Insert & Driver Into Cylinder Bolt Hole Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

18. Install the insert and driver (1) into the hole.

Rotate the driver tool until the mark on the tool aligns with the deck surface of the engine block.

The installer tool will tighten up before screwing completely through the insert. This is acceptable. You are forming the bottom threads of the insert and mechanically locking the insert to the base material threads.

Main Cap Bolt Hole Thread Repair

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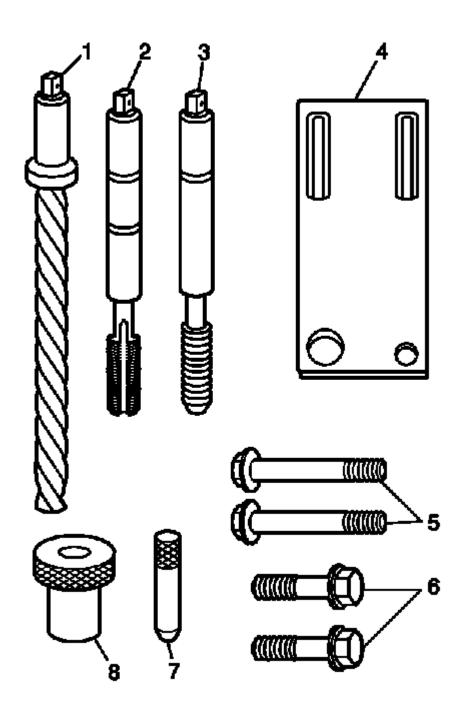


Fig. 445: Identifying Thread Repair Kit Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. The main cap bolt hole thread repair kit consists of the following items:
 - The drill (1)
 - The tap (2)
 - The installer (3)

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- The fixture plate (4)
- The long bolts (5)
- The short bolts (6)
- The alignment pin (7)
- The bushing (8)

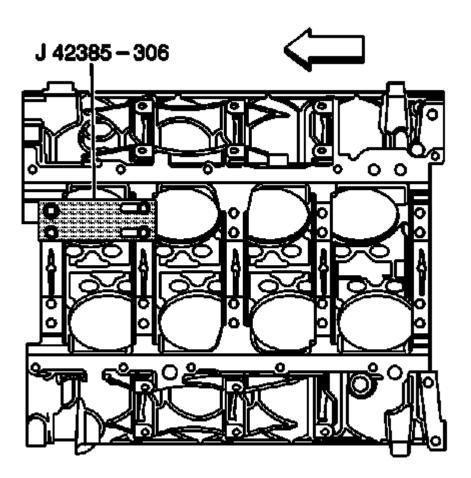


Fig. 446: View Of Fixture Plate, Bolt & Bushing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the fixture plate, bolt, and bushing onto the engine block.

Position the fixture plate and bushing over the hole that is to be repaired.

3. Position the alignment pin in the desired hole and tighten the fixture retaining bolts.

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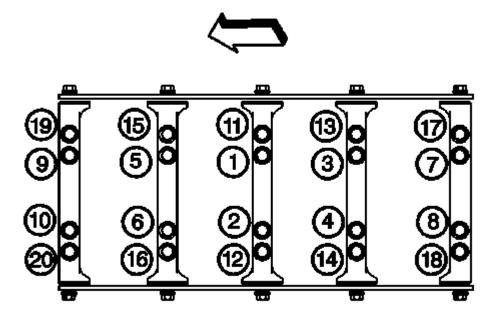


Fig. 447: Crankshaft Main Bearing Cap Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Drill out the damaged hole.

The outer bolt hole locations 11-20 have the shallower counterbores. Use sleeve J 42385-316 with the drill.

Drill until the stop collar of the drill bit or the sleeve contacts the bushing.

5. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.

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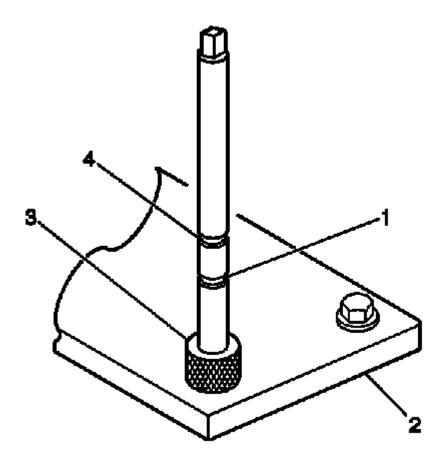


Fig. 448: View Of Tap Upper & Lower Marks, Fixture Plate & Bushing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Using a tap wrench, tap the threads of the drilled hole.

In order to tap the new threads to the proper depth, rotate the tap into the hole until the mark on the tap aligns with the top of the bushing.

For the deeper main cap holes 1-10, rotate the tap until the upper mark (4) on the tap aligns with the top of the bushing (3).

For the shallower main cap holes 11-20, rotate the tap until the lower mark (1) on the tap aligns with top of the bushing (3).

- 7. Using compressed air, clean out any chips.
- 8. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139 (Canadian P/N 10953463), or equivalent, into the hole.
- 9. Using compressed air, clean any cutting oil and chips out of the hole.

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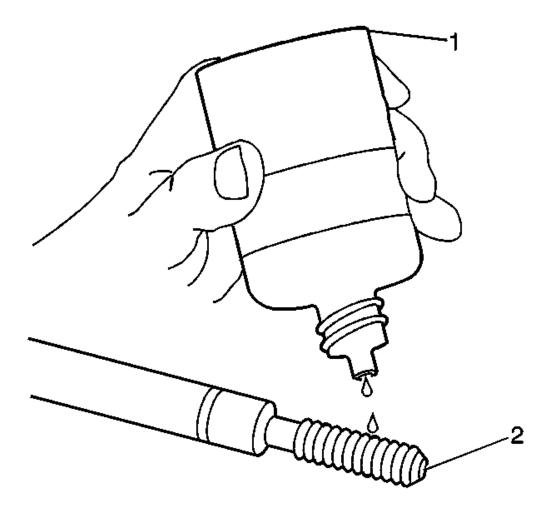


Fig. 449: Lubricating Installer Tool Using Driver Oil Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Do not allow oil or foreign material to contact the OD of the insert.

10. Lubricate the threads of the installer tool (2) with the driver oil (1).

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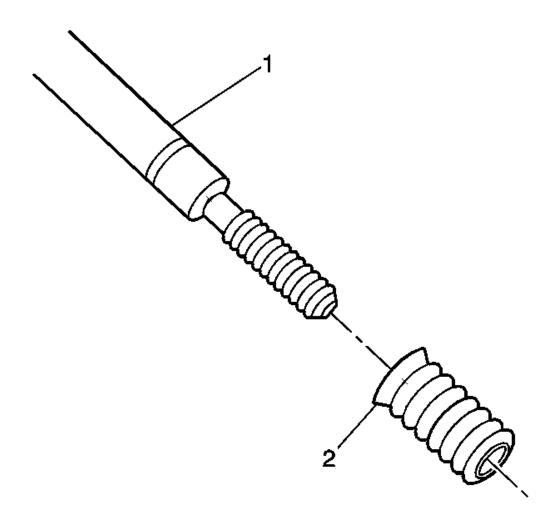


Fig. 450: View of Bushing Type Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

11. Install the insert (2) onto the driver tool (1).

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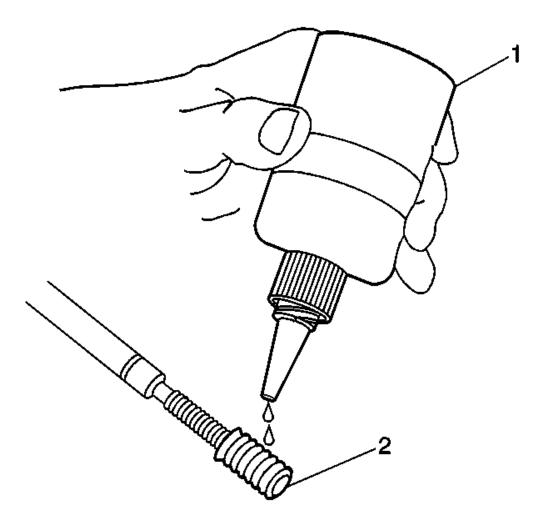


Fig. 451: Applying Threadlock To Insert Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

12. Apply threadlock LOCTITE[™] 277, J 42385-109 (1), or equivalent, to the insert OD threads (2).

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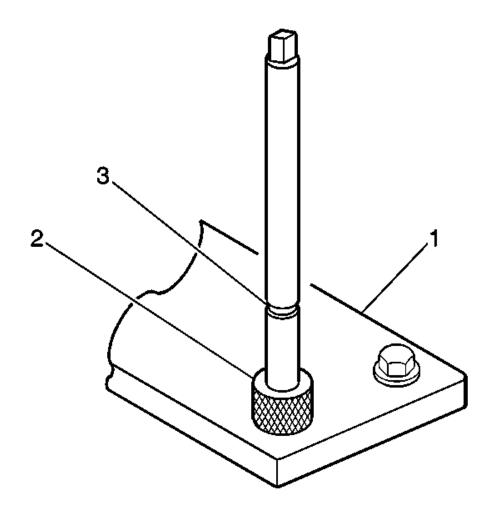


Fig. 452: View Of Fixture Plate, Drill Bushing & Tool Marking Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The fixture plate and bushing remains installed onto the engine block during the insert installation procedure.

13. Install the insert and driver (1) through the fixture plate and bushing and into the hole.

Rotate the driver tool until the mark on the tool (3) aligns with the top of the bushing (2).

The installer tool will tighten up before screwing completely through the insert. This is acceptable. You are forming the bottom threads of the insert and mechanically locking the insert to the base material threads.

Service Prior to Assembly

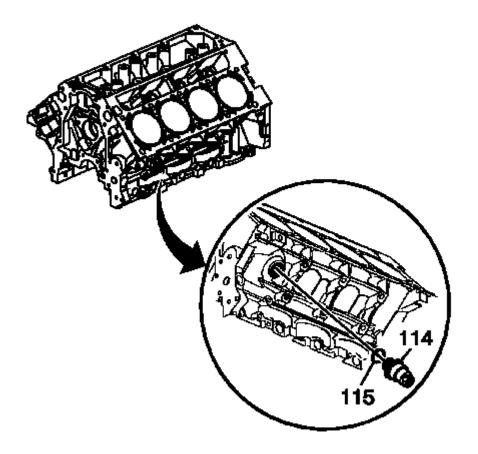
• Dirt or debris will cause premature wear of the rebuilt engine. Clean all components. Refer to <u>Cleanliness</u> <u>and Care</u>.

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- Use the proper tools to measure components when inspecting for excessive wear. Components that are not within the manufacturers specifications must be repaired or replaced.
- When the components are installed into an engine, return the components to their original location, position and direction. Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.
- During assembly, lubricate all moving parts with clean engine oil. This provides initial lubrication when the engine is first started.

Engine Block Plug Installation



<u>Fig. 453: Engine Block Coolant Heater</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Engine block plug, oil gallery, and coolant sealing washers may be used again if not bent, scored or otherwise damaged.

1. Apply a 3.175 mm (0.125 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) to the engine block coolant heater sealing washer (115), if applicable. Refer to <u>Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants</u>.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice.

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2. Install the engine block coolant heater (114) to the engine block.

Tighten: Tighten the block coolant heater to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

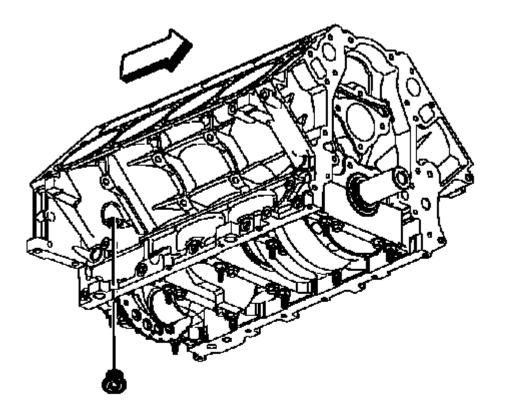


Fig. 454: Identifying Plug Location On Underside Of Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Apply a 3.175 mm (0.125 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) to the engine block right rear coolant drain hole plug sealing washer.
- 4. Install the engine block right rear coolant drain hole plug.

Tighten: Tighten the block right rear coolant drain hole plug to 60 N.m (44 lb ft).

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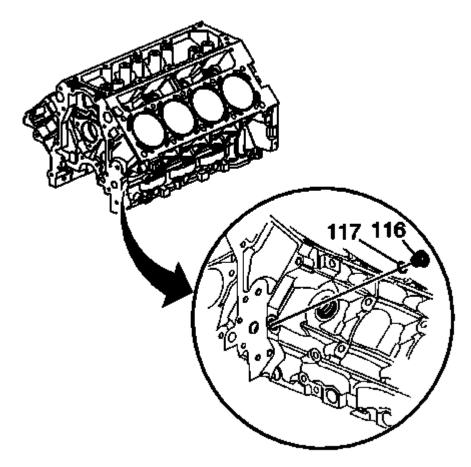


Fig. 455: Engine Block Left Front Oil Gallery Plug & Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Apply a 3.175 mm (0.125 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) to the engine block left front oil gallery plug sealing washer (117).
- 6. Install the engine block left front oil gallery plug (116).

Tighten: Tighten the block left front oil gallery plug to 60 N.m (44 lb ft).

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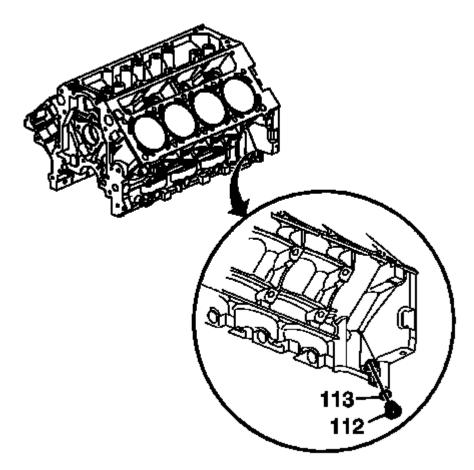


Fig. 456: Engine Block Left Rear Oil Gallery Plug & Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Apply a 3.175 mm (0.125 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480) to the engine block left rear oil gallery plug sealing washer (113).
- 8. Install the engine block left rear oil gallery plug (112).

Tighten: Tighten the block left rear oil gallery plug to 60 N.m (44 lb ft).

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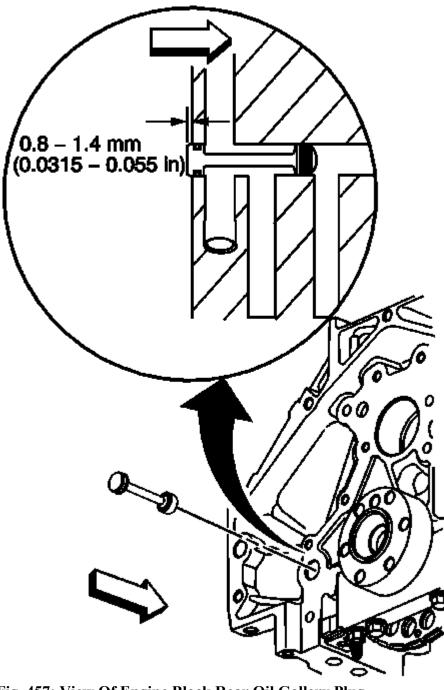


Fig. 457: View Of Engine Block Rear Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 9. Inspect the engine block rear oil gallery plug and O-ring seal. If the O-ring seal on the plug is not cut or damaged, the rear oil gallery plug may be used again.
- 10. Lubricate the O-ring seal with clean engine oil.
- 11. Install the O-ring seal onto the plug.
- 12. Install the engine block rear oil gallery plug into the oil gallery bore. A properly installed block plug will protrude 0.8-1.4 mm (0.0315-0.055 in) beyond the rear face of the block.

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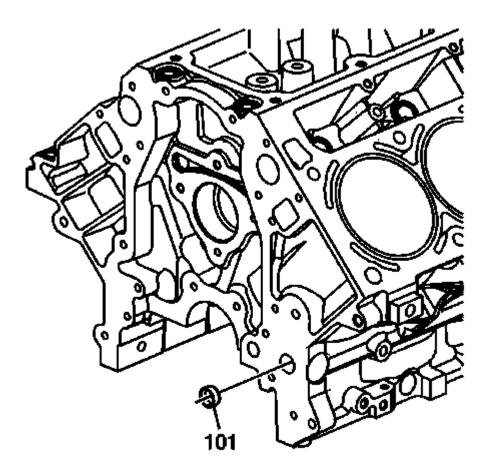


Fig. 458: Front Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

13. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489) to the sides of the NEW front oil gallery plug (101).

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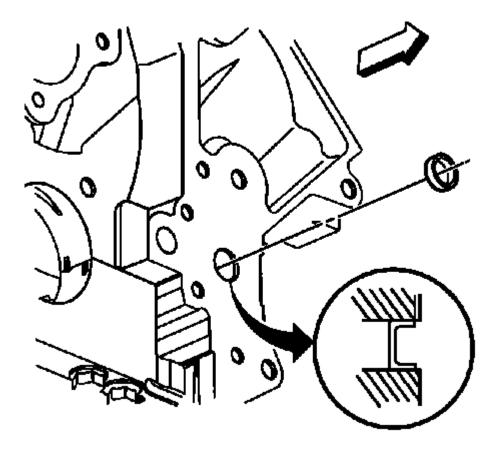


Fig. 459: View Of Engine Block Front Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

14. Install a NEW engine block front oil gallery plug. Install the plug into the oil gallery bore 2.2-2.8 mm (0.0086-0.011 in) below flush.

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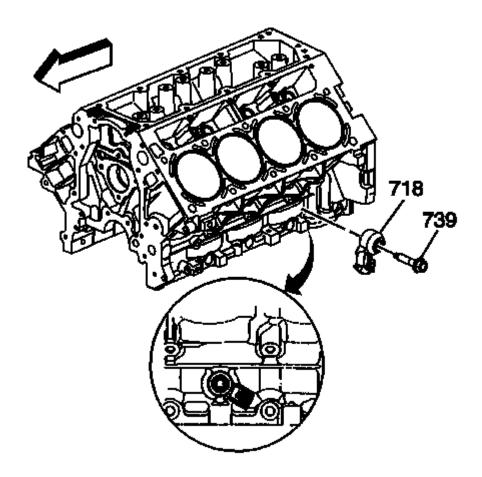


Fig. 460: Left Side Knock Sensor & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

15. Install the left side knock sensor (718) and bolt (739).

Tighten: Tighten the bolt to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

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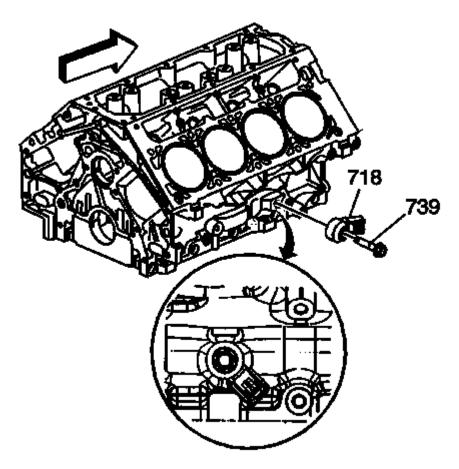


Fig. 461: Right Side Knock Sensor & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

16. Install the right side knock sensor (718) and bolt (739).

Tighten: Tighten the bolt to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

Crankshaft and Bearings Installation

Tools Required

J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.

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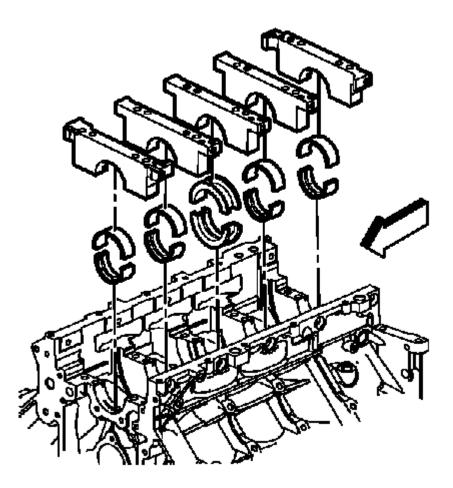


Fig. 462: View Of Crankshaft Bearings & Bearing Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT:

- Crankshaft bearing clearances are critical. Excessive crankshaft bearing clearance may effect crankshaft position sensor signals and/or on-board diagnostics (OBD) II system performance.
 - Crankshaft bearing caps must be installed to the proper location and direction.
 - When installing the crankshaft bearings, align the locating tabs on the bearings with the locating notches in the engine block journal bore and the bearing cap.
 - Always install crankshaft bearings with their machined partner. Do not file bearings or mix bearing halves.
 - To prevent engine block oil leakage, install NEW M8 crankshaft bearing cap side bolts.

The crankshaft bearing cap M8 side bolts have a pre-applied sealant patch applied to the bolt flange.

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- 1. Install the crankshaft bearings to the engine block and bearing caps. The thrust bearings are to be installed into center journal.
- 2. Lubricate the bearing surfaces and crankshaft journals with clean engine oil.

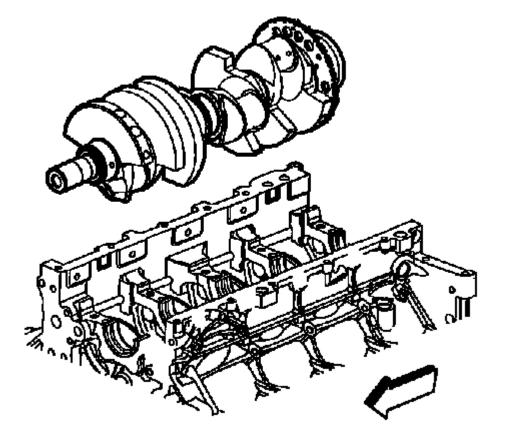


Fig. 463: View Of Crankshaft & Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- NOTE: To maintain proper crankshaft end play, use extreme care during crankshaft installation. Avoid scoring or damaging the thrust bearing.
- 3. Install the crankshaft.

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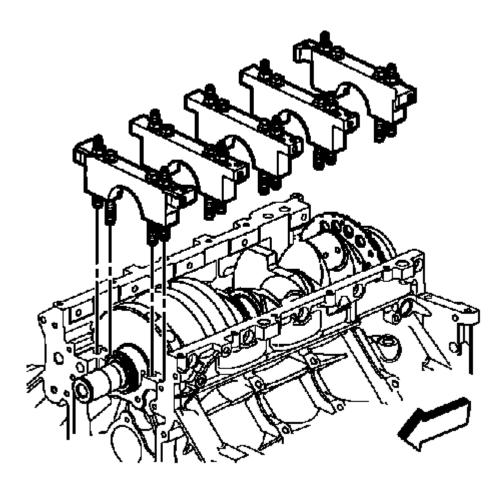


Fig. 464: View Of Crankshaft Main Bearing Caps Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The bearing caps must be installed in the proper location and direction.

4. Install the crankshaft bearing caps, with bearings, into the engine block.

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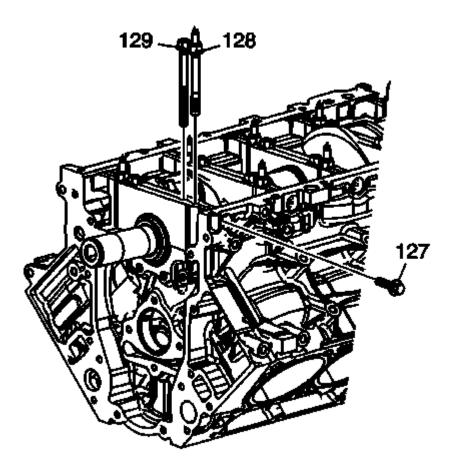


Fig. 465: Bearing Cap Bolts & Studs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Install the M10 bolts (129) and M10 studs (128).
- 6. Tap the bearing caps into place with a plastic-face hammer.
- 7. Install the NEW M8 bearing cap side bolts (127).

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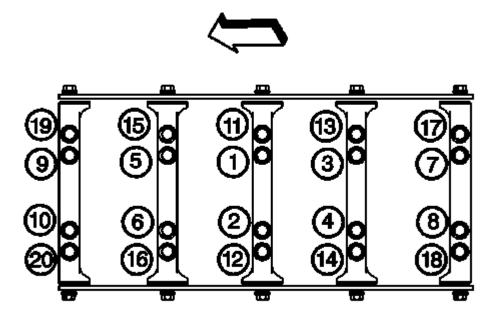


Fig. 466: Crankshaft Main Bearing Cap Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

8. Tighten the bearing cap M10 bolts (1-10).

Tighten: Tighten the M10 bearing cap bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).

IMPORTANT: To properly align the crankshaft thrust bearings, the final thrust of the crankshaft MUST be in the forward direction.

9. Using a plastic-face hammer, tap the crankshaft rearward, then forward to align the thrust bearings.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the M10 bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence 80 degrees using the J 45059 . See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 2. Tighten the M10 studs (11-20) a first pass in sequence to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).
- 3. Tighten the M10 studs (11-20) a final pass in sequence 51 degrees using the **J 45059**. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 4. Tighten the bearing cap M8 bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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Tighten the bolt on one side of the bearing cap and then tighten the bolt on the opposite side of the same bearing cap.

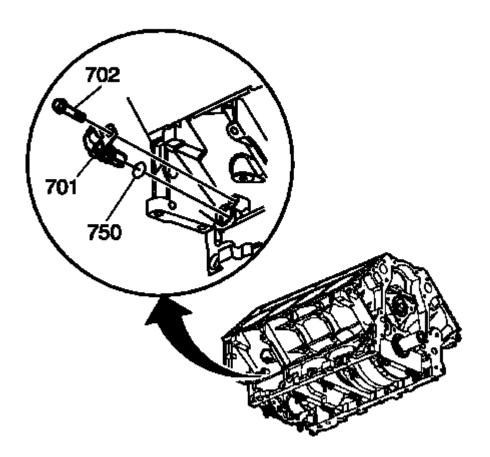


Fig. 467: CKP Sensor, Bolt & O-Ring Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Install the crankshaft position (CKP) sensor.
 - 1. Inspect the CKP sensor O-ring seal (750). If the O-ring seal is not cut or damaged, it may be used.
 - 2. Coat the O-ring seal with clean engine oil.
 - 3. Install the O-ring onto the sensor.
 - 4. Install the sensor (701). Rotate the sensor until the locating hole in the bracket aligns with the bolt hole in the block.
 - 5. Install the sensor bolt (702).

Tighten: Tighten the CKP sensor bolt to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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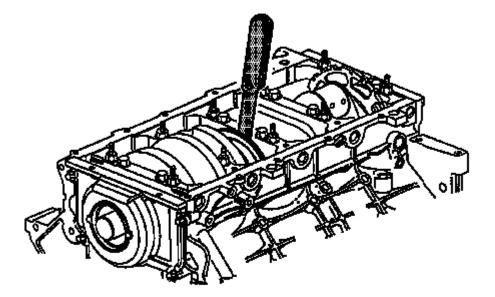


Fig. 468: Measuring Crankshaft End Play Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 11. Measure the crankshaft end play.
 - 1. Thrust the crankshaft forward or rearward.
 - 2. Insert a feeler gage between the center crankshaft bearing and the bearing surface of the crankshaft and measure the bearing clearance.

The proper crankshaft end play clearance is 0.04-0.2 mm (0.0015-0.0078 in).

3. If the bearing clearance is not within specifications, inspect the thrust surfaces for nicks, gouges or raised metal. Minor imperfections may be removed with a fine stone.

Piston, Connecting Rod, and Bearing Installation

Tools Required

- J 8037 Ring Compressor. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 8087 Cylinder Bore Gage. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41556 Connecting Rod Guide. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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• J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.

Piston Selection

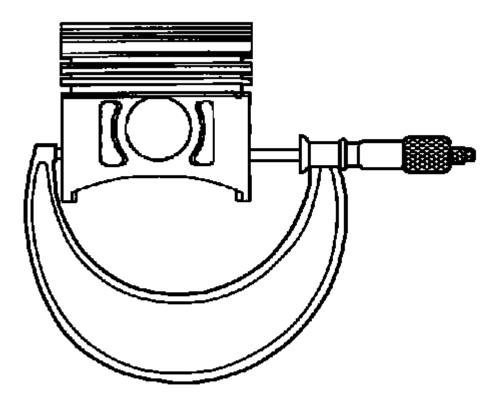


Fig. 469: Measuring Piston Outside Diameter Using Micrometer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Measurements of all components should be taken with the components at normal room temperature. For proper piston fit, the engine block cylinder bores must not have excessive wear or taper. A used piston, pin, and connecting rod assembly may be installed if, after inspection is within specifications.
- 1. With a micrometer at a right angle, measure the piston outside diameter (OD). Measure the diameter 43 mm (1.69 in) from the top of the piston. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.
- 2. Record the piston OD.

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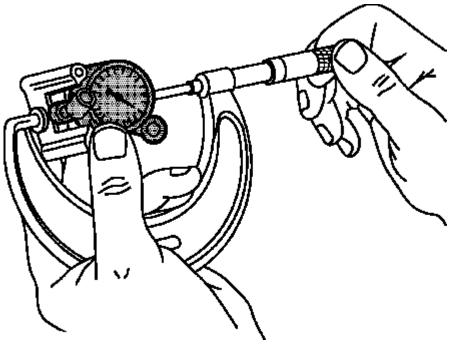


Fig. 470: Measuring Bore Gauge With Micrometer Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Adjust the micrometer to the recorded piston OD.
- 4. Insert the J 8087 into the micrometer and zero the gage dial. See Special Tools.

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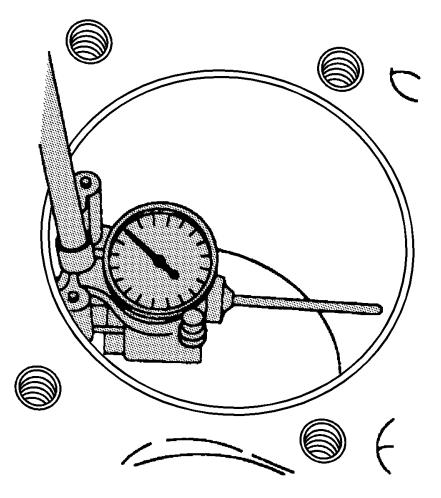


Fig. 471: Measuring Cylinder Bore Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Using the **J 8087**, measure the cylinder bore inside diameter (ID). See <u>Special Tools</u>. Measure at a point 64 mm (2.5 in) from the top of the cylinder.
- 6. Record the cylinder bore ID.
- 7. Subtract the piston OD from the cylinder bore ID to determine the piston-to-bore clearance. Refer to **Engine Mechanical Specifications**.
- 8. If the proper clearance cannot be obtained, select another piston, pin, and connecting rod assembly and again measure the clearances. If the proper fit cannot be obtained, the cylinder bore may require honing for an oversize piston.

Piston, Pin, and Connecting Rod Installation

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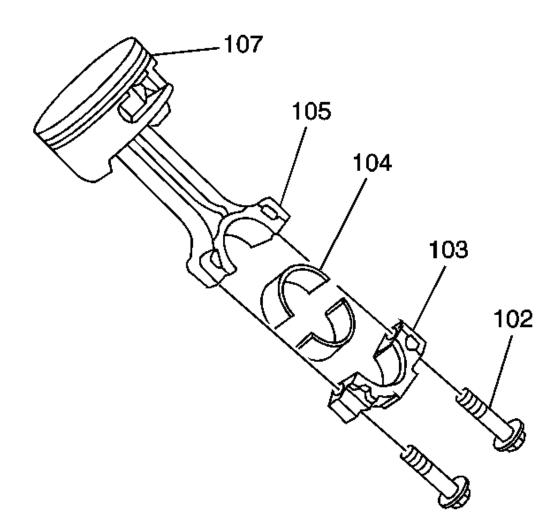


Fig. 472: Identifying Piston & Connecting Rod Components Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Lightly lubricate the following components with clean engine oil:
 - Piston (107)
 - Piston rings
 - Cylinder bore
 - Bearings (104) and bearing surfaces
- 2. Position the oil control ring end gaps a minimum of 25 mm (1.0 in) from each other.
- 3. Position the compression ring end gaps 180 degrees opposite each other.

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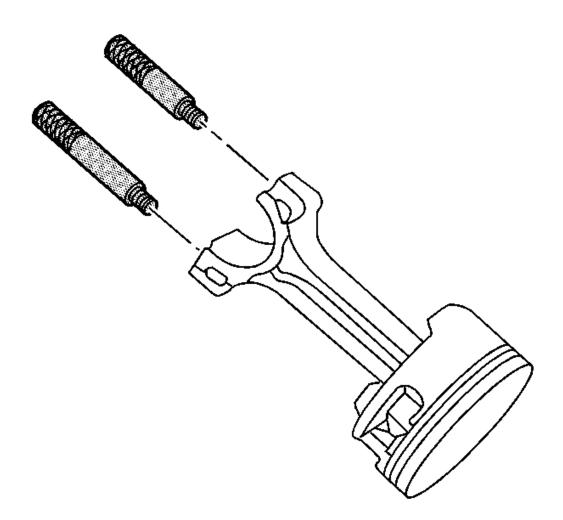
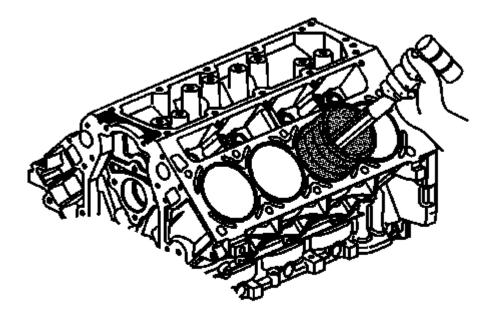


Fig. 473: View Of J 41556 & Connecting Rod Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the J 41556 to the connecting rod. See Special Tools.

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<u>Fig. 474: Installing Piston</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the J 8037 onto the piston and compress the piston rings. See Special Tools.

IMPORTANT: The piston alignment mark MUST face the front of the engine block.

6. Install the piston, pin, and connecting rod assembly into the cylinder bore. Hold the piston ring compressor firmly against the engine block. Using a wooden hammer handle, lightly tap the top of the piston until all the piston rings have entered the cylinder bore.

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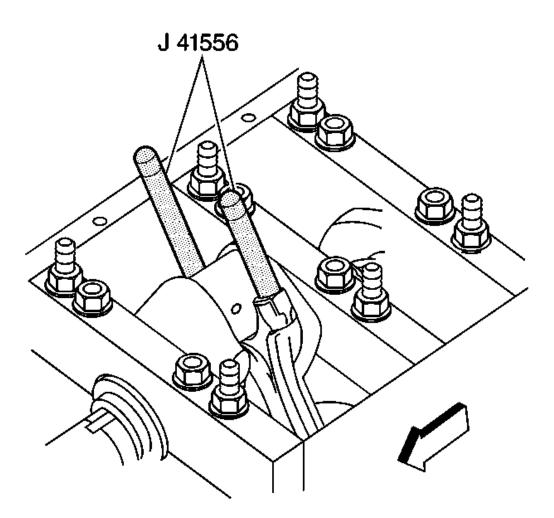


Fig. 475: View Of J 41556 & Connecting Rod Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Use the J 41556 to guide the connecting rod onto the crankshaft journal. See Special Tools.
- 8. Remove the J 41556 from the connecting rod. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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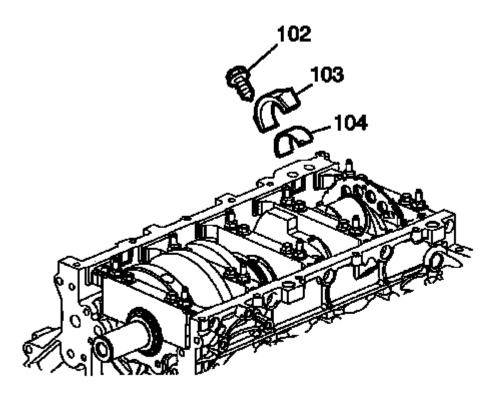


Fig. 476: Connecting Rod Bolt, Cap & Bearing Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: The connecting rod and cap must be assembled with the mating surfaces properly aligned.

9. Install the bearing cap (103), bearing half (104), and bolts (102).

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the bolts a first pass to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the bolts a final pass to 75 degrees using the J 45059 . See Special Tools.

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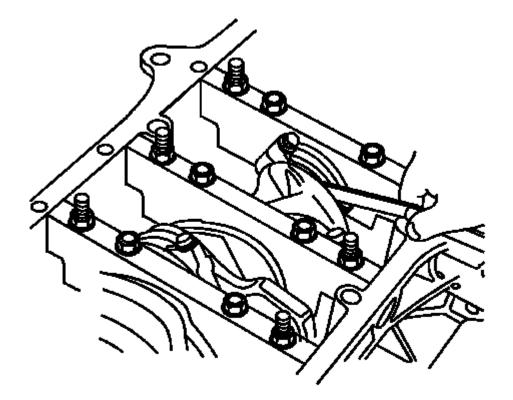
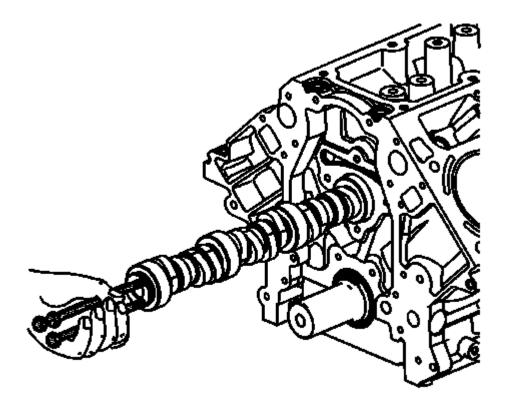


Fig. 477: Measuring Connecting Rod Side Clearance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

10. Measure the connecting rods for the proper side clearance. Refer to Engine Mechanical Specifications.

Camshaft Installation

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<u>Fig. 478: Camshaft Installation</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: If camshaft replacement is required, the valve lifters must also be replaced.

- 1. Lubricate the camshaft journals and the bearings with clean engine oil.
- 2. Install 3 M8 1.25 x 100 mm (M8 1.25 x 4.0 in) bolts into the camshaft front bolt holes.

NOTE: All camshaft journals are the same diameter, so care must be used in removing or installing the camshaft to avoid damage to the camshaft bearings.

- 3. Using the bolts as a handle, carefully install the camshaft into the engine block.
- 4. Remove the 3 bolts from the front of the camshaft.

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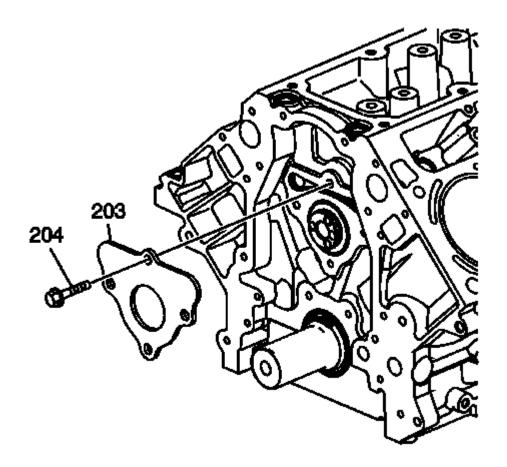
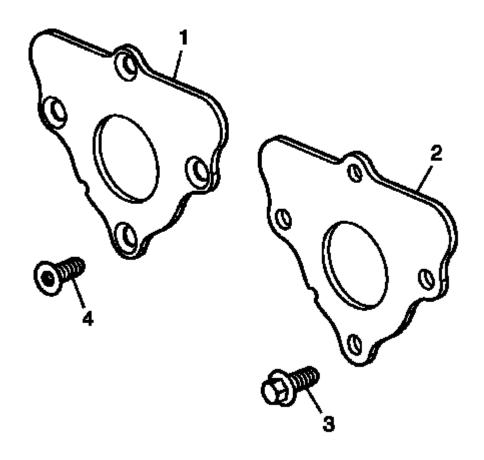


Fig. 479: Camshaft Retainer & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The gasket surface on the engine block should be clean and free of dirt or debris.

5. Install the camshaft retainer (203) and the bolts (204). Install the retainer with the sealing gasket facing the front of the engine block.

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<u>Fig. 480: Camshaft Retainer & Bolt</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice .

6. Tighten the camshaft retainer bolts.

Tighten:

- Tighten the first design hex head bolts (3) to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- Tighten the second design TORX® head bolts (4) to 15 N.m (11 lb ft).

Timing Chain and Sprockets Installation

Tools Required

- J 41478 Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41665 Crankshaft Balancer and Sprocket Installer. See Special Tools.

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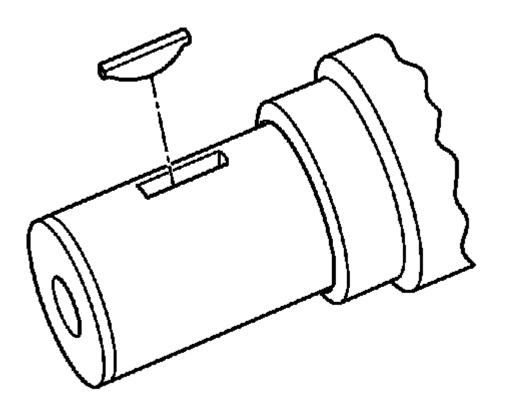


Fig. 481: View Of Crankshaft Key & Keyway Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install the key into the crankshaft keyway, if previously removed.

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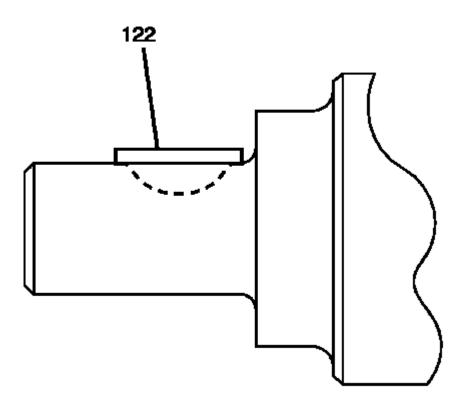
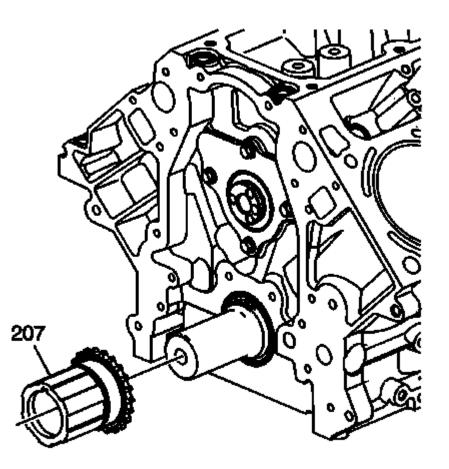


Fig. 482: View Of Installed Crankshaft Key Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Tap the key (122) into the keyway until both ends of the key bottom onto the crankshaft.

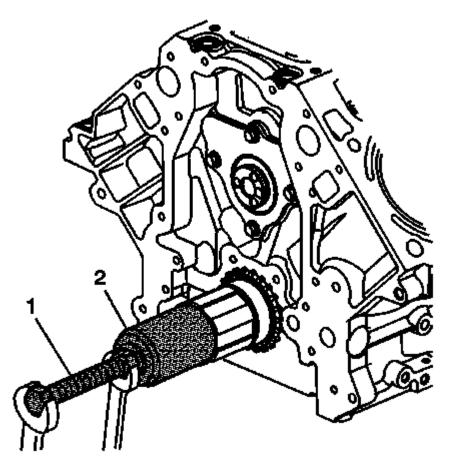
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<u>Fig. 483: Crankshaft Sprocket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the crankshaft sprocket (207) onto the front of the crankshaft. Align the crankshaft key with the crankshaft sprocket keyway.

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<u>Fig. 484: Installing Crankshaft Sprocket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- Use the J 41478 (1) and the J 41665 (2) in order to install the crankshaft sprocket. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
 Install the sprocket onto the crankshaft until fully seated against the crankshaft flange.
- 5. Rotate the crankshaft sprocket until the alignment mark is in the 12 o'clock position.

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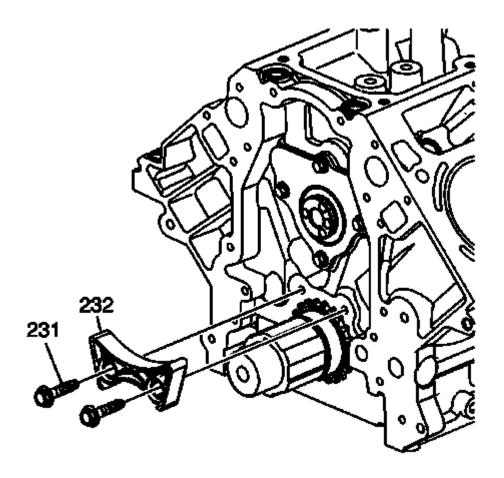


Fig. 485: Timing Chain Dampener & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

6. Install the timing chain dampener (232) and bolts (231).

Tighten: Tighten the timing chain dampener bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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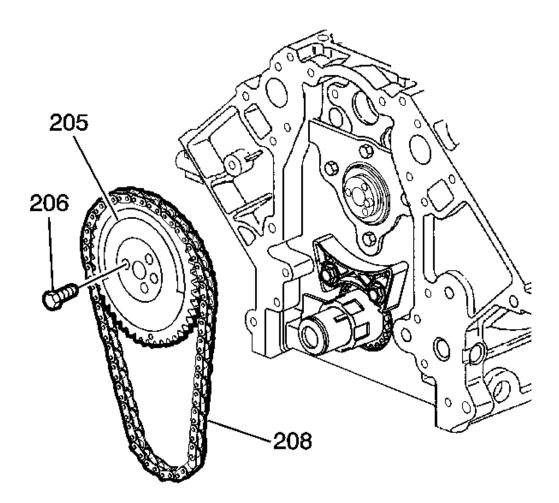


Fig. 486: View Of Camshaft Sprocket, Bolts & Timing Chain Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Properly locate the camshaft sprocket onto the locating pin of the camshaft.
 - The sprocket teeth and timing chain must mesh.
 - The camshaft and the crankshaft sprocket alignment marks MUST be aligned properly.

Position the camshaft sprocket alignment mark in the 6 o'clock position.

7. Install the camshaft sprocket (205) and timing chain (208). If necessary, rotate the camshaft or crankshaft sprockets in order to align the timing marks.

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8. Install the camshaft sprocket bolts (206).

Tighten: Tighten the camshaft sprocket bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

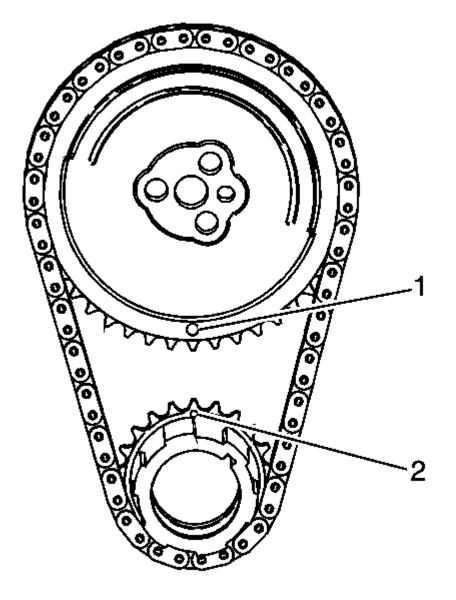


Fig. 487: View Of Camshaft And Crankshaft Timing Marks Aligned Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Inspect for proper alignment of the camshaft and crankshaft sprocket timing marks (1, 2).

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Oil Pump, Screen and Crankshaft Oil Deflector Installation

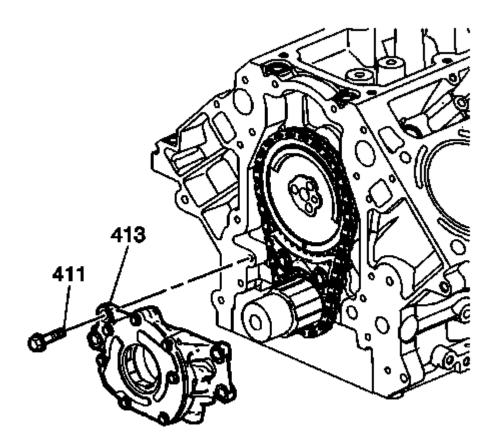


Fig. 488: Removing/Installing Oil Pump Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Inspect the oil pump and engine block oil gallery passages. These surfaces must be clear and free of debris or restrictions.

- 1. Align the splined surfaces of the crankshaft sprocket and the oil pump drive gear and install the oil pump (413).
- 2. Install the oil pump onto the crankshaft sprocket until the pump housing contacts the face of the engine block.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the oil pump bolts (411).

Tighten: Tighten the oil pump bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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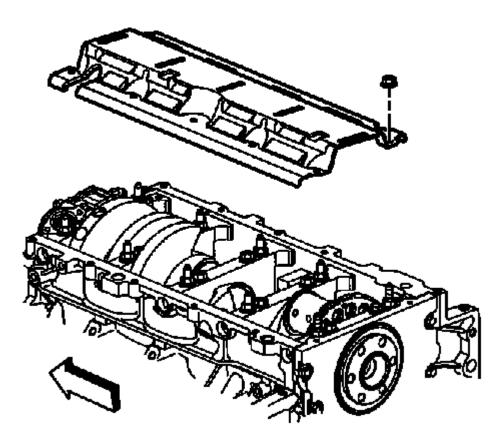


Fig. 489: View Of Crankshaft Oil Deflector Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the crankshaft oil deflector.

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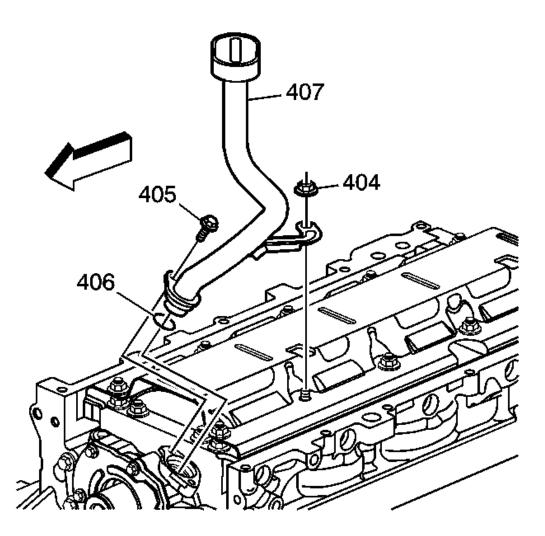


Fig. 490: View Of Oil Pump Screen, Bolt, Nuts & O-Ring Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Lubricate a NEW oil pump screen O-ring seal (406) with clean engine oil.
- 6. Install the NEW O-ring seal onto the oil pump screen.

IMPORTANT: • Push the oil pump screen tube completely into the oil pump prior to tightening the bolt. Do not allow the bolt to pull the tube into the pump.

- Align the oil pump screen mounting brackets with the correct crankshaft bearing cap bolt/studs.
- 7. Install the oil pump screen (407).

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8. Install the oil pump screen bolt (405) and the deflector nut (404).

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pump screen bolt to 12 N.m (106 lb in).
- 2. Tighten the crankshaft oil deflector nut to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Housing Installation

Tools Required

- J 41476 Front and Rear Cover Alignment Tool. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41480 Front and Rear Cover Alignment. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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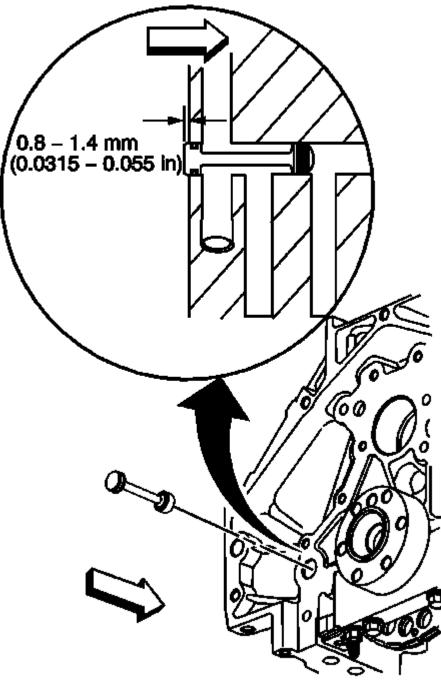


Fig. 491: View Of Engine Block Rear Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not use the crankshaft rear oil seal or the engine rear housing gasket again.

- Do not apply any type of sealant to the rear housing gasket, unless specified.
- The special tools in this procedure are used to properly align the

engine rear housing at the oil pan surface and to center the crankshaft rear oil seal.

- The crankshaft rear oil seal will be installed after the rear housing has been installed and aligned. Install the rear housing without the crankshaft oil seal.
 - The crankshaft rear oil seal MUST be centered in relation to the crankshaft.
 - The oil pan sealing surface at the rear housing, and the engine block, MUST be aligned within specifications.
 - An improperly aligned rear housing may cause premature rear oil seal wear and/or engine assembly oil leaks.
- 1. Inspect the rear oil gallery plug for proper installation.

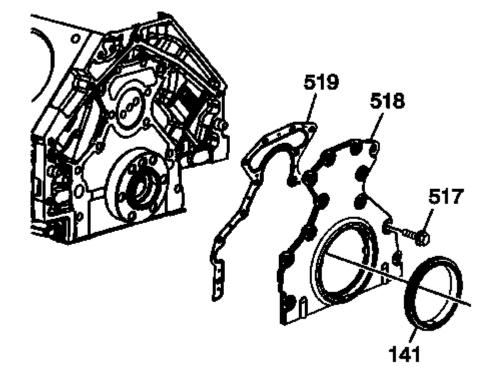


Fig. 492: Removing The Rear Oil Seal Housing Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the rear housing gasket (519), rear housing (518), and bolts (517).
- 3. Tighten the bolts finger tight. Do not overtighten.

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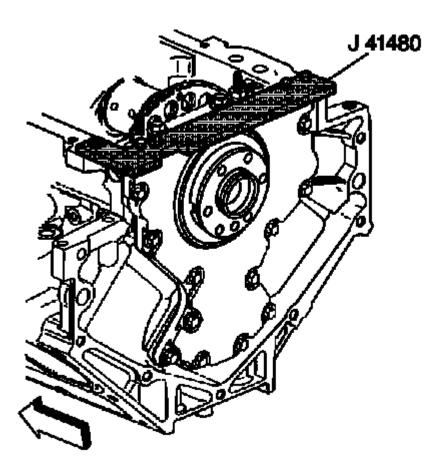


Fig. 493: View Of J 41480 Installed To Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice .

IMPORTANT: Start the J 41480 tool-to-rear housing bolts. See <u>Special Tools</u>. Do not tighten the bolts at this time.

4. Install the J 41480 and bolts. See Special Tools.

Tighten: Tighten the tool-to-engine block bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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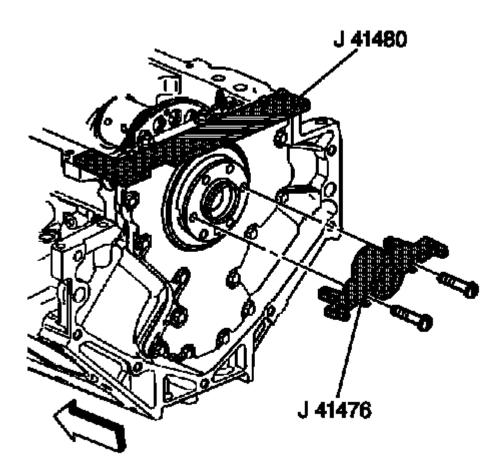


Fig. 494: View Of J 41480 & J 41476 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: To properly align the rear housing, the J 41476 must be installed onto the rear of the crankshaft with the tool mounting bolts parallel to the oil pan surface. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

5. Rotate the crankshaft until 2 opposing flywheel bolt holes are parallel to the oil pan surface.

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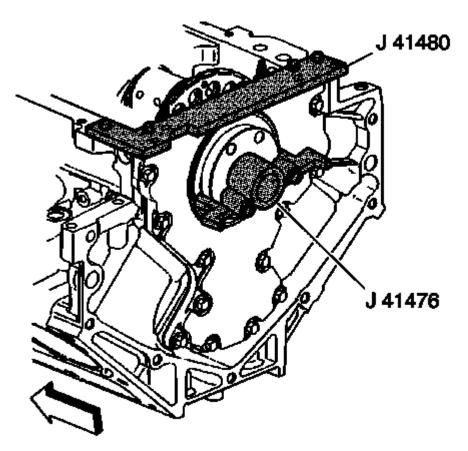


Fig. 495: View Of J 41480 & J 41476 Installed Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The tapered legs of the alignment tool must enter the rear housing oil seal bore.

6. Install the J 41476 and bolts onto the rear of the crankshaft. See Special Tools.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the tool mounting bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.
- 2. Tighten the J 41480 tool-to-rear housing bolts evenly to 12 N. See <u>Special Tools</u>.m (106 lb in).
- 3. Tighten the rear housing bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 7. Remove the tools.

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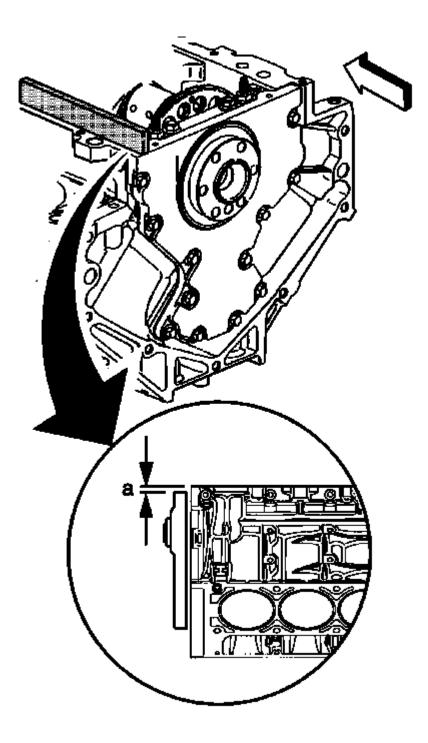


Fig. 496: Checking Rear Cover-To-Engine Block Proper Installation Position Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Measure the rear housing-to-engine block oil pan surface for flatness.
 - 1. Place a straight edge onto the engine block and rear housing oil pan sealing surfaces.

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Avoid contact with the portion of the gasket that protrudes into the oil pan surface.

- 2. Insert a feeler gage between the rear housing and the straight edge. The housing must be flush with the oil pan or no greater than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) below flush.
- 9. If the rear housing-to-engine block oil pan surface alignment is not within specifications, repeat the housing alignment procedure.
- 10. If the correct rear housing-to-engine block alignment at the oil pan surface cannot be obtained, replace the rear housing.

Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installation

Tools Required

J 41479 Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Installer. See Special Tools.

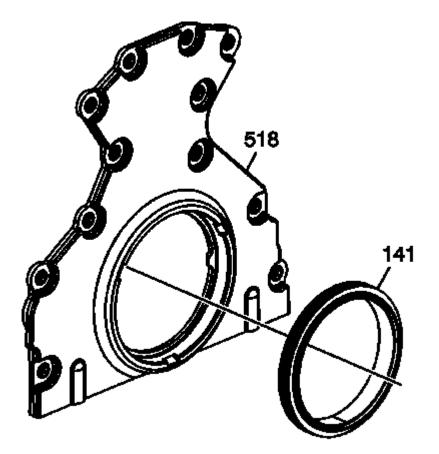


Fig. 497: Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: Do not lubricate the oil seal inside diameter (ID) or the crankshaft surface.
 - Do not use the crankshaft rear oil seal again.

1. Lubricate the outside diameter (OD) of the oil seal (141) with clean engine oil.

DO NOT allow oil or other lubricants to contact the seal surface.

2. Lubricate the rear housing oil seal bore with clean engine oil.

DO NOT allow oil or other lubricants to contact the crankshaft surface.

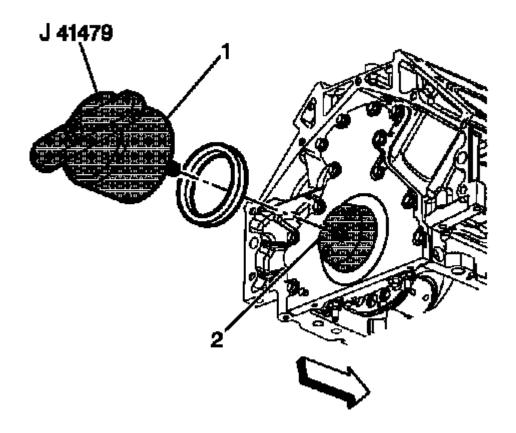


Fig. 498: Installing Crankshaft Rear Oil Seal Using J 41479 Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the J 41479 cone (2) and bolts onto the rear of the crankshaft. See Special Tools.
- 4. Tighten the bolts until snug. Do not overtighten.
- 5. Install the rear oil seal onto the tapered cone (2) and push the seal to the rear housing bore.
- 6. Thread the **J 41479** threaded rod into the tapered cone until the tool (1) contacts the oil seal. See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 7. Align the oil seal onto the tool (1).
- 8. Rotate the handle of the tool (1) clockwise until the seal enters the rear housing and bottoms into the housing bore.

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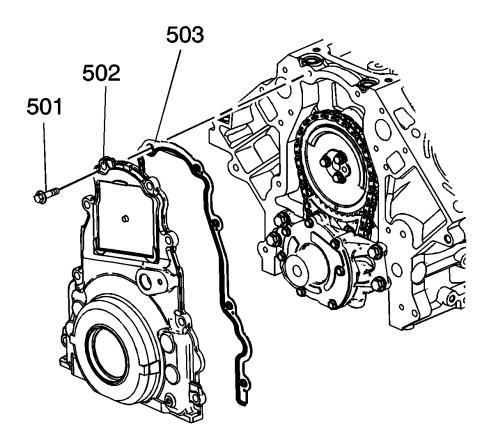
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9. Remove the tool.

Engine Front Cover Installation

Tools Required

- J 41476 Front and Rear Cover Alignment Tool. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41480 Front and Rear Cover Alignment. See Special Tools.



<u>Fig. 499: Front Cover, Gasket & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not use the crankshaft oil seal or the engine front cover gasket again.

- Do not apply any type of sealant to the front cover gasket, unless specified.
- The special tools in this procedure are used to properly align the

engine front cover at the oil pan surface and to center the crankshaft front oil seal.

 All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.

The crankshaft front oil seal MUST be centered in relation to the crankshaft.

- The oil pan sealing surface at the front cover and engine block MUST be aligned within specifications.
- An improperly aligned front cover may cause premature front oil seal wear and/or engine assembly oil leaks.
- 1. Install the front cover gasket (503), front cover (502), and bolts (501).
- 2. Tighten the cover bolts finger tight. Do not overtighten.

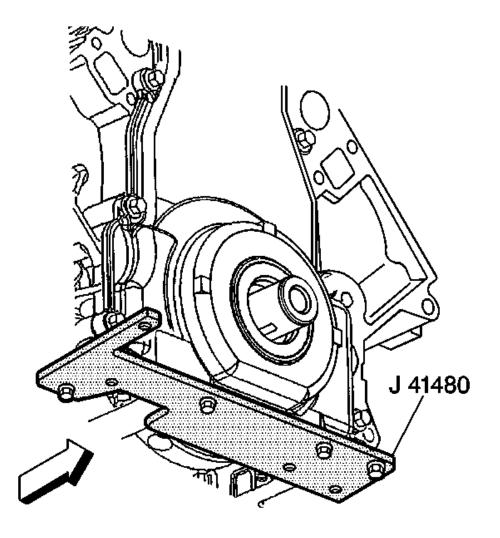


Fig. 500: View Of J 41480 Installed On Engine Block

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Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: Start the tool-to-front cover bolts. Do not tighten the bolts at this time.

3. Install the J 41480 . See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Tighten: Tighten the tool-to-engine block bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

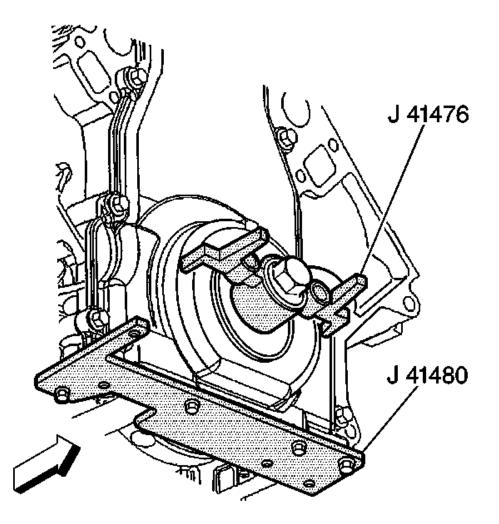


Fig. 501: View Of J 41476 & J 41480 Installed On Engine Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Align the tapered legs of the tool with the machined alignment surfaces on the front cover.

4. Install the J 41476 . See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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5. Install the crankshaft balancer bolt.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt by hand until snug. Do not overtighten.
- 2. Tighten the J 41480 . See Special Tools.
- 3. Tighten the engine front cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 6. Remove the tools.

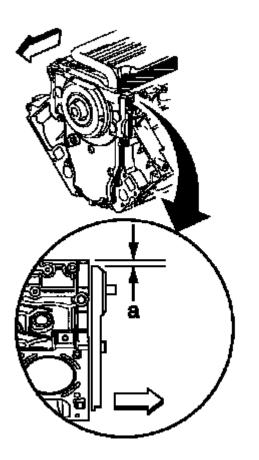


Fig. 502: Measuring Oil Pan Surface Flatness & Front Cover-To-Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Measure the oil pan surface flatness, front cover-to-engine block.
 - 1. Place a straight edge across the engine block and front cover oil pan sealing surfaces.

Avoid contact with the portion of the gasket that protrudes into the oil pan surface.

2. Insert a feeler gage between the front cover and the straight edge tool. The cover must be flush with the oil pan surface, or no greater than 0.5 mm (0.02 in) (a) below flush.

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- 8. If the front cover-to-engine block oil pan surface alignment is not within specifications, repeat the cover alignment procedure.
- 9. If the correct front cover-to-engine block alignment cannot be obtained, replace the front cover.

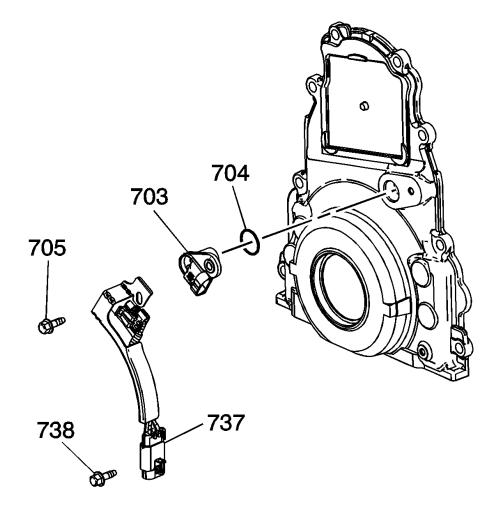


Fig. 503: O-Ring Seal, Sensor, Wire Harness & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 10. Inspect the camshaft position (CMP) sensor O-ring seal (704) for cuts or damage. If the seal is not cut or damaged, it may be used again.
- 11. Lubricate the O-ring seal with clean engine oil.
- 12. Install the O-ring seal onto the sensor (703).
- 13. Install the sensor to the cover.
- 14. Install the CMP sensor wire harness (737) and bolts (705, 738).

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

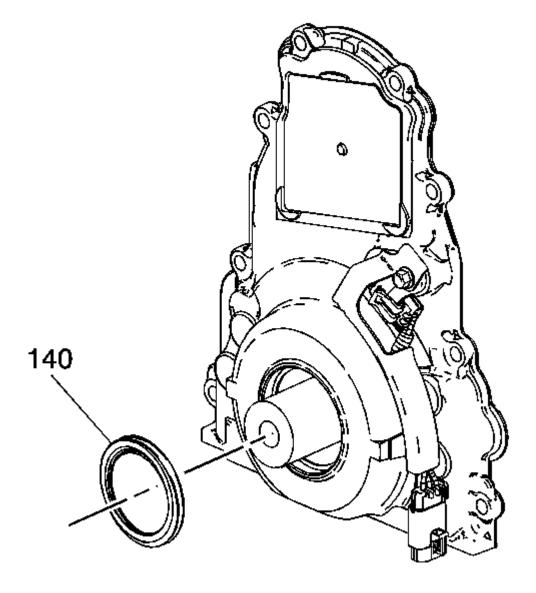
Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installation

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Tools Required

J 41478 Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer. See Special Tools.



<u>Fig. 504: Crankshaft Front Oil Seal</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • Do not lubricate the oil seal sealing surface.

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• Do not use the crankshaft front oil seal again.

- 1. Lubricate the outer edge of the oil seal (140) with clean engine oil.
- 2. Lubricate the front cover oil seal bore with clean engine oil.

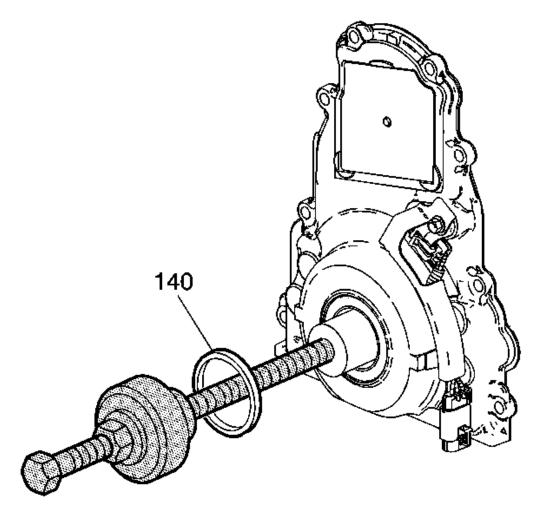


Fig. 505: Installing Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Install the crankshaft front oil seal (140) onto the J 41478. See Special Tools.
- 4. Install the **J** 41478 threaded rod, with nut, washer, guide, and oil seal, into the end of the crankshaft. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 5. Use the J 41478 in order to install the oil seal into the cover bore. See Special Tools.

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- 1. Use a wrench and hold the hex on the installer bolt.
- 2. Use a second wrench and rotate the installer nut clockwise until the seal bottoms in the cover bore.
- 3. Remove the tool.
- 4. Inspect the oil seal for proper installation. The oil seal should be installed evenly and completely into the front cover bore.

Oil Pan Installation

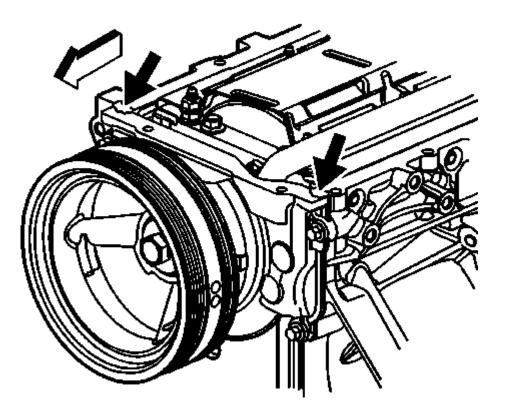


Fig. 506: View Of Sealant On Engine Front Cover Gasket Tabs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • The alignment of the structural oil pan is critical. The rear bolt hole locations of the oil pan provide mounting points for the transmission housing. To ensure the rigidity of the powertrain and correct transmission alignment, it is important that the rear of the block and the rear of the oil pan are flush, or even. The rear of the oil pan must NEVER protrude beyond the engine block and transmission housing plane.

- Do not use the oil pan gasket again.
- It is not necessary to rivet the NEW gasket to the oil pan.

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- 1. Install the oil transfer tube, baffle and other internal components, as required. Refer to <u>Oil Pan Cleaning</u> <u>and Inspection</u>.
- 2. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12378190, or equivalent, 20 mm (0.8 in) long to the engine block. Apply the sealant directly onto the tabs of the front cover gasket that protrude into the oil pan surface. Refer to <u>Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants</u>.

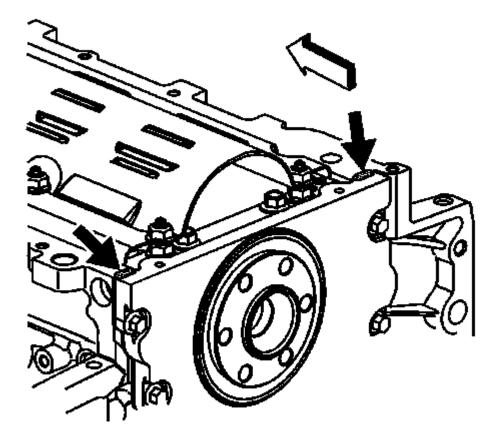
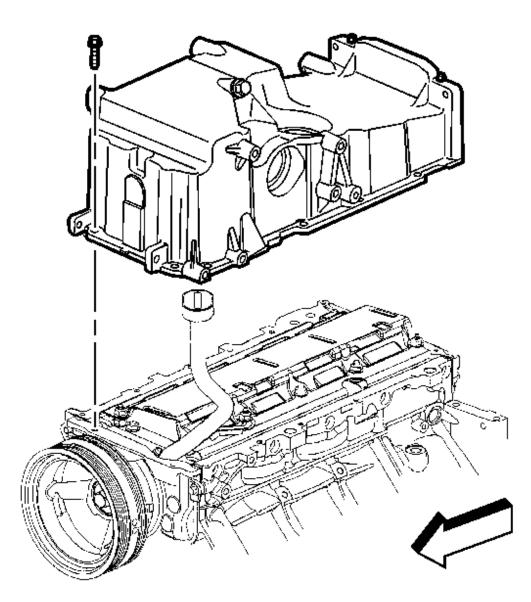


Fig. 507: View Of Sealant On Engine Rear Cover Gasket Tabs Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) bead of sealant GM P/N 12378190, or equivalent, 20 mm (0.8 in) long to the engine block. Apply the sealant directly onto the tabs of the rear cover gasket that protrude into the oil pan surface.

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<u>Fig. 508: View Of Oil Pan & Bolts</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Ensure the oil gallery passages in the oil pan and engine block properly align with the oil pan gasket.

- 4. Pre-assemble the oil pan gasket to the pan.
 - 1. Install the gasket onto the oil pan.

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- 2. Install the oil pan bolts to the pan and through the gasket.
- 5. Install the oil pan, gasket and bolts to the engine block.
- 6. Tighten bolts finger tight. Do not overtighten.

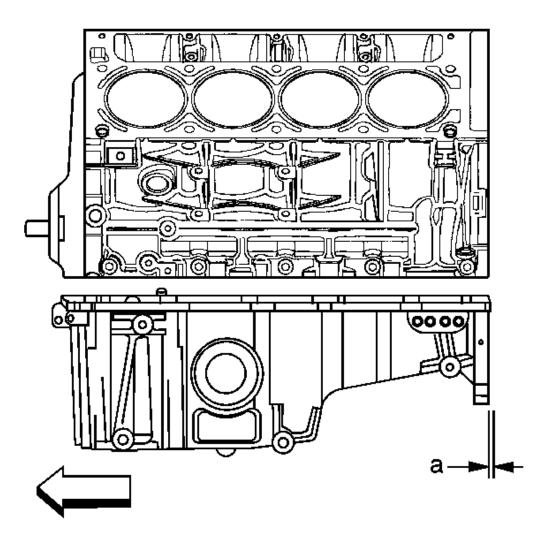


Fig. 509: Aligning Rear Of Oil Pan & Rear Of Engine Block Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Place a straight edge across the rear of the engine block and the rear of the oil pan at the transmission housing mounting surfaces.

NOTE: Refer to Fastener Notice .

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8. Align the oil pan until the rear of engine block and rear of oil pan are flush or even.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the oil pan-to-block and oil pan-to-front cover bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the oil pan-to-rear cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).
- 9. Measure the oil pan-to-engine block alignment.
 - 1. Place a straight edge across the rear of the engine block and rear of oil pan at the transmission housing mounting surfaces.

IMPORTANT: The rear of the oil pan must NEVER protrude beyond the engine block and transmission housing mounting surfaces.

- 2. Insert a feeler gage between the straight edge and the oil pan transmission housing mounting surface, and inspect to ensure there is no greater than a 0.0-0.1 mm (0.0-0.004 in) gap (a) between the pan and straight edge.
- 3. If the oil pan alignment is not within specifications, remove the oil pan and repeat the above procedure.

Oil Filter and Adapter Installation

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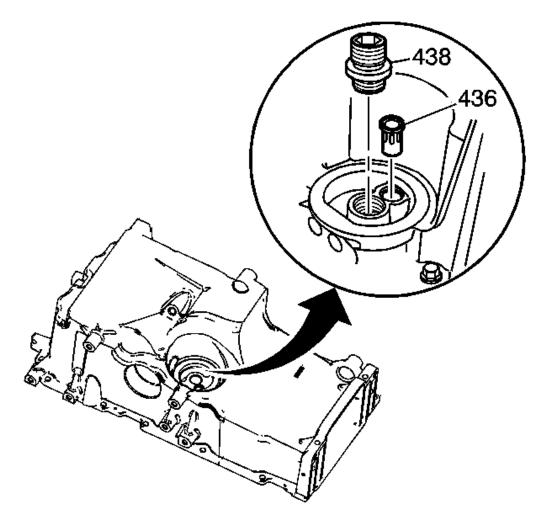


Fig. 510: Oil Filter Fitting & Bypass Valve Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

1. Install a new oil filter bypass valve (436) into the oil pan, as required.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

2. Install the oil filter fitting (438).

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter fitting to 55 N.m (40 lb ft).

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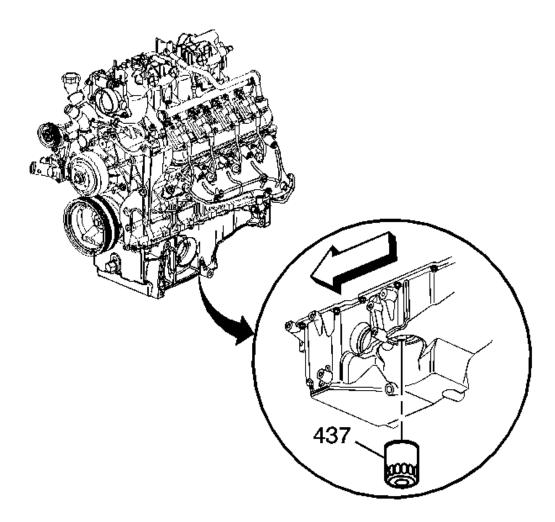
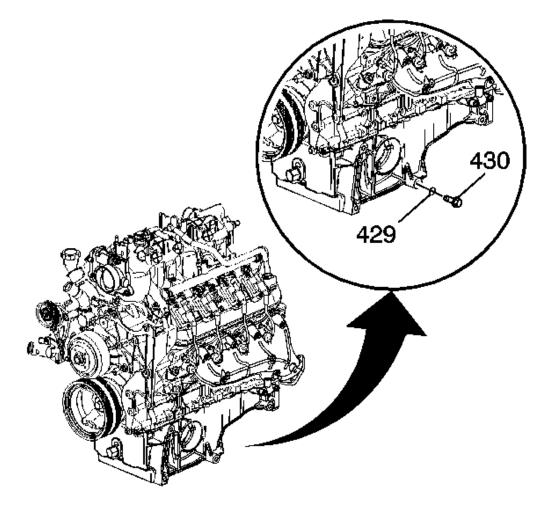


Fig. 511: Engine Oil Filter Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Lubricate the oil filter seal with clean engine oil.
- 4. Install the oil filter (437).

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 512: Oil Pan Drain Plug</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Install the oil pan drain plug (430) and O-ring (429).

Tighten: Tighten the oil pan drain plug to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

Valve Lifter Installation

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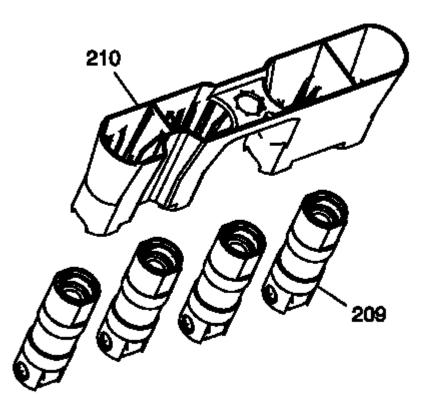


Fig. 513: Valve Lifter Guides & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: • When using the valve lifters again, install the lifters to their original locations.

- If camshaft replacement is required, the valve lifters must also be replaced.
- 1. Lubricate the valve lifters (209) and engine block valve lifter bores with clean engine oil.
- 2. Insert the valve lifters into the lifter guides (210).

Align the flat area on the top of the lifter with the flat area in the lifter guide bore. Push the lifter completely into the guide bore.

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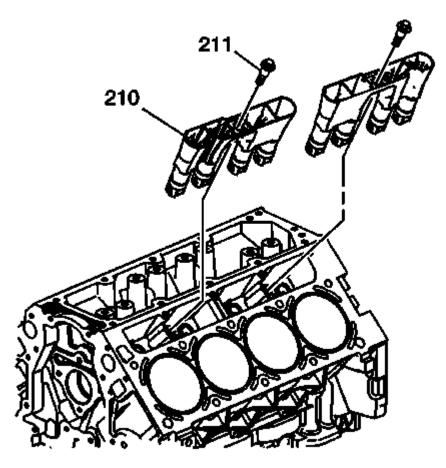


Fig. 514: Valve Lifter Guides, Cylinder Head & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the valve lifters and guide assembly (210) to the engine block.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the valve lifter guide bolts (211).

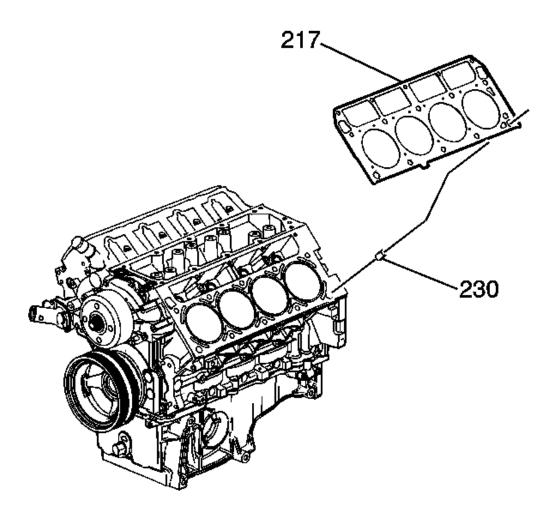
Tighten: Tighten the valve lifter guide bolts to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

Cylinder Head Installation - Left

Tools Required

- J 42385-100 Thread Repair Kit. See Special Tools.
- J 45059 Angle Meter. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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<u>Fig. 515: Cylinder Head Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- NOTE: Clean all dirt, debris, and coolant from the engine block cylinder head bolt holes. Failure to remove all foreign material may result in damaged threads, improperly tightened fasteners or damage to components.
- IMPORTANT: Do not use the cylinder head bolts again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.
 - Do not use any type of sealant on the cylinder head gasket, unless

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specified.

1. Clean the engine block cylinder head bolt holes, if required.

Thread repair tool J 42385-107 may be used to clean the threads of old threadlocking material.

- 2. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139 (Canadian P/N 10953463), GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463), or equivalent, into the hole.
- 3. Clean the cylinder head bolt holes with compressed air.
- 4. Install the cylinder head locating pins (230).

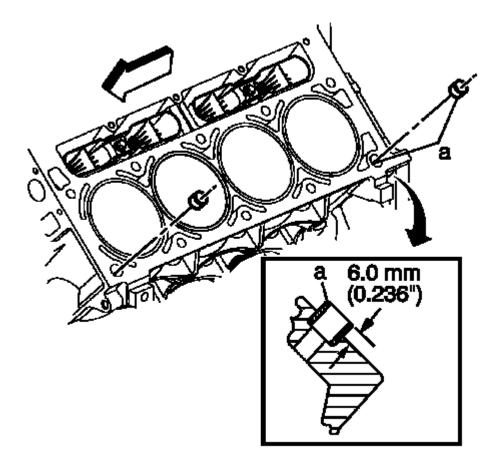


Fig. 516: Identifying Cylinder Head Locating Pins Installation Position Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Inspect the locating pins for proper installation.

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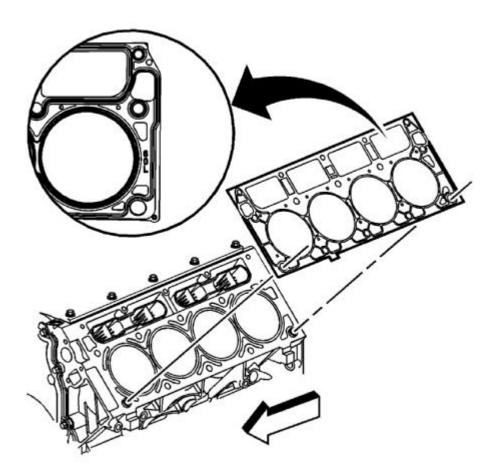


Fig. 517: Gasket Displacement Markings - Left Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Inspect the displacement markings on the gasket for proper usage.

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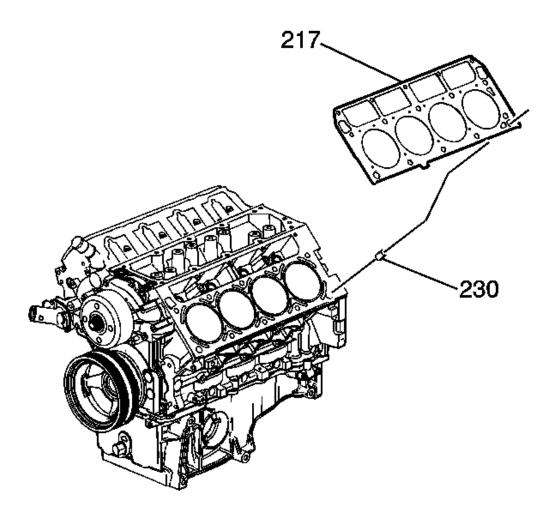
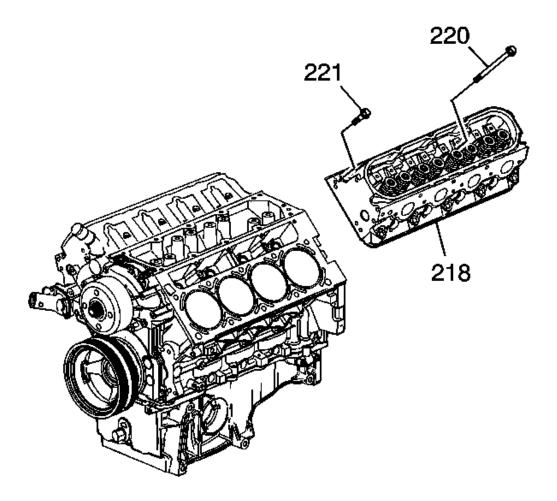


Fig. 518: Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the NEW cylinder head gasket (217) onto the locating pins.

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<u>Fig. 519: Cylinder Head</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Install the cylinder head (218) onto the locating pins and the gasket.
- 9. Install the NEW cylinder head bolts (220, 221).

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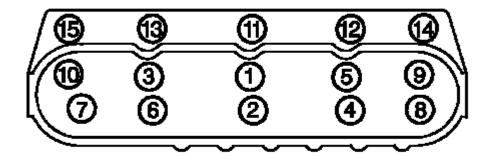


Fig. 520: Cylinder Head Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

10. Tighten the cylinder head bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a second pass in sequence to 90 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence to 70 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Tighten the M8 cylinder head bolts (11-15) to 30 N.m (22 lb ft). Begin with the center bolt (11) and alternating side-to-side, work outward tightening all of the bolts.

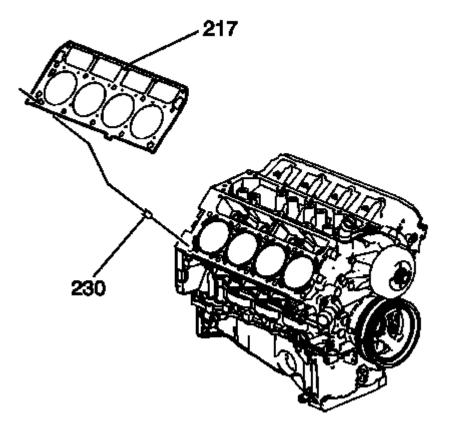
Cylinder Head Installation - Right

Tools Required

• J 42385-100 Thread Repair Kit. See Special Tools.

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• J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.



<u>Fig. 521: Cylinder Head Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Safety Glasses Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- NOTE: Clean all dirt, debris, and coolant from the engine block cylinder head bolt holes. Failure to remove all foreign material may result in damaged threads, improperly tightened fasteners or damage to components.
- IMPORTANT: Do not use the cylinder head bolts again. Install NEW cylinder head bolts during assembly.
 - Do not use any type of sealant on the cylinder head gasket, unless specified.
- 1. Clean the engine block cylinder head bolt holes, if required.

Thread repair tool J 42385-107 may be used to clean the threads of old threadlocking material.

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- 2. Spray cleaner GM P/N 12346139 (Canadian P/N 10953463), GM P/N 12377981 (Canadian P/N 10953463), or equivalent, into the hole.
- 3. Clean the cylinder head bolt holes with compressed air.
- 4. Install the cylinder head locating pins (230).

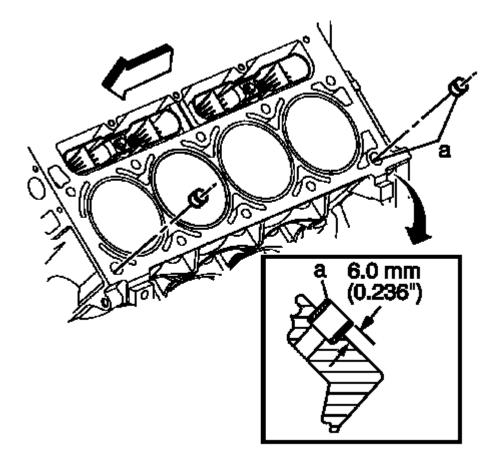


Fig. 522: Identifying Cylinder Head Locating Pins Installation Position Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

5. Inspect the locating pins for proper installation.

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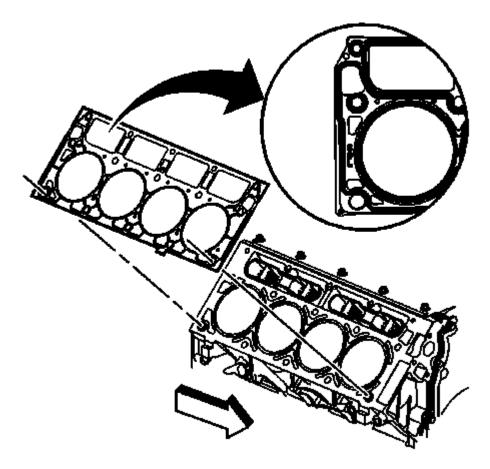
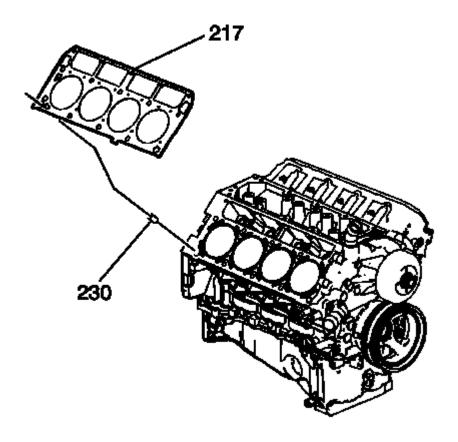


Fig. 523: Gasket Displacement Markings - Right Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Inspect the displacement markings on the gasket for proper usage.

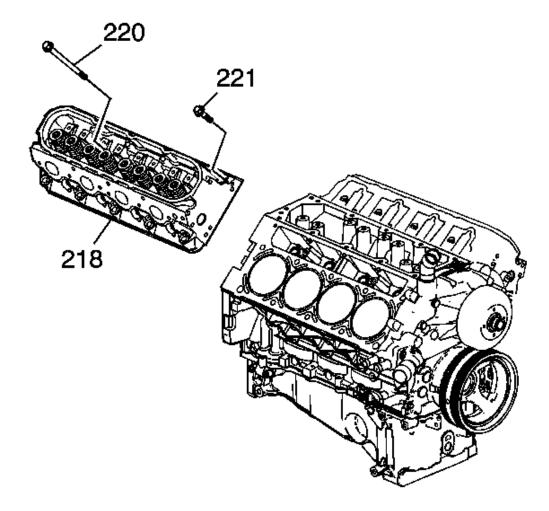
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<u>Fig. 524: Cylinder Head Gasket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the NEW cylinder head gasket (217) onto the locating pins.

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<u>Fig. 525: Cylinder Head</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 8. Install the cylinder head (218) onto the locating pins and the gasket.
- 9. Install the NEW cylinder head bolts (220, 221).

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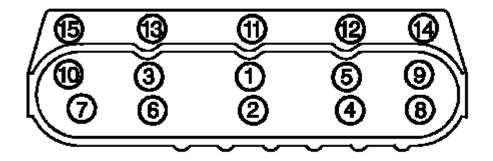


Fig. 526: Cylinder Head Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

10. Tighten the cylinder head bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a second pass in sequence to 90 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- Tighten the M11 cylinder head bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence to 70 degrees using the J 45059. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- 4. Tighten the M8 cylinder head bolts (11-15) to 30 N.m (22 lb ft). Begin with the center bolt (11) and alternating side-to-side, work outward tightening all of the bolts.

Valve Rocker Arm and Push Rod Installation

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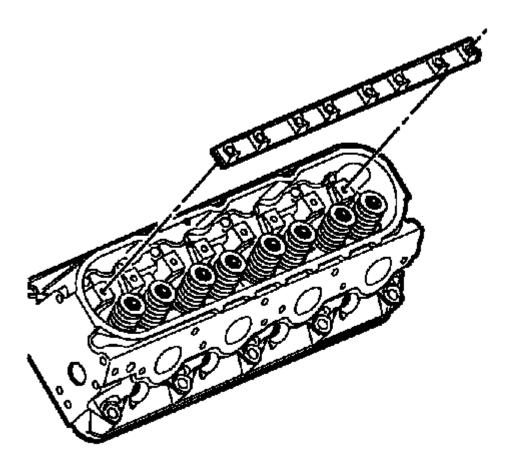
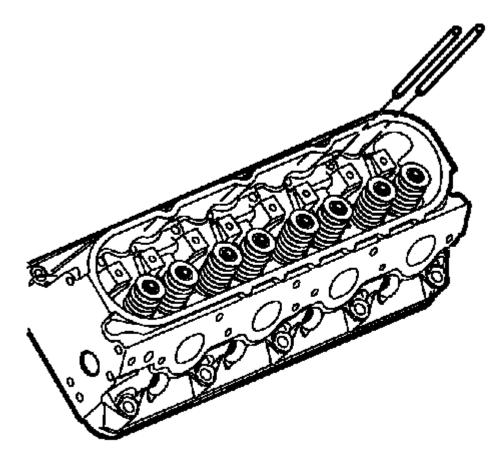


Fig. 527: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Pivot Support Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: When using the valve train components again, always install the components to the original location and position. Valve lash is net build, no valve adjustment is required.

- 1. Lubricate the valve rocker arms and pushrods with clean engine oil.
- 2. Lubricate the flange of the valve rocker arm bolts with clean engine oil.
- 3. Install the valve rocker arm pivot support.

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<u>Fig. 528: View Of Pushrods</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Ensure the pushrods seat properly to the valve lifter sockets.

4. Install the pushrods.

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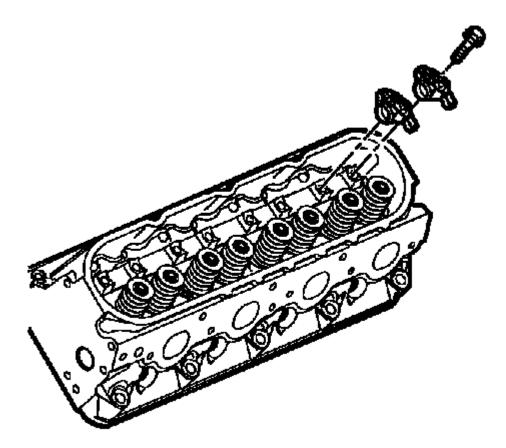


Fig. 529: View Of Rocker Arms & Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT:

- Ensure the pushrods seat properly to the ends of the rocker arms.
 - DO NOT tighten the rocker arm bolts at this time.
- 5. Install the rocker arms and bolts.

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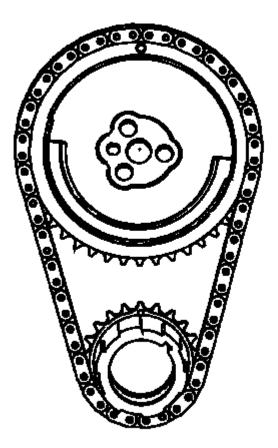


Fig. 530: Camshaft And Crankshaft Sprocket Alignment Marks Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

6. Rotate the crankshaft until number one piston is at top dead center of compression stroke.

In this position, cylinder number one rocker arms will be off lobe lift, and the crankshaft sprocket key will be at the 1:30 position. The camshaft and crankshaft sprocket alignment marks will be in the 12 o'clock positions. If viewing from the rear of the engine, the additional crankshaft pilot hole, non-threaded, will be in the 10:30 position.

The engine firing order is 1, 8, 7, 2, 6, 5, 4, 3.

Cylinders 1, 3, 5 and 7 are left bank.

Cylinders 2, 4, 6, and 8 are right bank.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

7. With the engine in the number one firing position, tighten the following valve rocker arm bolts:

Tighten:

lunes, 11 de mayo de 2020 08:42:30 p.m.

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- Tighten exhaust valve rocker arm bolts 1, 2, 7, and 8 to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten intake valve rocker arm bolts 1, 3, 4, and 5 to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- 8. Rotate the crankshaft 360 degrees.
- 9. Tighten the following valve rocker arm bolts:

Tighten:

- Tighten exhaust valve rocker arm bolts 3, 4, 5, and 6 to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).
- Tighten intake valve rocker arm bolts 2, 6, 7, and 8 to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Installation - Left

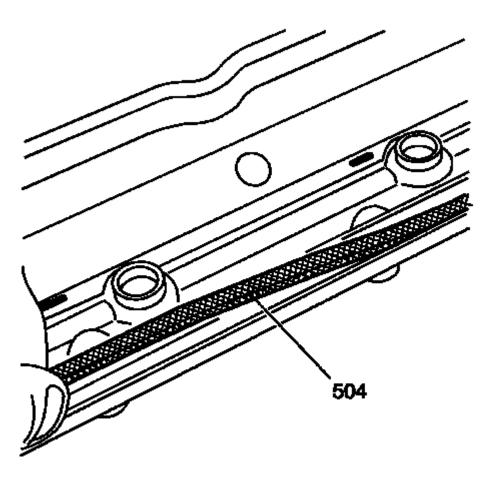


Fig. 531: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.
 - DO NOT use the valve rocker arm cover gasket again.
 - The valve rocker arm cover bolt grommets may be used again if not

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damaged.

1. Install a NEW gasket (504) into the valve rocker arm cover.

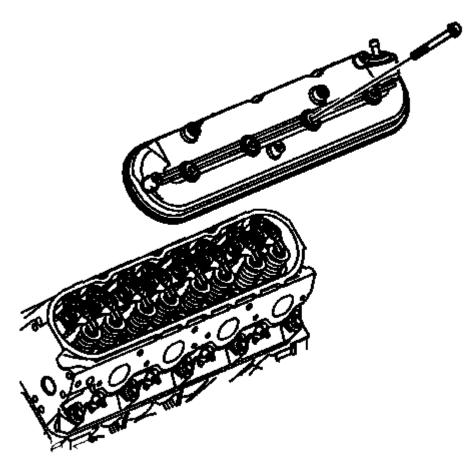


Fig. 532: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the valve rocker arm cover onto the cylinder head.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the cover bolts with grommets.

Tighten: Tighten the valve rocker arm cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

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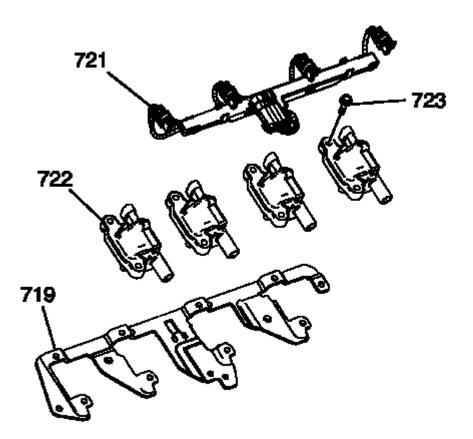


Fig. 533: View Of Bracket, Bolts, Coils & Wire Harness Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the ignition coil bolts (723).
- 5. Install the ignition coils (722), wire harness (721), and bolts (723) to the bracket (719).

Tighten: Tighten the ignition coil bolts to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

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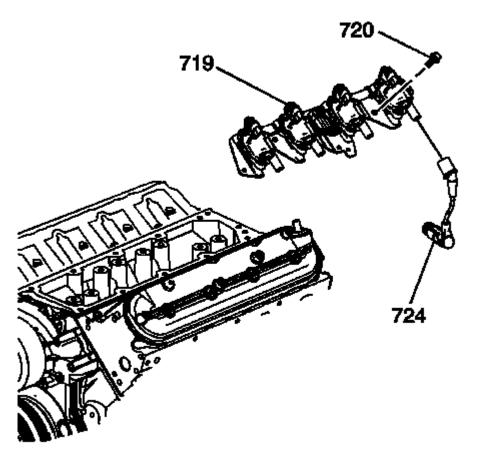


Fig. 534: Ignition Coils & Bracket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 6. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the ignition coil bracket studs (720).
- 7. Install the ignition coil and bracket assembly (719) and studs (720).

Tighten: Tighten the bracket studs to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Installation - Right

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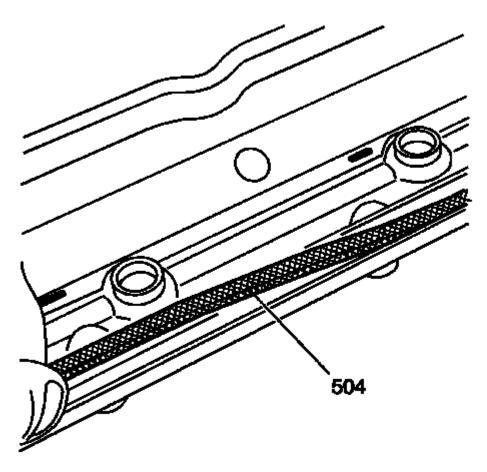


Fig. 535: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT:

- All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.
- DO NOT use the valve rocker arm cover gasket again.
- The valve rocker arm cover bolt grommets may be used again if not damaged.
- 1. Install a NEW gasket (504) into the valve rocker arm cover.

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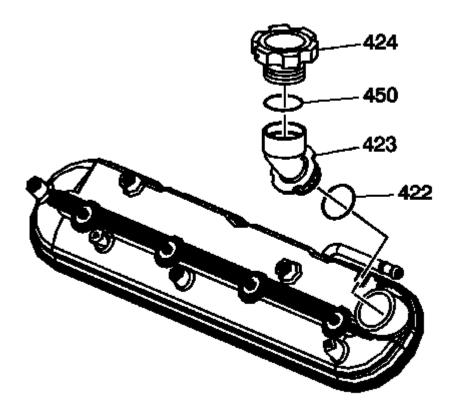


Fig. 536: Oil Fill Cap & Oil Fill Tube Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install a NEW oil fill tube (423) to the valve rocker arm cover.

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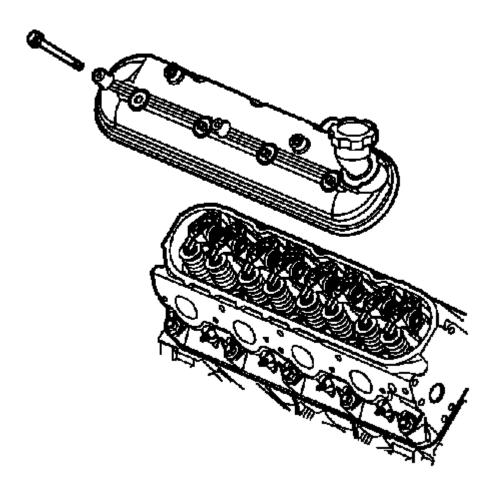


Fig. 537: View Of Valve Rocker Arm Cover & Bolts (Right) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

3. Install the valve rocker arm cover onto the cylinder head.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the cover bolts with grommets.

Tighten: Tighten the valve rocker arm cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

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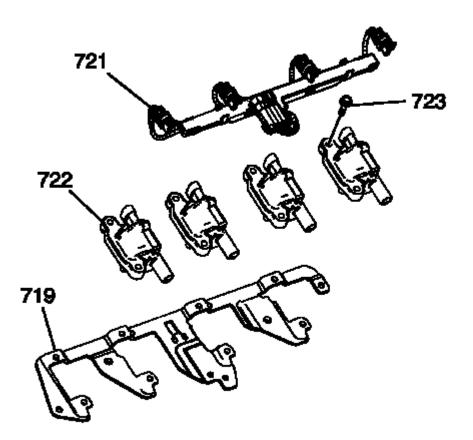
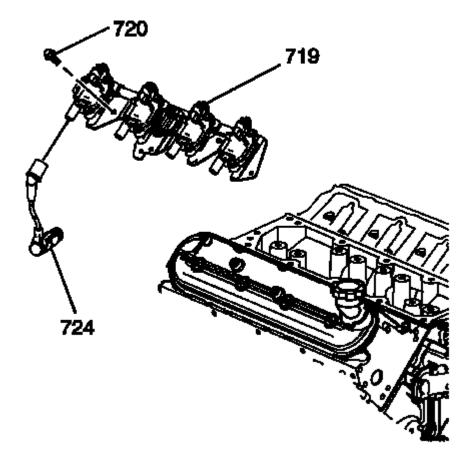


Fig. 538: View Of Bracket, Bolts, Coils & Wire Harness Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the ignition coil bolts (723).
- 6. Install the ignition coils (722), wire harness (721), and bolts (723) to the bracket (719).

Tighten: Tighten the ignition coil bolts to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

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<u>Fig. 539: Ignition Coils & Bracket</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 7. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the ignition coil bracket studs (720).
- 8. Install the ignition coil and bracket assembly (719) and studs (720).

Tighten: Tighten the bracket studs to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

Engine Valley Cover Installation

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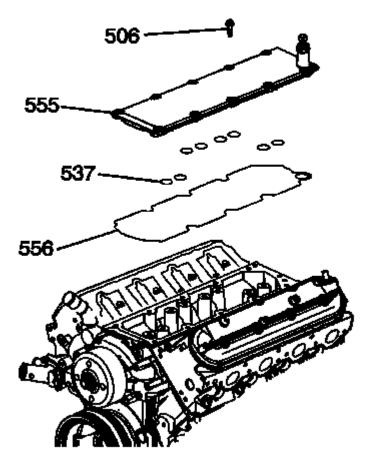


Fig. 540: Removing/Installing Engine Valley Cover Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: All gasket surfaces should be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.

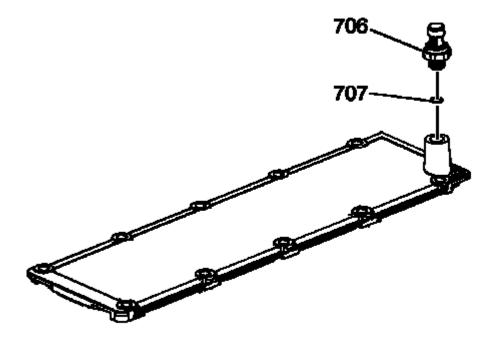
- 1. Lubricate the O-ring seals with clean engine oil.
- 2. Install the O-ring seals (537) to the cover (555).

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the cover (555), gasket (556), and bolts (506).

Tighten: Tighten the manifold bolts to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

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<u>Fig. 541: Removing/Installing Oil Pressure Sensor & Washer</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Apply sealant GM P/N 12346004 (Canadian P/N 10953480), or equivalent, to the threads of the sensor.
- 5. Install the oil pressure sensor (706) and sealing washer (707).

Tighten: Tighten the sensor to 35 N.m (26 lb ft).

Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Installation

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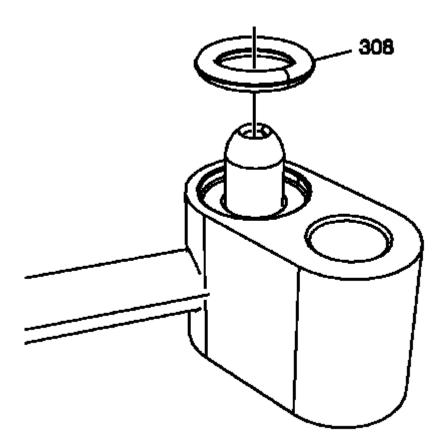


Fig. 542: View Of Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Seal Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: Position the gasket O-ring seal (308) onto the nipple portion of the pipe.

1. Install the seals (308) onto the engine coolant air bleed pipe and covers.

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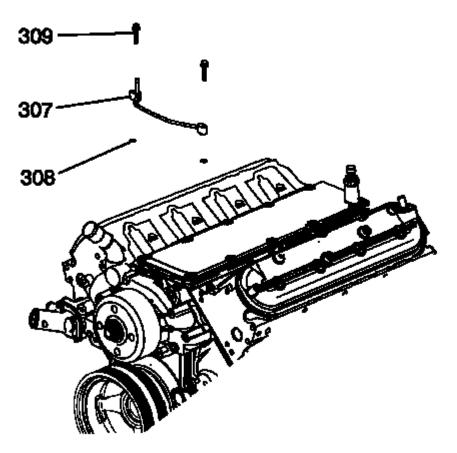


Fig. 543: Removing/Installing Engine Coolant Air Bleed Pipe Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

2. Install the pipe (307) and seals (308).

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

3. Install the bolts (309).

Tighten: Tighten the bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

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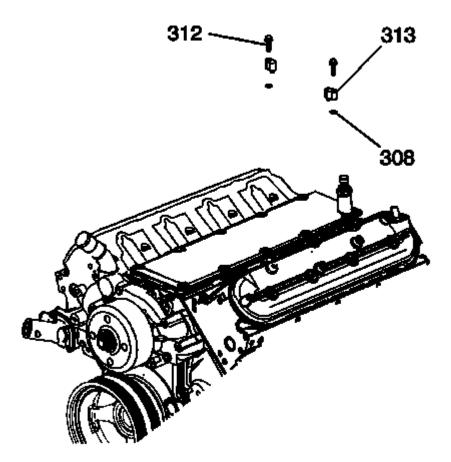


Fig. 544: Removing/Installing Coolant Air Bleed Cover Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 4. Install the covers (313) and seals (308).
- 5. Install the bolts (312).

Tighten: Tighten the cover bolts to 12 N.m (106 lb in).

Intake Manifold Installation

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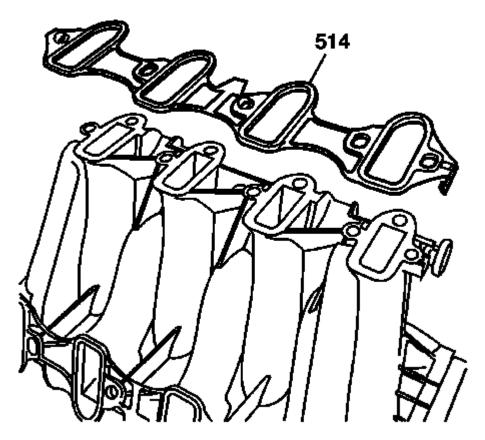


Fig. 545: View Of Intake Manifold-To-Cylinder Head Gasket Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- IMPORTANT: The intake manifold, throttle body, fuel injection rail and fuel injectors may be removed as an assembly. If not servicing the individual components, install the intake manifold as a complete assembly.
 - DO NOT use the intake manifold gaskets again. Install NEW intake manifold-to-cylinder head gaskets.
- 1. Install NEW intake manifold-to-cylinder head gaskets (514).

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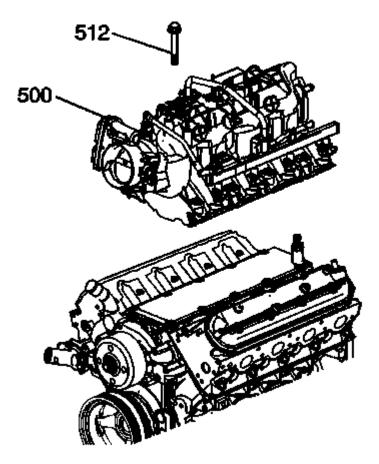


Fig. 546: Removing/Installing Intake Manifold Bolts Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the intake manifold (500).
- 3. Apply a 5 mm (0.20 in) band of threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489) to the threads of the intake manifold bolts (512). Refer to <u>Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants</u>.

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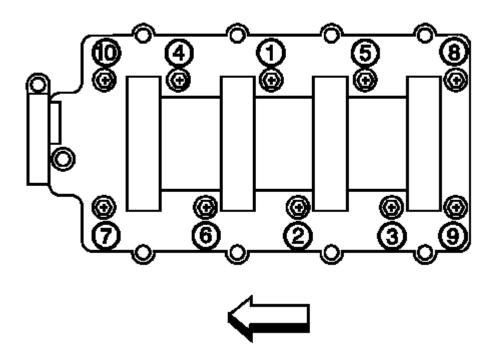


Fig. 547: Identifying Intake Manifold Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the intake manifold bolts.

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the intake manifold bolts (1-10) a first pass in sequence to 5 N.m (44 lb in).
- 2. Tighten the intake manifold bolts (1-10) a final pass in sequence to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

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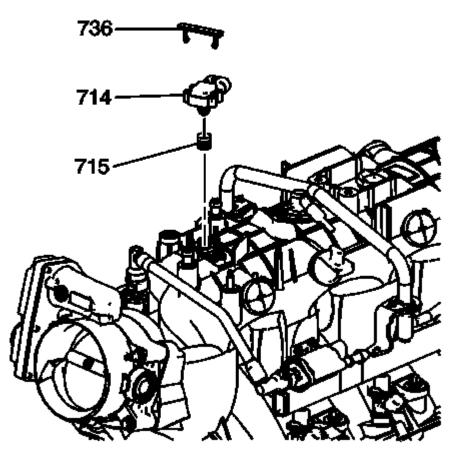
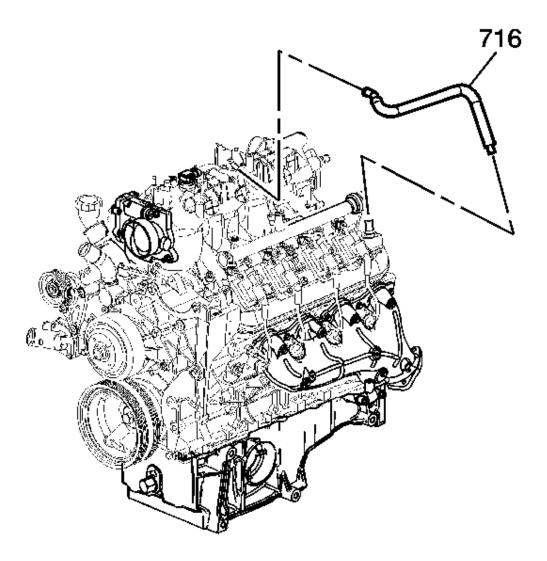


Fig. 548: MAP Sensor Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Install the fuel rail. Refer to **Fuel Rail and Injectors Installation**.
- 6. Lubricate the manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor grommet (715) with clean engine oil.
- 7. Install the grommet onto the MAP sensor (714).
- 8. Install the MAP sensor and retainer (736).

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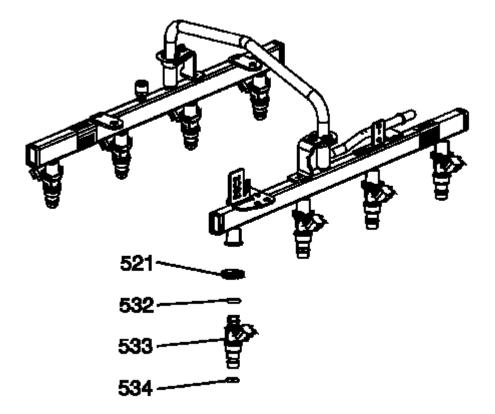


<u>Fig. 549: PCV Hose</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

9. Install the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) hose - dirty air (716).

Fuel Rail and Injectors Installation

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<u>Fig. 550: Fuel Rail & Injectors</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

CAUTION: Refer to <u>Fuel Rail Stop Bracket Installation Caution</u> in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT use the fuel injector O-ring seals again. Install NEW fuel injector O-ring seals during assembly.

- 1. Lubricate the NEW fuel injector O-ring seals (532, 534) with clean engine oil.
- 2. Install the O-ring seals to the fuel injectors.
- 3. Install the fuel injectors (533) and retainers (521).

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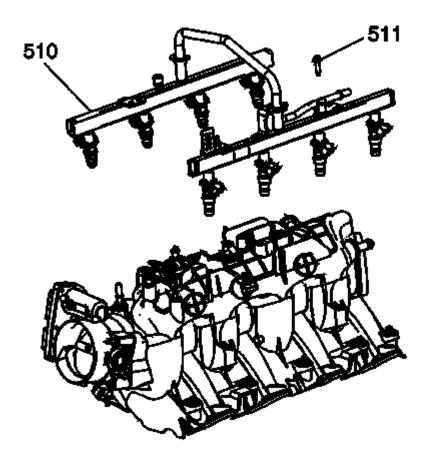


Fig. 551: Fuel Rail Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

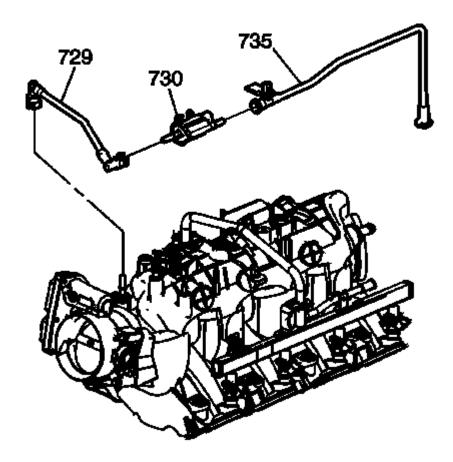
- 4. Install the fuel rail assembly (510) to the manifold. Push firmly on both sides of the rail until all the injectors have entered their bores.
- 5. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) band of threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the fuel rail bolts. Refer to <u>Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants</u>.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

6. Install the fuel rail bolts (511).

Tighten: Tighten the fuel rail bolts to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

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<u>Fig. 552: EVAP Purge Valve & Tubes</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the evaporative emission (EVAP) canister purge solenoid valve (730) and tubes (729, 735).

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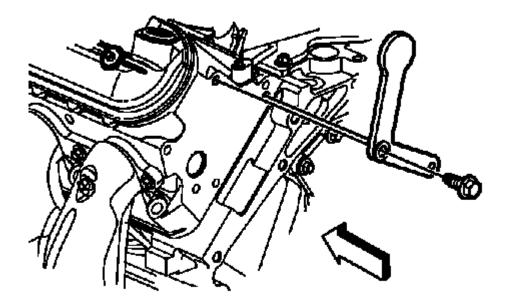


Fig. 553: View Of Fuel Rail Stop Bracket & Bolt Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

8. Install the fuel rail stop bracket and bolt.

Tighten: Tighten the fuel rail stop bracket bolt to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

Throttle Body Installation

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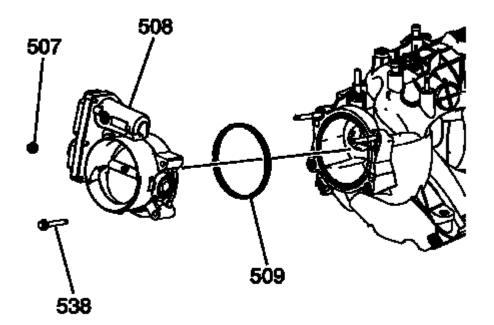


Fig. 554: Throttle Body Assembly Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

1. Install the throttle body studs, as required.

Tighten: Tighten the throttle body studs to 6 N.m (53 lb in).

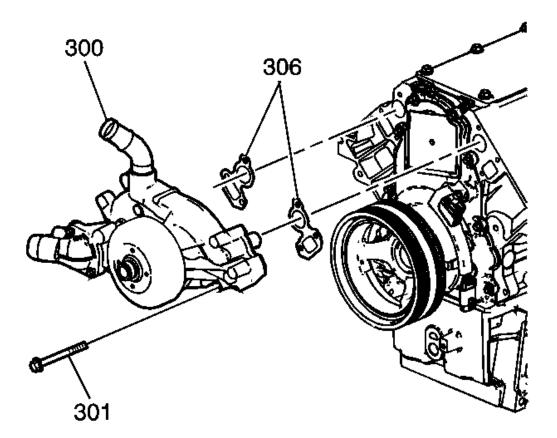
IMPORTANT: DO NOT use the throttle body gasket again. Install a NEW gasket during assembly.

- 2. Install the throttle body gasket (509) to the intake manifold. Align the locating tab of the gasket with the notch in the manifold.
- 3. Install the throttle body (508), bolts (538), and nuts (507).

Tighten: Tighten the throttle body nuts and bolts to 10 N.m (89 lb in).

Water Pump Installation

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<u>Fig. 555: Water Pump</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: DO NOT use cooling system seal tabs, or similar compounds, unless otherwise instructed. The use of cooling system seal tabs, or similar compounds, may restrict coolant flow through the passages of the cooling system or the engine components. Restricted coolant flow may cause engine overheating and/or damage to the cooling system or the engine components/assembly.

IMPORTANT: All gasket surfaces are to be free of oil or other foreign material during assembly.

1. Install the water pump (300) and NEW gaskets (306).

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

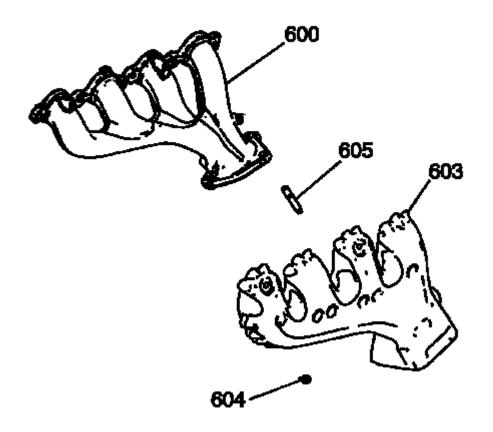
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2. Install the water pump bolts (301).

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the water pump bolts a first pass to 15 N.m (11 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the water pump bolts a final pass to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

Exhaust Manifold Installation - Left



<u>Fig. 556: Exhaust Manifold</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: • Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts as specified in the service procedure. Improperly installed and/or leaking exhaust manifold gaskets may affect vehicle emissions and/or on-board diagnostic (OBD) II system performance.

- The cylinder head exhaust manifold bolt hole threads must be clean and free of debris or threadlocking material.
- Do not apply sealant to the first 3 threads of the bolt.

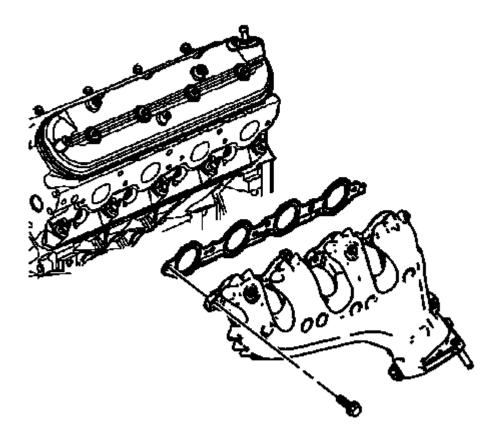
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1. Install the heat shield (603) and bolts (604).

Tighten: Tighten the heat shield bolts to 9 N.m (80 lb in).

2. Install the exhaust pipe studs (605).

Tighten: Tighten the studs to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).



<u>Fig. 557: Exhaust Manifold</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) wide band of threadlock GM P/N 12345493 (Canadian P/N 10953488), or equivalent, to the threads of the exhaust manifold bolts. Refer to **Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants**.
- 4. Install the exhaust manifold, NEW gasket, and bolts.

Tighten:

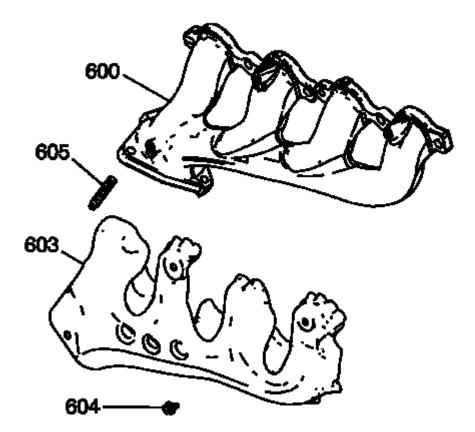
- 1. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts a first pass to 15 N.m (11 lb ft). Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts beginning with the center 2 bolts. Alternate from side-to-side, and work toward the outside bolts.
- 2. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts a final pass to 20 N.m (15 lb ft). Tighten the exhaust manifold

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bolts beginning with the center 2 bolts. Alternate from side-to-side, and work toward the outside bolts.

5. Using a flat punch, bend over the exposed edge of the exhaust manifold gasket at the rear of the left cylinder head.

Exhaust Manifold Installation - Right



<u>Fig. 558: Exhaust Manifold</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- IMPORTANT: • Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts as specified in the service procedure. Improperly installed and/or leaking exhaust manifold gaskets may affect vehicle emissions and/or on-board diagnostic (OBD) II system performance.
 - The cylinder head exhaust manifold bolt hole threads must be clean and free of debris or threadlocking material.
 - Do not apply sealant to the first 3 threads of the bolt.

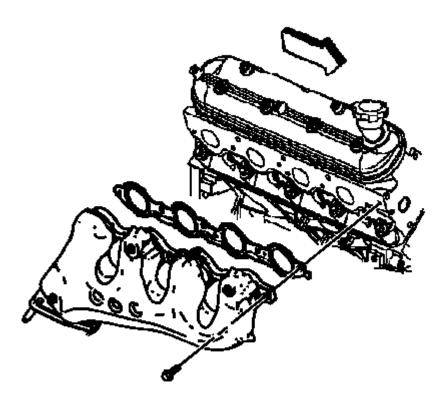
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1. Install the heat shield (603) and bolts (604).

Tighten: Tighten the heat shield bolts to 9 N.m (80 lb in).

2. Install the exhaust pipe studs (605).

Tighten: Tighten the studs to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).



<u>Fig. 559: Exhaust Manifold</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Apply a 5 mm (0.2 in) wide band of threadlock GM P/N 12345493 (Canadian P/N 10953488), or equivalent, to the threads of the exhaust manifold bolts. Refer to <u>Sealers, Adhesives, and Lubricants</u>.
- 4. Install the exhaust manifold, NEW gasket and bolts.

Tighten:

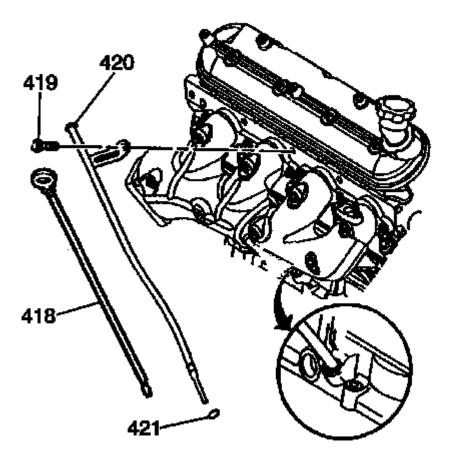
- 1. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts a first pass to 15 N.m (11 lb ft). Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts beginning with the center 2 bolts. Alternate from side-to-side, and work toward the outside bolts.
- 2. Tighten the exhaust manifold bolts a final pass to 20 N.m (15 lb ft). Tighten the exhaust manifold

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bolts beginning with the center 2 bolts. Alternate from side-to-side, and work toward the outside bolts.

5. Using a flat punch, bend over the exposed edge of the exhaust manifold gasket at the rear of the left cylinder head.

Oil Level Indicator and Tube Installation



<u>Fig. 560: Oil Level Indicator and Tube</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 1. Inspect the O-ring seal (421) for cuts or damage. If the oil level indicator tube O-ring seal is not cut or damaged, it may be used again.
- 2. Lubricate the O-ring seal with clean engine oil.
- 3. Install the O-ring seal onto the oil level indicator tube (420).
- 4. Install the oil level indicator tube into the engine block and rotate into proper position.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

5. Install the tube bolt (419).

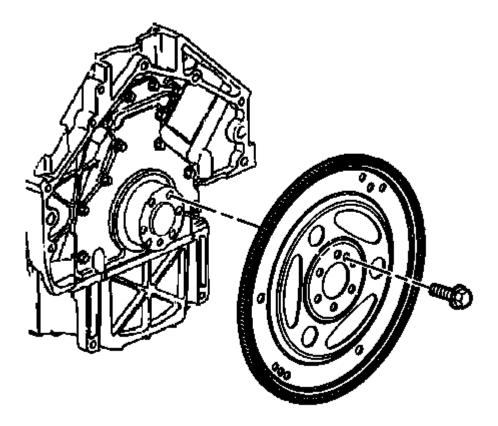
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Tighten: Tighten the oil level indicator tube bolt to 25 N.m (18 lb ft).

6. Install the oil level indicator (418) into the tube.

Engine Flywheel Installation



<u>Fig. 561: Engine Flywheel</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The flywheel and flex plate do not use a locating pin for alignment and will not initially seat against the crankshaft flange, but will be pulled onto the crankshaft by the bolts. This procedure requires a 3 stage tightening process.

1. Install the automatic transmission flex plate to the crankshaft, if applicable.

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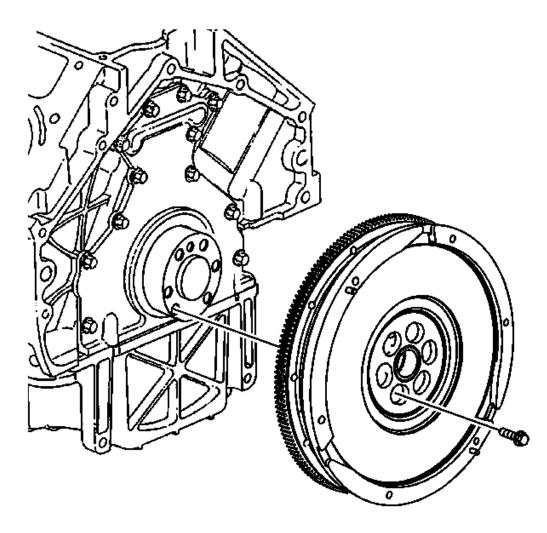


Fig. 562: View Of Manual Transmission Engine Flywheel Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 2. Install the manual transmission flywheel to the crankshaft, if applicable.
- 3. Apply threadlock GM P/N 12345382 (Canadian P/N 10953489), or equivalent, to the threads of the bolts.

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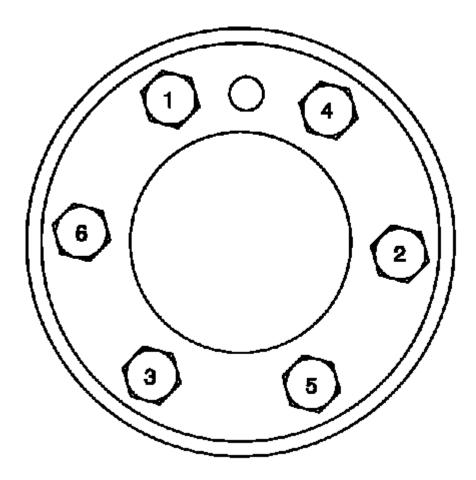


Fig. 563: Identifying Flywheel Bolt Tightening Sequence Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

4. Install the engine flywheel bolts (1-6).

Tighten:

- 1. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts (1-6) a first pass in sequence to 20 N.m (15 lb ft).
- 2. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts (1-6) a second pass in sequence to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).
- 3. Tighten the engine flywheel bolts (1-6) a final pass in sequence to 100 N.m (74 lb ft).

Crankshaft Balancer Installation

Tools Required

- J 41478 Crankshaft Front Oil Seal Installer. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 41665 Crankshaft Balancer and Sprocket Installer. See <u>Special Tools</u>.
- J 42386-A Flywheel Holding Tool. See Special Tools.

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• J 45059 Angle Meter. See Special Tools.

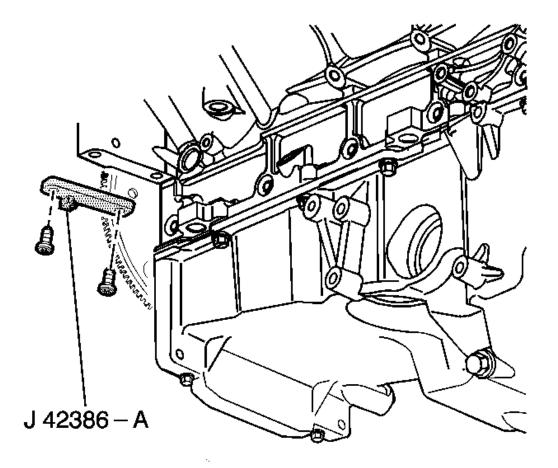


Fig. 564: View Of J 42386-A Flywheel Tool Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

IMPORTANT: • The crankshaft balancer is balanced as an individual component. It is not necessary to mark the balancer prior to removal.

- The crankshaft balancer installation and bolt tightening involves a 4 stage tightening process. The first pass ensures that the balancer is installed completely onto the crankshaft. The second, third and fourth passes tighten the NEW bolt to the proper torque.
- The used crankshaft balancer bolt is used only during the first pass

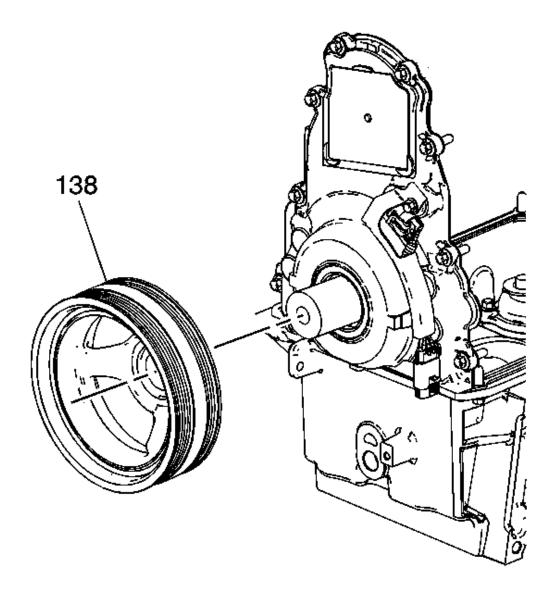
of the balancer installation procedure. Install a NEW crankshaft balancer bolt and tighten as described in the second, third and fourth passes of the balancer bolt tightening procedure.

- Ensure the teeth of the tool engage the engine flywheel teeth.
- 1. Install the J 42386-A and bolts. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

Use 1 M10 - 1.5 x 120 mm and 1 M10 - 1.5 x 45 mm bolt for proper tool operation.

Tighten: Tighten the J 42386-A bolts to 50 N. See Special Tools.m (37 lb ft).

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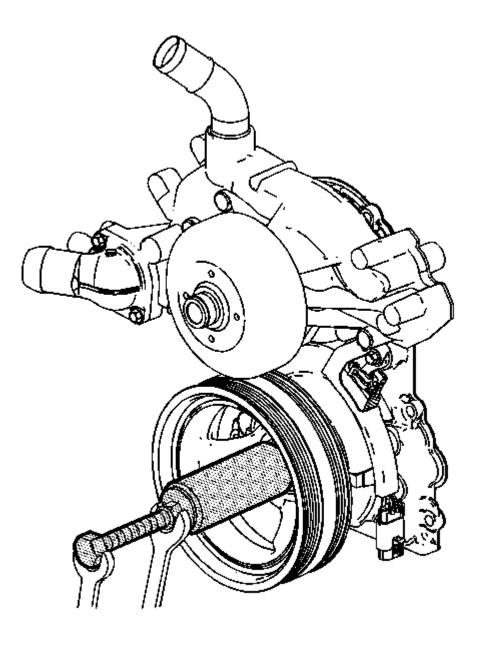


<u>Fig. 565: Crankshaft Balancer Pulley</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The balancer should be positioned onto the end of the crankshaft as straight as possible prior to tool installation.

2. Position the balancer (138) onto the end of the crankshaft.

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<u>Fig. 566: Installing Balancer</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 3. Use the J 41665 and the J 41478 in order to install the balancer. See Special Tools.
 - 1. Assemble the J 41478 threaded rod, nut, washer and the J 41665 installer. See Special Tools.

Insert the smaller end of the installer into the front of the balancer.

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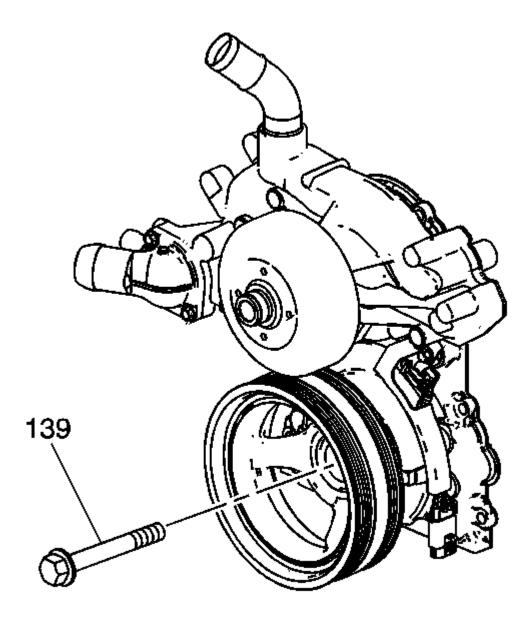
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- 2. Use a wrench and hold the hex end of the threaded rod.
- 3. Use a second wrench and rotate the installation tool nut clockwise until the balancer is started onto the crankshaft.
- 4. Remove the tool and reverse the installation tool.

Position the larger end of the installer against the front of the balancer.

- 5. Use a wrench and hold the hex end of the threaded rod.
- 6. Use a second wrench and rotate the installation tool nut clockwise until the balancer is installed onto the crankshaft.
- 7. Remove the balancer installation tools.

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<u>Fig. 567: Crankshaft Balancer Bolt</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

4. Install the used crankshaft balancer bolt (139).

Tighten: Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt to 330 N.m (240 lb ft).

5. Remove the used crankshaft balancer bolt.

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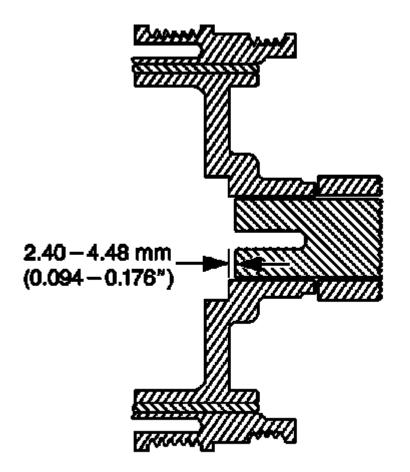


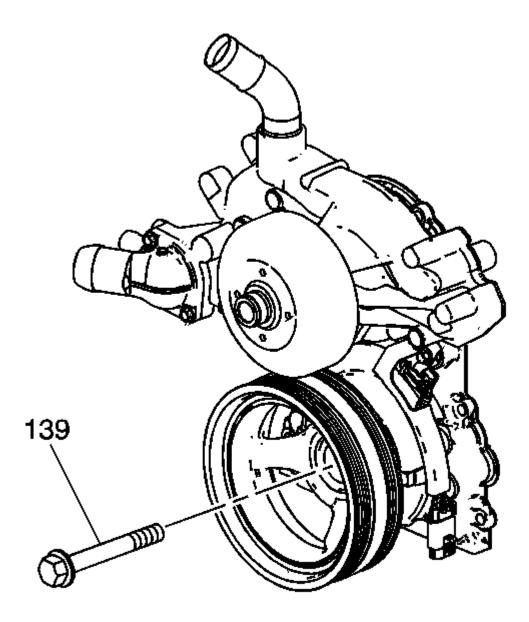
Fig. 568: Identifying Hub To Crankshaft Distance Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: The nose of the crankshaft should be recessed 2.4-4.48 mm (0.094-0.176 in) into the balancer bore.

6. Measure for a correctly installed balancer.

If the balancer is not installed to the proper dimensions, install the **J** 41665 and repeat the installation procedure. See <u>Special Tools</u>.

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<u>Fig. 569: Crankshaft Balancer Bolt</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

7. Install the NEW crankshaft balancer bolt (139).

Tighten:

1. Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt a first pass to 50 N.m (37 lb ft).

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- 2. Tighten the crankshaft balancer bolt a second pass to 140 degrees using the J 45059 . See <u>Special</u> <u>Tools</u>.
- 8. Remove the J 42386-A . See Special Tools.

Engine Prelubing

- **Tools Required**
- J 45299 Engine Preluber. See Special Tools.

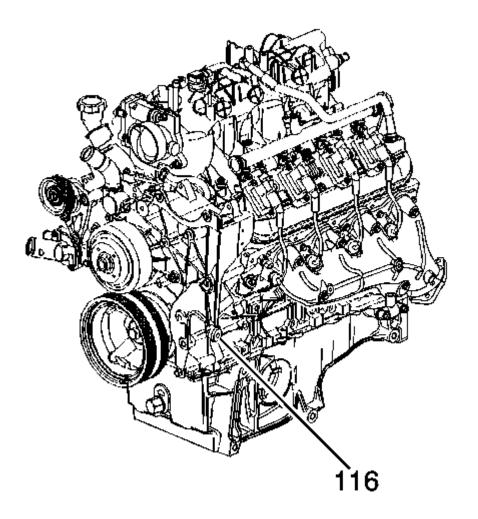


Fig. 570: Engine Block Left Front Oil Gallery Plug Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

IMPORTANT: A constant and continuous flow of clean engine oil is required in order to properly prime the engine. Be sure to use an approved engine oil as specified in the owners manual.

1. Remove the engine oil filter and fill with clean engine oil.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Fastener Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

2. Install the oil filter.

Tighten: Tighten the oil filter to 30 N.m (22 lb ft).

- 3. Locate the engine block left front oil gallery plug (116).
- 4. Install the M16 x 1.5 adapter P/N 509375.

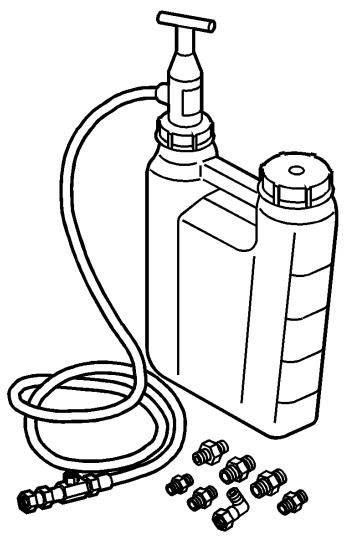


Fig. 571: Identifying Engine Preluber J 45299

Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

- 5. Install the flexible hose to the adapter and open the valve.
- 6. Pump the handle on the **J 45299** in order to flow a minimum of 1-1. See <u>Special Tools</u>.9 liters (1-2 quarts) engine oil. Observe the flow of engine oil through the flexible hose and into the engine assembly.
- 7. Close the valve and remove the flexible hose and adapter from the engine.
- 8. Install the gallery plug to the engine.

Tighten: Tighten the oil gallery plug to 60 N.m (44 lb ft).

9. Top-off the engine oil to the proper level.

DESCRIPTION AND OPERATION

CRANKCASE VENTILATION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

A closed crankcase ventilation system is used in order to provide a more complete scavenging of crankcase vapors. Filtered air from the air induction system duct is supplied to the crankcase, mixed with blow-by vapors, and passes through a crankcase ventilation metering device before entering the intake manifold. The primary component in the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system is the PCV flow metering device (valve or orifice). Vacuum changes within the intake manifold result in flow variations of the blow-by vapors. If abnormal operating conditions occur, the design of the PCV system permits excessive amounts of blow-by vapors to back flow through the crankcase vent tube and into the engine induction system to be consumed during normal combustion. This engine ventilation system design minimizes oil consumption and significantly reduces the potential for oil ingestion during vehicle limit handling maneuvers.

LS7 Engine

The LS7 engine utilizes an integral positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system which is located in the engine valley cover beneath the intake manifold. The engine valley cover contains composite oil separating baffles and PCV plumbing. Filtered fresh air is routed from up stream of the throttle plate to the engine oil tank where it mixes with crankcase gasses and is passed to both engine rocker arm covers. The design of the rocker cover shields rocker arm oil spray thereby reducing the potential for oil being drawn back into the tank during backflow of the ventilation system. Blow-by vapors are routed from the valley cover through a fixed orifice (2.5 mm) within a steel PCV tube, then through a formed nylon hose before entering the intake manifold behind the throttle body.

DRIVE BELT SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The drive belt system consists of the following components:

- The drive belt
- The drive belt tensioner
- The drive belt idler pulley
- The crankshaft balancer pulley
- The accessory drive component mounting brackets

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- The accessory drive components
 - The power steering pump, if belt driven
 - The generator
 - The A/C compressor, if equipped
 - The engine cooling fan, if belt driven
 - The water pump, if belt driven
 - The vacuum pump, if equipped
 - The air compressor, if equipped

The drive belt system may use 1 belt or 2 belts. The drive belt is thin so that it can bend backwards and has several ribs to match the grooves in the pulleys. The drive belts are made of different types of rubbers, chloroprene or EPDM, and have different layers or plys containing either fiber cloth or cords for reinforcement.

Both sides of the drive belt may be used to drive the different accessory drive components. When the back side of the drive belt is used to drive a pulley, the pulley is smooth.

The drive belt is pulled by the crankshaft balancer pulley across the accessory drive component pulleys. The spring loaded drive belt tensioner keeps constant tension on the drive belt to prevent the drive belt from slipping. The drive belt tensioner arm will move when loads are applied to the drive belt by the accessory drive components and the crankshaft.

The drive belt system may have an idler pulley, which is used to add wrap to the adjacent pulleys. Some systems use an idler pulley in place of an accessory drive component when the vehicle is not equipped with the accessory.

ENGINE COMPONENT DESCRIPTION

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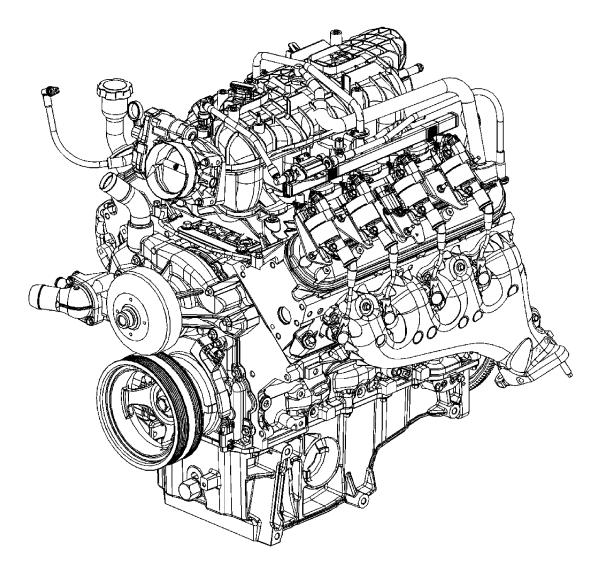


Fig. 572: View Of 6.0 Liter V8 Engine Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

The 6.0 Liter V8 engine is identified as RPO LS2 VIN H.

Camshaft and Drive System

A billet steel 1-piece camshaft is supported by 5 bearings pressed into the engine block. The camshaft timing sprocket is mounted to the front of the camshaft and is driven by the crankshaft sprocket through the camshaft timing chain. The camshaft position (CMP) sensor lobes are incorporated into the front face of the camshaft sprocket with the CMP sensor mounted in the engine front cover. A timing chain dampener is mounted to the front of the crankshaft sprocket. The externally splined crankshaft sprocket is positioned to the crankshaft by a key and keyway. The crankshaft sprocket external splines drive the oil pump drive gear. A retaining plate mounted to the front of the engine block maintains camshaft location.

Crankshaft

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The crankshaft is cast nodular iron. The crankshaft is supported by 5 crankshaft bearings. The bearings are retained by crankshaft bearing caps which are machined with the engine block for proper alignment and clearance. The crankshaft journals are undercut and rolled. The center main journal is the thrust journal. A crankshaft position (CKP) reluctor ring is press fit mounted at the rear of the crankshaft. The reluctor ring is not serviceable separately.

Cylinder Heads

The cylinder heads are cast aluminum and have pressed in place powdered metal valve guides and valve seats. Passages for the engine coolant air bleed system are at the front of each cylinder head. The valve rocker arm covers are retained to the cylinder heads by 4 center-mounted rocker arm cover bolts.

Engine Block

The engine block is a cam-in-block deep skirt 90 degree V configuration with 5 crankshaft bearing caps. The engine block is cast aluminum. The 5 crankshaft bearing caps each have 4 vertical M10 and 2 horizontal M8 mounting bolts. The camshaft is supported by 5 camshaft bearings pressed into the block.

Exhaust Manifolds

The exhaust manifolds are a 1-piece cast iron design. The exhaust manifolds direct exhaust gasses from the combustion chambers to the exhaust system. Each manifold also has an externally mounted heat shield that is retained by bolts.

Intake Manifold

The intake manifold is a 1-piece composite design that incorporates brass threaded inserts for mounting the fuel rail, throttle body, and wire harness studs. Each side of the intake manifold is sealed to the cylinder head by a non-reusable silicone sealing gasket/nylon carrier assembly. The electronically actuated throttle body bolts to the front of the intake manifold. The throttle body is sealed by a 1-piece push in place silicone gasket. The fuel rail assembly, with 8 separate fuel injectors, is retained to the intake by 4 bolts. The injectors are seated into their individual manifold bores with O-ring seals to provide sealing. A fuel rail stop bracket is retained to the rear of the left cylinder head by a mounting bolt. The manifold absolute pressure (MAP) sensor is installed and retained to the top front of the intake manifold and sealed by an O-ring seal. The evaporative emission (EVAP) canister purge solenoid valve is mounted to the fuel rail at the left front of the intake manifold. There are no coolant passages within the intake manifold.

Oil Pan

The structural front-sump oil pan is cast aluminum. Incorporated into the design is the oil filter mounting boss, drain plug opening, oil level indicator tube opening, and oil pan baffle. An internal oil filter tube directs pressurized oil from the engine block to the oil filter. Filtered oil is returned to the engine block through the oil filter tube to the engine block upper oil galleries. The oil filter tube assembly, which is mounted in the center area of the pan, includes the press-fit oil pressure relief valve. The alignment of the structural oil pan to the rear of the engine block and transmission bell housing is critical.

Piston and Connecting Rod Assembly

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The pistons are cast aluminum. The pistons use 2 compression rings and a oil control ring assembly. The piston is a low friction, lightweight design with a flat or recessed top and barrel shaped skirt. The piston pins are chromium steel and are a full-floating design. The connecting rods are powdered metal. The connecting rods are fractured at the connecting rod journal and then machined for the proper clearance. All applications use a piston with a graphite coated skirt. The piston and pin are to be serviced as an assembly.

Valve Rocker Arm Cover Assemblies

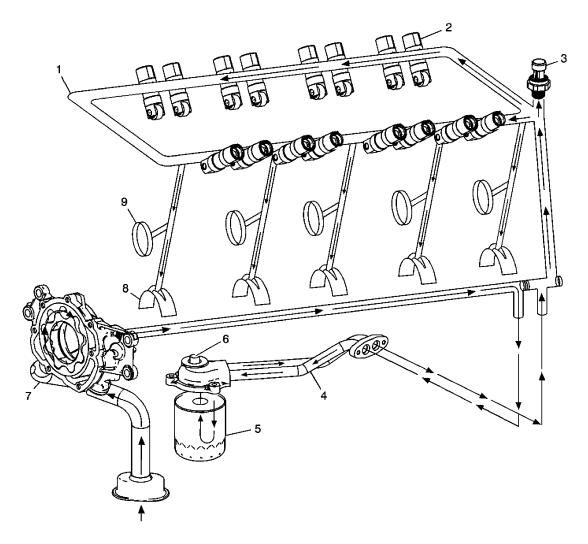
The valve rocker arm covers are cast aluminum and use a pre-molded silicon gasket for sealing. Mounted to each rocker cover are the coil and bracket assemblies. Incorporated into the left cover is the positive crankcase ventilation (PCV) system dirty air passage. Incorporated into the right cover is the oil fill tube and the PCV fresh air passage.

Valve Train

Motion is transmitted from the camshaft through the hydraulic roller valve lifters and tubular pushrods to the roller type rocker arms. The nylon valve lifter guides position and retain the valve lifters. The valve rocker arms for each bank of cylinders are mounted on pedestals or pivot supports. Each rocker arm is retained on the pivot support and cylinder head by a bolt. Valve lash is net build.

LUBRICATION DESCRIPTION (COMPONENT LOCATOR)

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<u>Fig. 573: Engine Lubrication</u> Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Callout	Component Name		
1	Upper Main Oil Galleries		
2	Valve Lifters		
3	Oil Pressure Sensor		
4	Oil Filter Tube		
5	Oil Filter		
6	Oil Pressure Relief Valve		
7	Oil Pump		
8	Crankshaft Bearings		
9	Camshaft Bearings		

LUBRICATION DESCRIPTION (MAIN PRESSURE BELOW 55 PSI)

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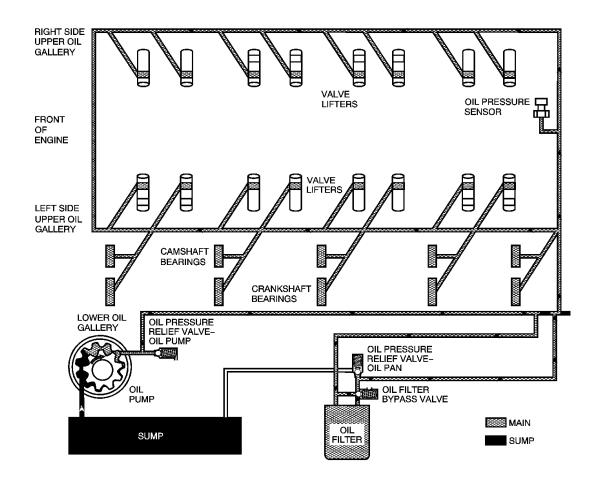


Fig. 574: View Of Lubrication System (Main Pressure Below 55 psi) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Engine lubrication is supplied by a gerotor type oil pump assembly. The pump is mounted on the front of the engine block and driven directly by the crankshaft sprocket. The pump gears rotate and draw oil from the oil pan sump through a pick-up screen and pipe. The oil is pressurized as it passes through the pump and is sent through the engine block lower oil gallery. Contained within the oil pump assembly is a pressure relief valve that maintains main oil pressure within a specified range.

Pressurized oil is directed through the engine block lower oil gallery and through the oil filter tube to the full flow oil filter, where harmful contaminants are removed. A bypass valve is incorporated into the oil pan at the oil filter boss, which permits oil flow in the event the filter becomes restricted. A second oil pressure relief valve is incorporated into the oil filter tube. The oil pan mounted oil pressure relief valve limits oil pressure directed to the oil galleries and valve system components to 379-517 kPa (55-75 psi) maximum.

Oil is then directed from the filter to the upper main oil galleries. Oil from the left upper oil gallery is directed to the crankshaft and camshaft bearings. Oil that has entered both the upper main oil galleries also pressurizes the valve lifter assemblies and is then pumped through the pushrods to lubricate the valve rocker arms and valve stems. Oil returning to the pan is directed by the crankshaft oil deflector. The oil pressure sensor is located at the top rear of the engine.

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LUBRICATION DESCRIPTION (MAIN PRESSURE ABOVE 55 PSI)

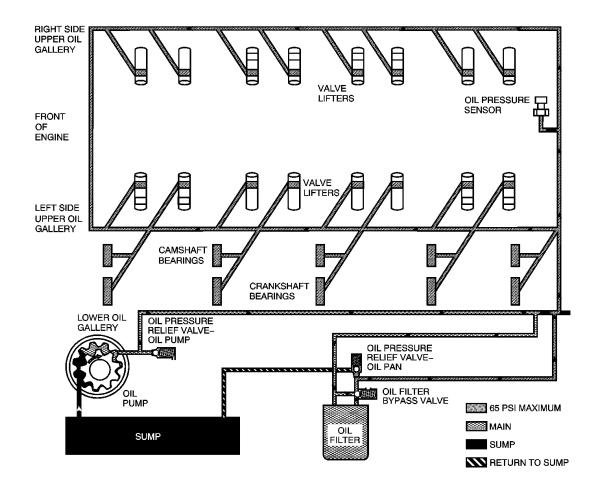


Fig. 575: View Of Lubrication System (Main Pressure Above 55 psi) Courtesy of GENERAL MOTORS CORP.

Engine lubrication is supplied by a gerotor type oil pump assembly. The pump is mounted on the front of the engine block and driven directly by the crankshaft sprocket. The pump gears rotate and draw oil from the oil pan sump through a pick-up screen and pipe. The oil is pressurized as it passes through the pump and is sent through the engine block lower oil gallery. Contained within the oil pump assembly is a pressure relief valve that maintains main oil pressure within a specified range.

Pressurized oil is directed through the engine block lower oil gallery and through the oil filter tube to the full flow oil filter, where harmful contaminants are removed. A bypass valve is incorporated into the oil pan at the oil filter boss, which permits oil flow in the event the filter becomes restricted. A second oil pressure relief valve is incorporated into the oil filter tube. The oil pan mounted oil pressure relief valve limits oil pressure directed to the oil galleries and valve system components to 379-517 kPa (55-75 psi) maximum.

When main oil pressure exceeds 379 kPa (55 psi), the oil pressure relief valve exhausts excess oil to the sump.

Oil is then directed from the filter to the upper main oil galleries. Oil from the left upper oil gallery is directed

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to the crankshaft and camshaft bearings. Oil that has entered both the upper main oil galleries also pressurizes the valve lifter assemblies and is then pumped through the pushrods to lubricate the valve rocker arms and valve stems. Oil returning to the pan is directed by the crankshaft oil deflector. The oil pressure sensor is located at the top rear of the engine.

CLEANLINESS AND CARE

- Throughout this section, it should be understood that proper cleaning and protection of machined surfaces and friction areas is part of the repair procedure. This is considered standard shop practice even if not specifically stated.
- When any internal engine parts are serviced, care and cleanliness is important.
- When components are removed for service, they should be marked, organized or retained in a specific order for assembly. Refer to <u>Separating Parts</u>.
- At the time of installation, components should be installed in the same location and with the same mating surface as when removed.
- An automobile engine is a combination of many machined, honed, polished and lapped surfaces with tolerances that are measured in millimeters or thousandths of an inch. These surfaces should be covered or protected to avoid component damage.
- A liberal coating of clean engine oil should be applied to friction areas during assembly.
- Proper lubrication will protect and lubricate friction surfaces during initial operation.

SEPARATING PARTS

- IMPORTANT: Many internal engine components will develop specific wear patterns on their friction surfaces.
 - When disassembling the engine, internal components MUST be separated, marked, or organized in a way to ensure installation to their original location and position.

Separate, mark, or organize the following components:

- Piston and the piston pin
- Piston to the specific cylinder bore
- Piston rings to the piston
- Connecting rod location and orientation to the crankshaft journal
- Connecting rod to the bearing cap

A paint stick or etching/engraving type tool are recommended. Stamping the connecting rod or cap near the bearing bore may affect component geometry.

- Crankshaft main and connecting rod bearings
- Camshaft and valve lifters
- Valve lifters, lifter guides, pushrods and rocker arm assemblies

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- Valve to the valve guide
- Valve spring to the cylinder head location
- Engine block main bearing cap location and direction
- Oil pump drive and driven gears

REPLACING ENGINE GASKETS

Tools Required

J 28410 Gasket Remover

Gasket Use and Applying Sealants

- Do not use any gasket again unless specified.
- Gaskets that can be used again will be identified in the service procedure.
- Do not apply sealant to any gasket or sealing surface unless called out in the service information.

Separating Components

- Use a rubber mallet to separate components.
- Bump the part sideways to loosen the components.
- Bumping should be done at bends or reinforced areas to prevent distortion of parts.

Cleaning Gasket Surfaces

- Remove all gasket and sealing material from the part using the J 28410 or equivalent.
- Care must be used to avoid gouging or scraping the sealing surfaces.
- Do not use any other method or technique to remove sealant or gasket material from a part.
- Do not use abrasive pads, sand paper, or power tools to clean the gasket surfaces.
 - These methods of cleaning can cause damage to the component sealing surfaces.
 - Abrasive pads also produce a fine grit that the oil filter cannot remove from the oil.
 - This grit is abrasive and has been known to cause internal engine damage.

Assembling Components

NOTE: Refer to <u>Sealant Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- When assembling components, use only the sealant specified or equivalent in the service procedure.
- Sealing surfaces should be clean and free of debris or oil.
- Specific components such as crankshaft oil seals or valve stem oil seals may require lubrication during assembly.
- Components requiring lubrication will be identified in the service procedure.
- When applying sealant to a component, apply the amount specified in the service procedure.

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• Tighten bolts to specifications. Do not overtighten.

USE OF ROOM TEMPERATURE VULCANIZING (RTV) AND ANAEROBIC SEALER

Pipe Joint Compound

IMPORTANT: Three types of sealer are commonly used in engines. These are room temperature vulcanizing (RTV) sealer, anaerobic gasket eliminator sealer, and pipe joint compound. The correct sealer and amount must be used in the proper location to prevent oil leaks. DO NOT interchange the 3 types of sealers. Use only the specific sealer or the equivalent as recommended in the service procedure.

- Pipe joint compound is a pliable sealer that does not completely harden. This type of sealer is used where two non-rigid parts, such as the oil pan and the engine block, are assembled together.
- Do not use pipe joint compound in areas where extreme temperatures are expected. These areas include: exhaust manifold, head gasket, or other surfaces where gasket eliminator is specified.
- Follow all safety recommendations and directions that are on the container.

To remove the sealant or the gasket material, refer to **<u>Replacing Engine Gaskets</u>**.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Sealant Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- Apply the pipe joint compound to a clean surface. Use a bead size or quantity as specified in the procedure. Run the bead to the inside of any bolt holes.
- Apply a continuous bead of pipe joint compound to one sealing surface. Sealing surfaces to be resealed must be clean and dry.
- Tighten the bolts to specifications. Do not overtighten.

RTV Sealer

- RTV sealant hardens when exposed to air. This type of sealer is used where two non-rigid parts, such as the intake manifold and the engine block, are assembled together.
- Do not use RTV sealant in areas where extreme temperatures are expected. These areas include: exhaust manifold, head gasket, or other surfaces where a gasket eliminator is specified.
- Follow all safety recommendations and directions that are on the container.

To remove the sealant or the gasket material, refer to **<u>Replacing Engine Gaskets</u>**.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Sealant Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

- Apply RTV sealant to a clean surface. Use a bead size as specified in the procedure. Run the bead to the inside of any bolt holes.
- Assemble components while the RTV sealant is still wet, within 3 minutes. Do not wait for the RTV sealant to skin over.

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• Tighten bolts to specifications. Do not overtighten.

Anaerobic Sealer

- Anaerobic gasket eliminator hardens in the absence of air. This type of sealer is used where two rigid parts, such as castings, are assembled together. When two rigid parts are disassembled and no sealer or gasket is readily noticeable, the parts were probably assembled using a gasket eliminator.
- Follow all safety recommendations and directions that are on the container.

To remove the sealant or the gasket material, refer to **<u>Replacing Engine Gaskets</u>**.

• Apply a continuous bead of gasket eliminator to one flange. Surfaces to be sealed must be clean and dry.

NOTE: Refer to <u>Sealant Notice</u> in Cautions and Notices.

• Spread the sealer evenly with your finger to get a uniform coating on the sealing surface.

IMPORTANT: Anaerobic sealed joints that are partially torqued and allowed to cure more than five minutes may result in incorrect shimming and sealing of the joint.

- Tighten bolts to specifications. Do not overtighten.
- After properly tightening the fasteners, remove the excess sealer from the outside of the joint.

TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

Special tools are listed and illustrated throughout this section, with a complete listing at the end of the section. These tools, or their equivalents, are specially designed to quickly and safely accomplish the operations for which they are intended. The use of these special tools also minimize possible damage to engine components. Some precision measuring tools are required for inspection of certain critical components. Torque wrenches and a torque angle meter are necessary for the proper tightening of various fasteners.

To properly service the engine assembly, the following items should be readily available:

- Approved eye protection and safety gloves
- A clean, well lit, work area
- A suitable parts cleaning tank
- A compressed air supply
- Trays or storage containers to keep parts and fasteners organized
- An adequate set of hand tools
- Approved engine repair stand
- An approved engine lifting device that will adequately support the weight of the components

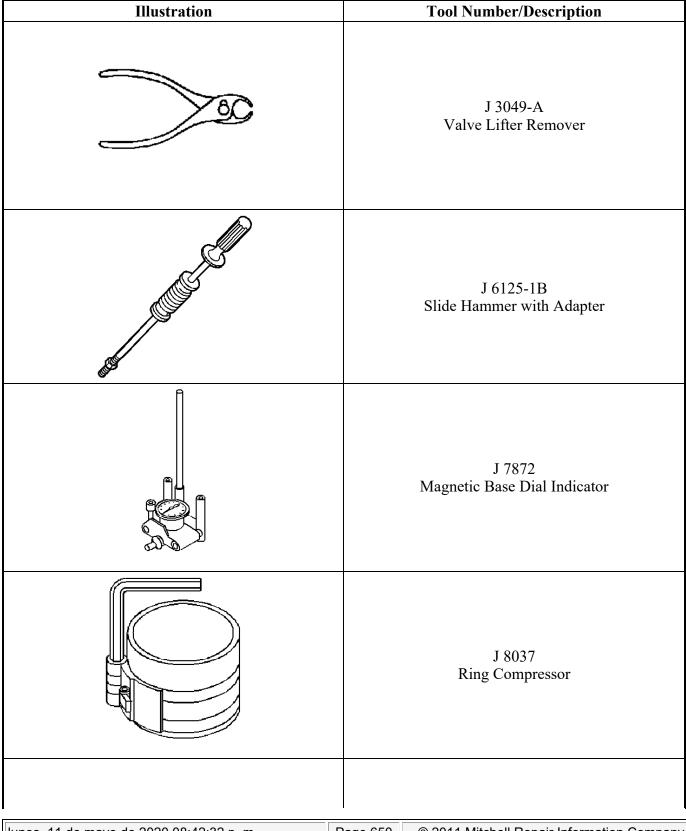
SPECIAL TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT

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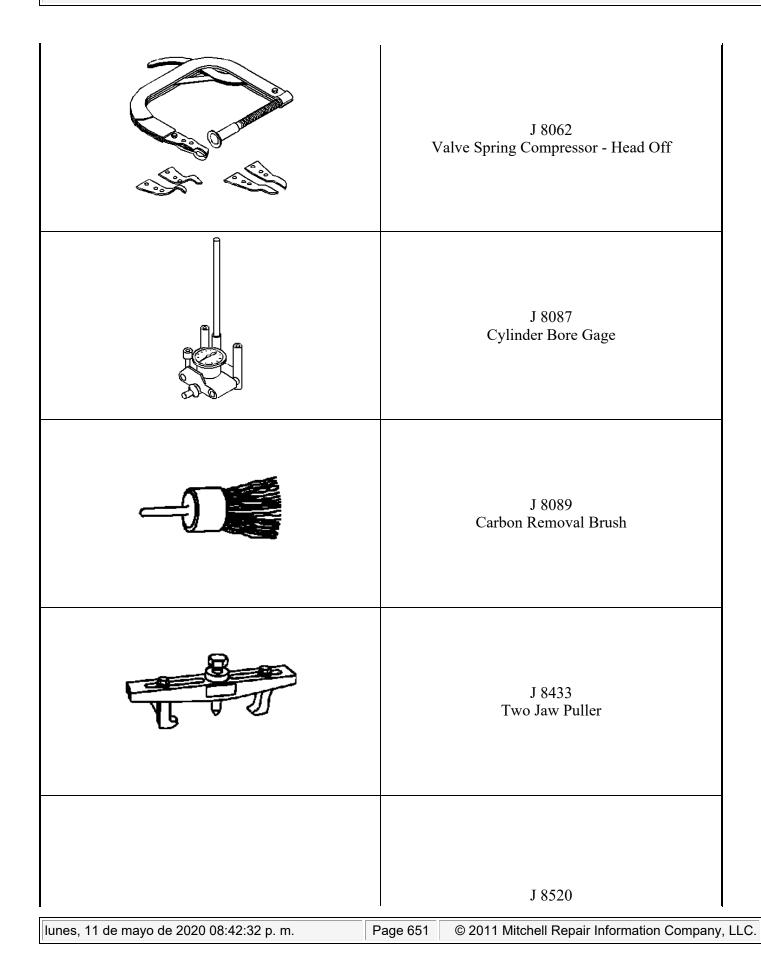
SPECIAL TOOLS

Special Tools

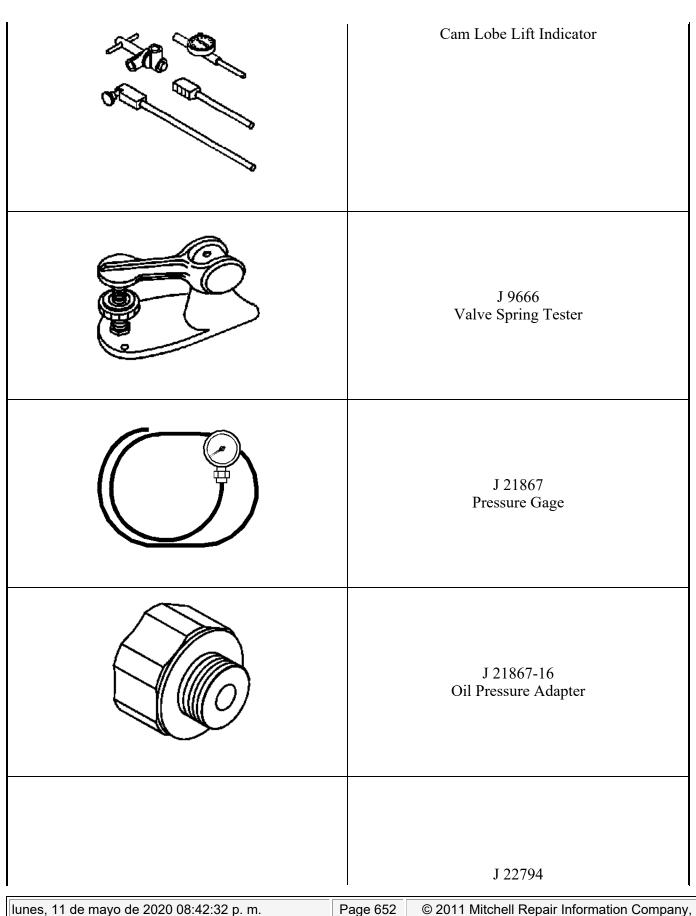


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